THE

Spelling and Explanatory Dictionary

OF THE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

IN WHICH

The WORDS are properly ACCENTED and explained, the Languages from whence derived are pointed out, and

THE DIFFERENT PARTS OF SPEECH SPECIFIED.

ALSO

A MYTHOLOGICAL and BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY of all the HEATHEN GODS and GODDESSES, HEROES and PHILOSOPHERS, mentioned in the Writings of the Ancients;

AND

A complete LIST of all the CITIES, TOWNS, and remarkable VILLAGES in ENGLAND and WALES;

Their Diſtances from London in meaſured Miles, and the Days on which their Markets are held.

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED

AN EASY AND CONCISE INTRODUCTION TO ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

The Whole compiled on ſo general a Plan, as to make it univerſally uſeful to all, who wiſh properly to underſtand what they read and write.

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THE

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PREFACE.

LITTLE need be ſaid in the Recommendation of a Work, the Utility of which muſt be obvious to every one. After having been upwards of forty Years engaged in the conſtant Study of the Engliſh Language, and a great Part of that Time employed in teaching it, I have had many Opportunities of obſerving, from actual Practice, wherein conſiſted the Defects of thoſe Dictionaries, which were profeſſedly compiled for the Uſe of Schools and young People in general. Some of them were too conciſe, and very defective in their Explanations of Words; while others reſted their principal Merit on the Number of Pages they contained, though a great Part of them conſiſted in obſolete and uſeleſs Words. How far I have avoided running into theſe Extremes, the Judgment and Candour of my Readers will determine.

The Introduction to Engliſh Grammar, prefixed to this Work, has been the Reſult of many Years practical Obſervations. Though I am ready to confeſs, that the Contents of it are not ſufficient to make profound and critical Grammarians of my Readers, or to teach them all the refined Niceties and Graces of the Engliſh Language, yet I will boldly venture to aſſert, that, by a proper Attention to this Introduction, they will be furniſhed with all the grammatical Knowledge they can have Occaſion for in the common Occurrences of Life, and perhaps with more than many who pretend to teach it.

The other Parts of this Work ſpeak for themſelves, and their Utility muſt be obvious on the firſt View. I ſhall therefore only add, that every Native and Foreigner, who wiſhes to acquire a proper Knowledge of the Engliſh Language, will find no Work ſo cheap and well-accomodated to their various Views as this SPELLING and EXPLANATORY DICTIONARY.

AN

AN INTRODUCTION TO ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

GRAMMAR is the Art of properly expreſſing our Thoughts by Words, and treats of Sentences, and of the ſeveral Parts of which Sentences are compoſed.

Sentences conſiſt of Words; Words, of one or more Syllables, and Syllables, of one or more Letters: ſo that Letters, Syllables, Words, and Sentences, form the whole Subject of Grammar.

A Letter is the firſt Principle, or leaſt Part of a Word, and of theſe, in Engliſh, there are twenty-ſix: Aa, Bb, Cc, Dd, Ee, Ff, Gg, Hh, Ii, Jj, Kk, Ll, Mm, Nn, Oo, Pp, Qq, Rr, Ss, Tt, Uu, Vv, Ww, Xx, Yy, Zz.

Jj, and *Vv*, are Conſonants, the former having the Sound of the ſoft *g*, and the latter that of a coarſer *f*. They are therefore entirely different from the Vowels *i* and *u*, and diſtinct Letters of themſelves. They ought alſo to be diſtinguiſhed from them, each by a peculiar Name, the former may be called *ja*, and the latter *vee*.

Six Letters of the Alphabet are Vowels, without one of which no Syllable can be compleat; and theſe are, *a, e, i, o, u, y.*

E is generally ſilent at the End of a Word; but it has its Effect in lengthening the preceding Vowel, as *bid, bide*; and ſometimes likewiſe in the Middle of a Word, as *ungrateful, retirement.* Sometimes it has no other Effect, than that of ſoftening a preceding *g*, as *lodge, judge, judgement*; for which purpoſes, in theſe and the like Words, it is quite neceſſary.

Y is found wholly the ſame with *i*, and is written inſtead of it at the End of Words, or before *i*, as *flying, denying.* It is likwiſe retained in ſome Words derived from the Greek, and it is always a Vowel.

The Engliſh Alphabet, like moſt others, is both deficient and redundant, in ſome Caſes, the ſame Letters expreſſing different Sounds, and different Letters expreſſing the ſame Sounds. Hence many Grammarians have been induced to extend this Part of their Grammar to a tedious Length, which can only tend to perplex and diſcourage the Learner. A proper Attention to thoſe who read well, will be of more real Service to the Learner, than all the general Rules that can be laid down

As for the Diviſion of Syllables in Spelling and Writing, the beſt and ſureſt Rule is, ſays the learned Dr. Lowth, to divide them as they are naturally divided in a right Pronunciation, without Regard to the Derivation of Words, or the poſſible Combination of Conſonants at the beginning of a Syllable.

Having thus briefly ſpoken of Letters and Syllables, we ſhall now proceed to Words, which are articulate Sounds, uſed by common Conſent as Signs of Ideas or Notions.

In the Engliſh Tongue are *nine* Parts of Speech, namely, Article, Noun, Pronoun, Adjective, Verb, Adverb, Prepoſition, Conjunction, Interjection.

1. The *Article* is prefixed to Subſtantives, when they are common Names of Things, to point them out, and ſhew how far their Signification extends.

2. The *Noun*, or *Subſtantive*, is the Name of any Thing conceived to ſubſiſt, or of which we have any Notion.

3. The

3. The *Pronoun* ſupplies the Place of the Noun.
4. The *Adjective* is added to the Noun, to expreſs the Quality of it.
5. The *Verb* ſignifies to be, to do, or to ſuffer.
6. The *Adverb* is added to Verbs, and alſo to Adjectives and other Adverbs, to expreſs ſome Circumſtance belonging to them.
7. The *Preposition* is put before Nouns and Pronouns chiefly, to connect them with other Words, and to ſhew their Relation to thoſe Words.
8. The *Conjunction* connects Sentences together.
9. The *Interjection* is thrown in to expreſs the affection of the Speaker, though unneceſſary with the reſpect to the Connection of the Sentence.

Having thus deſcribed the nine Parts of Speech in general Terms, we ſhall now proceed to ſpeak of them more particularly.

1. *ARTICLE.*

THE Engliſh Tongue admits but of two Articles, *a* and *the*: *a* becomes *an* before a Vowel, *y* and *w* excepted. *A* is uſed in a vague Senſe to point out one ſingle Thing of the Kind; *the* determines what particular Thing is meant. A Subſtantive, without any Article to limit it, is taken in the wideſt Senſe: thus, *Man* was made for Society.

It is the Nature of both the Articles to determine or limit the Thing ſpoken of: *a* determines it to be one ſingle Thing of the Kind, leaving it ſtill uncertain which; *the* determines which it is, or, of many, which they are.

The definitive Article *the* is ſometimes applied to Adverbs in the comparative and ſuperlative Degree; and its Effect is to mark the Degree more ſtrongly, and to define it the more preciſely; as, "*The more* I examine it, *the better* I like it. I like this *the leaſt* of any."

2. *NOUN or SUBSTANTIVE.*

NOUNS, or Subſtantives, are of two Sorts, *proper* and *common*. *Proper* Nouns are the Names appropriated to Individuals, as the Names of Perſons and Places, ſuch as *George, London*. *Common* Names ſtand for whole Kinds at large, without ſpecifying any Individuals under them; as *Man, Horſe, Houſe, &c.*

Nouns have two Numbers, *Singular* and *Plural*; the *ſingular* Number ſpeaks only of one Thing, the *plural* of two or more.

In Engliſh the Subſtantive Singular is made Plural, for the moſt part, by adding to it *s*; or *es*, where it is neceſſary for the Pronunciation; as *King, Kings*; *Fox, Foxes*; *Loaf, Loaves*; in which laſt, and many others, *f* is alſo changed into *v*, for the ſake of an eaſy Pronunciation, and more agreeable Sound. Some few Plurals end in *en*, as *Oxen, Children, Brethren*; and *Men, Women*, by changing the *a* of the Singular into *e*. Something like which may be noted in ſome other Forms of Plurals; as *Mouſe, Mice*; *Tooth, Teeth*; *Foot, Feet*; *Gooſe, Geeſe*. The Words *Sheep, Deer*, are the ſame in both Numbers. Some Nouns, from the Nature of the Things they expreſs, are uſed only in the Singular, others only in the Plural Form; as *Wheat, Pitch, Gold, Sloth, Pride*, &c. and *Bellows, Sciſſors, Lungs, Bowels*, &c.

A Subſtantive admits of three Caſes, the *Nominative*, the *Poſſeſſive*, and the *Objective*. The *Nominative* Caſe comes before the Verb, and the Objective Caſe follows it; thus, *a Boy loves Play*. Here *Boy* is the Nominative Caſe, and *Play* is the Objective. The *Poſſeſſive* Caſe has the Prepoſition *of* before the ſecond Subſtantive: thus, *The Riches of a Man*; but this Caſe is often thus contracted, *a Man's Riches*. Care muſt always be taken in this Contraction, to place the Apoſtrophe as here marked. Some Grammarians call the Subſtantive in the *Dative* Caſe, when it is preceded by the Prepoſition *to*; and in the *Ablative*, when preceded by *from*. Theſe latter Diſtinctions,

Diſtinctions, however, are not neceſſary in the Engliſh Tongue. When O precedes the Noun, it is ſaid to be in the *Vocative* Caſe; as, *O Man! O Woman!*

Nouns have three Genders, *Maſculine*, *Feminine*, and *Neuter*. The Maſculine and Feminine are applied to all Animals to diſtinguiſh their Sex: thus *Man* is Maſculine, and *Woman* is Feminine. The Neuter is applied to all inanimate Things, as *Houſes*, *Fruit*, &c. Some few Subſtantives are diſtinguiſhed in their Gender by their Terminations; as *Prince*, *Princeſs*; *Actor*, *Actreſs*; *Lion*, *Lioneſs*; *Hero*, *Heroine*, &c.

3. *PRONOUN.*

A Pronoun is a Word ſtanding inſtead of a Noun, as its Subſtantive or Repreſentative.

In the Pronoun are to be conſidered, the Perſon, Number, Gender, and Caſe.

There are three Perſons which may be the Subject of any Diſcourſe: firſt, the Perſon who ſpeaks may ſpeak of himſelf; ſecondly, he may ſpeak of the Perſon to whom he addreſſes himſelf; thirdly, he may ſpeak of ſome other Perſon. Theſe are reſpectively called the firſt, ſecond, and third Perſons, and are expreſſed by the Pronouns, *I*, *thou*, *he*. Theſe have their Plural Numbers, which are, *we*, *ye* or *you*, *they*.

The Pronoun Singular of the third Perſon has the three Genders, *he*, *ſhe*, *it*.

Pronouns have three Caſes, like the Noun, and are thus diſtinguiſhed, according to their Perſons, Numbers, Caſes, and Genders.

PERSONS.

1	2	3	1	2	3
Singular.			Plural.		
I,	thou,	he,	We,	ye or you,	they.

CASES.

CASES.

Singular.			Plural.		
Nom.	Poſſ.	Obj.	Nom.	Poſſ.	Obj.
Firſt Perſon.					
I,	mine,	me,	We,	ours,	us.
Second Perſon.					
Thou,	thine,	thee,	Ye or you,	yours,	you,
Third Perſon.					
Maſ. He,	his,	him,			
Fem. She,	hers,	her,	they,	theirs,	them.
Neut. It,	its,	it,			

There are ſeveral pronominal Adjectives, (that is ſuch as have the Nature of Subſtantives, and as ſuch ſtand by themſelves, yet have always ſome Subſtantive belonging to them, or underſtood) as *this, that, other, any ſome, one, none.—Who, which, that,* are called Relatives, becauſe they more directly refer to ſome Subſtantive going before, which therefore is called the Antecedent. They alſo connect the following Part of the Sentence with the foregoing. One of them only is varied to expreſs the three Caſes, *who, whoſe, whom.*

Own and *ſelf*, in the Plural *ſelves*, are joined to the Poſſeſſives, *my, our, thy, your, his, her, their*; as *my own* Hand; *myſelf, yourſelves*; both of them expreſſing Emphaſis, or Oppoſition; as, "I did it *my own ſelf*;" that is, and no one elſe.

All Nouns whatever, in grammatical Conſtruction, are of the third Perſon, except *I* and *thou, we,* and *ye* or *you*, or when the Noun is in the Vocative Caſe, when it is of the ſecond Perſon.

4. A D-

4. *ADJECTIVE.*

AN Adjective is a Word added to a Subſtantive to expreſs its Quality; thus, *a wiſe Boy, a prudent Girl.*

Adjectives are ſubject to three Degrees of Compariſon, the *Poſitive*, the *Comparative*, and the *Superlative.*

When a Queſtion is ſimply expreſſed without any Relation to the ſame in a different Degree, it is called the Poſitive, as *wiſe, great.* When it is expreſſed with Augmentation, or with Reference to a leſs Degree of the ſame, it is called the Comparative, as *wiſer, greater.* When it is expreſſed as being in the higheſt Degree of all, it is called the Superlative, as *wiſeſt, greateſt.*

The Poſitive becomes Comparative, by adding *r* or *er* to it, and Superlative by adding *ſt* or *eſt* to it; as *wiſe, wiſer, wiſeſt.* And the Adverbs *more* and *moſt*, placed before the Adjectives, have the ſame Effect; as *wiſe, more wiſe, moſt wiſe.*

In ſome few Words, the Superlative is formed by adding the Adverb *moſt*, to the End of them; as *nethermoſt, utmoſt, undermoſt, uppermoſt, foremoſt*, &c.

In Engliſh, as in moſt Languages, there are ſome Words of very common Uſe, in which the Caprice of Cuſtom is apt to get the better of Analogy, and are irregular in this reſpect; as *good, better, beſt; bad, worſe, worſt; little, leſs, leaſt*, and a few others; but be ſure never to uſe *leſſer*, there being properly no ſuch word.

5. *VERB.*

A Verb is a Word which ſignifies, to be, to do, or to ſuffer. There are three Kinds of Verbs, *Active, Paſſive*, and *Neuter.*

A Verb Active expreſſes an Action, and neceſſarily implies an Agent, and an Object acted upon; as, *to love, I love William.* In which Inſtance, *I* is the Agent, and *William* the Object.

A Verb

A Verb Paſſive expreſſes a Paſſion, or a Suffering, or a Receiving of an Action, and neceſſarily implies an Object acted upon, and an Agent, by which it is acted upon, as, *to be loved*, *William is loved by me*. So when the Agent takes the Lead in the Sentence, the Verb is Active, and is followed by the Object; but when the Object takes the Lead, the Verb is Paſſive, and is followed by the Agent.

A Verb Neuter expreſſes Being, or a State or Condition of Being; when the Agent and the Object acted upon coincide, and the Event is properly neither Action nor Paſſion, but rather ſomething between both; as *I am*, *I ſleep*, *I ſit*, &c.

In a Verb are to be conſidered the *Perſon*, the *Number*, the *Time*, and the *Mode*.

The Verb, in ſome Parts of it, varies its Endings, to expreſs, or agree with, different Perſons of the ſame Number; as *I love*, *thou loveſt*, *he loveth*, or *loves*. So alſo to expreſs different Numbers of the ſame Perſon; as *thou loveſt*, *ye love*, *he loveth*, *they love*. So likewiſe to expreſs different Times, in which any Thing is repreſented as being, acting, or acted upon; as *I love*, *I loved*, *I have loved*; *I bear*, *I bore*, *I have born*.

The Mode is the Manner of repreſenting the Being, Action, or Paſſion. When it is ſimply declared, or a Queſtion is aſked, in order to obtain a Declaration concerning it, it is called the *Indicative* Mode, as *I love*; *loveſt thou?* When it is bidden, it is called the *Imperative*; as *love thou*. When it is ſubjoined as the End or Deſign, or mentioned under a Condition, a Suppoſition, or the like, for the moſt Part depending on ſome other Verb, and having a Conjunction before it, it is called the *Subjunctive*; as *if I love*. When it is barely expreſſed without any Limitation of Perſon or Number, it is called the *Infinitive*; as *to love*. When it is expreſſed in a Form, in which it may be joined to a Noun, as its Quality or Accident, partaking thereby of the Nature of an Adjective, it is called the *Participle*; as *loving*.

To expreſs the Time of the Verb, the Engliſh alſo uſes the Aſſiſtance of other Verbs, called therefore Auxiliaries or Helpers, *do*, *be*, *have*, *ſhall*, *will*; as *I do love*, *I did love*, *I am loved*, *I was loved*, *I have loved*, *I have been loved*, *I ſhall*, or *will love*, or *be loved*.

AUXILIARY VERBS.

THE two principal Auxiliaries, *to have*, and *to be*, are thus varied, according to Perſon, Number, Time, and Mode. Time is *Preſent*, *Paſt*, or *Future*.

TO HAVE.

INDICATIVE MOOD.

Preſent Time.

Singular.	Plural.
1. I have,	We have.
2. Thou haſt,	Ye or you have.
3. * He hath or has,	They have.

Paſt Time.

1. I had,	We had.
2. Thou hadſt,	Ye or you had.
3. He had,	They had.

Future Time.

1. I ſhall or will have,	We ſhall or will have.
2. Thou ſhalt or wilt have,	Ye or you ſhall or will have.
3. He ſhall or will have,	They ſhall or will have.

* *He*, *ſhe*, and *it*, are all of the third Perſon Singular.

IMPERATIVE MODE.

1. Let me have,	Let us have.
2. Have thou, or do thou have,	Have ye, or do you have.
3. Let him have,	Let them have.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE.

Present Time.

1. I Have,	We have.
2. Thou have,	Ye or you have.
3. He have,	They have.

INFINITIVE MODE.

Present, To have. *Past*, To have had.

PARTICIPLE.

Present, Having; *Perfect*, * Had; *Past*, Having Had.

TO BE

INDICATIVE MODE.

Present Time.

Singular.	Plural.
1. I am,	We are.
2. Thou art,	Ye or you are.
3. He is,	They are.

* This Participle represents the Action as complete and finished; and, being subjoined to the Auxiliary *to have*, constitutes the perfect Times. The same, subjoined to the Auxiliary *to be*, constitutes the passive Verb, and in that State is called the Passive Participle.

Past Time.

1. I was,	We were.
2. Thou waſt,	Ye or you were,
3. He was,	They were.

Future Time.

1. I ſhall or will be,	We ſhall or will be.
2. Thou ſhalt or wilt be,	Ye or you ſhall or will be.
3. He ſhall or will be,	They ſhall or will be.

IMPERATIVE MODE.

1. Let me be,	Let us be,
2. Be thou, or do thou be,	Be ye, or do you be.
3. Let him be,	Let them be.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE.

Present Time.

1. I Be,	We be.
2. Thou be,	Ye or you be.
3. He be	They be.

Past Time.

1. I were,	We were.
2. Thou wert,	Ye or you were.
3. He were,	They were.

INFINITIVE MODE.

Preſent, To be. *Paſt*, To have been.

PARTICIPLE.

Preſent, Being. *Perfect*, Been. *Paſt*, Having been.

VERBS Active, Paſſive, and *Neuter*.

THE Verb active is thus varied, according to the Perſon, Number, Time, and Mode.

INDICATIVE MODE.

Preſent Time.

Singular.	Plural.
1. I love,	We love.
2. Thou loveſt,	Ye or you love,
3. He loveth, or loves,	They love.

Paſt Time.

1. I loved,	We loved.
2. Thou lovedſt,	Ye or you loved,
3. He loved,	They loved.

Future Time.

1. I ſhall or will love,	We ſhall or will love.
2. Thou ſhalt or wilt love,	Ye or you ſhall or will love.
3. He ſhall or will love,	They ſhall or will love.

IMPERATIVE MODE.

1. Let me love,	Let us love.
2. Love thou, or do thou love,	Love ye, or do you love.
3. Let him love,	Let them love.

Subjunctive Mode.

Preſent Time.

1. I love,	We love.
2. Thou love,	Ye or you love.
3. He love,	They love.

And,

1. I may		We	may love,
2. Thou mayeſt	love.	Ye	and
3. He may		They	have loved.

Paſt Time.

1. I might love,	We might love.
2. Thou mighteſt love,	Ye or you might love.
3. He might love,	They might love.

And,

I could, ſhould, would; thou couldeſt, &c. love; and have loved.

Infinitive Mode.

Preſent, To love. *Paſt*, To have loved.

Participle.

Preſent, Loving. *Perfect*, Loved. *Paſt*, Having loved.

We have often Occaſion to ſpeak of Time, not only as preſent, paſt, and future, at large and indeterminately, but alſo as ſuch with ſome particular Diſtinction and Limitation; that is, as paſſing or finiſhed; as imperfect, or perfect. This will beſt be ſeen in an Example of a Verb laid out and diſtributed according to theſe Diſtinctions of Time.

Indefinitive, or undetermined Time.

Preſent.	*Paſt.*	*Future.*
I love.	I loved.	I ſhall love.

Definitive, or determined Time.

Preſent Imperfect,	I am (now) loving.
Preſent Perfect,	I have (now) loved.
Paſt Imperfect,	I was (then) loving.
Paſt Perfect,	I had (then) loved.
Future Imperfect,	I ſhall (then) be loving.
Future Perfect,	I ſhall (then) have loved.

It is needleſs here to ſet down at large the ſeveral Variations of the Definite Times, as they conſiſt only in the proper Variations of the Auxiliary, joined to the preſent or perfect Participle, which have been already given.

The *Paſſive* Verb is only the Participle Paſſive, which is always the ſame with the Perfect Participle, joined to the auxiliary Verb *to be*, through all its Variations; as *I am loved, I was loved, I have been loved, I ſhall be loved*, and ſo on, through all the Perſons, the Numbers, the Times, and the Mode.

The *Neuter* Verb is varied like the Active; but having ſomewhat of the Nature of the Paſſive, admits in many Inſtances of the Paſſive Form; as *I am come, I was gone, I am grown*, &c.

6. *ADVERB.*

ADVERBS are added to Verbs, and alſo to Adjectives, to denote ſome Modification or Circumſtance of an Action or Quality, as the Manner, Order, Time, Place, Diſtance, Motion, Relation, *&c.*

The following Adverbs moſt commonly occur: *already, always, as, aſunder, by and by, hard by, downwards, upwards, elſewhere, ever, far off, hence, henceforth, here, hereafter, heretofore, hither, as, how, how great, how*

how many, how much, indeed, nay, never, no, not, now, no where, often, oftentimes, ſeldom, thence, there, thither, to-day, to-morrow, very, when, whence, where, whether, yeſterday, yeſternight, &c. &c.

Many Adverbs end in *ly*, eſpecially ſuch as are derived from Adjectives, as *juſtly, wiſely, truly, prudently, bravely, &c.* and all Ordinals are Adverbs, as *once, twice, thrice, four times, five times, &c.*

Some Adverbs admit of the Degrees of Compariſon, as *wiſely, more wiſely, moſt wiſely, &c.*

7. *PREPOSITION.*

PREPOSITIONS are ſo called, becauſe they are commonly put before the Words to which they are applied. They ſerve to connect Words with one another, and to ſhew the Relation between them. Moſt Prepoſitions originally denote the Relation of Place, and have been thence transferred to denote by Similitude other Relations; thus, *out, in, through, under, by, to, from, of*, &c. *Of* is much the ſame with *from: aſk of me*; that is, *from me*; *made of Wood*, that is, *from Wood*. *For*, in its primary Senſe, means in the place of another. The Notion of Place is very obvious in all the reſt.

Prepoſitions are alſo prefixed to Words in ſuch Manner as to coaleſce with them, and to become a Part of them. Prepoſitions ſtanding by themſelves in Conſtruction, are put before Nouns and Pronouns, and ſometimes after Verbs; but in this Sort of Compoſition they are chiefly prefixed to Words, as to *outgo, to overcome, to undervalue*, &c.

8. *CONJUNCTION.*

THE Conjunction connects or joins Sentences together, ſo as, out of two, to make one Sentence; thus, *you, and I, and Peter, rode to London*, is one Sentence made up of three by the Conjunction *and*.

The

The principal Conjunctions are, *alſo, although, and, as, becauſe, but either, except, for, however, likewiſe, moreover, namely, neither, nor, otherwiſe, ſince, therefore, unleſs, whereas, wherefore, whether*, &c.

9. *INTERJECTION.*

AN Interjection is a Part of Speech, which denotes a ſudden Paſſion of the Mind, without the Help of any other Word; and therefore Interjections are as various as the ſudden Paſſions of the Mind themſelves. The Interjection *O*, placed before a Subſtantive, marks what in Latin is called the Vocative Caſe. In other Inſtances, we make uſe of *Oh! alas!* &c. &c.

PUNCTUATION.

PUNCTUATION is the Art of marking in Writing the ſeveral Pauſes, or Reſts, between Sentences and the Parts of Sentences, according to the proper Quantity or Proportion, as they are expreſſed in a juſt and accurate Pronunciation. The ſeveral Degrees of Connection between Sentences, and between their principal conſtructive Parts, Rhetoricians have conſidered under the following Diſtinctions, as the moſt obvious and remarkable, the *Period*, *Colon*, *Semicolon*, and *Comma*, which are thus marked, . : ; ,

The proportional Quantity, or Time, of the Points, with reſpect to one another, is determined by the following general Rule: The Period is a Pauſe, in Quantity or Duration, double of the Colon; the Colon is double of the Semicolon; and the Semicolon is double of the Comma.

The *Comma* is uſed to ſeparate Nouns, Verbs and Adverbs, coming together in the ſame Sentence, and for dividing Sentences into ſhort Parts. Thus, "Nature clothes the Beaſts with Hair, the Birds with Feathers, and the Inhabitants of the Water with Scales."

The *Semicolon* is uſed to diſtinguiſh Contrarieties, and frequent Diviſions. Thus, "You conſider the Powers of Riches; but the Charms of Virtue engroſs not your Thoughts."

The

The *Colon* diſtinguiſhes a perfect Part of a Sentence, which has a full meaning of its own; but leaves the Mind in Suſpence and Expectation to know what follows. Thus, "As we perceive the Shadow upon the Sun-dial, but diſcern not its Progreſſion; and as the Shrub or Graſs appears in Time to be grown, but is ſeen by none to grow: ſo alſo the Proficiency of our Wits, advancing ſlowly by ſmall Improvements, is perceived only after ſome Diſtance of Time."

The *Period* denotes the full Ending and Finiſhing of a whole Sentence, at the Concluſion of which it is always placed.

Beſides theſe, there are other Points or Marks: The *Interrogation* is placed at the End of a Sentence aſking a Queſtion. Thus, *What is your Intention to do in this Buſineſs?*

The Note of *Admiration* is uſed to expreſs our Wonder or Surprize: *What has he done!*

The *Parentheſis* is formed of two crooked Strokes, thus ( ), and ſerves to include one Sentence in another, without confounding the Senſe of either, and yet is neceſſary for the Explanation thereof. It ſhould be read with a lower Tone of the Voice, as a Thing that comes in by Chance. Thus, "I verily believe, (nor is it a vain Belief) that there is a God, who can reward and puniſh us."

The *Cratchet* is thus marked [ ], and is uſed to diſtinguiſh Words in the Sentence, which are an Explication of the Words immediately preceding. Thus, "An old Friend of mine [Mr. Richards] paid me a Viſit laſt Night." But the Crotchet is now very rarely uſed, as the Comma is thought to ſupply its place more elegantly.

The *Hyphen* is a ſmall Stroke drawn between two Words, thus, *Bird-Cage*, and denotes, that the two Words thus joined together, muſt be pronounced like a ſingle Word. It is alſo uſed to connect Syllables of the ſame Word, written, for want of Room, in two different Lines.

The *Apoſtrophe* is a Comma put at the Top of a Word, in Verſe, to cut off a Syllable, for the Sake of the Metre; as *judg'd* for *judged*. It alſo

ſerves

ſerves to mark the Contraction of the Poſſeſſive Caſe Singular; as *Man's Love*, for *the Love of Man*.

A *Quotation* is a double Comma reverſed, thus, " at the Beginning of a Sentence, and ſerves to ſhew, that the Sentence is tranſcribed from ſome other Author in his own Words.

A little Attention to the Punctuation of our beſt Writers, after a careful Peruſal of theſe Rules, will ſoon bring the Pupil to a competent Knowledge of this Buſineſs.

Before we cloſe this Article, it may not be improper to give ſome general Directions for the Uſe of Capitals, a Matter very eſſential to Propriety in Writing.

Capitals, or great Letters, muſt never be written in the Middle, nor at the End of Words, but only at the Beginning, and as hereafter directed.

At the Beginning of every new Sentence, whether Book, Chapter, or Paragraph, and after a Period or full Stop.

At the Beginning of every Line in Poetry.

At the Beginning of all *proper* Names of Perſons and Places

SENTENCES.

WE obſerved, in the preceding Part of this Introduction, that Letters, Syllables, Words, and Sentences, make up the whole Subject of Grammar. Of the three firſt Matters we have already ſufficiently treated, and ſhall therefore now proceed to ſpeak of Sentences. A Sentence is an Aſſemblage of Words, expreſſed in proper Form, ranged in proper Order, and concurring to make the Senſe complete.

The principal Parts of a ſimple Sentence are the Agent, the Attribute, or Verb, and the Object. The Agent is the Thing chiefly ſpoken of; the Attribute is the Thing or Action affirmed or denied of it; and the Object is the Thing affected by ſuch Action.

In Engliſh, the Nominative Caſe, denoting the Agent, uſually goes before the Verb, or Attribute; and the Objective Caſe, denoting the Object, follows

follows the Verb Active; and it is the Order that determines the Caſes in Nouns; as, "Alexander conquered the Perſians."

When two Nouns come together, with the Prepoſition *of* between them, the latter is in the Poſſeſſive Caſe, as we have already obſerved under the Article, *Noun or Subſtantive*.

The *Adjective* is uſually ſet before its Subſtantive; as "The *ſecond* Year; a *good* Man." But, for the Sake of better Sound, eſpecially in Poetry, the Adjective frequently comes after the Subſtantive; as,

"The genuine Cauſe of every Deed *divine*."

When *Thing*, or *Things*, is Subſtantive to an Adjective, the Word Thing, or Things, may be elegantly omitted, and the Adjective put *abſolutely*, or without its Subſtantive: as, "Who will ſhew us any *Good?*" for, "Who will ſhew us any *good Thing?*" The Adjective is put *abſolutely*, eſpecially when the Noun has been mentioned before, and is eaſily underſtood, though not expreſſed.

In forming the Degrees of Compariſon, the Adverbs *more*, *moſt*, *leſs*, *leaſt*, &c. are only uſed before the Adjective, when the Terminations *er* and *eſt* are omitted; as, *more* full, *leſs* beautiful. For better Sound's Sake, moſt Adjectives ending in *ive*, *al*, *ing*, *ous*, and ſome others, muſt be compared by the Adverbs *more*, *moſt*, *leſs*, *leaſt*, &c. as penſive, *more* penſive; ſubſtantial, *more* ſubſtantial, &c.

The Pronouns muſt always agree with the Noun for which they ſtand, or to which they refer, in Number, Perſon, and Gender: as, "The *Sun* ſhines, and *his* Race is appointed to *him*: The *Moon* appears, and *ſhe* ſhines with Light, but not *her* own: The *Sea* ſwells, *it* roars, and what can repel *its* Force?" The Neuter Pronoun, by an Idiom peculiar to the Engliſh Language, is frequently joined, in explanatory Sentences, with a Noun or Pronoun of the maſculine or feminine Gender: as "*It* is I. *It* was that Man who did it?

Where two or more Nouns or Pronouns of the *ſingular* Number are joined together in a Sentence, the Pronoun which refers to them muſt be

in

in the *plural* Number: as, "The *King* and the *Queen* had put on *their* Robes."

When two or more Nouns or Pronouns of different Persons are joined in a Sentence, the Pronoun which refers to them must agree with the *first* Person in Preference to the *second*, and with the *second* in Preference to the *third*; as, "*Thou* and thy *Father* are both in the same Fault, and *ye* ought to confess it. The *Captain* and *I* fought on the same Ground; *we* divided the Spoil, and shared *it* between *us*."

The possessive Case of a Pronoun is always used when joined to a Noun to denote Property or Possession: as, "*My* Head, and *thy* Hand;" not, "The Head *of me*, and the Hand *of thee*." The possessive Case of the Pronouns, viz. *my*, *thy*, &c. are used when joined with Nouns; but *mine*, *thine*, &c. when put absolutely, or without their Nouns: as, "It is *my* Book;" or, omitting the Noun, "It is *mine*."

The Relative *who*, or *whom*, is used when it refers to Persons; *which*, when it refers to *Things*: as, "I am bound to respect a *Man*, *who* has done me a Favour, though he be chargeable with *Vice*, *which* I hate." *That* refers to both Persons and Things: as, "The Man *that* I respect; the Thing *that* I want is not here." *Who*, *what*, and *which*, as used in asking Questions: *Who*, when we enquire for a Man's Name: as, "*Who* is that Man? *What*, when we would know his Occupation, &c. as, "*What* is that Man?" *Which*, when we want to distinguish one of two or more Persons or Things: as, "*Which* of the Men? *which* of the Roads will you choose?"

The Verb must agree with its Noun or Pronoun, that is, its Agent, in Number and Person: as, "The Boys *write*; I *love*; He who *reads*."

In the complaisant Stile, it is common to use *you* instead of *thou*, when we speak to one Person only, and in that Case it has a plural Verb joined with it: as, "*You are* my Brother."

A Noun of Multitude, of the singular Number, may have a Verb either singular or plural: as, "The People *is* mad; or, "The People *are* mad;" but the latter is the more elegant.

When

When two Nouns, or Pronouns, are connected together in a Sentence, as joint Agents, they muſt have a plural Verb, though they ſhould be both of the ſingular Number: as, "The Man and his Wife *are* happy."

When the Neuter Verb ſtands between two Nouns or Pronouns, one of the ſingular, and the other of the plural Number, it will beſt agree with that which immediately goes before it: as, "All Things *were* Sea. The whole Sum *is* twenty-four Pounds."

Sometimes a Sentence, or an Infinitive, is the Agent of a Verb; in which Caſe, the Verb muſt be put in the ſingular Number, and third Perſon: as, "To ſee the Sun *is* pleaſant."

The Agent is moſt commonly ſet immediately before the Verb, or the Sign of the Verb: as, "The *Man* lives; the *City* has ſtood a thouſand Years." But in the Imperative Mode it is ſet after the Verb: as, "Love *thou*; be *thou* happy."

The Objective Caſe of a Pronoun is always uſed when it receives the Force or Impreſſion of the Active Verb, or the Active Participle: as, "He calls *me*; She is beating *them*."

When the Agent and Object of a Verb are not diſtinguiſhed (as in Nouns) by different Caſes, the Agent is always ſet before, and the Object after the Verb, this being the natural Order, and neceſſary to determine the Senſe: as, "Alexander conquered Darius." If Darius had been the Conqueror, it is plain, that the Order of the Noun muſt have been inverted.

The Objective Caſe of a Pronoun is always ſet after Prepoſitions: as, "To me; for *them*, &c." After Verbs of *ſhewing*, *giving*, &c. the Prepoſition *to* is elegantly omitted before the Pronoun, which however muſt be in the Objective Caſe: as, "I gave *him* the Book;" for, "I gave *to* him the Book."

Than is only uſed in Compariſon, and takes the ſame Caſe after that goes before it: as, "*He* is greater than *I*; ſhe *loves* him better than *me*."

The Noun or Pronoun, which receives the Force of the Active Verb, is moſt commonly ſet after the Verb: as, "I love the *Man*." But the Re-

lative, *whom*, is always ſet before the Verb: as, "The Man *whom* I love is abſent."

The Relative *who*, *which*, *that*, having no Variation of Gender or Number, cannot but agree with their Antecedents. *Who* is appropriated to Perſons, and ſo may be accounted Maſculine and Feminine only. We apply *which* now to Things only, and to irrational Animals, excluding them from Perſonality, without any Conſideration of Sex: *which*, therefore, may be accounted Neuter. Formerly, however, they were both indifferently uſed of Perſons: "Our Father *which* art in Heaven." *That* is uſed indifferently both of Perſons and Things; but perhaps would be more properly confined to the latter. *What* includes both the Antecedent and the Relative; as, "This was *what* he wanted;" that is, "*the Thing which* he wanted."

When *this*, *that*, *theſe*, *thoſe*, refer to a preceding Sentence, *this* or *theſe* refer to the latter Member or Term, *that* or *thoſe* to the former: as

"*Self-love*, the Spring of Motion, acts the Soul;
"*Reaſon's* comparing Balance rules the Whole:
"Man, but for *that*, no Action would attend;
"And, but for *this*, were active to no End." POPE.
"*Some* place the Bliſs in Action, *ſome* in Eaſe:
"*Thoſe* call it Pleaſure, and Contentment *theſe*." IBID.

The auxiliary Signs, *do* and *did*, and their Inflexions, *doſt*, *doth*, or *does* and *didſt*, ought to be uſed only for the Sake of Emphaſis: as, "I *do* love; he *doth* love."

The *paſſive Participle*, and not the *paſt Tenſe*, ſhould be always uſed when joined in a Sentence with the auxiliary Verb *to be*: as, "It was *written* (not was *wrote*) in Hebrew."

The Adverb is always placed *before* the *Adjective*, but moſt frequently *after* the *Verb*: as, "A *very* pious Man prays *frequently*."

The

The Conjunctions, *if*, *though*, *except*, &c. implying a manifeſt Doubt or Uncertainty, require the *ſubjunctive* Form of the Verb: as, "Though he *ſlay* me, yet will I truſt in him. I will not let thee go, except thou *bleſt* me. Kiſs the Son, leſt he *be* angry. If he but *ſpeak* the Word."

The Subjunctive in theſe Inſtances implies ſomething contingent or doubtful; the Indicative would expreſs a more abſolute and determinate Senſe.

When the Qualities of different Things are compared, the latter Noun is not governed by the Conjunction *than* or *as* (for a Conjunction has no Government of Caſes) but agrees with the Verb, or is governed by the Verb, or the Preposition, expreſſed or underſtood; as, "Thou art wiſer than I [*am.*]" You think him handſomer than [*you think*] me, and you love him more than [*you love*] me. You are not ſo tall as I [*am.*]" In all other Inſtances, if you complete the Sentence in like Manner, by ſupplying the Part which is underſtood, the Caſe of the latter Noun will be determined; thus, "Plato obſerves, that God geometrizes; and the ſame Thing was obſerved before by a wiſer than *he*;" that is, than *he was*, not than *him*. "It was expreſſed by Plato; but more elegantly by Solo... than *him*;" that is, than *by him*.

Prepoſitions have a Government of Caſes, and in the Engliſh they always require the Objective Caſe after them: as, "*with him*, *from her*, *to me*. The Prepoſition is often ſeparated from the Relative which it governs, and joined to the Verb at the End of the Sentence, or ſome Member of it: as, "Horace is an Author, *whom* I am much delighted *with*. The World is too well bred to ſhock Authors with a Truth, *which* generally their Bookſellers are the firſt that inform them *of*." This is an Idiom, which our Language is ſtrongly inclined to: it prevails in common Converſation, and ſuits very well with the familiar Style in Writing; but the Placing of the Prepoſition before the Relative is more graceful, as well as more perſpicuous, and agrees much better with the ſolemn and elevated Style.

The Preposition *to*, is always used *before* Nouns of Place, and *after* Verbs and Participles of Motion: as, "I went *to* London; I am going *to* Town," &c.

But the Preposition *at*, is always used when it follows the auxiliary Verb *to be*, in the same Case: as, "I have been *at* London; I am *at* the Place appointed." We likewise say, "He touched *at* any Place; He arrived *at*; He lives *at*, &c.

The Preposition, *in*, is set before Countries, Cities, and large Towns, especially if they be in the same Nation: as, "He lives *in* London, *in* France," &c. *At* is set before Villages, single Houses, and Cities, if they be in distant Countries: as, "He lives *at* Hackney," &c.

General Observations on the Ellipsis, &c.

THE principle Design of elliptical Sentences is to avoid disagreeable Repetitions, as well as to express our Ideas in as few Words, and as pleasing a Manner, as possible; but, in the application of the Ellipsis, great Care should be taken to avoid Ambiguity: for whenever it obscures the Sense, it ought by no Means to be admitted.

The following are Examples of the Ellipsis of the Articles: "*A* Man, Woman, and Child;" that is "*A* Man, *a* Woman, and *a* Child."—"*A* Father and Son; *the* Sun and Moon; *the* Day and Hour." In all which Instances, the Article being once mentioned, the Repetition of it would be unnecessary, unless some peculiar Emphasis requires it, as in this Sentence: "Not only *the* Year, but *the* Day, and *the* Hour:" in which Case the Ellipsis of the last Article would rather be improper.

Were we to fill up the apparent Ellipsis in this Sentence, "*A* learned, wise, and good *Man*," by making it, "A learned *Man*, *a* wise *Man*, and *a* good *Man*," we should entirely alter the Meaning of it, as the first Sentence is applied but to one Man, and the last evidently to three, unless some particular Words were to precede it.

These

In the following Examples of the Ellipſis, for Brevity Sake, I ſhall encloſe between Crotchets ſuch Words as are uſually omitted, but generally underſtood. By this Method, the Learner will ſee the Sentence both elliptically and fully expreſſed.

Having already given Examples, in which the Article and Subſtantive were concerned, we ſhall now proceed to the Pronoun. "I love [*him*] and [*I*] fear *him*. *My* Houſe and [*my*] Lands. *Thy* Learning and [*thy*] Wiſdom. *His* Wife and [*his*] Daughter. *Her* Lord and [*her*] Maſter." In all theſe Inſtances, the Ellipſis, with Propriety, may or may not be introduced. "This is the Man [*whom*] they hate. Theſe are the Goods [*which*] they bought. Are theſe Gods [*whom*] they worſhip? Is this the Woman [*whom*] you ſaw?" In ſuch common Forms of Speech, the relative Pronoun is uſually omitted; but, in complex Sentences eſpecially, it is much better to expreſs it; as, "In the Paſture [*in which*] I lay. The Horſe [*on which*] I rode fell down."

In the following Examples will be ſeen the Ellipſis of the Adjective: "A delightful Orchard, and [*a delightful*] Garden. A little Man and [*a little*] Woman. Great Wealth and [*great*] Power." But in this Sentence, "a tall Man and a Woman," there is no Ellipſis, as the Adjective reſpects only the Man.

The Verb likewiſe admits of its Ellipſis: "The Man *was* old, and [*was*] crafty. She was young, and [*ſhe was*] beautiful, and [*ſhe was*] rich. Thou art poor, and [*thou art*] wretched, and [*thou art*] miſerable, and [*thou art*] blind, and [*thou art*] naked. I recommended the Father and [*I recommended the*] Son. We ſaw the Town and [*we ſaw the*] Country. He rewarded the Woman and [*he rewarded the*] Children. He went to ſee and [*he went to*] hear."

Even the Adverb, Preposition, Conjunction, and Interjection, admit of the Ellipſis. "He ſpake [*wiſely*] and acted wiſely. They ſing [*moſt delightfully*] and play moſt delightfully. She ſoon found, and [*ſhe ſoon*] acknowledged her Miſtake. Thrice I went, and [*thrice I*] offered my Ser-

vices. They confeſs the Power, [*and*] Wiſdom, [*and*] Goodneſs, and Love of their Creator. May I ſpeak of Power, [*of*] Wiſdom, [*of*] Goodneſs, [*of*] Truth? Though I love, [*yet*] I do not adore him. Though he went up, [*yet*] he could ſee nothing. I deſire [*that*] you would come to me. He ſaid [*that*] he would do it." Theſe Conjunctions may be ſometimes omitted; but, for the moſt Part, it is much better to expreſs them.

There are ſeveral Pairs of correſpondent Conjunctions, or ſuch as anſwer to each other in the Conſtruction of a Sentence, which ſhould be carefully obſerved, and perhaps never ſuppreſſed. *That* anſwering to *ſo*: "It is *ſo* obvious, *that* I need not mention it." *As* anſwering to *ſo*: "The City of Briſtol is not near *ſo* large *as* that of London." *So* anſwering to *as*; "*As* is the Prieſt, *ſo* are the People." *As* anſwering to *as*: "She is *as* tall *as* you." *Nor* anſwering to *neither*: "*Neither* the one *nor* the other." *Or* anſwering to *either*: "*Either* this Man *or* that Man." *Or* anſwering to *whether*: "*Whether* it were I *or* you." *Yet* anſwering to *though*: "*Though* ſhe was young, *yet* ſhe was not handſome."

Prepoſitions are often ſuppreſſed: "He went into the Halls, [*into*] Churches, and [*into*] public Buildings. Through the Streets, and [*through*] Lanes of the City. I did [*to*] him a Kindneſs. She gave [*to*] him the Letters."

The Ellipſis of the Interjection is not very common: "O Pity, and [*O*] Shame!"

The following Examples of the Ellipſis, uſed by Authors of the firſt Claſs, may ſerve to illuſtrate what has been already ſaid.

"If good Manners will not juſtify my long ſilence, Policy at leaſt will [*juſtify it*]: And you muſt confeſs [*that*] there is ſome Prudence in not owning a Debt [*which*] one is incapable of paying." *Filzoſborn's Letters.*

"He will often argue, that if this Part of our Trade were well cultivated, we ſhould gain from one Nation; and if another [*Part of our Trade were well cultivated, we ſhould gain*] from another [*Nation*]".——*Addiſon's Spect.*

"Could

"Could the Painter have made a Picture of me [*which would have been*] capable of your Converſation, I ſhould have ſat to him with more delight than ever I did [*ſit*] to any Thing in my Life."——*Locke to Molyneux.*

The following Inſtances are produced to ſhew the Impropriety of Ellipſis in ſome particular Caſes.

That learned Gentleman, if he had read my Eſſay quite through, would have found [*that*] ſeveral of his Objections might have been ſpared."

"I ſcarce know any Part of Natural Philoſophy [*which*] would yield more Variety and Uſe."

"You and I cannot be of two Opinions; nor, I think, any two Men [*who are*] uſed to think with Freedom,"——*Locke to Molyneux.*

The following Sentences, which ſeem to differ from the common Forms of Conſtruction, may be accounted for on the Suppoſition of Ellipſis.

"By preaching Repentance. By *the* preaching *of* Repentance." Both theſe are ſuppoſed to be proper and ſynonimous Expreſſions; and I cannot but think the former is an Ellipſis of the latter, in which the Article and the Prepoſition are both ſuppreſſed by Cuſtom. "By preaching *of* Repentance," and "By *the* preaching Repentance," are both judged to be improper. The Sentences are partly elliptical, and partly not ſo; and from hence the Impropriety ſeems to ariſe. *Preaching*, in either Form, is a Subſtantive, diſtinguiſhed by the Senſe, and a Prepoſition prefixed to it; nor is the Noun following governed by the ſuppoſed verbal force of the Word, *Preaching*, but by the Prepoſition, *of*, expreſſed or underſtood.

"Well is him. Wo is me. Wo unto you." Theſe Sentences are all elliptical, and partly explain each other, "Well is *it for* him. Wo is *to* me. Wo *is* unto you."

I cannot cloſe this Introduction, without ſtrongly recommending to my Readers a proper Attention to Punctuation, notwithſtanding it hath at preſent the Power of *Faſhion* to oppoſe it. I ſhall give only one Inſtance, which

which will be sufficient to demonstrate what contrary Effects the different Pointing of a Sentence may have.

" To shed King Edward's Blood
" Refuse, to fear I count it good."

These Lines being written by Order of his cruel Queen, were interpeted by the Governor of the Castle, in which he was confined, in their worse Sense, and the unhappy Monarch was murdered accordingly; for the Lines will bear two Meanings, diametrically opposite to each other. Pointed as above, the Sense implies, that the Fear to commit the Murder is laudable; but if the Point be placed after the Word *fear*, the Sense will be quite contrary.

" To shed King Edward's Blood
" Refuse to fear, I count it good."

By this Punctuation the Murder is admitted as laudable, and a Refusal of Fear upon the Occasion commanded.

A COL-

A COLLECTION of WORDS alike in Sound, or nearly so, but different in Signification and Spelling.

A'BEL, *a man's name*
A'ble, *capable*
Ac'cidence, *a book*
Ac'cidents, *caſualties*
Acts, *deeds*
Ax, *an inſtrument*
Ail, *to be diſordered*
Ale, *a liquor*
Hale, *healthy*
Air, *an element*
Are, *a verb*
Hair, *of the head*
Heir, *to an eſtate*
Hare, *an animal*
All, *every one*
Awl, *an inſtrument*
Hall, *a room*
All'ow'd, *granted*
Alóud, *noiſy*
Al'tar, *for ſacrifice*
Al'ter, *to change*
Hal'ter, *a rope*
An, *a particle*
Ann, *a woman's name*
Ant, *an inſect*
Aunt, *a relation*
Ar'rant, *notorious*
Err'ant, *wandering*
Err'and, *a meſſage*
Arr'as, *tapeſtry*
Harr'aſs, *to teaſe*
Aſce'nt, *a going up*
Aſſént, *agreement*
Aſſiſtánce, *help*
Aſſiſtánts, *helpers*
Aug'er, *an inſtrument*
Aug'ur, *a ſoothſayer*
Bácon, *hog's fleſh*
Béacon, *a directing mark*
Beckón, *to make ſigns*
Bale, *a ſurety*
Bale, *goods packed*
Bait, *an allurement*
Bate, *to tak leſs*
Baize, *a ſort of cloth*
Bays, *a garland*
Baſe, *mean*
Baſs, *a part in muſic*
Bald, *without hair*
Bawl'd, *cried out*
Ball, *a round thing*
Bawl, *to cry aloud*
Bar'bara, *a woman's name*
Bar'berry, *a ſhrub*
Bare, *naked*
Bear, *to ſupport*
Bear, *a wild beaſt*
Be, *the verb* to be
Bee, *an inſect*
Bean, *puliſe*
Been, *part. of* to be
Beat, *to ſtrike*
Beet, *an herb*
Beau, *a fop*
Bo! *a word of terror*
Bow, *an inſtrument*
Beer, *malt liquor*
Bier, *for a corpſe.*
Ber'ry, *a ſmall fruit*
Bur'y, *to hide*
Blew, *did blow*
Blue, *a colour*
Boar *a beaſt*
Boor, *a clown*
Bore, *to make a hole*
Bold, *daring*
Bowl'd, *did bowl*
Boróugh, *a corporate town*
Bur'row, *a rabbit hole*
Bough, *a branch*
Bow, *to bend*
Boy, *a young lad*
Buoy, *to ſupport*
Brake, *a thicket*
Break, *to part forcibly*
Bread, *food*
Bred, *brought up*
Breaches, *broken pieces*
Breeches, *a part of dreſs*
Brews, *doth brew*
Bruiſe, *to hurt*
Bruit, *a report*
Brute, *a beaſt*
Buy, *to purchaſe*
By, *near*
Caléndar, *to ſmooth linen*
Caléndar, *an almanac*
Call, *to name*
Caul, *a membrane*
Can'non, *a great gun*
Can'on, *a rule*
Cart, *a carriage*

Chart,

Chart, *a map*
Ceiling, *of a room*
Sealing, *of a letter, &c.*
Cell, *a hut*
Sell, *to dispose of*
Cell'ar, *of a house*
Sell'er, *one that sells*
Cen'ser, *an incense pan*
Cen'sor, *a magistrate*
Cen'sure, *blame*
Cession, *a giving up*
Session, *a sitting*
Choir, *of singers*
Quire, *of paper*
Choler, *rage*
Col'lar, *for the neck*
Chronicle, *a register*
Chronical, *long standing*
Cite, *to summon*
Sight, *to view*
Site, *a situation*
Clause, *an article*
Claws, *of a bird, &c.*
Close, *to shut up*
Clothes, *dress*
Coarse, *homely*
Course, *order*
Coat, *a part of dress*
Cote, *a fold*
Com'plement, *the remainder*
Com'pliment, *kind words*
Cousin, *a relation*
Coz'en, *to cheat*
Creak, *to make a noise*
Creek, *a small bay*
Cur'rant, *a small fruit*
Cur'rent, *a stream*
Cyg'net, *a young swan*

Sig'net, *a seal*
Cym'bol, *a drum*
Sym'bol, *a sign*
Dam, *a mother*
Damn, *to condemn*
Dear, *costly*
Deer, *an animal*
Dew, *moisture*
Due, *owing*
Dier, *one who stains*
Dire, dreadful
Do, *the verb*
Doe, *an animal*
Dough *unbaked bread*
Doer, *a performer*
Door, *of an house*
Done, *acted*
Dun, *a troublesome creditor*
Ear, *a part of the body*
Year, *a part of time*
East, *a point of the compass*
Yeast, *what works beer*
Ewe, *a sheep*
Yew, *a tree*
You, *yourself*
Exércise, *labour*
Exórcise, *to cast out devils*
Eye, *the organ of sight*
I, *myself*
Faint, *weak*
Feint, *a pretence.*
Fair, *beautiful*
Fare, *at an entertainment*
Flea, *an insect*
Flee, *to run away*
Flew, *did fly*
Flue, *soft down*
Flower, *in a garden*

Flour, *to make bread*
Furth, *abroad*
Fourth, *in number*
Foul, *nasty*
Fowl, *a bird*
Gesture, *carriage*
Jester, *one who jests*
Gilt, *with gold*
Guilt, *sin*
Glaire, *the white of eggs*
Glare, *great brightness*
Grate, *for burning coals, &c.*
Great, *large*
Grater, *for nutmegs*
Greater, *larger*
Groan, *to sigh deeply*
Grown, *encreased*
Hail, *to salute*
Hale, *strong*
Hal'low, *to make holy*
Hol'low, *empty*
Hart, *an animal*
Heart, *a part of the body*
Art, *verb* to be
Hear, *to hearken*
Here, *in this place*
Heard, *did hear*
Herd, *of cattle*
Hew, *to cut*
Hue, *a colour*
Hie, *to make haste*
High, *lofty*
Higher, *more high*
Hire, *wages*
Him, *that man*
Hymn, *a divine song*
Hoar, *white*
Whore, *a lewd woman*

Hole,

Hole, *a hollow place*
Whole, *perfect*
Hoop, *for a barrel*
Whoop, *to ſhout*
Hour, *a part of time*
Our, *of us*
I'dle, *lazy*
I'dol, *an image*
I'll, *I will*
Iſle, *an iſland*
Aile, *of a church, &c.*
In, *within*
Inn, *for travellers*
Ingénious, *of quick parts*
Ingenúous, *candid*
Kiil, *to murder*
Kiln, *for bricks, &c.*
Knave, *a raſcal*
Nave, *part of a wheel*
Knew, *did know*
New, *freſh*
Knight, *a title*
Night, *a part of time*
Knot, *to make knots*
Not, *a negative*
Know, *to underſtand*
No, *not ſo*
Lain, *did lie*
Lane, *a narrow road*
Leak, *to let in or out*
Leek, *a pot herb*
Leaſe, *of a houſe, &c.*
Leaſh, *three*
Leſs'en, *to make leſs*
Leſs'on, *a taſk*
Liar, *who tells lies*
Lier, *in wait*
Lyre, *an inſtrument*
Limb, *a member*
Lymn, *to draw*
Lo! *behold!*
Low, *humble*
Loathe, *to diſlike*
Loth, *unwilling*
Looſe, *to ſlacken*
Loſe, *to ſuffer loſs*
Made, *did make*
Maid, *a virgin*
Mail, *armour*
Male, *the he*
Main, *chief*
Mane, *of a horſe*
Mare, *a female horſe*
Mayor, *of a town*
Mean, *low*
Mien, *aſpect*
Meat, *food*
Meet, *fit*
Mete, *to meaſure*
Mes'ſage, *an errand*
Mes'ſuage, *an houſe*
Metál, *gold, &c.*
Met'tle, *ſpirit*
Might, *power*
Mite, *an inſect*
More, *in number*
Moor, *a black perſon*
Mower, *one who mows*
Naught, *bad*
Nought, *nothing*
Near, *nigh*
Ne'er, *never*
Oar, *to row with*
O'er, *over*
Ore, *of metals*
Of, *concerning*
Off, *from*
Oh! *alas!*
Owe, *to be indebted*
One, *in number*
Won, *did win*
Or'der, *method*
Or'dure, *dung*
Pail, *a wooden veſſel*
Pale, *whitiſh*
Pain, *torment*
Pane, *a ſquare of glaſs*
Pair, *a couple*
Pare, *to cut off*
Pear, *a fruit*
Pal'ate, *taſte*
Pal'lace, *a little bed*
Peal, *upon bells*
Peel, *rined*
Peer, *a lord*
Pier, *of a bridge*
Place, *of abode, &c.*
Plaice, *a fiſh*
Plain, *even*
Plane, *to make ſmooth*
Plait, *a fold*
Plate, *wrought ſilver*
Pole, *a long ſtick*
Poll, *the head*
Pore, *of the ſkin*
Pour, *to fall heavily*
Prac'tice, *uſe*
Prac'tiſe, *to exerciſe*
Pray, *to beſeech*
Prey, *a booty*
Prin'cipal, *chief*
Prin'ciple, *the firſt cauſe*
P.ófit, *gain*
Prop'het, *one who foretels*
Rain, *water*

Reign,

Reign, *rule*
Raiſe, *to lift up*
Rays, *of the ſun*
Raze, *to deſtroy*
Rais'in, *a dried grape*
Reas'on, *a cauſe*
Read, *did read*
Red, *a colour*
Rice, *a ſort of grain*
Riſe, *an encreaſe*
Rite, *a ceremony*
Right, *true*
Write, *with a pen*
Road, *a way*
Rode, *did ride*
Roe, *an animal*
Row, *of trees, &c.*
Rough, *unev'n*
Ruff, *an ornament*
Scene, *a ſight*
Seen, *beheld*
Scent, *a ſmell*
Sent, *did ſend*
Sea, *the ocean*
See, *to obſerve*
Seam, *in a coat*
Seem, *to appear*
Seas, *great waters*
Sees, *doth ſee*
Seize, *to lay hold of*
Slow, *dull*

Sloe, *a fruit*
Soar'd, *did ſoar*
Sword, *a weapon*
Some, *a part*
Sum, *the amount*
Son, *a male child*
Sun, *the cauſe of light*
Soon, *quickly*
Swoon, *to faint*
Stair, *a ſtep*
Stare, *to look ſteadfaſtly*
Stile, *for a paſſage*
Style, *manner of writing*
Succour, *help*
Sucker, *a young twig*
Tacks, *ſmall nails*
Tax, *a duty*
Tail, *the end*
Tale, *a ſtory*
Tare, *weight allowed*
Tear, *to rend*
Team, *of horſes*
Team, *to abound*
Their *of them*
There, *in that place*
Throne, *a ſeat of ſtate*
Thrown, *caſt*
Thyme, *an herb*
Time, *an hour, &c.*
Tide, *a flux of the ſea*
Tied, *bound*

To, *unto*
Toe, *of the foot*
Tow, *hemp dreſſed*
Too, *likewiſe*
Two, *a couple*
Told, *related*
Toll'd, *as a bell*
Vain, *fruitleſs*
Vane, *a weathercock*
Vein, *for the blood*
Vale, *a valley*
Vail, *to cover*
Vial, *or* Phial, *a bottle*
Viol, *an inſtrument*
Wail, *to lament*
Wale, *a riſing part*
Whale, *a fiſh*
Wain, *a waggon*
Wane, *a decreaſe*
Weak, *feeble*
Week, *ſeven days*
Ware, *merchandize*
Wear, *to waſte*
Were, *plural of* was
Where, *in what place*
Whiſt, *a game*
Wiſt, *knew*
Wood, *timber*
Wou'd *would*
Yarn, *ſpun wool*
Yearn, *to moan*

THE SPELLING AND EXPLANATORY DICTIONARY OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

A. Arabick: *a.* Adjective: *ad.* Adverb: *B.* Britiſh: *Ch.* Chaldee: *conj.* Conjunction: *D.* Daniſh: *Du.* Dutch: *F.* French: *Ger.* German: *G.* Greek: *H.* Hebrew: *I.* Italian: *interj.* Interjection: *L.* Latin: *L. S.* Preſent Lower Saxon: *part.* Participle: *pr.* Prepoſition: *pron.* Pronoun: *ſ.* Subſtantive: *S.* Saxon: *Sp.* Spaniſh: *Syr.* Syrick: *T.* Teutonic: *v.* Verb.

A B

A Is uſed as an abbreviation, thus, A. C. ſignifies *anno Chriſti*, in the year of Chriſt

A. D. *anno Domini*, in the year of our Lord

Aáron, *ſ.* a man's name, *H.*

Abáiſance, *ſ.* a bow or courteſy

Abáft, *ad.* towards the ſtern

Abándon, *v.* to caſt off, forſake utterly, *F.*

Abándoned, *a.* given up to ſome vice

Abáſe, *v.* to bring low, *F.*

Abáſement, *ſ.* a being brought low, *F.*

A B B

Abáſh, *v.* to put out of countenance, *F.*

Abáte, *v.* to diminiſh or leſſen, *F.*

Abátement, *ſ.* a making leſs, *F.*

Abb, *ſ.* yarn of the weavers warp

A'bbacy, *ſ.* poſſeſſions of an Abbot, *F.*

A'bbeſs, *ſ.* the governaſs of a nunnery, *F.*

Abb'ey, *ſ.* the reſidence of an abbot, *F.*

A'bbot, *ſ.* the ſuperior of an abbey

Abbréviate, *v.* to ſhorten, *L.*

Abbreviátion, *ſ.* a contraction of a word

Abbreviature, *ſ.* an abridgment

A'bdicate, *v.* to reſign, *L.*
Abdicátion, *ſ.* reſignation, *L.*
Abdúcent, *a.* putting back, *L.*
Abéd, *a.* in bed
A'bel, *ſ.* a man's name, *H.*
Abét, *v.* to aid or ſet on
Abétment, *ſ.* unlawful aſſiſtance
Abbéter, *ſ.* an accomplice
Abhór, *v.* to hate or loath, *L.*
Abhórrence, *ſ.* deteſtation, *L.*
Abhórrent, *a.* greatly averſe to
Abíde, *v.* to dwell, to endure
Abíding, *part.* continuance
A'bject, *a.* mean, wretched, *L.*
A'bigail, *ſ.* a woman's name, *H.*
Abílities, *ſ.* faculties, or power of the mind
Abílity, *ſ.* capacity, power, ſkill, *L.*
Abjurátion, *ſ.* renouncing by oath, *L.*
Abjure, *v.* to forſwear, renounce, diſown, *L.*
Able, *v.* having power, *L.*
Ablebodied, *a.* ſtrong
A'blepſy, *ſ.* blindneſs, *G.*
Ablútion, *ſ.* waſhing, cleanſing, *L.*
Abóard, *adv.* on board, in a ſhip, *F.*
Abóde, *ſ.* an abiding place
Abóliſh, *v.* to deſtroy utterly, to repeal, *L.*
Abolition, *ſ.* the act of aboliſhing, *L.*
Abóminable, *a.* deteſtable
Abóminably, *ad.* extremely bad
Abóminate, *v.* to abhor, loath, hate
Abomination, *ſ.* a thing deteſtable
Aborígines, *ſ.* primitive inhabitants, *L.*
Abórtion, *ſ.* a miſcarriage, *L.*
Abórtive, *a.* ſtill born, untimely
Abórtment, *ſ.* an untimely birth, *L.*
Abóve, *ad.* overhead, higher, more
Abóve-board, *ad.* openly, not underhand
Abóund, *v.* to have plenty, *L.*
Abóut, *pr.* incircling, near to, *S.*

A'braham, *ſ.* a man's name, *H.*
Abréaſt, *ad.* ſide by ſide
Abridge, *v.* to curtail, keeping the ſenſe, *F.*
Abridged, *a.* abbreviated
Abridgment, *ſ.* a work abridged, reſtraint, *F.*
Abróach, *ad.* ready to run out
Abróad, *ad.* from home, in foreign parts
A'brogate, *v.* to repeal, make void a law, *L.*
Abrúpt, *a.* broken off ſuddenly, haſty, *L.*
Abrúptneſs, *ſ.* haſte, ſuddeneſs
A'bceſs, *ſ.* an impoſthume, *L.*
Abſcind, *v.* to cut off, *L.*
Abſciſion, *ſ.* a cutting off, *L.*
Abſcónd, *v.* to hide one's ſelf
A'bſence, *ſ.* being abſent
Abſént, *a.* not preſent, wandering, inattentive, *L.*
Abſént, *v.* to keep away from
Abſenteé, *ſ.* a perſon abſent
Abſólve, *v.* to acquit of a crime, *L.*
A'bſolute, *a.* arbitrary, unlimited, *L.*
A'bſolutely, *ad.* poſitively, after an abſolute manner, *L.*
Abſolútion, *ſ.* a remiſſion of ſins, *L.*
Abſolútory, *a.* that abſolves
A'bſonant, *a.* contrary to reaſon, *L.*
Abſórb, *v.* to ſuck or dry up
Abſórbents, *ſ.* medicines that imbibe the acid juices
Abſtáin, *v.* to refrain from, *L.*
Abſtémious, *a.* temperate, ſober, moderate, *L.*
Abſtémiouſneſs, *ſ.* temperateneſs
Abſtérge, *v.* to wipe off, or cleanſe, *L.*
Abſtérgent, *a.* of a cleanſing quality, *L.*
Abſtérſe, *v.* to purify or cleanſe
Abſtérſion, *ſ.* wiping away, or cleanſing, *L.*
Abſtérſive, *a.* adapted to cleanſe
A'bſtinence, *ſ.* refraining from, *L.*

Abſtra'ct, *ſ.* an abridgement of a work, *L.*
Abſtra'cted, *a.* ſeparately conſidered
Abſtru'ſe, *a.* obſcure, dark, lying hid
Abſu'rd, *a.* contrary to reaſon, *L.*
Abſu'rdity, *ſ.* unreaſonableneſs
Abu'ndance, *ſ.* great plenty, *L.*
Abu'ndant, *a.* plentiful
Abu'ſe *v.* to rail at, injure, hurt, *L.*
Abu'ſe, *ſ.* the ill uſe of any thing
Abu'ſive, *a.* injurious, affrontive, *L.*
Abu't, *v.* to border upon, *F.*
Abut'ment, *ſ.* that which borders upon another, *F.*
Aby'ſs, *ſ.* an unfathomed depth, *G.*
Acácias, *ſ.* a drug from Egypt
Académical, *a.* belonging to an academy, *G.*
Acádemy, *s.* a ſchool of ſciences
Accéde, *v.* to come into, to agree or aſſent to *L.*
Accélerate, *v.* to haſten, quicken, *L.*
Acceleráti'on, *ſ.* haſtening, *L.*
A'ccent, *ſ.* the ſtreſs laid on the proper ſyllable, *L.*
Accépt, *v.* to receive, take
Accéptable, *a.* that may be received with pleaſure, *L.*
Accéptance, *ſ.* reception
Acceptáti'on, *ſ.* the meaning of a word, *L.*
Accépter, *ſ.* he that accepts, *L.*
Accéſs, *ſ.* admittance
A'cceſſarineſs, *ſ.* a being acceſſary
A'cceſſary, *ſ.* an aider or abettor
Acceſſible, *a.* eaſy of acceſs
Acceſſion, *ſ.* a coming to, an increaſe, *L.*
A'ccident, *ſ.* caſualty, the property of a thing, *F.*
Accidéntal, *a.* caſual
Accipient. *ſ.* a receiver
Acclámation, *ſ.* ſhouting for joy
Acclivity, *ſ.* the aſcent of a hill, *L.*
Acclóy, *v.* to crowd, fill or ſatisfy
Accómmodate, *v.* to provide for; to furniſh with; to make up a difference, *L.*
Accómmodate, *a.* ſuitable; fit, *L.*
Accómmodáti'on, *ſ.* furniſhing
Accómpany, *v.* to go along with
Accómplice, *ſ.* one that is acceſſary, or privy to, *F.*
Accómpliſh, *v.* to compleat; to finiſh
Accómpliſhed, *a.* compleated; finiſhed
Accómpliſhment, *ſ.* completion; an acquired perfection
Accómpt, *v.* to reckon, compute
Accómptant, *ſ.* one well verſed in accompts
Accórd, *ſ.* conſent, agreement, *F.*
Accórdance, *ſ.* agreement
Accórdant, *a.* willing
According, *pr.* agreeable to
Accóſt, *v.* to approach, ſpeak or talk to, *F.*
Accóunt, *v.* to believe, explain
Accóunt, *ſ.* a narrative, rank, diſtinction, a bill
Accóuntable, *a.* liable to give an account, *F.*
Accóutre, *v.* to equip; dreſs; furniſh, *F.*
Accóutrements, *ſ.* habits and warlike furniture, *F.*
Accrétion, *ſ.* the act of growing to another, *L.*
Accrew or Accrúe, *v.* to accede to; ariſe from, *F.*
Accúmulate, *v.* to heap up, or gather in abundance, *L.*
Accúmulative, *a.* heaped together, *L.*
A'ccuracy, *ſ.* care; exactneſs, *L.*
A'ccurate, *a.* exact, *L.*
Accúrſed, *a.* curſed, doomed to miſery
Accúſable, *a.* blamable
Accuſáti'on, *ſ.* an impeachment, *L.*
Accúſatory, *a.* containing a charge

Accúſe, *v.* to lay to a perſon's charge, *L.*
Accúſer, *ſ.* a perſon who accuſes
Accúſtom, *v.* to uſe one's ſelf to
Accúſtomarily, *ad.* uſually
Accúſtomary, *a.* uſual
Accúſtomed, *part. a.* habituated
Ace, *ſ.* number one in cards or dice
Acérbity, *ſ.* ſoureneſs, harſhneſs, *L.*
Ache, *v.* to be in pain, *S.*
Achieve, *v.* to get; acquire; compaſs *F.*
Achievement, *ſ.* a performance; an eſcutcheon
A'cid, *a.* ſour, ſharp, *L.*
Acidity, *ſ.* ſourneſs
Acknówledge, *v.* to own, confeſs, *ſ.*
Acknówledgment, *ſ.* confeſſion; thankfulneſs, *S.*
A'conite, *ſ.* wolf's bean; poiſon in general, *G.*
A'corn, *ſ.* the ſeed of an oak, *S.*
Acoúſtics, *ſ.* medicines to help the hearing, theory of ſounds, *G.*
Acquáint, *v.* to inform, *F.*
Acquáintance, *ſ.* familiar knowledge, one with whom we are acquainted, *F.*
Acquainted, *a.* familiar with, *F.*
Acquéſt, *ſ.* acquiſition
Acquiéſce, *v.* to reſt ſatisfied, to conſent, yield to, *F.*
Acquiéſcence, *ſ.* conſent, compliance, *F.*
Acquíre, *v.* to get, attain to, *F.*
Acquired, *a.* obtained; gained
Acquirement, *ſ.* attainment
Acquiſition, *ſ.* attainment; purchaſe
Acquít, *v.* to diſcharge; free from, *F.*
Acquíttal, *ſ.* a diſcharge; freed from ſuſpicion, *F.*
Acquíttance, *ſ.* a diſcharge in writing, *F.*
A'cre, *ſ.* forty poles in length, and four in breadth
A'crid, *a.* of a ſharp, pungent taſte, *L.*
A'crimónious, *a.* corroſive; ſharp
A'crimony, *ſ.* ſharpneſs, eagerneſs, tartneſs, *L.*
A'critude, *ſ.* of an acrid taſte, *L.*
Acróſs, *ad.* athwart
Acróſtick, *ſ.* verſes in which the firſt letter of the lines expreſs a name, &c.
Act, *ſ.* a deed, or decree
Act, *v.* to perform, put in motion
A'ction, *ſ.* an act, geſture; a battle, *L.*
A'ctionable, *a.* puniſhable
A'ctive, *a.* agile, nimble, *L.*
A'ctively, *ad.* lively, buſy, briſk, always doing
Activity, *ſ.* ſprightlineſs; quickneſs
A'ctor, *ſ.* he that acts; a ſtage player
A'ctreſs, *ſ.* ſhe that acts, particularly on the ſtage
A'ctual, *a.* real, true, poſitive
A'ctually, *ad.* really
A'ctuate, *v.* to put in motion, *L.*
Acúmen, *ſ.* ſharpneſs, *L.*
Acúminated, *a.* ſharp-pointed, *L.*
Acúte *a.* keen, ſharp-witted; ſubtle, *L.*
Acútely, *ad.* ſharply
Acúteneſs, *ſ.* ſharpneſs; keenneſs
A'dage, *ſ.* a maxim; ſhort ſentence; a proverb, *L.*
Adágio, *ſ.* ſlow time in muſic, *I.*
Adam, *ſ.* a man's name, *H.*
A'damant, *ſ.* a diamond, *L.*
Adamántine, *a.* hard, like a diamond, *L.*
Adápt, *v.* to make fit; to apply one thing to another, *L.*
Adápted, *a.* fitted, proportioned
Add, *v.* to join to, augment, *L.*
A'dd decimate, *v.* to take tythes, *L.*
A'dder, *ſ.* a kind of ſnake, *Du.*
A'ddice, or adze, *ſ.* a tool uſed by coopers

Addict, *v.* to devote one's self wholly to, *L.*
Addiction, *s.* the act of devoting
Addition, *s.* joining to, increasing, adding together, *F.*
Additional, *a.* any thing added
A'ddle, *v.* eggs spoiled in hatching; foolish, *S.*
A'ddle-pated, *a.* silly
Address, *v.* to speak or write to, *F.*
Address, *s.* dexterity, speech, skill; genteel behaviour, *F.*
Addulce, *v.* to sweeten, *L.*
Adept, *s.* master of an art or profession, *L.*
A'dequate, *a.* equal; even; proportionable, *L.*
A'dequately, *ad.* in proportion, *L.*
A'dequateness, *s.* agreeableness with, *L.*
A'dhere, *v.* to stick fast, or cleave to, *L.*
Adherence, *s.* sticking to, attachment, *L.*
Adherent, *s.* one that takes part with another, *L.*
Adhesion, *s.* the act of sticking to, *L.*
Adhesive, *a.* tenacious; sticking
Adjacent, *a.* lying near; bordering upon, *L.*
A'djective, *s.* a word added to a noun
Adieu, *ad.* farewel, *F.*
Adjoin, *v.* to lie close to; to be contiguous, *L.*
Adjourn, *v.* to put off to another day, or time, *F.*
Adjournment, *s.* putting off to another day, *F.*
A'dit, *s.* a passage under ground, *L.*
Adjudge, *v.* to pass sentence; decree, *L.*
Adjudicate, *v.* to adjudge
Adjudication, *s.* a judgment or decree
A'djunct, *s.* any thing joined to another, *L.*
Adjunctive, *s.* that which joins
Adjuration, *s.* a solemn charge; an oath, *L.*
Adjure, *v.* to charge solemnly
Adjust, *v.* to make fit; set in order, *F.*
Adjustment, *s.* regulation
A'djutant, *s.* a military officer, *L.*

Adjutor, *s.* a helper, *L.*
Admeasurement, *s.* the act of measuring
Admensuration, *s.* a measuring of each part
Administer, *v.* to supply; give, perform, *L.*
Administration, *s.* the act of administring, *L.*
Administrator, *s.* one who administers, *L.*
Administratrix, *s.* a woman that administers, *L.*
A'dmirable, *a.* worthy of being admired, *L.*
A'dmirably, *ad.* excellently
A'dmiral, *s.* the commander of a fleet, *F.*
A'dmiralship, *s.* the office of admiral
A'dmiralty, *s.* the supreme naval court
Admiration, *s.* admiring, wonder, *L.*
Admire, *v.* to observe with wonder, to be in love with, *L.*
Admirer, *s.* one who admires, a lover
Admissible, *a.* that may be admitted, *L.*
Admission, *s.* having access to
Admit, *v.* to let in, to agree to, *L.*
Admittable, *a.* fit to be admitted
Admittance, *s.* having access to
Admi'x, *v.* to mingle, *L.*
Admónish, *v.* to reprove, advise
Admónisher, *s.* reprover
Admonition, *s.* reproof, exhortation
Admónitory, *a.* that admonishes
Adó, *s.* trouble, difficulty, tumult
Adolescence, *s.* youth, *L.*
Adolphus, *s.* a man's name, *S.*
Adópt, *v.* to take another person's child for their heir, *L.*
Adop'tion, *s.* the act of adopting
Ado'rable, *a.* fit to be worshipped, or adored, *L.*
Ado'rableness, *s.* worthiness of adoration
Adoration, *s.* divine worship
Ado're, *v.* to reverence; to treat with profound respect, doat upon, *L.*
Ado'rn, *v.* to set off with ornaments

Ador'nment, *s.* embellishment.
Adrian, *s.* man's name
Adri't, *ad.* floating at random
Adro't, *a.* dextrous, ready, skilful, *F.*
Adro'tness, *s.* ingenuity, dexterity
Adry', *a.* thirsty
Advance, *v.* to proceed, promote, *F.*
Adva..cement, *s.* improvement, progress
Advantage, *s.* benefit, superiority, gain
Advantageous *a.* profitable
Advantageousness, *s.* profit convenience
A'dvent, *s* four weeks before Christmas, *L.*
Adventi'tious, *a.* happening by chance, *L.*
Adventual, *a.* belonging to advent
Advénture, *s.* enterprize, hazard, expedition, *F.*
Advénturer, *s.* he that ventures
Adven'turous, *a.* bold, daring, hazardous, *F.*
Advénturously, *ad.* hazardously
A'dverb, *s.* a word joined to a verb
Advérbial, *a.* belonging to an adverb
A'dversary, *s.* an enemy, *L.*
A'dverse, *a.* contrary, afflictive
Advérsity, *s.* poverty, calamity, affliction, *L.*
Advért, *v.* to mark, attend to, *L.*
Advértance, *s.* attention to
Advértency, *s.* attention, consideration
Advertíse, *v.* to inform, give public intelligence
Advertísement, *s.* intelligence, *F.*
Advi'ce, *s.* counsel, information
Advíseable, *a.* fit to be done
Advíseableness, *s.* fitness
Advíse, *v.* to give advice, or council, *F.*
Advísedly, *ad.* upon proper advice
Advi'ser, *s.* one who gives his advice
Adulátion, *s.* fawning, flattery, high strained compliments, *L.*
Adulátor, *s.* a flatterer, *F.*
Adúlatory, *a.* flattery
Adúlt, *a.* mature, full grown, *L.*
Adúlterate, *v.* to corrupt, counterfeit, spoil, *L.*
Adúlterátion, *s.* adulterating, *L.*
Adúlterer, *s.* a man guilty of adultery
Adúlteress, *s.* a woman guilty of adultery
Adúlterous, *a.* guilty of adultery
Adúltery, *s.* defilement of the marriage bed, *L.*
Adúmbrate, *v.* to shadow out, *L.*
Adumbrátion, *s.* a feint sketch
A'dvocate, *s.* a pleader of causes, intercessor, *L.*
Advowé, *s.* one who enjoys an advowson, *F.*
Advówson, *s.* the right of presenting to a benefice, *F.*
Adúst, *a.* scorched, burnt up, *L.*
Adústible, *a.* combustible
Adytum, *s.* a sanctuary in a pagan temple, *G.*
Ænigma, *s.* a riddle, *G.*
Aérial, *a.* belonging to the air, *G.*
A'erie, *a.* a nest of birds
Ætherial, *a.* belonging to the heavens, the sky, *G.*
Afár, *ad.* at a distance
Affábility, *s.* easiness of address, courtecy, *L.*
Af'fable, *a.* civil, courteous
Af'fably, *ad.* civility
Affair, *s.* any business, or concern
Affect, *v.* to act upon, move the passions, *L.*
Affectátion, *s.* self-conceit, formality, preciseness, *L.*
Affécted *a.* seiz'd with, moved, unnatural, *L.*
Affectedly, *ad.* with affectation
Affection, *s.* love, kindness
Affectionate, *a.* full of affection
Affectionately, *ad.* kindly
Affectioned, *a.* inclined
Affective, *a.* moving the affections
Affi'ance, *s.* confidence, trust, *L.*

Affi'ance,

Affi'ance, *v.* to truſt, or confide in
Affidávit, *ſ.* a depoſition on oath before a magiſtrate, *L.*
Affi'nity, *ſ.* kindred, conformity, reſemblance, *L.*
Affi'rm, *v.* to aſſert, maintain, confirm
Affirmátion, *ſ.* the act of affirming, *L.*
Affi'rmative, *a.* poſitive, peremptory
Affi'rmatively, *ad.* poſitively
Affi'x, *v.* to fix upon, poſt up, or ſubjoin, *L.*
Afflict, *v.* to grieve, torment, *L.*
Affliction, *ſ.* ſorrow, trouble, calamity
Afflictive, *a.* cauſing of affliction, or pain
A'ffluence, *ſ.* abundance, plenty, riches, *L.*
A'ffluent, *a.* plenteous, wealthy
Affó'rd, *v.* to yield, produce
Affráy, *v.* to affright, *F.*
Affráy, *ſ.* a quarrel, attended with noiſe and tumult
Affright, *v.* to terrify, put in fear, *S.*
Affright, *ſ.* fright, fear, terror
Affrónt, *v.* to inſult, provoke
Affrónt, *ſ.* an injury or abuſe, *F.*
Affróntive, *a.* injurious or abuſive
Affy', *v* to betroth, confide in
Afloat, *ad.* floating
Afoót, *ad.* on foot
Afóre, *ad.* before
Afráid, *v.* to be in fear
Afréſh, *ad.* again, anew
Africa, *ſ.* one of the four grand diviſions of the earth
A'fter, *prep.* behind, later
A'fterbirth, *ſ.* the placenta
A'ftermath, *ſ.* the ſecond crop
A'fternoon, *ſ.* paſt twelve at noon
A'fterwards, *ad.* later than another
Agáin, *ad.* a ſecond time, once more
Agáinſt, *pr.* contrary, oppoſite
Agápe, *ad.* ſtaring with the mouth open
A'gate, *ſ.* an inferior kind of precious ſtone, *G.*
Agatha, *ſ.* a woman's name
Age, *ſ.* the time of life; an hundred years, *F.*
A'ged, *a.* old
A'gency, *ſ.* acting, an agent's buſineſs, *F.*
A'gent, *a.* that which acts
A'gent, *ſ.* a dealer, or factor for another
Agglómerate, *v.* to wind into a ball, *L.*
A'ggrandize, *v.* to make great, advance, prefer, *L.*
A'ggrandizement, *ſ.* being made great, *F.*
A'ggravate, *v.* to make worſe, provoke, inflame, *L.*
Aggravátion, *ſ.* provoking to anger
A'ggregate, *v.* to collect together, *L.*
A'ggregate, *ſ.* the ſum total; the whole collected, *L.*
Aggréſs, *v.* to aſſault firſt
Aggréſſor, *ſ.* aſſailer, he that begins firſt, *L.*
Aggrieve, *v.* to vex, injure, *L.*
Aghâſt, *a.* frightened, amazed, terrified, *S.*
A'gile, *a.* nimble, alert, active, *L.*
A'gility, *ſ.* activity, nimbleneſs, *L.*
A'gio, *ſ.* a term in exchange, *I.*
Agiſtment, *ſ.* a modus or compoſition, *F.*
A'gitate, *v.* to move, ſtir up, *L.*
Agitátion, *ſ.* diſquiet, diſturbance of mind, buſineſs in hand, *L.*
A'gnail, *ſ.* the ſkin ſeparated from the nail, *S.*
Agnes, *ſ.* a woman's name, *G.*
Agnition, *ſ.* acknowledgment, *L.*
Agó, *ad.* paſt
Agóing, *a.* in action
A'gonize, *v.* to be in an agony, *G.*
A'gony, *ſ.* extreme anguiſh, *G.*
Agrárian, *a.* relating to land, *L.*

Agreé,

Agreé, *v.* to allow, yield to, reconcile, *F.*
Agreéable, *a.* handſome, pleaſing, acceptable
Agreéably, *ad.* pleaſingly, conſiſtently
Agreéd, *part.* ſettled by conſent
Agreément, *ſ.* union, reconcilement, contract
A'griculture, *ſ.* huſbandry
Agróund, *ad.* ſtranded, nonpluſſed
A'gue, *ſ.* a well known diſeaſe
A'guiſh, *a.* chilly, like an ague
Ah', *interj.* an exclamation, denoting pity and complaint
Aheád, *ad.* before another
Aid, *v.* to help or aſſiſt, *F.*
Aid, *ſ.* help, ſuccour, a ſubſidy
Aid-de-camp, *ſ.* an aſſiſtant in a camp, *F.*
Aíder, *ſ.* an aſſiſtant
Aídleſs, *a.* helpleſs
Ail *v.* to be out of order
Aílment, *ſ.* a ſlight indiſpoſition
Aíling, *part.* ſickly
Aim, *v.* to deſign, intend, endeavour to hit, *F.*
Air, *ſ.* the element; a ſong, the mein of a perſon, *F.*
Air, *v.* to take into the air, dry before the fire
A'irineſs, *ſ.* livelineſs, briſkneſs, gaiety
A'iring, *ſ.* a ſhort journey
A'irpump, *ſ.* an inſtrument for extracting the air
A'iry, *a.* belonging to the air, fluttering, lively
A'iſle, *ſ.* a walk in a church
Ait, *ſ.* a ſmall iſland in a river
Akín, *a.* related
A'labaſter, *ſ.* a kind of ſoft white marble
Aláck, *interj.* alas!
Alácrity, *ſ.* briſkneſs, chearfulneſs, readineſs, *L.*
Alamóde, *a.* after the faſhion, a thin ſilk, *F.*
Alárm, *v.* to ſurpriſe, put in fear, *F.*
Alárming, *part.* giving the alarm
Alás, *interj.* an expreſſion of ſorrow
Alb, *ſ.* a Romiſh prieſt's ſurplice, *L.*
Albéit, *ad.* although
Albert, *ſ.* a man's name, *T.*
A'lchymiſt, *ſ.* one who pretends to alchymy
A'lchymy, *ſ.* the pretended art of tranſmuting metals
Alc'ove, *ſ.* a receſs in a garden, *F.*
A'lder, *ſ.* a tree or ſhrub
A'lderman, *ſ.* a magiſtrate of a city or town, *S.*
Ale, *ſ.* a liquor made of malt, *T.*
A'leconner, *ſ.* an officer who examines he pots uſed in ale-houſes
A'legar, *ſ.* ſour ale or beer, *S.*
A'lehoof, *ſ.* ground-ivy
A'lehouſe, *ſ.* a houſe where ale is ſold
Alémbick, *ſ.* a kind of ſtill, *A.*
Alért, *a.* briſk, pert, ſprightly, *F.*
Alértneſs, *ſ.* ſprightlineſs, briſkneſs
Alexánder, *ſ.* a man's name, *G.*
Alexándrine, *ſ.* a verſe of 12 ſyllables
Alexipha'rmicks, *ſ.* medicines to expel poiſon, *G.*
Alfred, *ſ.* a man's name, *S.*
A'lgebra, *ſ.* literal arithmetick, *A.*
A'lgebráical, *a.* relating to algebra
Algebráiſt, *ſ.* one ſkilled in algebra
A'lias, *ad.* otherwiſe, *L.*
A'lice, *ſ.* a woman's name, *S.*
A'lien, *ſ.* a ſtranger, foreigner, *L.*
A'lienable, *a.* transferable
A'lienate, *v.* to eſtrange, transfer, make over, *L.*
Alienátion, *ſ.* the art of alienating
Ali'ght, *v.* to deſcend from a horſe, &c.
Alíke, *ad.* reſembling

Aliment, *ſ.* food, nouriſhment, *L.*
Alimental, *a.* nouriſhing
Aliméntary, *a.* giving nouriſhment
A'limony, *ſ.* a ſeparate maintainance
Alive, *a.* not dead, active, lively.
All, *a.* every one, the whole
All-hallowtide, *ſ.* all-ſaints day
Alláy, *v.* to eaſe, mitigate, aſſuage, to mix with baſer metals
Allédge, *v.* to aſſign, affirm, *F.*
Allegátion, *ſ.* alledging, an authority quoted
Allégiance, *ſ.* duty of ſubjects, *F.*
Allegórical, *a.* in the form of an allegory
Allegóricaly, *ad.* ſpeaking figuratively
Allégorize, *v.* to uſe allegories
A'llegory, *ſ.* a continued metaphor, *G.*
Allégro, *a.* in muſic, brisk, lively, *I.*
Allelúj h, *ſ.* praiſe God
Alléviate, *v.* to allay, appeaſe, eaſe
Alleviátion, *ſ.* a making eaſy, *F.*
A'lley, *ſ.* a narrow paſſage, *L.*
Alliance, *ſ.* kindred; a league between ſtates, *F.*
Alligátion, *ſ.* affirmation; the thing alledged
Alligátor, *ſ.* a kind of crocodile
Allódial, *a.* free from fines, *I.*
Allót, *v.* to appoint, diſtribute by lot
Allótment, *ſ.* a ſhare allotted
Allów, *v.* to acknowledge, give, permit
Allówable, *a.* may be allowed
Allówance, *ſ.* penſion, deduction, indulgence
Alloy, *See* allay
Allúde, *v.* to ſpeak in reference to another thing
Allúre, *v.* to entice, decoy, wheedle, cajole
Allúrement, *ſ.* an incitement, *L.*
Allúſion, *ſ.* a thing relating to ſomething elſe, *L.*
Allúſive, *a.* alluding to
Ally', *v.* to unite by agreement, *F.*
Al'manack, *ſ.* a calendar, *A.*
Almitineſs, *ſ.* omnipotence
Almighty, *a.* all-powerful
A'lmond, *ſ.* a tree and fruit ſo called, *F.*
A'lmonds of the throat, *ſ.* two round glands
A'lmoner, *ſ.* a diſtributer of alms for another
Almóſt, *ad.* for the greateſt part
A'lms, *ſ.* charitable benefactions, *Ger.*
A'lms-deed, *ſ.* a charitable gift
A'lmſgiver, one that gives alms
A'lmſhouſe, *ſ.* a houſe for the poor, *Ger.*
A'loes, *ſ.* a bitter gum, and wood ſo called
Alóft, *ad.* on high, above, *S.*
A'lone, *a.* without company, *Ger.*
A'long, *ad.* forward, onward
Alóof, *ad.* at a diſtance
Alóud, *ad.* loudly, *Ger.*
A'lphabet, *ſ.* the letters of a language, *G.*
Alphabétical, *a.* according to the order of the alphabet
Alphonſo, *ſ.* a man's name, *Port.*
Already, *ad.* ſo ſoon, before this time
A'lſo, *ad.* likewiſe
A'ltar, *ſ.* a place for offering ſacrifices, *H.*
A'lter, *v.* to transform, to change, *F.*
A'lterable, *a.* capable of being altered
A'lterant, *a.* producing a change
A'lteration, *ſ.* change
A'lterative, *ſ.* medicine that change the conſtitution, *L.*
A'ltercation, *ſ.* diſputing, wrangling
Altérnate, *a.* by turns, one after another, *L.*
Altérnately, *ad.* reciprocally, *L.*
Altérnative, *ſ.* the choice of two things propoſed
Altérnatively, *ad.* interchangeably

A'lthough

Although, *ad.* notwithſtanding
A'titude, *ſ.* height, elevation, *L.*
A'together, *ad.* completely
A'lum, *ſ.* a mineral ſalt, *L.*
Alúminous, *a.* containing alum
A'lways, *ad.* conſtantly
Amáin, *ad.* much, very faſt, vigorouſly
Amálgamate, *v.* to mix mercury with any metal
Amanúenſis, *ſ.* one who writes what another dictates, *L.*
Amáſs, *v.* to heap up, hoard, collect together, *F.*
Amátory, *a.* relating to love, *L.*
Amáze, *v.* to aſtoniſh, confound, ſurprize, *S.*
Amázedly, *ad.* with amazement
Amázement, *ſ.* great aſtoniſhment
Amázing, *par.* aſtoniſhing
Amázingly, *ad.* ſurpriſingly
Ambáges, *ſ.* circumlocutions, *L.*
Ambáſſador, *ſ.* a perſon ſent to a foreign ſtate, *F.*
A'mbaſſage, *ſ.* an embaſſy
Ambaſſádreſs, *ſ.* the wife of an ambaſſador
A'mber, *ſ.* a yellow tranſparent ſubſtance, *G.*
A'mbergris, *ſ.* a fragrant drug
Ambide'xter, *ſ.* one who uſes both hands alike, *L.*
Ambide'xtrous, *a.* double dealing
A'mbient, *a.* encompaſſing about, as the air does, *L.*
Ambigúity, *ſ.* obſcurity, *L.*
Ambiguous, *a.* doubtful, uncertain, having two meanings, *L.*
A'mbit, *ſ.* the lines by which a figure is bounded, *L.*
Ambition, *ſ.* immoderate deſire of honour, &c. *L.*
Ambitious, *a.* aſpiring
A'mble, *v* to pace
A'mbler, *ſ.* a pacer
A'mbroſe, *ſ.* a man's name, *G.*
Ambróſia, *ſ.* the food of the gods, *G.*
Ambróſial, *a.* ſweet, delicious
A'mbry, *ſ.* a pantry
A'mbulation, *ſ.* walking, *L.*
A'mbulatory, *a.* moving about.
A'mbuſcade, *ſ.* lying in wait privily, to ſurprize, entrap, *F.*
A'mbuſh, *ſ.* in ambuſcade
Amén, *ſ.* ſo be it, *H.*
Aménable, *a.* reſponſible, *F.*
Aménd, *v.* to grow better, to improve, *L.*
Aménd̄ment, *ſ.* a change for the better
Aménds, *ſ.* a recompence, or ſatisfaction
Aménity, *ſ.* a delightful ſituation, *L.*
Amérce, *v.* to ſet a fine upon, or forfeit, *F.*
Amércement, *ſ.* a fine laid at the diſcretion of the court
América, *ſ.* one of the four grand diviſions of the globe
A'methyſt, *ſ.* a precious ſtone of violet colour
A'miable, *a.* lovely, *F.*
A'miableneſs, *ſ.* lovelineſs
A'micable, *a.* friendly, courteous, loving, *L.*
A'micably, *ad.* in a friendly manner
A'mice, *ſ.* the ſhoulder-cloth of a Romiſh prieſt, *L.*
Amídſt, *ad.* in the middle
Amíſs, *ad.* faulty, wrong
A'mity, *ſ.* affection, friendſhip, love, *L.*
Ammunition, *ſ.* warlike ſtores, *F.*
A'mneſty, *ſ.* an act of oblivion, or general pardon, *G.*
Am'ong, *pr.* mingled with

Amóngſt,

Amóngſt, *pr.* the ſame with among
Amoroſo, *ſ.* a lover, a gallant, *I.*
A'morous, *a.* loving, apt to fall in love, *F.*
A'morouſly, *ad.* lovingly.
Amórt, *ad.* dead, heavy, dull, *F.*
A'mos, *ſ.* a man's name, *H.*
Amóunt, *ſ.* the value of a thing, the ſum total
Amóurs, *ſ.* love intrigues, *F.*
Amphíbious, *a.* animals that live on land and water, *G.*
Amphithéatre, *ſ.* a round or oval theatre, *G.*
A'mple, *a.* wide, large, abundant, ſpacious, *L.*
Amplificátion, *ſ.* an enlargement
A'mplify, *v.* to enlarge, to illuſtrate, *L.*
A'mplitude, *ſ.* extent, capacity, *L.*
A'mply, *ad.* largely, liberally
A'mputate, *v.* to cut off
Amputátion, *ſ.* the cutting off a limb, *L.*
A'mulet, *ſ.* a ſpell, a charm, *F.*
Amúſe, *v.* to divert, entertain, *F.*
Amúſement, *ſ.* trifling employment to drive away time, *F.*
Amy, *ſ.* a woman's name, *F.*
An'achroniſm, *ſ.* an error in point of time
A'nagram, *ſ.* a tranſpoſition of the letters of a name, ſo as to form another word, *G.*
Anagrammatiſt, *ſ.* a writer of anagrams
Analéptick, *a.* reſtorative, *G.*
Analógical, *a.* by way of analogy, *G.*
Análogous, *a.* having a reſemblance
Análogy, *ſ.* reſemblance, proportion, relation, *G.*
Anályſis, *ſ.* the ſeparation of a thing into its parts, *G.*
Analy'tical, *a.* belonging to an analyſis, *G.*
A'nalyze, *v.* to diſſolve bodies, *G.*
Anána, *ſ.* a pine apple

A'narchy, *ſ.* diſorder, confuſion, a ſtate without a head, *G.*
Anáthema, *ſ.* a ſolemn curſe, excommunication, *G.*
Anathématize, *v.* to excommunicate
Anato'mical, *a.* belonging to anatomy
Anátomiſt, *ſ.* one who practiſes anatomy
Anátomize, *v.* to diſſect the body of any creature
Anátomy, *ſ.* the art of diſſecting, *G.*
A'nceſtor, *ſ.* a predeceſſor, *L.*
A'nceſtry, *ſ.* lineage
A'nchor, *ſ.* an iron inſtrument to hold a ſhip, *F.*
A'nchored, *a.* come to anchor
A'nchoret, *ſ.* an hermit, *F.*
Anchóvy, *ſ.* a ſmall fiſh, *I.*
A'ncient, *a.* old, aged, *F.*
A'ncients, *ſ.* men of ancient times, flags in the ſtern of a ſhip
A'nciently, *ad.* in old times, formerly
Andirons, *ſ.* irons on which a ſpit turns
Andrew, *ſ.* a man's name, *G.*
Anécdote, *ſ.* a paſſage of ſome hiſtory, *G.*
Anéw, *ad.* newly, over again
A'ngel, *ſ.* a heavenly meſſenger, a gold coin of 10 s. value, *G.*
Angelica, *ſ.* a plant
Angelical, *a.* reſembling angels, *G.*
Angélick, *a.* like an angel
A'nger, *ſ.* reſentment, diſpleaſure, *S.*
A'nger, *v.* to diſpleaſe, provoke
A'ngle, *v.* to fiſh with a hook, *Ger.*
A'ngle, *ſ.* a nook, or corner
A'ngle, *ſ.* a fiſhing-rod
A'ngler, *ſ.* one who fiſhes with an angle-rod, *Ger.*
A'nglicism, *ſ.* the Engliſh ideom, *F.*

A'ngry,

A'ngry, *a.* displeased, provoked, *S.*
A'nguish, *s.* extreme pain of body or mind, *F.*
A'ngular, *a.* having corners or angles
Animadvérsion, *s.* remark, censure, observation, *L.*
Animadvért, *v.* to take notice of, remark, observe, *L.*
Animadvérter, *s.* one who animadverts, *L.*
A'nimal, *s.* a living creature, not spiritual.
A'nimal, *a.* relating to animals, not bodily
Animálculè, *s.* a very small insect
A'nimate, *v.* to give life to, encourage, *L.*
A'nimated, *a.* enlivened, quickened, spirited, *L.*
Animátion, *s.* that which animates
Animative, *a.* giving life, spirit, courage
Animóse, *a.* full of spirit, *L.*
Animósity, *s.* heart-burning, hatred, grudge, *L.*
A'nker, *s.* vessel for holding liquids
A'nkle, *s.* the bone of the joint of the foot and leg
A'nnalist, *s.* a writer of annals, *L.*
A'nnals, *s.* yearly chronicles, *P.*
A'nnats, *s.* first fruits
Anne, *s.* a woman's name, *H.*
Anneal, *v.* to harden glass, tiles, &c. in the fire
Annihilate, *v.* to turn to nothing, destroy utterly, *L.*
Annihilátion, *s.* reducing to nothing
Annivérsary, *a.* done once a year, at a certain time, *L.*
Annivérsary, *s.* a yearly holy-day
A'nno Domini, in the year of our Lord, *L.*
Annotátion, *s.* remark, note, explanation, *L.*
Annotátor, *s.* commentator, *L.*
Annóunce, *v.* to declare, publish, *L.*
Annóy, *v.* to molest, hurt; do prejudice to, *F.*
Annóyance, *s.* any thing disagreeable, *F.*
A'nnual, *a.* yearly, every year, *L.*
A'nnually, *ad.* year by year
Annúitant, *s.* one who has an annuity
Annúity, *s.* a yearly stipend or pension, *L.*
Annúl, *v.* to make void; to abolish, to repeal, *F.*
A'nnular, *a.* like a ring, *L.*
Annúnciate, *v* to bring tidings, *L.*
Annunciátion, *s.* the delivery of a message, *L.*
A'nodyne, *a.* alleviating pain
Anóint, *v.* to rub with oil
Anómalous, *a.* irregular, unequal, *G.*
Anónymous, *a.* without a name, *G.*
Another, *a.* not the same, one more
A'nselm, *s.* a man's name, *F.*
A'nswer, *s.* a reply
A'nswerable, *a.* suitable, may be answered
Ant, *s.* an emmet, or pismire, *S.*
Antágonist, *s.* one who contends for mastery, *G.*
Antárctick, *a.* southerly, *G.*
Antecédent, *a.* foregoing
Antechámber, *s.* first chamber
A'ntedate, *v.* to give a date prior to the true one, *L.*
Antedelúvian, *a.* before the flood, *L.*
Antemeridian, *a.* before noon, *L.*
A'ntepenúltima, *s.* the last syllable but two, *L.*
Antérior, *a.* before, *L.*
A'nthem, *s.* a divine song
Anthony, *s.* a man's name, *G.*
Antichrist, *s.* an adversary to Christ, *G.*
Antichrístian, *a.* against Christ
Anticipate, *v.* to forestal, prevent, do before the proper time, *L.*
Anticipation, *s.* a thing done before it was expected

A'ntick,

A'ntick, *ſ.* a buffoon, a mimick, *F.*
Anticóurtier, *ſ.* one who oppoſes the court
Antidóte, *ſ.* a counter poiſon
Antimonárchial, *a.* againſt monarchy, *G.*
Antinómial, *a.* made of antimony
A'ntimony, *ſ.* a black ſhining mineral
Antinómians, *ſ.* a ſect of chriſtians
Antípathy, *ſ.* natural averſion to, *G.*
Antípodes, *ſ.* live on the oppoſite ſide of the earth, their feet againſt ours, diametrically oppoſite, *G.*
A'ntiquary, *ſ.* one who ſtudies antiquity, medals, &c.
A'ntiquate, *v.* to make old or obſolete
Antíque, *a.* old, of long ſtanding, genuine antiquity, *F.*
Antíquity, *ſ.* ancientneſs, age
Antiſcorbút'cal, *a.* againſt the ſcurvy
Antíthefis, *ſ.* oppoſition, contraſt
A'ntitype, *ſ.* reſembled by the type, *G.*
Antitrínitarians, *ſ.* thoſe who deny the trinity, *G.*
Antivenereal, *a.* againſt the venereal diſeaſe, *L.*
A'ntler, *ſ.* a branch of a ſtag's horn, *F.*
A'nvil, *ſ.* an iron block, *S.*
Anxíety, *ſ.* painful ſolicitude, dejection, *L.*
A'nxious, *a.* careful, ſad, penſive
Apáce, *ad.* quickly, haſtily
Apárt, *ad.* ſeparately, privately, *L.*
Apártment, *ſ.* part of a houſe, *F.*
A'pathy, *ſ.* a privation of all ſenſibility; ſtoiciſm, *G.*
Ape, *ſ.* a monkey, *S.*
Ape, *v.* to imitate
Apérients, *ſ.* opening medicines, *L.*
A'perture, *ſ.* an opening
A'pex, *ſ.* the ſummit, top, or point
A'phoriſm, *ſ.* a maxim; or general rule, *G.*
A'piary, *ſ.* a place where bees are kept, *L.*
A'piſh, *a.* having the qualities of an ape
Apócalypſe, *ſ.* the revelations of St. John, *G.*
Apocaly'ptical, *a.* belonging to a viſion or revelation, *G.*
Apócrypha, *ſ.* doubtful authors, *G.*
Apócryphal, *a* doubtful, that will admit of diſpute
Apolegétical, *a.* belonging to an apology, *G.*
Apóllo, *ſ.* the god of phyſic, muſic, poetry and painting
Apólogize, *v.* to plead for, or excuſe
A'pologue, *ſ.* a moral fable, *G.*
Apólogy, *ſ.* an excuſe or defence
A'poplexy, *ſ.* a diſeaſe of the brain, *G.*
Apóſtacy, *ſ.* a falling away from religion, *G.*
Apóſtate, *ſ.* one who falls off from the true religion
Apóſtatize, *v.* to revolt from religion, *G.*
Apóſtle, *ſ.* a meſſenger, the 12 diſciples, *G.*
Apoſtleſhip, *ſ.* the office of an apoſtle
Apoſtólical, *a.* belonging to the apoſtles
Apoſtólick, *a.* belonging to the apoſtles
Apóſtrophe, *ſ.* a mark to ſhew the omiſſion of a letter, *G.*
Apóthecary, *ſ.* one who prepares medicines, *G.*
Apóthegm, *ſ.* a remarkable ſaying, *G.*
Apotheoſis, *ſ.* deification of a man, *G.*
A'pozem, *ſ.* a decoction
Appal, *v.* to daunt or aſtoniſh
Appalment, *ſ.* dauntedneſs, depreſſion
Apparátus, *ſ.* a complete ſet of inſtruments, *L.*
Apparel, *ſ.* raiment, cloathing, *F.*
Apparent, *a.* plain, certain, evident, *L.*
Apparently, *ad.* to appearance, *L.*

Appárition, *ſ.* an appearance, a ſpectre, or ſpirit, *L.*
Appeal, *v.* to remove a cauſe to a higher court, *L.*
Appeár, *v.* to become viſible, to ſeem
Appeárance, *ſ.* ſemblance, ſhow, preſence
Appeaſe, *v.* to pacify, calm, aſſuage
Appellant, *ſ.* one who brings an appeal, *L.*
Appellation, *ſ.* a name, or title
A'ppellative, *a.* belonging to an appeal
Appénd, *v.* to hang to
Appertáin, *v.* to belong, *L.*
Appetency, *ſ.* an earneſt deſire for, *L.*
Appetite, *ſ.* the natural deſire of food, *L.*
Appláud, *v.* to praiſe highly, *L.*
Appláuſe, *ſ.* great commendation, public praiſe, *L.*
A'pple, *ſ.* a well known fruit, *L.*
A'pplicable, *a.* that may be applied, *L.*
Applicátion, *ſ.* the act of applying, *L.*
Apply', *v.* to endeavour cloſely, to put on, to put to, *L.*
Appoint, *v.* to direct, fix, ſettle, *F.*
Appóintment, *ſ.* an agreement, aſſignation, penſion, *F.*
Apportion, *v.* to divide into juſt proportion, *F.*
A'ppoſite, *a.* proper, fit, well adapted, *L.*
A'ppoſitely, *ad.* properly
A'ppoſiteneſs, *ſ.* fitneſs.
Appraiſe, *v.* to ſet a value on goods
Appraiſer, *ſ.* one who ſets a value on goods
Appraiſement, *ſ.* the value ſet on any thing
Apprehénd, *v.* to ſeize, underſtand, ſuſpect, *L.*
Apprehenſible, *a.* to be apprehended
Apprehénſion, *ſ.* conception, fearing, ſeizure
Apprehénſive, *a.* fearful, quick of apprehenſion
Appréntice, *ſ.* one bound by an indenture, *F.*
Apprénticeſhip, *ſ.* the time of being an apprentice
Apricock, *ſ.* a well known fruit, *F.*
Apprize, *v.* to inform, caution againſt
Appróach, *v.* to draw nigh
Appróach, *ſ.* acceſs, *F.*
Approbation, *ſ.* approving, *F.*
Appropriate, *v.* to deſtine, aſſign
Appropriation, *ſ.* appointing a thing to a particular uſe
Appróve, *v.* to like
Approveable, *a.* worthy of approbation
Appróximate, *v.* to bring near to, *L.*
Approximation, *ſ.* approach, *L.*
April, *ſ.* the fourth month, *L.*
A'pron, *ſ.* a garment worn before from the waiſt, *S.*
Apt, *a.* ready, fit, qualified, *L.*
A'ptitude, *ſ.* fitneſs, *L.*
A'ptly, *ad.* properly
Aquátics, *ſ.* plants that like water, *L.*
Aquátile, *a.* inhabiting the water, *L.*
A'queduct, *ſ.* a pipe or conduit to convey water, *L.*
A'queous, *a.* watery
A'quiline, *a.* hook-nos'd, reſembling an eagle, *L.*
Aquóſe, *a.* watery
Aquóſity, *ſ.* waterineſs
A. R. Anno Regni, the year of the reign
Arabélla, *ſ.* a woman's name, *L.*
A'rable, *a.* land that may be tilled
Aráneous, *a.* like a cobweb
A'rbiter, *ſ.* an umpire, *L.*

A'rbitrarily,

A'rbitrarily, *ad.* deſpotically
A'rbitrary, *a.* abſolute, tyranical, *L.*
A'rbitráte, *v.* to decide, determine, *F.*
A'rbitrárineſs, *ſ.* uncontroulableneſs
Arbitrátion, *ſ.* the act of arbitrating
Arbitrátor, *ſ.* a judge choſen by both parties, *F*
Arbítrement, *ſ.* the power of an arbitrator, deciſion, *F.*
A'rbour, *ſ.* a bower in a garden, *L.*
Arc, *ſ.* an arch, a ſegment of a circle, *L.*
Arcáde, *ſ.* a range of arches, *L.*
Arcánum, *ſ.* a ſecret, *L.*
Arch, *ſ.* part of a circle, *F.*
Arch, *a.* chief. *G.*
Arch, *v.* to cover with arches, *F.*
Archángel, *ſ.* the chief of the angels, *G.*
A'rchbiſhop, *ſ.* a chief biſhop, *G.*
A'rchbiſhopric, *ſ.* the ſee of an archbiſhop
A'rchdéacon, *ſ.* a biſhop's deputy, *G.*
A'rchdéaconry, *ſ.* the juriſdiction of an archdeacon, *G.*
A'rch-duke, *ſ.* grand duke, *F.*
A'rchdúcheſs, *ſ.* grand dutcheſs, *F.*
A'rched, *a.* covered with arches
A'rcher, *ſ.* one who ſhoots with a bow, *F.*
A'rchery, *ſ.* the uſe of the bow and arrows
A'rches, *ſ.* the chief court of the archbiſhop of Canterbury, *F.*
Archety'pe, *ſ.* an original, from which another is made, *G.*
Archibald, *ſ.* a man's name
A'rchidiáconal, *a.* belonging to an archdeacon
A'rchiepiſcopal, *a.* belonging to an archbiſhop
A'rchitect, *ſ.* a perſon ſkilled in architecture, *L.*
A'rchitécture, *ſ.* the art of building
Archives, *ſ.* a place where records are kept, *L.*
A'rchwiſe, *ad.* like an arch
A'rctic, *a.* northern, *G.*
A'rdency, *ſ.* heat, ferver, *L.*
A'rdent, *a.* hot, zealous, fervent, *L.*
A'rdently, *ad.* fervently
A'rdour, *ſ.* heat, vehemence, eagerneſs, *L.*
A'rduous, *a.* difficult, hard to perform, *L.*
A'rea, *ſ.* a void place in a city, a court-yard, *L.*
Arenáceous, *a.* ſandy, *L.*
A'rgent, *a.* ſilver-coloured, *F.*
A'rgil, *ſ.* potters clay
A'rgue, *v.* to diſpute, debate, reaſon, *L.*
A'rguer, *ſ.* a diſputer
A'rgument, *ſ.* reaſon, or proof, ſubſtance of a book, *L.*
A'rgumént*al a.* belonging to an argument
A'rgumentátion, *ſ.* reaſoning
Argumentátive. *a.* containing arguments
A'rid, *a.* dry, parched up, *L.*
Aridity, *ſ.* dryneſs, *L.*
Aright, *ad.* right, well, truly, *S.*
Ariſe, *v.* to riſe up, proceed from
Ariſtócracy, *ſ.* government adminiſtered by nobles, *G.*
Ariſtocrátical, *a.* relating to ariſtocracy
Arithmétical, *a.* according to arithmetic, *G.*
Arithmetician, *ad.* one ſkilled in arithmetic
Arithmetic, *ſ.* the art of computation, *G.*
Ark, *ſ.* a veſſel
Arm, *ſ.* a limb of a man, or tree, *Ger.*
Arm, *v.* to furniſh with arms, or weapons.
Armáda, *ſ.* a fleet of ſhips, *Sp.*
A'rmament, *ſ.* all kinds of proviſions for war, *L.*
Armíllary, *a.* reſembling a bracelet

A'rmiſtice, *ſ.* a ſhort truce
A'rmorer, *ſ.* one who makes or preſerves arms
Armórial, *a.* belonging to family arms, *L.*
A'rmory, *ſ.* a magazine of arms
A'rmour, *ſ.* a warlike harneſs covering the body
A'rmpit, *ſ.* the hollow under the arm
Arms, *ſ.* weapons, eſcutcheons, *L.*
Army, *ſ.* a large body of armed men
Aroma'tic, *ſ.* odoriferous, fragrant, *G.*
Aromátics, *ſ.* ſpices of a fragrant ſmell, *G.*
Aróund, *ad.* round about, *T.*
Aróuſe, *v.* to raiſe from ſleep, to excite
A'rquebuſs, *ſ.* a large hand gun, *F.*
Arráe, *ſ.* a ſpirituous liquor extracted from rice
Arráign, *v.* to indict, to bring to trial, *F.*
Arráignment, *ſ.* the charge brought againſt the perſon, *F.*
Arránge, *v.* to place in order, *F.*
Arrángement, *ſ.* the diſpoſing of perſons or things in order, *F.*
Arrant, *a.* notorious
Arras, *ſ.* a rich French tapeſtry
Arráy, *ſ.* order of battle, dreſs
Arréars, *ſ.* remains of money unpaid, *F.*
Arréarage, *ſ.* remainder of a debt
Arréſt, *v.* to ſeize on a man's perſon, *F.*
Arriere, *ſ.* the rear of an army, *F.*
Arrival, *ſ.* the act of coming to a place
Arríve, *v.* to come to, or reach a place
A'rrogance, *ſ.* pride, inſolence, *L.*
A'rrogant, *a.* proud, inſolent
A'rrogate, *v.* to claim unjuſtly, *L.*
A'rrow, *ſ.* a kind of a dart for a bow, *S.*
A'rſenal, *ſ.* a repoſitory for arms, *F.*
A'rſenic, *ſ.* a poiſonous mineral
Art, *ſ.* ſkill, dexterity, a trade, *F.*
Artérial, *a.* belonging to an artery, *F.*
A'rtery, *ſ.* a blood veſſel, that proceeds from the heart, *G.*
A'rtful, *a.* dexterous, cunning
A'rtfully, *ad.* dexterouſly, cunningly
Arthur, *ſ.* a man's name
Arthretic, *a.* gouty, *G.*
A'rtichóke, *ſ.* a plant well known, *T.*
Article, *v.* to covenant with, *F.*
Artícular, *a.* belonging to the joints
Artículate, *a.* diſtinct and plain
Artículately, *ad.* diſtinctly.
Artículation, *ſ.* the joining of the bones
Artifice, *ſ.* a device, or cunning ſtratagem, *L.*
Artifi'cer, *ſ.* a workman, manufacturer
Artifi'çal, *a.* made by art, not natural
Artillery, *ſ.* great guns, mortars, *F.*
A'rtiſan, *ſ.* an artificer, *F.*
A'rtiſt, *ſ.* an ingenious workman
A'rtleſs, *a.* without art, ſimple, undiſguiſed
Aſbéſtos, *ſ.* an incombuſtible flax
Aſcend, *v.* to mount upwards
Aſcéndant, *ſ.* authority, influence, power, *L.*
Aſcéndancy, *ſ.* influence
Aſcénſion, *ſ.* the act of aſcending
Aſcént, *ſ.* the ſteepneſs of a hill, *L.*
Aſcertain, *v.* to make certain, to eſtabliſh
Aſcetic, *ſ.* one who lives a monaſtick life, *G.*
Aſcribe, *v.* to impute or attribute, *L.*
Aſhámed, *a.* confounded, put to the bluſh, *Ger.*
Aſh, *ſ.* a tree well known, *Ger.*
Aſhen, *a.* made of aſh-wood, *Ger.*
Aſhes, *ſ.* the duſt that remains after burning
Aſhóre, *ad.* on dry land
A'ſhy, *a.* pale, of the colour of aſhes
Aſia, *ſ.* one of the four grand diviſions of the earth
Aſiatics, *ſ.* the inhabitants of Aſia

Aſide, *ad.* away, a part, awry
Aſinine, *a.* belonging to an aſs.
Aſk, *v.* to entreat, enquire, *ſ.*
Aſkáunce, *ad.* obliquely, ſideways
A'ſker, *ſ.* an enquirer
Aſkew, *ad.* awry, crooked, contemptuouſly
Aſlánt, *ad.* ſlantingly
Aſléep, *ad.* ſleeping, at reſt
Aſlope, *ad.* ſlantingly
A'ſp, *ſ.* a ſerpent, *G.*
Aſpáragus, *ſ.* a kitchen plant, *L.*
A'ſpect, *ſ.* viſage, look, *L.*
A'ſpen, *ſ.* a tree, *Ger.*
Aſpérity, *ſ.* harſhneſs, ruggedneſs of temper, *L.*
A'ſperous, *a.* rough, uneven
Aſpérſe, *v.* to beſpatter, ſpeak evil of, *L.*
Aſpérſion, *ſ.* a ſprinkling, a ſlanderous report, *L.*
Aſpháltic, *a.* gummy, bituminous
A'ſpirate, *v.* to pronounce with an aſpiration, *L.*
Aſpirátion, *ſ.* a breathing, an ardent wiſh
Aſpíre, *v.* to aim ambitiouſly at honour, power, *L.*
Aſs, *ſ.* a well known beaſt
Aſſáil, *v.* to aſſault, *F.*
Aſſailant, *ſ.* one who attacks another
Aſſáſſin, *ſ.* a private murderer without warning, *F.*
Aſſáſſinate, *v.* to murder treacherouſly, *F.*
Aſſáſſinátion, *ſ.* the act of aſſaſſinating, *F.*
Aſſáult, *v.* to attack, *F.*
Aſſáy, *ſ.* proof, trial, *F.*
Aſſáy, *v.* to make trial of, *F.*
Aſſáyer, *ſ.* one who tries metals, *F.*
Aſſémblage, *ſ.* a collection into one body, *F.*
Aſſémble, *v.* to meet, call or ſummon, *F.*
Aſſémbly, *ſ.* a company aſſembled, *F.*
Aſſént, *ſ.* conſent, approbation
Aſſént, *v.* to concede or agree to
Aſſért, *v.* to affirm, or maintain
Aſſértion, *ſ.* a poſitive affirmation
Aſſértive, *a.* poſitive
Aſſértor, *ſ.* one who aſſerts
Aſſéſs, *v.* to fix what each is to pay, *I.*
Aſſéſſment, *ſ.* a taxátion
Aſſéſſor, *ſ.* he that aſſeſſes
Aſſéts, *ſ.* effects, *F.*
Aſſeverátion, *ſ.* a ſolemn proteſtation, *L.*
Aſſidúity, *ſ.* conſtant application, *L.*
Aſſi'duous, *a.* diligent, conſtant, *L.*
Aſſi'duouſly, *ad.* diligently
Aſſi'gn, *v.* to convey or make over, *L.*
Aſſi'gnable, *a.* transferrable
Aſſignátion, *ſ.* an appointment, chiefly in love affairs
A'ſſignée, *ſ.* one deputed
Aſſi'gnment, *ſ.* an aſſignment or making over
Aſſimulate, *v.* to make one thing like another, *L.*
Aſſiſt, *v.* to help, to ſuccour, *L.*
Aſſi'ſtance, *ſ.* aid, or help, *L.*
Aſſi'ſtant, *ſ.* a helper.
Aſſi'ze, *ſ.* a meaſure, rate, court of juſtice
Aſſi'ze, *v.* to fix a rate
Aſſóciate, *v.* to keep company with, *F.*
Aſſóciate, *ſ.* a partner, friend or companion, *F.*
Aſſociátion, *ſ.* a confederacy, partnerſhip
Aſſort'ment, *ſ.* diſtribution, parcels ſorted
Aſſuáge, *v.* to mitigate, allay, eaſe.
Aſſuágement, *ſ.* abatement, mitigation
Aſſuáger, *ſ.* one who pacifies
Aſſuáſive, *a.* mitigating
Aſſúme, *v.* to arrogate, to take upon ones ſelf, *L.*
Aſſumer, *ſ.* an arrogant perſon

Aſſúming, *part.* haughty, arrogant
Aſſúmption, *ſ.* a ſuppoſition, without proof, a taking to one's ſelf
Aſſúmptive, *a.* that may be aſſumed
Aſſúrance, *ſ.* confidence, courage, ſecurity, *F.*
Aſſúre, *v.* to enſure, aſſert poſitively
Aſſúred, *part.* certain, confident
Aſſúredly, *ad.* certainly
Aſſúrer, *ſ.* the ſame with inſurer
A'ſterisk, *ſ.* or aſteriſm, *ſ.* this (*) mark in printing
A'ſthma, *ſ.* a difficulty of breathing
Aſthmátic, *a.* troubled with an aſthma
Aſtérn, *ad.* the hinder part of the ſhip
Aſtóniſh, *v.* to fill with great ſurprize
Aſtóniſhment, *ſ.* great ſurpriſe, amazement, *F.*
Aſtoúnded, *part.* ſtruck motionleſs with aſtoniſhment
Aſtráddle, *ad.* to ride with the legs acroſs
A'ſtral, *a.* ſtarry, *G.*
Aſtráy, *ad.* out of the right way
Aſtríction, *ſ.* the act of contracting
Aſtríctive, *a.* ſtiptic, binding, *L.*
Aſtride, *ad.* with one leg on each ſide
Aſtringe, *v.* to ſhrink up by bracing the fibres
Aſtringency, *ſ.* the power of binding or making coſtive
Aſtringent, *a.* binding, making coſtive, *L.*
Aſtróloger, *ſ.* one who foretels events by ſtars
Aſtrológical, *a.* belonging to aſtrology
Aſtrólogy, *ſ.* foretelling by the ſtars, *G.*
Aſtrónomer, *ſ.* one who ſtudies aſtronomy, *G.*
Aſtronómical, *a.* belonging to aſtrónomy
Aſtrónomy, *ſ.* the knowledge of the magnitude, &c. eclipſes, &c. of the heavenly bodies
Aſúnder, *ad.* parted, ſeparated, *S.*
Aſy'lum, *ſ.* a retreat, ſanctuary, *G.*
Atchive, *v.* to perform a great exploit, *F.*
Atchiévement, *ſ.* a great exploit, a coat of arms, *F.*
Ate, *v.* did eat
A'theiſm, *ſ.* the diſbelief of a God, *G.*
A'theiſt, *ſ.* one who denies the being of a God, *G.*
Atheiſtical, *a.* like an atheiſt
Athírſt, *ad.* thirſty
Athlétic, *a* ſtrong, robuſt, active, *G.*
Athwárt, *ad.* acroſs, through
Atlas, *ſ.* a collection of maps
A'tmoſphere, *ſ.* the air encompaſſing the earth, *G.*
Atmoſphérical, *a.* belonging to the atmoſphere
A'tom, *ſ.* a ſmall particle of matter, *G.*
Atómical, *a.* conſiſting of atoms
Atóne, *v.* to expiate, appeaſe, reconcile
Atónement, *ſ.* expiation
A-top, *ad.* at the top
Atraméntal, *a.* black, inky, *L.*
Atrócious, *a.* heinous, enormous, *L.*
Atróciouſly, *ad.* heinouſly
A'trophy, *ſ.* a conſumption, *G.*
Attách, *v.* to gain to one's intereſt, to win, *F.*
Attáchment, *ſ.* adherence, regard, ſeizure
Attáck, *v.* to aſſault
Attáck, *ſ.* an onſet or charge
Attáin, *v.* to acquire, obtain, arrive at
Attáinable, *a.* that may be attained
Attáinder, *ſ.* in law attainted or corrupted
Attáinment, *ſ.* acquiſition
Attáint, *v.* to corrupt, ſtain the blood, *L.*
Attémper, *v.* to temper, qualify
Attémpt, *v.* to endeavour, attack, *L.*
Attémpt, *ſ.* an endeavour
Atténd, *v.* to give attendance, to liſten, *L.*
Atténdance, *ſ.* waiting on another
Atténdant, *ſ.* one who waits upon another, *L.*

Atténtion,

Atténtion, *ſ.* the act of liſtening
Atténtive, *a.* heedful, regardful
Atténtiveneſs, *ſ.* liſtening carefully
Atténuate, *v.* to make thin, *L.*
Attéſt, *v.* to certify on oath, *L.*
Atteſtátion, *ſ.* teſtimony
Attic, *a.* belonging to Attica, or Athens, *G.*
Attire, *ſ.* dreſs, the horns of a buck
Attire, *v.* to dreſs
A'ttitúde, *ſ.* poſture, *F.*
Attóllent, *a.* which riſes or lifts up
Attórney, *ſ.* who acts for another in law, *L.*
Attráct, *v.* to allure, intice, *L.*
Attráction, *ſ.* the power of drawing to
Attráctive, *a.* inviting, alluring
Attráctiveneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being attractive.
Attráctor, *ſ.* who attracts
A'ttrahent, *ſ.* that which draws, *L.*
Attribute, *v.* to impute, to aſcribe to, *L.*
A'ttribute, *ſ.* a property peculiar to any thing
Attrition, *ſ.* a rubbing, ſorrow for ſin, *L.*
Attune, *v.* to tune one thing to another
Aváil, *v.* to profit, make advantage of, *L.*
Aváilable, *a.* that may avail, *L.*
Av'ant-guard, *ſ.* the advanced guard, *F.*
A'varice, *ſ.* covetouſneſs, *L.*
Avaricious, *a.* niggardly, covetous
Aváunt, *interj.* be gone, *F.*
Auburn, *a.* brown
A'uction, *ſ.* a ſale to the higheſt bidder, *L.*
A'uctioneer, *ſ.* the manager of an auction
Audácious, *a.* bold, impudent, ſaucy, *L.*
Audáciouſly, *ad.* impudently
Audáciouſneſs, *ſ.* impudence
Audácity, *ſ.* impudence, boldneſs, ſpirit
A'udible, *a.* that may be eaſily heard, *L.*
A'udibly, *ad.* ſo as to be heard

A'udience, *ſ.* an auditory met to hear, *L.*
A'udit, *ſ.* a hearing, a final account, *L.*
A'udit, *v.* to inſpect accounts
A'uditor, *ſ.* a hearer, *L.*
A'uditory, *ſ.* an aſſembly of hearers
A'uditory, *a.* the power of hearing
Avénge, *v.* to revenge
Avénger, *ſ.* a revenger
Avénor, *ſ.* one who provides oats, for the king's horſes, *L.*
A'venue, *ſ.* a paſſage to a place, *F.*
Avér, *v.* to aſſert, avouch, *F.*
A'verage, *ſ.* at a mean proportion or medium, *F.*
Avérſe, *a.* contrary, diſinclination, *L.*
Avérſeneſs, *ſ.* diſinclination, unwillingneſs
Avérſion, *ſ.* diſlike, *L.*
Avért, *v.* to turn aſide, put by, *L.*
Auf, *ſ.* a ſilly fellow, or fool
A'uger, *ſ.* a carpenter's tool
Aught, *ad.* any thing
Augmént, *v.* to increaſe, *L.*
Augmentátion, *ſ.* act of increaſing
A'ugur, *ſ.* a ſooth-ſayer, *L.*
A'ugury, *ſ.* an omen, or prediction
Augúſt, *a.* majeſtic, ſolemn, grand, *L.*
A'uguſt, *ſ.* the 8th month, *L.*
A'viary, *ſ.* a place where birds are kept, *L.*
Avidity, *ſ.* eagerneſs, greedineſs, *L.*
A'vice, *ſ.* a woman's name
A'ulic, *a.* belonging to a prince's court
Aunt, *ſ.* a father or mother's ſiſter
Avocátion, *ſ.* a calling away from, hindrance of buſineſs, *L.*
Avóid, *v.* to ſhun, eſcape
Avóidable, *a.* that may be avoided.
Avóidance, *ſ.* the act of avoiding
Avóirdupóis, *ſ.* a weight of 16 ounces to the pound, *F.*

Avóuch,

Avóuch, *v.* to affirm or juſtify, *F.*
Avów, *v.* to maintain an act done, *F.*
Avówable, *a.* juſtifiable
Avówal, *ſ.* an acknowledgment of an act done
Avówedly, *ad.* in an avowed manner
Avowée, *ſ.* one who has a right to an advowſon
Avówal, *ſ.* confeſſion
Avówry, *ſ.* juſtifying a diſtreſs for rent, &c.
A'uricle, *ſ.* the external ear
Auricula, *ſ.* a flower, alſo called the bears-ear, *L.*
Aúricular, *a.* belonging to the ear, *L.*
Auríferous, *a.* bearing or producing gold, *L.*
Auróra, *ſ.* the dawn of the morning, *L.*
Auróra Borealis, *ſ.* northern lights, *L.*
A'uſpices, *ſ.* favour, protection, influence, *L.*
Auſpicious, *a.* wearing a favourable aſpect, *L.*
Auſpi'ciouſly, *ad.* favourably, *L.*
Auſtére, *a.* ſevere, harſh, rigid, *L.*
Auſtérely, *ad.* ſeverely, *L.*
Auſtérity, *ſ.* rigour, ſternneſs. *L.*
A'uſtral, *a.* ſouthern, *L.*
Authenticity, *ſ.* good authority, genuineneſs, *G.*
Authéntic, *a.* of good authority, *G.*
A'uthor, *ſ.* the firſt cauſe, or inventor of an art or book, *L.*
Authóritative, *a.* having authority
Authoritátively, *ad.* with authority
Authórity, *ſ.* legal power, teſtimony, credibility, *L.*
Aúthoriſe, *v.* to empower, give authority, *L.*
Autómator. *ſ.* an inſtrument that ſeems to have ſelf motion, *G.*
A'utumn, *ſ.* the time of harveſt, *L.*
Autúmnal, *a.* belonging to autumn
Avúlſion, *ſ.* the pulling one thing from another
Auxíliary, *ſ.* a helper, an aſſiſtant, *L.*
Auxi'liary, *a.* abetting, helping, aſſiſting, *L.*
Awáit, *v.* to wait, expect
Awáke, *v.* to rouze from ſleep.
Awárd, *ſ.* the judgment of an arbitrator
Awárd, *ſ.* a judgment of an arbitration, *S.*
Aware, *v.* to be upon one's guard
Awáy, *ad.* abſent, begone, *S.*
Awe, *ſ.* dread, reverence
Awe, *v.* to fill with awe
A'wful, *a.* majeſtic, dreadful
Awhíle, *ad.* for ſome time
A'wkward, *a.* unhandy, clumſy, unpolite
A'wkwardneſs, *ſ.* clumſineſs, *S.*
Awl, *ſ.* an inſtrument for making holes in leather, *T.*
A'wme, *a.* a liquid meaſure
A'wning, *ſ.* the covering of a boat to keep off the ſun
Awóke, *v.* did awake
Awry', *ad.* crooked
Axe, *ſ.* a ſort of hatchet
A'xiom, *ſ.* a ſelf-evident propoſition, *G.*
A'xis, *ſ.* the line on which any thing is ſuppoſed to turn, *L.*
A'xle-tree, *ſ.* the timber on which a wheel turns
Ay, *ad.* yes
Aye, *ad.* for ever
A'zure, *a.* blue, *F.*

B

B. In muſic books, ſtands for baſſo or baſs
B. A. Bachelor of arts
B. L. Bachelor of laws
Bábble, *v.* to prattle, to talk idly
Bábbler, *ſ.* an idle talker
Babe, *ſ.* an infant

Baboón, *ſ.* a large monkey
Báby, *ſ.* a child's doll
Bachánálian, *ſ.* a drunkard
Bachanals, *ſ.* drunken feaſts of Bacchus
Báchelor, *ſ.* an unmarried man, *L.*
Back, *ſ.* the hinder part
Back, *v.* to aſſiſt, to mount a horſe, *S.*
Báckbite, *v.* to ſlander an abſent perſon, *S.*
Backbíter, *ſ.* one who ſlanders the abſent
Backgámmon, *ſ.* a well known game
Báckſide, *ſ.* the hinder part
Backſlide, *v.* to revolt from, *S.*
Báckſtays, *ſ.* ropes in the rigging of a ſhip
Báckſword, *ſ.* a broad ſword
Báckward, *a.* behind, averſe to
Báckwards, *a.* towards the back part
Báckwardly, *ad.* unwillingly
Báckwardneſs, *ſ.* unwillingneſs, being behind hand
Bácon, *ſ.* hogs fleſh, ſalted and dried
Bad, *a.* ill, corrupt, ſick, *S.*
Bade, *v.* did bid
Badge, *ſ.* a mark worn by way of diſtinction, *Du.*
Bádger, *ſ.* an amphibious animal
Bádly, *ad.* not well
Báffle, *v.* to confound, elude, put off, *F.*
Bag, *ſ.* a ſack, pouch
Bag, *v.* to ſwell, or pucker
Bágatélle, *ſ.* a trifle, *F.*
Bázgage, *ſ.* neceſſaries for an army, a trull, *F.*
Bágnio, *ſ.* a place to bathe and ſweat in, *I.*
Bágpipe, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument
Bail, *ſ.* a ſurety for another
Bail, *v.* to give bail, to admit to bail, *F.*
Báilable, *a.* that may be bailed
Báiliff, *ſ.* an officer that arreſts, a ſteward, *F.*
Báiliwick, *ſ.* the juriſdiction of a bailiff

Bait, *v.* to charge a hook, and to ſet dogs upon, to take refreſhment on a journey
Bait, *ſ.* a decoy, a refreſhment, *S.*
Báize, *ſ.* a ſort of coarſe woollen cloth
Bake, *v.* to dreſs in an oven, *Ger.*
Bákehouſe, *ſ.* a place for baking, *Ger.*
Báker, *ſ.* one who bakes bread, &c.
Bálance, *ſ.* ſcales, the equipoiſe of a watch, the difference between a debtor and a creditor
Bálance, *v.* to ſettle accounts, to heſitate, *F*
Balcóny, *ſ.* a ſmall gallery
Bald, *a.* without hair, inelegant, *T.*
Bálderdaſh, *ſ.* a diſagreeable mixture
Báldly, *ad.* meanly, inelegantly
Báldneſs, *ſ.* want of hair, meanneſs of writing
Bale, *ſ.* a pack of merchandize, the handle of a pail, *D.*
Báleful, *a.* dreadful, woeful, obnoxious, *S.*
Balk, *ſ.* a ſmall beam, a diſappointment, *T.*
Balk, *v.* to diſappoint
Ball, *ſ.* any thing round, a dancing meeting, *Ger.*
Ball, *ſ.* an aſſembly for dancing, *F.*
Bállad, *ſ.* a ſong
Bállaſt, *ſ.* a weight to keep a ſhip ſteady
Bállot, *ſ.* a ſmall ball, a lot, chance
Bállot, *v.* to chuſe by means of little balls
Balm, *ſ.* an herb, a fragrant gum, *T.*
Bálmy, *a.* fragrant, aſſuaſive
Bálſam, *ſ.* ointment, *Ger.*
Balſámick, *a.* healing, ſoftening, reſtorative, *F.*
Baluſtráde, *ſ.* a row of ſmall turned pillars, *F.*
Bambóo, *ſ.* a kind of Indian cane
Bambóozle, *v.* to impoſe upon, deceive
Ban, *ſ.* a curſe, *Du.*

Band, *ſ.* a bond or tye, a piece of linen, *Ger.*
Band, *v.* to confederate
Bándage, *ſ.* a fillet or roller, *F.*
Bándbox, *ſ.* a ſlight box
Banditti. *ſ.* ruffians, outlaws, robbers, *L.*
Bándy, *ſ.* a crooked club to ſtrike a bowl
Bándy, *v.* to beat to and fro
Bándy, *a.* crooked, *F.*
Bane, *ſ.* poiſon, miſchief, ruin, *S.*
Báneful, *a.* poiſonous, deſtructive
Bang, *v.* to thump, ſtrike
Bániſh, *v.* to compel one to leave his native country, *F.*
Bániſhment, *ſ.* a being baniſhed
Bank, *ſ.* a ſmall hill, a public ſtock of money, *L.*
Bank, *v.* to encloſe with banks
Bánk-bill, *ſ.* a note for money in the bank
Bánker, *ſ.* one who trades in money
Bánkrupt, *ſ.* one againſt whom a commiſſion of bankruptcy is iſſued, *F.*
Bánkruptcy, *ſ.* the ſtate of a bankrupt
Bánner, *ſ.* a ſtandard or enſign
Bánneret, *ſ.* a knight made in the field
Bannian, *ſ.* a kind of long cloſe coat, worn by men
Bánnoc, *ſ.* a thin oaten cake
Bánquet, *ſ.* a feaſt, *F.*
Bánter, *v.* to play upon, jeer
Bántling, *ſ.* an infant
Báptiſm, *ſ.* the firſt ſacrament in the chriſtian church, *G.*
Báptiſmal, *a.* belonging to baptiſm
Báptiſts *ſ.* a ſect who baptize by immerſion
Báptiſtory, *ſ.* a place for baptizing
Báptize, *v.* to perform the ſacrament of baptiſm
Baptizer, *ſ.* one who adminiſters baptiſm

Bar, *ſ.* a beam of wood or iron, a ſmall room in a public houſe, &c.
Bar, *v.* to faſten with a bar, to exclude, *F.*
Barb, *ſ.* an arrow, a Barbary horſe
Barbara, *ſ.* the proper name of a woman, *L.*
Bárbacan, *ſ.* a fortification
Barbárian, *ſ.* a wild ſavage, *L.*
Barbáric, *a.* cruel, ſavage
Bárbariſm, *ſ.* an ungrammatical way of ſpeaking or writing, *L.*
Barbárity, *ſ.* inhumanity, cruelty, *F.*
Bárbarous, *a.* uncivilized, cruel
Bárbarouſly, *ad.* inhumanly, cruelly
Bárbecue, *ſ.* a hog dried
Bárbed, *a.* bearded like the point of an arrow, *L.*
Bárbel, *ſ.* a freſh water fiſh, *S.*
Bárber, *ſ.* one whoſe trade is to ſhave, *F.*
Barbérry, *ſ.* the fruit of a ſhrub, *L.*
Bards, *ſ.* poets among the ancient Britons, *W.*
Bare, *a.* naked, without hair or graſs
Bare, *v.* to make bare, ſtrip, *S.*
Bárebone, *a.* thin, lean
Barefáced, *a.* impudent, ſhameleſs
Barefácedly, *ad.* openly, ſhameleſsly
Bárefácedneſs, *ſ.* effrontery
Barefoot, *a.* without ſhoes
Bárely, *ad.* merely.
Bárgain, *ſ.* an agreement, or contract, *F.*
Bárgain, *v.* to make an agreement
Barge, *ſ.* a large boat for pleaſure or trade, *F.*
Bark, *ſ.* a ſmall ſhip, the rind of a tree
Bark, *v.* to peel off the bark, make a noiſe like a dog
Bárker, *ſ.* a ſaleſman's ſervant, who invites paſſengers to buy
Barley, *ſ.* a corn, chiefly uſed in making beer
Bárley-bráke, *ſ.* a country paſtime

Barm, *ſ.* yeſt
Barn, *ſ.* a ſtorehouſe for corn, &c. *S.*
Barnaby, *ſ.* a man's name
Bárnacle, *ſ.* a ſhell fiſh, ſpectacles, *S.*
Barómeter, *ſ.* a weather glaſs, *G.*
Báron, *ſ.* the loweſt degree of nobility, *F.*
Báronage, *ſ.* dignity of a baron
Bároneſs, *ſ.* a baron's lady
Báronet, *ſ.* a degree of honour next below a baron
Bárony, *ſ.* a lordſhip that gives title to a baron
Barracan, *ſ.* a kind of coarſe camlet
Bárrack, *ſ.* a building for ſoldiers to lodge in
Bárrator, *ſ.* a wrangler and encourager of law ſuits, *F.*
Bárratry, *ſ.* foul practice in law
Bárrel, *ſ.* a meaſure of 36 gallons of beer, a round wooden veſſel, and the tube of a gun
Bárren, *a.* ſteril, fruitleſs
Bárrenneſs, *ſ.* ſterility
Bárricáde, *v.* to faſten up the avenues to a place, *F.*
Barricádo, *ſ.* a defence made in haſte, with barrels, carts, &c. *F.*
Bárrier, *ſ.* a boundary or defence, *F.*
Bárriſter, *ſ.* a pleader at the bar
Bárrow, *ſ.* a carriage with one wheel, a little mount
Bárter, *v.* to change one thing for another, *F.*
Bárterer, *ſ.* one who trades by exchange
Barthólomew, the proper name of a man, *H.*
Baſe, *a.* mean, worthleſs, vile
Baſe, *ſ.* the bottom of any thing
Baſely, *ad.* diſhonourably, meanly
Báſeneſs, *ſ.* vileneſs, meanneſs
Baſháw, or Baſſa, *ſ.* a Turkiſh viceroy
Báſhful, *a.* ſhamefaced
Báſhfulneſs, *ſ.* ſhamefacedneſs, timorouſneſs

Baſil, *ſ.* the name of a man, *G.*
Baſi'licon, *ſ.* a kind of ſalve, *G.*
Baſil, *ſ.* an herb, a kind of leather, a ſloping edge
Báſiliſk, *ſ.* a cockatrice
B'aſis, *ſ.* foundation, bottom, *G.*
Baſk, *v.* to lie ſtretched in the ſun
Básket, *ſ.* a well known utenſil
Baſs, *a.* grave, deep
Baſs, *ſ.* the loweſt notes in muſic, a haſſoc
Baſs-reliéf, *ſ.* or baſſo relievo, figures ſtanding out of the ground as in coins, &c. *F.*
Báſſet, *ſ.* a game at cards ſo called
Báſon, *ſ.* a veſſel to hold water, a reſervoir of water, *F.*
Baſſoon, *ſ.* a muſical wind inſtrument, *F.*
Baſs-viol, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument
Báſtard, *ſ.* born out of wedlock, *F.*
Báſtardize, *v.* to declare a child illegitimate
Baſte, *v.* to drip butter on meat, to tack with long ſtitches
Baſtináde, *v.* to beat on the ſoles of the feet
Báſtion, *ſ.* a bulwark, *F.*
Bat, *ſ.* a winged animal, a ſtick uſed at cricket
Batch, *ſ.* all the bread baked at the ſame time
Bate, *v.* to lower the price
Bath, *ſ.* a bathing place
Bathe, *v.* to waſh, to ſoak
Báting, *pr.* except
Battálion, *ſ.* a body of infantry, *F.*
Batten, *ſ.* a narrow piece of board
Bátter, *ſ.* a mixture of flour, milk and eggs
Batter, *v.* to bruiſe, aſſault with cannon
Báttery, *ſ.* beating a perſon, a place on which cannon are planted, *F.*
Báttle, *ſ.* a fight, *F.*
Bátile-arráy, *ſ.* order of battle
Bátile-áxe, *ſ.* an axe fixed to a long handle

Battle-

Báttle-door, *ſ.* a boy's play thing
Báttlement, *ſ.* an indented wall, *F.*
Battoón, *ſ.* a general's ſtaff, a truncheon, *F.*
Bávin, *ſ.* a bundle of ſmall wood
Báwble, *ſ.* a plaything, a trifle, *F.*
Báwbling, *a.* trifling
Bawd, *ſ.* a procureſs
Báwdily, *ad.* obſcenely
Báwdry, *ſ.* obſcenity
Báwdy, *a.* obſcene diſcourſe
Báwl, *v.* to talk, cry or weep aloud
Bay, *a.* a light cheſnut colour
Bay, *ſ.* the ſea between two lands, *Du.*
Bay, *ſ.* a piece of building; a tree
Báyonet, *ſ.* a ſhort ſharp pointed weapon, *F.*
Bays, *ſ.* a kind of woollen cloth
Bdéllium, *ſ.* a gum, *H.*
Beach, *ſ.* a ſhore, ſtrand
Béacon, *ſ.* certain directing marks, *S.*
Bead, *ſ.* ſmall drops ſtrung, *S.*
Béadle, *ſ.* a pariſh ſervant, an officer, *S.*
Béagle, *ſ.* a ſmall hound, *F.*
Beak, *ſ.* bill of a bird, *F.*
Béaked, *a.* hooked, having a beak, *F.*
Béaker, *ſ.* a large cup with a ſpout, *F.*
Beam, *ſ.* a main timber, a ray of light, *S.*
Beam, *v.* to throw out rays, *S.*
Beamy, *a.* radiant, ſhining, *S.*
Bean, *ſ.* a well known pulſe, *S.*
Bear, *v.* to carry a load, endure, *S.*
Bear, *ſ.* a wild beaſt, *Ger.*
Beard, *ſ.* the hair of the chin, barb of an arrow, *Ger.*
Béarded *a.* having a beard, *S.*
Béardleſs, *a.* without a beard
Béarer, *ſ.* a carrier
Béaring, *ſ.* the ſite of a place with reſpect to ſomething elſe
Béaſt, *ſ.* an irrational animal
Béaſtlineſs, *ſ.* brutality
Béaſtly, *ad.* brutiſh, filthy, *L.*
Beat, *v.* to ſtrike, to overcome, throb, *S.*
Béaten, *part.* from beat, overcome
Béater, *ſ.* one who ſtrikes another
Béatific, *a.* bliſsful, heavenly
Beatification, *ſ.* admiſſion to heaven, *L.*
Beáting, *ſ.* a correction by blows
Beátitude, *ſ.* felicity, bleſſedneſs, *L.*
Beatrice, *ſ.* the name of a woman, *L.*
Beau, *ſ.* a man who makes dreſs his chief ſtudy, *F.*
Beau Monde, *ſ.* the gay world, *F.*
Beaver, *ſ.* an amphibious animal, a fine hat, *F.*
Beauiſh, *a.* foppiſh, like a beaú, *F.*
Beautéous, *a.* beautiful, *F.*
Beautiful, *a* handſome, lovely
Béautifully, *ad.* in a beautiful manner
Beaútify, *v.* to embelliſh, adorn
Beaúty, *ſ.* the aſſembly of graces that pleaſes the eye, *F.*
Becálm, *v.* to make calm, to appeaſe
Becáme, *v.* did become
Becáuſe, *conj.* for this reaſon
Bechánce, *ad.* without deſign
Beck, *ſ.* a nod with the head, or motion with the hand
Béckon, *v.* to call with a look
Becóme, *v.* to be made or done, to adorn
Becóming, *a.* fitting, ſuitable, ornamental
Becómingly, *ad.* in a becoming manner
Bed, *ſ.* a place to ſleep on, the bottom of a river, *Ger.*
Bed, *v.* to put to bed, to cohabit
Bedággle, *v.* to daub the bottom of a long garment
Bedáwb, *v.* to dawb, or beſmear

Bedchámber,

Bedchámber, *ſ.* a room for a bed
Bédding, *ſ.* ſheets and blankets
Bedéc, *v.* to ſet off, adorn
Bedéw, *v.* to wet with dew
Bédfellow, *ſ.* a companion in bed
Bedízen, *v.* to deck up
Bédlam, *ſ.* an hoſpital for mad people
Bédlamite, *ſ.* a mad perſon
Bédrid, *a.* confined to a bed by age
Bédſtead, *ſ.* frame of a bed
Bédtime, *ſ.* the hour of going to reſt
Bedung, *v.* to ſpread over with dung
Bee, *ſ.* a flying inſect that makes honey, *Ger.*
Bee-hive, *ſ.* a cover under which bees are kept
Beech, *ſ.* a well known tree
Béechen, *a.* made of beech wood
Beef, *ſ.* the fleſh of an ox, bull, or cow, *F.*
Beén, *v.* from to be, as I have been
Beer, *ſ.* liquor, made of malt and hops, *Ger.*
Beet, *ſ.* a plant
Beétle, *ſ.* an inſect, a kind of mallet
Beéves, *ſ.* oxen, black cattle, *F.*
Befál, *v.* to happen; to come to paſs, *S.*
Bénit, *v.* to ſuit
Befoól, *v.* to make a fool of
Befóre, *ad.* in front, prior to, *S.*
Befórehand, *ad.* previouſly
Befóretime, *ad.* formerly
Befoul, *v.* to make foul, to dawb
Befriend, *v.* to favour, aſſiſt, *Ger.*
Beg, *v.* to aſk alms, to deſire earneſtly
Begét, *v.* to produce, to generate
Béggar, *ſ.* one who begs for alms
Béggar, *v.* to reduce to beggary
Béggarly, *a.* indigent, mean
Béggary, *ſ.* poverty, indigence
Bégin, *v.* to commence

Béginner, *ſ.* the firſt attempter
Begird, *v.* to bind with a girdle, to encirle, *S.*
Begóne, *interj.* go away
Bégot, *v.* did beget
Begríme, *v.* to dawb with dirt, ſut, &c.
Beguíle, *v.* to cozen, deceive
Begun, *v.* did begin
Behálf, *ſ.* favour, ſupport, vindication, *S.*
Behave, *v.* to act, demean one's ſelf, *S.*
Beháviour, *ſ.* the manner of a perſon's acting
Behéad, *v.* to cut off the head
Behéld, *part.* did behold
Behind, *pr.* following another, at the back
Behóld, *v.* to ſee, view, *S.*
Behólden, *a.* obliged to
Behólder, *ſ.* a ſpectator
Behoóf, *ſ.* advantage, profit
Behóve, *v.* to become, to befit
Béing, *ſ.* exiſtence, the perſon exiſting
Belábour, *v.* to beat ſeverely
Belátted, *a.* benighted
Beláy, *v.* to lay wait for
Belch, *v.* to break wind upwards
Béldam, *ſ.* a ſcolding woman, a hag
Beleáguer, *v.* to beſiege, block up a place, *Du.*
Belfóunder, *ſ.* one who caſts bells
Bélfry, *ſ.* a place in the ſteeple for bells, *S.*
Bélgic, *a.* belonging to the Netherlands
Belie, *v.* to calumniate
Belief, *ſ.* perſuaſion, opinion, the creed
Believe, *v.* to give credit to
Believer, *ſ.* one who believes
Belíke, *ad.* perhaps, probably
Bell, *ſ.* a ſounding inſtrument of metal, *S.*
Belle, *ſ.* a beautiful young lady, *F.*
Bélles-léttres, *ſ.* polite literature, *F.*
Bélligerant, *a.* waging war
Bellman, *ſ.* one who rings a bell and cries goods

Bellow, *v.* to roar aloud
Bellows, *ſ.* an utenſil for blowing fires, *S.*
Belly, *ſ.* a part of the body, *S.*
Belly, *v.* to bulge out
Bellyache, *ſ.* the colick
Bellyful, *ſ.* a full belly
Belong, *v.* to appertain to, *Du.*
Beloved, *a.* dear, loved, *Ger.*
Below, *pr.* under, inferior
Belt, *ſ.* a leathern girdle, *S.*
Bemire, *v.* to daub with mire
Bemoan. *v.* to lament, bewail, *S.*
Bench, *ſ.* a form
Bencher, *ſ.* a lawyer of the firſt rank
Bend, *v.* to make crooked
Beneath, *pr.* underneath, unworthy of
Benediction, *ſ.* a bleſſing, *L.*
Benefaction, *ſ.* a charitable gift, or donation, *L.*
Benefactor, *ſ.* he who does offices of kindneſs, *L.*
Benefactreſs, *ſ.* ſhe who promotes another's benefit, *L.*
Benefice, *ſ.* a church living, *L.*
Beneficed, *a.* poſſeſſed of a benefice
Beneficence, *ſ.* acts of kindneſs, *S.*
Beneficent, *a.* kind, doing good, *L.*
Beneficial, *a.* adventagious, *L.*
Beneficiary. *ſ.* a perſon benefited by another, *L.*
Benefit, *ſ.* advantage
Benevolence, *ſ.* kindneſs, good will
Benevolent, *a.* kind, affectionate, friendly, *L.*
Benjamin, *ſ.* the name of a man, *H.*
Benighted, *a.* overtaken by night
Benign, *a.* courteous; good natured, *L.*
Benignity, *ſ.* humanity, ſweetneſs of diſpoſition
Beniſon, *ſ.* a bleſſing
Bent, *ſ.* the diſpoſition or turn of mind and temper
Benumb, *v.* to deprive of feeling, to ſtupify, *S.*
Bequeath, *v.* to give by will, *S.*
Bequeſt, *ſ.* a legacy
Bereave, *v.* to deprive, or rob one of, *S.*
Bereft, *part.* was bereaved
Bergamot, *ſ.* a kind of pear, a ſort of ſnuff
Berlin, *ſ.* a travelling chariot
Berry, *ſ.* a ſpecies of ſmall fruit, *Ger.*
Beryl, *ſ.* a precious ſtone of a faint greeniſh colour
Beſeech, *v.* to entreat humbly, *S.*
Beſeem, *v.* to become, or appear fit, *T.*
Beſet, *v.* to encompaſs, beſiege, waylay, *S.*
Beſhrew, *v.* to curſe, or wiſh evil, *T.*
Beſide, *pr.* near to
Beſides, *pr.* over and above
Beſiege, *v.* to beſet with armed forces
Beſieger, *ſ.* one who beſieges
Beſmear, *v.* to dawb or ſmear
Beſmut, *v.* to blacken with ſut
Beſom. *ſ.* a broom
Beſot, *v.* to render ſtupid by drinking
Beſought, *part.* did beſeech
Beſpangle, *v.* to adorn with ſpangles
Beſpatter, *v.* to daſh with dirt; defame, ſlander
Beſpawl, *v.* to dawb with ſpittle
Beſpeak, *v.* to ſpeak before hand
Beſpeckle, *v.* to cover with ſpots
Beſpot, *v.* to mark with ſpots
Beſpread, *v.* to ſpread over
Beſprinkle, *v.* to ſprinkle over
Beſt, *a.* moſt excellent
Beſtial, *a.* beaſtly, brutiſh, *L.*
Beſtiality, *ſ.* copulation of the beaſts, *L.*
Beſtir, *v.* to move briſkly, exert one's ſelf, *T.*
Beſtow, *v.* to give, lay out
Beſtower, *ſ.* diſpoſer, giver
Beſtrew, *v.* to ſtrew or ſcatter about

Beſtride, *v.* to get aſtride upon
Bet, *v.* to lay wagers, *T.*
Bet, *ſ.* a wager, *T.*
Betáke, *v.* to addict one's ſelf to, to repair to, *S.*
Bethink, *v.* to recollect, or call to mind
Bethlem, *ſ.* a madhouſe
Bethrál, *v.* to enſlave, perplex
Betide, *v.* to befall, happen
Betimes, *ad.* early, ſeaſonably
Betóken, *v.* to ſignify, foreſhew
Betony, *ſ.* an herb, *L.*
Betook, *part.* did betake,
Betráy, *v.* to give up to an enemy, to divulge a ſecret, *F.*
Betráyer, *ſ.* one who betrays another
Betroth, *v.* to contract marriage
Bétter, *a.* ſuperior in goodneſs, *Ger.*
Betwéen, *pr.* in the middle, *S.*
Betwixt, *pr.* the ſame as between
Bévil, *ſ.* a maſon's tool
Béverage, *ſ.* drink, *I.*
Bévy, *ſ.* a flock of birds, *I.*
Bewail, *v.* to lament, deplore, regret, *S.*
Bewáre, *v.* to be cautious, *S.*
Bewílder, *v.* to miſlead, deceive; to loſe one's way
Bewítch, *v.* to injure by witchcraft, to charm
Bewráy, *v.* to defile with ordure; to reveal ſecrets, *T.*
Beyónd, *pr.* on the further ſide
Bezel, *ſ.* the part of a ring in which is the ſtone
Bías, *ſ.* a bent, a weight on one ſide of a bowl
Bias, *v.* to have a partiality for
Bib, *ſ.* a piece of cloth before a child
Bibácious, *a.* addicted to drinking, *L.*
Bíbber, *ſ.* a tippler
Bible, *ſ.* the holy ſcriptures, *Ger.*
Bícker, *v.* to wrangle or quarrel
Bickerer, *ſ.* a wrangler
Bid, *v.* to order, to invite, to offer money, *S.*
Bidder, *ſ.* one who offers a price
Bídding *ſ.* ordering, commanding
Bide, *v.* to ſuffer, endure
Bidéntal, *a.* having two teeth, *L.*
Biénnial, *a.* every two years
Bier, *ſ.* a hand carriage
Bíeſtings, *ſ.* the firſt milk after a cow has calved
Bífarious, *a.* bearing twice a year
Big, *a.* great, large, pregnant
Bigamiſt, *ſ.* one who commits bigamy, *G.*
Bígamy, *ſ.* having two wives, or two huſbands at once
Bigbéllied, *a.* pregnant
Biggin, *ſ.* part of an infant's head-dreſs
Bígot, *ſ.* a zealot, ſtiff to his party, right or wrong, *F.*
Bígotted, *ſ.* ſtiff, inflexible, with reſpect to a party
Bígotry, *ſ.* inflexible adherence to a party, *F.*
Bilánder, *ſ.* a ſmall flat veſſel
Bílberries, *ſ.* ſmall purple coloured berries
Bilboes, *ſ.* a kind of ſtocks
Bile, *ſ.* the gall, a painful ſwelling
Bilge, *v.* to ſpring a leak
Bíliary, *a.* belonging to the bile
Bílingſgate, *ſ.* ribalry, foul language
Bílious, *a.* full of bile, choloric
Bilk, *v.* to deceive, gull, bubble
Bill, *ſ.* the beak of a fowl, a kind of hatchet
Bill, *v.* to kiſs, to bill like doves
Bill, *ſ.* a written account
Billet, *ſ.* a log of wood, a letter or note, *F.*
Billet doux, *ſ.* a love letter, *F.*

Bílliards, *ſ.* a game ſo called, *F.*
Billow, *ſ.* a large rolling wave
Bin, *ſ.* a receptacle for corn, bottles, &c.
Bínary, *a.* double, twofold.
Bind, *v.* to confine, gird, to compel
Bínder, *ſ.* a bandage, one who covers books
Binding, *ſ.* faſtening, covering books
Biógrapher, *ſ.* one who writes the lives of particular men, *G.*
Biógraphy, *ſ.* writing of lives
Bipartite, *a.* in two parts
Birch, *ſ.* a tree common in England
Bírchen, *a.* made of birch
Bird, *ſ.* a name common to all fowls
Bird-lime, *ſ.* a ſticky matter for catching birds
Birth, *ſ.* nativity, *S.*
Bírthright, *ſ.* a privilege to which a perſon is intitled by birth
Birthwort, *ſ.* an herb ſo called
Biſect, *v.* to divide into two parts
Biſéction, *ſ.* a diviſion into two parts
Bíſhop, *ſ.* a chief officer in the church
Biſhopric, *ſ.* the dioceſe of a biſhop
Biſket, or biſcuit, *ſ.* ſea bread, ſweet cakes
Biſmuth, *ſ.* a mineral ſubſtance, *T.*
Biſſextile, *ſ.* leap year, *L.*
Bit, *ſ.* a ſmall piece, the iron of a bridle
Bitch, *ſ.* a female of the dog kind, *S.*
Bite, *v.* to preſs with the teeth, to cheat
Bítter, *a.* of taſte, like wormwood, ſevere
Bítterly, *ad.* ſharply, ſeverely
Bittern, *ſ.* a bird of the heron kind
Bitterneſs, *ſ.* of a bitter taſte
Bitúmen, *ſ.* a glutinous ſubſtance, like pitch, *L.*
Bitúmenous, *a.* of the nature of bitúmen
Biválvular, *a.* having two valves
Bizantine, *ſ.* a piece of gold.

Blab, *v.* to tell a ſecret
Blab, *ſ.* a tell-tale, *T.*
Black, *a.* dark, wicked
Black, *ſ.* a negro
Black, *v.* to blacken, or make black
Blácken, *v.* to defame or ſlander a perſon
Blácki ſh, *a.* ſomewhat black
Blácmoor, *ſ.* a negroe
Blácksmith, *ſ.* one who performs coarſe iron-work
Bládder, *ſ.* the veſſel that contains the urine
Blade, *ſ.* the flat part of a ſword, knife, graſs
Blade, *ſ.* a ſpruce young man
Blain, *ſ.* a puſtule
Bláme, *v.* to find fault with
Blame, *ſ.* fault, reproach
Blameable, *a.* culpable, blameworthy
Blameleſs, *a.* guiltleſs
Blanch, *v.* to whiten
Blánch, *ſ.* a woman's name
Blancher, *ſ.* a whitener
Bland, *a.* gentle, ſoft, mild,
Blándiſh, *v.* to ſooth, or flatter with fair ſpeeches
Blándiſhments, *ſ.* enticing, cajolling ſpeeches, *L.*
Blank, *a.* unwritten, quite white
Blank, *ſ.* a fair paper, no prize, *F.*
Blánket, *ſ.* a thick ſoft kind of woollen cloth, *F.*
Blaſphéme, *v.* to ſpeak evil of God. *G.*
Blaſphémer, *ſ.* one who blaſphemes
Blaſphémous, *a.* impious
Blaſphémy, *ſ.* ſpeaking impiouſly of God, *G.*
Blaſt, *ſ.* a guſt of wind, *T.*
Blaſt, *v.* to injure, to diſappoint a deſign
Bláze, *ſ.* a flame, a white mark on a horſe's face, S.
Bláze, *v.* to flame, to divulge

Blázon,

Blázon, *v.* to paint a coat of arms, to ſet forth, *F.*
Blázonry, *ſ.* the art of heraldry
Bleach, *v.* to whiten in the ſun
Bleak, *a.* cold, raw, chilly, *Du.*
Bléakneſs, *ſ.* coldneſs, ſharpneſs
Blear-eyed, *a.* the edges of the eyelids turned outwards, *S.*
Bleat, *v.* to make a noiſe like a ſheep or lamb, *S.*
Bléating, *ſ.* the cry of ſheep
Bleed, *v.* to loſe, or let blood
Blémiſh, *ſ.* a ſpot or imperfection; a ſtain
Blend, *v.* to mix together, *S.*
Bleſs, *v.* to wiſh happineſs, to make happy
Bléſſed, *a.* happy
Bléſſedneſs, *ſ.* felicity, happineſs
Bléſſing, *ſ.* benediction
Bleſt. *See* bleſſed
Blew, *v.* did blow
Blight, *ſ.* milldew, an infectious blaſt
Blind, *a.* dark, without ſight, *Ger.*
Blind, *v* to deprive of ſight, to obſcure
Blind, *ſ.* any thing that intercepts the ſight
Blíndfold, *a.* having the eyes covered
Blíndly, *ad.* obſcurely, implicitly, ignorantly
Blindneſs, *ſ.* want of ſight, ignorance
Blink, *v.* to twinkle, or almoſt ſhut the eyes, *Ger.*
Bliſs, *ſ.* felicity, great happineſs
Bliſsful, *ad.* moſt happy
Bliſter, *ſ.* a riſing of the ſkin like a bladder, *Du.*
Bliſter, *v.* to raiſe, or raiſing bliſters
Blithe, *a.* jocund, merry, full of good humour
Blithſome, *a.* gay, cheerful
Bloat, *v.* to ſwell, puff up
Bloátedneſs, *ſ.* puffed up
Block, *ſ.* a log of wood, a large piece of marble, *F.*

Blockade, *ſ.* encompaſſing a town with armed troops. *F.*
Blockade, *v.* to block up a town. *F.*
Blóckhead, *ſ.* an ignorant ſtupid fellow
Blockiſh, *a.* lumpiſh, like a block
Blood, *ſ.* the red fluid that circulates through the body, *Ger.*
Blood, *v.* to ſtain with blood.
Bloódhound, *ſ.* a hound of exquiſite ſcent
Bloódily, *ad.* in a bloody manner, cruelly
Bloódleſs, *a.* without blood
Bloódſhed, *ſ.* murder, ſpilling of blood, ſlaughter
Bloódſhédder, *ſ.* a murderer
Bloódſhot, *a.* filled with blood
Bloodſúcker, *ſ.* one who thirſts after blood
Bloódy, *a.* dawbed with blood, cruel
Bloom, *ſ.* a bloſſom of a tree, the prime of life, *T.*
Bloom, *v.* to put forth bloſſoms, to be in a ſtate of youth, *Ger.*
Bloómy, *a.* full of bloſſoms
Blóſſom, *ſ.* the flower of fruit
Blóſſom, *v.* to put forth bloſſoms
Blot, *v.* to drop ink on paper, to ſtain a reputation
Blot, *ſ.* a blur or ſpot
Blotch, *ſ.* a puſtule on the ſkin
Blow, *ſ.* a ſtroke, a misfortune, an accident, *B.*
Blow, *v.* to blow, as the wind, to breathe hard
Blow, *v.* to bloom, or flower
Blowze, *ſ.* a ſlatternly wench with her hair over her eyes
Blówzy, *a.* like a blowze
Blúbber, *ſ.* the fat of a whale, &c.
Blúbber, *v.* to cry, ſob, and make a noiſe as a child
Blúdgeon, *ſ.* a ſhort thick ſtick, loaded at one end

Blue, *ſ.* a colour, as that of the ſky, *Ger.*
Blúeneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being blue
Bluff, *a.* big, ſtern, bluſtering
Blúnder, *v.* to make a groſs miſtake, to ſtumble
Blúnderbuſs, *ſ.* a thick ſhort gun, a blockhead, *E.*
Blúnderer, *ſ.* one who commits miſtakes
Blúnderhead, *ſ.* a blunderer
Blunt, *a.* a dull point or edge, dull underſtanding
Blunt, *v.* to take off the point or edge
Blúntly, *ad.* abruptly, rudely
Blúntneſs, *ſ.* want of edge, rudeneſs
Blur, *ſ.* blot
Blur, *v.* to ſmear, to blot
Blúſh, *v.* to redden either from modeſty, ſhame, or ſurprize, *Du.*
Blúſh, *ſ.* a reddiſh colour
Blúſter, *v.* to roar as a boiſterous wind, to ſtorm and ſwagger
Blúſter, *ſ.* roar, noiſe, boaſt
Blúſterer, *ſ.* a ſwaggerer
Blúſterous, *a.* noiſy, tumultuous
Boar, *ſ.* a male ſwine, a wild hog, *S.*
Board, *ſ.* a plank, a table, a penſion, *S.*
Board, *v.* to cover with boards, to keep boarders, *S.*
Boárder, *ſ.* one who diets with another
Boáriſh, *a.* hoggiſh, brutal
Boaſt, *v.* to vaunt or brag, to magnify
Boaſt, *ſ.* an oſtentatious ſpeech
Bóaſter, *ſ.* a bragger
Bóaſtingly, *ad.* oſtentatiouſly
Boat, *ſ.* a ſmall veſſel for the water, *Ger.*
Boátman, *ſ.* a manager of a boat
Boátſwain, *ſ.* an officer who looks after the long boat &c.
Bob, *v.* to hit lightly, to play backward and forward
Bob, *ſ.* a kind of pendant, a ſhort perriwig
Bóbbins, *ſ.* ſmall inſtruments with which bone-lace is made, *F.*
Bób-tail, *ſ.* a ſhort tail
Bób-wig, *ſ.* a ſhort wig
Bode, *v.* to preſage, or prognoſticate, *S.*
Bódice, *ſ.* a ſort of ſtays worn by women
Bódileſs, *a.* without a body
Bódily, *ad.* corporeal
Bódkin, *ſ.* a pointed iron, an inſtrument uſed by women, *W.*
Bódy, *ſ.* the material ſubſtance of an animal
Bog, *ſ.* a marſhy ground, frequently covered with graſs or turf
Bógtrótter *ſ.* one who lives amongſt bogs
Bóggle, *v.* to demur; heſitate
Bóggy, *a.* marſhy, ſwampy
Bóghouſe, *ſ.* a privy
Bohéa, *ſ.* a ſort of tea
Boil, *v.* to ſeize, or bubble with heat; to cook by boiling, *L.*
Boil, *ſ.* a bile
Boiler, *ſ.* a veſſel for boiling
Boiling, *ſ.* the agitation that fire excites in fluid bodies
Boiſterous, *a.* ſtormy, noiſy, furious
Bold, *a.* intrepid, courageous, ſaucy, impudent, *L.*
Bóldfáce, *ſ.* an impudent perſon
Bóldly, *ad.* in a bold manner
Bóldneſs, *ſ.* intrepidity, impudence
Bole, *ſ.* earth, a corn meaſure of two buſhels
Bole Armenic, *ſ.* a medicinal earth brought from Armenia
Boll, *ſ.* the head of a pipe, a ſeed pod, *T.*
Bólſter, *ſ.* a large pillow, a compreſs to lay on a wound
Bólſter, *v.* to pad, ſupport, compreſs

Bolt, *ſ.* a piece of iron, wood, &c. to faſten a door, *S.*
Bolt, *v.* to faſten with a bolt, to ſift meal, to ſally out ſuddenly
Bólter, *ſ.* a ſieve
Bólthead, *ſ.* receiver
Boltſprit. *See* Bowſprit
Bólus, *ſ.* a compoſition to be taken at one mouthful
Bomb, *ſ.* a large hollow iron ball charged with powder, nails, &c.
Bomb-ketch, *ſ.* a veſſel built for throwing bombs at ſea
Bombard, *v.* to throw bombs into a town
Bombardier, *ſ.* the engineer who fires the bombs
Bombárdment, *ſ.* an attack with bombs
Bómbaſine, *ſ.* a kind of ſtuff made of ſilk and cotton, *F.*
Bómbaſt, *ſ.* high ſounding bluſtering nonſenſe
Bomb-cheſt, *ſ.* a wooden cheſt filled with bombs and gunpowder
Bonaróba, *ſ.* a whore, *S.*
Bond, *ſ.* a bond to tie, an obligation in writting, *S.*
Bond, *a.* in a ſervile ſtate
Bóndage, *ſ.* ſlavery, captivity
Bóndman, or Bondſman, *ſ.* one bound for another
Bóndſlave, *ſ.* one in ſlavery
Bondſwóman, *ſ.* a female ſlave
Bone, *ſ.* a hard ſubſtance which affords ſupport to the body, *S.*
Bone, *v.* to take out the bones
Bónelace, *ſ.* lace made of fine thread with bones or bobbins
Bóneleſs, *a.* without bones
Boneſétter, *ſ.* one who ſets bones
Bonfire, *ſ.* a rejoicing fire, *F.*
Bónnet, *ſ.* a kind of cap
Bónnily, *ad.* prettily, gayly
Bóny, *a.* full of bones, ſtrong, ſtout
Boóby, *ſ.* an ignorant fellow
Book, *ſ.* a volume in which we read or write, *Ger.*
Book, *v.* to write down any thing in a book
Boókiſh, *a.* ſtudious, fond of reading
Bookſeller, *ſ.* one who deals in books
Boókworm, *ſ.* a ſmall inſect that breeds in books
Boom, *ſ.* a large piece of timber or chain ſtretched croſs a river or the mouth of a harbour.
Boon, *a.* gay, merry
Boon, *ſ.* a favour, or good turn; a gift.
Boor, *ſ.* a clown, a lout, *Du.*
Boóriſh, *a* rude, clowniſh
Boóriſhneſs, *ſ.* clowniſhneſs
Boot, *ſ.* a leather covering for the leg
Boóted, *a.* having boots on
Booth, *ſ.* a kind of tent
Boótleſs, *a.* improfitable, to no purpoſe
Booty, *ſ.* a prize, plunder, *F.*
Bopeép, *ſ.* a play amongſt children
Bórage, *ſ.* a garden herb, *L.*
Bórax, *ſ.* a mineral ſalt
Bórdel, *ſ.* a brothel
Bórder, *ſ.* the outward part or edge of any thing
Bórder upon, *v.* to be contiguous to
Border, *v.* to adorn with a border
Bórderer, *ſ.* an inhabitant on the borders
Bore, *v.* to make a hole
Bore, *ſ.* the hollow of a gun or pipe
Bore, *v.* did bear
Bóreal, *a.* northern
Bóreas, *ſ.* the north wind, *G.*
Borée, *ſ.* a French dance

Born, *v.* brought into the world
Borne, *v.* carried, brought
Bórough, *ſ.* a corporate town
Bórrow, *v.* to take upon credit
Bóſcade, *ſ.* a grove, a landſcape repreſenting many trees, *F.*
Bóſky, *a.* ſuddled, woody
Bóſom, *ſ.* the breaſt, *S.*
Bo'ſon. *See* boatſwain
Boſs, *ſ.* a ſtud in a bridle, &c. a ſwelling
Botánic, or botanical, *a.* belonging to herbs and plants, *G.*
Bótaniſt, *ſ.* one ſkilled in botany
Botch, *v.* to mend awkwardly
Botch, *ſ.* a piece of work ill done, a bungling workman
Bótcher, *ſ.* a mender of old cloaths, a bungler
Both, *a.* the two
Bottle, *ſ.* a veſſel of liquor, a quantity of hay, &c.
Bóttle, *v.* to put into bottles
Bóttom, *ſ.* the loweſt part of any thing
Bóttomleſs, *a.* fathomleſs
Bottomry', *ſ.* borrowing money upon the bottom of a ſhip
Bough, *ſ.* a branch of a tree, *S.*
Bought, *v.* did buy
Bounce, *v.* to leap, boaſt, bully
Bounce, *ſ.* a leap, ſudden noiſe, boaſt
Bouncer, *ſ.* a boaſter
Bound, *v.* to limit, to fly back, to jump, to ſpring
Bound, *part.* of bind
Bound, *v.* tied, obliged to perform, going to
Bóundary, *ſ.* whatever limits the bounds of a place
Bóunden, *a.* obliged to perform
Bóundleſs, *a.* without bounds
Bóunteous, or bóuntiful, *a.* charitable, generous
Bóunteouſly, *ad.* liberally, generouſly
Bóuntiful, *a.* liberal, generous
Bóuntifully, *ad.* liberally
Bóuntifulneſs, *ſ.* generoſity
Bóunty, *ſ.* liberality, generoſity, *F.*
Bourn, *ſ.* a brook or river, a limit
Bouſe, *v.* to drink hard
Bouſy, *a.* muddled with drink
Bout, *ſ.* trial, eſſay, time, turn
Boúteféu, an incendiary, *F.*
Bow, *v.* to ſtoop, ſink under, depreſs, *S.*
Bow, *ſ.* an inſtrument for ſhooting arrows, &c.
Bow, *ſ.* the forepart of a ſhip, a bending of the body
Bówels, *ſ* the inteſtines, tenderneſs, fellow-feeling
Bówer, *ſ.* an arbour, an anchor ſo called
Bówery, *a.* full of bowers
Bówet, or bówes, *ſ.* a young hawk
Bowl, *ſ.* a ball of wood to play with, a veſſel to drink out of
Bowl, *v.* to play at bowls
Bówler, *ſ.* he who bowls
Bówline, *ſ.* the name of a rope in a ſhip
Bówman, *ſ.* an anchor
Bówſprit, *ſ.* a protuberant headmaſt
Bówſtring, *ſ.* ſtring of a bow
Bówyer, *ſ.* a maker or ſeller of bows
Box, *ſ.* a kind of hard wood, a ſort of cheſt
Box, *v.* to fight with no other weapon but the fiſts
Bóxen, *a.* made of box
Bóxer, *ſ* he who fights with the fiſt
Boy, *ſ.* a lad, a male child
Bóyiſh, *a.* childiſh
Bóyiſhly, *ad.* childiſhly

Brace, *v.* to bind, ſtrain up
Brace, *ſ.* an iron to faſten beams or ſtones, a couple
Braced, *a.* tied down, or well faſtened
Brácelet, *ſ.* an ornament worn on the wriſt, *F.*
Brácer, *ſ.* cincture, bandage
Bractical, *a.* belonging to the arm
Brack, *ſ.* a crack, a flaw, *S.*
Brácket, *ſ.* a kind of ſtay in timber-work, *I.*
Brácki ſh, *a.* ſaltiſh, *B.*
Brácki ſhneſs, *ſ.* ſaltiſhneſs
Brads, *ſ.* ſlender nails without heads
Brag, *v.* to boaſt
Brag, *ſ.* a boaſt, game at cards
Braggadócio, *ſ.* a boaſting vainglorious fellow
Braid, *v.* to weave or plait the hair
Braid, *ſ.* a narrow ſort of lace
Brain, *ſ.* the underſtanding, *S.*
Brain, *v.* to knock out the brains
Bráinleſs, *a.* without thought
Brake, *ſ.* fern, brambles, or thorns
Brámble, *ſ.* a black-berry buſh, *Ger.*
Bran, *ſ.* the huſks of ground corn
Branch, *ſ.* any part of a thing iſſuing from a common ſtock, *F.*
Branch, *v.* to ſpread abroad, or divide into parts
Bránchy, *a.* full of branches
Brand, *ſ.* a piece of burning wood, a mark made with a hot iron, *Ger.*
Brand, *v.* to mark with a hot iron, to mark with a note of infamy
Brándiſh, *v.* to flouriſh in the air
Brándy, *ſ.* a ſpirituous liquor diſtilled from wine, &c. *Ger.*
Brazier, *ſ.* one who works in braſs
Braſs, *ſ.* a metal compounded of copper and laps caliminaris, *S.*

Brat, *ſ.* a contemptuous name for a child
Bravádo, *ſ.* a vainglorious boaſting, capering, *Sp.*
Brave, *a.* courageous, intrepid, gallant, *F.*
Brave, *v.* to dare, to hector or affront, to defy
Brávery, *ſ.* courage, valour
Brávo, *ſ.* a ſwaggering bully, *I.*
Brawl, *v.* to ſcold aloud, *F.*
Brawl, *ſ.* a quarrel in which is much ſcurrillity
Bráwler, *ſ.* a ſcold
Brawn, *ſ.* boar's fleſh ſous'd
Bráwny, *a.* ſtrong, full of ſinews
Bray, *v.* to pound, to make a noiſe like an aſs
Braze, *v.* to cover with braſs
Brazen, *a.* made of braſs, impudent
Brazen, *v.* to bully, to be impudent
Brázenface, *ſ.* an impudent wretch
Brazier, *ſ.* a maker or dealer in braſs ware
Brazil, *ſ.* a dying wood ſo called
Breach, *ſ.* a part of a wall, &c. broke down, *F.*
Bread, *ſ.* food made of wheat, rye, oats, &c. food in general, *Ger.*
Breadth, *ſ.* width
Break, *v.* to ſeparate by violence, to become a bankrupt
Break, *ſ.* a pauſe, an interruption, an opening, *Ger.*
Breakers, *ſ.* waves broken by rocks
Breakfaſt, *ſ.* the firſt meal
Bream, *ſ.* a fiſh, *F.*
Breaſt, *ſ.* that part of a body which contains the heart, *Ger.*
Breaſtwork, *ſ.* (in fortification) any work breaſt high
Breath, *ſ.* the air drawn in and out by the lungs, *S.*
Breathe, *v.* to draw, to take breath, to exerciſe
Bréathing, *ſ.* aſpiration, taking breath

Bréathleſs, *a.* out of breath, ſpent with labour, dead
Bred, *part.* did breed
Breech, *ſ.* the backſide, the hinder part
Breech, *v.* to put into breeches
Breeches, *ſ.* a well kown part of apparel, *S.*
Breed, *v.* to be with young, to educate, to produce
Bréeding, *ſ.* pregnancy, the growing of a diſeaſe, education
Breéze, *ſ.* a ſoft, ſmooth gale of wind, *I.*
Breézy, *a.* fanned with gales
Brétheren, *ſ.* brothers
Bréviary, *ſ.* the popiſh maſs book
Bréviate, *ſ.* an extract of a deed or writing
Brevier, *ſ.* this ſort of printing letter
Brévity, *ſ.* conciſeneſs, ſhortneſs
Brew, *v.* to make drink, to machinate, *Ger.*
Bréwer, *ſ.* one who brews
Bréwing, *ſ.* the quantity brewed, a plotting
Bréwis, *ſ.* ſea biſcuit, or cruſts of bread boiled in fat pottage
Bríar, *ſ.* a prickly ſhrub, *S.*
Bribe, *ſ.* the price of iniquity
Bribe, *v.* to corrupt with gifts
Bríber, *ſ.* he who gives the bribe
Brídery, *ſ.* the act of bribing
Brick, *ſ.* a piece of clay burnt hard, a long narrow loaf
Brick, *v.* to lay with bricks
Brick-bat, *ſ.* a piece of broken brick
Brídal, *a.* belonging to a bride
Bride, *ſ.* a new-married woman *Ger.*
Brídegroom, *ſ.* a new-married man, *G.*
Bridewell, *ſ.* a houſe of correction
Bridget, *ſ.* the name of a woman
Bridge, *ſ.* a paſſage built over a river, the bone of the noſe, &c. *S.*
Bridle, *ſ.* a device to hold in and guide a horſe
Bridle, *v.* to put on a bridle, to reſtrain, *F.*
Bridle, *v.* to hold up the head and draw in the chin
Brief, *a.* ſhort
Brief, *ſ.* a warrant or breviate of the crown, an abſtract, *F.*
Bri fly, *ad.* conciſely
Bríer, *ſ.* a prickly buſh
Bríery, *a.* full of briers
Brígade, *ſ.* of horſe, 8 or 10 ſquadrons; and of foot, 5 or 6 battalions, *F.*
Brigadíer, *ſ.* the commander of a brigade, *F.*
Brígantine, *ſ.* a light pinnace, *F.*
bright, *a.* brilliant, ſhining, clear, witty
Brighten, *v.* to clear up, to make bright
Brightly, *ad.* with luſtre
Brightneſs, *ſ.* luſtre, acuteneſs
Brílliancy, *ſ.* bright, ſhining
Brílliant, *a.* a diamond properly cut
Brílliant, *a.* bright, ſhining, ſparkling, *F.*
Brílliantneſs. *See* brilliancy
Brim, *ſ.* the utmoſt edge
Brímful, *a.* full to the brim
Brimmer, *ſ.* a glaſs filled up to the brim
Brimſtone, *ſ.* ſulphur, a yellow mineral, *S.*
Brindled, *a.* red ſpotted with white
Brine, *ſ.* ſalt and water, the ſea, *S.*
Bring, *v.* to carry to a perſon or place, *Ger.*
Brínish, *a.* ſaltiſh
Brink, *ſ.* the edge of a river or precipice
Briny, or briniſh, *a.* of a ſaltiſh taſte
Briſk, *a.* alert, lively, ſprightly, gay
Briſkly, *ad.* actively, vigorouſly
Briſket, *ſ.* that part of the breaſt which lies next the ribs, *F.*
Briskneſs, *ſ.* activeneſs, vigour

Briſtle, *ſ.* ſtrong hair which grows on the back of a boar, *S.*
Briſtle, *v.* to erect the hair like an enraged boar
Briſtly, *a.* filled with ſtrong prickly hairs
Britiſh, *a.* belonging to Great Britain
Briton, *ſ.* a native of Great Britain
Brittle, *a.* apt to break, *S.*
Brittleneſs, *ſ.* aptneſs to break
Broach, *ſ.* a ſpit
Broach, *v.* to tap, to be the firſt publiſher, *F.*
Broad, *a.* wide, obſcure, fulſome, *S.*
Bróadſide, *ſ.* firing all the guns on one ſide of a ſhip
Bróadſword, *ſ.* a two edged ſword
Brócade, *ſ.* ſilk wove with flowers of different colours, *F.*
Brocáded, *a.* woven as a brocade
Bróccoli, *ſ.* a garden plant, *I.*
Brock, *ſ.* a badger, *S.*
Brócket, *ſ.* a red deer of two years old, *T.*
Brogue, *ſ.* a wooden ſhoe, a falſe accent, *Iriſh*
Brogue, *v.* to catch eels by troubling the water, *F.*
Broil, *ſ.* a quarrel, a tumult or ſedition, *F.*
Broil, *v.* to roaſt meat by laying it on or over a fire
Bróken, *part. paſſ.* of break
Bróker, *ſ.* one who buys or ſells by commiſſion
Bróker, *ſ.* one who ſells old houſehold goods
Brókerage, *ſ.* pay or reward given to a broker
Brónze, *ſ.* braſs colour
Brood, *ſ.* a number of chickens, &c. hatched at one time
Brood, *v.* to ſit upon; to hatch eggs
Brook, *ſ.* a rivulet, *S.*
Brook, *v.* to bear patiently
Broom, *ſ.* a ſhrub, an utenſil to ſweep with, *S.*
Bróomy, *a.* cover'd with broom
Broth, *ſ.* a liquor in which meat is boiled *S.*
Bróthel, *ſ.* a ſtew or bawdy-houſe
Bróther, *ſ.* a male deſcendant of the ſame father and mother, *Ger.*
Bróotherhood, *ſ.* brotherly union, a fraternity or ſect
Bróotherly, *a.* like brothers
Bróught, *v.* did bring
Brow, *ſ.* the forehead, the edge of any high place
Brówbeat, *v.* to depreſs with ſtern looks
Browſe, *ſ.* the ſprouts of trees that ſhoot forth early in the ſpring
Browſe, *v.* to feed on the tender ſprouts of trees, herbs, &c.
Bruiſe, *v.* to break ſmall, to hurt by a hard compreſſure, *F.*
Bruiſe, *ſ.* a hurt in the fleſh
Bruit, *ſ.* a rumour or report, *F.*
Brúmal, *a.* belonging to winter, *L.*
Brunétte, *ſ.* a woman with a brown complexion, *F.*
Brunt, *ſ.* ſhock, onſet, aſſault, *T.*
Bruſh, *ſ.* a faggot of ſmall ſticks, a well known utenſil, *F.*
Bruſh, *v.* to clean with a bruſh, to rub againſt
Brútal, *a.* ſavage, cruel
Brutálity, *ſ.* brutiſhneſs, *L.*
Brúte, *ſ.* an animal void of reaſon
Brútiſh, *a.* cruel, filthy ſtupid, rude
Brútiſhly, *ad.* like a brute
Brútiſhneſs, *ſ.* brutality
Bry'ony, *ſ.* a plant
Búbble, *ſ.* a bladder of water, a cheat, *Du.*
Búbble, *v.* to riſe in bubbles, to cheat
Búbby, *ſ.* a woman's breaſt

Bucaniers,

Bucaniers, *ſ.* pirates in the Weſt Indies
Buck, *ſ.* the male of the fallow deer, and ſeveral other animals
Buck, *v.* to waſh clothes
Búcket, *ſ.* a kind of pail of wood or leather
Buckle, *ſ.* a ring with a tongue to it, *F.*
Búckle, *v.* to faſten with a buckle, to curl hair
Búckler, *ſ.* a ſhield, a protector, *F.*
Buckram, *ſ.* linen cloth ſtiffened with gum, *I.*
Bucólics, *ſ.* paſtoral poems, *G.*
Bud, *ſ.* the firſt appearance of a young ſhoot
Bud, *v.* to put forth buds
Budge, *v.* to move or jogg on, *F.*
Budge, *ſ.* the dreſs'd skins of lambs or kids
Budge, *a.* ſtiff, formal
Budget, *ſ.* a bag or pouch, *F.*
Buff, *ſ.* leather prepared from the skin of the buffalo
Búffalo, *ſ.* a wild ox
Búffet, *v.* to beat with the fiſt
Búffet, *ſ.* a blow with the fiſt
Buffét, *ſ.* a repoſitory for plates, *F.*
Buffoón, *ſ.* a droll, jack-pudding, merry andrew, *F.*
Buffoónery, *ſ.* low jeſts, ſcurrilous mirth
Bug, *ſ.* a ſtinking troubleſome inſect
Búgbear, *ſ.* an imaginary monſter with which fools frighten children
Búggy, *a.* full of bugs
Búgle, *ſ.* kind of long glaſs bead, a hunting horn
Bugloſs, *ſ.* a pot-herb, *G.*
Build, *v.* to erect and edifice, to rely upon, *Du.*
Búilding, *ſ.* an edifice
Bulb, *ſ.* any round root, *G.*
Búlbous, *a.* of a round form
Búlge, *v.* to jut out, founder
Búlk, *ſ.* bigneſs, a ſtall before a ſhop, *T.*
Búlkhead, *ſ.* a partition acroſs a ſhip
Búlky, *a.* large, big
Bull, *ſ.* a beaſt well known, a blunder, a brief from the pope, *Du.*
Búllace, *ſ.* a wild plum
Búllet, *ſ.* a ball of lead or iron
Búllion, *ſ.* uncoined gold or ſilver in the maſs
Búllock, *ſ.* a young bull
Búlly, *ſ.* a hectoring fellow
Búlly, *v.* to ſcold in an inſolent manner
Búlwark, *ſ.* any work raiſed for the defence of a place, *T.*
Bum, *ſ.* the breech, *T.*
Bump, *ſ.* a ſwelling, a thump or blow
Búmper, *ſ.* a full glaſs
Bumkin, *ſ.* a country clown, *L. S.*
Bunch, *ſ.* a cluſter
Bunches, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in horſes
Búnchy, *a.* growing in bunches
Búndle, *ſ.* a parcel of things tied together, *T.*
Búndle, *v.* to tie in a bundle
Bung, *ſ.* a ſtopper for a barrel, *S.*
Bungle, to do any thing in a clumſy manner
Búngler, *ſ.* an unſkilful workman
Búnglingly, *ad.* awkwardly
Bun, *ſ.* a ſort of cake
Bunt, *ſ.* the middle part of a ſail that catches the wind
Bunter, *ſ.* a rag gatherer, a dirty woman
Bun'ting, *ſ.* thin linen cloth
Buoy, *ſ.* a log of wood, or a barrel faſtened to an anchor
Buoy, *v.* to keep a float, to float
Buóyant, *a.* floating, *F.*
Bur, *ſ.* a rough head of a dock
Búrden, or Burthen, *ſ.* a load, trouble, the chorus of a ſong, *S.*

Búrden, *v.* to load, incumber
Búrdenſome, *a.* grievous, troubleſome
Bureaú, *ſ.* a cheſt of drawers with a deſk to write on
Búrgamot, *ſ.* a kind of pears
Búrgeſs, *ſ.* a freeman of a borough, *S.*
Burgh, *ſ.* a borough town
Búrgher, *ſ.* a townſman who has certain privileges
Búrglar, *ſ.* a houſe-breaker, *S.*
Búrglary, *ſ.* breaking a houſe in the night
Búrgomaſter, *ſ.* a chief magiſtrate of the towns of Germany and the Low Countries, *Ger.*
Búrial, *ſ.* the interment of the dead
Burléſque, *v.* to mock, to turn to ridicule
Burléſque, or Burléſk, *ſ.* a droll manner of writing or ſpeaking. *S.*
Burly, *a.* big, heavy, groſs
Burn, *v.* to conſume by fire, *Ger.*
Burn, *ſ.* a hurt by fire
Búrning, *ſ.* a ſtate of inflammation
Búrniſh, *v.* to poliſh, or make bright, *F.*
Búrniſher, *ſ.* the perſon or tool that burniſhes
Burr, *ſ.* a roughneſs on the ſurface or edge of a piece of metal
Búrrow, *ſ.* rabbit holes in a warren, *T.*
Búrſer, *ſ.* the treaſurer of a college or monaſtery, *F.*
Burſe, *ſ.* an exchange for merchants to meet in, *F.*
Burſt, *v.* to tear open, or break aſunder, *S.*
Burſt, *ſ.* a ſudden eruption
Búrſten, *a.* broken bellied, *S.*
Burt, *ſ.* a fiſh of the turbot kind
Búry, *v.* to hide, to inter a corpſe, *S.*

Buſh, *ſ.* a thick ſhrub; in hunting a fox's tail, *Ger.*
Búſhel, *ſ.* a dry meaſure, containing four pecks, or eight gallons, *F.*
Búſhineſs, *ſ.* fullneſs, thickneſs
Búſhy, *a.* thick, full of branches
Búſily, *ad.* with hurry, actively
Búſineſs, *ſ.* occupation or employment
Búſk, *ſ.* a piece of wood, whalebone, &c. worn by women, *F.*
Búskin, *ſ.* a ſort of ſhoe coming up to the middle of the leg, *F.*
Buſs, *ſ.* a veſſel uſed in the herring fiſhery, a kiſs
Buſs, *v.* to kiſs, *F.*
Buſt, *ſ.* a carved figure ſhewing only the head and ſhoulders, *I.*
Búſtard, *ſ.* a wild turkey
Buſtle, *v.* to hurry, to make a great ſtir, *S.*
Búſtle, *ſ.* a tumult, hurry
Búſtler, *ſ.* an active man
Búſy, *a.* full of buſineſs, troubleſome, *B.*
Búſybódy, *ſ.* a meddling troubleſome perſon
Bútcher, *ſ.* one who kills cattle, and ſells the fleſh, *F.*
Bútcher, *v.* to murder in a cruel manner
Bútcherly, *a.* cruel, barbarous, bloody
Bútchery, *ſ.* ſlaughter
Bútler, *ſ.* an officer who looks after wine, plate, &c. *F.*
Butt, *ſ.* a wine veſſel of 126 gallons, *T.* a mark to ſhoot at, *F.*
Butt-end, *ſ.* the blunt end
Butt, *v.* to puſh with the head or horns, *Du.*
Bútter, *ſ.* made of cream churned, *Ger.*
Bútter-teeth, *ſ.* the broad fore-teeth
Bútterfly, *ſ.* an inſect well known
Bútteris, *ſ.* a farrier's pairing tool

Búttery, *ſ.* a place where victuals are ſet up
Búttock, *ſ.* the haunch or breech
Bútton, *ſ.* uſed for faſtening garments, *F.*
Bútton, *v.* to faſten with buttons
Bu'ttreſs, *ſ.* a maſs of ſtone to ſupport a wall, *F.*
Búxom, *a.* merry, wanton, amorous, *T.*
Buy, *v.* to purchaſe with money, *S.*
Búyer, *ſ.* a purchaſer, a chapman
Buzz, *v.* to make a buzzing noiſe
Buzz, *ſ.* a whiſper, humming
Búzzard, *ſ.* a ſenſeleſs, ſtupid fellow
By-blow, *ſ.* a baſtard
By-ends, *ſ.* ſelfiſh views
By-laws, *ſ.* laws made by particular companies
Byländer, *ſ.* a ſmall veſſel
By páth, *ſ.* a private obſcure path
By-ſtánder, *ſ.* a looker on
By-walk, *ſ.* a private walk
By-way, *ſ.* a private way
By-word, *ſ.* a ſaying, a proverb

C

C. Is uſed as an abreviation of *centum* or 100
C. C. C. ſignifies Corpus Chriſti College in Oxford
Cabál, *ſ.* private confederacy, *F.*
Cabál, *v.* to plot privately, or make parties, *F.*
Cábala, *ſ.* the Jewiſh traditions
Cábaliſt, *ſ.* one ſkilled in the myſteries of the Cabala
Cabáller, *ſ.* an intriguer
Cabaliſtical, *a.* after the manner of the Cabala
Cabáline, *a.* belonging to a horſe
Cábbage, *ſ.* a plant well known
Cábbage, *v.* to ſteal in cutting cloths
Cabbin, *ſ.* a hut, a little room in a ſhip
Cábinet, *ſ.* a kind of drawers
Cábinet, *ſ.* a room or cloſet in a nobleman's houſe
Cable, *ſ.* a large rope faſtened to a ſhip's anchor
Cáckle, *v.* to make a noiſe like a hen that has laid an egg
Cadáverous, *a.* belonging to a dead carcaſe
Cáddis, *ſ.* a woollen tape
Cade, *ſ.* a barrel containing 500 red herrings
Cádence, *ſ.* the juſt fall of the voice in ſpeaking
Cadét, *ſ.* a volunteer
Cadger, *ſ.* a huckſter
Cag, *ſ.* a ſmall veſſel, containing from four to five gallons
Cage, *v.* to confine
Cage, *ſ.* a place of confinement
Cajóle, *v.* to coax, beguile, cheat, ſooth up
Cajóler, *ſ.* a deceiver
Caiſſoon, *ſ.* a cheſt of ſtones or bombs
Caitiff, *ſ.* a miſerable wretch, a ſorry fellow
Cake, *ſ.* a flat loaf, frequently made with eggs, ſugar, ſpice, &c.
Cake, *v.* to harden, as cinders
Calamánco, *ſ.* a ſtrong woollen ſtuff
Calámine, *ſ.* a ſtone, alſo called lapis calaminaris, *L.*
Calámitous *a.* miſerable, wretched, *L.*
Calámity, *ſ.* an afflictive event, *L.*
Caláſh, *ſ.* an open travelling chariot, *F.*
Calcination, *ſ.* reducing to powder by means of fire, *F.*
Calcine, *v.* to burn to a cinder
Calculate, *v.* to compute, to reckon, *L.*
Calculátion, *ſ.* computation
Calculátor, *ſ.* computer
Calculous, *a.* ſtony, gritty, *L.*

Cáldron,

Cáldron, *ſ.* a pot, boiler, or kettle, *F.*
Cáleb, *ſ.* a man's name
Cálefáction, *ſ.* warming or heating, either by fire or action, *L.*
Cálendar, *ſ.* an almanack, or account of time, *L.*
Cálendar, *v.* to ſmooth and ſet a gloſs upon cloth, &c.
Cálendar, *ſ.* one who calenders cloth, the engine uſed for that purpoſe, *F.*
Cálends, *ſ.* among the Romans, the firſt day of every month, *L.*
Cálenture, *ſ.* a burning fever, peculiar to ſailors in hot climates, *L.*
Calf *ſ.* the young of a cow, the fleſhy part of the leg, *Ger.*
Sea-Calf, *ſ.* a large ſea fiſh with a ſpotted hairy ſkin
Cáliber, *ſ.* the diameter of the bore of fire-arms
Cálico, *ſ.* a ſort of cotton cloth made at Calicut
Cáliph, *ſ.* among the Saracens, the ſupreme head both in religious and civil matters, *Ara.*
Caliginous, *a.* obſcure, dark, *L.*
Cáligraphy, *ſ.* beautiful writing
Cáliper, or Caliber, *ſ.* a kind of compaſſes
Cáliver, *ſ.* a ſort of ſmall ſea gun
Cálix, *ſ.* (in botany) the flower-cup, *L.*
Calk, *v.* to ſtop up the ſeams of a ſhip, &c.
Call, *v.* to ſummon or invite
Call, *ſ.* the action of calling, invocation, *B.*
Cálling, *ſ.* asking aloud for, a trade or employment
Calliope, *ſ.* one of the muſes, ſaid to preſide over heroic poetry, *G.*
Callócity, *ſ.* a ſwelling without pain
Cállow, *a.* unfledged, having no feathers
Callus, *ſ.* an hard inſenſible skin, *L.*

Calm, *v.* to appeaſe or allay, to pacify
Calm, *a.* quiet, ſerene
Calm, *ſ.* free from ſtorms, tranquility, peace, *F.*
Cálmly, *ad.* quietly, without paſſion
Cálmneſs, *ſ.* mildneſs, ſerenity
Cálomel, *ſ.* corroſive ſublimate, often ſublimed
Calve, *v.* to bear a calf
Cálviniſm, *ſ.* the doctrine taught by Calvin
Cálviniſts, *ſ.* the followers of Calvin
Calviniſtical, *a* belonging to the opinion of the Calviniſts
Calúmniate, *v.* to ſlander, or accuſe falſely, *L.*
Calumniator, *ſ.* a falſe accuſer
Calumny, *ſ.* falſe imputation; ſlander, aſperſion, *F.*
Calx, *ſ.* lime, chalk, cement, a cinder, *L.*
Cámbric, *ſ.* a ſort of fine linen
Came, *v.* did come.
Cámel, *ſ.* a beaſt of burthen, *G.*
Cámera obſcura, *ſ.* an optical inſtrument, *L.*
Cameleon, *ſ.* a creature like a lizard, *G.*
Camiſáde, *ſ.* an attack in the night, *F.*
Cámlet, *ſ.* a kind of mixed ſtuff, *F.*
Cámomile, *ſ.* an herb, *G.*
Camp, *ſ.* the place where an army lodges in tents, *F.*
Campáign, *ſ.* the time an army continues in the field, *F.*
Cámpeachy wood, *ſ.* logwood
Camphire, *ſ.* a clear white roſin of an Indian tree, *L.*
Cámphorate, *a.* impregnated with camphire
Can, *ſ.* a drinking veſſel, *Ger.*
Can, *v.* to be able, *Ger.*
Canáille, *ſ.* the loweſt of the people, *F.*
Canál, *ſ.* an artificial river, *L.*

Canál-coal, *ſ.* a ſort of coal which burns like a candle
Canáry, *ſ.* wine brought from the Canaries
Canary Bird, *ſ.* a ſmall ſinging bird
Cáncel, *v.* to obliterate, make void, eraſe
Cancer, *ſ.* a dangerous ſore
Cáncerate, *v.* to become a cancer
Cáncerous, *a.* inclining to a cancer
Cándid, *a.* ſincere, upright, fair, open, *L.*
Cándidate, *ſ.* a competitor for a place or employment, *L.*
Cándidly, *ad.* uprightly
Cándidneſs, *ſ.* uprightneſs, openneſs
Candle, *ſ.* a light made of tallow, wax, &c.
Candleſtic, *ſ.* an utenſil to hold a candle, *ſ.*
Candour, *ſ.* ſincerity, ſweetneſs of temper, *L.*
Cándy, *v.* to cruſt or preſerve with ſugar, *F.*
Cane, *ſ.* an Indian reed, a plant which yields ſugar, *L.*
Cane, *v.* to chaſtiſe with a cane or walking ſtick
Cánicular, *a.* of or belonging to the dog-ſtar, *L.*
Caníne, *a.* dog-like, *L.*
Cániſter, *ſ.* a veſſel of tin or ſilver to hold tea, &c. *L.*
Cánker, *ſ.* a ſpreading ſore in the mouth
Cann, *ſ.* a wooden drinking veſſel
Cánnibal, *ſ.* a man eater
Cannon, *ſ.* a great gun, or piece of ordnance, *F.*
Cánnonáde, *v.* to fire cannon at, *F.*
Cánnonier, *ſ.* a gunner, the manager of a cannon, *F.*
Canoe, *ſ.* a boat made of the trunk of a tree
Cánon, *ſ.* a rule or church law, a prebendary
Cánon Law, *ſ.* eccleſiaſtical law
Canónical, *a.* authentic, according to the canon
Cánoniſt, *ſ.* a profeſſor of canon law
Canonization, *ſ.* the act of putting into the rank of ſaints
Canonize, *v.* to make a ſaint
Cánonry, *ſ.* an eccleſiaſtical benefice in a cathedral
Cánopy, *ſ.* a cloth of ſtate, *F.*
Cant, *ſ.* a kind of flattery, a falſe pretence of love and friendſhip
Cant, *v.* to whine or wheedle
Cantáta, *ſ.* a piece of vocal and inſtrumental muſic, *I.*
Cánter, *ſ.* an hypocrite, the gallop of an ambling horſe
Cánter, *v.* as a horſe
Canthárides, *ſ.* Spaniſh flies, uſed to raiſe bliſters, *L.*
Canticles, *ſ.* the book of Solomon's ſongs, *L.*
Cánto, *ſ.* a diviſion in an heroic poem, *I.*
Canton, *ſ.* a diviſion of a country, *F.*
Cánton, *v.* to divide into ſmall provinces
Cánvaſs, *v.* to ſift, examine, ſearch nicely into
Cánvaſs, *ſ.* a coarſe kind of cloth made of hemp
Cap, *ſ.* a covering for the head, *Ger.*
Cap-à-pée, or Cap-à-pié, from head to feet, *F.*
Cap, *v.* to cover the top, puzzle
Cap-paper, *ſ.* a ſort of coarſe browniſh paper
Capable, *a.* capacious, fit or able
Capácious, *a.* large, ſpacious, of great extent, *L.*
Capáciouſneſs, *ſ.* largeneſs
Capácitate, *v.* to render capable, to enable
Capácity, *ſ.* power of the mind, ability, condition, *L.*
Capáriſon, *ſ.* trappings, or furniture for a horſe, *Sp.*
Capáriſon, *v.* to dreſs with trappings

Cape, *ſ.* a neck-piece to a coat, a head of land, *F.*
Cáper, *ſ.* a fruit, a skip, or jump
Cáper, *v.* to skip, or jump up; to dance
Cápias, *ſ.* a writ of execution, *L.*
Cápital, *ſ.* the chief city of a nation, *L.*
Cápital, *a.* chief, principal, metropolitan
Cápital, *ſ.* the upper part of a pillar
Cápitally, *ad.* in a capital manner
Capitátion, *ſ.* numeration by heads, a poll-tax
Capítular, *ſ.* the ſtatutes of a chapter
Capítulate, *v.* to treat upon the terms of ſurrendering, *L.*
Capítulation, *ſ.* the ſurrendering of a town upon certain conditions
Cápon, *ſ.* a cock cut, or gelt, *L.*
Capót, *ſ.* a term at picquet
Capóuch, *ſ.* a friar's hood, *F.*
Caprice, *ſ.* freak, fantaſtic humour, whim, *F.*
Capricious, *a.* whimſical, unſettled, *F.*
Capriciouſneſs. *ſ.* *See* Caprice
Cápſtan, *ſ.* an engine to draw up great weights, *S.*
Cápſular, *a.* hollow like a cheſt, *L.*
Cáptain, *ſ.* a commander, *F.*
Cáption, *ſ.* the taking of a perſon
Cáptious, *a.* apt to take exceptions, quarrelſome, *L.*
Cáptivate, *v.* to win, overcome, enſlave, *L.*
Captive, *ſ.* a priſoner of war
Cáptive, *a.* taken in war, as a ſlave
Captívity, *ſ.* bondage, ſlavery
Captor, *ſ.* a prize
Cápture, *ſ.* a booty or prize, *L.*
Capuchín, a woman's garment
Capuchins, *ſ.* friars of the order of St. Francis, *F.*
Car, *ſ.* a ſtately chariot, a ſort of cart, *W.*

Carác, *ſ.* a large Portugueze ſhip
Caráct, *ſ.* a weight of 4 grains uſed by goldſmiths
Caraván, *ſ.* a carriage for carrying paſſengers, *F.*
Caravánſary, *ſ.* houſes for the free reception of paſſengers
Caravál, *ſ.* a light veſſel uſed in the Mediterranean
Cáráway, *ſ.* a well known ſeed
Carbine, *ſ.* a ſhort gun uſed by horſemen
Carbiniers, *ſ.* light horſemen, *F.*
Carbonádo, *v.* to cut acroſs and broil upon the coals, *F.*
Cárbuncle, *ſ.* a precious ſtone reſembling a burning coal, a blotch, *L.*
Carbuncled, *a.* pimply
Cárcaſs, *ſ.* a dead body, the ſhell of a building, *F.*
Cárcanet, *ſ.* a chain or collar of jewels, *F.*
Card, *ſ.* to play with, an inſtrument to dreſs wool with, *L.*
Card, *v.* to comb wool
Cárder, *ſ.* one who combs wool
Cárdiac, *a.* proper to comfort the heart, *G.*
Cárdinal, *a.* chief, principal
Cárdinal, *ſ.* a prince of the Romiſh church, a woman's cloak, *L.*
Care, *ſ.* heed, caution, trouble, anxiety
Care, *v.* to be affected with
Careén, *v.* to clean, refit, and mend a ſhip, *F.*
Career, *ſ.* riding, or driving full ſpeed, *F.*
Cáreful, *a.* anxious, cautious, diligent
Cárefully, *ad.* with care
Cárefulneſs, *ſ.* vigilance, caution
Cáreleſsly, *ad.* negligently
Cáreleſſneſs, *ſ.* inattention
Cáreleſs, *a.* negligent, inattentive

Caréſs, *v.* to treat obligingly, make much of, *F.*
Careſs, *ſ.* expreſſions of love, eſteem, friendſhip
Caret, *ſ.* a mark in writing under an interlineation, *L.*
Cárgo, *ſ.* a ſhip's lading
Cárious, *a.* foul, inclining to rottenneſs, *L.*
Cark, *v.* to be careful
Cárking, *a.* anxious, uneaſy
Cárkanet, *ſ.* a bracelet, or neck-lace, *F.*
Carman, *ſ.* one who drives a cart
Carmine, *ſ.* a bright red colour uſed in painting, *L.*
Cárnage, *ſ.* great ſlaughter, heaps of fleſh, *L.*
Cárnal, *a.* fleſhly, ſenſual, brutal
Cárnally, *ad.* according to the fleſh
Carnation, *ſ.* fleſh colour, the name of a flower
Carneous, *a.* fleſhy
Cárnival, *ſ.* a time of mirth and feaſting, *L.*
Carnívorous, *a.* birds or beaſts that eat fleſh, *L.*
Carnóſity, *ſ.* a fleſhly excreſſence, *L.*
Cárol, *ſ.* a ſong of joy, *S.*
Cároline, *ſ.* a woman's name
Cárot, *ſ.* a well known root, *F.*
Caroúſe, *v.* to drink freely, make merry
Carôuſer, *ſ.* a toper, drinker
Caroúſal, *ſ.* a feſtival
Carp, *ſ.* a pond or freſh water fiſh, *F.*
Carp, *v.* to cavil, cenſure, take exceptions, *L.*
Cárpenter, *ſ.* one ſkilled in carpentry
Cárpentry, *ſ.* the art of building houſes or ſhips, *F.*
Cárper, *ſ.* a caviller
Cárpet, *ſ.* a covering for a table, or floor, of various colours, *Du.*
Carping, *part.* captious, cenſorious
Carriage, *ſ.* a vehicle, conduct, *F.*
Cárrier, *ſ.* one who carries goods in a waggon, &c.
Cárrion, *ſ.* the fleſh of a ſtinking dead carcaſs
Carry, *v.* to convey from a place, to tranſport, to bear, *F.*
Carrot, *ſ.* a root
Cárrotty, *a.* red haired
Cárry, *v.* to bear, behave, gain
Cart, *ſ.* a carriage with two wheels
Cárte Blánche, *ſ.* a blank paper, *F.*
Cártel, *ſ.* an agreement between parties at war
Cárter, *ſ.* one who drives a cart
Cartéſian, *ſ.* a follower of Deſcartes
Cártilage, *ſ.* a griſtle, *L.*
Cartoón, *ſ.* a draught or deſign on paper, *F.*
Cartoúch, *ſ.* a caſe to hold gunpowder in
Cártridge, *ſ.* a paper caſe of gunpowder
Cártrut, *ſ.* cut by a cart wheel
Cártwright, *ſ.* a maker of carts
Carve, *v.* to cut figures in wood or ſtone, *S.*
Carver, *ſ.* one who cuts out figures in wood or ſtone
Cárving, *ſ.* ſculpture, figures carved
Caſcáde, *ſ.* a cataract or fall of water, *F.*
Caſe, *ſ.* a box or cover, a matter in queſtion, *F.*
Caſe, *v.* to cover
Cáſement, *ſ.* a part of a window which opens
Caſh, *ſ.* ready money, *F.*
Caſhier, *ſ.* a caſhkeeper, *F.*
Caſhier, *v.* to diſband or turn out of place
Caſhoo, *ſ.* an Indian tree
Cask, *ſ.* a helmet, a veſſel to hold liquor, *F.*
Cásket, *ſ.* a ſmall cheſt
Caſſia, *ſ.* a ſweet ſhrub, whoſe bark is ſpicy, *L.*
Caſſiowary, a bird almoſt as large as an oſtrich
Caſſock, *ſ.* a gown worn by clergymen
Caſt, *v.* to throw, to form by melting, *Dan.*
Caſtigátion, *ſ.* chaſtiſing, correcting, puniſhment, penance, *L.*
Cáſtle, *ſ.* a citadel or fortreſs, *L.*

Cáſtor,

Cáſtor, *ſ.* a beaver
Cáſtrate, *v.* to geld, to curtail a book, *L.*
Caſtrátion, *ſ.* gelding, curtailing
Cáſual, *a.* accidental, happening by chance, *F.*
Cáſually, *ad.* accidentally
Cáſualneſs, *ſ.* accidentalneſs
Cáſualty, *ſ.* an unforeſeen accident
Cáſuiſt, *ſ.* one who reſolves caſes of conſcience, *F.*
Cat, *ſ.* a domeſtic animal, a kind of ſhip, *Ger.*
Cátocómbs, *ſ.* places for burying the dead, *G.*
Cátalogue, *ſ.* an inventory, or liſt of particulars, *G.*
Catapláſm, *ſ.* a poultice, *G.*
Cátaract, *ſ.* a river falling from a precipice, *G.*
Catárrh, *ſ.* a falling down of humours into the throat, *G.*
Catárrhous, *a.* belonging to a catarrh
Catáſtrophè, *ſ.* an unhappy event, *G.*
Cátcal, *ſ.* a ſqueaking inſtrument
Catch, *ſ.* a ſhort and witty ſong
Catch, *v.* to ſtop, ſeize, enſare
Cátching, *part.* infectious
Catchword, *ſ.* the laſt word in a page
Catechétical, *a.* by queſtions and anſwers
Catechiſe, *v.* to inſtruct by queſtion and anſwer, *G.*
Catechiſm, *ſ.* a book of queſtions and anſwers, *G.*
Cátechiſt, *ſ.* one employed in catechiſing, *G.*
Catechiſmen, *ſ.* the perſon catechiſed, *G.*
Categórical, *a.* poſitive, expreſs to the purpoſe, *G.*
Categórically, *ad.* expreſsly
Cáter, *v.* to provide victuals
Cáterer, *ſ.* a purveyor, provider
Caterpillar, *ſ.* a worm well known
Cates, *ſ.* dainties, viands, food

Cathártic, *a.* purging medicines, *G.*
Cathédral, *ſ.* the head church of a dioceſe, *G.*
Catherine, *ſ.* a woman's name
Catheter, *ſ.* a ſurgeon's inſtrument
Cathóliciſm, *ſ.* univerſality, *G.*
Cathólic, *a.* general, univerſal
Cathólicon, *ſ.* an univerſal medicine, *G.*
Catkins, *ſ.* flowers hanging from a tree in ſtrings
Catſup, *ſ.* a preparation from muſhrooms
Cattle, *ſ.* beaſts of paſture, for labour or food
Cavalcáde, *ſ.* a proceſſion, *F.*
Cavaliér, *ſ.* a knight, gentleman, or trooper, *F.*
Cavaliér, *a.* gay, ſprightly, warlike, brave
Cavalierly, *ad.* ſoldierly, haughtily, arrogantly
Cávalry, *ſ.* the horſe in an army
Caudle, *ſ.* food for women in childbed
Cave, *ſ.* a den, or cell on the ſide of a rock, *L.*
Cáveat, *ſ.* a caution, a bill to ſtop proceedings, *L.*
Cávern, *ſ.* a natural cave, *L.*
Cavernous, *a.* full of caverns
Caught, *v.* did catch
Caviáre, *ſ.* roes of ſturgeon, pickled, *I.*
Cával, *v.* to raiſe frivolous objections, *L.*
Càviller, *ſ.* a captious diſputant
Cávin, *ſ.* a covert for ſoldiers in approaching a fortreſs, *F.*
Cavity, *ſ.* any hollow place, *F.*
Caul, *ſ.* the membrance that covers the bowels
Cáuliflówer, *ſ.* a ſort of cabbage
Cauſe, *ſ.* whatever produces an effect, *L.*
Cauſe, *v.* to occaſion, to produce
Cáuſeleſs, *a.* without cauſe
Cauſey, or Cauſeway, *ſ.* a raiſed way, *F.*
Cauſey, *a.* a cauſeway
Cáuſtic, *ſ.* of a burning or corroding quality, *G.*
Cáutelous, *a.* wary, heedful, *L.*

Cauterizátion,

Cauterizátion, *ſ.* burning with irons
Caúterize, *v.* to burn with a hot iron, *F.*
Caution, *ſ.* warning, care, circumſpection, *L.*
Caútion, *v.* to warn
Caútionary, *q.* giving ſecurity
Caútious, *a.* wary, ſlow, heedful
Cau'tiouſly, *ad.* in a watchful manner
Cau'tiouſneſs, *ſ.* watchfulneſs, prudence
Caw, *v.* to cry as a rook or crow
Ceaſe, *v.* to deſiſt, to diſcontinue, *L.*
Cédar, *ſ.* a large ever-green tree, *G.*
Cede, *v.* to yield up, *L.*
Cédrine, *a.* belonging to cedar
Ceil, *v.* to make a ceiling
Céiling, *ſ.* the inner roof
Célebrate, *v.* to ſolemnize, to honour with praiſes, *L.*
Celebrátion, *ſ.* ſolemnizing, *L.*
Celébrious, *a.* famous, honourable, *L.*
Celebrity, *ſ.* fame
Celerity, *ſ.* ſwiftneſs, ſpeed, *L.*
Célery, *ſ.* ſalad herb
Celéſtial, *a.* heavenly, *L.*
Célibacy, *ſ.* ſingle life, unmarried ſtate, *L.*
Cell, *ſ.* an hermit's cave, a little room, *L.*
Céllar, *ſ.* a room below the ground floor, *L.*
Céllular, *a.* made up of cavities
Cellarage, *ſ.* cellar room, rent paid for it
Cemént, *ſ.* ſtrong mortar, bond of union, *L.*
Cemént, *v.* to unite, to cauſe to cohere
Cemetéry, *ſ.* a place where the dead are depoſited, *G.*
Cénſer, *ſ.* a perfuming-pan, *F.*
Cénſor, *ſ.* a Roman magiſtrate, *L.*
Cenſorean, *a.* belonging to a Roman cenſor
Cenſórious, *a.* apt to cenſure
Cenſóriouſneſs, *ſ.* a diſpoſition to reproach
Cénſure, *ſ.* blame, reproach, *L.*
Cénſure, *v.* to find fault
Cénſurer, *ſ.* one who blames
Cent, or Centum, *ſ.* a hundred, *L.*
Céntaur, *ſ.* a fabulous monſter, *G.*
Céntipede, *ſ.* a poiſonous inſect
Céntral, *a.* relating to the center
Céntre, *ſ.* the middle point of any thing, *L.*
Centre, *v.* to terminate in a point
Céntric, *a.* placed in the centre
Céntry, *ſ.* a ſoldier who keeps watch
Centurion, a commander of 100 men, *L.*
Centuple, *a.* an hundred fold, *L.*
Century, *ſ.* an hundred years, *L.*
Céntury, *ſ.* a commander of a hundred ſoldiers, *L.*
Cephalic, *a.* good for the head
Cérate, *ſ.* a ſtrengthening plaiſter, *L.*
Cerated, *a.* waxed
Cerberus, *ſ.* according to the poets, a dog with three heads, *L.*
Cérecloth, *ſ.* a ſtrengthening plaiſter
Ceremónial, *ſ.* a regulation relating to a ceremony, *L.*
Ceremóniouſly, *a.* punctiliouſly reſpectful, *L.*
Céremony, *ſ.* pomp, or ſtate, formal compliments, *L.*
Cértain, *a.* ſure, evident, fixed, ſettled, *L.*
Cértainly, *ad.* ſurely, without fail
Cértainty, *ſ.* full aſſurance, *L.*
Certificate, *ſ.* a written teſtimony, *F.*
Cértify, *v.* to aſſure, or give notice, *F.*
Certiorári, *ſ.* a kind of writ
Certitude, *ſ.* certainly, *L.*
Céruſe, *ſ.* fine white lead, *L.*
Ceſs, *ſ.* a tax or aſſeſſment
Ceſs, *v.* to rate or tax
Ceſſátion, *ſ.* intermiſſion, giving over, *L.*

Céſſion, *ſ.* reſigning, or giving up
Ceſſment, *ſ.* a tax
Céſtus, *ſ.* the girdle of Venus, *L.*
Cetácious, *a.* of the whale kind
Chace, *ſ.* a place for hunting, hunting itſelf, *F.*
Chaſe, *v.* to heat, to fret the ſkin by rubbing, *F.*
Chaff, *ſ.* the huſks of corn, *S.*
Cháffer, *v.* to bargain, to haggle
Chafferer, *ſ.* a buyer
Chaffinch, *ſ.* a bird
Chaffy, *a.* full of chaff
Chaffingdiſh, *ſ.* an utenſil to put live coals in
Chagrin, *ſ.* vexation, trouble, grief, *F.*
Chágrin, *v.* to vex
Chain, *ſ.* links of gold, ſilver, iron, &c. *F.*
Chain, *v.* to faſten with a chain, &c. *F.*
Chair, *ſ.* a ſeat, ſedan, an open chaiſe, *F.*
Chaiſe, *ſ.* a kind of light open chariot, for one or more horſes, *F.*
Chalcágraphier, *ſ.* an engraver in braſs
Chaldron, *ſ.* a meaſure of coals, containing 36 buſhels
Chálice, *ſ.* a cup with a foot, *F.*
Chalk, *ſ.* a white foſſil, *F.*
Chalk, *v.* to rub with chalk
Chálky, *a.* containing chalk
Chállenge, *v.* to offer to fight, to claim, to except againſt, *F.*
Chállenge, *ſ.* an invitation to fight, a claim, *F.*
Chállenger, *ſ.* he who gives the challenge
Chaly'beate, *a.* impregnated with ſteel, *L.*
Chamade, *ſ.* a ſignal for a parley, by a drum or trumpet
Chamber, *ſ.* a room in a houſe, &c. *F.*
Chamber, *v.* to be wanton, to intrigue
Chámberlain, *ſ.* one who takes care of chambers
Chameleon, *ſ.* an animal, falſely ſaid to live upon air
Chamois, or Shammy, *ſ.* leather made of the ſkin of a goat
Champ, *v.* to chaw, *F.*
Champaign, *a.* fine open level, *F.*
Champignon, *ſ.* a kind of muſhroom, *F.*
Champion, *ſ.* one who fights for another, *F.*
Chance, *ſ.* fortune, accident, event
Chancel, *ſ.* part of a church, *L.*
Chancellor, *ſ.* the higheſt officer in the law, *L.*
Chancellorſhip, *ſ.* the office of chancellor
Chancery, *ſ.* a court of equity, *F.*
Chandelier, *ſ.* a branch for candles
Chándler, *ſ.* one who ſells candles, &c.
Change, *v.* to alter, to mend
Change, *ſ.* alteration, diverſity, ſmall money, *F.*
Chángeable, *a.* inconſtant, variable
Chángeableneſs, *ſ.* fickleneſs
Chángeling, *ſ.* a child changed, an ideot or fool
Chánger, *ſ.* an officer in the mint
Chánnel, *ſ.* a narrow ſea, a gutter, &c, *L.*
Chant, *v.* to ſing in the cathedral ſervice, *F.*
Chánter, *ſ.* the chief ſinger in a chathedral, *F.*
Chánticleer, *ſ.* a cock, *F.*
Chántreſs, *ſ.* a woman ſinger
Chantry, *ſ.* a chapel endowed for the ſinging of maſs for the dead, *F.*
Chaos, *ſ.* a confuſed jumble of different elements, *L.*
Chap, *ſ.* a chink or crack
Chap, *v.* to break into cracks
Chape, *ſ.* the metal at the point of a ſcabbard
Chápel, a ſmall church, *L.*

Chápelry,

Chápelry, *ſ.* the diſtrict of a chapel
Chaperon, *ſ.* a hood worn by the knights of the garter, *F.*
Chápiter, *ſ.* the capital of a column, *F.*
Cháplain, *ſ.* a domeſtic clergyman
Cháplainſhip, *ſ.* the office of a chaplain
Chaplet, *ſ.* a ſtring of beads, a wreath of flowers, &c. *F.*
Chápman, *ſ.* a buyer or cuſtomer,
Cháps, *ſ.* the lower part of the face, *S.*
Chapter, *ſ.* a diviſion of a book, an aſſembly of the clergy, *F.*
Char, *ſ.* a fiſh found in ſome lakes
Char, *ſ.* a ſmall job of houſehold work, *S.*
Cháracter, *ſ.* a letter in print or writing, reputation, *G.*
Charácteriſe, *v.* to give the character of perſons, *G.*
Characteriſtic, *ſ.* that which determines the character, *G.*
Chárcoal, *ſ.* wood burnt till it leaves off burning
Charge, *v.* to accuſe, to make debtor, to order. *F.*
Charge, *ſ.* a burden, expence, accuſation, &c. *F.*
Chárgeable, *a.* coſtly, liable to be accuſed
Chárger, *ſ.* a large diſh
Charineſs, *ſ.* caution, care, nicety
Chariot, *ſ.* a half coach, *F.*
Charioteer, *ſ.* one who drives a chariot
Cháritable, *a.* bountiful, kind, candid, *L.*
Cháritably, *ad.* kindly, bountifully
Chárity, *ſ.* a woman's name
Charity, *ſ.* love and candour, alms, *L.*
Chárlatan, *ſ.* a quack, *F.*
Chárles, *ſ.* a man's name
Chárlotte, *ſ.* a woman's name
Charm, *ſ.* a ſpell or inchantment, a pleaſing allurement, *F.*
Charm, *v.* to bewitch, delight extremely
Chármer, *ſ.* one who charms
Chárming, *a.* very pleaſing
Chármingly, *ad.* very pleaſingly
Chármingneſs, *ſ.* the power of pleaſing
Char'nelhouſe, *ſ.* where bones are depoſited
Chart, *ſ.* a delineation of the ſea coaſt, *L.*
Chárter, *ſ.* a royal patent granting privileges, *L.*
Chártered, *a.* privileged
Chaſe, *v.* to hunt; to raiſe gold or ſilver into figures, *F.*
Cháſer, *ſ.* one who chaſes gold or ſilver
Chaſm, *ſ.* a gap, or empty ſpace *G.*
Chaſte, *a.* pure, modeſt, continent
Cháſten, or chaſtiſe, *v.* to correct or puniſh, *F.*
Chaſtiſe, *v.* to puniſh or correct
Chaſtiſement, *ſ.* correction, puniſhment
Cháſtity, *ſ.* purity, modeſty, *F.*
Chaſtiſer, *ſ.* a corrector, puniſher
Cháſtly, *ad.* without incontinence
Chat, *v.* to talk, to prattle
Chat, *ſ.* prattle, familiar diſcourſe
Cháttels, *ſ.* any moveable goods
Chátter, *v.* to prate, to make a noiſe like ſome birds
Chátter, *ſ.* *See* Chat
Chátterer, *ſ.* an idle talker
Chauntry, *ſ.* a chapel founded for maſſes for the dead
Chaw, *v.* to maſticate or chew
Cheap, *a.* bought at a low price, *S.*
Chéapen, *v.* to beat down the price of goods
Chéapneſs, *ſ.* lowneſs of price
Cheat, *ſ.* an impoſition or fraud, an impoſtor
Cheat, *v.* to trick, to defraud

Check,

Check, *ſ.* a twitch or pluck
Check, *v.* to reprove, to repreſs
Checker, or Chequer, *ſ.* ſquares of different colours
Cheek, *ſ.* the ſide of the face, of a machine
Cheer, *ſ.* food, temper of mind
Cheer, *v.* to encourage, to comfort, to gladden
Cheerly, *a.* gay, cheerful, not gloomy
Cheérful, *a.* gay, full of mirth
Cheérfully, *ad.* with gayety
Cheérfulneſs, *ſ.* alacrity
Cheeſe, *ſ.* a food well known
Cheeſy, *a.* taſting of cheeſe
Chériſh, *v.* to comfort, nouriſh, ſupport, *F.*
Chériſher, *ſ.* a ſupporter, encourager
Chérry, *ſ.* a fruit
Chérry, *a.* ruddy
Chérub, or Cherubim, *ſ.* an order of angels, *H.*
Chérubic, *a.* like a cherub
Chérup, *v.* to chirp
Chéſnut, *ſ.* a kind of fruit
Cheſs, *ſ.* a game
Cheſt, *ſ.* a coffer or box, the breaſt, *F. S.*
Chevalier, *ſ.* a knight, or horſeman, *F.*
Chevaúx de Friſe, *ſ.* a military defence
Chew, *v.* to grind with the teeth
Chicánery, *ſ.* ſophiſtry in law
Chickens, *ſ.* the young of a hen
Chicken-pox, *ſ.* an eruptive diſeaſe
Chide, *v.* to rebuke, to blame, *S.*
Chief, *a.* head, principal, *F.*
Chiefly, *ad.* principally, eminently
Chieftain, *ſ.* a captain, leader or head
Chilblain, *ſ.* a ſoreneſs cauſed by cold or froſt
Child, *ſ.* a ſon or daughter, an infant
Childhood, *ſ.* infancy
Childermas-day, *ſ.* innocents day
Childiſh, *a.* ſilly, like a child, *S.*
Childiſhly, *ad.* ſimply, ignorantly
Childiſhneſs, *ſ.* ſimplicity, ignorance.
Childleſs, *a.* without children
Chill, or chilly, *a.* cold, depreſſed, dejected, *S.*
Chill, *v.* to make cold, deject
Chill, *ſ.* chilline ſs
Chilly, *a.* ſomewhat cold
Chime, *ſ.* a tune play'd on bells
Chime, *v.* to ſtrike upon bells muſically
Chiméra, *ſ.* an imaginary monſter
Chimérical, *ſ.* imaginary, fantaſtical, whimſical
Chimérically, *ad.* vainly, wildly
Chímney, *ſ.* a funnel for the conveyance of ſmoke, *F.*
Chimney-piece, *ſ.* the ornamental piece round the fire-place
Chin, *ſ.* the loweſt part of the face
China, *ſ.* cups, plates, &c. made in China
Chincough, *ſ.* a violent convulſive cough, *B.*
Chine, *ſ.* part of the back of an animal, *F.*
Chink, *ſ.* a cleft or crevice
Chink, *v.* to ring or ſound
Chints, *ſ.* fine Indian painted calicoe
Chip, *ſ.* a piece of wood chopped off by an ax
Chip, *v.* to cut into chips
Chirp, *v.* to imitate the noiſe of birds
Chirp, *ſ.* noiſe of birds
Chirurgery, *ſ.* ſurgery, *G.*
Chirurgical, *a.* belonging to a ſurgeon
Chiſſel, *ſ.* a carpenter's tool
Chit, *ſ.* a baby
Chit-chat, *ſ.* prattle, idle prate
Chitterlings, *ſ.* hogs guts cleaned, borders on the boſom of ſhirts
Chívalry, *ſ.* horſemanſhip, proweſs, *F.*
Chíves, *ſ.* the filaments in the middle of flowers

Chócolate,

Chócolate, *ſ.* a maſs made of the cacao nut
Choice, *ſ.* chuſing, variety, the thing choſen, *F.*
Choice, *a.* exquiſite, valuable
Choícely, *ad.* valuably, with care
Choir, *ſ.* a company of ſingers, part of a cathedral, *F.*
Choke, *v.* to ſtrangle, to ſtop up
Choke, *ſ.* a part of the artichoke
Chóler, *ſ.* the bile, anger, rage, *G.*
Chóleric, *a.* haſty, paſſionate
Chólerickneſs, *ſ.* anger, peeviſhneſs
Cholic, or colic, *ſ.* a violent pain in the bowels, *G.*
Chooſe, *v.* to make choice of, to ſelect, *S.*
Chooſer, *ſ.* one who chooſes
Chop, *ſ.* a gaſh, a thin ſlice of mutton or pork
Chop, *v.* to cut by a blow, to exchange
Chop'houſe, *ſ.* an eating houſe
Chópin, *ſ.* a quart is ſo called in Scotland
Chóral, *a.* belonging to the choir of a church, *L.*
Chord, *ſ.* a ſtring, *G.*
Chord, *v.* to tie with cords
Chóriſter, *ſ.* a ſinger in cathedrals
Chorógrapher, *ſ.* a deſcriber of places
Chorográphical, *a.* belonging to chorography
Chorógraphy, *ſ.* the art of deſcribing countries, *G.*
Chorus, *ſ.* a number of ſingers in conert, *L.*
Choſe, *v.* did chooſe
Chóſen, *part.* from chooſe
Chouſe, *v.* to defraud, trick, cozen
Chriſm, *ſ.* an ointment uſed by popiſh prieſts, *G.*
Chriſt, *ſ.* the anointed, the name of the Saviour of mankind, *G.*
Chriſten, *v.* to baptize
Chriſtendom, *ſ.* where chriſtianity is the national religion
Chriſtening, *ſ.* baptiſm
Chriſtian, *ſ.* a woman's name
Chriſtian, *ſ.* a profeſſor of chriſtianity
Chriſtiánity, *ſ.* the religion taught by Chriſt, *G.*
Chriſtian name, *ſ.* the name given at the time of baptiſm
Chriſtmas, *ſ.* the feaſt of the nativity of Chriſt
Chriſtopher, *ſ.* a man's name
Chronicle, *ſ.* an hiſtory, digeſted in order of time, *G.*
Chronical, *a.* diſeaſes of long continuance, *G.*
Chrónicle, *v.* to record in hiſtory
Chronologer, *ſ.* one ſkilled in chronology
Chronological, *a.* relating to chronology
Chronológically, *ad.* in the order of time
Chronólogiſt, *ſ.* a chronologer
Chronology, *ſ.* the ſcience of computing time
Chub, *ſ.* a river fiſh, a chevin
Chubby, *a.* fat, plump-faced
Chuck, *v.* to give a gentle blow under the chin
Chúckle, *v.* to burſt into frequent fits of laughter.
Chuff, *ſ.* a blunt clown
Chúffy, *a.* ſurly, fat
Chum, *ſ.* a bed-fellow, companion, *F.*
Chump, *ſ.* a ſhort thick piece of wood
Church, *ſ.* an aſſembly of chriſtians, a place of worſhip
Church, *v.* to return thanks there after lying in
Churl, *ſ.* a rude, ſurly fellow, *S.*
Chúrliſh, *a.* ſour, ill-natur'd, ſelfiſh
Chúrliſhneſs, *ſ.* rudeneſs, ſelfiſhneſs
Churn, *ſ.* a veſſel in which butter is made

Chuſe, *v.* to make choice of
Chyle, *ſ.* the food diſſolved in the ſtomach, *G.*
Chymical, or chemical, *a.* belonging to chymiſtry
Chy'miſt, or chemiſt, *ſ.* one who practiſes chymiſtry
Chy'miſtry, or chemiſtry, the ſeparation of bodies by fire, *G.*
Cicatrice, or cicatrix, *ſ.* a ſcar, *L.*
Cicatricula, *ſ.* the treddle of an egg
Cicatrize, *v.* to heal or ſkin over, *F.*
Cicely, *ſ.* a woman's name
Cider, *ſ.* a liquor made of the juice of apples
Ciderkin, *ſ.* ſmall cider
Cieling, *ſ.* the top of a room, *F.*
Cimeter, *ſ.* a crooked ſword
Cimmerian, *a.* gloomy, diſmal
Cincture, *ſ.* a girdle, a concave ring in a column, *L.*
Cinders, *ſ.* burnt coals
Cinnabar, *ſ.* vermilion, *G.*
Cinnamon, *ſ.* the ſpicy bark of an Indian tree
Cinque, *ſ.* the number five, *F.*
Cinquefoil, *ſ.* five leaved graſs, *F.*
Cion, *ſ.* a young ſhoot of a tree, *F.*
Cipher, *ſ.* the o in arithmetic, a ſecret character, *F.*
Cipher, *v.* to caſt accounts
Circle, *ſ.* a line drawn round, *L.*
Circled, *a.* in form of a circle
Circuit, *ſ.* a going round, a ſpace, diſtrict
Circular, *a.* round like a circle
Circulate, *v.* to move round, *L.*
Circumámbient, *a.* encompaſſing, *L.*
Circulation, *ſ.* the motion of any thing that moves round
Circumámbulate, *v.* to walk or ride round, *L.*
Circumciſe, *v.* to cut off the fore ſkin, *L.*
Circumciſion, *ſ.* the cutting off the fore ſkin, *L.*
Circúmference, *ſ* circuit, compaſs, *L.*
Circumfluent, *a.* flowing round, *L.*
Circumlocútion, *ſ.* a round about expreſſion
Circumrotátion, *ſ.* a wheeling or turning about, *L.*
Circumſcribe, *v.* to hem in, ſet bounds to, *L.*
Circumſcription, *ſ.* the bounds or limits, *L.*
Circumſpect, *a.* conſiderate, wary, *L.*
Circum'ſpection, *ſ.* caution, warineſs, *L.*
Circumſpective, *a.* attentive, cautious
Circumſpectly, *ad.* cautiouſly
Circumſpectneſs, *ſ.* cautiouſneſs
Circumſtance, *ſ.* an incident, condition, *L.*
Circumſtances, *ſ.* incidents, private fortune
Circumſtántial, *a.* very particular
Circumſtántially, *ad.* minutely, exactly
Circumſtántiate, *v.* to deſcribe with its circumſtances
Circumvallátion, *ſ.* a fortification round a place, *L.*
Circumvént, *v.* to cheat, over-reach, *L.*
Circumvéntion, *ſ.* deceit, over-reaching, *L.*
Circumvolútion, *ſ.* a rolling about, *L.*
Circus, or cirque, *ſ.* a round place of ſports, *L.*
Ciſt, *ſ.* a caſe, a tegument, *L.*
Ciſted, *a.* caſed or incloſed
Ciſtern, *ſ.* a receiver of water, *L.*
Cit, *ſ.* a contraction of citizen
Citádel, *ſ.* a ſort of caſtle to defend a city, *F.*
Citátion, *ſ.* a quotation, a ſummons, *L.*
Cite, *v.* to quote a paſſage, to ſummon, *L.*
Cithern. *See* Cittern
Citizen, *ſ.* an inhabitant or freeman of a city, *F.*
Citrine, *a.* of a lemon colour
Cittern, a muſical inſtrument, *L.*
City, *ſ.* a town corporate, the ſee of a biſhop, *F.*

Civet, *ſ.* a perfume, obtained from a Civet cat, *F.*
Civic, *a.* relating to civil matters
Civil, *a.* courteous, obliging, *L.*
Civilian, *ſ.* a ſtudent, or profeſſor of civil law, *L.*
Civility, *ſ.* courteſy, politeneſs, *L.*
Civilize, *v.* to make civil, *F.*
Civilly, *ad.* politely
Cize, *ſ.* the bigneſs of a thing
Clack, *ſ.* a prattler or buſy body, the tongue
Clack, *v.* to rattle, to let the tongue run
Clad, *a.* clothed
Claim, *ſ.* demand
Claim, *v.* to challenge or demand
Cláimable, *a.* that may be claimed
Cláimant, *ſ.* one who lays claim to
Clámber, *v.* to climb, *T.*
Clámmineſs, *ſ.* viſcoſity, or ſtrickneſs
Clámmy, *a.* viſcous, ſticky, *S.*
Clamour, *ſ.* a noiſy outcry, or complaint, *L.*
Clámour, *ſ.* vociferation, noiſe, *L.*
Clámorous, *a.* noiſy, quarrelſome
Clamp, *ſ.* a quantity of bricks
Clamp, *v.* to join ends of boards
Clan, *ſ.* a tribe or family, *W.*
Clandeſtine, *a.* ſecret, hidden, private, *L.*
Clángor, *ſ.* a ſharp ſhrill noiſe
Clank, *ſ.* the noiſe of fetters and irons
Clap, *ſ.* a blow, an exploſion of thunder, *S.*
Clápper, *ſ.* the tongue of a bell, one who claps
Clare, *ſ.* a woman's name
Clarencieux, *ſ.* the ſecond king at arms
Cláre-obſcure, *ſ.* light and ſhade
Cláret, *ſ.* the name for the red wines of France, *F.*
Clarification, *ſ.* the making liquors clear or fine, *F.*
Clarify, *v.* to make clear, *F.*
Clárion, *ſ.* a ſhrill trumpet, *L.*
Cláry, *ſ.* an herb
Claſh, *v.* to beat or daſh againſt, *Du.*
Claſp, *ſ.* a holdfaſt made in ſeveral forms, *B.*
Claſp, *v.* to hold faſt, to ſhut with a claſp
Claſs, *ſ.* an order, rank, or degree, *L.*
Cláſs, *v.* to range in order
Cláſſical, *a.* of the firſt rank, *L.*
Cláttar, *ſ.* a noiſe by ſtriking two bodies together
Clatter, *v.* to make a noiſe, to talk idly, *S.*
Clave, *v.* did cleave
Clauſe, *ſ.* an article, a condition in a deed, *L.*
Claw, *v.* to ſcratch, to claw, *T.*
Claws, *ſ.* the nails of bird or beaſt
Cláwed, *a.* ſcratched, armed with claws
Clay, *ſ.* a fat clammy kind of earth
Clay, *v.* to cover with clay
Clay-cold, *a.* as cold as earth
Clayey, *a.* containing clay
Clean, *a.* pure or neat, *S.*
Clean, *v.* to purify or make clean
Clean, *ad.* quite, fully, perfectly
Cléanlily, *ad.* in a cleanly manner
Cléanlineſs, *ſ.* neatneſs, purity
Cléanly, *a.* free from dirt, pure in perſon
Cléanneſs, *ſ.* neatneſs
Cleanſe, *v.* to make clean
Cléanſer, *ſ.* that makes clean
Clear, *a.* bright, tranſparent, fair, *L.*
Clear, *v.* to grow bright, to acquit
Cléarance, *ſ.* a certificate that a ſhip is cleared
Cléarly, *ad.* brightly, plainly
Clearneſs, *ſ.* tranſparency, brightneſs, ſplendor
Cleave, *v.* to ſplit aſunder, to gape or open wide, to ſtick to, *S.*
Cléaver, *ſ.* a butcher's inſtrument to cut animals into joints

Cleff,

Cleff, *ſ.* a mark or character in muſic, *F.*
Cleft, *ſ.* a chap, chink, or opening
Clémency, *ſ.* mildneſs, gentleneſs, mercy, *L.*
Clément, *a.* mild, gentle, humane
Clench, *v.* to bend the point of a nail driven
Clérgy, *ſ.* eccleſiaſtics, *I.*
Clérgyman, *ſ.* one in holy orders
Clérical, *a.* belonging to a clergyman, *L.*
Clerk, *ſ.* a clergyman, book-keeper, a ſcholar, *L.*
Clérkſhip, *ſ.* the office of a clerk
Cléver, *a.* ſkilful, ingenious, well ſhaped
Cléverly, *ad.* dexterouſly
Cléverneſs, *ſ.* dexterity, ſkill
Clew, *ſ.* a bottom of thread, yarn, &c. *S.*
Click, *v.* to make a ſharp ſucceſſive noiſe
Clicker, *ſ.* a caller in at a ſhop, *Du.*
Clicket, *ſ.* a mill cleck
Client, *ſ.* one who retains a lawyer, *S.*
Cliff, *ſ.* part of a rock, *S.*
Climactéric, *a.* aſcending, dangerous, *G.*
Climate, *ſ.* the general temperature of the air, *G.*
Climb, *v.* to mount or aſcend with difficulty
Clime, *ſ.* climate, region, *G.*
Clinch, *v.* to cloſe the hand hard, *S.*
Clinch, *ſ.* a pun, an ambiguity
Clincher, *ſ.* a holdfaſt, a notorious lye
Cling, *v.* to ſtick cloſe to, *S.*
Clink, *v.* to ring or ſound, as metal does, *T.*
Clinker, *ſ.* a paving brick, bad cinders
Clio, *ſ.* one of the nine muſes
Clip, *v.* to cut with a pair of ſhears or ſciſſars, *S.*
Clipper, *ſ.* a money cutter
Clippings, *ſ.* bits clipped from any thing
Cloak, *v.* to hide, cover, conceal
Cloak, *ſ.* a looſe outward garment, a cover, *S.*
Cloaths, *ſ.* garments, the covering of a bed, *S.*
Clock, *ſ.* an inſtrument for meaſuring time, *T.*
Clock, *ſ.* an ornament of a ſtocking, a beetle
Clock-work, *ſ.* movements by weights or ſprings
Clod, *ſ.* a lump of dry dirt, ſtupid clown, *S.*
Clod, *v.* to coagulate
Cloddy, *a.* full of clods
Clódpate, *ſ.* a ſtupid fellow
Clodpáted, *a.* doltiſh, ſtupid
Clog, *v.* to incumber, coaleſce
Clog, *ſ.* an hindrance, a cover for the foot
Cloiſter, *ſ.* a ſquare with piazzas, a convent, *L.*
Cloiſter, *v.* to ſhut up in a convent
Cloiſtered, *part.* ſolitary
Cloſe, *v.* to conclude, to ſhut up, *F.*
Cloſe, *ſ.* an incloſed field, the concluſion
Cloſe, *a.* ſhut, faſt, private, conciſe
Clóſely, *ad.* ſecretly, nearly
Clóſeneſs, *ſ.* nearneſs, privacy
Clóſet, *ſ.* a ſmall room
Clóſet, *v.* to ſhut up in private
Clóſure, *ſ.* the ſhutting up, concluſion, concealed
Clot, *ſ.* a lump of congealed blood, &c.
Clot, *v.* to coagulate, to form clots
Cloth, *ſ.* linen or woollen, *S.*
Clothe, *v.* to furniſh with cloaths, to dreſs
Clóthier, *ſ.* a maker of woollen cloths
Clóthings, *ſ.* garments, dreſs
Clótty, *a.* full of clots
Cloud, *ſ.* a collection of vapours in the air
Cloud, *v.* to darken with clouds, to obſcure
Cloúdcapt, *a.* topped with clouds
Cloudineſs, *ſ.* dulneſs, heavineſs
Cloúdleſs, *a.* clear
Cloúdy, *a.* overſpread with clouds

Clove, *ſ.* an Indian ſpice, piece of garlic, *S.*
Clóven, *part.* cleft, or divided
Clóver, *ſ.* an excellent kind of graſs, *S.*
Clough, *ſ.* an allowance in weights
Clouts, *ſ.* rags, ſmall pieces of linen, *S.*
Clout, *v.* to patch, mend coarſely
Clóuted, *part. a.* congealed, coagulated
Clóuterly, *a.* clumſy
Clow'n, *ſ.* a ruſtick, ill-bred fellow
Clow'niſh, *a.* ill-bred, unmannerly
Clow'niſhly, *ad.* rudely, clumſily
Clow'niſhneſs, *ſ.* ruſticity, rudeneſs
Cloy, *v.* to glut, ſatiate, ſurfeit, *F.*
Club, *ſ.* a thick ſtick, a mark in cards, *S.*
Club, *v.* to join in common expences
Cluck, *v.* to make a noiſe as a hen calling her chicks, *S.*
Clump, *ſ.* a ſhapeleſs piece of wood
Clúmſineſs, *ſ.* awkwardneſs
Clúmſy, *a.* thick ſet, aukward, unhandy
Clung, *v.* did cling
Clúſter, *ſ.* a bunch, a heap, *S.*
Clúſter, *v.* to grow in bunches
Clutch, *ſ.* the graſp, gripe, hands
Clútter, *ſ.* noiſe, buſtle, ſtir, *L. S.*
Cly'ſter, *ſ.* a liquid medicine, *G.*
Coach, *ſ.* a well known carriage, *F.*
Coach, *v.* to ride in a coach
Coadjú or, *ſ.* an aſſiſtant, *F.*
Coágulate, *v.* to thicken, or congeal, *L.*
Coagulátion, *ſ.* concretion, congelation
Coal, *ſ.* a mineral fuel, *Ger.*
Coaléſce, *v.* to unite, join, grow together, *L.*
Coaléſcence, *ſ.* concretion, union
Coalítion, *ſ.* a cloſing, or uniting, *L.*
Coarſe, *a.* not fine, unpoliſhed
Cóarſely, *ad.* meanly, rudely
Cóarſeneſs, *ſ.* meanneſs, rudeneſs
Coaſt, *ſ.* land lying next the ſea, *F.*
Coaſt, *v.* to ſail along the ſhore
Coaſter, *ſ.* a veſſel that trades along the coaſt, *F.*
Coat, *ſ.* a man's outward garment, *S.*
Coat, *v.* to put a child in coats
Coax, *v.* to wheedle, flatter, fondle
Cóaxer, *ſ.* a wheedler, flatterer
Cóbble, *v.* to mend ſhoes, to bungle, *Dan.*
Cóbbler, *ſ.* one that mends ſhoes, a bungler
Cóbweb, *ſ.* a ſpider's web
Cochinéal, *ſ.* a drug uſed in dying ſcarlet, *Sp.*
Cock, *ſ.* the male among birds, a kind of tap, a pile of hay, part of a gun
Cockáde, *ſ.* a ribbon on a hat
Cóckatrice, *ſ.* a kind of ſerpent with a head like a cock
Cócker, *v.* to indulge, pamper
Cócket, *ſ.* a cuſtom-houſe ſeal
Cóckle, *ſ.* a ſhell-fiſh, a weed
Cóckle, *v.* to pucker up, or wrinkle
Cóckled, *a.* puckered
Cóckney, *ſ.* a nickname for a Londoner
Cóckpit, *ſ.* a place where game cocks fight
Cockrel, *ſ.* a young cock
Cóckſcomb, *ſ.* part of a cock's head, an impertinent man, a flowering plant
Cockſwain, *ſ.* the commander of a ſhip's boat
Cocoa, *ſ.* a kind of large nut
Cóction, *ſ.* the act of boiling
Cod, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh, a huſk, ſhell or bag
Coddle, *v.* to parboil
Code, *ſ.* a volume of the civil law, *L.*
Códicil, *ſ.* a ſupplement to a will, *L.*
Códling, *ſ.* a ſummer apple
Coéqual, *a.* equal to each other
Coequálity, *ſ.* the ſtate of being equal
Coérce, *v.* to reſtrain by force

Coércible,

Coércible, *a.* that may be reſtrained, *L.*
Coércion, *ſ.* a reſtraining or limiting, *L.*
Coércive, *a.* ſerving to keep in or reſtrain, *L.*
Coeſſéntial, *a.* of the ſame eſſence, *L.*
Coetérnal, *a.* equally eternal
Coéval, *a.* of the ſame age, *L.*
Coexíſt, *v.* to exiſt together
Coexíſtence, *ſ.* exiſtence at the ſame time
Coexíſtent, *a.* exiſting at the ſame time, *L.*
Coffee, *ſ.* a berry, and liquor made of it, *Ar.*
Coffer, *ſ.* a cheſt, *Ger.*
Cófferer, *ſ.* an officer in the king's houſhold
Cóffin, *ſ.* a caſe for a dead body, *F.*
Cog, *v.* to cajole, change a dye, lie
Cog, *ſ.* the tooth of a wheel
Cógency, *ſ.* force, ſtrength, *L.*
Cógent, *a.* compelling, preſſing, forcing, *L.*
Cógger, *ſ.* a deceiver, flatterer
Cógitate, *v.* to muſe or think upon, *L.*
Cogitátion, *ſ.* thought, *L.*
Cognátion, *ſ.* relation, kindred, *L.*
Cognition, *ſ.* knowing or judging, *L.*
Cógnizable, *ſ.* ſubject to notice on trial
Cógnizance, *ſ.* notice, obſervation, knowledge
Cohábit, *v.* to dwell together, as man and wife, *L.*
Cohábitant, *a.* a living in one place
Coheir, *ſ.* a joint heir with another, *L.*
Cohéireſs, *ſ.* a joint heireſs
Cohere, *v.* to ſtick together, to agree with, *L.*
Cohérence, *ſ.* a cleaving together, *L.*
Cohérent, *a.* conſiſtent, ſticking together
Cohéſion, *ſ.* the ſtate of coherence
Cohórt, *ſ.* a body of 5 or 600 foot ſoldiers, *L.*
Coif, *ſ.* a ſort of cap, *F.*
Coifed, *a.* wearing a cap, made ſerjeant at law

Coil, *v.* to wind up in the form of a ring
Coil, *ſ.* a rope rolled up in circles
Coin, *ſ.* ſtamped money
Coin, *v.* to ſtamp money, to invent, or forge
Coínage, *ſ.* coining of money
Coincide, *v.* to agree with
Coincident, *a.* happening together, *F.*
Coíner, *ſ.* a minter, inventer
Coits, *ſ.* iron plates like horſe ſhoes uſed to play with
Coition, *ſ.* copulation, *L.*
Coke, *ſ* burnt coals
Colature, *ſ.* any ſtrained liquor
Cold, *a.* not hot, indifferent, careleſs
Cold, *ſ.* the contrary to heat, a diſorder, *S.*
Cóldly, *ad.* indifferently, negligently
Cóldneſs, *ſ.* want of heat, coyneſs
Cole, *ſ.* a plant
Cólic, *ſ.* a pain in the bowels
Collar, *v.* to ſeize by the collar
Cóllar, *ſ.* that part of a garment round the neck, *L.*
Collate, *v.* to beſtow, to examine, or compare, *L.*
Colláteral, *a.* ſideways, not in a direct line, *L.*
Collátion, *ſ.* a handſome treat or entertainment, *L.*
Colleágue, *ſ.* an aſſociate in the ſame office, *L.*
Collect, *ſ.* a ſhort prayer, *L.*
Colléct, *v.* to gather together, *L.*
Colléction, *ſ.* a gathering together, the things collected, *L.*
Colléctive, *a.* gathered together in one parcel, *L.*
Colléctively, *ad.* in a body
Collector, *ſ.* one who collects
Cóllege, *ſ.* a houſe of learning, *L.*

Collégial, *a.* belonging to a college
Collégian, *ſ.* a member of a college
Collégiate, *a.* like a college
Collegiate Church, *ſ.* one that has a dean, canons, &c.
Cóllier, *ſ.* a coalſhip, one who works in coal-pits
Colliſion, *ſ.* the ſtriking of one body againſt another, *L.*
Collógue, *v.* to flatter, cajole, or coax
Collóp, *ſ.* a ſlice of fleſh
Colloquy, *ſ.* a dialogue, talk, *L.*
Collúſion, *ſ.* deceit, cozenage,
Collúſive, *a.* fraudulently, concerted
Colluſory, *a.* by colluſion
Collúſively, *ad.* with colluſion
Cólon, *ſ.* the great gut, a point marked [:], *G.*
Colonel, *ſ.* the chief commander of a regiment, *F.*
Colonáde, *ſ.* a range of columns, *I.*
Cólony *ſ.* a plantation
Coloſſus, *ſ.* a large ſtatue, *G.*
Collóſſean, *a.* huge, large, maſſy
Cólour, *ſ.* as green, red, blue, &c. a pretence, *L.*
Cólour, *v.* to dye, ſtain, &c. to bluſh
Cólours, *ſ.* the banner of a company of ſoldiers
Cólourable, *a.* plauſible
Cóloured, *a.* ſtained, painted
Colt, *ſ.* a young horſe, mare, or aſs, *S.*
Colter, *ſ.* the iron of a plough which cuts the ground, *Du.*
Cóltiſh, *a.* wanton
Colúmbary, *ſ.* a pigeon-houſe, *L.*
Column, *ſ.* a round pillar, part of a page, *L.*
Comb, *ſ.* an utenſil to diſintangle the hair
Comb, *v.* to divide and dreſs with a comb
Cómbat, *v.* to fight, to ſtruggle againſt, *F.*
Cómbat, *ſ.* a battle or fight, *F.*
Cómbatant, *ſ.* a champion, a perſon that fights
Combinátion, *ſ.* a joining together, a conſpiracy, *L.*
Combine, *v.* to unite, join, plot, conſpire
Combúſtible, *a.* conſumeable, by fire
Combuſtion, *ſ.* a burning, tumult, hub-bub
Come, *v.* to approach, to happen, *S.*
Comédian, *ſ.* an actor, or actreſs of plays, *G.*
Cómedy, *ſ.* a merry dramatic repreſentation
Cómelineſs, *ſ.* agreeableneſs, a good mien, decency
Cómely, *a.* agreeable, decent, becoming
Cómet, *ſ.* a blazing ſtar, *G.*
Cómfit, *ſ.* a kind of dry ſweetmeats, *F.*
Cómfiture, *ſ.* ſweetmeats
Cómfort, *v.* to ſtrengthen, conſole
Cómfort, *ſ.* ſupport, conſolation, *F.*
Cómfortable, *a.* refreſhing, giving comfort
Cómfortably, *ad.* with comfort
Cómforter, *ſ.* who conſoles, comforts
Cómfortleſs, *a.* void of comfort
Cómical, *a.* jocoſe, merry, humourous, *G.*
Cómic, *a.* comical, relating to comedy, *G.*
Cóming-in, *ſ.* income, revenue
Coming, *a.* fond, forward, ready to come, future
Comítial, *a.* relating to aſſemblies
Cómma, *ſ.* a point marked thus, [,], *G.*
Command, *v.* to order, to have the conduct of, *F.*
Cómmand, *ſ.* the right of commanding, an order
Commánder, *ſ.* a chief
Commándment, *ſ.* a law or precept, *S.*

Commémorable,

Commémorable, *a.* deſerving of notice
Commémorate, *v.* to celebrate the memory of, *L.*
Commemorátion, *ſ.* a ſolemn remembrance
Commémorative, *a.* in remembrance of
Comménce, *v.* to begin, or enter upon, *F.*
Comméncement, *ſ.* the beginning, *F.*
Commend, *v.* to recommend, to praiſe, *L.*
Comménda ble, *a.* praiſe worthy
Comménda bly, *ad.* laudably
Comménda m, *ſ.* the holding a benefice till it is diſpoſed of, *L.*
Comménda tory, *a.* ſerving to recommend, *L.*
Commendation, *ſ.* praiſe
Commenſurability, *ſ.* commenſurableneſs
Comménſurable, *a.* reducible to a common meaſure, *L.*
Comménſurableneſs, *ſ.* proportion
Comménſurate, *a.* reducible to a meaſure
Commenſuration, *ſ.* reduction to a meaſure
Comment, *v.* to explain, write notes upon
Cómment, *ſ.* an expoſition, *L.*
Cómmentary, *ſ.* a remark, notes upon
Commentátor, *ſ.* an expoſitor, annotator
Cómmerce, *ſ.* trade, intercourſe, *L.*
Commércial, *a.* relating to trade
Comminátion, *ſ.* denouncing judgments, *L.*
Comminatory, *a.* threatning
Comminútion, *ſ.* grinding or crumbling into ſmall parts, *L.*
Commíſerate, *v.* to pity, compaſſionate, *L.*
Commiſerátion, *ſ.* pity or compaſſion
Cómmiſſary, *ſ.* a muſter-maſter in an army, *F.*
Commiſſion, *ſ.* a power to act for another, *F.*
Commiſſion, *v.* to empower one to act for another
Commiſſioner, *ſ.* a perſon who has a commiſſion to act
Commit, *v.* to perpetrate, to ſend to priſon, *L.*
Commitment, *ſ.* the act of ſending to priſon
Committee, *ſ.* perſons to whom buſineſs is referred
Committible, *a.* liable to be committed
Commix, *v.* to mix, or mingle, *L.*
Commóde, *ſ.* a ſort of a head-dreſs for women, *F.*
Commódious, *a.* convenient, *L.*
Commódioúſly, *ad.* conveniently
Commódioúſneſs, *ſ.* conveniency
Commódity, *ſ.* goods, convenience
Commodóre, *ſ.* a commander of a ſquadron of ſhips
Cómmon, *ſ.* a free paſture, *L.*
Cómmon, *a.* public, uſual, frequent, *L.*
Commoner, *ſ.* a repreſentative of the people in parliament
Cómmonálty, *ſ.* the common people
Commonition, *ſ.* advice, warning
Cómmonly, *ad.* frequently, uſually
Cómmonneſs, *ſ.* frequency
Commons, *ſ.* parliament men, commonalty
Commons, *ſ.* food, diet, fare
Commonwealth, *ſ.* a republic
Commótion, *ſ.* tumult, diſturbance, *L.*
Commúne, *v.* to converſe, *L.*
Commúnicable, *a.* that may be communicated
Commúnicant, *ſ.* one who receives the Lord's ſupper
Commúnicate, *v.* to impart, to receive the ſacrament
Communicátion, *ſ.* imparting, an intercourſe
Commúnicative, *a.* free, open, ready to impart
Commúnion, *ſ.* fellowſhip, union, the Lord's ſupper

Commúnity, *ſ.* a ſociety under the ſame government, *L.*
Commútable, *a.* that may be changed
Commutátion, *ſ.* changing or bartering, ranſom, *L.*
Commúte, *v.* to buy off a puniſhment
Cómpact, *a.* cloſe, well joined, brief and pithy
Cómpact, *ſ.* agreement, bargain, contract
Compáctly, *ad* cloſely
Compáctneſs, *ſ.* cloſeneſs, firmneſs
Compages, *ſ.* a ſyſtem of many parts united, *L.*
Compánion, *ſ.* a partner, a comrade, *F.*
Cómpany, *ſ.* a number of people met together, *F.*
Cómpany, *v.* to aſſociate with
Cómparable, *a.* that may be compared, *L.*
Compárative, *a.* capable of compariſon, *L.*
Compáratively, *ad.* by way of compariſon
Compáre, *v.* to liken, to examine, *L.*
Compáre *ſ.* compariſon
Compáriſon, *ſ.* the act of comparing, a ſimily
Compártment, *ſ.* a diviſion, *F.*
Cómpaſs, *v.* to encircle, to attain
Cómpaſs, *ſ.* the extent or limit of a thing, *F.*
Cómpaſſes, *ſ.* an inſtrument for to make circles, &c.
Compáſſion, *ſ.* pity, mercy, painful ſympathy, *L.*
Compáſſionate, *v.* to pity, to commiſerate
Compaſſionately, *ad.* tenderly
Cómpatibility, *ſ.* conſiſtency
Compátible, *a.* ſuitable or conſiſtent, *F.*
Compatriót, *ſ.* a fellow-ſubject
Compeér, *ſ.* an equal or companion, *F.*
Compél, *v.* to force to ſome act, *L.*
Compéllable, *a.* that may be forced
Compéndious, *a.* ſhort, brief, *L.*
Compéndiouſly, *ad.* ſummarily
Compendiouſneſs, *ſ.* brevity
Compéndium, *ſ.* an abridgement, *L.*
Compénſate, *v.* to recompenſe, *L.*
Compénſation, *ſ.* a recompenſe, an equivalent
Competence, *ſ.* a ſufficiency, *L.*
Competent, *a.* ſufficient, able
Competition, *ſ.* ſtriving to obtain, rivalry, *L.*
Compétitor, *ſ.* a rival, opponent, *L.*
Compilátion, *ſ.* a collection from books
Compile, *v.* to collect from ſeveral authors, *L.*
Compiler, *ſ.* one who compiles books
Complácency, or Complacence, *ſ.* delight in, ſatisfaction, *F.*
Complácent, *a.* civil, affable
Compláin, *v.* to bewail, to find fault, *F.*
Compláinant, *ſ.* a plaintiff, *F.*
Compláint, *ſ.* an accuſation, a diſeaſe, *F.*
Complaiſance, *ſ.* an obliging carriage, *F.*
Complaiſant, *a* obliging, civil
Complaiſantly, *ad.* in a civil manner
Compleat. *See* Complete
Cómplement, *ſ.* the whole number
Compléte, *a.* perfect, full, finiſhed, *L.*
Compléte, *v.* to finiſh
Complétely, *ad.* fully, perfectly
Compléteneſs, *ſ.* perfection
Complétion, *ſ.* fulfilling, finiſhing
Complex, *a.* compounded, intricate, *L.*
Complexneſs, *ſ.* complication
Complexion, *ſ.* the colour, habit of body, *L.*
Compléxly, *ad.* intricately
Compliance, *ſ.* readineſs to yield to the ſentiments of others, *F.*
Compliant, *a.* yielding, flexible, *F.*
Cómplicate, *v.* to interweave, entangle
Cómplicated, *a.* folded together, intricate, *L.*
Complication, *ſ.* a collection of things, *L.*
Cómpliment, *ſ.* an expreſſion of reſpect, *F.*

Complimental,

Complimental, *a.* obliging or ceremonious, *F.*
Comply, *v.* to yield, to submit, *L.*
Componant, *a.* constituent, *L.*
Compórt, *v.* to behave, to demean one's self, *F.*
Compórt, *ſ.* conduct, behaviour
Compórtment, *ſ.* behaviour, demeanour
Compóſe, *v.* to make up, arrange, quiet, *L.*
Compóſed, *a.* calm, ſedate, ſerious
Compóſedly, *ad.* ſeriouſly, calmly
Compóſedneſs, *ſ.* calmneſs
Compóſer, *ſ.* an author, writer
Compoſition, *ſ.* a mixture, invention, agreement, *L.*
Compóſitor, *ſ.* one who ſets the letters for the preſs, *F.*
Compoſt, *ſ.* manure
Compóſure, *ſ.* calmneſs of mind, ſedateneſs
Compotátion, *ſ.* a drinking bout, *L.*
Compound, *v.* to mingle, to come to terms, *L.*
Compóund, *ſ.* made up of different parts, *L.*
Compóunder, *ſ.* he who brings to terms, mixer
Comprehénd, *v.* to contain, to underſtand, *L.*
Comprehénſible, *a.* what may be comprehended
Comprehénſion, *ſ.* capacity, apprehenſion
Comprehénſive, *a.* full, ſignificant
Compréſs, *v.* to preſs together, to embrace, *L.*
Cómpreſs, *ſ.* a bolſter of linen on a wound
Compréſſible, *a.* that may be preſſed cloſe
Compréſſion, *ſ.* a ſqueezing cloſe
Compréſſure, *ſ.* the preſſing againſt, *F.*
Compriſe, *v.* to contain, include, take in, *F.*
Compromíſe, *v.* to adjuſt by agreement, *L.*
Comptról, *v.* to over-rule, ſuperviſe
Comptróller, *ſ.* an intendant, or overſeer, *F.*
Comptróllerſhip, *ſ.* the place of comptroller
Compúlſatory, *a.* compelling
Compúlſion, *ſ.* force, conſtraint

Compúlſive, *a.* forcing or conſtraining
Compúlſively, *ad.* by violence
Compúlſorily, *ad.* by violence or force
Compúlſory, *a.* compelling
Compúnction, *ſ.* remorſe of conſcience, *L.*
Compúnctive, *a.* cauſing remorſe
Compúrgation, *ſ.* the clearing of a perſon by oath, *L.*
Compúrgator, *ſ.* one who vouches for another
Compútable, *a.* that may be computed
Compútation, *ſ.* an eſtimate or caſting up, *L.*
Compúte, *v.* to reckon or caſt up
Cómrade, *ſ.* a companion, *F.*
Con, *v.* to ſtudy, know
Concátenate, *v.* to link together
Concatenátion, *ſ.* a ſeries of links, *L.*
Concáve, *a* hollow, vaulted, *L.*
Concávity, *ſ.* the inſide cavity of a round body, *L.*
Conceál, *v.* to hide, keep ſecret, *L.*
Conceálable, *a.* that may be concealed
Conceálment, *ſ.* the act of concealing, *L.*
Concéde, *v.* to yield or grant, *L.*
Conceit, *ſ.* fancy, opinion
Conceit, *v.* to imagine, believe
Conceited, *a.* proud, affected, fantaſtical
Conceitedly, *ad.* proud, fantaſtically
Conceitedneſs, *ſ.* pride, fantaſticalneſs
Conceivable, *a.* that may be underſtood
Conceive, *v.* to apprehend, to become pregnant, *F.*
Concent, *ſ.* conſiſtency, harmony, *L.*
Concenter, *v.* to meet in the ſame center, *L.*
Concentric, *a.* having the ſame center
Conceptible, *a.* intelligible
Conception, *ſ.* an idea, conceiving in the womb, *L.*
Concérn, *v.* to intereſt, to trouble or affect

Concérn,

Concérn, *ſ.* an affair or buſineſs, trouble, care, *F.*
Concérning, *pr.* relating to
Concérnment, *ſ.* concern
Concért, *v.* to contrive, take meaſures
Cóncert, *ſ.* a piece of muſic of ſeveral parts
Concerto, *ſ.* a concert, *I.*
Concéſſion, *ſ.* a yielding, a grant, *L.*
Conch, *ſ.* a ſhell, a ſea-ſhell, *L.*
Conciliate, *v.* reconcile, to gain favour, *L.*
Conciliator, *ſ.* a reconciler
Conciliatory, *a.* reconciling
Concíſe, *a.* brief, ſhort, comprehenſive, *L.*
Concíſely, *ad.* briefly
Concíſeneſs, *ſ.* brevity, ſhortneſs
Conciſion, *ſ.* cutting off
Conclamátion, *ſ.* an outcry
Cónclave, *ſ.* the whole aſſembly of cardinals, *L.*
Conclúde, *v.* to terminate, decide, *L.*
Conclúſion, *ſ.* the end, an inference, the cloſe
Conclúſive, *a.* deciſive, convictive
Conclúſively, *ad.* deciſively
Concóct, *v.* to digeſt
Concóction, *ſ.* digeſtion, *L.*
Concómitance, *ſ.* ſubſiſting together
Concómitant, *a.* agreeing, accompanying, *L.*
Cóncord, *ſ.* agreement, harmony, *L.*
Concórdance, *ſ.* agreement, index to the Bible
Concórdant, *a.* agreeing together
Concórdate, *ſ.* compact, convention
Cóncourſe, *ſ.* a multitude aſſembled together
Concréte, *a.* compoſed of ſeveral ſubſtances, *L.*
Concrétion, *ſ.* a joining or growing together
Concúbinage, *ſ.* the keeping of a concubine
Cóncubine, *ſ.* a harlot, *L.*
Concúpiſcence, *ſ.* an irregular deſire, luſt, *L.*
Concur, *v.* to agree in one opinion
Concúrrence, *ſ.* an agreement, aſſiſtance
Concúrrent, *a.* acting in conjunction
Concúſſion, *ſ.* a ſhock, or ſhaking, *F.*
Concúſſive, *v.* having power to ſhake
Condémn, *v.* to paſs ſentence upon, *L.*
Condémnable, *a.* blameable
Condemnátion, *ſ.* ſentence of puniſhment
Condénſate, *v.* to make or grow darker
Condenſátion, *ſ.* contracting into leſs compaſs, *L.*
Condénſe, *v.* to thicken, *L.*
Condénſe, *a.* thick, denſe
Condénſity, *ſ.* the ſtate of being condenſed
Condeſcénd, *v.* to vouchſafe, to ſubmit to, *F.*
Condeſcéndingly, *ad.* obligingly
Condeſcénſion, *ſ.* compliance, voluntary humiliation
Condign, *a.* ſuitable, worthy of, merited, *L.*
Condition, *ſ.* ſtate, diſpoſition, rank, *L.*
Condition, *v.* to make terms of agreement
Conditional, *a.* implying terms or conditions
Conditionally, *ad.* with limitation
Conditionary, *a.* ſtipulated
Conditioned, *a.* tempered
Condóle, *v.* to lament, or ſympathize with, *L.*
Condólement, *ſ.* expreſſing grief, ſorrow
Condólence, *ſ.* lamenting to another for his loſs, *L.*
Conduce, *v.* to contribute to, *L.*
Condúcive, *a.* promoting
Condúciveneſs, *ſ.* the quality of conducing
Cónduct, *ſ.* behaviour, management, oeconomy, *L.*
Conduct, *v.* to lead, guide, manage, direct
Condúctor, *ſ.* a leader, a chief, a manager
Cónduit, *ſ.* a water courſe, *F.*
Cone, *ſ.* a body in the form of a ſugar loaf, *G.*
Coney, *ſ.* a rabbit, *L.*

Confábulate, *v.* to talk freely together, to chat, *L.*
Confabulátion, *ſ.* free converſation
Cónfect, *ſ.* a ſweetmeat
Confféction, *ſ.* a kind of ſweetmeats, *L.*
Confféctionary, *ſ.* the art of making ſweetmeats
Confféctioner, *ſ.* a maker of ſweetmeats
Confects, *ſ.* ſeeds cruſted over with dry ſugar, *F.*
Confféderacy, *ſ.* a league, a combination, *L.*
Confféderate, *v.* to unite, ally, league
Confféderate, *a.* united in league
Confféderate, *ſ.* an ally, companion
Confederátion, *ſ.* alliance, league
Confér, *v.* to beſtow, to adviſe with, *L.*
Cónference, *ſ.* a debate on a particular ſubject
Confféſs, *v.* to own or acknowledge, *F.*
Confféſſ'd, *a.* open, known, acknowledged
Confféſſedly, *ad.* avowedly
Confféſſion, *ſ.* acknowledgment, profeſſion
Confeſſional, *ſ.* a prieſt's ſeat who hears confeſſion
Confféſſor, *ſ.* a prieſt who hears confeſſion, a martyr
Confidant, *ſ.* a perſon truſted with private affairs, *F.*
Confi'de, *v* to truſt, put confidence in, *L.*
Confi'dent, *a.* well aſſured, poſitive, bold, ſaucy,
Cónfidence, *ſ.* truſt, boldneſs, preſumption, impudence
Cónfident, *ſ.* poſitive, impudent
Cónfidently, *ad.* without doubt, poſitively
Confi'ne, *v.* to reſtrain, impriſon, bound, *L.*
Confi'nes, *ſ.* boundaries or frontiers, *L.*
Confi'nement, *ſ.* reſtraint, impriſonment
Confi'nity, *ſ.* nearneſs of neighbourhood
Confi'rm, *v.* to ſtrengthen or eſtabliſh, *L.*
Confi'rm, *v.* to adminiſter confirmation
Confirmation, *ſ.* ratification, a ceremony of the church
Confirmátory, *a.* which confirms or ratifies
Confi'rmer, *ſ.* an atteſtor, eſtabliſher
Confi'ſcable, *a.* liable to forfeiture
Confi'ſcate, *v.* to ſeize as forfeit, *L.*
Confiſcátion, *ſ.* forfeiture
Conflagrátion, *ſ.* a burning, or great fire, *L.*
Cónflict, *v.* to conteſt, fight, ſtruggle.
Cónflict, *ſ.* ſtruggle, conteſt, diſpute, *L.*
Cónfluence, *ſ.* a flowing together, *L.*
Cónfluent, *a.* flowing together
Cónflux, *ſ.* confluence, *L.*
Conférm, *v.* to be agreeable, to comply, *L.*
Conférmable, *a.* agreeable, ſuitable
Conférmiſt, *ſ.* one who complies with the eſtabliſhed church
Conférmity, *ſ.* agreeableneſs, conſiſtency
Confóund, *v.* to put out of order, to perplex *L.*
Confóunded, *part.* put out of order, hateful
Confóunder, *ſ.* who deſtroys, perplexes
Confrater'nity, *ſ.* a religious brotherhood, *L.*
Confront, *v.* to oppoſe face to face, *L.*
Confúſe, *v.* to confound
Confúſedly, *ad.* indiſtinctly, haſtily
Confúſedneſs, *ſ.* want of diſtinctneſs
Confúſion, *ſ.* diſturbance, ſhame, deſtruction, *L.*
Confútable, *a.* that may be confuted
Confutátion, *ſ.* the overthrowing an argument, *L.*
Confúte, *v.* to convince by argument, or proof
Congeé, *ſ.* licence or leave, a bow or curteſy, *F.*
Cóngeé d'élire, leave to chuſe a biſhop, *F.*
Congéal, *v.* to thicken by growing cold, *L.*
Congéalable, *a.* that may be frozen

Congealátion,

Congealátion, the ſtate of being congealed
Congénial, *a.* of the ſame kind or ſpecies, *L.*
Cónger, *ſ.* the ſea eel
Congeries, *ſ.* a heap, a collection into one maſs, *L.*
Congéſtible, *a.* that may be amaſſed
Congéſtion, *ſ.* a collection or aſſemblage, *L.*
Conglómerate, *v.* to amaſs, wind up in a bottom, *L.*
Conglómerate, *a.* collected, twiſted round
Conglútinate, *v.* to glue, to cement, *L.*
Conglutinátion, *ſ.* a gluing together
Congrátulate, *v.* to felicitate or rejoice with, *L.*
Congratulátion, *ſ.* a wiſhing joy
Congrátulatory, *a.* expreſſing and wiſhing joy
Cóngregate, *v.* to aſſemble together, *L.*
Cóngregate, *a.* collected
Congregátion, *ſ.* a religious aſſembly
Congregátional, *ſ.* belonging to a congregation
Cóngreſs, *ſ.* a conference between ambaſſadors
Congreſſive, *a.* convening, meeting
Cóngruence, *ſ.* ſuitableneſs, agreement, *L.*
Cóngruent, *a.* correſpondent, agreeing
Congrúity, *ſ.* conformity, conſiſtency, *L.*
Congruous, *a.* agreeable to, conſiſtent with
Congrúouſly, *ad.* ſuitably, pertinently
Cónical, or Cónick, *a.* in the ſhape of a cone, *G.*
Cónically, *ad.* like a cone
Conjéctural, *a.* imaginary, depending on conjecture, *L.*
Conjécture, *ſ.* gueſs, a probable notion, *L.*
Conjécture, *v.* to gueſs, to gather from circumſtances
Conjécturer, *ſ.* a gueſſer
Coniferous, *a.* bearing fruit in the form of a cone
Conjóin, *v.* to connect, league, unite, *F.*
Conjóint, *a.* mutual, joined together, connected, *F.*
Conjóintly, *ad.* in union, together
Cónjugal, *a.* nuptial, belonging to marriage, *L.*
Cónjugally, *ad.* matrimonially
Cónjugate, *v.* to vary a verb according to its moods, &c. *L.*
Conjugátion, *ſ.* a couple, a pair, union, aſſemblage
Conjúnct, *a.* united, concurrent
Conjúnction, *ſ.* union, or joining together; the ſixth part of ſpeech, *L.*
Conjúnctive, *a.* cloſely united
Conjúnctively, *ad.* together, in union
Conjúnctly, *ad.* jointly
Conjúncture, *ſ.* ſtate of affairs, a critical time, *L.*
Conjúration, *ſ.* a plot or conſpiracy, inchantment, *L.*
Conjúre, *v.* to charge ſolemnly
Cónjure, *v.* to practice necromancy, *L.*
Conjúrer, *ſ.* a fortune-teller, an enchanter
Connatural, *a.* partaking of the ſame nature, *L.*
Connéct, *v.* to join, unite, knit together, *L.*
Connéctively, *ad.* joined together
Connéxion, *ſ.* union, junction
Connéxive, *a.* having the force of connexion
Connivance, *ſ.* a winking at a fault, *L.*
Connive, *v* to wink at, pretend ignorance, *L.*
Connoiſſéur, *ſ.* a critic, one ſkilled in any art, *F.*
Connubial, *a.* belonging to marriage, *L.*
Cónquer, *v.* to vanquiſh, to ſurmount, *F.*
Cónquerable, *a.* that may be vanquiſhed
Cónqueror, *ſ.* one that has conquered, *F.*
Cónqueſt, *ſ.* victory, acquiſition
Conſanguineous, *a.* of the ſame blood
Conſanguínity, *ſ.* kindred by blood or birth, *L.*

Cónſcience, *ſ.* the teſtimony of our own mind, *F.*
Conſciéntious, *a.* acting from conſcience
Conſciéntiouſly, *ad.* with conſcience
Conſciéntiouſneſs, *ſ.* integrity
Cónſcionable, *a.* equitable, reaſonable, juſt
Cónſcious, *a.* ſelf-convicted
Cónſciouſly, *ad.* with inward perſuaſion
Cónſciouſneſs, *ſ.* internal ſenſe of guilt or innocence
Cónſecrate, *v.* to dedicate to a ſacred uſe, *L.*
Conſecrátion, *ſ.* the act of making ſacred
Conſéctary, *a.* conſequent, conſequential, *L.*
Conſecutive, *a.* conſequential
Conſént, *ſ.* accord, agreement
Conſént, *v.* to agree, to be of one opinion, *L.*
Conſentáneous, *a.* agreeable to
Conſequence, *ſ.* tendency, importance, *F.*
Cónſequent, *a.* following naturally, effect
Conſequéntial, *a.* concluſive
Conſequéntially, *ad.* by conſequence
Cónſequently, *ad.* by conſequence, neceſſarily
Conſérvable, *a.* that may be kept
Conſervátion, *ſ.* preſervation, continuance, *L.*
Conſervátor, *ſ.* a preſerver, *L.*
Conſervátory, *ſ.* a ſtorehouſe. a greenhouſe
Conſérvatory, *a.* having a preſerving quality
Con'ſerve, *ſ.* a ſweetmeat of flowers, &c. preſerved with ſugar, *L.*
Conſérve, *v.* to preſerve or candy
Conſi'der, *v.* to think upon, to deliberate, to recompence, *L.*
Conſi'derable, *a.* important, worth looking after
Conſi'derableneſs, *ſ.* importance, value
Conſi'derably, *ad.* greatly
Conſi'derate, *a.* diſcreet, ſerious, not raſh
Conſi'derately, *ad.* calmly, prudently, coolly
Conſi'derateneſs, *ſ.* conſideration
Conſiderátion, *ſ.* thought, recompence, importance
Conſi'gn, *v.* to make over, to yield, reſign, *L.*
Conſi'gnment, *ſ.* the act of making over
Conſi'milar, *a.* nearly, reſembling
Conſi'ſt, *v.* to be compoſed of, to agree with, *L.*
Conſi'ſtence, *ſ.* the thickneſs of liquid, agreement
Conſi'ſtent, *a.* conformable, agreeable, not fluid
Conſi'ſtently, *ad.* conformably
Conſiſtórial, *a.* belonging to a conſiſtory
Conſiſtóry, *ſ.* a ſpiritual court
Conſóciate, *ſ.* an accomplice, partner
Conſóciate, *v.* to hold together, unite
Conſociating, *ſ.* alliance, union, intimacy, *L.*
Conſólable, *a.* admitting comfort
Conſólate, *v.* to comfort, conſole
Conſolátion, *ſ.* comfort, eaſe from grief, *L.*
Conſólatory, *a.* tending to give comfort
Conſóle, *v.* to cheer, comfort, encourage
Conſólidate, *v.* to cloſe up or heal, to harden, *L.*
Conſolidátion, *ſ.* act of hardening, uniting, *L.*
Cónſonance, *ſ.* agreeableneſs, ſuitableneſs, *L.*
Cónſonant, *a.* agreeable, conformable, proper
Con'ſonant, *ſ.* a letter that cannot make a ſyllable, as b, d, e.
Cónſonantly, *ad.* agreeably, conſiſtently
Cónſort, *ſ.* an aſſociate; muſic play'd in parts
Conſórt, *v.* to aſſociate with
Conſpicúity, *ſ.* clearneſs, viſibility, *L.*
Conſpicuous, *a.* eaſy to be ſeen, eminent
Conſpicuouſly, *ad.* viſibly, eminently,
Conſpicuouſneſs, *ſ.* viſibility, clearneſs, fame
Conſpíracy, *ſ.* a combination, a plot, *L.*
Conſpírator, *ſ.* one engaged in a conſpiracy
Conſpíre, *v.* to plot together, to concert together

Conſpiring, *a.* concerting together
Cónſtable, *ſ.* an officer of the peace, &c. *F.*
Cónſtableſhip, *ſ.* the office of conſtable
Cónſtance, *ſ.* a woman's name
Cónſtancy, *ſ.* perſeverance, fidelity, *L.*
Cónſtant, *a.* ſtedfaſt, laſting, faithful
Cónſtantine, *ſ.* a man's name
Cónſtantly, *ad.* perpetually, invariably
Conſtellátion, *ſ.* a number of fixed ſtars
Conſternátion, *ſ.* affright, terror, aſtoniſhment, *L.*
Cónſtipate, *v.* to ram cloſe, to bind the belly, *L.*
Conſtipátion, *ſ.* obſtruction
Conſtituent, *a.* eſſential, elemental
Conſtituent, *ſ.* who deputes another to act for him, *L.*
Conſtitúte, *v.* to appoint, or aſſign, to make, *L.*
Conſtitúter, *ſ.* he who deputes, appoints, &c.
Conſtitútion, *ſ.* frame of body, mind, government, *L.*
Conſtitútional, *a.* relating to the conſtitution, legal
Conſtitútive, *a.* able to eſtabliſh, eſſential
Conſtráin, *v.* to compel, to neceſſitate, to confine, *F.*
Conſtráinable, *a.* liable to conſtraint
Conſtráint, *ſ.* compulſion, force
Conſtriction, *ſ.* contraction, compreſſion, *L.*
Conſtríngent, *a.* of a binding quality
Conſtrúct, *v.* to form, build
Conſtrúction, *ſ.* building, interpretation, *L.*
Cónſtrue, *v.* to tranſlate, expound, interpret, *L.*
Conſubſtántial, *a.* of the ſame ſubſtance, *L.*
Conſubſtantiálity, *ſ.* two in one ſubſtance
Conſubſtántiate, *v.* to unite in one ſubſtance
Conſubſtantiátion, *ſ.* the ſubſtantial preſence of the body and blood of Chriſt in the Lord's ſupper, together with the bread and wine
Cónſul, *ſ.* a reſident in foreign parts for affairs of trade, *L.*
Cónſular, *a.* relating to a conſul
Cónſulſhip, *ſ.* the office of a conſul
Conſúlt, *v.* to adviſe with, to deliberate upon, *L.*
Conſultátion, *ſ.* the act of conſulting, *L.*
Conſúme, *v.* to ſquander away, to decay, to burn
Conſúmer, *ſ.* one who ſpends, deſtroys, waſtes
Cónſummate, *a.* complete, perfect, *L.*
Cónſummate, *v.* to complete, finiſh, perfect
Conſummátion, *ſ.* perfecting, ending, fulfilling, *L.*
Conſúmption, *ſ.* a conſuming or waſting, *L.*
Conſúmptive, *a.* in a declining condition
Conſúmptiveneſs, *ſ.* tendency to a conſumption
Contact, *ſ.* touch, cloſe union, *L.*
Contáction, *ſ.* act of touching
Contágion, *ſ.* an infection
Contágious, *a.* infectious
Contágiouſneſs, *ſ.* the being infectious
Contain, *v.* to hold, to refrain, or keep chaſte, *L.*
Containable, *a.* that may be contained
Contáminate, *v.* to pollute, or defile, *L.*
Contáminated, *a* polluted, defiled
Contamination, *ſ.* defilement, pollution
Contémn, *v.* to ſlight, ſcorn, ſet at naught, *L.*
Contémner, *ſ.* a deſpiſer
Contémplate, *v.* to muſe, to meditate, to ſtudy, *L.*
Contemplátion, *ſ.* contemplating, meditation
Contémplative, *a.* thoughtful, ſtudious
Contemplátor, *ſ.* one employed in contemplation
Contemporary, *ſ.* one living at the ſame time with another, *L.*
Contémpt, *ſ.* ſcorn, diſdain, *L.*

Contémptible,

Contémptible, *a.* vile, baſe, of no value
Contémptibleneſs *ſ.* vileneſs
Contémptibly, *ad.* ſcornfully, meanly
Contémptuous, *a.* ſcornful, *L.*
Contémptuouſly, *ad.* with ſcorn
Contémptuouſneſs, *ſ.* a ſcornful manner
Conténd, *v.* to ſtrive, to quarrel, to diſpute, *L.*
Conténder, *ſ.* combetant, champion
Contént, *a.* ſatisfied, eaſy, reſigned
Contént, *v.* to pleaſe, to ſatisfy, to pacify
Contént, *ſ.* ſatisfaction, capacity or extent, *F.*
Conténtation, *ſ.* contentment
Conténted, *a* ſatisfied
Conténtion, *ſ.* ſtrife, debate, zeal, *L.*
Conténtious, *a.* quarrelſome, perverſe
Conténtiouſly, *ad* perverſely, quarrelſome
Conténtiouſneſs, *ſ.* perverſeneſs, turbulence
Conténtleſs, *a.* diſſatisfied, diſcontented
Conténtment, *ſ.* ſatisfaction, ſerenity of mind
Contents, *ſ.* a ſummary of what is contained in a book, *L.*
Cónteſt, *ſ.* a diſpute, a debate, *F.*
Contéſt, *v.* to diſpute, controvert, emulate
Contéſtable, *a.* diſputable, controvertible
Cóntext, *ſ.* the connection before and after a paſſage, *L.*
Contéxture, *ſ.* the interweaving, or joining together, *L.*
Contigúity, *ſ.* actual contact, cloſe ſituation
Contíguous, *a.* ſituated cloſe to, *L.*
Contíguouſneſs, *ſ.* cloſe connection
Cóntinence, *ſ.* chaſtity, temperance, virtue
Cóntinent, *a.* chaſte, temperate
Continent, *ſ.* land not ſeparated by the ſea, *L.*
Contingence, *ſ.* what may or may not happen
Contingent, *a.* caſual, accidental, *L.*
Contingent, *ſ.* a chance, a ſhare or proportion
Continual, *a.* perpetual, *L.*
Continually, *ad.* without pauſe or ceaſing
Continuance, *ſ.* duration, perſeverance
Continued, *a.* uninterrupted
Continuátion, *ſ.* duration, protraction, addition, *L.*
Continuátor, *ſ.* who continues a thing, &c.
Continue, *v.* to endure, perſiſt, dwell, prolong
Contórtion, *ſ.* a twiſting, awry, flexure, *F.*
Contóur, *ſ.* the outlines of a figure, *F.*
Cóntra, *pr.* againſt
Cóntraband, *a.* prohibited, *F.*
Contráct, *v.* to barg in, to abridge, to draw together, *F.*
Cóntract, *ſ.* an agreement or bargain, a betrothing, *L.*
Contráction, *ſ.* abbreviation, act of ſhortening
Contractile, *a.* having the power of ſhortening itſelf
Contractor, *ſ.* one who engages in a contract
Contradict, *v.* to oppoſe verbally, *L.*
Contradiction, *ſ.* inconſiſtency, verbal oppoſition
Contradictory, *a.* oppoſite to, inconſiſtent with
Contradiſtinction, *ſ.* diſtinction by oppoſite qualities, *L.*
Contradiſtinguiſh, *v.* to diſtinguiſh by oppoſites
Contrariety, *ſ.* repugnance, oppoſition, inconſiſtency
Contráriwiſe, *ad.* on the contrary
Contráry, *a.* oppoſite, repugnant, inconſiſtent, *L.*
Contráſt, *ſ.* oppoſition of figures, *L.*
Contrávene, *v.* to oppoſe, baffle
Contravallátion, *ſ.* a trench to hinder the ſallies of a garriſon, *L.*
Contravéntion, *ſ.* acting contrary to an agreement, *F.*

Contribute, *v.* to give, to help, to bear a part, *L.*
Contribútion, *ſ.* a joint raiſing of money
Contribútions, *ſ.* military exactions
Contributive, *a.* able to promote
Contributor, *ſ.* one who contributes
Contributory, *a.* promoting the ſame end
Contrite, *a.* ſorrowful, penitent, *L.*
Contrition, *ſ.* a true ſorrow for ſins
Contrivance, *ſ.* an invention, ſcheme, plan, *F.*
Contrive, *v.* to invent, to manage or conduct
Contríver, *ſ.* an inventor
Contról, *v.* to govern, examine an account, to cenſure, *F.*
Contróllable, *a.* ſubject to control
Contróller, *ſ.* one who has power to control
Contróllerſhip, *ſ.* the office of controller
Contróiment, *ſ.* reſtraint
Controvérical, *a.* belonging to a controverſy
Controvérſy, *ſ.* a debate, variance, diſpute, *L.*
Controvért, *v.* to diſpute of, argue about
Controvértible, *a.* diſputable
Controvértiſt, *ſ.* one engaged in a controverſy
Contumácious, *a.* obſtinate, ſtubborn, rebellious, *L.*
Contumáciouſly, *ad.* obſtinately, perverſely
Contumáciouſneſs, *ſ.* obſtinacy, ſtubbornneſs
Contúmacy, *ſ.* ſtubbornneſs, inſolence, rebellion
Contumélious, *a.* reproachful, inſolent, abuſive, *L.*
Contumélioufneſs, *ſ.* rudeneſs, reproach
Contúmely, *ſ.* reproach, outrage, ill language
Contúſion, *ſ.* a bruiſe, *L.*
Convaláſcence, *ſ.* recovery from a diſeaſe, *L.*
Convaléſcent, *a.* recovering
Convéne, *v.* to aſſemble, call together, *L.*
Convénience, *ſ.* ſuitableneſs, opportunity
Convénient, *ad.* fit, ſuitable, proper
Convenient, *a.* commodious, ſeaſonable, proper, *L.*
Cónvent, *ſ.* a monaſtery, or nunnery, *F.*
Convénticle, *ſ.* a little religious aſſembly
Convénticler, *ſ.* one who belongs to a conventicle
Convéntion, *ſ.* a public aſſembly, an agreement, *L.*
Convéntionary, *a.* ſettled by ſtipulation
Convéntual, *a.* belonging to a covenant
Convérge, *v.* to tend to one point
Convérging, *a.* inclining to a point, *L.*
Convérſable, *a.* ſociable, fit for a converſation
Convérſant, *a.* well verſed in, acquainted with
Converſátion, *ſ.* familiar diſcourſe, behaviour, *L.*
Convérſe, *v.* to talk familiarly, to cohabit with
Converſe, *ſ.* diſcourſe
Cónverſe, *a.* contrary or oppoſite to, *L.*
Converſible, *a.* eaſy of acceſs, fit for converſation
Convérſion, *ſ.* change, reformation, *L.*
Cónvert, *ſ.* a proſelyte
Convért, *v.* to change, trnasform, appropriate
Convértible, *a.* that may be changed
Convértibly, *ad.* reciprocally
Convéx, *a.* riſing like the outſide of a globe, *L.*
Convéxed, *a.* riſing in a circular form
Convéxity, *ſ.* a ſpherical or riſing roundneſs
Convéy, *v.* to carry, to ſend, to make over, *F.*
Convéyance, *ſ.* carriage, act of conveying
Conveyancer, *ſ.* one ſkilled in conveyancing
Conveyancing, *ſ.* transferring of property
Convéyer, *ſ.* one who conveys any thing
Convict, *v.* to find guilty, confute, *L.*
Cónvict, *ſ.* one found guilty of an offence, *L.*

Convicted,

Convícted, *a.* detected in guilt, confuted
Conviction, *ſ.* full proof, a being found guilty, *L.*
Convíctive, *a.* able to convict
Convínce, *v.* to make ſenſible of the truth, *L.*
Convincible *a.* capable of conviction
Convincingly, *ad.* without room to doubt
Conúndrum, *ſ.* a quaint witticiſm, a low jeſt, a quibble
Convocátion, *ſ.* a general aſſembly of the clergy, *L.*
Convoke, *v.* to call together, *L.*
Convóy, *v.* to accompany by way of defence, *F.*
Cónvoy, *ſ.* a guard, a guide, *F.*
Convúlſion, *ſ.* an involuntary motion, *L.*
Convúlſive, *a.* belonging to a convulſion
Cóo, *v.* to make a noiſe like pigeons
Cook, *ſ.* one employed in dreſſing victuals, *L.*
Cóokery, *ſ.* the art of dreſſing proviſions
Cool, *v.* to moderate a degree of heat, *Ger.*
Cool, *a.* ſomewhat cold, indifferent
Cool, *ſ.* freedom from heat
Coúler, *ſ.* a brewing veſſel; what cools the body
Coóly, *ad.* without heat, without paſſion
Coólneſs, *ſ.* want of heat, want of affection
Coom, *ſ.* ſoot, greaſe for cart-wheels &c.
Coomb, *ſ.* a corn meaſure, containing four buſhels
Coop, *ſ.* a pen to keep fowls in
Coop, *v.* to ſhut up, confine
Coóper, *ſ.* a maker of tubs, barrels, &c. *L. S.*
Coóperage, *ſ.* the place where coopers work
Co-óperate, *v.* to work together, contribute, *L.*
Co-operátion, *ſ.* a labour for one end
Co-óperative, *a.* promoting the ſame end
Co-operátor, *ſ.* who jointly endeavours
Co-órdinate, *a.* of equal degree, *L.*
Co-ordinátion, *ſ.* equality of degree
Coot, *ſ.* a black water-fowl
Copárcenary, *ſ.* an equal ſhare in an eſtate
Copártner, *ſ.* one in partnerſhip with another
Copártnerſhip, *ſ.* the having an equal ſhare
Copáyva, *ſ.* a medical gum or juice
Cope, *ſ.* a prieſt's garment, an arch or vault
Cope, *v.* to ſtrive with, to cover with a cope
Cópier, *ſ.* a tranſcriber, imitator
Cóping, *ſ.* the covering of a wall
Cópious, *a.* large, plenteous, abundant
Cópiouſly, *ad.* at large, abundantly
Cópiouſneſs, *ſ.* plenty, exuberance of ſtyle
Cópper, *ſ.* a metal, a large boiler, *B.*
Cópperas, *ſ.* Engliſh vitriol
Copper-noſe, *ſ.* a red noſe
Cóppery, *a.* taſting of copper
Copper-plate, *ſ.* a plate of copper engraven for printing
Cóppice, *ſ.* a wood of ſmall trees
Cópſe, *ſ.* a copice
Cópulate, *v.* to unite, conjoin
Copulation, *ſ.* the act of generation, *L.*
Cópulative, *a.* joining together
Cópy, *ſ.* a pattern to write after, an imitation, a tranſcript, *F.*
Cópy, *v.* to tranſcribe, imitate
Coquét, *v.* to endeavour to gain lovers, *F.*
Cóquetry, *ſ.* arts of allurement
Coquétte, *ſ.* a woman who ſtrives to gain lovers, *F.*
Córal, *ſ.* a ſea plant, a child's ornament, *L.*
Coracle, *ſ.* a ſmall boat uſed by the Welſh fiſhermen
Córalline, *a.* conſiſting of coral
Córalloid, *a.* reſembling coral
Corb, *ſ.* a baſket uſed in collieries

Cord, *ſ.* a ſmall rope or line, a pile of fire-wood
Cord, *v.* to tie with cords
Córdage, *ſ.* all ſorts of ropes
Córded, *a.* bound up with cords
Cordeliers, *ſ.* gray friars, or Franciſcans, *F.*
Córdial, *ſ.* a medicine to cheer the heart, &c. *L.*
Córdial, *a.* kind, ſincere, friendly, hearty, *L.*
Cordiálity, *ſ.* ſincerity, heartineſs
Córdially, *ad.* ſincerely, heartily
Cordwáiner, *ſ.* a ſhoe-maker, *F.*
Core, *ſ.* the huſky part of a fruit, *L.*
Coriáceous, *a.* conſiſting of leather, *L.*
Coriánder, *ſ.* a plant, *G.*
Corinthian, *ſ.* the fourth order in architecture
Cork, *ſ.* a tree, its bark, a ſtopple made with it
Cork, *v.* to ſtop with a cork
Córky, *a.* like a cork
Córmorant, *ſ.* a ravenous ſea-fowl, a glutton, *F.*
Corn, *ſ.* grain, a hard excreſſence in the fleſh, *Ger.*
Corn, *v.* to ſalt
Cornélian, *ſ.* a precious ſtone of a red colour
Córnchandler, *ſ.* a retailer of corn
Corncútter, *ſ.* one who cuts corns
Córneous, *a.* horney
Córner, *ſ.* a nook or angle
Cornélius, *ſ.* a man's name
Cornet, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument, the ſtandard-bearer to a troop of horſe. *F.*
Córnice, *ſ.* moulding, entablature, *F.*
Corníferous, *a.* horned, *L.*
Cornucópia, *ſ.* a horn of plenty, *L.*
Cornúte, *v.* to give horns, to cuckold, *L.*
Córny, *a.* hard like horn
Coróllary, *ſ.* a conſequence drawn from ſomething already proved, *L.*
Corónary, *a.* relating to a crown
Coronátion, *ſ.* the crowning of a king or queen, *L.*
Córoner, *ſ.* an officer who enquires into untimely deaths
Córonet, *ſ.* a ſmall crown worn by the nobility, *I.*
Córporal, *ſ.* an officer in the army below a ſerjeant
Corporal, *a.* material, bodily
Corporálity, *ſ.* the quality of being embodied
Corpórally, *ad.* bodily
Córporate, *a.* united in a body
Corporátion, *ſ.* political body, *L.*
Corpóreal, *a.* material, not ſpiritual, *L.*
Corps, *ſ.* a body of forces, *F.*
Corpſe, *ſ.* a dead body, *F.*
Corpulency, *ſ.* bulkineſs, *L.*
Córpulent, *a.* fat, large, bulky, *L.*
Corpúſcle, *ſ.* the ſmalleſt part of a body, *L.*
Corpúſcular, *a.* conſiſting of atoms
Correct, *v.* to mend, to rebuke, to reprove, *L.*
Correct, *a.* accurate, exact, *L.*
Correction, *ſ.* puniſhment, reproof, amendment
Corréctive, *a.* able to correct
Corréctly, *ad.* exactly, accurately
Corréctneſs, *ſ.* accuracy, exactneſs
Corréctor, *ſ.* one who corrects
Córrelate, *ſ.* that ſtands in the oppoſite relation
Correlative, *a.* having a reciprocal relation, *L.*
Correſpond, *v.* to agree, to converſe by letter, *L.*
Correſpondence, *ſ.* agreement, intercourſe by letter
Correſpóndent, *a.* conformable, ſuitable
Correſpóndent, *ſ.* one who holds correſpondence
Córrigible, *a.* docile, that may be amended, *L.*

Corróborant,

Corróborant, *a* ſtrengthening
Corróborate, *v.* to confirm, ſtrengthen, *L.*
Corroboration, *ſ.* the act of ſtrengthening
Corróborative, *a.* ſtrengthening
Corróde, *v.* to eat, as aquafortis does metals, *L.*
Corródent, *a.* corroding, eating into
Corróſible, *a.* that may be corroded
Corróſive, *a.* that has a corroding quality
Corróſion, *ſ.* the eating, or corroding
Corróſiveneſs, *ſ.* the quality of corroding
Corrugate, *v.* to wrinkle, to purſe up, *L.*
Corrupt, *v.* to infect, rot, debaſe, vitiate, *L.*
Corrúpter, *ſ.* who taints or vitiates
Corruptibility, *ſ.* a poſſibility of being corrupted
Corrúptible, *a.* that may be corrupted, vitiated
Corrúptibleneſs, *ſ.* corruptibility
Corrúption, *ſ.* putreſcence, bribery
Corrúptive, *a.* able to taint or vitiate
Corrúptly, *ad.* viciouſly, improperly
Corrúptneſs, *ſ.* degeneracy of morals, &c.
Corſáir, *ſ.* a pirate, *F.*
Córſe, *ſ.* a corpſe, a dead body, *F.*
Córtical, *a.* belonging to bark or rind, *L.*
Corúſcant, *a.* flaſhing, ſhining
Coruſcátion, *ſ.* a flaſhing, *L.*
Coſmétic, *ſ.* a waſh to promote beauty, *G.*
Coſmógrapher, *ſ.* one who deſcribes the world
Coſmográphical, *a.* relating to the world
Coſmógraphy, *ſ.* a ſcience which teaches the ſtructure of the world, &c. *G.*
Coſmólogy, *ſ.* the ſcience of deſcribing the world
Coſmópolite, *ſ.* a citizen of the world
Cóſſet, *ſ.* a lamb or calf brought up by hand
Coſt, *ſ.* charge, expence, price, loſs, *Ger.*
Coſt, *v.* to be bought for
Cóſtal, *a.* belonging to the ribs
Coſtardmonger, *ſ.* a dealer in coſtards or apples
Coſtive, *a.* bound in the body
Cóſtiveneſs, *ſ.* detention of the excrements
Cóſtlineſs, *ſ.* great charge or expence
Cóſtly, *a.* expenſive
Cot, *ſ.* a hut, mean habitation
Cotemporary, *a.* living at the ſame time, *L.*
Cótquean, *ſ.* one who buſies himſelf in women's affairs
Cóttage, *ſ.* a ſmall counting-houſe, a hut, *S.*
Cóttager, *ſ.* one who lives in a cottage
Cótton, *ſ.* a plant, ſtuff made of it
Couch, *v.* to take off a web from the eye
Couch, *ſ.* a long ſeat or bed, *F.*
Coúchant, *a.* lying down, ſquatting
Cove, *ſ.* a ſmall creek
Cóvenant, *ſ.* a contract, an agreement on terms, *F.*
Cóvenant, *v.* to bargain, agree, ſtipulate
Covenantée, *ſ.* a party to a covenant
Covenánter, *ſ.* one who takes a covenant
Cóver, *v.* to overſpread, hide, conceal
Cóver, *ſ.* any thing put over another, a cloak, or pretence
Cóvering, *ſ.* a dreſs, any thing that covers
Cóverlet, *ſ.* a covering for a bed
Cóvert, *a.* ſheltered, covered, ſecret
Cóvert, *ſ.* a thicket, a hiding place, ſhelter, or retreat, *F.*
Cóverture, *ſ.* the ſtate of a married woman
Cóvet, *v.* to wiſh, deſire, or long for
Cóvetous, *a.* avaritious, deſirous
Covetóuſneſs, *ſ.* avarice
Cóvey, *ſ.* a number of birds together
Cough, *ſ* a convulſion of the lungs, *L. S.*
Cough, *v.* to have the lungs convulſed
Cóugher, *ſ.* one that coughs
Cóvin, *ſ.* a deceitful agreement

Could,

Could, *imper. tenſe of can*
Cóving, *ſ.* that part of a building that projects over the ground plot
Coulter, *ſ.* the ſharp iron of a plough, which cuts the earth, *L.*
Cóuncil, *ſ.* a general aſſembly of the clergy, advice, *L.*
Council board, *ſ.* the council-table, a table where matters of ſtate are deliberated
Counſel, *v.* to give council or advice
Cóunſel, *ſ.* a lawyer that pleads the cauſe of another
Coúnſellor, *ſ.* a lawyer conſulted in matters of importance, a boſom friend
Count, *v.* to number, to eſteem, *F.*
Count, *ſ.* a foreign earl, *F.*
Coúntenance, *ſ.* looks, air, mien, face, protection, *F.*
Cóuntenance, *v.* to encourage, ſupport, favour, *F.*
Cóuntenancer, *ſ.* he who countenances
Counter, *a.* oppoſite, or contrary to, contrary ways, *L.*
Cóunter, *ſ.* a board for the ſale of goods in a ſhop
Cóunteráct, *v.* to act contrary
Coúnterbálance, *v.* to weigh againſt
Cóunterbálance, *ſ.* an oppoſite weight
Coúnterévidence, *ſ.* oppoſite evidence
Cóunterfeit, *v.* to imitate, to feign
Cóunterfeit, *a* forged, deceitful
Cóunterfeit, *ſ.* a cheat, or impoſter, forgery, *F.*
Cóuntermánd, *v.* to repeal an order, *F.*
Cóuntermárch, *v.* to march backward
Countermine, *v.* to make one mine to prevent the ſucceſs of another, to defeat, counteract, *F.*
Countermure, *ſ.* a wall built againſt another, *F.*
Cóunterpane, *ſ.* a coverlet for a bed, *F.*
Cóunterpárt, *ſ.* the correſpondent part
Cóunterpléa, *ſ.* a replication in law
Cóunterplót, *ſ.* a plot againſt plot
Cóunterpoiſe, *ſ.* an equal balance, *F.*
Counterpóſe, *v.* to put an equal weight in the oppoſite ſcale, *F.*
Cóunterſcárp, *ſ.* the outward ſlope of the ditch next the country
Counterſi'gn, *v.* to underſign
Counterténor, *ſ.* a part in muſic
Counterváil, *v.* to be a ſufficient recompence, *L.*
Cóunteſs, *ſ.* the wife of an earl, *F.*
Cóunting-houſe, *ſ.* a place where accounts are kept
Cóuntleſs, *a.* without number
Cóuntry, *ſ.* a land or nation; the fields, in oppoſition to the town, *F.*
Cóuntry, *a.* ruſtic, rural
Cóuntryman, *ſ.* a ruſtic of the ſame country
Cóunty, *ſ.* a ſhire, an earldom, *F.*
Coupée, *ſ.* a motion in dancing
Cóuple, *ſ.* two things of the ſame kind, a male and female
Cóuple, *v.* to join together, to copulate
Cóuplet, *ſ.* a couple of verſes, *F.*
Cóurage, *ſ.* boldneſs, valour, *F.*
Courágeous, *a.* full of courage
Courágeouſly, *ad.* bravely, boldly
Courágeouſneſs, *ſ.* bravery, courage
Cóurier, *ſ.* a meſſenger ſent poſt with diſpatches, *D.*
Courſe, *ſ.* the ground where races are run, a ſervice of meat, a layer of brick, &c. paſſage, *L.*
Courſe, *v.* to hunt or chace, to purſue
Cóurſer, *ſ.* a race-horſe

Coúrſes,

Coúrſes, *ſ.* the mainſail, and foreſail of a ſhip
Court, *ſ.* a prince's palace, a hall of juſtice, &c.
Court, *v.* to woo, or make love, to ſolicit, to flatter
Courteous, *a.* civil, affable, genteel, well bred, *F.*
Cóurteouſly, *ad.* civilly, complaiſantly
Cóurteouſneſs, *ſ.* civility, complaiſance
Cóurteſan, *ſ.* a lady of pleaſure, *F.*
Cóurteſy, *ſ.* elegance of manners, complacency, the reverence made by women, *F.*
Cóurteſy, *ſ.* kindneſs or favour, elegance of manners, *F.*
Cóurtier, *ſ.* one who has a place, or attends at court
Cóurtlineſs, *ſ.* complaiſance, civility
Cóurtly, *a.* airy, gallant, ſpruce
Cóurtly, *ad.* in the manner of courts
Courtſhip, *ſ.* making love, ſoliciting favour
Cóuſin, *ſ.* brothers and ſiſters children
Cóvy, *ſ.* a flight of partridges, *F.*
Cow, *ſ.* a well known beaſt, *S.*
Cow, *v.* to depreſs with fear
Cóward, *ſ.* one who wants courage, a poltroon, *F.*
Cówardice, *ſ.* fearfulneſs, want of courage
Cow'er, *v.* to ſink down by bending the knees
Cow'ardlineſs, *ſ.* cowardice
Cówardly, *a.* fearful, puſillanimous
Cówardly, *ad* meanly, like a coward
Cowl, *ſ.* that part of a friar's habit that covers his head
Cówſlip, *ſ.* a flower
Cóxcomb, *ſ.* a cock's topping, a fop
Coxcómical, *a.* conceited, foppiſh
Coy, *a.* ſhy, baſhful, modeſt, decent
Cóyly, *ad.* with reſerve
Cóyneſs, *ſ.* reſervedneſs
Cózen, *v* to cheat, to trick
Cózenage, *ſ.* cheating, fraud,
Cózener, *ſ.* a cheater, deceiver
Crab, *ſ.* a ſea ſhell-fiſh, a wild apple, &c.
Crábbed, *a.* ſour, abſtruſe, hard to underſtand
Crábbedly, *ad.* peeviſhly
Crábbedneſs, *ſ.* ſowerneſs, difficulty
Crack, *ſ.* a chink, the noiſe of a thing when it burſts, *Du.*
Crack, *v.* to break into pieces, craze, ſplit
Crácker, *ſ.* made of gunpowder, a boaſter
Crácckle, *v.* to make ſlight cracks
Crácknel, *ſ.* a ſort of hard cake that crackles between the teeth
Cradle, *ſ.* moveable bed, a frame, *S.*
Craft, *ſ.* fraud, cunning trade, ſmall ſhips, *S.*
Cráftily, *ad.* cunningly, artfully
Cráftineſs, *ſ.* cunning, ſtratagem
Cráftſman, *ſ.* an artificer, a manufacturer
Crafty, *a.* ſly, cunning, artful
Crag, *ſ.* a rough jetting out in a rock
Crággineſs, *ſ.* roughneſs, ſteepneſs
Crággy, *a.* rough and full of inequalities
Cram, *v.* to thruſt cloſe, to over-feed, to ſtuff, *S.*
Crámbo, *ſ.* a rhyming play
Cramp, *ſ.* a painful contraction of any part, a ſpaſm, *Du.*
Cramp, *v.* to ſtraiten, or reſtrain, to faſten with a cramp-iron
Cramp, *a.* difficult, knotty
Crane, *ſ.* a bird, a pipe for drawing liquors out of a veſſel, a machine for drawing up heavy goods, *S.*
Crank, *ſ.* the end of an iron axis
Crank, *a.* healthy, ſprightly

Cránkle, *v.* to run in and out
Crankles, *ſ.* inequalities
Cránkneſs, *ſ.* health, vigour
Cránnied, *a.* full of chinks
Cránny, *ſ.* a chink or crevice, *L.*
Crape, *ſ.* a thin kind of ſtuff
Crápulence, *ſ.* drunkenneſs
Crápulous, *a.* ſick with drunkenneſs
Craſh, *v.* to break, bruiſe, make a noiſe
Craſh, *ſ.* a loud, mixed ſound
Cráſis *ſ.* a temperament of the blood, conſtitution, *L.*
Cráſſitude, *ſ.* groſſneſs
Craſtinátion, *ſ.* delay
Crátch, *ſ.* a place to put hay in for cattle to eat
Cravát, *ſ.* a neckcloth, *F.*
Crave, *v.* to deſire earneſtly, *S.*
Cráven, *ſ.* a cock conquered and diſpirited, a coward
Craunch, *v.* to cruſh ſomething brittle with the teeth
Craw, *ſ.* the crop of a fowl, *D.*
Crawl, *v.* to creep, to move weakly
Cráwler, *ſ.* a creeper
Crayfiſh, *ſ.* a ſort of a dwarf lobſter found in rivers
Cráyon, *ſ.* a kind of pencil of any colour, to draw pictures with upon paper, *F.*
Crázineſs, *ſ.* madneſs, weakneſs
Crázy, *a.* inclined to madneſs, weak, ſickly, ſhattered, *F.*
Creak, *v.* to make a harſh noiſe
Cream, *ſ.* the thickeſt part of milk
Cream, *v.* to yield cream
Créamy, *a.* containing cream
Creaſe, *ſ.* a plait or fold
Creaſe, *v.* to mark by folding

Creá·e, *v.* to make out of nothing, to excite, to produce, *L.*
Creátion, *ſ.* producing out of nothing, election, nomination, univerſe
Creátive, *a.* having the power to create
Creátor, *ſ.* that omnipotent Being who alone has the power of creating, *L.*
Creature, *ſ.* a created being
Crédence, *ſ.* credit or belief, *L.*
Credénda, *ſ.* articles of faith
Credéntials, *ſ.* vouchers, letters of recommendation, *L.*
Credibility, *ſ.* a high probability, *L.*
Crédible, *a.* fit to be believed, probable, *L.*
Crédibly, *ad.* in a credible manner
Crédit, *ſ.* belief, reputation, influence, *L.*
Crédit, *v.* to confide in, truſt
Créditable, *a.* reputable, fit to be done
Créditableneſs, *ſ.* reputation, eſtimation
Créditably, *ad.* reputably
Créditor, *ſ.* one who truſts or gives credit, *L.*
Credulity, *ſ.* eaſineſs of belief, liable to be impoſed on, *L.*
Crédulous, *a.* apt to believe
Crédulouſneſs, *ſ.* credulity
Creed, *ſ.* a ſummary of the principal articles of faith, *L.*
Creek, *v.* to make a noiſe like that of a door, *F.*
Creek, *ſ.* a ſmall bay, *S.*
Creep, *v.* to move ſlowly, *S.*
Créeper, *ſ.* an iron inſtrument, a ſhrub, a ſmall bird,
Creépingly, *ad.* ſlowly
Crepitátion, *ſ.* a crackling, *L.*
Crept, *part.* from creep
Crepúſcule, *ſ.* the twilight, *L.*
Crepúſculous, *a.* glimmering

Creſcent,

Creſcent, *ſ.* a half moon, with the horns turned upwards, *L.*
Creſcent, *a.* increaſing
Creſt, *ſ.* a plume of feathers, the mane of an horſe, any thing ſet over a coat of arms, *F.*
Créſted, *a.* wearing a comb
Cretáceous, *a.* chalky, abounding with chalk
Cretáted, *a.* rubbed with chalk
Crevice, *ſ.* a cray-fiſh, a chink or ſlit, *S.*
Crew, *ſ.* a company or gang
Crew, *v.* did crow
Créwel, *ſ.* thrumbs of worſted
Crewet, *ſ.* a glaſs veſſel to hold oil or vinegar
Crib, *ſ.* a manger for cattle, a leathern pouch under a coachman's ſeat, *S.*
Crib, *v.* to pilfer a part of any thing
Cribbage, *ſ.* a game at cards
Cribble, *ſ.* a corn-ſieve
Cribrátion, *ſ.* the act of ſifting
Crick, *ſ.* a ſtiffneſs and pain in the neck
Cricket, *ſ.* an inſect, a ſort of play, a little ſtool
Crier, *ſ.* one who make proclamation of things loſt or ſtolen
Crime, *ſ.* a breach of the law, *L.*
Criminal, *ſ.* a breaker of a law
Criminal, *a.* ſinful, forbidden
Criminatory, *a.* accuſing, *L.*
Criminous, *a.* wicked, iniquitous
Criminouſly, *ad.* wickedly
Crimſon, *ſ.* a deep red colour, *T.*
Crimp, *ſ.* an agent for coal merchants
Crimp, *a.* friable, brittle
Crincum, *ſ.* a whim, a cramp
Cringe, *v.* to make a low bow, to fawn upon, *T.*
Crinkle, *v.* to run in wrinkles
Crinkle, *ſ.* a wrinkle
Cripple, *ſ.* one who has loſt the uſe of a leg or foot, *L. S.*
Cripple, *v.* to make lame
Criſis, *ſ.* a critical time, the change of a diſeaſe, *G.*
Criſp, *a.* curled, brittle, indented, winding
Criſp, *v.* to curl, twiſt, indent
Criſpátion, *ſ.* the act and ſtate of curling
Criſpy, *a.* curled
Critérion, *ſ.* a mark to judge of a thing, *G.*
Critical, *a.* exact in examining, captious, dangerous, *G.*
Critically, *ad.* exactly
Criticalneſs, *ſ.* exactneſs, accuracy
Criticiſe, *v.* to examine into the beauties and defects of any thing
Critic, *ſ.* one ſkilled in criticiſm
Criticiſm, *ſ.* the art of judging, and of pointing out the beauties and defects of any thing, *G.*
Croak, *v.* to make a noiſe like a frog or raven
Crock, *v.* to dirt with ſoot
Crock, *ſ.* a kind of earthen pot
Crockery, *ſ.* earthen ware
Crocodile, *ſ.* a large voracious amphibious animal, *G.*
Crócus, *ſ.* a flower, ſaffron
Croft, *ſ.* a ſmall field near a dwelling houſe, *S.*
Croiſade. *See* Cruſade
Crony, *ſ.* an intimate, an old acquaintance, *S.*
Crook, *ſ* a hooked ſtick
Crook, *v.* to bend, pervert
Crooked, *a.* bent, curved, perverſe
Crookedly, *ad.* not ſtrait, untowardly
Crookedneſs, *ſ.* curvity, deformity of body
Crop, *ſ.* the produce of corn, any thing cut off, the craw of a fowl
Crop, *v.* to lop, cut off the ends
Croſier, *ſ.* a biſhop's ſtaff, in the form of a ſhepherd's crook

Croſlet,

Cróſlet, *ſ.* a ſmall croſs, frontlet or head-cloth, a kind of gibbet, a line drawn through another

Croſs, *ſ.* a misfortune or diſappointment

Croſs, *a.* tranſverſe, oppoſite, peeviſh

Croſs, *ad.* athwart, over, from ſide to ſide

Croſs, *v.* to lay athwart, paſs over, oppoſite

Cróſsbow, *ſ.* a weapon

Croſſgrained, *a.* perverſe, vexatious

Croſsly, *ad.* adverſely, unfortunately

Cróſsneſs, *ſ.* peeviſhneſs, perverſeneſs

Croſsway, *ſ.* a path a croſs a road

Crótchet, *ſ.* a whim, or fancy, a note in muſic, in printing thus [ ]

Crouch, *v.* to ſtoop down, to cringe, to fawn, *F.*

Croup, *ſ.* the buttocks of a horſe, *F.*

Croupáde, *ſ.* a particular manner of a horſe's leaping, *F.*

Crouper, *ſ.* a ſtay for a ſaddle, fixed under a horſes tail

Crow, *ſ.* a bird, an iron hand-ſpike, the voice of a cock, *S.*

Crow, *v.* to make a noiſe like a cock, to brag or hector, *S.*

Crowd, *ſ.* a throng of people, a fiddle, the vulgar, *S.*

Crowd, *v.* to ſwarm, to thruſt among a multitude

Crowfoot, *ſ.* an herb

Crown, *ſ.* of the head, for ornament, a piece of money, honour

Crown, *v.* to inveſt with a crown, to dignify, reward, complete.

Crúcial, *a.* tranſverſe, *L.*

Crúciate, *v.* to torture, torment, *L.*

Crúcible, *ſ.* a melting pot

Crucíferous, *a.* bearing the croſs

Crúcifix, *ſ.* Chriſt on the croſs, *L.*

Crucifi'xion, *ſ.* the nailing to a croſs

Crúcify, *v.* to nail to a croſs

Crude, *a.* raw, undigeſted, immature, *L.*

Crúdely, *ad.* not duely digeſted

Crúdeneſs, *ſ.* indigeſtion, unripeneſs

Crúdity, *ſ.* rawneſs, indigeſtion

Crúel, *a.* mercileſs, barbarous, *F.*

Crúelly, *ad.* inhumanly, barbarouſly

Crúelty, *ſ.* barbarity, inhumanity

Crúet, *ſ.* a veſſel for vinegar or oil

Cruiſe, *ſ.* a ſmall cup

Cruiſe, *ſ.* a voyage in queſt of an enemy

Cruiſe, *v.* to ſail backward and forward to guard the ſeas, *F.*

Crúiſer, *ſ.* a ſhip, one that ſeeks a prey

Crum, *ſ.* the inſide of a loaf, a little bit of any thing, *S.*

Crúmble, *v.* to break into ſmall parts, *S.*

Crúmmy, *a.* ſoft, plump, full of crums

Crúmple, *v.* to wrinkle, *S.*

Crúmpling, *ſ.* a green codling

Crúral, *a.* belonging to the leg, *L.*

Cruſáde, *ſ.* an expedition againſt infidels

Cruſade, *ſ.* a Portugal coin of 2s. 6d. value

Cruſe, *ſ.* a veſſel for oil

Cruſh, *v.* to ſqueeze violently, to oppreſs, to beat down, *F.*

Cruſt, *ſ.* the outward part of bread, the caſe of a pye, *L.*

Cruſt, *v.* to cover with a hard caſe

Cruſtáceous, *a.* ſhelly

Crúſtily, *ad.* ſnappiſhly, peeviſhly

Crúſtineſs, *ſ.* peeviſhneſs, moroſeneſs

Crúſty, *a.* covered with ruſt, moroſe, ſurly, *L.*

Crutch, *ſ.* a ſupport for a lame perſon, *S.*

Cry, *v.* to ſhed tears, to lament, to publiſh in the ſtreets, *F.*

Cry, *ſ.* a weeping, ſhrieking, outcry
Cryptography, *ſ.* the art of writing ſacred characters, cyphers, *G.*
Cry'ſtal, *ſ.* a mineral ſtone reſembling a diamond, *G.*
Cryſtálline, *a.* clear, tranſparent, bright
Cryſtallizátion, *ſ.* congellation into cryſtals
Cry'ſtallize, *v.* to reduce ſalt, &c. into cryſtals
Cub, *ſ.* a young fox, bear, &c. *L.*
Cub, *v.* to bring forth as a beaſt
Cubátion, *ſ.* the act of lying down
Cúbature, *ſ.* the ſolid contents of a body
Cube, *ſ.* a ſolid body reſembling a dye, a ſquare number, *G.*
Cúbical, *a.* formed like a cube
Cúbit, *ſ.* a meaſure of a foot and a half, *L.*
Cucking-ſtool, *ſ.* a machine for ducking ſcolding women, *S.*
Cúckold, *ſ.* the huſband of an adultreſs, *F.*
Cúckold, *v.* to make a man a cuckold
Cúckow, *ſ.* a well known bird, *W.*
Cúcumber, *ſ.* the fruit of a plant well known, *L.*
Cucúrbite, *ſ.* a veſſel uſed in chemiſtry, *L.*
Cud, *ſ.* the food which a cow, &c. chews over again, *S.*
Cúddle, *v.* to hug, or neſtle in the boſom
Cúdgel, *ſ.* a ſtick proper to fight with
Cúdgel, *v.* to beat with a ſtick
Cue, *ſ.* an item when to ſpeak, a hint, a ſhort direction, *F.*
Cuff, *ſ.* a part of a ſleeve, a box on the ear with the open hand
Cuff, *v.* to ſtrike with the fiſt
Cúiraſs, *ſ.* armour for the breaſt, *F.*
Cúiraſſiers, *ſ.* horſemen ſo armed
Cúlinary, *a.* belonging to the kitchen, *L.*
Cull, *v.* to pick out, or chuſe a few out of many, *F.*
Cúllendar, *ſ.* a veſſel to drain peaſe, &c.
Cúlly, *ſ.* a man impoſed upon, a dupe to a whore
Cúlminate, *v.* to ariſe to the top, to be in the meridian, *L.*
Culpabílity, *ſ.* blameableneſs
Cúlpable, *a.* blameworthy, faulty, criminal, *L.*
Cúlpableneſs, *ſ.* blame, guilt
Cúlpably, *ad.* blameably, criminally
Cúlprit, *ſ.* a perſon arraigned at the bar, *L.*
Cúltivate, *v.* to till the ground, improve the mind, *F.*
Cultivátion, *ſ.* manuring, improvement
Cúlture, *ſ.* the act of cultivation, *L.*
Culver, *ſ.* a kind of pigeon, *S.*
Cúlverin, *ſ.* a piece of ordnance, that carries a ball of 18 pounds weight
Cúmber, *v.* *See* Encumber
Cúmberſome, *a.* unwieldy, troubleſome, burthenſome
Cúmberſomeneſs, *ſ.* incumbrance, hindrance
Cumulátion. *See* Accumulation
Cunctátion, *ſ.* delay, procraſtination
Cund, *v.* to give notice, to direct the man at the helm in ſteering a ſhip
Cúneal, *a.* like a wedge
Cuneáted, *a.* formed like a wedge
Cúnning, *ſ.* art, ingenuity, craftineſs, deceit, *S.*
Cúnningly, *ad.* artfully, craftily
Cup, *ſ.* a drinking veſſel, part of a flower, *S.*
Cup, *v.* to apply cupping glaſſes
Cups, *ſ.* a drunken fit
Cúpbearer, *ſ.* an officer of the king's houſhold
Cúpboard, *ſ.* a place with ſhelves, &c. to put diſhes, &c. in
Cupid, *ſ.* the god of love, *L.*
Cupidity, *ſ.* concupiſcence, unlawful deſire

Cúpola, *ſ.* a dome, the hemiſpherical top of a building, *I.*
Cúpper, *ſ.* one who cups
Cúppreous, *a.* coppery
Cur, *ſ.* a dog of a mean kind, *B.*
Cúrable, *a.* what may be cured, *L.*
Cúracy, *ſ.* the office or charge of a curate
Cúrate, *ſ.* a miniſter of a pariſh, &c. who has the cure of ſouls; one who performs the duty for the incumbent
Cúrative, *a.* relating to the cure of diſeaſes
Curator, *ſ.* one that has the care or ſuperintendency of any thing, *L.*
Curb, *v.* to rein in, to check or reſtrain
Curb, *ſ.* a part of a horſe's bridle, reſtraint, oppoſition, *F.*
Curd, *ſ.* the coagulated part of milk
Cúrdle, *v.* to coagulate, or turn to curds
Cure, *ſ.* remedy, employment of a curate
Cure, *v.* to heal, recover from ſickneſs, to ſalt or pickle meat, fiſh, &c, *L.*
Cúreleſs, *a.* without remedy
Cúrer, *ſ.* a healer, a phyſician
Curiósity, *ſ.* a rarity, or ſomething curious, *F.*
Cúrious, *a.* deſirous of ſeeing, or knowing, nice, *F.*
Cúrioully, *ad.* inquiſitively, exactly, neatly
Curl, *ſ.* a ringlet of hair, a wave, *L. S.*
Curl, *v.* to ſhrink into ringlets
Curlew, *ſ.* a kind of water-fowl, *F.*
Curmúdgeon, *ſ.* a miſer, niggard, griper
Cúrrants, *ſ.* a tree and its fruit
Cúrrency, *ſ.* any thing that circulates, a conſtant flow
Currency, *ſ.* paper money, *L.*
Cúrrent, *a.* paſſable, any thing that paſſes without contradiction
Current, *ſ.* a ſtream, *L.*
Currently, *ad.* without oppoſition
Currentneſs, *ſ.* circulation, fluency
Cúrrier, *ſ.* one who dreſſes and curries leather, *L.*
Cúrriſh, *a.* like a dog, brutiſh
Curry, *v.* to dreſs leather, to comb and rub a horſe, *L.*
Cúrry-comb, *ſ.* an inſtrument uſed for currying horſes
Curſe, *ſ.* malediction, affliction, torment, vexation
Curſe, *v.* to imprecate the divine vengeance, to wiſh evil, *S.*
Cúrſed, *a.* under a curſe
Cúrſorily, *ad.* haſtily, without care
Cúrſorineſs, *ſ.* ſlight attention
Cúrſory, *a.* ſlight, haſty, *L.*
Curſt, *a.* froward, peeviſh, malicious
Curt, *a.* ſhort
Curtáil, *v.* to cut off, dock, ſhorten, *L.*
Cúrtain, *ſ.* a hanging about a bed or window
Cúrvated, *a.* bent
Curvátion, *ſ.* the act of bending
Curvature, *ſ.* a bending, *L.*
Curve, *a.* crooked, inflected
Curve, *v.* to bend, inflect
Curve, *ſ.* any thing bent, *L.*
Cúrvet, *ſ.* the prancing of a managed horſe, a frolic, a prank
Curvilinear, *a.* formed of crooked lines
Curvity, *a.* crookedneſs
Cúſhion, *ſ.* a kind of pillow for perſons to ſit or lean on, &c. *F.*
Cuſp, *ſ.* the horns of the moon or other luminary, *L.*
Cuſpated, *a.* ending in a point, *L.*
Cúſtard, *ſ.* food made of milk, eggs and ſugar, *W.*

Cúſtody

Cúſtody, *ſ.* impriſonment, any thing committed to the care of another, *L.*
Cúſtom, *ſ.* a habit, buſineſs at a tradeſman's ſhop, duties on exports and imports, *F.*
Cúſtomarily, *ad.* habitually, commonly
Cúſtomary, *a.* conformable to eſtabliſhed cuſtom, habitual, uſual
Cúſtomed, *a.* common, uſual
Cúſtomer, *ſ.* a cuſtomhouſe officer, one who buys any thing
Cúſtomable, *a.* liable to pay cuſtom
Cuſtomhouſe, *ſ.* a houſe where the duties are received for imports and exports
Cuſtos, *ſ.* a keeper, *L.*
Cut, *v.* to penetrate with an edged inſtrument
Cut, *part. a.* prepared for uſe
Cut, *ſ.* a cut or wound with a ſharp inſtrument, a ſlice, a print, a lot at cards
Cutáneous, *a.* belonging to the ſkin, *L.*
Cúticle, *ſ.* the outermoſt ſkin
Cuticular, *a.* belonging to the cuticle
Cútlaſs, *ſ.* a broad ſword with a thick back
Cútler, *ſ.* one who makes knives, &c. *F.*
Cútlets, *ſ.* thin ſlices of veal, *F.*
Cútter, *ſ.* a ſwift ſmall veſſel
Cútting, *ſ.* dividing with a knife, graver, &c.
Cy'cle, *ſ.* a circle, a certain number of years, *G.*
Cyclopœ'dia, *ſ.* a courſe of ſciences
Cy'linder, *ſ.* a long round body, *G.*
Cylíndrical, *a.* like a cylinder
Cy'mbal, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument
Cy'nick, *a.* ſatirical, ſnarling, *G.*
Cy'nicks, *ſ.* a ſect of philoſophers
Cynoſúre, *ſ.* the north ſtar
Cy'on, *ſ.* a graft or ſprig of a tree
Cy'preſs, *ſ.* a tree, a ſtuff made of ſilk and hair, *L.*
Cy'prus, *ſ.* a thin ſilky gauze
Cyſt, *ſ.* a bag of morbid matter
Czar, *ſ.* the emperor of Ruſſia
Czarína, *ſ.* the empreſs of Ruſſia

D.

D. is a numeral, and ſtands for 500
D. C. in muſic books, ſignifies da capo, or over again
D. D. doctor in divinity
D. G. Dei gratia, or by the grace of God
Dab, *v.* to ſtrike gently
Dab, *ſ.* a ſlight blow, a flat fiſh
Dábble, *v.* to paddle, ſplaſh, or play with water or mud
Dábbler, *ſ.* one that plays in the water, a ſuperficial meddler
Dacápo, *ſ.* a muſical term, *I.*
Dace, *ſ.* a freſh water fiſh
Dáctyle, *ſ.* a foot in verſe, containing one long and two ſhort ſyllables, *G.*
Dad, or Daddy, *ſ.* a father
Dæmon, *ſ.* a good or bad ſpirit, but commonly applied to the latter, *G.*
Daffodíl, *ſ.* a flower
Dágger, *ſ.* a poniard, a mark in printing thus †, ſerving to refer to a note, *D.*
Dággle, *v.* to trail in the dirt, *S.*
Dáily, *a.* day by day, every day
Dáintily, *ad.* elegantly, deliciouſly
Dáintineſs, *ſ.* delicacy, ſqueamiſhneſs
Dáinty, *a.* delicate, fine, excellent, nice, ſqueamiſh
Dáinty, *ſ.* a rich and uncommon food
Dáiry, *ſ.* a room in which milk, &c. is kept
Daiſy, *ſ.* a flower
Dale, *ſ.* a valley, *L. S.*

Dálliance, *ſ.* toying, fondneſs, interchange of careſſes
Dállier, *ſ.* a trifler, fondler
Dálly, *v.* to delay, put off
Dam, *ſ.* a mother, a bank to ſtop a river, or ſhut up water
Dam, *v.* to ſtop or ſhut up
Dámage, *ſ.* prejudice, loſs, *F.*
Dámageable, *a.* may be damaged
Dámaſk, *ſ.* a kind of figured ſilk, ſtuff, or linen
Dámaſk, *v.* to form flowers in weaving
Dámaſk, *v.* to warm wine
Damaſk-roſe, *ſ.* a kind of red roſe
Damaſkéening, *ſ.* inlaying metals with figures formed of gold and ſilver wire
Dame, *ſ.* a lady, a miſtreſs, *F.*
Damn, *v.* to condemn, to curſe, to hiſs a play, *L.*
Damnátion, *ſ.* the puniſhment of the damned
Dámned, *a.* in a ſtate of damnation, exploded
Dámnify, *v.* to damage, to hurt, *L.*
Damp, *a.* moiſt, dejected
Damp, *ſ.* wetneſs, a vapour in mines, a ſhock or dejection of the mind, *D.*
Damp, *v.* to moiſten, to diſhearten
Dámpneſs, *ſ.* moiſtneſs, fogginess
Dámſel, *ſ.* a young maiden, *F.*
Dámſon, *ſ.* a ſmall black plum
Dance, *v.* to move in meaſure, to wait upon, to put into motion, *F.*
Dance, *ſ.* a muſical motion
Dáncer, *ſ.* one who dances
Dandelion, *ſ.* an herb, *F.*
Dándle, *a.* to fondle and play with, *Du.*
Dándler, *ſ.* one who dandles
Dándriff, *ſ.* a ſcurf growing on the head
Dánger, *ſ.* peril, hazard, riſque
Dángerous, *a.* perilous
Dángerouſly, *ad.* with danger
Dángerouſneſs, *ſ.* danger, hazard, peril
Dángle, *v.* to hang ſo as to move to and fro
Dángler, *ſ.* one who hangs about women
Daniel, *ſ.* a man's name
Dank, *a.* damp, moiſt, wet
Dánkiſh, *a.* ſomewhat moiſt
Dápper, *a.* little and active
Dápple, *a.* marked with curious colours
Dare, *v.* to venture or hazard, to defy, *S.*
Dáring, *a.* bold, adventurous
Dáringneſs, *ſ.* boldneſs
Dark, *a.* without light, obſcure, blind, gloomy, *S.*
Dark, *ſ.* darkneſs, obſcurity
Dárken, *v.* to make dark, ſhut out the light, grow dark
Dárkly, *ad.* obſcurely, blindly
Dárkneſs, *ſ.* obſcurity, want of light
Darkſome, *a.* gloomy, obſcure
Dárling, *ſ.* a favourite, a beloved
Dárn, or Dearn, *v.* to mend by ſowing a hole croſswiſe
Dárnel, *ſ.* the cockle weed
Dart, *ſ.* a ſhort javelin, an arrow
Dart, *v.* to give a violent blow on the face
Daſh, *v.* to ſtrike a brittle thing againſt a hard ſtone
Daſh, *ſ.* a violent blow on the face, a free ſtroke with a pen, an infuſion
Dáſtard, *ſ.* a coward, poltroon, of no courage
Dáſtardly, *a.* timorous, cowardly, mean
Date, *v.* to give the preciſe time, *L.*
Date, *ſ.* a fruit, the time when a thing was done, *E.*
Dáteleſs, *a.* without date

Dative, *a.* case in grammar, supposing something given, *L.*
Daub, *v.* to smear, flatter, trim gaudily, *F.*
Dauber, *s.* a house-painter
Daughter, *s.* a female child, *S.*
Daunt, *v.* to intimidate, *F.*
Dauntless, *a.* intrepid, fearless
Dauphin, *s.* the eldest son of the French king, *F.*
Daw, *s.* a bird
Dawn, *v.* to grow light
Dawn, *s.* the break of day, beginning, *S.*
Day, *s.* the light of the sun, *S.*
Day-book, *s.* a tradesman's journal
Dazzle, *v.* to overpower with light
Deacon, *s.* one in half orders, an assistant to a priest, *G.*
Deaconess, *s.* a female deacon
Deaconry, *s.* the dignity or office of a deacon
Dead, *a.* without life, numbed, flat or insipid
Dead, *s.* a still or gloomy time, *S.*
Deadly, *a.* destructive, mortal
Deadly, *ad.* mortally, irreconcileably
Deadness, *s.* want of life, frigidity, faintness
Deaf, *a.* wanting the sense of hearing, *S.*
Deafen, *v.* to make deaf
Deafly, *ad.* obscurely to the ear
Deafness, *s.* a want of hearing
Deal, *s.* a quantity, a distribution of cards, a sort of wood, *S.*
Deal, *v.* to traffic, to manage, to distribute cards, *S.*
Dealer, *s.* a trader, one who distributes cards
Dealing, *s.* trade, correspondence, treatment, distributing cards
Dean, *s.* the head of a collegiate church, and chief of a chapter
Deanery, *s.* the jurisdiction of a dean, the revenue of a dean, his house
Dear, *a.* beloved, costly, scarce, *S.*
Dearly, *ad.* with much love
Dearness, *s.* love, high price
Dearth, *s.* scarcity, barrenness, *S.*
Death, *s.* the separation of soul and body, *S.*
Deathless, *a.* immortal
Deathwatch, *s.* an insect that makes a ticking noise
Debark, *v.* to disembark, to land, *F.*
Debar, *v.* to hinder, exclude
Debase, *v.* to adulterate, lessen in value, *F.*
Debasement, *s.* the act of debasing
Debatable, *a.* disputable
Debate, *s.* dispute, contest, quarrel
Debate, *v.* to argue, to dispute, *F.*
Debauch, *s.* a fit of drunkenness, excess, lewdness, *F.*
Debauch, *v.* to seduce, corrupt morals, *F.*
Debaucheé, *s.* a libertine, given to all kinds of excess and lewdness, *F.*
Debauchery, *s.* rioting, revelling, lewdness, *F.*
Debenture, *s.* an allowance of customs on re-exportation
Debilitate, *v.* to weaken, make faint, *L.*
Debility, *s.* languor, weakness, feebleness, *L.*
Debonair, *a.* kind hearted, merry, gay, lively, *F.*
Deborah, *s.* a woman's name
Debt, *s.* whatsoever one person owes to another, *F.*
Debtor, *s.* one who is in debt
Decade, *s.* the number ten, *G.*
Decadency, *s.* decay, fall
Decagon, *s.* a figure in geometry with ten sides, *G.*
Decalogue, *s.* the ten commandments, *G.*
Decamp, *v.* to remove a camp, *F.*
Decampment, *s.* the act of decamping

Decant, *v.* to pour off from the dregs, *F.*
Decanter, *ſ.* a glaſs veſſel for drink
Decápitate, *v.* to behead
Decáy, *v.* to rot, to fade, to grow poorer
Decéaſe, *ſ.* departure from life, death, *F.*
Decéit, *ſ.* a crafty fraud, a cheat
Decéitful, *a.* fradulent, full of deceit
Decéitfulneſs, *ſ.* tendency to deceive
Decéivable, *a.* that may be deceived, deceitful
Decéive, *v.* to delude, beguile or impoſe upon, *F.*
Decéiver, *ſ.* one who deceives
Decémber, *ſ.* the 12th month, *L.*
Decémvirate, *ſ.* a government by ten rulers, *L.*
Decéncy, *ſ.* propriety, ſuitableneſs, modeſty, *F.*
Decénnial, *a.* continuing ten years
Decent, *a.* ſeemly, modeſt, *L.*
Decéntly, *ad.* in a decent manner
Decéptible, *a.* that may be deceived
Decéption, *ſ.* a cheat, a deceiving, beguiling
Decéptive, *a.* able to deceive
Decéptory, *a.* containing deceit
Decide, *v.* to determine, *L.*
Décimal, *ſ.* arithmetic numbered by ten
Décimate, *v.* to take the tenth
Décimation, *ſ.* a taking of the tenth
Decípher, *v.* to explain a paper written in ciphers, *F.*
Decípher, *ſ.* one who explains characters
Deciſion, *ſ.* determination, reſolution
Deciſive, *a.* concluſive, determinate, *F.*
Deciſively, *ad.* concluſively
Deciſiveneſs, *ſ.* concluſiveneſs
Deck, *v.* to adorn, to embelliſh
Deck, *ſ.* the floor of a ſhip, a pack of cards
Decker, *ſ.* a dreſſer
Decláim, *v.* to harangue, play the orator, *L.*
Decláimer, *ſ.* who declaims, *L.*
Declamátion, *ſ.* an harangue, diſcourſe, invective, without argument
Declámatory, *a.* belonging to a declaration
Declárable, *a.* capable of reproof
Declarátion, *ſ.* affirmation, publication, teſtimony, *L.*
Declárative, *a.* explanatory, proclaiming
Declárator, *a.* affirmative, expreſſive
Decláre, *v.* to publiſh or proclaim, to make a declaration, *L.*
Declénſion, *ſ.* the varying the endings of noun, abating, decaying, *L.*
Declinable, *a.* that may be declined
Declinátion, *ſ.* a decaying, a bowing down, *L.*
Declinátor, *ſ.* an inſtrument in dialling
Decline, *v.* to decay, lean, alſo to ſhun, or avoid, *L.*
Decline, *ſ.* a tendency to the worſe, diminution, decay
Declivity, *ſ.* a bending or ſloping downwards, *L.*
Decóct, *v.* to boil or ſtew, *L.*
Decóctible, *a.* that may be boiled or digeſted
Decóction, *ſ.* a preparation made by boiling, *L.*
Decollátion, *ſ.* the act of beheading
Decorate, *v.* to adorn, ſet off, beautify, *L.*
Decorátion, *ſ.* ornament, embelliſhment, *L.*
Decórous, *a.* decent, ſuitable, becoming
Decórum, *ſ.* order, decency, a becoming behaviour, *L.*
Decóy, *v.* to entrap, entice, draw in, *Du.*
Decóy, *ſ.* a lure, a place for catching wild fowl, *Du.*
Decréaſe, *ſ.* the ſtate of growing leſs, decay, *L.*
Decréaſe, *v.* to diminiſh
Decree, *v.* to ordain or appoint, to make an edict
Decrée, *ſ.* a ſtatute or ordinance, a determination, *L.*

Décrement,

Décrement, *ſ.* decreaſe, *L.*
Decrépit, *a.* infirm with age, *F.*
Decrétal, *a.* belonging to a decree, a pope's letter, *L.*
Décretory, *a.* judicial, definitive
Decry, *v.* to ſpeak ill of, *F.*
Décuple, *a.* tenfold, *L.*
Dédicate, *v.* to ſet apart, to addreſs a book to, *L.*
Dédicated, *a.* conſecrated, addreſſed to
Dedicátion, *ſ.* a conſecration, the act of dedicating
Dedicátor, *ſ.* one who dedicates
Dedicátory, *a.* belonging to a dedication
Dedúce, *v.* to draw, or infer from, *L.*
Dedúcement, *ſ.* a thing deduced
Dedúcible, *a.* that may be deduced
Dedúcive, *a.* performing by deduction
Deduct, *v.* to ſubtract from, *L.*
Deduction, *ſ.* an abatement, a concluſion
Deed, *ſ.* an action, an inſtrument in writing, performance, *S.*
Deédleſs, *a.* unactive
Deem, *v.* to think or judge, *S.*
Deep, *a.* far to the bottom, profound, *L.*
Deep, *ſ.* the ſea
Deépen, *v.* to make deep, to darken
Deeply, *ad.* in high degree, ſorrowfully
Deepmuſing, *a.* loſt in thought
Deer, *ſ.* the beaſt whoſe fleſh is called veniſon
Defáce, *v.* to disfigure, or damage, *F.*
Defácement, *ſ.* a violation, injury
Defácer, *ſ.* a deſtroyer, aboliſher
Defálcate, *v.* to cut or lop off
Defalcátion, *ſ.* a pruning or cutting off, *L.*
Defámatory, *a.* calamitous, libellous
Defáme, *v.* to ſlander, or ſpeak evil of, *L.*
Defáult, *ſ.* a defect, an omiſſion, a neglect, *F.*

Defeáſance, *ſ.* a ſecret agreement, a defeat, *F.*
Defeáſible, *a.* that may be annulled
Defeát, *ſ.* a rout or overthrow
Defeát, *v.* to overthrow, to diſappoint, to make void, *F.*
Défecate, *v.* to draw from the dregs, to ſtain, *L.*
Defecátion, *ſ.* purification, the act of cleanſing
Défect, *ſ.* a want, a blemiſh, *L.*
Defféctible, *a.* imperfect, deficient
Defection, *ſ.* a falling off, *L.*
Defféctive, *a.* imperfect, faulty
Defféctiveneſs, *ſ.* faultineſs, imperfection
Defénce, *ſ.* protection, vindication, *L.*
Defénceleſs, *a.* unarmed, without defence
Defénd, *v.* to protect, to maintain, to vindicate, *L.*
Deféndable, *a.* that may be defended
Defendant, *ſ.* one who is ſued in an action at law, *L.*
Defénder, *ſ.* a protector, an advocate
Defénſative, *ſ.* a guard, defence, a bandage
Defénſible, *a.* that may be defended, juſtifiable
Defénſive, *a.* proper for defence
Defér, *v.* to delay, to put off, *L.*
Deférence, *ſ.* condeſcenſion, ſubmiſſion
Defi'ance, *ſ.* a challenge, out-braving, *F.*
Defi'ciency, *ſ.* inability, want, *L.*
Defi'cient, *a.* imperfect, wanting
Défier, *ſ.* one who defies
Defi'le, *ſ.* a narrow paſſage
Defi'le, *v.* to march off, to pollute, to corrupt
Defi'lement, *ſ.* pollution
Defi'nable, *a.* that may be aſcertained
Defi'ne, *v.* to explain, or give a definition, *L.*
Définite, *a.* certain, bounded
Définiteneſs, *ſ.* certainty, limitedneſs
Definition, *ſ.* a deſcription of the nature and properties of things, *L.*

Defi'nitive,

Defi'nitive, *a.* decisive, positive, expres, *L.*
Defi'nitively, *ad.* positively, expresly
Desléction, *s.* deviation, a turning aside, *L.*
Desléxure, *s.* a bending down, deflection
Deslówer, *v.* to ravish, to take away beauty, *F.*
Deslówerer, *s.* a ravisher
Desluxion, *s.* a falling of humours, *L.*
Desórm, *v.* to disfigure, spoil the form of, *L.*
Desórm, *a.* ugly, disfigured, *L.*
Desórmedly, *ad.* in an ugly manner
Desórmity, *s.* uglines, crookednes, irregularity
Defráud, *v.* to cheat or beguile
Defráuder, *s.* who defrauds
Defráy, *v.* to discharge expences
Defúnct, *a.* one deceased, *L.*
Defy, *v.* to challenge or outbrave, to treat with contempt, *F.*
Degéneracy, *s.* a falling off, or growing worse
Degénerate, *a.* unlike ancestors, unworthy
Degénerate, *v.* to fall off from a noble to a baser kind, *L.*
Degradátion, *s.* a deprivation of office or dignity
Degráde, *v.* to place lower
Degrée, *s.* order, rank, estate, pedigree; the 360th part of a circle
Dehort, *v.* to dissuade from, *L.*
Dehortation, *s.* advising the contrary, *L.*
Dejéct, *v.* to cast down, to sink the spirits, *L.*
Dejéctedly, *ad.* in a dejected manner
Dejéction, *s.* lowness of spirits, *L.*
Deificátion, *s.* the making a god
Déify, *v.* to make a god of, to praise excessively, *L.*
Deign, *v.* to vouchsafe, condescend to, *F.*
Déism, *s.* the believing in one God, denying all revealed religion
Déist, *s.* one who adheres to deism
Deistical, *a.* belonging to deism
Déity, *s.* God, *L.*
Delácerátion, *s.* a violent tearing, *L.*
Deláy, *v.* to stop, hinder, put off. *F.*
Deláy, *s.* an hindrance, a deferring, stay, *F.*
Deláyer *s.* one who delays
Deléctable, *a.* delightful, *L.*
Deléctably, *ad.* delightfully, pleasantly
Delectátion, *s.* pleasure, delight, *L.*
Délegate, *v.* to depute, authorise another, *L.*
Délegate, *s.* a deputy, a commissioner
Délegates, *s.* commissioners appointed under the great seal
Delegátion, *s.* a commission, trust
Delíberate, *v.* to weigh or ponder upon
Delíberate, *a.* advised, prudent, wary
Delíberately, *ad.* advisedly, circumspectly
Delíberateness, *s.* circumspection, caution
Deliberátion, *s.* circumspection
Delíberative, *a.* apt to consider
Délicacy, *s.* elegance in taste, dress, person; the politest chaste behaviour, *F.*
Délicate, *a.* beautiful, excellent, curious, *F.*
Délicately, *ad.* choicely, politely, daintily
Délicateness, *s.* tenderness, softness, effeminacy
Délicates, *s.* niceties, rarities
Delicious, *a.* delightful, sweet, exquisite, agreeable, *F.*
Deliciously, *ad.* sweetly, delightfully
Deliciousness, *s.* sweetness, delight, joy
Delight, *s.* a high degree of pleasure, contentment, or joy, *F.*
Delight, *v.* to give and receive pleasure
Delight ul, *a.* pleasant, charming
Delightfully, *ad.* with delight
Delightfulness, *s.* pleasantness
Delineate, *v.* to draw, paint, describe, *L.*
Delineátion, *s.* the outlines of a picture, &c.
Delinquency, *s.* a failure in duty

Delinquent,

Delínquent, *ſ.* a criminal, offender
Deliquium, *ſ.* a diſtillation by fire
Delírious, *a.* lightheaded, raving
Delírium, *ſ.* light-headedneſs, phrenzy, *L.*
Deliver, *v.* to ſurrender, ſave, relate
Deliverance, *ſ.* freedom, reſcue, utterance, *F.*
Deliverer, *ſ.* preſerver, ſaviour
Delivery, *ſ.* releaſe, utterance, childbirth
Delph, *ſ.* fine earthen ware
Delúdable, *a.* that may be deluded
Delúde, *v.* to beguile, deceive, cheat, *L.*
Delúder, *ſ.* a beguiler deceiver
Delve, *v.* to dig, *S.*
Déluge, *ſ.* an inundation, or overflowing, *F.*
Déluge, *v.* to drown, overwhelm
Delúſion, *ſ.* a falſe appearance, a deceit or impoſture, *L.*
Delúſive, *a.* apt to deceive or beguile, *L.*
Delúſory, *a.* deluſive
Démagogue, *ſ.* the ringleader of a mob, *G.*
Demánd, *ſ.* a claim, queſtion
Demánd, *v.* to aſk, require, or claim with authority, *F.*
Demándable, *a.* that may be demanded
Demándant, *ſ.* the proſecutor in a real action for lands, &c. *F.*
Demánder, *ſ.* one who demands dues
Deméan, *v.* to leſſen, behave, debaſe one's ſelf, to act unworthily
Demeánour, *ſ.* carriage, behaviour
Demeans, *ſ.* *See* Demeſne
Demérit, *ſ.* deſert, worthy of puniſhment
Demérit, *v.* to deſerve puniſhment
Demeſne, *ſ.* a patrimony or inheritance, *F.*
Demi, *ſ.* a word uſed in compoſition for half, *F.*
Demiſe, *ſ.* death, deceaſe, *F.*
Demiſe, *v.* to let lands or tenements, *F.*
Demócracy, *ſ.* where the ſupreme power is lodged in the people, *G.*
Democrátical, *a.* belonging to ſuch a government
Demóliſh, *v.* to throw or pull down, to deſtroy, *L.*
Demóliſher, *ſ.* one who demoliſhes
Demolítion, *ſ.* the act of demoliſhing
Démon, *ſ.* a ſpirit
Demóniac, *ſ.* one poſſeſſed with an evil ſpirit, *G.*
Demonology, *ſ.* a diſcourſe on the nature of demons
Demónſtrable, *a.* that may be proved beyond doubt, *L.*
Demónſtrably, *ad.* in a convincing manner
Demónſtrate, *v.* to ſhew plainly, prove unanſwerably, *L.*
Demónſtration, *ſ.* an evident and clear proof
Demónſtrative, *a.* invincible, concluſive
Demónſtratively, *ad.* clearly, plainly, certainly
Demónſtrator, *ſ.* one who demonſtrates
Demúlcent, *a.* ſoftening, aſſuaſive, *L.*
Demúr, *v.* to put in objections, to doubt of, *F.*
Demúr, *ſ.* a doubt, heſitation, objection
Demúre, *a.* preciſe, affectedly grave, prudiſh
Demúrely, *ad.* gravely, artfully
Demúreneſs, *ſ.* gravity, affected modeſty
Den, *ſ.* a cavern in which wild beaſts lodge, *S.*
Deniable, *a.* that may be denied
Denial, *ſ.* a refuſal, negation, *F.*
Denier, *ſ.* a copper coin, the 12th part of a French ſol, *F.*
Denis, *ſ.* a man's name
Denizon, *ſ.* an alien enfranchiſed by the king's charter
Denóminate, *v.* to give a name to, *L.*
Denómination, *ſ.* the giving a name to the name itſelf
Denóminative, *a.* giving a name

Denominátor,

Denóminator, *ſ.* the giver of a name
Denotátion, *ſ.* the act of denoting
Denóte, *v.* to ſignify, to betoken, *L.*
Denóunce, *v.* to publiſh or proclaim, *L.*
Denóuncer, *ſ.* one who declares ſome threat
Dénſe, *a.* thick, cloſe, compact, *L.*
Dénſity, *ſ.* cloſeneſs, or compactneſs
Déntal, *a.* belonging to teeth, *F.*
Denticulátion, *ſ.* a ſetting with teeth
Denticulated, *a.* ſet with ſmall teeth
Déntrifrice, *ſ.* a medicine for the teeth, *L.*
Dentition, *ſ.* the cutting of teeth
Denúdate, *v.* to ſtrip naked, *L.*
Denunciátion, *ſ.* a denouncing or proclaiming a public menace, *L.*
Deny, *v.* to refuſe, to diſown, to renounce, contradict, *F.*
Deóbſtruent, *ſ.* medicines that open obſtructions, *L.*
Déodand, *ſ.* a forfeiture in law
Depárt, *v.* to go away, to die, to quit, *F.*
Depártment, *ſ.* a ſeparate allotment, duty, *F.*
Depárture, *ſ.* a going from, a dying
Depáuperate, *v.* to impoveriſh another, *L.*
Depénd, *v.* to rely on, to hang from, *L.*
Depéndence, *ſ.* reliance, ſubjection, hanging down
Depéndent, *a.* one ſupported by another
Depict, *v.* to paint, deſcribe
Depicted, *a.* painted, repreſented, *L.*
Depilatory, *ſ.* a medicine to take off the hair, *L.*
Deplétion, *ſ.* the act of emptying
Deplórable, *a.* lamentable, contemptible, *L.*
Deplórableneſs, *ſ.* the being deplorable
Deplórably, *ad.* miſerably, lamentably
Deplóre, *v.* to lament, bewail, commiſerate, *L.*
Deplórer, *ſ.* one who deplores
Deplúme, *v.* to ſtrip off the feathers, *L.*
Depónent, *ſ.* one who gives information upon oath, *L.*
Depópulate, *v.* to unpeople, lay waſte a country, *L.*
Depopulátion, *ſ.* havock, waſte
Depopulátor, *ſ.* a deſtroyer of mankind
Depórt, *v.* to carry, deport one's ſelf
Depórtment, *ſ.* behaviour, carriage, *F.*
Depóſe, *v.* to give evidence on oath; alſo to degrade
Depóſite, *v.* to pledge, to place, *L.*
Depoſi'tion, *ſ.* an evidence given upon oath, a dethroning
Depóſitory, *ſ.* the place where things are lodged
Depóſitum, *ſ.* a pledge, a thing depoſited, *L.*
Depravátion, *ſ.* a corrupting, or making worſe, degeneracy, *L.*
Depráve, *v.* to ſpoil or corrupt
Deprávedneſs, *ſ.* a corruption, vitiated ſtate
Depráver, *ſ.* a corrupter
Deprávity, *ſ.* a ſpoiling, a corruption of manners, *L.*
Déprecate, *v.* to pray againſt any calamity, *L.*
Deprécation, *ſ.* a prayer againſt evil
Depréciate, *v.* to undervalue, ſet light by, *L.*
Depredátion, *ſ.* robbing, ſpoiling, humbling, *L.*
Depréſs, *v.* to preſs or weigh down, to humble, *L.*
Depréſſion, *ſ.* lowneſs of ſpirits, humiliation
Deprivátion, *ſ.* the act of depriving
Deprive, *v.* to bereave or rob one of, *L.*
Depth, *ſ.* deepneſs, abyſs, abſtruſeneſs
Dépurate, *v.* to purify, to cleanſe
Dépurated, *a.* cleanſed, pure, free from dregs
Depurátion, *ſ.* the making pure
Deputátion, *ſ.* act of deputing, *F.*
Depúte, *v.* to empower or authorize, *F.*

Députy,

Députy, *ſ.* one who acts in the name of another
Dereliction, *ſ.* an utter leaving or forſaking, *L.*
Deride, *v.* to mock, ſcorn, jeer, *L.*
Derider, *ſ.* a mocker, ſcoffer
Deriſion, *ſ.* deriding, laughing at, contempt, ſcorn
Deriſive, *a.* mocking, ſcoffing
Deriſory, *a.* mocking, ridiculing
Derivable, *a.* coming by derivation
Derivation, *ſ.* a word traced from its original, *L.*
Derivative, *a.* derived or taken from another
Derive, *v.* to deduce or draw from, *L.*
Dernier, *a.* laſt
Dérogate, *v.* to undervalue, diſparage, detract, *L.*
Derogation, *ſ.* a diſparaging
Derógative, *a.* derogatory, leſſening
Derógatorily, *ad.* in a detractory manner
Derógatory, *a.* leſſening the value, dignity or reputation
Deſcánt, *v.* to enlarge or paraphraze on a ſubject, *I.*
Déſcend, *v.* to come down, ſtoop to, comply below a perſon's dignity, *L.*
Deſcéndant, *a* proceeding from an anceſtor
Deſcént, *ſ.* fall downwards, declivity, lineage, invaſion
Deſcribe, *v.* to repreſent an action or thing, *L.*
Deſcriber, *ſ.* one who deſcribes
Deſcription, *ſ.* the act of deſcribing, *L.*
Deſcry, *v.* to ſpy out at a diſtance, *F.*
Deſ crate, *v.* to pollute things ſacred
Deſért, *ſ.* merit, excellence, worthy of reward, *L.*
Deſért, *v.* to leave, forſake, fall away, *L.*
Deſert, *ſ.* merit, *F.*
Déſert, or Deſart, *ſ.* a wilderneſs, a waſte country, *L.*

Deſérter, *ſ.* one who deſerts or forſakes
Deſértion, *ſ.* the act of forſaking
Deſertleſs, *a.* void of deſert
Deſérve, *v.* to merit, to be worthy, *F.*
Deſérvedly, *ad.* worthily
Deſérver, *ſ.* one who deſerves
Deſérving, *a.* worthy of reward or puniſhment
Deſhabile, *ſ.* an undreſs, *F.*
Deſic'cants, *ſ.* driers in medicine
Deſi'ccate, *v.* to dry up, *L.*
Deſi'gn, *v.* to intend, to project, to ſketch out a draught, &c.
Deſi'gn, *ſ.* a plan, ſcheme, project, which an artiſt gives in drawing, *F.*
Deſi'gnable, *a.* diſtinguiſhable
Deſignátion, *ſ.* appointment, import, intention
Deſi'gnedly, *ad.* intentionally, purpoſely
Deſigner, *ſ.* a contriver, architect, draughtſman
Deſigning, *part.* inſidious, treacherous
Deſirable, *a.* worthy to be deſired, *F.*
Deſire, *ſ.* a wiſh, eagerneſs to enjoy
Deſire, *v.* to aſk, wiſh, long for
Deſirous, *a.* full of deſire, eager
Deſiſt, *v.* to leave off, ſtop, ceaſe from, *L.*
Deſk, *ſ.* to write on, the reader's or clerk's pew in a church
Déſolate, *a.* uninhabited, ruinous, diſtreſſed *L.*
Deſolátion, *ſ.* ruin or deſtruction, grief, trouble
Deſpáir, *v.* to deſpond, be without hope
Deſpáir, *ſ.* the loſs of all hope, *L.*
Diſpátch, *ſ.* haſte, an expreſs
Diſpátch, *v.* to ſend away, finiſh, kill
Deſperádo, *ſ.* a deſperate man, *L.*
Déſperate, *a.* hopeleſs, regardleſs of ſafety, furious, *L.*
Deſpérately, *ad.* raſhly, furiouſly
Déſperateneſs, *ſ.* fury, precipitance

Deſperátion,

Deſperátion, *ſ.* deſpair
Déſpicable, *a.* mean, baſe, contemptible, *L.*
Deſpicáblenes, *ſ.* meanneſs, vileneſs
Deſpícably, *ad.* meanly, ſordidly
Deſpiſeable, *a.* contemptible, deſpicable
Deſpíſe, *v.* to look upon with contempt, *L.*
Deſpíſer, *ſ.* a contemner, ſcorner
Deſpite, *ſ.* contempt, ſpite, envy, malice, *F.*
Deſpíteful, *a.* malicious, full of ſpleen
Deſpitefully, *ad.* maliciouſly, malignantly
Deſpítefulneſs, *ſ.* malice, hatred, malignity
Deſpóil, *v.* to ſtrip one of his goods, eſtate, &c. *L.*
Deſpónd, *v.* to loſe courage, to deſpair, *L.*
Deſpóndency, *ſ.* a hopeleſſneſs, deſpair
Deſpótic, *a.* arbitrary, abſoulte, *G.*
Déſpotiſm, *ſ.* abſolute power
Deſſért, *ſ.* the laſt courſe at table, *F.*
Deſtination, *ſ.* the purpoſe intended
Déſtine, *v.* to appoint or deſign, to fix unalterably, *L.*
Déſtiny, *ſ.* invincible neceſſity, fate, doom, *G.*
Déſtitute, *a.* forlorn, abandoned to want and miſery, *L.*
Deſtroy, *v.* to conſume, to kill, to ſpoil, *L.*
Deſtróyer, *ſ.* one who deſtroys
Deſtrúction, *ſ.* ruin, waſte, ſlaughter
Deſtrúctive, *a.* ruinous, fatal, cauſing devaſtation
Deſultory, *a.* mutable, inconſtant, unſettled, *L.*
Detách, *v.* to ſend off, ſeparate, diſengage, *F.*
Detáched, *a.* drawn off, diſengaged, ſeparated from
Detáchment, *ſ.* a party of ſoldiers ſent of, *F.*
Detáil, *ſ.* a circumſtantial account, *F.*
Detáin, *v.* to keep or withhold, to hinder, ſtop, *L.*
Detáinder, *ſ.* a writ to detain
Detáiner, *ſ.* one who detains
Detéct, *v.* to diſcloſe, diſcover, lay open, *L.*
Detéction, *ſ.* diſcovery
Deténtion, *ſ.* detaining, withholding, confinement, *L.*
Deter, *v.* to frighten or diſcourage from, *L.*
Detérge, *v.* to cleanſe a ſore
Detérgent, *a.* wiping off, cleanſing, *L.*
Detérminable, *a.* capable of being decided or ended, *L.*
Determinate, *v.* to limit, fix
Detérminate, *a.* reſolute, deciſive, bounded, fixed
Detérminately, *ad.* reſolutely
Detérminátion, *ſ.* deciſion, concluſion
Detérminative, *a.* deciſive, concluſive
Determinátor, *ſ.* one who determines
Detérmine, *v.* to decide, give a final judgment, *L.*
Deterſion, *ſ.* the act of cleanſing
Detérſive, *a.* clearing or cleanſing
Deteſt, *v.* to loath, abhor, abominate
Deteſtable, *a.* to be abhored, or deteſted
Deteſtably, *ad.* abominably, hatefully
Deteſtátion, *ſ.* abhorrence, loathing
Dethróne, *v.* to depoſe, diveſt of royalty
Detinue, *ſ.* a writ
Detórt, *v.* to wreſt from the original import, *L.*
Detráct, *v.* to take from, ſpeak ill of, ſlander, *L.*
Detráctor, *ſ.* a calumniator
Detráction, *ſ.* ſlander, defamation
Détriment, *ſ.* hurt, damage, prejudice, *F.*
Detrimental, *a.* prejudicial
Detrude, *v.* to thruſt down, *L.*
Detrúſion, *ſ.* a thruſting down
Devaſtátion, *ſ.* havock, ruin, deſtruction, *L.*

Deuce,

Deuce, *ſ.* the two in cards and dice
Develope, *v.* to uncover, unveil, lay open, *F.*
Devéſt. *See* Diveſt.
Déviate, *v.* to ſwerve from, vary from common rules, *L.*
Déviation, *ſ.* a ſwerving from
Devíce, *ſ.* an invention or contrivance, an artifice, a motto, *F.*
Dévil, *ſ.* an evil ſpirit, *S.*
Déviliſh, *a.* the likeneſs of a devil
Deviſe, *v.* to contrive, invent, project
Deviſer, *ſ.* one who deviſes
Devoíd, *a.* empty, wanting, void
Devoír, *ſ.* reſpect, reverence, *F.*
Devólve, *v.* to paſs from one to another, *L.*
Devolútion, *ſ.* the act of devolving
Devóte, *v.* to dedicate, ſet apart, doom to deſtruction
Devótée, *ſ.* one ſuperſtitiouſly devout, *F.*
Devótion, *ſ.* religious fervour, acts of religion, power
Devótional, *a.* belonging to devotion
Devóur, *v.* to eat greedily, to conſume, *L.*
Devóut, *a.* religious, pious, *L.*
Devóutly, *ad.* religiouſly, piouſly
Dew, *ſ.* a moiſture in the graſs, *S.*
Déwy, *a.* reſembling, or moiſt with dew
Dexterity, *ſ.* a readineſs of contrivance, addreſs, capacity, *L.*
Dexterous, *a.* expert, handy, ſkilful
Dexterouſly, *ad.* expertly, actively, artfully
Diábetes, *ſ.* an involuntary and immoderate flux of urine, *G.*
Diabólical, *a.* deviliſh, *L.*
Diacódium, *ſ.* a ſyrup of poppies, *L.*
Diadem, *ſ.* an imperial or royal crown
Diágonal, *a.* a croſs from angle to angle, *G.*
Diagram, *ſ.* a mathematical ſcheme, *G.*
Díal, *ſ.* a plate to ſhew the time of the day by the ſun
Díalect, *ſ.* the provincial manner of expreſſion in any country, *G.*
Dialéctical, *a.* logical, argumental
Dialectic, *ſ.* logic, art of reaſoning
Dialling, *ſ.* the art of making dials
Díalogue, *ſ.* a diſcourſe between two or more, *G.*
Diámeter, *ſ.* a line dividing a circle into equal parts
Diamétrical, *a.* juſt oppoſite, or contrary to, *G.*
Diamétrically, *ad.* directly oppoſite
Díamond, *ſ.* the hardeſt and moſt valuable of all precious ſtones, *F.*
Diana, *ſ.* a woman's name
Díapaſm, *ſ.* a medicine made up of dry powders to be ſprinkled upon ſomething, *G.*
Diapáſon, *ſ.* an octave in muſic, *G.*
Díaper, *v.* to variegate, to diverſify
Díaper, *ſ.* a kind of linen woven in figures, *L.*
Diáphanous, *a.* tranſparent, *G.*
Diaphorétics, *ſ.* medicines that cauſe ſweat, *G.*
Diaphrágm, *ſ.* the midriff, *G.*
Diarrhœ'tic, *a.* purgative, *G.*
Diarrhœa, *ſ.* a flux or looſeneſs, *G.*
Díary, *ſ.* a day-book, journal
Diaſtole, *ſ.* a dilating or extending, *G.*
Dice, *ſ. pl.* of a die
Dictate, *v.* to tell another what to write, to preſcribe rules, *L.*
Dictates, *ſ.* precepts, inſtructions
Dictátor, *ſ.* a chief magiſtrate among the Romans, *L.*
Dictatórial, *a.* of or belonging to a dictator, authoritative
Dictátorſhip, *ſ.* the office of a dictator
Díction, *ſ.* ſtyle, language, expreſſion, *L.*
Dictionary, *ſ.* a book of words explained in alphabetical order

Didáctical, *a.* preceptive, doctrinal
Dídapper, *ſ.* a bird, *B.*
Die, *v.* to give up the ghoſt, to grow flat, as liquors
Die, *ſ.* a ſmall cube to play with, a ſtamp uſed in coinage
Díet, *ſ.* food, regimen, parliament
Diet, *v.* to board, ſupply with food
Díffer, *v.* to be unlike, diſagree
Dífference, *ſ.* unlikeneſs, diſagreement
Dífferent, *a.* unlike, diſtinct
Dífferently, *ad.* in a different manner
Difficult, *a.* hard, troubleſome
Difficultly, *ad.* with difficulty
Difficulty, *ſ.* labour, trouble, oppoſition, cavil
Diffidence, *ſ.* diſtruſt, fearfulneſs, want of confidence, *L.*
Diffident, *a.* not confident, diſtruſting
Difformity. *See* Deformity
Difform, *a.* unlike, having parts of a different ſtructure, *L.*
Diffúſe, *v.* to ſpread abroad, ſcatter, *L.*
Diffúſe, *a.* copious, widely ſpread
Diffúſed, *part.* ſpread abroad
Diffúſedneſs, *ſ.* diſperſion
Diffúſely, *ad.* widely, copiouſly
Diffúſion, *ſ.* ſpreading, extending
Diffúſive, *a.* ſpreading far
Diffúſiveneſs, *ſ.* extenſion, diffuſion
Dig, *v.* to open the ground with a ſpade, &c. *S.*
Digéſt, *ſ.* a volume of civil laws
Digéſt, *v.* to range methodically, to concoct in the ſtomach, *L.*
Digéſter, *ſ.* who, or what digeſts
Digéſtible, *a.* that may be digeſted
Digéſtion, *ſ.* the diſſolving of food in the ſtomach
Digéſtive, *a.* cauſing digeſtion, methodizing
Digger, *ſ.* one who digs
Dight, *v.* to dreſs, deck, adorn
Dignified, *a.* inveſted with honours
Dígnify, *v.* to advance, prefer, honour, *L.*
Dígnitary, *ſ.* one advanced in the church, *L.*
Dignity, *ſ.* rank, elevation, authority, *L.*
Digréſs, *v.* to turn aſide, deviate from, *L.*
Digréſſion, *ſ.* a going from the ſubject, deviation
Dike, *ſ.* a ditch, a bank, *S.*
Dilácerate, *v.* to tear, to rend
Dilacerátion, *ſ.* a rending in two
Dilapidátion, *ſ.* a waſteful deſtroying, *L.*
Dilatable, *a.* capable of extenſion, *L.*
Dilatátion, *ſ.* being extended
Dilate, *v.* to rarify, or expand, to enlarge upon, *L.*
Dilatórineſs, *ſ.* ſlowneſs, ſlothfulneſs
Dilatory, *a.* ſlow, full of delays, *L.*
Dilémma, *ſ.* an argument that convinces both ways, a difficulty
Díligence, *ſ.* aſſiduity, expedition, *L.*
Díligent, *a.* aſſiduous, perſevering
Díligently, *ad.* with care and perſeverance
Dilúcidate, *v.* to make clear, to explain
Dilucidátion, *ſ.* a making clear to be underſtood
Dilúte, *v.* to thin, mingle with water, *L.*
Dilúter, *ſ.* that which dilutes
Dilútion, *ſ.* a tempering, allaying, or diſſolving, a making weak
Dilúvian, *a* relating to the deluge
Dim, *a.* obſcure, dull, or not bright
Diménſion, *ſ.* the meaſure or compaſs of a thing, bulk, extenſion, *L.*
Diménſive, *a.* making the limits
Diminiſh, *v.* to impair, grow leſs in quantity or value, *L.*

Diminish, *v.* to lessen, to decrease
Diminútion, *s.* a growing less either in quantity or value, *L.*
Diminutive, *a.* little of its kind, *L.*
Diminutively, *ad.* in a diminutive manner
Diminutiveness, *s.* smallness, littleness
Dimish, *a.* somewhat dim
Dimissory *a.* a letter from one bishop to another
Dimity, *s.* a kind of fustian
Dimly, *a.* not with clear perception
Dimness, *s.* want of light, stupidity
Dimple, *s.* a little dent in the cheek or chin
Dimple, *v.* to sink in holes
Din, *s.* a noise, continued sound, *S.*
Din, *v.* to stun with noise
Dine, *v.* to eat a dinner, *F.*
Ding, *v.* to dash, bluster, huff
Dinner, *s.* our chief meal at noon
Dint, *s.* a small cavity, force power, *S.*
Dint, *v.* to make a cavity
Diócesan, *s.* a bishop who has the charge of a diocese, *F.*
Diócess, *s.* the extent of a bishop's jurisdiction, *G.*
Dip, *v.* to immerse, to mortgage an estate, &c. to look into, *S.*
Dipthong, *s.* two vowels sounded together in one syllable, *G.*
Diplóma, *s.* a deed of privilege, or degree, *G.*
Dire, *a.* dreadful, dismal, terrible, *L.*
Diréct, *a.* straight, in a right line, plain, *L.*
Diréct, *v.* to rule, or order, instruct, aim at, *L.*
Diréctor, *s.* an overseer or manager, an instructor
Direction, *s.* instruction, management, command, superscription
Diréctive, *a.* informing
Directly, *ad.* instantly, in a straight line
Diréctness, straightness, nearness of way
Diréctor, *s.* a superintendant, a ruler
Diréctory, *s.* a book, a rule to go by
Dirge, *s.* a mournful ditty, or song, *L.*
Dirk, *s.* a kind of dagger
Dirt, *s.* mud, mire
Dirt, *v.* to foul, bemire
Dirtily, *ad.* nastily, shamefully
Dirtiness, *s.* filthiness, baseness
Dirty, *a.* foul, mean, base
Dirty, *v.* to foul, dirt, scandalize
Disability, *s.* unfitness, incapacity
Disáble, *v.* to render incapable, to exclude
Disabúse, *v.* to undeceive, to inform rightly, *F.*
Disadvantage, *s.* loss, prejudice
Disadvantágeous, *a.* prejudicial, hurtful
Disaffécted, *a.* dissatisfied, bearing ill will to, *F.*
Disaffectedly, *ad.* in a disaffected manner
Disaffectedness, *s.* the being disaffected
Disaffection, *s.* the want of loyalty
Disagrée, *v.* to quarrel, not to suit, to differ
Disagréeable, *a.* contrary, unsuitable, unpleasant
Disagréeableness, *s.* contrariety, offensiveness
Disagréement, *s.* a disagreeing
Disallów, *v.* to disapprove, or not to allow
Disallówable, *a.* not allowable
Disánimate, *v.* to discourage
Disannúl, *v.* to vacate, repeal, abolish, *F.*
Disappear, *v.* to vanish, to go out of sight, *L.*
Disappóint, *v.* to frustrate hopes or expectations, *L.*
Disappóintment, *s.* a balk, a defeat of hopes
Disapprobátion, *s.* a censure, dislike
Disapprove, *v.* to dislike, *F.*
Disárm, *v.* to take away any offensive weapon, *F.*
Disarráy, *s.* a disorder, undress

Diſáſter, *ſ.* misfortune, calamity, miſchief, *F.*
Diáſtrous, *a.* hurtful, prejudicial, fatal, unlucky
Diſavów, *v.* to diſown, deny the knowledge of, *F.*
Diſavówal, *ſ.* a denial
Diſavówment, *ſ.* a denial
Diſauthoriſe, *v.* to deprive of credit
Diſbánd, *v.* to diſmiſs out of ſervice, *F.*
Diſbeliéf, *ſ.* a not believing
Diſbeliéve, *v.* not to believe
Diſbeliever, *ſ.* one who does not believe
Diſbúrden, *v.* to eaſe of a burden, to diſencumber
Disbúrſement, *ſ.* the laying out money, the ſum laid out, *F.*
Disbúrſe, *v.* to expend, or lay out money, *F.*
Disbúrſer, *ſ.* one who disburſes
Diſcard, *v.* to diſcharge, caſhire
Diſcérn, *v.* to ſee, judge, diſtinguiſh, *L.*
Diſcérner, *ſ.* one who diſcerns
Diſcérnible, *a.* diſcoverable
Diſcérning, *part.* judicious, knowing
Diſcérnment, *ſ.* the diſcerning faculty
Diſchárge, *v.* to acquit, to diſmiſs, to pay a debt, to fire a gun
Diſchárge, *ſ.* an acquittance, exploſion, a diſmiſſion, *F.*
Diſcind, *v.* to divide, cut in pieces
Diſciple, *ſ.* a ſcholar, a follower, *L.*
Diſciplinable, *a.* docile
Diſciplinárian, *ſ.* one who keeps ſtrict diſcipline
Diſciplináry, *a.* pertaining to diſcipline
Diſcipline, *ſ.* an order, rule, regulation
Diſcipline, *v.* to educate, puniſh
Diſclaim. *v.* to diſown, deny the knowledge of
Diſclaimer, *ſ.* one who diſclaims
Diſclóſe, *v.* to reveal, make known
Diſclóſer, *ſ.* one who diſcloſes
Diſcloſure, *ſ.* the revealing of ſecrets
Diſcólour, *v.* to change or deface a colour, to ſtain, *L.*
Diſcómfit, *v.* to overcome, vanquiſh, *F.*
Diſcómfort, *v.* to afflict, grieve, deject, *F.*
Diſcommend, *v.* to diſpraiſe, to blame
Diſcomméndable, *a.* blameable
Diſcommendátion, *ſ.* blame, cenſure
Diſcommóde, *v.* to incommode
Diſcommódious, *a.* incommodious
Diſcommódity, *ſ.* inconvenience, hurt
Diſcompóſe, *v.* to ruffle, diſturb, diſorder, *F.*
Diſcompóſure, *ſ.* trouble, anxiety, perturbature
Diſconcért, *v.* to fruſtrate, to diſappoint, *F.*
Diſcongrúity, *ſ.* incongruity
Diſcónſolate, *a.* not to be comforted, ſorrowful
Diſcónſolately, *ad.* in a diſconſolate manner
Diſcónſolateneſs, *ſ.* the being diſconſolate
Diſcontént, *a.* diſſatisfied
Diſcontént, *ſ.* the want of content
Diſconténted, *part.* uneaſy diſſatisfied
Diſconténtedneſs, *ſ.* uneaſineſs
Diſcontinuance, *ſ.* intermiſſion, ſeparation
Diſcontinuation, *ſ.* a breaking off, or ſeparation
Diſcontinue, *v.* to ceaſe, to break off, *F.*
Diſcontinúity, *ſ.* diſunity of parts
Diſconvénience, *ſ.* incongruity, diſagreement
Diſcord, *ſ.* ſtriſe, variance, *L.*
Diſcórdance, *ſ.* diſagreement, inconſiſtence
Diſcórdant, *a.* jarring, inconſiſtent, incongruous, *L.*
Diſcórdantly, *ad.* inconſiſtently, contradictorily
Diſcóver, *v.* to eſpy, to find out, reveal, *F.*
Diſcóverable, *a.* that may be found out
Diſcoverer, *ſ.* one who diſcovers
Diſcóvery, *ſ.* a detection, a ſpying, a diſcloſing
Diſcount, *v.* to deduct, draw back

Díſcount, *ſ.* a drawback, allowance
Díſcóuntenance, *v.* to put a check to, diſcourage, *F.*
Díſcóurage, *v.* depreſs, diſhearten, diſſuade, *F.*
Díſcóuragement, *ſ.* a difficulty, loſs, detriment
Díſcourſe, *ſ.* talk, converſation, a book or treatiſe, *F.*
Díſcóurſe, *v.* to talk to reaſon, to treat upon
Díſcóurteous, *ſ.* uncivil, unkind, uncomplaiſant, *F.*
Díſcourteſy, *ſ.* uncivility
Díſcous, *a.* broad, flat, wide
Díſcrédit, *ſ.* want or loſs of credit, diſhonour, diſgrace, *F.*
Díſcrédit, *v.* to diſgrace, not to believe
Díſcréet, *a.* wiſe, conſiderate, ſober, *F.*
Díſcreetly, *ad.* prudently
Díſcréetneſs, *ſ.* the being diſcreet
Díſcrétion, *ſ.* prudence, circumſpection, *F.*
Díſcrétionary, *a.* unlimited, left at large
Díſcríminate, *v.* to diſtinguiſh, put a difference between
Díſcúmber, *v.* to free from incumbrances
Díſcúrſive, *a.* moving here and there, *F.*
Díſcúrſory, *a.* argumental, rational
Díſcúſs, *v.* to examine, ſcan, ſift, *L.*
Díſcúſſion, *ſ.* an examination of a queſtion, the diſperſing the matter of a ſwelling
Díſcúſſive, *a.* able to diſcuſs
Díſcútient, *ſ.* a repelling or diſcuſſing medicine, *L.*
Díſdain, *v.* to ſcorn, contemn, reject,
Díſdáin, *ſ.* contempt, ſcorn, *F.*
Díſdáinful, *a.* contemptuous, indignant, ſcornful
Díſdáinfully, *ad.* with haughty contempt
Díſdáinfulneſs, *ſ.* contempt, haughty ſcorn
Díſéaſe, *ſ.* a diſtemper, malady
Díſéaſed, *a.* troubled with a diſeaſe
Díſembárk, *v.* to land a perſon, or goods, from a ſhip, *F.*
Díſembódied, *a.* diveſted of their bodies
Díſembógue, *v.* to diſcharge into the ſea, *F.*
Díſencúmber, *v.* to free from encumbrances
Díſcúmbrance, *ſ.* deliverance from trouble
Díſenfránchiſe, *v.* to deprive a citizen or burgeſs of his freedom, *L.*
Díſengáge, *v.* to revoke an engagement, *F.*
Díſengáged, *a.* at leiſure, free, at liberty
Díſentángle, *v.* to unravel, extricate
Díſenthrál, *v.* to ſet free
Díſenthróne, *v.* to depoſe a ſovereign
Díſeſtéem, *ſ.* a ſlight regard, diſlike, *F.*
Díſfávour, *ſ.* a being out of favour, an ill turn, *L.*
Díſfi'gure, *v.* to mar, deface, *F.*
Díſfóreſt, *v.* to take away the privileges of a foreſt
Díſfránchiſe, *v.* to take away privileges
Díſfránchiſement, *ſ.* deprivation of privileges
Díſgárniſh, *v.* to ſtrip, undreſs
Díſgorge, *v.* to vomit, to pour out violently, *F.*
Díſgráce, *v.* to diſhonour, to brand with infamy, to turn out of favour, *F.*
Díſgráce, *ſ.* diſhonour, ignominy, out of favour
Díſgráceful, *a.* infamous, ignominious
Díſguíſe, *v.* to put on a diſguiſe, alter, conceal
Díſguíſe, *ſ.* a counterfeit habit, pretence, cloak
Díſguſt, *ſ.* diſtaſte, diſlike, *F.*
Díſgúſt, *v.* to offend, give a diſlike
Díſgúſtful, *a.* diſtaſteful, nauſeous
Díſh, *ſ.* an utenſil of various kinds, *S.*
Díſh, *v.* to ſerve in a diſh
Díſhabille, *ſ.* a looſe undreſs, *F.*
Díſheárten, *v.* to diſcourage
Díſheriſon, *ſ.* a diſinheriting

Diſhével, *v.* to diſconcert the hair, *F.*
Diſhevelled, *a.* the hair hanging down diſorderly, *F.*
Diſhóneſt, *a.* knaviſh, unchaſte, *L.*
Diſhóneſty, *ſ.* knavery, lewdneſs, want of probity
Diſhonour, *ſ.* diſgrace, infamy
Diſhónour, *v.* to diſparage, diſgrace, deflour, *F.*
Diſhónourable, *a.* ungenerous, contrary to honour or honeſty, *F.*
Diſinclinátion, *ſ.* ſlight, diſlike
Diſingenúity, *ſ.* inſincerity, unfairneſs
Diſingénuous, *a.* inſincere, falſehearted, unfair, *L.*
Diſinherit, *v.* to deprive of an inheritance
Diſintér, *v.* to take a corpſe out of a grave
Diſintereſted, *a.* void of ſelf-intereſt, *F.*
Diſintereſtedneſs, *ſ.* a contempt of private intereſt
Diſjóin, *v.* to ſeparate, part, looſen, *L.*
Diſjóint, *v.* to put out of joint, to break in pieces
Diſjúnction, *ſ.* a diviſion or disjoining, diſunion, *L.*
Diſjúnctive, *a.* making oppoſition, or ſeparation
Diſjúnctively, *ad.* ſeparately, diſtinctly
Diſk, *ſ.* a quoit, the flat appearance of a planet
Diſkindneſs, *ſ.* injury, want of affection
Diſlike, *ſ.* diſinclination
Diſlike, *v.* to diſapprove, not to like
Diſlocate, *v.* to put out of joint, diſplace, *F.*
Diſlocátion, *ſ.* a joint put out, act of diſplacing
Diſlódge, *v.* to go out, to drive an enemy from a ſtation, *F.*
Diſlóyal, *a.* not true to allegiance
Diſloyálty, *ſ.* unfaithfulneſs to a ſovereign or husband, *F.*
Diſmal, *a.* hideous, terrible, gloomy, *F.*
Diſmalneſs, *ſ.* horror, gloomineſs
Diſmántle, *v.* to ſtrip, deſtroy the outworks of a town, or caſtle, *F.*
Diſmáy, *ſ.* fright, horror, fall of courage, *Sp.*
Diſmémber, *v.* to pull or cut off the limbs, to cut in pieces, *F.*
Diſmes, *ſ.* tythes, *F.*
Diſmiſs, *v.* to ſend away, diſpatch, to diſcard
Diſmiſſion, *ſ.* a ſending away, diſcharge
Diſmount, *v.* to alight, or be unhorſed, *F.*
Diſobédience, *ſ.* undutifulneſs, incompliance, *F.*
Diſobédient, *a.* the breaking lawful commands, *F.*
Diſobéy, *v.* not to obey, *F.*
Diſoblige, *v.* to offend, affront, diſpleaſe, *F.*
Diſobliging, *a.* offenſive, unpleaſing, uncivil
Diſobligingly, *ad.* in an offenſive manner
Diſórder, *ſ.* confuſion, riot, ſickneſs, irregularity, *F.*
Diſórder, *v.* to put out of order
Diſórdered, *a.* irregular, vicious
Diſórderly, *ad.* without law, or method
Diſówn, *v.* to deny, to renounce
Diſpárage, *v.* to decry, undervalue, *F.*
Diſpáragement, *ſ.* diſgrace, a leſſening, *F.*
Diſpárity, *ſ.* inequality, diſſimility, *F.*
Diſpárk, *v.* to take away the incloſures of a park
Diſpart, *v.* to divide into two, *L.*
Diſpaſſion, *ſ.* coolneſs of temper
Diſpáſſionate, *a.* cool, calm, moderate, temperate
Diſpátch, *v.* to accompliſh, to ſend away, to kill
Diſpátch, *ſ.* expedition, an expreſs, *F.*
Diſpél, *v.* to drive away, to diſſipate, *L.*

Diſpénſary,

Dispénsary, *ſ.* a place where medicines are kept, *F.*
Dispenſátion, *ſ.* exemption, diſtribution, *L.*
Dispénſatory, *ſ.* a treatiſe of medicinal compoſitions
Dispénſe, *v.* to exempt, or excuſe, diſtribute, *L.*
Dispéople, *v.* to depopulate, *F.*
Dispérſe, *v.* to ſpread abroad, to ſcatter
Dispérſion, *ſ.* ſcattering or ſpreading abroad
Dispérit, *v.* to diſhearten, intimidate
Displáce, *v.* to remove out of place, to diſorder, *F.*
Displácency, *ſ.* diſobligingneſs, incivility
Displáy, *v.* to unfold, declare, explain at large
Displeaſe, *v.* to offend, *F.*
Displeáſure, *ſ.* diſtaſte, anger, diſcontent, offence
Disport, *ſ.* paſtime, recreation, *I.*
Diſpóſal, *ſ.* management, regulation, conduct
Dispóſe, *v.* to prepare, ſet in order, ſell, incline, *F.*
Diſpoſi'tion, *ſ.* method, temper, inclination
Dispoſſéſs, *v.* to deprive, to eject, to turn out
Dispóſure, *ſ.* diſpoſal, poſture, ſtate
Dispráiſe, *ſ.* blame, cenſure
Dispráiſe, *v.* to blame or diſcommend
Dispróſit, *ſ.* loſs, damage
Dispróof, *ſ.* confutation, refutation
Dispropórtion, *ſ.* inequality, unlikeneſs, *F.*
Dispropórtionate, *a.* that bears no proportion
Dispróve, *v.* to confute, refute
Dispútable, *a.* liable to be diſputed
Diſputant, *ſ.* one who engages in a diſpute
Diſputátion, *ſ.* a diſputing, argumentation
Dispúte, *v.* to argue, contend by argument, *L.*
Disquálify, *v.* to render unqualified
Diſquiet, *v.* to make uneaſy
Disquiet, *ſ.* uneaſineſs, vexation
Disquiſition, *ſ.* a ſtrict enquiry
Disregárd, *ſ.* neglect, unconcern
Disregárd, *v.* to ſlight, ſhew no regard for, *F.*
Disréliſh, *v.* not to reliſh, to diſlike
Disrepúte, *ſ.* diſcredit, ill fame
Disreſpect, *ſ.* rudeneſs, incivility
Disrobe, *ſ.* to pull off a robe
Diſſatisfáction, *ſ.* diſcontent
Diſſatisfáctory, *a.* not giving ſatisfaction
Diſſatisfied, *a.* diſcontented, made uneaſy
Diſſect, *v.* to anamotiſe, divide, cut in pieces, *L.*
Diſſection, *ſ.* diſſecting, anatomy
Diſſeizin, *ſ.* an unlawful diſpoſſeſſing a perſon of his lands, tenements, &c
Diseize, *v.* to diſpoſſeſs, *F.*
Diſſeizée, *ſ.* one deprived of his lands, &c.
Diſſéiſor, *ſ.* one who puts another out of poſſeſſion
Diſſemble, *v.* to feign, or falſely to pretend, *L.*
Diſſémbler, *ſ.* one who makes falſe pretences
Diſſéminate, *v.* to ſow, ſcatter, or ſpread abroad, *L.*
Diſſéntion, *ſ.* ſtrife, contention, *L.*
Diſſént, *v.* to diſagree, differ in opinion, *L.*
Diſſentáneous, *a.* contrary, inconſiſtent
Diſſénter, *ſ.* one who does not conform to the ceremonies of the eſtabliſhed church
Diſſertátion, *ſ.* an eſſay, diſcourſe, treatiſe, *L.*
Diſſervice, *ſ.* prejudice, miſchief
Diſſéver, *v.* to disjoin, to diſunite
Diſſi'milar, *a.* unlike, *F.*
Diſſimilitude, *ſ.* unlikeneſs
Diſſimulátion, *ſ.* diſſembling
Diſſipate, *v.* to diſperſe or ſcatter
Diſſipation, *ſ.* waſting, ſcattering, uſeleſs ſpending of time or fortune, *L.*
Diſſociate, *v.* to part, diſunite

Diſſoluble,

Diſſoluble, *a.* that may be diſſolved, *L.*
Diſſólve, *v.* to render liquid, to melt, to diſunite, *L.*
Diſſolvent, *ſ.* a liquor proper for diſſolving any ſubſtance
Díſſolute, *a.* looſe, vicious, debauched, *L.*
Diſſolúteneſs, *ſ.* licentiouſneſs, debauchery
Diſſolútion, *ſ.* diſſolving, breaking off, death
Diſſonance, *ſ.* contrariety, oppoſition, a diſcord, *F.*
Diſſonant, *a.* harſh, out of tune, *F.*
Diſſuáde, *v.* adviſe to the contrary, *L.*
Diſſuáſion, *a.* dehortation
Diſſuáſive, *a.* proper to diſſuade
Diſſy'llable, *ſ.* a word of two ſyllables, *G.*
Diſtaff, *ſ.* part of a ſpinning wheel
Diſtáin, *v.* blot, defile
Diſtance, *ſ.* a ſpace of time, oppoſition, reſpect *L.*
Diſtanced, *a.* to be caſt out of a race
Diſtant, *a.* remote in time or place, ſhy
Diſtaſte, *ſ.* diſlike, diſguſt
Diſtáſte, *v.* to diſpleaſe, diſguſt, give offence
Diſtáſteful, *a.* unpalatable, offenſive, unpleaſing
Diſtemper, *ſ.* trouble, diſorder, or uneaſineſs
Diſtémper, *v.* to diſeaſe, trouble or diſorder
Diſtémperature, *ſ.* intemperateneſs, confuſion
Diſtémpered, *a.* diſeaſed, troubled, or beſide himſelf
Diſtend, *v.* to ſtretch, to ſwell out, *L.*
Diſténtion, *ſ.* a ſtretching, ſtuffing out, or inlarging
Díſtich, *ſ.* a couplet, a ſcrap of poetry, where the ſenſe is complete in two lines, *G.*
Diſtíl, *v* to uſe a ſtill, drop, flow gently, *L.*
Diſtillation, *ſ.* the act of diſtilling
Diſtíller, *ſ.* one who diſtills ſpirituous liquors
Diſtínct *a.* plain clear, different, unlike, *L.*
Diſtinction, *ſ.* difference, ſeparation, quality
Diſtínctive, *a.* judicious, able to diſtinguiſh
Diſtínctly, *ad.* plainly, clearly
Diſtínctneſs, *ſ.* difference, clearneſs
Diſtinguiſh, *v.* to diſcern, to put a difference between, to make one's ſelf known by ſome remarkable action, *L.*
Diſtínguiſhable, *a.* that may be diſtinguiſhed
Diſtínguiſhed, *part.* eminent, extraordinary
Diſtórt, *v.* to writhe; pull out of place
Diſtórtion, *ſ.* grimace, contortion, deformity
Diſtráct, *v.* to perplex, divide, to make mad, *L.*
Diſtráction, *ſ.* confuſion, madneſs
Diſtráin, *v.* to ſeize goods or chattels, *F.*
Diſtráint, *ſ.* ſeizure
Diſtréſs, *ſ.* ſeizing a perſon's goods, adverſity
Diſtréſs, *v.* to harraſs, render miſerable
Diſtríbute, *v.* to divide or ſhare
Diſtríbution, *ſ.* the act of diſtributing
Diſtríbutive, *a.* ſerving to diſtribute
Diſtríbutively, *ad.* by diſtribution
Diſtrict, *ſ.* the extent of a juriſdiction, *L.*
Diſtrúſt, *v.* to have a ſuſpicion of
Diſtruſt, *ſ.* ſuſpicion, jealouſy
Diſtruſtful, *a.* ſuſpicious
Diſtrúſtfulneſs, *ſ.* want of confidence
Diſtúrb, *v.* to interrupt, to diſorder, vex
Diſtúrbance, *ſ.* trouble, uneaſineſs, tumult
Diſtúrber, *ſ.* one who raiſes a diſturbance
Diſvéloped, *a.* open or unfolded
Diſjúnion, *ſ.* diviſion, ſeparation, diſagreement, *L.*
Diſunite, *v.* to ſeparate, to ſet at variance, to fall aſunder
Diſúſage, *ſ.* diſuſe
Diſuſe, *ſ.* want of practice

Diſuſe, *v.* to forbear the uſe of
Ditch, *ſ.* a trench, to carry off water, a foſſe or moat, wherewith a town is ſurrounded
Ditcher, *ſ.* a day-labourer who makes ditches
Dittany, *ſ.* the herb pepper-wort
Ditto, *ſ.* the aforeſaid, or the ſame
Ditty, *ſ.* a paſtoral ſong, or ballad, *L.*
Divan, *ſ.* the council of the Grand Signior
Diváricate, *v.* to ſtraddle, *L.*
Divárication, *ſ.* ſtraddling, winding and turning, *L.*
Dive, *v.* to ſwim under water, to penetrate into
Diver, *ſ.* one who dives, a bird
Divérge, *v.* to extend from one point
Divérgent, *a.* going farther and farther aſſunder, *L.*
Divers, *a.* ſeveral, *L.*
Diverſe, *a.* different, unlike, *L.*
Diverſification, *ſ.* change, alteration
Divérſify, *v.* to vary, to make different, *F.*
Divérſion, *ſ.* a turning aſide, recreation, *F.*
Divérſity, *ſ.* variety, difference
Diverſly, *ad.* differently, variouſly
Divért, *v.* to turn aſide, entertain, miſapply, *L.*
Diverting, *a.* merry, agreeable
Divértiſement, *ſ.* merriment, paſtime, recreation, *F.*
Divértive, *a.* recreative, amuſing
Diveſt, *v.* to uncloath, deprive of, diſpoſſeſs
Divide, *v.* to part, ſeparate, diſtribute, *L.*
Dividend, *ſ.* a ſhare, number to be divided
Divider, *ſ.* a diſtributor who divides
Dividers, *ſ.* a ſort of compaſſes
Divination, *ſ.* foretelling things to come, *F.*
Divine, *v.* to foretel, to gueſs, *L.*
Divine, *ſ.* a clergyman
Divine, *a.* heavenly, godlike
Divinely, *ad.* heavenly, in a godlike manner
Diviner, *ſ.* one who fortels future events, *L.*
Divinity, *ſ.* the deity, theology, *F.*
Diviſibility, *ſ.* a being diviſible
Diviſible, *a.* capable of being ſeparated into parts
Diviſion, *ſ.* a dividing, a ſhare, a diſunion, a partition, body of ſoldiers, the mark [-] to join words, a rule in arithmetic
Diviſor, *ſ.* the number by which another is to be divided, *L.*
Divórce, *ſ.* a diſſolution of marriage, *L.*
Divórcement, *ſ.* a divorce
Divóto, *ſ.* a grave and ſolemn manner of playing muſic, to inſpire devotion, *I.*
Diurétic, *a.* provoking urine, *G.*
Diúrnal, *a.* daily; belonging to the day, *L.*
Diúrnal, *ſ.* a day-book, a ſort of breviary.
Divúlge, *v.* to publiſh, ſpread abroad, *L.*
Dizen, *v.* to deck, to dreſs
Dizzineſs, *ſ.* giddineſs
Dizzy, *a.* giddy
Docible, or docile, *a.* eaſily taught, tractable, *L.*
Docility, *ſ.* tractableneſs, aptneſs to learn
Dock, *ſ.* a place to build or repair ſhips in, an herb
Dock, *v.* to cut off a horſe's tail, or the entail of an eſtate, *L.*
Docket, *ſ.* an abridgement of a large writing
Doctor, *ſ.* the higheſt degree in any art or ſcience, *L.*
Doctorſhip, *ſ.* the higheſt academical degree
Doctrinal, *a.* relating to a point of doctrine, *L.*
Doctrine, *ſ.* a precept or maxim
Document, *ſ.* precept, inſtruction, *L.*

Dodge, *v.* to run here and there, to fly from one thing to another, to follow
Doe, *ſ.* a female deer, *S.*
Dóer, *ſ.* an actor, agent
Dog, *ſ.* a domeſtic animal, a ſea-fiſh, a ſtar ſo called, a lump of iron, *B.*
Dog, *v.* to follow ſly and continually
Dog-days, *ſ.* the time while the dog-ſtar ſhines
Dogcheap, *a.* as cheap as dogs meat
Dog-teeth, *ſ.* the teeth next the grinders
Dóge, *ſ.* the chief magiſtrate of Venice and Genoa
Dógged, *a.* followed and watched, ſurly, ſullen, gloomy
Dóggedneſs, *ſ.* ſullenneſs
Dógger, *ſ.* a kind of ſmall light ſhip
Dóggerel, *ſ.* a low kind of poetry
Dóggiſh, *ſ.* brutal, churliſh
Doghóle, *ſ.* a vile hole, a wretched houſe
Dógma, *ſ.* a maxim; received opinion, *G.*
Dogmátical, *a.* opiniated, poſitive
Dogmátically, *ad.* mageſterially, poſitively
Dógmatize, *v.* to ſpeak in an overbearing, poſitive manner
Dóings, *ſ.* events, conduct, merriment
Doit, *ſ.* a Dutch coin, three of which are nearly equal to one halfpenny, *Du.*
Dole, *ſ.* a ſhare, a gift, grief, *L.*
Dole, *v.* to diſtribute alms
Dóleful, *a.* mournful, lamentable, piteous
Dóleſome, *a.* melancholy, gloomy
Doll, *ſ.* an abbreviation of Dorothy, a child's baby
Dóllar, *ſ.* a ſilver coin of different weights and value
Dólorous, *a.* ſad, grievous, painful, *L.*
Dólour, *ſ.* ſorrow, grief, pain, *L.*
Dolphin, *ſ.* a ſea-fiſh, a northern conſtellation, *L.*
Dolt, *ſ.* a blockhead, a ſilly fellow
Doltiſh, *a.* a ſilly ſtupid fellow
Domain, *ſ.* paternal inheritance; poſſeſſions, *L.*
Dome, *ſ.* a vaulted roof, a cupola, *L.*
Doméſtic, *a.* belonging to the houſe, or family, *L.*
Dómicil, *ſ.* a manſion-houſe
Domination, *ſ.* dominion, tyranny
Domineer, *v.* to ſwagger; rule with inſolence, *F.*
Dominical, *a.* denoting the Lord's day
Dominicans, *ſ.* an order of friars
Dóminick, *ſ.* a man's name
Dominion, *ſ.* empire, government, territory, region, diſtrict
Don, *ſ.* a title of honour in Spain and Portugal, *Sp.*
Donation, *ſ.* a grant, free gift, *L.*
Dónative, *ſ.* a free gift; grant; or gratuity, *F.*
Donée, *ſ.* one to whom lands, &c. are given
Dónor, *ſ.* a giver, a beſtower, *L.*
Doom, *v.* to ſentence, judge, deſtine, *S.*
Doom, *ſ.* ſentence or judgment, *S.*
Doómſday, *ſ.* the day of judgment
Door, *ſ.* a portal or gate of a houſe, &c. *L. S.*
Dórcas, *ſ.* a woman's name
Dóric, *ſ.* the ſecond order in architecture
Dórmant, *a.* ſleeping, concealed; kept ſecret, *F.*
Dórmitory, *ſ.* a bed-chamber in a convent, a burial-place, *L.*
Dormouſe, *ſ.* a mouſe that ſleeps during winter
Dórothy, *ſ.* a woman's name
Dorſer, *ſ.* a pannier to carry goods on horſe-back
Doſe, *ſ.* the quantity of phyſic given at one time, *G.*

Dóffil, *ſ.* a kind of tent for wounds
Dot, *ſ.* a ſmall point
Dot, *v.* to make dots thus . . . . .
Dótage, *ſ.* that age in which reaſon and memory fail
Dótard, *ſ.* a doting fellow
Dote, *v.* to grow ſilly, to be childiſhly fond
Dotterel, *ſ.* a bird
Dótingly, *ad.* fondly
Dóuble, *a.* two-fold, twice as much
Dóuble, *v.* to make twice as much fold, play tricks, *F.*
Dóuble, *ſ.* twice the quantity or number
Dóublet, *ſ.* a garment not unlike a waiſtcoat
Doubloon, *ſ.* a Spaniſh gold coin worth 1 l. 14 s. 8 d.
Doubt, *v.* to queſtion, ſuſpect
Doubt, *ſ.* uncertainty of mind, ſuſpence, ſcruple, *F.*
Dóubter, *ſ.* one who doubts
Dóubtful, *a.* dubious, uncertain, ambiguous
Doúbtleſs, *ad.* without doubt
Doúcet, *ſ.* a kind of cuſtard
Dove, *ſ.* a pigeon, *S.*
Dóvecoat, *ſ.* a pigeon-houſe
Dovetáil, *a.* a term amongſt joiners
Dough, *ſ.* paſte unbaked, *S.*
Dóughty, *a.* a mock word for brave, valient, *S.*
Dóughy, *a.* ſoft, unbaked
Dowable, *a.* that may or ought to be endowed
Dówager, *ſ.* a widow who enjoys her dowery
Dówdy, *a.* a woman dreſſed awkwardly
Dower, or Dówery, *ſ.* a jointure, a wife's portion
Dówered, *a.* portioned, having a jointure
Dowerleſs, *a.* without a jointure

Dówlaſs, *ſ.* a coarſe ſtrong linen cloth
Down, *ſ.* ſoft feathers, a large open field
Down, *pron.* on the ground, tending towards the ground
Down, *v.* to ſubdue, conquer, ruin
Dówn-caſt, *a.* directed to the ground
Downfall, *ſ.* a fall down, ruin
Dówn-hill, *a.* deſcending down the hill
Downly'ing, *a.* near child-birth
Downright, *a.* open, plain, undiſguiſed
Downs, *ſ.* hilly, open fields, the ſea near Deal
Dównward, or downwards, *a.* towards the bottom, moving on a declivity
Dówney, *a.* covered with a ſoft ſubſtance, ſoft
Dowſe, *ſ.* a blow on the chops, *L. S.*
Doxólogy, *ſ.* an aſcribing glory to God, *G.*
Doxy, *ſ.* a whore, a ſoldier's trull
Doze, *v.* to ſlumber
Dózen, *ſ.* twelve, *F.*
Drab, *ſ.* a thick light-coloured woolen cloth, or dirty wench
Drachm, *ſ.* the 8th of an ounce troy, 1-16th avoird.
Drachma, *ſ.* a Grecian coin of the value of 7d. 3 farthings ſterling, *G.*
Draff. *See* Draugh
Draft. *See* Draught
Drag, *v.* to draw, or trail along, to fiſh with a drag net
Drag, *ſ.* a ſweep net, a hook or grapple, a fox's tail.
Drággle, *v.* to trail in the dirt
Drágon, *ſ.* a flying ſerpent, a conſtellation, *F.*
Drágonlike, *a.* furious, fiery
Dragóon, *ſ.* a ſoldier who fights both on horſeback and on foot, *F.*
Dragoón, *v.* to enſlave with ſoldiers

Drain, *v.* to empty, to make quite dry
Drain, *ſ.* a channel to carry off water
Drake, *ſ.* the male duck, a kind of gum, *L.*
Dram. *See* Drachm
Dráma, *ſ.* the action of a play.
Dramátic, *a.* theatrical, written for the ſtage. *G.*
Dramátically, *ad.* by repreſentation
Drank, *v.* did drink
Dráper, *ſ.* a ſeller of cloth, *F.*
Drápery, *ſ.* the cloth trade, the cloathing of a figure in painting and ſculpture, *F.*
Draugh, *ſ.* refuſe, hogwaſh
Draught, *ſ.* as much liquor as is ſwallowed without taking breath, delineation, detachment, allowance in weight
Draughts, *ſ.* a game
Draw, *v.* to pull after, unſheath, allure, delineate, compoſe, lengthen, extort, deduce, bring to a head
Draw'back, *ſ* a duty paid on exportation
Draw'bridge, *ſ.* one to pull up or let down
Dráwer, *ſ.* a ſliding-box, one who draws
Dráwers, *ſ.* linen breeches to wear under others
Dráwing, *ſ.* a delineation, repreſentation
Drawing-room, *ſ.* an anti-chamber
Drawn, *a.* unſheathed, evicerated, equal
Drawl, *v.* to ſpeak dreamingly
Dray, *ſ.* a brewer's cart, a kind of ſledge, a ſquirrel's neſt
Dread, *a.* great, auguſt, mighty
Dread, *v.* to be in fear, ſtand in awe
Dread, *ſ.* terror, fear, apprehenſion
Dréadful, *a.* terrible, horrible
Dréadfulneſs, *ſ.* terribleneſs, frightfulneſs
Dréadfully, *ad.* terribly, frightfully, piteouſly
Dréadleſs, *a.* intrepid, fearleſs
Dream, *ſ.* thoughts in ſleep
Dream, *v.* to rove in ſleep, to be ſluggiſh
Dréamer, *ſ.* one who dreams, an idler
Drear, *a.* mournful, diſmal
Dréary, *a.* ſad, diſmal, deſolate, wild
Dredge, *ſ.* an oyſter net
Dredge *v.* to ſtrew flour upon meat while it is roaſting
Dredger, *ſ.* a box for ſcattering flour upon meat when roaſting
Drédgers, *ſ.* fiſhermen employed in taking oyſters
Dregginеſs, *ſ.* containing dregs
Dregs, *ſ.* the lees or ſettlings of any liquor
Dréggy, *a.* mixed with dregs
Drench, *v.* to waſh, cleanſe
Drench, *ſ.* a liquid doſe of phyſic for a brute
Dreſs, *ſ.* to put on clothes, to deck or adorn, cover a wound, curry a horſe
Dreſs, *ſ.* clothes, ſplendid clothes, ſkill in dreſſing
Dréſſer, *ſ.* a long board in a kitchen, one who dreſſes another
Dréſſing, *ſ.* the act of clothing, &c.
Dríbble, *v.* ſpittle running out of the mouth
Dríbblet, *ſ.* a ſmall part of a large ſum
Drier, *ſ.* that abſorbs moiſture
Drift, *ſ.* aim, intention, deſign
Drill, *v.* to pierce a hole, delay
Drill, *ſ.* an inſtrument for boring holes in metals
Drink, *ſ.* any liquor fit to be drank
Drink, *v.* to ſwallow liquids, to ſuck up
Drínkable, *a.* fit to be drank
Drínker, *ſ.* one who drinks
Drip, *v.* to trickle down
Dripping, *ſ.* the fat that drops from roaſting meat
Drive, *v.* to force along, to knock in

Drivel, *v.* to ſlabber
Driveller, *ſ.* one who drivels, a fool
Driven, *part.* of to drive
Driver, *ſ.* one who drives, a cooper's tool
Drizzle, *v.* to come in ſmall drops
Drizzly, *a.* rain in ſmall drops
Droll, *ſ.* a farce, an arch fellow
Droll, *v.* to play the buffoon, to jeſt
Droll, *a.* farcical, humourous, comical
Drollery, *ſ.* an idle joke, buffoonery
Drómedary, *ſ.* a kind of camel, *L.*
Drone, *ſ.* a bee without a ſting, a ſleepy fellow, *S.*
Drone, *v.* to live in idleneſs
Dróniſh, *a.* idle, ſluggiſh
Droop, *v.* to pine away, to be afflicted and hang down the head, to faint
Drop, *ſ.* a ſmall quantity of any liquor, an ear jewel, *L. S.*
Drop, *v.* to fall in drops, to let fall, to quit
Drópping, *ſ.* what falls in drops
Dróphical, *a.* afflicted with a dropſy
Dróphy, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in which ſome part of the body is filled with a watery humour, *G.*
Droſs, *ſ.* the ſcum of metals, the ſediment, refuſe
Dróſſineſs, *ſ.* full of droſs, foulneſs
Dróſſy, *a.* containing much droſs
Drove, *ſ.* a flock or herd of cattle, a crowd, *S.*
Dróver, *ſ.* one who drives cattle to market
Drought, *ſ.* exceſſive dryneſs of the earth, thirſt, *S.*
Dróughty, *a.* thirſty
Drown, *v.* to ſuffocate in water, overflow
Drówſineſs, *ſ.* ſleepineſs
Drówſy, *a.* ſleepy, dull, ſtupid
Drub, *v.* to cudgel, to beat with a ſtick
Drudge, *v.* to toil, labour, do mean offices

Drudge, *ſ.* a mean laborious ſervant
Drudger, *ſ.* *See* Dredger
Drúdgery, *ſ.* the meaneſt and moſt laborious work
Drúdgingly, *a.* toilſomely, laboriouſly
Drúgget, *ſ.* a narrow woollen ſtuff, *F.*
Drúggiſt, *ſ.* one who deals in drugs
Drugs, *ſ.* gums, ſpices, roots, and other ſimples uſed in phyſic, a thing that does not ſell well, *F.*
Drúid, *ſ.* a prieſt among the ancient Britons
Drum, *ſ.* a warlike muſical inſtrument, the tympanum of the ear
Drum, *v.* to beat a drum
Drúmmer, *ſ.* one who drums
Drunk, *a.* intoxicated with liquor
Drunkard, *ſ.* one who is frequently drunk
Drúnken. *See* Drunk
Drúnkenneſs, *ſ.* intoxication
Druſi'lla, *ſ.* a woman's name
Dry, *a.* without moiſture, facetious, reſerved, ſly, unimbelliſhed, *S.*
Dry'ads, *ſ.* nymphs of the woods and groves, *G.*
Dry'ly, *ad.* coldly, barrenly, ſeverely
Dry'neſs, *ſ.* want of moiſture
Dúal, *a.* belonging to the number two, *L.*
Dub, *v.* to confer the honour of knighthood, *S.*
Dúbious, *a.* doubtful, uncertain, *L.*
Dubiouſly, *ad.* doubtfully
Dubiouſneſs, *ſ.* doubtfulneſs
Dúbitable, *a.* uncertain, doubtful
Ducal, *v.* belonging to a duke
Ducápe, *ſ.* a kind of ſilk
Dúcat, *ſ.* a coin of gold or ſilver, of different value
Duce, *ſ.* two in cards and dice
Duck, *ſ.* a water fowl

Duck, *v.* to plunge the head under water, to ſtoop
Dúcking, *ſ.* plunging the head under the water
Dúckling, *ſ.* a young duck
Duct, *ſ.* a paſſage for conveying blood, &c.
Dúctile, *a.* that may be drawn out in length, or hammered into plates, flexible
Ductility, *ſ.* tractable, the being ductile, obſequiouſneſs, flexibility
Dúdgeon, *ſ.* ſtomaching an injury, a ſhort dagger
Due, *a.* unpaid, proper, requiſite, exact
Due, *ſ.* what may be juſtly claimed, cuſtom, tribute
Dúel, *ſ.* an engagement between two perſons, *L.*
Dúelliſt, *ſ.* one who fights a duel
Duénna, *a.* Spaniſh governant, *Sp.*
Duét, *ſ.* a ſong or air in two parts, *I.*
Dug, *ſ.* the teat or pap of a beaſt
Dug, *v.* did díg
Duke, *ſ.* a title of honour borne by ſeveral ſovereign princes; and in England the higheſt next to the prince of Wales
Dúkedom, *ſ.* the dominion or title of a duke
Dúlcet, *a.* ſweet, harmonious, *L.*
Dulcificátion, *ſ.* the act of ſweetening
Dúlcify, *v* to ſweeten
Dúlcimer, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument
Dúlcorate, *v.* to dulcify
Dulcoration, *ſ.* dulcification
Dull, *a.* ſtupid, melancholy, gloomy, blunt
Dúlly, *ad.* ſtupidly, ſlowly
Dúlneſs, *ſ.* ſtupidity, dimneſs, ſluggiſhneſs
Dúly, *ad.* fitly, regularly, exactly
Dumb, *a.* ſpeechleſs, ſilent, *S.*
Dumbly, *ad.* ſilently, mutely
Dúmbneſs, *ſ.* muteneſs, ſilence, refuſal to ſpeak

Dump, *ſ.* a leaden play-thing
Dumps, *ſ.* chagrin, inquietude, ſullenneſs
Dúmpiſh, *a.* melancholy, ſorrowful, ſullen
Dúmpling, *ſ.* a ſmall boiled pudding
Dun, *v.* to demand a debt with vehemence
Dun, *ſ.* a troubleſome creditor, in cattle a light hair colour, *S.*
Dunce, *ſ.* a dullard, a thickſkull
Dung, *ſ.* ſoil, excrement, *T.*
Dung, *v.* to manure land with dung
Dúngeon, *ſ.* the darkeſt and cloſeſt part of a priſon, *F.*
Dúnghill, *ſ.* a heap of dung
Dúnner, *ſ.* one who duns another for a debt
Duodécimo, *ſ.* or twelves, a book with twelve leaves in a ſheet
Dupe, *ſ.* a bubble, cully, *F.*
Dupe, *v.* to cheat, trick, deceive
Dúplicate, *ſ.* a copy or counterpart of a writing *L.*
Dúplication, *ſ.* a folding or doubling
Duplícity, *ſ.* the being twice as much, deceit, *L.*
Durability, *ſ.* endurance
Dúrable, *a.* permanent, laſting
Dúrableneſs, *ſ.* the power of laſting
Dúrably, *ad.* in a laſting manner
Dúrance, *ſ.* duration, confinement, *L.*
Durátion, *ſ.* continuance, *L.*
Duréſſe, *ſ.* impriſonment, *F.*
Dúring, *pr.* for the time of continuance
Durſt, *v.* did dare
Duſk, *ſ.* twilight, near darkneſs
Dúſkiſh, or Dúſky, *a.* ſomewhat dark
Duſt, *ſ.* earth reduced to powder, the filings of metal, the powder produced by ſawing, *S.*
Duſt, *v.* to throw duſt upon, to clean from duſt

Dúſty, *a.* covered or clouded with duſt.
Dútcheſs, *ſ.* the wife of a duke
Dútchy, *ſ.* See Dukedom
Dúteous, *a.* obedient, or giving due reſpect
Dútiful, *a.* obedient, expreſſive of reſpect
Dútifully, *ad.* obediently, reſpectfully
Dútifulneſs, *ſ.* reſpect, obedience
Dúty, *ſ.* whatever we are bound by nature and reaſon to perform, reſpect, a tax or cuſtom
Duúmverate, *ſ.* a government by two perſons of equal authority
Dwarf, *ſ.* a perſon or tree much below the uſual ſize, *L. S.*
Dwell, *v.* to inhabit, to fix the mind upon
Dwíndle, *v.* to decay, to waſte, to decreaſe
Dye, *v.* to ſtain cloth, ſilk, &c.
Dy'ing, *part.* expiring, giving a colour
Dyſéntery, *ſ.* looſeneſs, bloody flux, *G.*
Dy'ſury, *ſ.* a difficulty in making water, *G.*

E.

E. Alone, is uſed for eaſt
E. G. or rather *e. g.* ſignifies exempli gratia, or for example
Each, *pron.* either of the two, every one
Eádith, *ſ.* a woman's name
E'ager, *a.* ardent, quick, buſy, ſour, acid, *S.*
Eágerly, *ad.* ardently
Eágerneſs, *ſ.* vehemence, ardour
Eágle, *ſ.* the ſtrongeſt and ſwifteſt bird of prey, *F.*
Ear, *ſ.* the organ of hearing, the handle of a cup, &c.
Eár-ring, *ſ.* a ring in the ear
Eárwig, *ſ.* an inſect, *S.*
Eárl, *ſ.* a title of nobility next below a marquis, *S.*
Eárldom, *ſ.* the dignity or juriſdiction of an earl
Eárlineſs, *ſ.* being early in the morning
Eárly, *a.* betimes in the morning.
Earn, *v.* to get by labour. *S.*
Éárneſt, *a.* eager, diligent, aſſiduous, intent, *S.*
Eárneſt, *ſ.* money given to bind a bargain, *S.*
Eárneſtly, *ad.* eagerly
Eárneſtneſs, *ſ.* eagerneſs, ſeriouſneſs
Earth, *ſ.* the world on which we dwell
Earth, *v.* to borough in the ground
Eárthen, *a.* made of clay or earth
Eárthlineſs, *ſ.* groſſneſs
Eárthly, *a.* of or belonging to the earth
Earthquáke, *ſ.* an agitation or ſhaking of the earth
Eaſe, *ſ.* reſt, freedom from pain either of body or mind, *F.*
Eaſe, *v.* to relieve, aſſuage
Eáſement, *ſ.* uſe, relief, aid
Eáſily, *ad.* without trouble, gently
Eáſineſs, *ſ.* aptneſs to comply, or be contented
Eaſt, *ſ.* that point of the compaſs where the ſun riſes, *S.*
Eáſter, *ſ.* the feſtival of our Saviour's reſurrection
Eáſterly, *ad.* towards the eaſt
Eáſtern, *a.* of or belonging to the eaſt
Eáſtward, *ad.* to the eaſt
Eáſy, *a.* at eaſe, quiet, credulous, *F.*
Eat, *v.* to take food, ſwallow, *S.*
Eátable, *a.* that may be eaten
Eáter, *ſ.* that eats, conſumes
Eáves, *ſ.* the edges of the tiling of a houſe, *S*
Eáves-dropper, *ſ.* a liſtener

Ebb, *v.* to flow back to the ſea, to decline, to waſte

E'bony, *ſ.* a black hard wood, *F.*

Ebriety, *ſ.* drunkenneſs, *L.*

Ebullition, *ſ.* a boiling, *L.*

Eccéntrical, or Eccéntric, *a.* deviating from the centre

Eccentricity, *ſ.* a deviation from a centre, *L.*

Eccleſiáſtical, *a.* belonging to the church, *G.*

Eccleſiáſtic, *ſ.* a clergyman

E'cho, *ſ.* the reverbiration of a ſound, *G.*

E'cho, *v.* to reſound, to ſend back a voice

Eclaircíſſement, *ſ.* explanation, clearing up, *F.*

Eclát, *ſ.* ſplendor, ſhow, luſtre, *F.*

Eclípſe, *ſ.* a deprivation of the light of the ſun, moon, &c. from the interpoſition of ſome other body, *G.*

Eclipſe, *v.* to darken, cloud, diſgrace

Eclógue, *ſ.* a paſtoral compoſition

Ecónomy. *See* Oeconomy.

E'cſtacy, *ſ.* an extraordinary elevation of the ſpirits

Ecu, *ſ.* a French crown worth 5s.

Edácity, *ſ* ravenouſneſs, greedy eating, *L.*

Eddiſh, *ſ.* graſs which comes up after mowing. *S.*

Eddy, *ſ.* a circular motion of water, *S.*

Edge, *ſ.* the ſharp ſide of a cutting inſtrument, the border or extremity of any thing *S.*

E'dged, *a.* ſharp

E'dging, *ſ.* a narrow lace

E'dible, *a.* fit to be eaten, *L.*

E'dict, *ſ.* a public ordinance, a proclamation. *L.*

E'dification, *ſ.* a building up in faith, *L.*

E'difice, *ſ.* a fabrick or building, *L.*

E'dify, *v.* to build, to inſtruct, to profit by inſtruction, *L.*

E'dition, *ſ.* an impreſſion of a book

E'ditor, *ſ.* one who prepares a book for the preſs, *L.*

E'dmund, *ſ.* a man's name

E'ducate, *v.* to bring up and inſtruct, *L.*

Educátion, *ſ.* the bringing up and inſtructing of children, *L.*

Edulcorátion, *ſ* ſweetening

E'dward, *ſ.* a man's name

Eek, *v.* to make bigger, to ſupply

E'en, *ad.* for even

Eel, *ſ.* a well known fiſh, *S.*

E'ffable, *a.* utterable, *L.*

Efface, *v.* to deface, deſtroy, *F.*

Effect, *ſ.* the thing produced, conſequence

Effects, *pl.* goods, moveables

Effect, *v.* to bring to paſs, to produce

Effective, *a.* which brings to effect, operative, active

Effectively, *ad.* powerfully

Effectleſs, *a.* without effect, impotent

Effectual, *a.* efficacious, *F.*

Effectually, *ad.* efficaciouſly

Effeminacy, *ſ.* a womaniſh ſoftneſs, laſciviouſneſs

Effeminate, *a.* ſoft, womaniſh, voluptuous, *L.*

Effervéſcence, *ſ.* a boiling up, *L.*

Efficácious, *a.* that produces the deſired effect. *L.*

Efficáciouſly, *ad.* effectually

E'fficacy, *ſ.* ability to effect

Efficiency, *ſ.* the virtue or power to effect, *L.*

Effi'cient, *a.* cauſing or producing the effect, *L.*

E'ffigy, or E'ffigies, *ſ.* the repreſentation of a perſon in painting or ſculpture, *L.*

Efflorēſcence, *ſ.* a blowing out like a flower, *L.*

Efflorēſcent, *a.* ſhooting in the form of flowers

E'ffluence,

E'ffluence, *ſ.* which iſſues from ſome other principle, *L.*
Efflúvia, *ſ.* particles which exhale from bodies, *L.*
Efflúx, *ſ.* a flowing, emanation, effuſion, *L.*
Efflúxion, *ſ.* emanation, flowing out
Effórt, *ſ.* earneſt endeavour, vigorous attempt, *F.*
Effróntery, *ſ.* impudence, audaciouſneſs, *F.*
Effúlgence, *ſ.* reſplendency, luſtre, brightneſs, *L.*
Effúlgent, *a.* ſhining, bright, luminous
Effúſion, *ſ.* pouring out of any thing, *L.*
Effúſive, *a.* pouring out
Eft, *ſ.* a ſmall kind of lizard, *S.*
Eft, *ad.* quickly, ſpeedily, ſoon
Egéſt, *v.* to diſcharge food
Egg, *ſ.* a production of fowls and inſects from whence their young are hatched
Egg, *v.* to inſtigate, incite
Egiſtment, *ſ.* a payment by the week, &c.
E'glantine, *ſ.* ſweet briar, *F.*
E'gotiſm, *ſ.* the too often mentioning one's ſelf, *L.*
E'gotiſt, *ſ.* one who ſpeaks much of himſelf
E'gotize, *v.* to talk too much of one's ſelf
Egrégious, *a.* famous, eminent, in a bad ſenſe, *L.*
Egrégiouſly, *ad.* ſhamefully, eminently
Egréſs, *ſ.* going out of a place, departure, *L.*
Egréſſion, *ſ.* egreſs
E'gret, *ſ.* an ornament for a woman's head
Ejáculate, *v.* to throw, to ſhoot out, *L.*
Ejaculátion, *ſ.* a ſhort ſudden prayer, *L.*
Ejáculátory, *a.* ſudden, fervent
Ejéct, *v.* to throw out, expel, *L.*
Ejéction, *ſ.* a caſting out, expulſion
Ejéctment, *ſ.* a writ to turn out of poſſeſſion

Eight, *ſ.* the number VIII. or 8, *S.*
Eighth, *a.* the next to the ſeventh
Eighteen, *ſ.* the number XVIII. or 18, twice nine
E'ighty, *ſ.* the number LXXX. 80, or four ſcore, *S.*
Either, *pron.* the one or the other, *S.*
Eke, *ad.* alſo, likewiſe, *S.*
Eke, *v.* to lengthen, ſpin out, *S.*
Eláborate, *a.* wrought with great labour, pains, *L.*
Elápſe, *v.* to ſlide away, *L.*
Eláſtic, *a.* ſpringy, *G.*
Elaſticity, *ſ.* aptneſs to ſpring into their natural form
Eláte, *a.* flushed with ſucceſs, puffed up, *L.*
Eláte, *v.* to puff up, exalt
Eláted, *a.* lifted up, tranſported
Elátion, *ſ.* a being puffed or lifted up, *L.*
E'lbow, *ſ.* a part of the arm, a corner or angle, *S.*
E'lbow, *v.* to puſh with the elbow, to jut out
E'lder, *a.* older, of more years
E'lder, *ſ.* a church officer, the name of a tree
E'lderly, *a.* ſomewhat in years
E'lders, *ſ.* thoſe who are older, anceſtors
E'lderſhip, *ſ.* ſeniority, primogeniture
E'ldeſt, *a.* moſt aged, *S.*
Eleanor, *ſ.* a woman's name
Eleázar, *ſ.* a man's name
Eléct, *v.* to chuſe or appoint, *L.*
Elect, *a.* choſen, taken by preference, *L.*
Eléction, *ſ.* a chooſing
Eléctive, *a.* capable of being elected
Eléctor, *ſ.* one who has a right to chuſe or elect
Eléctoral, *a.* of or belonging to an election

Eléctorate, *ſ.* the dominions of an elector of the empire
Eléctrical, *a.* endued with the power of electricity
Electricity, *ſ.* a ſurpriſing phenomenon in nature, *L.*
Eléctuary, *ſ.* a medicine of the conſiſtence of a conſerve, *L.*
Eleemóſynary, *a.* living upon, or given in charity, *G.*
E'legance, *ſ.* beauty without grandeur, neatneſs, curious in dreſs, language, &c. *L.*
E'legant, *a.* delicate, curious, not coarſe
E'legantly, *ad.* in a pleaſing manner
Elégiac, *a.* uſed in elegies, mournful
E'legy, *ſ.* a mournful, plaintive kind of poem, *G.*
Element, *ſ.* a ſimple body, as earth, air, fire, water
E'lements, *ſ.* the principles of any art or ſcience
Eleméntal, *a.* produced by ſome of the four elements
Eleméntary, *a.* ſimple, uncompounded
E'lephant, *ſ.* the largeſt of all beaſts
Elephántine, *a.* large, largeſt kind
E'levate, *v.* to exalt, raiſe the ſpirits, *L.*
E'levated, *a.* exalted, raiſed
Elevátion, *ſ.* exalting, dignity, height
Eléven, *ſ.* the number XI. or 11
Elf, *ſ.* a ſpirit or fairy, *S.*
Elias, *ſ.* a man's name
E'ligible, *a.* fit to be choſen, preferable, *L.*
E'ligibleneſs, *ſ.* preferableneſs
Eliſha, *ſ.* a man's name
Eliſion, *ſ.* the cutting off, *L.*
Elixer, *ſ.* the quinteſſence of any thing, *A.*
Eliza, *ſ.* a woman's name
Elizabeth, *ſ.* a woman's name
Elk, *ſ.* a large wild beaſt reſembling a deer, *S.*
Ell, *ſ.* a meaſure of one yard and a quarter, *S.*
Ellípſis, *ſ.* a defect or omiſſion, an oval figure, *G.*
Elliptical, *a.* defective, in the form of an oval
Elm, *ſ.* a well known tree, *S.*
E'locution, *ſ.* utterance, graceful delivery, *L.*
E'logy, *ſ.* praiſe, panegyric, *L.*
Elóngate, *v.* to lengthen, to remove further
Elópe, *v.* to go away privately
Elópement, *ſ.* a wife's leaving her huſband, &c.
E'loquence, *ſ.* the art of ſpeaking, *L.*
E'loquent, *a.* having the power of oratory
Elſe, *ad.* otherwiſe, beſide, except, *S.*
Elúcidate, *v.* to enlighten, make clear, *L.*
Elucidátion, *ſ.* the clearing up difficulties
Elúde, *v.* to avoid, break the force of, *L.*
Elúſion, *ſ.* an evaſion, a deluſion, an artifice
Elúſive and Elúſory, *a.* tending to elude, deceitful, *L.*
Ely'ſian, *a.* exceedingly delightful
Elyſium, *ſ.* among the pagans, the ſtate of the bleſt, *G.*
Emáciate, *v.* to waſte or become lean, *L.*
Emáciated, *v.* decayed, waſted to ſkin and bone, *L.*
Emaculátion, *ſ.* freeing from ſpots
Emanátion, *ſ.* a flowing, beaming, or iſſuing from, *L.*
Emánative, *a.* iſſuing from another
Emáncipate, *v.* to ſet free from ſervitude, *L.*
Emancipátion, *ſ.* deliverance from ſervitude
Emánuel, *ſ.* a man's name
Emáſcul-te, *v.* to caſtrate, to render effeminate, *L.*

Emaſculátion,

Emaſculátion, *ſ.* caſtration, effeminacy
Embálm, *v.* to preſerve a dead body with ſpices, *F.*
Embárgo, *ſ.* an arreſt of ſhips for a time
Embarkátion, *ſ.* a putting or going on ſhipboard
Embárk, *v.* to go on ſhipboard, enter on a deſign, *F.*
Embarras, *v.* to diſtreſs, perplex, entangle, *F.*
Embárraſſment, *ſ.* perplexity, incumbrance
Embáſe, *v.* to vitiate, impair, degrade.
Embáſſador. *See* Ambaſſador
Embáſſage, or Embaſſy, *ſ.* the buſineſs for which an ambaſſador is principally ſent
Embáttle, *v.* to arrange in order of battle, *F.*
Embáy, *v.* to incloſe in a bay, to land-lock
Embéllish, *v.* to adorn, beautify, ſet off, *F.*
Embéllishment, *ſ.* an ornament
E'mbers, *ſ.* aſhes and ſmall wood, coals, *D.*
Embézzle, *v.* to waſte or ſpoil, to ſteal privately
Embézzlement, *ſ.* a miſapplying a truſt
Embláze, *v.* to adorn with glittering embelliſhments, *F.*
E'mblem, *ſ.* a moral picture or device, *G.*
Emblemátical, *a.* expreſſed in a hidden manner
Emblemátically, *ad.* by way of emblem
Emblémátiſt, *ſ.* a writer of emblems
Embólden, *v.* to make bold
Embóſs, *v.* to embroider with raiſed work, *I.*
Embóſſing, *ſ.* the art of making figures in relievo
Embóſſment, *ſ.* relief or relievo, riſing work
Embówel, *v.* to take out the bowels
Embráce, *v.* to claſp fondly in the arms, to join in an opinion, to kiſs, *F.*
Embráſſure, *ſ.* battlement, aperture in a wall, *F.*

E'mbrocate, *v.* to foment a part diſeaſed, *G.*
Embrocátion, *ſ.* a kind of fomentation, *G.*
Embroider, *v.* to adorn with flowers, wrought with a needle in gold, ſilver, &c.
Embróidery, *ſ.* the work of an embroiderer
Embróil, *v.* to ſet at variance, diſturb, confuſe, *F.*
E'mbryo, *ſ.* the firſt rudiments of an animal in the womb, *G.*
Emendátion, *ſ.* a correction or amendment, *L.*
E'merald, *ſ.* a tranſparent green precious ſtone, *F.*
Emérge, *v.* to ariſe out of any fluid, *L.*
Emérgency, *ſ.* any extraordinary or ſudden occaſion, *L.*
Emérgent, *a.* ſudden, caſual, coming into view
Emérſion, *ſ.* a riſing from under the water
E'mery, *ſ.* a metalline ſtone uſed in poliſhing, *F.*
Emétic, *ſ.* which induces vomiting, *G.*
E'migrate, *v.* to remove from place to place, *L.*
E'minence, *ſ.* a high place, dignity, *L.*
E'minent, *a.* dignified, exalted, remarkable, *L.*
E'minently, *ad.* conſpicuouſly, in a high degree
E'miſſary, *ſ.* one ſent abroad for intelligence, *L.*
Emiſſion, *ſ.* a ſhooting forth, ſending or going out, *L.*
Emit, *v* to ſend forth as the ſun does rays, *L.*
E'mmet, *ſ.* an ant or piſmire, *L.*
Emóllients, *ſ.* ſoftening medicines, *L.*
Emólument, *ſ.* profit, benefit, advantage, *L.*
Emótion, *ſ.* ſudden diſturbance of mind, *F.*
Empále, *v.* to fence with pales, to fortify, to ſhut in, to put to death by ſpitting on a ſtake, *F.*

Empánnel,

Empánnel, *ſ.* the ſchedule of a jury
Empánnel, *v.* to ſummon to ſerve on a jury
E'mperor, *ſ.* the ſovereign of an empire, *F.*
E'mphaſis, *ſ.* a ſtreſs laid upon a word, *G.*
E'mphátic, *a.* ſtrong, forcible, ſtriking
Emphátically, *ad.* ſtrongly, forcibly, ſtrikingly
Empire, *ſ.* the dominions of an emperor, authority, *L.*
E'mpiric, *ſ.* a quack, or mountebank, *G.*
Empláſtic, *a.* glutinous, viſcous
Empléad, *v.* to plead at the bar, to indict
Emplóy, *v.* to uſe, keep at work
Emplóy, *ſ.* work, buſineſs, office, *F.*
Emplóyer, *ſ.* one who employs or ſets to work
Emplóyment, *ſ.* employ
Empórium, *ſ.* a great city, a place of merchandize, *G.*
Empóveriſh, *v.* to make poor, exhauſt
Empóveriſhment, *ſ.* the cauſe of poverty, waſte
Empówer, *v.* to enable, authoriſe
E'mpreſs, *ſ.* a woman with imperial dignity
E'mptier, *ſ.* one who empties
E'mptineſs, *ſ.* vacuity
E'mption, *ſ.* the act of purchaſing
E'mpty, *a.* void, unfurniſhed, ignorant
E'mpty, *v.* to evacuate, exhauſt
Empy'real, or Empy'rean, *a.* belonging to the region of the bleſſed, *G.*
Empy'reum, *ſ.* the higheſt heaven
E'mulate, *v.* to endeavour to excel, to rival, *L.*
Emulátion, *ſ.* rivalry, a deſire of excelling, *L.*
E'mulative, *a.* rivalling
E'mulátor, *ſ.* a rival, competitor
E'mulous, *a.* deſiring to excel, rivalling
Emúlſion, *ſ.* a liquid medicine, *L.*

Enáble, *v.* to authorize, make able
Enáct, *v.* to eſtabliſh an act or law
Enáctor, *ſ.* one who enacts
Enámel, *v.* to paint with mineral colours
Enámel, *ſ.* the matter uſed in enamelling
Enámeller, *ſ.* one who practiſes the art of enamelling
Enámoured, *a.* in love with, *F.*
Enámour, *v.* to charm, to inflame with love, *F.*
Enarrátion, *ſ.* an explanation, *L.*
Encámp, *v.* to form a camp
Encámpment, *ſ.* tents pitched in order
Enchánt, *v.* to faſcinate, delight highly
Enchánter, *ſ.* a ſorcerer
Enchántment, *ſ.* a charm or ſpell, high delight
Enchántreſs, *ſ.* a ſorcereſs, an extreme beauty, &c.
Encháſe, *v.* to ſet in gold, ſilver, &c. *F.*
Encircle, *v.* to encompaſs about, to ſurround
Enclóſe, *v.* to encompaſs, fence in
Enclóſure, *ſ.* ground incloſed
Encómiaſt, *ſ.* a maker of an encomium
Encómium, *ſ.* panegyric, praiſe of a perſon, *G.*
Encómpaſs, *v.* to ſhut in, environ
Encóre, *a.* again, once more, *F.*
Encóunter, *ſ.* an accidental meeting, conflict, battle, *F.*
Encóunter, *v.* to fight or combat with, to meet face to face, *F.*
Encóurage, *v.* to animate or inſpire with courage, *F.*
Encóuragement, *ſ.* an incitement, a reward, countenance
Encóurager, *ſ.* one who encourages
Encréaſe, *v.* to grow larger, or more in number, *L.*

Encróach,

Encróach, *v.* to invade another's property, *F.*
Encróacher, *ſ.* one who encroaches
Encróachment, *ſ.* unlawful poſſeſſion
Encúmber, *v.* to load, clog, embarraſs
Encúmbrance, *ſ.* a clog, weight, hindrance
Encyclopedia, *ſ.* the circle of ſciences
Ency'ſted, *a.* encloſed in a bag
End, *ſ.* the extremity of any thing, death, intention, *S.*
End, *ſ.* waxed thread uſed in ſewing ſhoes
End, *v.* to come to a concluſion, to ceaſe
Endámage, *v.* to prejudice or damage, to harm, *F.*
Endánger, *v.* to bring into peril, to hazard
Endéar, *v.* to make one's ſelf beloved, *S.*
Endéarment, *ſ.* an expreſſion of affection
Endéavour, *ſ.* a labour for ſome end
Endéavour, *v.* to ſtrive, to attempt, *S.*
Endémial, or Endémic, *a.* peculiar to a country, *G.*
Endíct, or Endite, *v.* to charge with a crime
Endíctment, *ſ.* a declaration in form of law
E'ndive, *ſ.* an herb uſed in ſallads, *S.*
E'ndleſs, *a.* without an end
Endórſe, *v.* to write on the back of a bill. *F.*
Endórſement, *ſ.* a ſuperſcription, writing on the back, *F.*
Endów, *v.* to ſettle a revenue upon, to give a portion, *F.*
Endówed, *part.* portioned, poſſeſſed of
Endówment, *ſ.* natural gift, or quality
Endúe, *v.* to furniſh with, to qualify, to ſupply.
Endúrance, *ſ.* continuance
Endúre, *v.* to ſuffer, to continue, *F.*
E'ndwiſe, *ad.* on an end, erectly
Enema, *ſ.* a clyſter
E'nemy, *ſ.* a foe, or adverſary, *F.*
Energétic, *a.* forcible, ſtrong
Energy, *ſ.* force, ſtrength, *G.*
E'nervate, *v.* to weaken, break the force of, *F.*
Enféeble, *v.* to render feeble
Enféoff, *v.* to inveſt with poſſeſſions
Enféoffment, *ſ.* the act or deed of enfeoffing
Enfiláde, *ſ.* a narrow paſſage, *F.*
Enfiláde, *v.* to charge in a right line
Enfórce, *v.* to ſtrengthen, to invigorate, to compel, *F.*
Enfórcement, *ſ.* an act of compulſion, force
Enfránchiſe, *v.* to make free, to incorporate
Enfránchiſed, *a.* made free
Enfránchiſement, *ſ.* the act of enfranchiſing
Engáge, *v.* to perſuade, to take upon one's ſelf, to encounter, to embark in buſineſs or a party, *F.*
Engágement, *ſ.* buſineſs, battle, obligation
Engénder, *v.* to beget, to breed
E'ngine, *ſ.* a machine, *F.*
Engineér, *ſ.* one ſkilled in making or uſing engines, particularly in war
E'nglíſh, *a.* produced or born in England
Engórge, *v.* to ſwallow, devour, gorge
Engráft, *v.* to fix a ſlip of one tree into another, *F.*
Engráin, *v.* to dye deep in grain
Engráve, *v.* to cut characters or figures
Engráver, *ſ.* one who engraves in copper, ſilver, &c.
Engróſs, *v.* to write a fair copy, monopolize.
Engroſſer, *ſ.* a monopolizer
Enhánce, *v.* to raiſe the price, aggravate, *F.*
Enígma, *ſ.* a riddle, difficult queſtion, *G.*

Enigmátical,

Enigmátical, *a.* obſcure, ambiguous
Enjóin, *v.* to order or command
Enjóy, *v.* to poſſeſs, to take delight in, *F.*
Enjóyment, *ſ.* poſſeſſion, a taking delight in
Enlárge, *v.* to encreaſe, to expatiate, to releaſe, *F.*
Enlárgement, *ſ.* encreaſe, releaſe, copiouſneſs
Enlíghten, *v.* to give light to
Enlíven, *v.* to animate, to quicken, *S.*
Enlívener, *ſ.* that which animates
E'nmity, *ſ.* hatred, grudge, variance, *F.*
Ennóble, *v.* to raiſe to nobility, to aggrandize, exalt, *F.*
E'noch, *ſ.* a man's name
Enórmity, *ſ.* heinouſneſs, high miſdemeanour, *L.*
Enórmous, *a.* out of rule, exceeding great, heinous, *L.*
Enórmouſly, *ad.* beyond meaſure
Enóugh, *ad.* ſufficient, *S.*
Enów, *ad.* as many as are ſufficient
Enquire, *v.* to aſk, to ſearch into, *L.*
Enráge, *v.* to put in a rage, *F.*
Enrích, *v.* to make rich, adorn, fertilize, *F.*
Enról, *v.* to record, or regiſter, *F.*
Enrólment, *ſ.* regiſter, writing of record
Enſámple, *ſ.* an example or pattern
E..ſhrine, *v.* to preſerve in a ſhrine as a relic
..gn, *ſ.* a flag, the officer that carries it, *F.*
E..ſláve, *v.* to deprive of liberty
Enſláved, *a.* reduced to ſlavery
Enſtál, *v.* to create a perſon knight of the garter, &c.
Enſtalment, *ſ.* the ceremony of creating knights of the garter, &c.
Enſúe, *v.* to follow, purſue
Enſúrance, *ſ.* exemption from hazard
Enſúre, *v.* to aſcertain, to ſecure, indemnify
Enſúrer, *ſ.* one who makes an aſſurance
Entáblature, *ſ.* a term in architecture
Entáil, *ſ.* *See* Intail.
Entángle, *v.* to involve, perplex, bewilder
E'nter, *v.* to go into, to write down, to liſt, *F.*
E'nterprize, *ſ.* undertaking, attempt, deſign, *F.*
E'nterprize, *v.* to attempt, eſſay
Enterprizer, *ſ.* an adventurer, ſchemer
Entertáin, *v.* to receive, pleaſe, regale, *F.*
Entertaining, *a.* pleaſing, diverting
Entertainment, *ſ.* reception, feaſt, diverſion
Enthrál, *v.* to bring into bondage, *S.*
Enthrone, *v.* to ſet upon the throne, *F.*
Enthúſiaſm, *ſ.* heat of imagination, *G.*
Enthúſiaſt, *ſ.* one who thinks himſelf inſpired, *G.*
Enthuſiáſtic, *a.* of or belonging to enthuſiaſm
Entíce, *v.* to allure, draw in cunningly
Enticement, *ſ.* allurement
Enticingly, *ad.* in an artful manner
Entíre, *a.* whole, complete, undivided
Entírely, *ad.* completely, fully, in the whole
Entítle, *v.* to give a title or a right
E'ntity, *ſ.* a being or ſubſtance
Entómb, *v.* to put in a tomb
Entráils, *ſ.* the bowels, *F.*
E'ntrance, *ſ.* a paſſage into, a going in, *L.*
Entrance, *v.* to put into a trance, an ecſtacy
Entrap, *v.* to enſnare, to catch in a trap
Entréat, *v.* to ſolicit earneſtly
Entréaty, *ſ.* petition, ſolicitation
E'ntry, *ſ.* a paſſage, a coming in, taking poſſeſſion, *F.*
Entwine, *v.* to twine about

Enúcleate,

Enúcleate, *v.* to ſolve, to clear
Envélop, *v.* to cover, wrap up, hide, *F.*
Envénom, *v.* to poiſon, enrage
E'nvious, *a.* full of envy
Environ, *v.* to encloſe, encompaſs, *F.*
Environs, *ſ.* places round another, *F.*
Enúmerate, *v.* to reckon up, to number, *L.*
Enumerátion, *ſ.* a reckoning up, or reckoning, *L.*
Enúnciate, *v.* to declare, proclaim
Enúnciation, *ſ.* declaration, intelligence
Envoy, *ſ.* a reſident, inferior to an ambaſſador, *F.*
E'nvy, *ſ.* vexation at another's proſperity, *F.*
Epáct, *ſ.* the eleven days which the ſolar year contains more than the lunar
Ephémeral, *a.* diurnal, *G.*
Ephémeris, *ſ.* an almanack, journal, or day book, *G.*
E'phod, *ſ.* a linen girdle worn by the Jewiſh prieſts, *H.*
Ephraim, *ſ.* a man's name
E'pic, *a.* heroic narrative, *G.*
E'picure, *ſ.* one who gives himſelf up to luxury, *G.*
Epicúrean, *ſ.* a follower of the pretended diſciples of Epicurus, *G.*
Epicúrean, *a.* luxurious
Epicuriſm, *ſ.* luxury
Epidémical, *a.* general, contagious
Epidérmis, *ſ.* the ſcarf ſkin, *G.*
E'pigram, *ſ.* a ſhort, witty, pointed Poem
Epigrammátiſt, *ſ.* a writer of epigrams
Epilépſy, *ſ.* the falling ſickneſs, *G.*
Epiléptic, *a.* troubled with the epilepſy, *G.*
E'pilogue, *ſ.* a ſpeech on the end of a play, *G.*
Epiphany, *ſ.* twelfth day, *G.*
Epiſcopacy, *ſ.* church government by biſhops, *G.*
Epiſcopal, *a.* of or belonging to a biſhop, *G.*
Epiſcopate, *ſ.* a biſhopric
Epiſode, *ſ.* an incidental digreſſion in an heroic poem, *G.*
Epiſtle, *ſ.* a letter, *G.*
Epiſtolary, *a.* relating to, or tranſacted by letters
E'pitaph, *ſ.* an inſcription upon a tomb, *G.*
Epithalámium, *ſ.* a nuptial ſong, *G.*
E'pithet, *ſ.* an adjective denoting any quality, *G.*
Epítome, *ſ.* an abridgement, *G.*
Epitomiſe, *v.* to contract or abridge a book, *G.*
Epitomiſt, *ſ.* an abridger
Epóch, or Epócha, *ſ.* a point of time from whence we date, *G.*
Equability, *ſ.* evenneſs, uniformity, *L.*
E'quable, *a.* alike, conſiſtent
E'qual, *ſ.* of the ſame age or rank
E'qual, *a.* even, alike, juſt, equitable, *L.*
Equálity, *ſ.* ſameneſs, equal in value
E'qually, *ad.* the ſame degree, impartiality
Equángular, *a.* of equal angles, *L.*
Equanimity, *ſ.* evenneſs of temper, *L.*
Eqúanimous, *a.* even minded, not dejected, *L.*
Equátion, *ſ.* a bringing things to an equality
Equátor, *ſ.* a great circle of the ſphere, equally diſtant from the poles of the earth, *L.*
E'query, *ſ.* one who has the care of the King's horſes, *L.*
Equéſtrian, *a.* belonging to a horſeman or knight, *L.*
Equéſtrian ſtatue, *ſ.* the ſtatue of a man on horſeback
Equidiſtant, *a.* of an equal diſtance, *L.*
Equiláteral, *a.* whoſe ſides are all equal, *L.*
Equilíberate, *v.* to balance equally
Equilíbrium, *ſ.* equipoiſe, equality of weight, *L.*

Equinóctial,

Equinóctial, *a.* pertaining to the equinox, *S.*
E'quinox, *ſ.* the time when the ſun enters the equator, when the day and night are equal
Equip, *v.* to furniſh or dreſs out, *F.*
E'quipage, *ſ.* a coach, ſervants, &c. a lady's watch and trinkets
Equípment, *ſ.* equipage accoutrement
Equipóiſe, *ſ.* of equal weight, *F.*
Equipóllent, *a.* of the ſame force or import, *L.*
Equipónderant, *a.* equally heavy, *L.*
Equipónderous, *a,* equally heavy
Equítable, *a.* juſt, fair, candid, *F.*
E'quity, *ſ.* juſtice, impartiality, *F.*
Equívalence, *ſ.* equality of worth
Equívalent, *a.* equal in value, worth, *L.*
Equívalent, *ſ.* ſomething of equal value
Equivocal, *a.* of doubtful meaning, *L.*
Equívocate, *v.* to ſpeak ambiguouſly, *L.*
Equivocátion, *ſ.* a ſhuffling deluſive expreſſion
E'ra, *ſ.* epoch
Erádicate, *v.* to pluck up by the roots, *L.*
Eradicátion, *ſ.* total deſtruction
Eraſe, *a.* to blot or rub out, *L.*
Eráſement, *ſ.* expunction, abolition, deſtruction
Ere, *ad.* before
Eréct, *v.* to raiſe, build, ſet up, *L.*
Eréct, *a.* upright, bold
Eréction, *ſ.* the act of lifting up, building, or raiſing
Eréctneſs, *ſ.* an upright poſture
E'remite, *ſ.* an hermit, *L.*
Eremítical, *a.* religiouſly ſolitary,
Eríngo, *ſ.* a plant, alſo called ſea-holly
E'rmine, *ſ.* a beaſt ſo called, it's ſkin, *F.*
E'rmined, *a.* cloathed with ermine ſkins
Eróde, *v.* to gnaw off or eat out
Erogátion, *ſ.* a giving or beſtowing
Err, *v.* to miſtake or wander out of the way
E'rrable, *a.* liable to err
E'rrand, *ſ.* a meſſage, *S.*
E'rrant, *a.* wandering, vile, *L.*
E'rrantry, *ſ.* mad exploits
Erráta, *ſ. pl.* faults made in printing, &c. *L.*
Errátic, *a.* wandering or ſtraying
Erróneous, *a.* ſuject to or full of errors, *L.*
Erróneouſly, *ad.* by miſtake
E'rror, *ſ.* miſtake, overſight, falſe opinion, *L.*
Erſt, *ad.* formerly, long ſince
Erubéſcence, *ſ.* redneſs, bluſhes
Eruct, *v.* to belch
Eructátion, *ſ.* belching, *L.*
Erudition, *ſ.* learning, knowledge, *L.*
Erúginous, *a.* copperiſh, *L.*
Erúption, *ſ.* burſting or breaking out
Erúptive *a.* burſting forth
Eryſi'pelas, *ſ.* St. Anthony's fire
Eſcalade, *ſ.* the ſcaling of walls
Eſaias, *ſ.* a man's name
Eſau, *ſ.* a man's name
Eſcálop, *ſ.* a ſhell fiſh
Eſcape, *ſ.* deliverance, preſervation
Eſcápe, *v.* to get out of danger, to avoid, *F.*
Eſchalót, *ſ.* a kind of ſmall onion
E'ſchar, *ſ.* a mark upon a wound healed, *G.*
Eſchéat, *ſ.* a forfeiture to the lord of the manor
Eſchéw, *v.* to ſhun, avoid, *F.*
Eſcútcheon, *ſ.* a ſhield with coat of arms
Eſcórt, to convoy or guard, the guard itſelf
Eſcórt, *ſ.* a convoy, guard from place to place.

Eſcritoir,

Eſcórt, *ſ.* a convoy, guard from place to place
Eſcritoir, *ſ.* a kind of deſk with drawers, *F.*
E'ſculents, *ſ.* plants, or roots for food, *L.*
Eſpáliers, *ſ.* rows of trees planted againſt a frame, *F.*
Eſpécial, *a.* particular, ſingular
Eſpécially, *ad.* chiefly, principally
Eſplanáde, *ſ.* a term in fortification
Eſpóuſals, *ſ.* marriage, the marriage ceremony, *F.*
Eſpóuſe, *v.* to marry, to embrace an opinion, *F.*
Eſpy', *v.* to ſee, perceive, or diſcover
Eſquire, *ſ.* a title next below a knight
Eſſáy, *v.* to attempt, try, endeavour
Eſſáy, *ſ.* an attempt, trial, ſhort diſcourſe, *F.*
E'ſſence, *ſ.* conſtituant, ſubſtance, perfume, *L.*
Eſſéntial, *a.* belonging to eſſence, abſolutely neceſſary, *L.*
Eſſéntials, *ſ.* fundamental articles, *L.*
Eſſéntially, *ad.* conſtitutionally, neceſſarily, *L.*
Eſſoine, *ſ.* an excuſe for non appearance, *F.*
Eſtábliſh, *v.* to ſettle, confirm, *F.*
Eſtábliſhment, *ſ.* a ſettlement, income, *F.*
Eſtáte, *ſ.* fortune, rank, the poſture of affairs, *F.*
Eſteem, *ſ.* reſpect, value
Eſteem, *v.* to value, judge, rate high
E'ſther, *ſ.* a woman's name
E'ſtimable, *a.* worthy to be eſteemed, *F.*
E'ſtimate, *ſ.* computation, value
E'ſtimate, *ſ.* to compute, value, appraiſe, *F.*
E'ſtimation, *ſ.* computation, eſteem
E'ſtival, *ſ.* belonging to ſummer, *L.*
Eſtránge, *v.* to draw away the affections, *F.*
E'ſtuary, *ſ.* an arm of the ſea
Etc, or &c. a contraction for et cætera
Etch, *v.* to make prints with aquafortis
Etérnal, *ſ.* God

Etérnal, *a.* endleſs, perpetual, *F.*
Etérnalize, *v.* to make eternal or immortal
Etérnally, *ad.* perpetually, without intermiſſion
Etérnity, *ſ.* an infinite duration
Etérnize, *v.* to perpetuate, immortalize, *F.*
E'ther, *ſ.* pure air
Ethéreal, *a.* belonging to the ether, celeſtial, *L.*
E'thical, *a.* moral, treating of morality
E'thics, *ſ.* moral philoſophy, *G.*
E'thnic, *a.* heatheniſh, *G.*
Etymológical, *a.* belonging to etymology, *G.*
Etymólogy, *ſ.* original derivation of words, *G.*
Et'ymon, *ſ.* origin, primitive word
Evácuate, *v.* to empty, quit, make void, *S.*
Evacuátion, *ſ.* diſcharge, emptying, leaving
Eváde, *v.* to elude, eſcape, avoid, ſhift off, *L.*
Evanéſcent, *a.* vaniſhing, imperceptible
Evángelical, *a.* belonging to the goſpel, *G.*
Evángeliſt, *ſ.* one of the four evangeliſts who wrote the goſpels, *G.*
Evangelize, *v.* to preach the goſpel
Evan'id, *a.* weak, fading, faint, *L.*
Eváporable, *a.* eaſily reſolved into vapour
Eváporate, *v.* to throw off in fumes, or vapours, *L.*
Eváporation, *ſ.* a flying away in vapours
Eváſion, *ſ.* an eſcape, excuſe, ſubterfuge, *L.*
Evaſive, *a.* crafty, deceitful, ſhuffling, *L.*
Eúchariſt, *ſ.* the ſacrament of the Lord's ſupper *G.*
Eucharíſtical, *a.* relating to the euchariſt
Eve, *ſ.* a contraction of evening, the vigil of a feſtival
Eve, *ſ.* a woman's name
E'ven, *ſ.* evening
E'ven, *a.* level, parallel, uniform
E'ven, *ad.* verily

E'venly, *ad.* impartially, uniformly
E'vening, *ſ.* the cloſe of the day, *E. S.*
E'venneſs, *ſ.* regularity, levelneſs, calmneſs
Evént, *ſ.* the ſucceſs or iſſue of a thing, *L.*
Eventide, *ſ.* the ſame with evening
Evéntilate, *v.* to winnow or fan, to ſift or examine, *L.*
Evéntual, *a.* conſequential, reſulting from, *L.*
Evéntually, *ad.* in the laſt reſult, *L.*
E'ver, *ad.* always
E'verard, *ſ.* a man's name
Evergreen, *ſ.* a tree always green
Everlaſting, *ſ.* a ſtrong woollen ſtuff
Everlaſting, *a.* eternal, perpetual
Everlaſtingly, *ad.* eternally, endleſs
Evermóre, *ad.* always, eternally
E'very, *a.* each one of all
E'ves-dropper. *See* Eaves-dropper
Eugh, *ſ.* a tree
Evidénce, *ſ.* teſtimony, proof, witneſs
E'vidence, *v.* to prove, give teſtimony
E'vident, *a.* clear, manifeſt
E'vidently, *ad.* apparently, certainly
E'vil, *a.* wicked, miſchievous, miſerable
E'vil, *ſ.* ſin, hurt, miſery
Evilſpéaking, *ſ.* ſlander, defamation
Evínce, *v.* to prove, demonſtrate
Evíncible, *a.* capable of proof, demonſtrable
Evíncibly, *ad.* with conviction
Eviſcerate, *v.* to embowel
E'vitable, *a.* that may be avoided, prevented
E'ulogy, *ſ.* praiſe or commendation, *G.*
Eunice, *ſ.* a woman's name
Eúnuch, *ſ.* a man deprived of his genitals, *G.*
Evólve, *v.* to unfold, diſentangle, diſcloſe
Evolútion, *ſ.* an unfolding, doubling, wheeling, &c *L.*
Eúphony, *ſ.* concord, an agreeable ſound
Europe, *ſ.* one of the four grand diviſions of the earth, *G.*
Européan, *ſ.* belonging to Europe, *G.*
Euſébius, *ſ.* a man's name
Euterpe, *ſ.* one of the nine muſes, *G.*
Evúlſion, *ſ.* a plucking, pulling, or drawing away, *L.*
Ewe, *ſ.* a female ſheep
E'wer, *ſ.* a veſſel to hold cream, water, &c.
Ew'ry, *ſ.* the place where the king's plate is kept
Exáct, *v.* to extort more than is due, *L.*
Exact, *a.* nice, accurate, methodical
Exactor, *ſ.* one who demands more than his due
Exáction, *ſ.* an unjuſt and unreaſonable demand, a tribute ſeverely levied, extortion
Exáctly, *ad.* accurately, nicely
Exáctneſs, *ſ.* punctuality, accuracy
Exággerate, *v.* to amplify, aggravate, *L.*
Exagera'ion, *ſ.* aggravation, amplification
Exált, *v.* to praiſe highly, extol, lift up
Exaltátion, *ſ.* elevation, act of raiſing up
Exámen, *ſ.* an enquiry, a trial, or proof, *L.*
Examination, *ſ.* diſquiſition, queſtioning
Exámine, *v.* to interrogate, weigh, conſider, *L.*
Examiners, *ſ.* officers in chancery who examine witneſſes
Exámple, *ſ.* a pattern, an inſtance to prove
Exáminate, *v.* to intimidate, depreſs, kill
Exánimation, *ſ.* deprivation of life
Exáſperate, *v.* to enrage, provoke to anger, *L.*
Excantation, *ſ.* diſinchantment by a counter charm, *L.*
Excávate, *v.* to hollow
Excavátion, *ſ.* a putting in hollows, a cavity, *L.*

Exceed,

Exceed, *v.* to go beyond, to ſurpaſs, to excel
Excéeding, *a.* ſurpaſſing, exceſſive, *L.*
Excéedingly, *ad.* to a great degree
Excél, *v.* to outdo, or ſurpaſs, *L.*
E'xcellence, *ſ.* pre-eminence, dignity, *L.*
Excellency, *ſ.* excellence, a title of honour
E'xcellent, *a.* admirable, of great virtue, *L.*
E'xcellently, *ad.* in a high degree
Excépt, *v.* to object againſt, to leave out, *L.*
Excépt, *pre.* unleſs, excluſively of
Excépting, *pre.* except
Excéption, *ſ.* excluſion, objection, diſlike
Excéptionable, *a.* that may be objected to, *L.*
Exceſs, *ſ.* ſuperfluity, intemperance, *L.*
Excéſſive, *v.* beyond due bounds, *L.*
Exceſſively, *ad.* eminently, exceedingly
Exchánge, *v.* to barter, to permute
Exchánge, *ſ.* bartering, a place where merchants meet, *F.*
Exchéquer, *ſ.* where the king's money is kept
Excíſe, *ſ.* a duty on beer, ale, tea, &c. *L. S.*
Excíſe, *v.* to ſubject to the exciſe duty
Excíſeman, *ſ.* one who inſpects exciſed goods
Excíſion, *ſ.* a extirpation, breaking down, deſtruction
Excitátion, *ſ.* a ſtirring up, provocation
Excíte, *v.* to promote, ſtir up
Excitement, *ſ.* the motive to ſtir up
Exclaim, *v.* to cry out, rail againſt, *L.*
Exclamátion, *ſ.* vehement outcry
Excláimer, *ſ.* one who exclaims
Excláimatory, *a.* containing exclamation
Exclúde, *v.* to ſhut out, keep from, *L.*
Exclúſion, *ſ.* a ſhutting out, debarring, rejection, *L.*
Exclúſive, *a.* capable of excluding
Exclúſively, *ad.* without, not taking in

Excógitate, *v.* to invent, or find out by thinking, *L.*
Excommúnicate, *v.* to ſhut out of the communion of the church, *L.*
Excommunication, *ſ.* a debarring from communion
Excóriate, *v.* to ſtrip off the ſkin, *L.*
Excoriátion, *ſ.* fleaing or pulling off the ſkin, *L.*
Excrément, *ſ.* human ſoil, urine, ſpittle, &c. *L.*
Excrementitious, *a.* containing excrements
Excréſcence, *ſ.* a wart, wen, fungus, &c. that grows out of another body, *L.*
Excréſcent, *a.* growing out of another
Excrétion, *v.* the voiding of excrementitious humours
Excrétive, *a.* able to eject excrements
Excrétory, *a.* ejecting what is ſuperfluous
Excrúciate, *v.* to torment, torture
Excrúciating, *a.* violent, terrible, agonizing, *L.*
Excubátion, *ſ.* a watching all night, *L.*
Excúlpate, *v.* to clear an accuſed perſon, *L.*
Excúrſion, *ſ.* a ramble, digreſſion, deviation, *L.*
Excúrſive, *a.* deviating, rambling, *L.*
Excúſable, *a.* that may be excuſed, *L.*
Excúſatory, *a.* pleading excuſe, apological
Excúſe, *v.* to palliate, juſtify, exempt, *L.*
Excúſe, *ſ.* an apology
E'xecrable, *a.* cruel, horrible, deteſtable, *L.*
E'xecrably, *ad.* deteſtably, abominably
E'xecrate, *v.* to curſe, to deteſt or abhor, *L.*
Execrátion, *ſ.* a dreadful curſe
Execúte, *a.* to do, perform, put to death
Execútion, *ſ.* a performance, ſeizure, putting to death, *L.*
Execútioner, *ſ.* a hangman
Exécutive, *a.* having a power to act, *L.*
Exécutor, *ſ.* one appointed to execute the intention of a will, *F.*

Exécutorſhip, *ſ.* the office of an executor
Exécutrix, *ſ.* a female executor
Exegétical, *a.* explanatory, *G.*
Exémplar, *ſ.* a pattern to be imitated, *L.*
Exémplary, *a.* by way of example
Exemplification, *ſ.* a proof by way of example, a copy of a record, a tranſcript
Exémplify, *v.* to prove by an example, *L.*
Exémpt, *v.* to privilege
Exémpt, *a.* free from, privileged
Exempt, *ſ.* an officer in the life guards, *F.*
Exémption, *ſ.* a freedom from
Exéquies, *ſ.* funeral tithes, ſolemnities, *L.*
Exércise, *ſ.* employment, a taſk, uſe, *L.*
Exércise, *v.* to inure, to practiſe
Exercitation, *ſ.* uſe or practice, a critical comment
Exert, *v.* to ſtrive, uſe one's utmoſt endeavour, *L.*
Exértion, *ſ.* effort, act of exerting
Exfóliate, *v.* to ſhell or ſcale off, *L.*
Exhalátion, *ſ.* fume, ſteam, vapour, *L.*
Exhále, *v.* to caſt out vapours, *L.*
Exháuſt, *v.* to drain, empty, draw out, *L.*
Exhíbit, *v.* to ſhew, preſent, diſplay
Exhibition, *ſ.* a ſhewing or exhibiting
Exhílerate, *v.* to chear up, make merry, *L.*
Exhort, *v.* to caution, perſuade, or adviſe, *L.*
Exhortátion, *ſ.* a perſuaſive argument
Exhórtatory, *a.* ſerving to exhort
Exigence, *ſ.* ſudden occaſion, want
Exigent, *ſ.* a pinch or ſtrait, an end, *L.*
Exígnous, *a.* diminutive, ſmall, little, *L.*
Exíle *ſ.* baniſhment, a baniſhed perſon, *L.*
Exíle *v.* to baniſh
Exilement, *ſ.* baniſhment
Exímious, *a.* choice, excellent
Exinanition, *ſ.* privation, loſs
Exiſt, *v.* to have a being
Exiſtence, *ſ.* the ſtate of being
Exiſtent, *a.* in being
E'xit, *ſ.* quitting a place, paſſage, death
Exónerate, *v.* to unload, diſburthen, *L.*
E'xoneration, *ſ.* a diſburthening
E'xorable, *a.* that may be moved by intreaty, *L.*
Exórbitance, *ſ.* enormity, exceſſive wrong
Exórbitant, *a.* extravagant, exceſſive, *L.*
Exórciſe, *v.* to caſt out evil ſpirits, *G.*
E'xorciſm, *ſ.* words uſed to caſt out devils, *G.*
E'xorciſt, *ſ.* one who caſts out devils, *G.*
Exórdium, *ſ.* an introduction to a diſcourſe, *L.*
Exotics, *ſ.* foreign plants, *G.*
Exotic, *a.* foreign, *G.*
Expand, *v.* to ſtretch out, open, *L.*
Expanſe, *ſ.* the open firmament, or heaven, *L.*
Expanſibility, *ſ.* capacity of extenſion
Expanſible, *a.* capable of extenſion
Expánſion, *ſ.* a ſpreading out, *L.*
Expanſive, *a.* extenſive, ſpreading
Expátiate, *v.* to range, enlarge upon, *L.*
Expect, *v.* to look, wait for, hope, *L.*
Expéctance, *ſ.* hope, ſomething expected
Expéctant, *a.* waiting in expectation
Expectátion, *ſ.* a looking, or waiting for
Expectorátion, *ſ.* ſpitting
Expédience, *ſ* fitneſs, propriety, diſpatch
Expédient, *a.* fit, convenient, neceſſary, *L.*
Expédient, *ſ.* a means, way, or device, *L.*
Expedite, *v.* to haſten, quicken, *L.*
Expedition, *ſ.* diſpatch, warlike enterprize
Expeditious, *a.* quick, with diſpatch
Expel, *v.* to drive away, to caſt off, *L.*
Expénd, *v.* to ſpend, lay out, conſume
Expénſe, *ſ.* coſt, charges, *L.*

Expenſive,

Expénsive, *a.* chargeable, given to expenſe
Expénsively, *ad.* with great expence
Expénsiveneſs, *ſ.* coſtlineſs, extravagance
Expérience, *ſ.* knowledge acquired by practice
Expérience, *v.* to try, to know by practice
Experienced, *a.* wiſe by long practice
Expériment, *ſ.* an eſſay, trial, *L.*
Experimental, *a.* founded upon experiments
Expert, *a.* ready, ſkilful, dexterous
Expertneſs, *ſ.* ſkill, dexterity
E'xpiable, *a.* that may be atoned for, *L.*
E'xpiate, *v.* to atone, make ſatisfaction, *L.*
Expiation, *ſ.* ſatisfaction, atonement, *L.*
Expiatory, *a.* ſerving to expiate
Expirátion, *ſ.* end, reſpiration, evaporation
Expire, *v.* to be out, come to an end, die, *L.*
Explain, *v.* to expound, clear up, to illuſtrate
Explanation, *ſ.* an explaining or making plain
Explánatory, *a.* containing explanation
E'xpletive, *ſ.* an unneceſſary word added to fill up, *L.*
E'xplicable, *a.* that may be explained, *L.*
E'xplicate, *v.* to unfold, expand, explain
E'xplicative, *a.* tending to explain
E'xplicit, *a.* plain, expreſs, open, *L.*
Explicitly, *ad.* openly, plainly, directly
Explode, *v.* to decry, diſlike, *L.*
Explóit, *ſ.* a notable action
Explorátion, *ſ.* ſearch, examination
Explóratory, *a.* ſearching, examining
Explóre, *v.* to ſearch, examine into, *L.*
Explóſion, *ſ.* diſcharge of gunpowder, &c. *L.*
Expórt, *v.* to carry out of a country, *L.*
Export, *ſ.* any thing carried out in traffic
Exportátion, *ſ.* a ſending beyond ſea
Expóſe, *v.* to lay open, put in danger
Expoſition, *ſ.* explanation, ſetting in the air, *L.*
Expóſitor, *ſ.* an interpreter, commentator, *L.*
Expóſtulate, *v.* to reaſon, or argue with by way of complaint, for ſome injury, *L.*
Expoſtulátion, *ſ.* reaſoning on an injury done or apprehended, *L.*
Expóſtulatory, *a.* containing expoſtulation
Expoſure, *ſ.* ſituation, the expoſing to ſight
Expóund, *v.* to explain, to interpret
Expréſs, *ſ.* a meſſage ſent, a courier
Expréſs, *a.* clear, plain, manifeſt, *L.*
Expréſs, *v.* to utter, declare, ſqueeze out
Expréſſible, *a.* that may be uttered, or ſqueezed
Expréſſion, *ſ.* form of ſpeech, preſſing out
Expréſſive, *a.* clear, ſtrong, proper to expreſs
Expréſſively, *ad.* in a clear expreſſive manner
Expréſſiveneſs, *ſ.* the power of expreſſing, &c.
Expréſly, *ad.* in direct terms, plainly
Expréſſure, *ſ.* expreſſion, utterance
Expúlſion, *ſ.* expelling or driving out
Expúlſive, *a.* proper to expel, *F.*
Expúnge, *v.* to rub out with a ſponge, to blot, eraſe
Expúrgatory, *a.* purging, cleanſing or ſcouring, *L.*
E'xquiſite, *a.* rare, excellent, extraordinary, *L.*
Exquiſitely, *ad.* perfectly, compleatly
Exſi'ccant, *a.* drying
Exſi'ccate, *v.* to dry up, *L.*
E'xtant, *a.* now in being
Extacy. *See* Ecſtacy
Extátic, *a.* rapturous
Extem'pore, *a.* without premeditation, *L.*
Exténd, *v.* to ſtretch out or enlarge, *L.*
Exténſion, *ſ.* a being ſtretched out
Exténſive, *a.* large, wide
Extént, *ſ.* the compaſs of a thing, execution in law

Exténuate, *v.* to mitigate, leſſen, palliate
Extenuation, *ſ.* a mitigation, decay
Extérior, *a.* external or outward, *L.*
Exterminate, *v.* to root out, deſtroy utterly, *L.*
Exterminátion, *ſ.* deſtruction, exciſion
External, *a.* on the outſide, outwards, *L.*
Extérnally, *ad.* outwardly
Extínct, *a.* put out, dead, ceaſing to be, *L.*
Extinction, *ſ.* extinguiſhing, aboliſhing
Extinguiſh, *v.* to quench or put out, to aboliſh
Extinguiſhable, *a.* that may be quenched
Extínguiſher, *ſ.* a hollow cone to put out a candle
Extinguiſhment, *ſ.* extinction, abolition
Extírpate, *v.* to root up, deſtroy, *L.*
Extírpation, *ſ.* a rooting out, a deſtroying
Extól, *v.* to cry up, praiſe highly, *L.*
Extórt, *v.* to exact, gain by violence, *L.*
Extórſive, *a.* compulſive, getting out by force
Extórtion, *ſ.* an unlawful exaction, *L.*
Extórtioner, *ſ.* one who practiſes extortion
Extráct, *v.* to ſelect, draw out, abſtract, *L.*
E'xtract, *ſ.* ſubſtance extracted, heads of a book, *L.*
Extráction, *ſ.* a drawing out, deſcent, lineage
Extrajudicial, *a.* out of the ordinary courſe of law, *L.*
E'xtraneous, *a.* foreign, not naturally belonging to it, *L.*
Extraórdinarily, *ad.* uncommonly, eminently, *L.*
Extraórdinary, *a.* more than common, eminent, *L.*
Extraparóchial, *a.* out of all pariſhes, *L.*
Extrávagance, *ſ.* prodigality, ſuperfluous expence
Extrávagant, *a.* expenſive, prodigal, *L.*
Extrávagantly, *ad.* in an extravagant manner
Extrávaſated, *a.* eſcaped out of its proper veſſels, *L.*
Extréme, *a.* laſt, or utmoſt, very great, *L.*
Extréme, *ſ.* the utmoſt point, extremity
Extrémely, *ad.* in the utmoſt degree, greatly
Extrémity, *ſ.* utmoſt parts, great diſtreſs, emergency, *L.*
E'xtricate, *v.* to diſembarraſs, to diſengage from diſtreſs, *L.*
Extrínſic, *a.* outward, external
Extrínſical, *a.* outward, external
Extrínſically, *ad.* outwardly, from without
Extrude, *v.* to thruſt or drive out, *L.*
Extrúſion, *ſ.* expulſion, *L.*
Extuberance, *ſ.* a ſwelling, *L.*
Exúberance, *ſ.* luxuriance of growth, *L.*
Exúberant, *a.* plentiful, over-abundant, *L.*
Exúlcerate, *v.* to make a ſore turn to an ulcer, *L.*
Exudation, *ſ.* an emiſſion of ſweat, *L.*
Exúlt, *v.* to rejoice greatly, to triumph, *L.*
Exultátion, *ſ.* joy, gladneſs, *L.*
Exúviæ, *ſ.* caſt ſkins or ſhells
Eye, *ſ.* the organ of ſight, a loop or ſmall hole
Eye, *v.* to watch
Eyeball, *ſ.* the apple of the eye
Evebrow, *ſ.* the hair over the eye
E'yelid, *ſ.* that ſhuts up the eye
Eye'ſight, *ſ.* the ſight of the eye
E'yre, *ſ.* a court of juſtice, etinerants
Eyrie, *ſ.* an hawk's neſt
Ezechias, *ſ.* a man's name
Ezechiel, *ſ.* a man's name
Ezra, *ſ.* a man's name.

F.

F In muſic books, is an abbreviation of *forte*, loud and ſtrong

F. R. S. fellow of the royal society
F. S. A. in physicians bills, *fiat secundum artem*, let it be done according to art
Those words which the reader cannot find under F, *are placed under* PH.
Fáble, *ſ.* an inſtructive fiction, *L.*
Fábricate, *v.* to build, manufacture, *L.*
Fábric, *ſ.* an edifice, a building
Fábric, *v.* to build, form, conſtruct
Fábuliſt, *ſ.* a writer of fables
Fábulous, *a.* feigned, invented
Face, *ſ.* the viſage, preſence, front
Face, *v.* to come in front, to ſtand oppoſite to
Facétious, *ſ.* affable, chearful, gay, *F.*
Facétiouſneſs, *ſ.* affability, mirth
Fácile, *a.* eaſy, flexible. *L.*
Facilitate, *v.* to make eaſy, *L.*
Facility, *ſ.* eaſineſs, readineſs
Fácing, *ſ.* an ornamental covering
Fácing, *ad.* over againſt, oppoſite to
Fact, *ſ.* a reality, an action, deed, *L.*
Fáction, *ſ.* a ſeditious party, *L.*
Fáctious, *a.* given to faction, mutinous, *L.*
Fáctiouſly, *ad.* ſeditiouſly, in a factious manner
Factítious, *a.* made by art, *L.*
Fáctor, *ſ.* an agent for merchants
Fáctorage, *ſ.* an allowance paid to a factor
Fáctors, *ſ.* the multiplicand and multiplier
Fáctory, *ſ.* where goods are made, a body of merchants agents
Fáculty, *ſ.* talents, parts, capacity, profeſſion, *F.*
Fáddle, *v.* to trifle, toy, play the fool
Fade, *v.* to loſe its colour, to wither, *F.*
Fadge, *v.* to ſuit, to agree, to ſucceed, to hit
Fæ'ces, *ſ.* dregs, grounds, excrement, droſs, *L.*

Fag, *ſ.* the worſt part of a piece of cloth
Fággot, *ſ* a bundle of wood for fuel, a nominal ſoldier, *F.*
Fail, *v.* to fall ſhort or be deficient in, to break or become inſolvent, to periſh, to omit, *F.*
Fáiling and Fáilure, *ſ.* a falling ſhort, a becoming inſolvent, a ſlight fault
Fain, *ad.* gladly, with great deſire, *S.*
Faint *v.* to grow low ſpirited, to ſwoon, *F.*
Fáinting, *ſ.* a deliquium, depreſſion of ſpirits
Fáintiſhneſs, *ſ.* a being ſomewhat faint
Fáintly, *ad.* feebly, imperfectly, without colour
Fáintneſs, *ſ.* feebleneſs, want of ſpirit and life
Fair, *a.* white, clear, beautiful, honeſt
Fair, *ſ.* a public market, the fair ſex
Fair, *ad.* civilly, gently, on good terms
Fáiring, *ſ.* a gift at a fair
Fáirly, *ad.* honeſtly, juſtly, openly
Fáirneſs, *ſ.* honeſty, candour, beauty
Fáiry, *ſ.* an imaginary little being, an elf
Fáiry, *a.* given by, or belonging to fairies
Faith, *ſ.* belief, aſſent, honour
Faith, *ſ.* a woman's name
Faithful, *a.* honeſt, ſincere, truſty
Faithfully, *ad.* ſincerely, honeſtly, ſteadily
Faithfulneſs, *ſ.* honeſty, veracity, loyalty
Faithleſs, *a.* incredulous, falſe, perfidious
Fálcated, *a.* crooked, bent like a ſickle
Fálchion, *ſ.* a kind of ſhort broad ſword
Fálcon, *ſ.* a kind of hawk, a piece of ordnance, *F.*
Fálconér, *ſ.* one who trains up hawks, *F.*
Falconétte, *ſ.* a ſmall piece of ordnance
Fall, *ſ.* a dropping from on high, ruin, diſgrace
Fall, *v.* to tumble down, to apoſtatize, decreaſe

Fallácious,

Fallácious, *a.* deceitful, crafty, *L.*
Fallácioufly, *ad.* ſophiſtically
Fallácioufneſs, *ſ.* tendency to deceive
Fállacy, *ſ.* a crafty device, guile, or fraud, *L.*
Fállibility, *ſ.* a liableneſs to be deceived, *L.*
Fállible, *a.* liable to error, *L.*
Fállow, *a.* uncultivated
Falſe, *a.* untrue, ſpurious, deceiving expectation, *L.*
Fálſehood, *ſ.* baſeneſs, cheating, lying
Fálſely, *ad.* erroneouſly, perfidiouſly
Fálſeneſs, *ſ.* falſehood, baſeneſs
Fálſify, *v.* to diſpute, confute, forge, *L.*
Fálſity, *ſ.* a lie, impoſition, cheat, *L.*
Fálter, *v.* to heſitate, or ſpeak imperfectly, *Sp.*
Fálteringly, *ad.* with difficulty or heſitation
Fame, *ſ.* reputation, glory, rumour, report, *L.*
Fámed, *a.* renowned, much talked of
Famíliar, *a.* intimate, affable, well known, *L.*
Famíliar, *ſ.* a demon, an officer of the inquiſition, *L.*
Familiárity, *ſ.* acquaintance, eaſy intercourſe
Familiarize, *v.* to make eaſy by habit
Famíliarly, *ad.* with freedom, without formality
Fámily, *ſ.* houſehold, kindred, lineage
Fámine, *ſ.* a general want of proviſion, dearth, *F.*
Fámiſh, *v.* to ſtarve with hunger
Fámous, *a.* renowned, celebrated
Fan, *ſ.* an inſtrument to winnow corn, an utenſil uſed by women
Fan, *v.* to winnow, and cool with a fan
Fanátical, *a.* mad, frantic, poſſeſſed
Fanáticiſm, *ſ.* an extravagant enthuſiaſm, *L.*
Fanátic, *ſ.* one filled with a religious phrenzy
Fánciful, *a.* imaginary, whimſical
Fáncy, *ſ.* imagination, taſte, humour, frolic
Fáncy, *v.* to imagine, to long for
Fane, *ſ.* a temple or church, a weathercock
Fangs, *ſ.* tuſks or large teeth, claws, *S.*
Fángled, *a.* vainly formed
Fángot, *ſ.* a pack of goods from one to 300lb. weight
Fantáſtical, or Fantaſtic, *a.* odd, conceited, whimſical
Fantáſtically, *ad.* whimſically, capriciouſly
Fantáſticalneſs, *ſ.* whimſicalneſs
Fántaſy, *ſ.* fancy, idea, humour
Far, *ad.* a great way, a great deal, *S.*
Farce, *ſ.* a droll or mock comedy
Fárcy, *ſ.* an infectious diſeaſe amongſt horſes, *F.*
Fárdel *ſ.* a bundle or pack, *I.*
Fare, *ſ.* proviſions, hire of carriages
Fare, *v.* to go, to paſs, to travel, to feed
Farewéll, *ad.* adieu, a parting compliment
Farináceous, *a.* mealy, like meal, *L.*
Farm, *ſ.* a portion of land occupied by a farmer, *S.*
Fármer, *ſ.* one who rents land or taxes
Farrágo, *ſ.* a medley, a jumble of ſeveral things
Fárrier, *ſ.* one who acts both as ſmith and horſe doctor
Fárrow, *v.* to bring forth pigs
Fart, *ſ.* an eruption of wind backwards, *S.*
Fárther, *ad.* at a greater diſtance
Farthermóre, *ad.* beſides, likewiſe
Farther, *v.* to promote, to advance
Fártheſt, *ad.* at or to the greateſt diſtance
Fárthing, *ſ.* the fourth part of a penny
Fárthingale, *ſ.* a kind of hoop

Fáſces, *ſ.* rods carried before conſuls
Fáſcinate, *v.* to bewitch or enchant, *L.*
Fáſcination, *ſ.* a bewitching, inchanting, *L.*
Faſcines, *ſ.* bundles of faggots uſed in war, *F.*
Faſcinous, *a.* acting by witchcraft
Fáſhion, *ſ.* mode vogue, rank, *F.*
Fáſhion, *v.* to form or ſhape
Fáſhionable, *a.* after the mode
Fáſhionableneſs, *ſ.* modiſh elegance
Fáſhionably, *ad* confo mable to cuſtom
Faſt, *ſ.* an abſtinence from food
Faſt, *a.* firm, fixed, ſpeedy, ſwift
Fáſten, *v.* to make faſt, *S.*
Fáſtener, *ſ.* one who makes faſt or firm
Fáſter, *ſ.* one who abſtains from all food
Faſtidious, *a.* diſdainful, nice, ſqueamiſh, *L.*
Fáſtneſs, *ſ.* a ſtrong hold, a ſecurity, *S.*
Fat, *ſ.* the oily part of fleſh, a brewing veſſel, a certain meaſure of coals
Fat, *a.* plump, fleſhy, groſs, rich
Fat, *v.* to make fat, or fatten, to grow fat
Fátal, *a.* deſtructive, deadly, mortal, *L.*
Fatálity, *ſ.* a ſuppoſed decree of fate, tendency to danger
Fatálly, *ad.* deſtructively, mortally
Fate, *ſ.* deſtiny, event, cauſe, deſtruction
Fáther, *ſ.* one who begets a child
Father, *v.* to adopt
Fáther-in-law, *ſ.* the father of a wife or huſband
Fátherleſs, *a.* without a father
Fatherly, *a.* paternal, like a father
Fáthers, *ſ.* the biſhops of the primitive church
Fáthom, *v.* to ſound, to penetrate into
Fáthom, *ſ.* of ſix feet, reach, penetration, *S.*
Fáthomleſs, *a.* impenetrable
Fatigue, *ſ.* toil, wearineſs, *F.*
Fatigue, *v.* to tire, weary, perplex, *F.*
Fátling, *ſ.* lamb or kid fed for ſacrifice
Fátner, *ſ.* which gives fatneſs
Fátneſs, *ſ.* plump, fat, greaſe, fertility
Fátten, *v.* to grow fat, to make fat
Fatúity, *ſ.* fooliſhneſs, weakneſs of mind
Fáuſet, *ſ.* the tap put into a barrel
Fáulcon, *See* Falchion
Fáulcon, *See* Falcon
Fault, *ſ.* an error, crime, defect, blemiſh, *F.*
Fáultineſs, *ſ.* badneſs, evil, delinquency
Fáultleſs, *a.* without fault
Fáulty, *a.* guilty of a fault, wrong, defective
Fávour, *v.* to be favourable to, reſemble, ſupport
Fávour, *ſ.* an act of kindneſs, a knot of ribbons, *L.*
Fávourable, *a.* mild, gentle, kind, convenient
Fávourableneſs, *ſ.* kindneſs, benignity
Fávoured, *part. a.* feat red, regarded
Fávourite, *ſ.* a darling, a minion, *F.*
Fawn, *ſ.* a buck or doe of the firſt year
Fawn, *v.* to bring forth a fawn, to ſooth or flatter
Fáwningly, *ad.* in a cringing manner
Féalty, *ſ.* loyalty, fidelity, homage, *F.*
Fear, *ſ.* terror, dread, awe, reverence, *S.*
Fear, *v.* to dread, be anxious, be afraid
Féarfully, *ad* timorouſly, dreadfully
Féarfulneſs, *ſ.* timorouſneſs, dread, awe
Féarleſs, *a.* bold, daring, intrepid
Féaſibility, *ſ.* practicability
Féaſible, *a.* practicable, eaſy to be executed, *F.*
Feaſt, *ſ.* a banquet, a time of public rejoicing, *F.*
Feaſt, *v.* to entertain ſumptuouſly
Feat, *ſ.* an exploit, act, deed, *F.*
Féather, *ſ.* the plume of a bird, an empty title, *S.*

Féathery, *a.* clothed with feathers
Féature, *ſ.* a lineament of the face
Fébrifúge, *ſ.* any medicine that cures a fever, *L*
Fébrile, *a.* conſtituting a fever
February, *ſ.* the ſecond month in the year, *L.*
Féces, *ſ.* dregs, lees, ſediments, excrements, *L.*
Féculence, *ſ.* muddineſs, ſediment
Féculent, *a.* foul, full of lees or dregs, *L.*
Fecúndity, *ſ.* fruitfulneſs, *L.*
Féderal, *a.* belonging to a covenant or agreement, *L.*
Féderate, *a.* leagued
Fee, *ſ.* a reward, perquiſite, perpetual right, *S.*
Fee, *v.* to retain, bribe, hire, pay
Feéble, *a.* weak, languid, infirm, *F.*
Feébleneſs, *ſ.* weakneſs
Feébly, *ad.* weakly, without ſtrength
Feed, *v.* to eat, to nouriſh or ſupply with food, *S.*
Feed, *ſ.* food, paſture
Feel, *v.* to perceive by touch, be ſenſible of, *S.*
Feéling, *ſ.* ſenſibility, tenderneſs
Feélingly, *ad.* with great ſenſibility
Feet, *pl.* of foot.
Feign, *v.* to pretend, diſſemble, invent, *L.*
Feint, *ſ.* diſguiſe, falſe ſhew, ſham, *F.*
Felicitate, *v.* to make happy, to congratulate, *L.*
Felicitátion, *ſ.* congratulation
Felicity, *ſ.* happineſs, proſperity
Félix, *ſ.* a man's name
Fell, *ſ.* a ſkin, hide
Fell, *a.* fierce, horrid, cruel, barbarous, *S.*
Fell, *v.* to cut or ſtrike down, *S*
Felláble, *a.* timber fit to be cut down
Fellmónger, *ſ.* one who dreſſes or ſells hides, *S*
Féllon, *ſ.* the circumference of a wheel, a whitlow, *S.*
Féllow, *ſ.* a comrade, an equal, a mean wretch
Féllow, *v.* to match or pair with
Fellowfeéling, *ſ.* ſympathy, joint intereſt
Féllowſhip, *ſ.* a ſtation in a college, a company
Félly, *ad.* cruelly, fiercely
Félly, *ſ.* a joint of the rim of a wheel
Felo-de-ſe, *ſ.* one who deſtroys himſelf
Félon, *ſ.* one who commits a capital crime
Felónious, *a.* thieviſh, murderous
Félony, *ſ.* any capital crime below petit treaſon
Felt, *v.* did feel
Felt, *v.* to unite ſtuff without weaving
Felt, *ſ.* wool uſed in making hats, a coarſe hat made of it, *S.*
Fémale, *ſ.* one of the ſhe kind, *F.*
Feme, *ſ.* a married woman, *F.*
Féminine, *a.* belonging to a female
Femóral, *a.* belonging to the thigh
Fen, *ſ.* a moor or marſh, *S.*
Fence, *v.* to incloſe, to fight with foils
Fence, *ſ.* an hedge or incloſure
Féncelеſs, *a.* without incloſure, open
Féncer, *ſ.* one ſkilled in fencing
Fend. *See* Defend
Fénder, *ſ.* an utenſil ſet before a fire grate
Fénnel, *ſ.* an herb, *L.*
Fénny, *a.* marſhy, boggy, moriſh
Fénugreek, *ſ.* a plant
Feod. *See* Tenure
Féodal, *a.* belonging to a fee
Feoff, *v.* to inveſt with poſſeſſion

Féoffee, *ſ.* one in poſſeſſion
Féoffment, *ſ.* the granting of poſſeſſion
Féoffor, *ſ.* one who makes a feoffment
Féral, *a.* deadly, mortal, mournful, *L.*
Féraiia, *ſ.* a feaſt in honour of the dead
Férine, *a.* wild, ſavage
Ferment, *v.* to puff up as leaven, or work as beer, *F.*
Fermentation, *ſ.* a fermenting or working heat, *F.*
Ferméntative, *a.* cauſing fermentation
Fern, *ſ.* a plant. *S.*
Ferócious, *a.* ſavage, fierce
Ferócity, *ſ.* fierceneſs, ſavageneſs, wildneſs, *F.*
Férrel, *ſ.* iron or other metal at the end of a cane
Férret, *ſ.* a ſilk tape, a ſmall animal
Férret, *v.* to drive out
Ferrúginous, *a.* partaking of iron
Férrule, *ſ.* a ring at the end of a ſtick, &c.
Férry, *ſ.* a place in a river where a boat is ſtationed to carry paſſengers, horſes, &c. over
Fértile, *a.* fruitful, plentiful, of ready invention, *L.*
Fertility, *ſ.* fruitfulneſs
Fertilize, *v.* to make fruitful, cultivate
Férvency, *ſ.* eagerneſs, pious ardour, zeal
Férvent, *a.* hot, vehement, eager, zealous, *L.*
Férvid, *a.* hot, fervent, boiling, *L.*
Férula, *ſ.* a wooden ſlapper uſed in ſchools, *L.*
Férvour, *ſ.* warmth, earneſtneſs, pious ardour, *F.*
Féscue, *ſ.* a pointer uſed with a horn book
Féſter, *v.* to ſuppurate or rankle
Féſtival, *a.* joyous, pertaining to feaſts, *L.*
Féſtival, *ſ.* a holiday, a feaſt, a day of good chear, *L.*
Féſtive, *a.* gay, joyous
Feſtívity, *ſ.* mirth, jollity, rejoicing
Feſtóon, *ſ.* a wreath of fruits or flowers
Fetch, *v.* to go and bring a thing
Fetch, *ſ.* a ſtratagem, cunning trick, artifice
Fétid, *a.* having a ſtrong offenſive ſmell, *L.*
Fétidneſs, *ſ.* the quality of ſtinking
Fétters, *ſ.* irons put on the legs of malefactors, *S.*
Fétter, *v.* to put on fetters
Fétus, *ſ.* an animal in embrio
Feud, *ſ.* a deadly hatred, quarrel
Féudal, *a.* held from a lord
Féudatory, *ſ.* a vaſſal who holds of a lord
Féver, *ſ.* a diſtemper, *F.*
Féveriſh, *a.* inclined to a fever, hot
Few, *a.* not many
Féwel. *See* Fúel
Féwneſs, *ſ.* ſmallneſs of number
Fib, *ſ.* an untruth
Fibber, *ſ.* a teller of lies
Fibrous, *a.* full of fibres, *L.*
Fibres, *ſ.* ſlender threads of muſcles, reins, and roots, *L.*
Fickle, *a.* wavering, inconſtant, variable, *L.*
Fickleneſs, *ſ.* inconſtancy, unſteadineſs
Fiction, *ſ.* a feigned ſtory
Fictitious, *a.* feigned, fabulous
Fiddle, *ſ.* a violin, *T.*
Fiddle, *v.* to play on the violin, to trifle
Fiddlefáddle, *a.* trifling, giving trouble
Fiddler, *ſ.* one who plays on the fiddle
Fidélity, *ſ.* faithfulneſs, honeſty, integrity, *L.*
Fiduciary, *ſ.* one entruſted by another, *L.*

Fief, *ſ.* lands or tenements held by fealty and homage, a manor
Field, *ſ.* a piece of ground, ſpot where a battle is fought, courſe for races
Fieldpieces, *ſ.* ſmall canon uſed in battle
Fiend, *ſ.* a fury, devil, or evil ſpirit, *S.*
Fierce, *a.* furious, ſavage, *F.*
Fiercely, *ad.* violently, furiouſly
Fierceneſs, *ſ.* fury, ferocity, ſavageneſs
Fiery, *a.* hot as fire, haſty, paſſionate, furious, *F.*
Fife, *ſ.* a wind inſtrument, *F.*
Fifteen, *ſ.* the number XV. or 15
Fifth, *a.* five
Fifty, *ſ.* the number L. or 50, *S.*
Fig, *ſ.* a tree, and a fruit, *F.*
Fight, *ſ.* a battle or combat, *S.*
Fight, *v.* to engage or contend in battle
Figurative, *a.* typical, metaphorical
Figure, *ſ.* a rhetorical flouriſh, form, ſhape, a ſtatue, number, *L.*
Figure, *v.* to form into any ſhape
Filacer, or Filazer, *ſ.* an officer in the court of common pleas who files writs
Filaments, *ſ.* ſmall threads or fibres, *L.*
Filbert, *ſ.* a ſort of ſmall nut
Filch, *v.* to ſteal, pilfer little things
File, *ſ.* a wire to ſtring papers on, a tool, a row of ſoldiers
File, *v.* to march in file, one behind another
Filial, *a.* belonging to a child, *L.*
Filings, *ſ.* what's rubbed off by a file
Fill, *v* to make full, to ſatisfy, *S.*
Fillet, *ſ.* a piece of veal, a binder, *F.*
Fillip, *ſ.* a ſtroke with the finger
Filly, *ſ* a young colt, eſpecially a female
Film, *ſ.* a very thin ſkin
Filter, or Philter, *ſ.* a charm, love potion, *F.*
Filth, *ſ.* dirt, naſtineſs, corruption
Filthineſs, *ſ.* naſtineſs, dirtineſs
Filthy, *a.* naſty, foul, dirty, polluted
Filtrate, or Filter, *v.* to ſtrain, filter
Filtration, *ſ.* the act of filtring
Fin, *ſ.* the wing of a fiſh, *S.*
Finable, *a.* liable to be fined
Final, *a.* that makes an end, concludes, decides, *L.*
Finance, *ſ.* the French king's treaſure, *F.*
Financer, *ſ.* an officer who collects the finances, *F.*
Find *v* to diſcover what was loſt
Fine, *a.* handſome, beautiful, excellent
Fine, *ſ.* a mulct, forfeiture
Fine, *v.* to purify, to pay a fine
Finely, *ad.* elegantly, gaily, keenly
Fineneſs, *ſ.* elegance, purity, ſubtility
Finery, *ſ.* ſhow, ſplendid appearance
Finéſſe, *ſ.* a feint, ſham, artifice, ſtratagem, *F.*
Finger, *ſ.* a part of the hand, *Ger.*
Finger, *v.* to touch lightly, pilfer
Finical, *a.* ſpruce, neat, affected, foppiſh
Finis, *ſ.* the end
Finiſh, *v.* to end or compleat, *F.*
Finite, *a.* limited, bounded, *L.*
Finny, *a* having fins
Fire, *ſ* that which burns, courage, ſpirit
Fire, *v.* to kindle, diſcharge fire arms, inflame
Firelock, *ſ* a gun
Firearms, *ſ.* arms which owe their efficacy to fire, guns.
Fireman, *ſ.* one employed to extinguiſh fires
Fireworks, *ſ.* an agreeable exhibition on rejoicings

Firing,

Firing, *ſ.* fewel
Firkin, *ſ.* a liquid veſſel of nine gallons, *S.*
Firm, *a.* faſt, hard, ſolid, conſtant, ſteady
Firmament, *ſ.* the heavens or ſky
Firmneſs, *ſ.* ſolidity, ſtability, ſteadineſs
Firr, *ſ.* a tree, or the wood called deal
Firſt, *a.* prime, original, chief, *S.*
Firſt fruits, *ſ.* the firſt year's profits of a living given to the king
Firſtling, *ſ.* the young of cattle firſt brought forth
Fiſcal, *a.* belonging to the exchequer, or treaſury, *F.*
Fiſh, *ſ.* a water animal, *I.*
Fiſh, *v.* to catch fiſhes
Fiſher, or Fiſherman, *ſ.* one who catches fiſhes
Fiſhery, *ſ.* the place or buſineſs of catching fiſh
Fiſhgarth, *ſ.* a dam or wear in a river for taking fiſh
Fiſhing, *ſ.* the act of catching fiſhes
Fiſhmonger, *ſ.* one who ſells fiſh
Fiſhy, *a.* like to or ſmelling of fiſh
Fiſſure, *ſ.* a cleft, ſlit, or crack
Fiſt, *ſ.* the hand clenched
Fiſtula, *ſ.* a hollow, oozing ulcer
Fiſtular, *a.* hollow like a pipe
Fiſtulous, *a.* tending to a fiſtula
Fiſty-cuffs, *ſ.* blows with the fiſt
Fit, *ſ.* a diſorder of the ſpirits, a ſudden motion
Fit, *a.* proper, convenient, ready prepared
Fit, *v.* to ſuit, equip, adopt
Fitch, or Vetch, *ſ.* a kind of pulſe
Fitly, *ad.* properly, commodiouſly
Fitneſs, *ſ.* aptitude, convenience, propriety
Fitter, *ſ.* a broker that loads coals
Fitz, *ſ.* ſon, *Norm.*
Five, *ſ.* the number V. or 5, *S.*
Fives, *ſ.* a game at ball
Fix, *v.* to faſten, to ſettle, to determine, *F.*
Fizgig, *ſ.* a ſpear to ſtrike fiſh
Flábby, *a.* limber, ſoft, lax, moiſt, *L.*
Flag, *v.* to grow weak, feeble, to droop
Flag, *ſ.* ſhip colours, a flat ſtone, aruſh
Flágelét, *ſ.* a ſmall flute
Flagicious, *a.* notoriouſly wicked, villainous
Flágon, *ſ.* a large veſſel to hold wine, &c, *F.*
Flágrant, *a.* evident, manifeſt, notorious, *L.*
Flail, *ſ.* an inſtrument to thraſh corn with, *F.*
Flake, *ſ.* a flock of ſnow, a thin ſcale, *L.*
Flam, *ſ.* an idle tale, a put off, a lie
Flam, *v.* to deceive with a lie
Flámbeau, *ſ.* a wax torch
Flame, *ſ.* a blaze
Flank, *ſ.* in brutes, the ſide next the thigh
Flank, *v.* to attack the ſide of a battalion or fleet
Flánnel, *ſ.* a kind of woollen ſtuff
Flap, *v.* to beat with a flap, to fall with flaps
Flap, *ſ.* a blow, any thing pulled up or down
Flare, *v.* to blaze as a candle in the wind, to make a tawdry ſhew
Flaſh, *ſ.* a ſudden blaze, or burſt of wit
Flaſh, *v.* to rodomantade
Fláſhy, *a.* vain, frothy, of no ſolidity
Flaſk, *ſ.* a bottle covered with wicker, a powder horn, *D.*
Fláſket, *ſ.* a large open baſket
Flat, *a.* level, inſipid, dull
Flat, *ſ.* a level, plain, a ſhelf, a ſhallow
Flátneſs, *ſ.* evenneſs, dulneſs, deadneſs
Flátten, *v.* to make even or level, diſpirit

Flátter, *v.* to give unjuſt praiſe, to ſooth with hopes, *F.*
Flátterer, *ſ.* a wheedler, fawner
Flátti∫h, *a.* ſomewhat flat
Flátulency, *ſ.* windineſs, vanity, airineſs
Flátulent, *a.* windy, breeding wind, *L.*
Flátus, *ſ.* wind in any part of the body. *L.*
Flaunt, *v.* to ſtrut, look big, give one's ſelf airs, *L.*
Flávour, *ſ.* taſte, or high reliſh on the palate
Flaw, *ſ.* a crack, breach, or defect
Flávy, *a.* full of flaws
Flax, *ſ.* an herb of which linen cloth is made, *S.*
Fláxen, *a.* made of flax, fair
Flay, *v.* to take off a ſkin
Flea, *ſ.* an inſect, *S.*
Flea, *v.* to pull off the skin, *S.*
Fleabitten-colour, *ſ.* white, ſpeckled with darkiſh red ſpots
Fleam, *ſ.* an inſtrument uſed by farriers in bleeding
Fledge, *v.* to cover with feathers
Fledged, *a.* covered with feathers
Flee, *v.* to run from danger
Fleece, *ſ.* the wool of one ſheep, *S.*
Fleece, *v.* to ſtrip a perſon of his ſubſtance
Fleéced, *a.* ſtripped of ſubſtance, plundered
Fleer, *ſ.* mockery, deceitful grin
Fleet, *ſ.* a number of ſhips together, *S.*
Fleet, *a.* ſwift, light, nimble
Fleéting, *a.* paſſing away, fading, *S.*
Fleétneſs, *ſ.* ſwiftneſs
Fleſh, *ſ.* part of an animal body
Fléſhlineſs, *ſ.* carnal appetites
Fléſhly, *a.* carnal, corporeal
Fléſhy, *a.* bulky, full of fleſh, *S.*

Flétcher, *ſ.* a maker of arrows, *F.*
Fléxible, *a.* tractable, of a pliant temper, *L.*
Fléxion, *ſ.* a bending, *L.*
Fléxure, *ſ.* form of bending, a part bent, *L.*
Flight, *ſ.* a flying, running, flock of birds, *S.*
Flighty, *a,* having an extravagant fancy, wild
Flimſy, *a.* limber, light, thin, mean
Flinch, *v.* to deſiſt, ſhrink under pain, *S.*
Fling, *v.* to throw, to over-reach, to ſcatter
Fling, *ſ.* a throw, a caſt, a gibe, a ſneer
Flint, *ſ.* a hard kind of ſtone
Flinty, *a.* hard like a flint, cruel, ſavage
Flipp, *ſ.* liquor made of beer, brandy, and ſugar
Flippant, *a.* nimble tongued, pert, talkative
Flirt, *v.* to banter, jeer, gibe
Flirt, *ſ.* a blow, light houſewife, a quick motion
Flit, *v.* to move, fly away
Flitch, *ſ.* a ſide of bacon, *F.*
Flitter, *ſ.* a rag or tatter
Float, *ſ.* pieces of timber to carry goods upon, a quill or cork to a fiſhing line
Float, *v.* to ſwim on the ſurface, *F.*
Flock, *ſ.* a company of ſheep, fowl, &c. *L.*
Flock, *v.* to gather in crowds
Flocks, *ſ.* the ſheerings of woollen cloth
Flog, *v.* to laſh, to whip
Flood, *ſ.* an overflowing, the coming in of the tide
Floor, *ſ.* the bottom of a room
Floor, *v.* to lay a bottom to a room
Flóra, *ſ.* the imaginary goddeſs of flowers
Flórence, *ſ.* wine ſo called

Flórid, flushed with red, full of rhetorical flourishes, *L.*
Flóridness, *s.* freshness of colour, elegance
Floriferous, *a.* bearing flowers
Flórin, *s.* a foreign coin of different value
Flórist, *s.* one who cultivates flowers
Flóta, or Flotílla, *s.* the Spanish plate fleet
Flounce, *v.* to toss, plunge, deck with flounces
Flounce, *s.* a loose trimming in women's apparel
Flóunder, *v.* to struggle in the water or mud
Flóunder, *s.* a small flat fish
Flour, *s.* corn ground fine, *F.*
Flóurish, *v.* to grow or prosper, make ornamental strokes in writing or embroidery, to brandish, &c.
Flout, *v.* to mock or jeer
Flow, *v.* to run or glide as water
Flówer, *s.* the blossom of a plant
Flówer, *v.* to be in blossom, &c.
Flówery, *a.* adorned with flowers
Flówingly, *ad.* with volubility, with abundance
Flúctuate, *v.* to waver in mind, be in suspence, *L.*
Fluctuation, *s.* uncertainty
Flue, *s.* the pipe of a chimney, soft down
Flúency, *s.* volubility, eloquence, *L.*
Flúctuate, *v.* to float about, to waver in opinion, *L.*
Flúent, *a.* flowing, eloquent, *L.*
Flúid, *a.* that flows easily as water, *L.*
Fluidity, *s.* aptness to flow
Fluke, *s.* the bearded part of an anchor, a kind of fish, &c.
Flúmmery, *s.* a jelly made of oat-meal
Flúrry, *s.* a gust of wind, hurry, confusion
Flurt. *See* Flirt
Flush, *v.* to come in haste, to redden, elate
Flush, *s.* a red colour in the face, cards of a suit, violent flow
Flúster, *v.* to put in confusion
Flute, *s.* a musical pipe
Flute, *v.* to cut hollows in pillars
Flutings, *s.* the channels cut in a column
Flútter, *v.* to fly imperfectly, to give hurry of spirits, *S.*
Flútter, *s.* a hurry, disorder of mind, confusion
Flux, *s.* the flowing in of the sea, a looseness, *L.*
Flux, *v.* to melt, to salivate
Flúxion, *s.* melting, a flowing of humours, *L.*
Fly, *s.* an insect, the upper part of a jack
Fly, *v.* to move through the air, to run away
Fly-boat, *s.* a large vessel used in the coasting trade
Foal, *s.* the offspring of a mare
Foam, *v.* to froth, to be in a rage
Foam, *s.* white froth
Fob, *s.* a small breeches pocket
Fob, *v.* to cheat, to trick, to defraud
Fócus, *s.* where rays concur and meet
Fódder, *s.* straw, hay, &c. for cattle, *S.*
Foe, *s.* an enemy, *S.*
Fœtus. *See* Fetus
Fog, *s.* a thick mist, *S.*
Fóggy, *a.* misty, cloudy, dull, dark
Foible, *s.* one's weak or blind side, *F.*
Foil, *v.* to overcome, *F.*
Foil. *s.* an instrument to learn to fence with
Foist, *v.* to insert something forged
Fold, *s.* a pen for sheep, a plait, *S.*
Fold, *v.* to put sheep in a fold, to double up, *S.*

Fóliage, *ſ.* leaves, flowers, *L.*
Fóliate, *v.* to beat into leaves, to lay the foil on looking glaſs
Fólio, *ſ.* a book in which every ſheet makes only two leaves
Folks, *ſ.* people, nations, *S.*
Fólkmote, *ſ.* an aſſembly of the people
Follow, *v.* to go after, to imitate
Fólly, *ſ.* fooliſhneſs, imprudence, *F.*
Foment, *v.* to bathe with any liquid, *L.*
Fomentátion, *ſ.* the bathing or ſteeping with hot liquor, &c.
Foménter, *ſ.* an encourager, ſupporter
Fond, *a.* fooliſhly indulgent, pleaſed with
Fondle, *v.* to careſs, cockes, play with
Fóndling, *ſ.* a perſon fondled or careſſed
Fóndneſs, *ſ.* exceſs of tenderneſs
Font, *ſ.* a baſon in a church for chriſtening children, *L.*
Food, *ſ.* victuals of any kind, *D.*
Fool, an ideot, a buffoon, &c.
Fool, *v.* to trifle, to toy, to cheat,
Foolhardy, *a.* raſh, inconſiderate
Foolery, *ſ.* wanton, ſilly, or childiſh words or actions
Fooliſh, *a.* weak of intellects, imprudent
Foot, *ſ.* that on which any thing ſtands, *S.*
Fóotball, *ſ.* a bladder in a leather caſe
Footing, *ſ.* walking, poſſeſſion, ſituation, terms
Fóotpace, *ſ.* a ſlow walk
Fóotpad, *ſ.* a highwayman who robs on foot
Fóotpath, *ſ.* a path for foot-paſſengers only
Fóotſtep, *ſ.* the mark of a foot, token, *S.*
Fop, *ſ.* a coxcomb, effeminate beau
Fóppery, *ſ.* folly, affectation, impertinence
Fóppiſh, *a.* fooliſh, idle, vain

Fórage, *ſ.* proviſion for horſes in war, *F.*
Fórage, *v.* to buy, or ſeize by violence
Forbéar, *v.* to let alone, to leave off, *S.*
Forbéarance, *ſ.* delay, indulgence, lenity
Forbid, *v.* to prohibit, to hinder, *S.*
Force, *v.* to compel, to raviſh, *S.*
Force, *ſ.* ſtrength, violence, power
Fórcible, *a.* powerful, ſtrong, mighty
Ford, *ſ.* a ſhallow place in a river
Ford, *v.* to paſs a river without boats
Fórdable, *a.* which may be waded over
Fore, *a.* anterior
Fórearmed, *a.* armed for an attack
Forebode, *v.* to preſage, apprehend, ſurmiſe, *S.*
Forecáſt, *v.* to ſcheme, contrive, provide againſt
Forecáſt, *ſ.* foreſight, contrivance
Forecáſtle, *ſ.* part of a ſhip where the foremaſt ſtands
Foreclóſe, *v.* to bar and exclude for ever
Forecóurſe, *ſ.* the foreſail of a ſhip
Foredóom, *v.* to determine before-hand
Forefáthers, *ſ.* anceſtors, predeceſſors, *S.*
Foregó, *v.* to abſtain from, to quit or part with
Fóreground, *ſ.* the ground of a picture before the figures
Forehand, *ſ.* the head, neck, &c. of a horſe
Fórehead, *ſ.* the forepart of the head
Fóreign, *a.* that comes from abroad, not to the purpoſe
Fóreigner, *ſ.* a ſtranger of another country
Forejúdge, *v.* to ſentence beforehand
Foreknów, *v.* to foreſee
Foreknówledge, *ſ.* preſcience, foreſight
Fórelock, *ſ.* the locks of hair on the forehead

Fóreman,

Fóreman, *ſ.* the preſident of a jury, chief in a ſhop
Fóremoſt, *a.* firſt or before the reſt
Foreordáin, *v.* to ordain before-hand
Fórepart, *ſ.* the part before, or front
Fórerunner, *ſ.* one that comes before
Fóreſail, *ſ.* the ſail fixed to the foremaſt
Foreſee, *v.* to ſee or know before-hand, *S.*
Foreſhew, *v.* to ſhew or declare before-hand
Fóreſight, *ſ.* ſeeing or knowing before-hand, *T.*
Fóreſkin, *ſ.* the prepuce
Foreſt, *ſ.* a large ground for the king's game, *L.*
Foreſtál, *v.* to buy up goods before they come to market
Fóreſter, *ſ.* a keeper of a foreſt
Foretáſte, *ſ.* a taſte before-hand
Foreteéth, *ſ.* the teeth that grow before
Foretél, *v.* to predict
Forethóught, *ſ.* a provident care
Fóretóp, *ſ.* the front of a perriwig, &c.
Fóreward, *ſ.* the van, the front, a-head
Forewárn, *v.* to warn before-hand
Fórfeit, *ſ.* a fine, a penalty
Fórfeit, *v.* to looſe by an offence
Fórefeiture, *ſ.* a thing forfeited
Forge, *ſ.* a place where a ſmith heats his irons, a large furnace where iron ore is melted, *F.*
Forge, *v.* to form at a forge, to counterfeit
Fórgery, *ſ.* the act of counterfeiting
Forgét, *v.* to loſe the remembrance of a thing, *S.*
Forgétfulneſs, *ſ.* want of memory, inattention
Forgive, *v.* to pardon, to give up a debt, *S.*
Forgíveneſs, *ſ.* pardon, remiſſion
Fork, *ſ.* an inſtrument for ſeveral uſes, *S.*
Fórked, *a.* divided like the prongs of a fork
Forlórn, *a.* forſaken, left comfortleſs, *ſ.*
Form, *ſ.* ſhape, ceremony, method, bench, *L.*
Form, *v.* to model, arrange, make, ſettle
Fórmal, *a.* punctual, affected, preciſe, *L.*
Formálity, *ſ.* in due form, preciſe, ſtiff, *L.*
Formátion, *ſ.* a forming or faſhioning, *L.*
Fórmerly, *ad.* in former days
Fórmidable, *a.* to be feared, terrible, *L.*
Formúlary, *ſ.* a book of ceremonies, *L.*
Fornicátion, *ſ.* concubinage, *F.*
Fornicátor, *ſ.* a whoremaſter
Forſáke, *v.* to leave or abandon
Forſóoth, *ſ.* in truth, certainly, *S.*
Forſwéar, *v.* to ſwear falſely, to abjure
Fort, *ſ.* a caſtle or fortified houſe, *F.*
Forth, *ad.* forward, out of doors
Forthwith, *ad.* preſently, quickly
Fortificátion, *ſ.* a place built for ſtrength, *L.*
Fórtify, *v.* to confirm, ſtrengthen, fence about, *L.*
Fórtitude, *ſ.* courage, magnanimity, *L.*
Fórtreſs, *ſ.* a ſtrong hold or fortified place, *F.*
Fortúitous, *a.* accidental, caſual, *L.*
Fórtunate, *a.* ſucceſsful, lucky
Fórtune, *ſ.* chance, riches, goods, eſtate, *L.*
Fórtuneteller, *ſ.* one who pretends to tell fortunes
Fórty, *a.* four times ten, XL. or 40
Fórward, *a.* warm, violent, confident
Fórward, *v.* to haſten, to quicken
Fórwards, *ad.* ſtrait, before, progreſſively
Fóſſe, *ſ.* a moat or ditch, *L.*
Foſſils, *ſ.* all minerals and ſhells, *L.*
Fóſter, *v.* to nouriſh, bring up, cheriſh, *S.*

Foul, *a.* filthy, dirty, ill-favoured, obſcene,
Foul, *v.* to ſoil, daub, bemire
Foúlneſs, *ſ.* filthineſs, ugline ſs, diſhoneſty
Found, *v.* to caſt metals, to eſtabliſh, endow, *L.*
Foundation, *ſ.* the baſis or groundwork
Fóunder, *ſ.* one who builds, endows, caſts metals, *L.*
Fóunder, *v.* to grow lame, to ſink
Fóundry, *ſ.* a caſting houſe
Fóundling, *ſ.* a deſerted infant, *T.*
Fount, *ſ.* a fountain
Fóuntain, *ſ.* a ſpring, a water work, *F.*
Four, *ſ.* the number IV. or 4, *S.*
Fourteen, *ſ.* the number XIV. or 14, *S.*
Fourth, *a.* the ordinal of four
Four-wheeled, *a.* running on four wheels
Fowl, *ſ.* any ſort of bird, *S.*
Fówler, *ſ.* a ſportſman for birds, a patereroe, or ſmall piece of artillery
Fox, *ſ.* a beaſt of chace, *S.*
Fráction, *ſ.* a breaking part of an integral, ſtrife, *F.*
Fráćture, *ſ.* the breaking of a bone, *L.*
Fracture, *v.* to break a bone
Frágile, *a.* frail, weak, brittle, *L.*
Frágment, *ſ.* a ſhred or imperfect piece, *L.*
Frágrancy, *ſ.* ſweetneſs of ſmell
Frágrant, *a.* ſweet, odoriferous
Frail, *a.* weak, liable to err, *L.*
Fráilneſs, *ſ.* weakneſs, inſtability
Fráilty, *ſ.* weakneſs, ſins of infirmity, *L.*
Frame, *v.* to make, invent, put in a frame
Frame, *ſ.* a caſe, diſpoſition in order
Franc, *ſ.* a French livre, worth about 1*d.*
Fránces, *ſ.* a woman's name
Franchiſe, *ſ.* a privilege or exemption
Franciſcan, *ſ.* a friar of the order of St. Francis
Francis, *ſ.* a man's name

Frángible, *a.* brittle
Frank, *a.* free, generous, ſincere
Frank, *v.* to make free
Fránkincenſe, *ſ.* an odoriferous gum
Fránkly, *ad.* freely, liberally, without reſerve
Frántic, *a.* mad, diſtracted, *G.*
Fraternal, *a.* brotherly, kind, amicable, *L.*
Fratérnity, *ſ.* brotherhood, ſociety, *L.*
Frátricide, *ſ.* the crime of murdering a brother, *L.*
Fraud, *ſ.* deceit, cozenage, knavery
Fraúdulence, *ſ.* deceitfulneſs
Fraúdulent, *a.* crafty, cunning, deceitful, *L.*
Fraught, *part.* laden, charged, filled
Fray, *ſ.* a fight, ſcuffle, quarrel, *F.*
Fray, *v.* to fret as cloth does
Freák, *ſ.* a mad action, a maggot, whim, *S.*
Freákiſh, *a.* ſilly, capricious
Fréckles, *ſ.* yellowiſh ſpots on the face
Fréckly, *a.* having freckles
Fréderick, *ſ.* a man's name
Free, *a.* unconſtrained, open, unreſerved, *S.*
Freébooter, *ſ.* a rubber, a pirate
Free-coſt, *a.* without expence
Freedom, *ſ.* liberty, privilege, unreſtraint
Freéhold, *ſ.* land held by perpetual right
Freeholder, *ſ.* one who has a freehold
Freely, *ad.* at liberty, liberally, laviſhly
Freéman, *ſ.* one at liberty, free of a corporation
Freéſtone, *ſ.* a kind of ſtone uſed in building
Freéwill, *ſ.* a power of acting
Freeze, *v.* to congeal as vice, *S.*
Freight, *ſ.* the lading of a ſhip
Freight, *ſ.* money due for the tranſportation of goods

Freight, *v.* to load a ſhip
French, *a.* of or belonging to France
French beans, *ſ.* kidney beans
Frénzy, *ſ.* a ſort of madneſs, *G.*
Fréquency, *ſ.* the frequent doing a thing, *L.*
Fréquent, *a.* that happens often, uſual, common, *L.*
Frequent, *v.* to haunt, reſort to, viſit often
Fréquently, *ad.* often
Fréſco, *ſ.* in the freſh and cool air
Freſh, *a.* recent, not ſalted, cool, ruddy, vigorous, *S.*
Freſh, *ſ.* a fall of land waters into a river
Freſhneſs, *ſ.* newneſs, ruddineſs, coolneſs
Fret, *ſ.* a ſtop in muſic, a peeviſh humour, inteſtine motion of liquors
Fret, *v.* to render fretful, to corrode
Frétful, *a.* peeviſh
Friable, *a.* that may be crumbled
Friar, *ſ.* a name for monks of all orders, *F.*
Friary, *ſ.* a place where friars live
Fribble, *ſ.* an effeminate fop, nice, tender
Fricaſsée, *ſ.* meat fried in a particular manner
Friction, *ſ.* rubbing or chafing
Friday, *ſ.* the ſixth day of the week, *S.*
Friend, *ſ.* a dear companion, *S.*
Friendleſs, *a.* deſtitute of friends
Friendſhip, *ſ.* perſonal kindneſs, favour
Frieze, *ſ.* a coarſe cloth, a term in architecture
Frigate, *ſ.* a ſmall long man of war
Fright, *ſ.* a ſudden terror
Frighten, *v.* to terrify, *S.*
Frightful, *a.* terrible, full of terror, *S.*
Frigid, *a.* cold, barren, impotent, dull
Frigidity, *ſ.* coldneſs, impotency, dullneſs
Frigorific, *a.* producing cold
Fringe, *ſ.* an ornament hanging in looſe threads
Fringe, *v.* to adorn with fringe
Frippery, *ſ.* old cloaths
Friſk, *v.* to leap and ſkip about
Friſky, *a.* gay, wanton, buckſome
Frit, *ſ.* ſalt or aſhes to make glaſs
Frith, *ſ.* an arm of the ſea
Fritter, *ſ.* a kind of ſmall pancake, *F.*
Fritter, *v.* to conſume by piece meals
Frivolous, *a.* of no account, ſlight, trifling
Frizle, *v.* to comb a curl into ſmall rings, *F.*
Fro', *ad.* for from
Frock, *ſ.* an outward garment, *F.*
Frog, *ſ.* an amphibious creature, *S.*
Froiſe, *ſ.* a bacon pancake
Frólic, *ſ.* a merry prank, a whim, *T.*
Frólickſome, *a.* merry, waggiſh
Front, *ſ.* the forehead, the forepart, *L.*
Front, *v.* to be oppoſite to, ſtand before
Fronted, *a.* made with a front
Fróntier, *ſ.* the confines or limits of a province, *L.*
Fróntiſpiece, *ſ.* the fore front of a building, a picture fronting the title-page of a book, *L.*
Frontleſs, *a.* ſhameleſs, without bluſhes
Frontlet, *ſ.* a forehead-cloth
Frontiniác, *ſ.* a luſcious rich wine
Froſt, *ſ.* a congelation of liquids by cold, *S.*
Froſty, *a* exceſſive cold, freezing
Froth, *ſ.* the foam of liquors, vain words
Fróthy, *a.* full of froth, vain, empty
Froúzy, *a.* an offenſive ſmell of ſweat
Fróward, *a.* perverſe, peeviſh, ungovernable
Frown, *ſ.* a look of diſlike
Frown, *v.* to knit the browe
Fructiferous, *a.* bearing fruit
Fructify, *v.* to make fruitful, to bear fruit
Frúgal *a.* thrifty, ſparing, *L.*

Frugality,

Frugality, *ſ.* thrift, œconomy, good huſbandry, *L.*
Fruit, *ſ.* the produce of the earth, and the womb, *F.*
Fruiterer, *ſ.* one that ſells fruit
Fruitery, *ſ.* a place to keep fruit in
Fruitful, *a.* childbearing, fertile, bearing fruit
Fruition, *ſ.* enjoyment, *L.*
Fruitleſs, *a.* barren, unprofitable
Fruſtrate, *v.* to diſappoint, make void, hinder, *L.*
Fry, *v.* to dreſs in a frying pan
Fry *ſ.* a ſwarm of little fiſh, a diſh fried, *F.*
Fub, *v.* a little fat child
Fuddle, *v.* to tipple, almoſt to intoxicate
Fuel, *ſ.* matter to feed a fire, as wood and coals, *F.*
Fugacity, *ſ.* inſtability, a flying away
Fugitive, *ſ.* a deſerter, runaway
Fulfil, *v.* to accompliſh or perform, *S.*
Fulgency, *ſ.* ſplendor
Fulgent, *a.* dazzling, ſhining
Fulgid, *a.* ſhining, *L.*
Fulginous, *a.* ſooty, ſmoaky, *L.*
Full, *a.* filled with, replete, *S.*
Full, *v.* to cleanſe woollen cloth in a mill
Fuller, *ſ.* one who ſcours and mills cloth, *S.*
Fully, *ad.* completely
Fulminent, *a.* thundering, *L.*
Fulminate, *v.* to thunder, *L.*
Fulmination, *ſ.* a denunciation of cenſure
Fulneſs, *ſ.* plenty, plenitude
Fulſome, *a.* nauſeous, diſagreeable, loathſome
Fulſomeneſs, *ſ.* obſcenity, nauſeouſneſs
Fumble, *v.* to handle any thing awkwardly
Fumbler, *ſ.* an awkward perſon
Fume, *ſ.* ſteam or ſmoke, rage
Fume, *v.* to be in a paſſion or rage
Fumigate, *v.* to perfume with ſmoke, *L.*
Fumigation, *ſ.* the act of fumigating
Fun, *ſ.* ſport, paſtime, waggery
Function, *ſ.* an office, employment, *F.*
Fund, *ſ.* a bank, or ſtock of money, *F.*
Fundament, *ſ.* the backſide or breech, *L.*
Fundamentals, *a.* the main principles of an art, &c. *L.*
Fundamentally, *ad.* originally, eſſentially
Funeral, *ſ.* a burial
Funeral, *a.* uſed for a burial, dark, diſmal
Fungoſity, *ſ.* ſpungineſs, *L.*
Fungous, *a.* ſoft, ſpongy like a muſhroom, *L.*
Funk, *ſ.* a ſuffocating ſmoke or vapour, *T.*
Funnel, *ſ.* an utenſil for filling bottles, &c. the ſhaft of a chimney
Fur, *ſ.* the ſoft hairy ſkins of ſeveral beaſts, a ſubſtance ſticking to the ſides of a veſſel, *F.*
Fur, *v.* to cover or line with ſkins
Furbelow, *ſ.* a plaited or ruffled trimming
Furbiſh, *v.* to put in order, to poliſh
Furious, *a.* fierce, mad, raging
Furl, *v.* to wrap up or contract cloſe to, *F.*
Furlong, *ſ.* 220 yards, or the eighth part of a mile, *S.*
Furlough, *ſ.* leave of abſence from duty
Furmenty, *ſ.* pottage of wheat, milk, ſugar, &c. *L.*
Furnace, *ſ.* a place for a ſtrong fire, *F.*
Furniſh, *v.* to ſupply, decorate, adorn, *F.*
Furniture, *ſ.* houſehold goods and utenſils
Furrier, *ſ.* one who deals in furs
Furrow, *ſ.* a trench, *S.*
Further, *ad.* beyond, beſides, or moreover
Further, *v.* to help, aſſiſt, promote, *S.*
Fury, *ſ.* rage, frenzy, madneſs, *F.*

Furze,

Furze, *ſ.* gorſe, a prickly ſhrub uſed for fuel, *S.*
Fúrzy, *a.* overgrown with furze
Fuſe, *v.* to put into fuſion, melt
Fuſée, *ſ.* part of a watch, a kind of light muſket
Fúſible, *a.* that may be melted
Fúſil, *ſ.* a firelock
Fuſilíer, *ſ.* a foot ſoldier armed with a fuſee
Fúſion, *ſ.* the melting of metals
Fuſs, *ſ.* a tumult, a buſtle
Fúſtick, *ſ.* a wood uſed by dyers
Fuſt, *ſ.* the ſhaft of a column, *F.*
Fúſtian, *ſ.* cotton cloth, an affected ſtile, *F.*
Fúſtineſs, *ſ.* a ſtink, mouldineſs
Fúſty, *a.* muſty, of a ſtale ſmell
Fútile, *a.* fooliſh, ſilly, trifling, *L.*
Fútility, *ſ.* want of ſolidity, loquacity
Fúture, *a.* that which is to come, *L.*
Futúrity, *ſ.* the time to come
Fuzz, *v.* to fly out in ſmall particles
Fy, or Fie, *interj.* an expreſſion of diſlike

G.

GAb'ardine, *ſ.* a coarſe frock, *I.*
Gabble, *ſ.* loud talk, with little ſenſe or meaning
Gábbler, *ſ.* a chattering fellow
Gábel, *ſ.* a cuſtom, tax, or exciſe, *F.*
Gabionáde, *ſ.* a bulwork made with gabions, *F.*
Gábion, *ſ.* baſkets filled with earth
Gáble-end, *ſ.* the triangular end of a roof, *L.*
Gabriel, *ſ.* a man's name
Gad, *ſ.* a geometrical perch, a bar of ſteel, *S.*
Gad, *v.* to ramble abroad
Gádfly, *ſ.* a large ſtinging fly
Gáffer, *ſ.* a country word for maſter, *S.*
Gáffes, *ſ.* artificial ſpurs upon cocks
Gagg, *ſ.* an inſtrument to ſtop the mouth
Gag, *v.* to ſtop the mouth
Gage. *See* Gauge
Gággle, *v* to make a noiſe like a gooſe
Gaiety, *ſ.* *See* Gayety, *F.*
Gaily. *See* Gayly
Gain, *ſ.* advantage, benefit, profit
Gáin, *v.* to get or win, to get ground, *F.*
Gáinful, *a.* profitable, lucrative
Gainly, *ad.* handily, readily
Gainſay, *v.* to contradict, oppoſe
Gait, *ſ.* the manner and air of walking, *Du.*
Galaxy, *ſ.* a circle in the heavens, alſo called the milky way
Galbánum, *ſ.* a ſtrong ſcented medicinal gum
Gale, *ſ.* a ſmooth breeze of wind
Galeaſſe, *ſ.* a Venetian galley carrying 20 large guns
Gáleniſt, *ſ.* one who follows Galen's method of phyſic
Galeons, *ſ.* Spaniſh ſhips that fetch treaſure from America
Gáliot, *ſ.* a ſmall galley
Gall, *ſ.* the bile, anger, bitterneſs of mind, *Y.*
Gall, *v.* to fret off the ſkin, to teaze or vex, *F.*
Gállant, *ſ.* a beau, a lover, *F.*
Gallánt, *a.* gay, briſk, genteel, brave, valiant, *F.*
Gállantly, *ad.* generouſly, bravely, ſplendidly
Gállantry, *ſ.* intrigue, bravery, valour, *F.*
Gállery, *ſ.* a paſſage leading to ſeveral apartments, a kind of balcony, *F.*
Gálley, *ſ.* a long ſea veſſel with oars
Galley-ſlave, *ſ.* a man condemned to row in the galleys
Gállican, *a* belonging to France, *L.*

Galliard,

Galliard, *ſ.* a dance reſembling a jig
Gálliciſm, *ſ.* peculiar to the French tongue
Galligáskins, *ſ.* a ſort of wide breeches
Gallimaúfry, *ſ.* a hotch-potch of various meats *F.*
Galliot, *ſ.* a ſmall galley
Gállipot, *ſ.* a kind of earthen pot
Gallochas, *ſ.* leathern clogs that cover the toes
Gállon, *ſ.* a meaſure containing four quarts, *F.*
Galloón, *ſ.* a ſort of narrow ſerret or ribbon, *F.*
Gállop, *ſ.* the ſwifteſt pace of a horſe, *F.*
Gálloway, *ſ.* a horſe under 14 hands high
Gállows, *ſ.* a frame to hang criminals upon, *S.*
Gámbler, *ſ.* a ſharper who cheats by gaming
Gámbols, *ſ.* ſports or tumbling tricks, wild pranks, *F.*
Game, *ſ.* ſport of any kind, jeſt, certain animals and fowl
Game, *v.* to play for money
Game-keeper, *ſ.* one who looks after the game
Gámeſome, *a.* ſportive, briſk, frolickſome, *S.*
Gámeſter, *ſ.* one addicted to play
Gammer, *ſ.* a country word for miſtreſs
Gámmon, *ſ.* the buttock of a hog ſalted and dried, *I.*
Gámut, *ſ.* the ſcale of muſical notes
Gánder, *ſ.* the male of the gooſe
Gang, *ſ.* a crew or company, *T.*
Gang, *v.* to go, to walk out, *S.*
Gángrene, *ſ.* the beginning of a mortification, *L.*
Gangway, *ſ.* all the paſſages of a ſhip
Gantlet, or Gáuntlet, *ſ.* an iron glove, a falſe ſpur for a game cock, *F.*
Gántelope, *ſ.* a military puniſhment, *Du.*
Gaol, or Jail, *ſ.* a priſon
Gáoler, *ſ.* the keeper of a gaol
Gap, *ſ.* a breach in a wall, hedge, &c.
Gape, *v.* to open the mouth wide, to yawn, *S.*
Garb, *ſ.* dreſs or habit, *S.*
Gárbage, *ſ.* the waſte entrails of a beaſt, the offal
Gárble, *v.* to pick out the dirt from ſugar, ſpices, &c.
Garbler, *ſ.* an officer empowered to ſearch drugs
Gárden, *ſ.* a place of flowers, plants, &c. *Ger.*
Gárdener, *ſ.* one employed in gardening
Gárdening, *ſ.* the art of cultivating gardens
Gárgle, *ſ.* a lotion to cleanſe the throat
Gárgle, *v.* to waſh the throat or mouth, *Ger.*
Gárland, *ſ.* a crown of flowers
Gárlic, *ſ.* a well known plant
Gárment, *ſ.* any veſtment or cloathing
Gárner, *ſ.* a granary
Gárnet, *ſ.* a precious ſtone
Gárniſh, *ſ.* a fee paid by a priſoner, *F.*
Gárniſh, *v.* to adorn, ſet off, trim, *F.*
Garniture, *ſ.* ornaments, furniture
Gárret, *ſ.* the uppermoſt room in a houſe
Garretéer, *ſ.* one who lives in a garret
Gárriſon, *ſ.* ſoldiers in a fortification
Gárriſon, *v.* to ſecure by ſoldiers, &c. *F.*
Garrúlity, *ſ.* talkativeneſs, *L.*
Gárrulous, *a.* chattering, babbling, full of prate, *L.*
Gárter, *ſ.* a band to tie up the ſtockings, an order of knighthood
Gaſcoyns, *ſ.* the inner part of a horſe's thighs
Gaſconáde, *ſ.* vain boaſting, bravado, *F.*
Gaſh, *v.* to cut deep
Gaſh, *ſ.* a deep cut
Gaſp, *v.* to gape for breath
Gaſp, *ſ.* a convulſive catch of breath

Gate, *ſ.* a great door, an avenue, *S.*
Gáther, *v.* to collect, pick up, glean, pluck, ſew in gathers, *S.*
Gáthers, *ſ.* pleats, folds in cloth
Gáthering, *ſ.* a charitable contribution
Gaúdily, *ad.* ſhowily
Gaúdineſs, *ſ.* a tinſel appearance, ſhowineſs
Gaúdy, *a.* affectedly fine, or gay
Gaúdy-days, *ſ.* feſtival days obſerved in colleges
Gavel, *ſ.* cuſtom, toll, tribute, or yearly rent, *S.*
Gauge, *v.* to meaſure the contents of a cask, &c. *F.*
Gauge, *ſ.* a ſtandard, meaſure
Gáuger, *ſ.* one who gauges veſſels
Gauging, *ſ.* the art of finding the contents of veſſels
Gaunt, *a.* thin, lean, ſlender
Gáuntlet, *ſ.* *See* Gantlet
Gavot, *ſ.* a ſhort, briſk, lively, muſical air, *I.*
Gauze, *ſ.* a thin ſort of ſtuff made of ſilk or hair
Gay, *a.* briſk, lively, fine, ornamented, *F.*
Gáyety, *ſ.* mirth, cheerfulneſs, good humour, *F.*
Gáyly, *ad.* ſhowily, merrily
Gáyneſs, *ſ.* finery, gayety
Gaze, *v* to ſtare, look earneſtly upon
Gazétte, *ſ.* a news paper, *F.*
Gazetteér, *ſ.* a writer of news
Géar, *ſ.* harneſs, gewgaw or bauble, womens attire
Geeſe, *pl.* of gooſe
Geld, *v.* to caſtrate, *D.*
Gélding, *ſ.* a horſe that is gelt
Gélid, *a.* cold, icy, congealed, *L.*
Gélly, *ſ.* the liquor of meat boiled to a thick conſiſtence, *F.*
Gem, *ſ.* a jewel, a precious ſtone, *L.*
Gemma, or Sal Gem, *ſ.* rock ſalt, *L.*

Gender, *ſ.* a ſex, kind or ſort
Genealogical, *a.* belonging to genealogy
Geneálogiſt, *ſ.* one who traces deſcents
Genealogy, *ſ.* the lineage or pedigree of one, *G.*
Géneral, *a.* univerſal, common, frequent, *L.*
Géneral, *ſ.* a chief commander in an army
Generaliſſimo, *ſ.* a commander in chief, *F.*
Generálity, *ſ.* the greateſt part
Géneraly, *ad.* commonly, in general
Generate, *v.* to beget, produce, propagate
Génerated, *v.* begotten, produced, propogated, *L.*
Generátion, *ſ.* engendering, lineage or pedigree, all the men living at one time, *L.*
Génerative, *a.* able to produce, fruitful
Genérical, *a.* that which comprehends the genius
Generóſity, *ſ.* extraordinary liberality
Génerous, *a.* free, bountiful, munificent, *L.*
Géneſis, *ſ.* generation, the firſt book of Moſes
Génet, *ſ* a ſmall Spaniſh horſe, *F.*
Genéva, *ſ.* a liquor too well known, *F.*
Génial, *a.* joyful, merry, connubial, *L.*
Génitals, *ſ.* parts of generation, *L.*
Géniting, *ſ.* an early apple
Génitive Caſe, *ſ.* that implying property, *L.*
Génius, *ſ.* ability, capacity, *L.*
Gent, *ſ.* for gentleman
Genteél, *a.* polite, graceful, elegant, *F.*
Genteélneſs, *ſ.* politeneſs, gracefulneſs, elegance
Géntian, *ſ.* a medicinal root, *L.*
Gentile, *ſ.* a pagan or heathen
Gentiliſm, *ſ* paganiſm
Gentility, *ſ.* the quality or degree of a gentleman, elegance of behaviour
Géntle, *a.* mild, civil, obliging
Géntle, *ſ.* a kind of worm, uſed in fiſhing

Gentleman,

Gentleman, *ſ.* one of honourable extraction, one who lives on his eſtate
Géntly, *ad.* with care, tamely, ſoftly
Géntry, *ſ.* the nobility, and above the vulgar
Génuflection, *ſ.* a bending the knee, *L.*
Génuine, *a.* natural, true, not ſpurious
Génuineneſs, *ſ.* freedom from counterfeit, &c.
Génus, *ſ.* kind, ſort, ſtock, lineage, *L.*
Geoffrey, *ſ.* a man's name
Geographer, *ſ.* a proficient in geography, *G.*
Geográphical, *a.* relating to geography
Geógraphy, *ſ.* knowledge of the earth, *G.*
Geómeter, *ſ.* one skilled in geometry
Geométrical, *a.* belonging to geometry
Geometrician, *ſ.* one skilled in geometry
Geómetry, *ſ.* the ſcience of quantity, extenſion, and magnitude conſidered abſtracted ly, *G.*
George, *ſ.* an ornament worn by the knights of the garter.
George, *ſ.* a man's name
German, *a.* of or belonging to Germany, *T.*
Couſin-German, *ſ.* a firſt couſin, *L.*
Germander, *ſ.* an herb
Gérminate, *v.* to ſprout out, bud, *L.*
Germins, *ſ.* young ſhoots of herbs, &c. *L.*
Gérard, *ſ.* a man's name
Gérund, *ſ.* a kind of verbal noun
Gértrude, *ſ.* a woman's name
Gervaſe, *ſ.* a man's name
Geſtation, *ſ.* a bearing of young in the womb, *L.*
Geſticulate, *v.* to be full of action, *L.*
Geſticulátion, *ſ.* various poſtures of the body
Géſture, *ſ.* motion, action, *L.*
Get, *v.* to procure, obtain, learn, win, *S.*
Géwgaw, *ſ.* play-thing for children
Ghaſtful, *a.* like a ghoſt, diſmal
Ghaſtlineſs, *ſ.* horror of countenance, paleneſs
Ghaſtly, *a.* looking hideouſly, like a ghoſt
Ghóſt, *ſ.* a ſoul or ſpirit, *S.*
Ghóſtly, *a.* ſpiritual
Giant, *ſ.* a perſon much above the common ſize, *L.*
Gibberiſh, *ſ.* cant words, jargon
Gibbet, *ſ.* a gallows with only one poſt, *F.*
Gibbous, *a.* bunching out, hump-backed, *L.*
Gibboſity, *ſ.* a bunching out
Gibe, *v.* to mock, jeer, flout
Gibe, *ſ.* a flounce, ſneer, ſcoff, taunt
Giblets, *ſ.* the wings, head, liver, &c. of a goose or duck
Giddily, *ad.* unſteadily, careleſsly, negligently
Giddineſs, *ſ.* a ſwimming of the head, thoughtleſſneſs
Giddy, *a.* unſettled in mind, inconſiderate, *S.*
Gideon, *ſ.* a man's name
Gift, *ſ.* a donation, or preſent, a natural talent, *S.*
Gifted, *a.* endowed with extraordinary favours
Gig, *ſ.* any thing whirled round in play
Gigántic, *a.* giant-like, vaſtly large, *L.*
Giggle, *a.* to laugh out fooliſhly, wantonly, *L. S.*
Giggler, *ſ.* a titterer, a fooliſh laugher
Gilbert, *ſ.* a man's name
Gild, *v.* to waſh over with gold, *Ger.*
Giles, *ſ.* a man's name.
Gilding, *ſ.* covering with gold
Gill, *ſ.* ground-ivy, a quarter of a pint
Gills, *ſ.* the openings on the ſide of a fiſh's head
Gillyflower, *ſ.* a ſweet ſcented flower that blows in July

Gilt, *a.* laid on with gold
Gimblet, *ſ.* a ſmall piercer to bore holes with, *F.*
Gimp, *ſ.* a ſort of ſilk twiſt or lace
Gin, *ſ.* a ſnare, ſmall engine for lifting weights, geneva
Ginger, *ſ.* a hot root brought from the Weſt Indies
Gingerbread, *ſ.* bread in which is treacle and ginger
Gingerly, *a.* tenderly, gently, ſoftly
Gingle, *v.* to make a tinkling noiſe, *T.*
Gingle, *ſ.* a ſhrill reſounding noiſe
Gipſies, *ſ.* a ſort of vagabonds
Gird, *v.* to bind about, to jeer or taunt at, *S.*
Girders, *ſ.* the main beams in the floors of a houſe
Girdle, *ſ.* a band, or ribbon, round the waiſt, *S.*
Girdler, *ſ.* one who makes girths, bridles, &c.
Girl, *ſ.* a young maiden under fifteen
Girliſh, *a.* acting like a girl
Girt, *v.* to gird, bind round
Girt, *ſ.* a broad belt, a circular bandage
Girth, *ſ.* the compaſs meaſured by a ſtring
Girthweb, *ſ.* the ſtuff of which girths are made
Give, *v.* to grant, yield, beſtow, *Ger.*
Giver, *ſ.* one that gives
Gizzard, *ſ.* the ſtrong muſculous ſtomach of a fowl
Glácial, *a.* icy, frozen, *L.*
Glácis, *ſ.* in fortification, a ſloping bank, *F.*
Glad, *a.* joyful, pleaſed, gay, *S.*
Gládden, *v.* to make glad, delight
Glade, *ſ.* a paſſage cut through a wood
Gladiátor, *ſ.* a ſword player, or prize-fighter, *L.*
Gládly, *ad.* joyfully
Gládneſs, *ſ.* joy, cheerfulneſs
Gládſome, *a.* cauſing joy, pleaſed, gay
Gláire, *ſ.* the white of an egg, *F.*
Glair, *v.* to garniſh or rub over with glair
Glance, *ſ.* ſhort and quick, a caſt of the eye
Glance, *v.* to caſt the eye over
Gland, *ſ.* a ſpongy part of the human body
Glandage, *ſ.* the ſeaſon of turning hogs into the woods
Glanders, *ſ.* a loathſome diſeaſe in horſes
Glándulous, *a.* belonging to the glands
Glare, *v.* to dazzle with light, *L. S.*
Glare, *ſ.* a great luſtre, dazling light
Gláring, *a.* ſhocking, very apparent
Glaſs, *ſ.* a tranſparent brittle ſubſtance, *Ger.*
Glaſs-houſe, *ſ.* a houſe where glaſs is manufactured
Glaſſy, *a.* reſembling glaſs, viterous
Glaze, *v.* to put in glaſs, to ſet a gloſs upon
Glazier, *ſ.* one who glazes windows
Glead, *ſ.* a kite, a hot ember
Gleam, *ſ.* a ſudden ſhoot of light
Gléamy, *a.* flaſhing
Glean, *ſ.* to pick up ears of corn after reaping, *F.*
Glebe, *ſ.* a clod of earth, church-land, *L.*
Glee, *ſ.* joy, gaiety, merriment, *S.*
Gleet, *ſ.* a thin matter iſſuing out of ulcers
Glib, *a.* ſlippery, ſmooth
Glibly, *ad.* volubly, ſmoothly
Glide, *v.* to ſlip down eaſily, gently
Glímmer, *ſ.* a faint weak light
Glimpſe, *ſ.* an imperfect ſight of a thing, a faint light
Gliſter, or Gliſten, *v.* to ſhine or ſparkle, *T.*
Gliſter. *See* Clyſter
Glitter, *ſ.* bright ſhow, luſtre
Gloat, *v.* to ſtare in an impudent laſcivious manner

Globe, *ſ.* a round body, *L.*
Globóſe, *a.* round as a globe
Globóſity, *ſ.* a being round like a globe
Glóbular, and Globulous, *a.* like a ſmall ſphere
Globule, *ſ.* a ſmall round particle, *L.*
Gloom, *ſ.* imperfect darkneſs, want of cheerfulneſs, *S.*
Gloóminеſs, *ſ.* darkneſs, obſcurity, cloudineſs
Gloómy, *a.* dark, duſky, ſullen, melancholy
Glorificátion, *ſ.* a glorifying, admiſſion to glory
Glória Pátri, *ſ.* glory be to the Father; a doxology, *L.*
Glórify, *v.* to give glory to, to put among the bleſſed
Glórious, *a.* bright, excellent, illuſtrious
Glóry, *ſ.* honour, renown, luſtre
Glóry, *v.* to be proud, to boaſt
Gloſe, *v.* to flatter, or cajole, *S.*
Gloſs, *ſ.* a brightneſs ſet upon cloth, ſilk, &c. a comment, *L.*
Gloſs, *v.* to varniſh over, to explain by comment, to embelliſh
Gloſſary, *ſ.* ſhort notes, a dictionary of obſcure words, *L.*
Glóſſineſs, *ſ.* a ſuperficial luſtre, ſmooth poliſh
Gloſſógrapher, *ſ.* a writer of a gloſſary, *G.*
Gloſſógraphy, *ſ.* the art of explaining difficulties, *G.*
Glo'ſſy, *a.* ſhining
Glove, *ſ.* a covering for the hands
Glóver, *ſ.* one who makes gloves
Glout, *v.* to look ſurly
Glow, *v.* to grow hot and red, *S.*
Glow-worm, *ſ.* a worm that ſhines in the dark
Glue, *ſ.* a ſticky ſubſtance to faſten boards, *F.*
Glue, *v.* to join together with glue
Glum, *ſ.* ſtern, ſullen, ſtubbornly grave
Glut, *v.* to delight to ſatiety, to cloy, overfill
Glut, *ſ.* plenty, even to loathing and ſatiety
Glutinate, *v.* to glue or ſtick together
Glutinous, *a.* ſticky like glue, viſcous, tenacious
Glútton, *ſ.* a greedy eater, who feeds to exceſs, *F.*
Glúttonous, *a.* given to exceſſive feeding
Glúttony, *ſ.* immoderate eating
Gnaſh, *v.* to ſtrike or grind the teeth
Gnat, *ſ.* a ſmall ſtinging fly, *S.*
Gnaw, *v.* to eat by degrees, to pick with the teeth
Gnómon, *ſ.* the cock of a dial, *G.*
Go, *v.* to walk, to paſs current, proceed
Goad, *ſ.* a pointed ſtick to prick oxen forward, *S.*
Goad, *v.* to vex, to prick with a goad
Goal, *ſ.* the end of a race, a priſon
Goat, *ſ.* an animal well known, *S.*
Góatiſh, *a.* reſembling a goat in rankneſs or lechery
Gobbet, *ſ.* a mouthful
Gobble, *v.* to eat haſtily, to make a noiſe like a turkey, *F.*
Góblet, *ſ.* a large drinking cup, *F.*
Góblin, *ſ.* an imaginary phantom
God, *ſ.* the ſupreme being, *Ger.*
Godbote, *ſ.* an eccleſiaſtical or church fine
Góddeſs, *ſ.* a female deity
Gódfather, *ſ.* a man ſurety for a child in baptiſm
Gódfrey, *ſ.* a man's name, *Ger.*
Gódhead, *ſ.* the deity, the divinity, *Ger.*
Go'dlineſs, *ſ.* a pious or religious diſpoſition
Gódly, *a.* pious, religious, righteous

Go'dmother, *ſ.* a woman ſponſor in baptiſm
Góggle, *v.* to ſtare with the eyes full open
Go'ing, *ſ* departure, the act of walking, pregnancy
Gold, *ſ.* the moſt pure and heavy of all metals, *Ger.*
Go'lden, *ſ.* made of gold, ſhining, excellent, *L. S.*
Goldfinch, *ſ.* a ſmall ſinging bird
Góldſmith, *ſ.* one who works in gold
Gondóla, *ſ.* a Venetian pleaſure boat, *I.*
Gondolier, *ſ.* a waterman who ſteers a gondola
Good, *ſ.* humane, kind, pious, *Ger.*
Goódly, *a.* fair, fine, amiable
Goo'dneſs, *ſ.* integrity, beneficence, piety
Goods, *ſ. pl.* furniture, riches, poſſeſſions
Good'y, *ſ.* a law term of civility
Gooſe, *ſ.* a well known fowl, a taylor's iron
Go'ſeberry, *ſ.* a tree and fruit well known
Gorbellied, *a.* fatbellied
Gore, *ſ.* clotted blood, *S.*
Gore, *v.* to wound with the horns
Gorge, *ſ.* the crop of a fowl, the throat, *F.*
Gorge, *v.* to cram or glut, *F.*
Go'rgeous, *a.* gay, rich, magnificent
Górget, *ſ.* a plate worn upon the breaſt by the officers of foot ſoldiers, a woman's ſtomacher, *F.*
Górmandize, *v.* to eat like a glutton, *F.*
Gorſe, *ſ.* furz, a ſhrub, *S.*
Gory, *a.* bloody
Góſhawk, *ſ.* a bird of prey
Góſling, *ſ.* a young gooſe
Góſpel, *ſ.* good tidings, the four evangeliſts, *S.*
Góſſip, *ſ.* a godfather or godmother, a tatler, *S.*
Go'ſſip, *v.* to ſpend time in idle prate
Goſſiping, *ſ.* carrying a tale from place to place
Góſſamer, *ſ.* the down of plants
Gothic, *a.* rude, ruſtic, after the manner of the Goths
Go'vern, *v.* to rule, reſtrain, to direct, *F.*
Go'vernable, *a.* orderly, th t may be governed
Governánte, *ſ.* a governeſs to a child of quality, *S.*
Góverneſs, *ſ.* a tutereſs, inſtructreſs
Góvernment, *ſ.* dominion, the place governed
Go'vernour, *ſ.* a ruler or commander, a tutor, *F.*
Gouge, *ſ.* a round edge chiſſel
Gourd, *ſ.* a plant of the nature of a melon
Gouſt, or guſt, *ſ.* a reliſh or taſte
Gout, *ſ.* a painful diſeaſe, *F.*
Góuty, *a.* afflicted with the gout, ill-ſhaped, clumſy
Gown, *ſ.* a long upper garment
Grabble, *v.* to feel for in muddy places
Grace, *ſ.* favour, good will, genteel air, a ſhort prayer at meals
Grace, *v.* to ſet off to advantage
Grace, *ſ.* a woman's name
Gráced, *a.* dignified, beautiful, favoured
Gráceful. *a.* becoming, decent, amiable, *L.*
Gráceleſs, *a.* hardened, void of ſhame
Graces, *ſ.* three beautiful goddeſſes
Grácious, *a.* kind, tender, benevolent, *L.*
Grádation, *ſ.* going ſtep by ſtep, *L.*
Grádual, *a.* by degrees, *L.*
Grádually, *ad.* by degrees
Gráduate, *ſ.* one admitted to a degree in an univerſity
Graff, or Graft, *v.* to plant a cion or ſhoot of one tree into the ſtock of another
Grain, *ſ.* all kinds of corn, a weight, the veins of wood, *L.*
Gráined, *a.* rough

Grains, *ſ.* the malt after brewing
Grammar, *ſ.* the art of ſpeaking or writing correctly
Grammárian, *ſ.* one ſkilled in grammar
Grammátical, *a.* according to the rules of grammar, *G.*
Grampus, *ſ.* a kind of whale
Granary, *a.* a ſtorehouſe for threſhed corn
Granate, *ſ.* a fine ſpeckled marble
Grand, *a.* great, vaſt, chief, *L.*
Grandeé, *ſ.* a nobleman of Spain or Portugal
Grándchild, *ſ.* a ſon's or daughter's child
Grandáughter, *ſ.* a daughter's daughter
Grándeur, *ſ.* pomp, magnificence, ſplendour, *F.*
Grandfáther, *ſ.* the father's or mother's father
Grandmóther, *ſ.* the father's or mother's mother
Grándſire, *ſ.* a grandfather
Grándſon, *ſ.* the ſon of a ſon or daughter
Grange, *ſ.* a farm houſe
Granívorous, *a.* feeding on grains, *L.*
Granite, *ſ.* *See* Granate
Granny, *ſ.* grandmother
Grant, *v.* to give or allow, to acknowledge or confeſs
Grant, *ſ.* a gift, an allowance, a privilege
Grantee, *ſ.* the perſon to whom the grant is made
Gránter, *ſ.* he or ſhe who makes a grant
Gránulary, *a.* reſembling grains or ſeed
Gránulate, *v.* to form into grains, *L.*
Grape, *ſ.* the fruit of the vine
Gráphical, *a.* exact, perfect, well delineated, *G.*
Grapnels, *ſ.* large iron hooks
Grápple, *v.* to lay hold of, to contend earneſtly with
Graſshopper, *ſ.* an inſect
Graſier, *ſ.* *See* Grazier
Graſp, *v.* to incloſe in the hand, to gripe
Graſp, *ſ.* a gripe or ſeizure with the hand
Graſs, *ſ.* herbage for cattle, *B.*
Grate, *ſ.* an utenſil to make a fire in, *F.*
Grate, *v.* to rub to pieces
Gráteful, *a.* full of gratitude, agreeable, pleaſant
Gráter, *ſ.* an inſtrument to grate or raſp with
Gratification, *ſ.* pleaſure, or reward
Grátify, *v.* to indulge, to requite, *L.*
Grating, *a.* harſh, rough, diſagreeable
Grátingly, *ad.* harſhly, offenſively
Grátis, *a.* freely, for nothing, *L.*
Grátitude, *ſ.* a thankful remembrance of a favour, *L.*
Gratúitous, *a.* without payment, voluntary
Gratúity, *ſ.* a free gift, reward for ſervice done, *F.*
Grátulate, *v.* to wiſh joy to another, *L.*
Grave, *ſ.* a hole dug in the earth to bury the dead, an accent [`] *S.*
Grave, *a.* ſolemn, ſerious, ſedate, ſober, *L.*
Grave, *v.* to inſculp or cut on metal
Grável, *ſ.* ſmall ſtones, ſand in the kidneys and bladder
Grável, *v.* to cover with gravel, perplex, nonplus, *F.*
Grávelly, *a.* abounding with gravel
Grávely, *ad.* ſeriouſly, ſolemnly
Gráver, *ſ.* a tool to engrave with
Gravitáte, *v.* to tend to the center, *L.*
Gravitátion, *ſ.* a tending to the center, *L.*
Grávity, *ſ.* ſeriouſneſs, tending to the center
Grávy, *ſ.* the juice of fleſh-meat roaſted or boiled
Gray, *a.* white with a mixture of black

Gráyneſs,

Gráyneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being gray
Graze, *v.* to feed on graſs, to rub againſt
Grázier, *ſ.* one who deals in, or fattens cattle, *F.*
Greaſe, *ſ.* fat, the ſwelling of the legs of a horſe, *F.*
Greaſe, *v.* to ſmear with greaſe
Gréaſineſs, *ſ.* oilineſs, fatneſs
Greaſy, *a.* ſmeared with greaſe
Great, *a.* large, mighty, noble, famous
Great, *ſ.* groſs, the whole
Gréatneſs, *ſ.* largeneſs, eminence, grandeur, *S*
Gréaves, *ſ.* armour for the legs
Grécian, *a.* of or belonging to Greece
Gréciſm, *ſ.* an idiom of the Greek language, *L.*
Greédily, *ad.* eagerly
Greédineſs, *ſ.* an eager appetite for
Greédy, *a.* very covetous of, or eager after, *S.*
Green, *a.* of a green colour, raw, unripe, not dry
Green, *ſ.* a colour, a graſſy plain
Greenfinch, *ſ.* a finging bird
Greéniſh, *a.* ſomewhat green
Greenhouſe, *ſ.* a houſe to preſerve exotics from the cold
Greénſickneſs, *ſ.* a diſeaſe to which virgins are ſubject
Greenſword, *ſ.* turf upon which graſs grows
Greet, *v.* to ſalute familiarly, to addreſs, *S.*
Greéting, *ſ.* a familiar ſalutation
Grega'rious, *a.* that go in droves, flocks, coveys
Grégory, *ſ.* a man's name
Grenáde, or Grenádo, *ſ.* a fire ball
Grenadier, *ſ.* a tall foot ſoldier
Gréyhound, *ſ.* a tall thin-bodied dog
Gridiron *ſ.* an utenſil for broiling meat
Grief, *ſ.* ſorrow, affliction
Grievance, *ſ.* wrong, injury, inconvenience
Grieve, *v.* to moan for, to afflict
Grievous, *a.* afflictive, hard to bear, heinous
Griffin, or Griffon, *ſ.* a fabulous beaſt
Grig, *ſ.* a ſmall eel, a merry mortal
Grill, *v.* to broil on a gridiron
Grilliade, *ſ.* broiled meat, *F.*
Grim, *a.* frightful, ghaſtly, ſour and auſtere, *S.*
Grimáce, *ſ.* making wry faces with affectation, *F.*
Grime, *ſ.* the ſoot on the outſide of kettles, *B.*
Grimly, *ad.* hideouſly, ſourly, ſullenly
Grin, *ſ.* an affected laugh
Grin, *v.* to ſhew the teeth by ſeparating the lips, *S.*
Grind, *v.* to break ſmall, to ſharpen, to oppreſs
Grínders, *ſ.* the great teeth that break the meat
Grindſtone, *ſ.* a round ſtone for grinding ſharp
Grinner, *ſ.* one who grins
Gripe, *v.* to clinch, ſqueeze, oppreſs, *S.*
Gripe, *ſ.* a graſp, oppreſſion
Gripes, *ſ.* the belly-ach
Griſkin, *ſ.* the back-bone of a hog
Griſſel, *a.* grey
Griſly, *a.* frightful, hideous, grey
Griſt, *ſ.* corn fit for grinding, ſupply
Griſtle, *ſ.* a cartilaginous ſubſtance, *S.*
Griſtly, *a.* cartilaginous
Grit, *ſ.* ſand, or the duſt of ſandy ſtones
Grittineſs, *ſ.* being full of grit, or large ſand
Gritty, *a.* full of hard particles
Grizzle, *ſ.* grey, *F.*
Grizzled, *a.* mixed with grey
Groan, *v.* to mourn with a hoarſe noiſe
Groan, *ſ.* a ſighing, mourning noiſe, *B.*
Groat, *ſ.* four pence, oats dried and hulled

Gro'cer. *ſ.* a dealer in ſpices, tea, ſugar, &c.
Gro'cery, *ſ.* grocer's ware, &c.
Gro'grain, *ſ.* a ſtuff made of ſilk and hair, *F.*
Gro'in, *ſ.* the part between the belly and the thighs
Groom, *ſ.* one who looks after horſes
Groom Porter, *ſ.* an officer of the king's houſehold
Groove, *ſ.* a channel in wood or ſtone
Grope, *v.* to feel in the dark
Groſs, *a.* fat, foul, or full of humours, notorious, *F.*
Groſs, *ſ.* twelve dozen, the bulk, the whole
Gro'ſſneſs, *ſ.* coarſeneſs, corpulance, want of delicacy
Grot, or Gro'tto, *ſ.* a cave, *F.*
Groteſque, *a.* diſtorted, odd, whimſical, *F.*
Grove, *ſ.* a ſmall thick wood, *S.*
Gro'vel, *v.* to crawl on the ground, *F.*
Ground, *ſ.* the earth, floor
Ground, *v.* to inſtruct, to lay on the earth
Ground, *v.* did grind
Groúndleſs, *a.* without foundation
Grounds, *ſ.* lees
Group, *ſ.* an aſſembly of figures, *F.*
Grout, *ſ.* the ſediment of oatmeal, wort or new ale, *S.*
Grow, *v.* to vegetate, thrive, improve, *S.*
Growl, *v.* to murmur, ſnarl, grumble
Grown, *part.* advanced in growth
Growth, *ſ.* vegatation, increaſe
Grub up, *v.* to root up by digging
Grub, *ſ.* a ſmall worm
Grudge, *v.* to envy, or repine at
Grudge, *ſ.* an old quarrel, ill will, envy
Grúdgingly, *ad.* unwillingly
Grúel, *ſ.* oatmeal and water boiled, *F.*
Gruff, *a.* ſurly, ſour, churliſh, *L.*

Grúmble, *v.* to murmur, growl
Grúmous, *a.* thick, clotted, *L.*
Grunt, *v.* to make a noiſe like a hog, *L.*
Guaiácum, *ſ.* a medicinal wood
Guarantée, *ſ.* a ſurety for the performance of treaties
Guaranty, *ſ.* the office or duty of guarantee, *F.*
Guard, *ſ.* defence, caution, hilt of a ſword, *F.*
Guard, *v.* to defend, protect
Guárdian, *a.* he that has the tuition of a ward, *F.*
Guárdſhip, *ſ.* a ſhip to guard a harbour
Gúbbings, *ſ.* the pairings of ſalt fiſh
Gúdgeon, *ſ.* a ſmall fiſh
Gueſs', *ſ.* a conjecture
Gueſt, *ſ.* a perſon admitted to a feaſt, *S.*
Guidance, *ſ.* direction, government, *F.*
Guide, *v.* to lead or conduct, *F.*
Guide, *ſ.* one who directs another in his way or conduct
Guidon, *ſ.* the ſtandard of the life-guards, *S.*
Guild, *ſ.* a tribute, fine, fraternity
Guile, *ſ.* fraud, deceit, inſincerity
Guilt, *ſ.* a crime that calls for puniſhment
Guí'tineſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being guilty
Guiltleſs, *a.* free from guilt
Guilty, *a.* culpable of having committed a crime
Guínea, *ſ.* a golden coin, in value 1 l. 1 s.
Guiſe, *ſ.* a mode, manner or way
Guitar, *ſ.* a ſtringed muſical inſtrument
Gulf, or Gulph, *ſ.* a large bay, an abyſs, *F.*
Gull, *v.* to trick, cheat, impoſe upon, *F.*
Gull, *ſ.* a ſea fowl, an eaſy credulous perſon
Gúllet, *ſ.* the pipe for conveying food to the ſtomach, *F.*
Gulp, *v.* to ſwallow with a noiſe
Gulp, *ſ.* what is ſwallowed at once

Gums,

Gums, *ſ.* viſcous juice of trees, the covering of the roots of the teeth, *L.*
Gúmmy, *a.* clammy, conſiſting of gum
Gun, *ſ.* a cannon, muſket
Gúnnel, or Gunwale, *ſ.* the upper part of a ſhip's ſides
Gúnner, *ſ.* a cannonier
Gúnnery, *ſ.* the art of levelling artillery
Gúnpowder, *ſ.* powder for firing a gun
Gunſhot, *a.* made by the ſhot of a gun
Guſh, *v.* to flow out with force
Guſh, *ſ.* a ſudden eruption of liquor
Gúſſet, *ſ.* a triangular piece of cloth, *F.*
Guſt, *ſ.* a ſudden blaſt of wind, taſte, reliſh, *L.*
Gúſto, *ſ.* a reliſh or taſte for, *L.*
Gut, *ſ.* the alimentary tube of the human body
Gut, *v.* to take out the guts
Gútter, *ſ.* a channel to carry off water, *F.*
Gútter, *v.* to run in holes, as a candle
Gúttle, *v.* to eat often, feed luxuriouſly, *L.*
Gúttler, *ſ.* a greedy eater
Gútteral, *a.* belonging to the throat, *L.*
Gúy, *ſ.* a rope to lift into a ſhip
Guy, *ſ.* a man's name
Guzzle, *v.* to drink greedily, or much
Gybe. *See* Gibe
Gymnáſtic, *a.* belonging to bodily exerciſe, *G.*
Gyves, *ſ.* fetters

H.

HAAK or Hake, a ſort of fiſh
Hábeas-corpus, *ſ.* a liberty writ, *L.*
Háberdaſher, *ſ.* a ſeller of hats, a ſeller of ſmall wares
Háberdine, *ſ.* an ordinary ſort of ſalt cod
Habérgeon, *ſ.* armour for the neck and breaſt
Hábiliment, *ſ.* apparel, cloathing
Hábit, *ſ.* garb, dreſs, uſe, cuſtom
Hábitable, *a.* fit to live or reſide in, *L.*
Habitátion, *ſ.* a dwelling
Habited, *a.* cloathed
Habitual, *a.* cuſtomary, grown into habit, *L.*
Habitude, *ſ.* long practice
Hack, *v.* to cut irregularly
Hack, *ſ.* any thing uſed in common, *T.*
Háckle, *v.* to dreſs hemp or flax
Háckney, *ſ.* any thing let to hire, much uſed
Haddoc, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh
Haft, *ſ.* a handle of a knife, *S.*
Hag, *ſ.* an ill looking, ill-natured old woman
Hággeſs, *ſ.* a ſort of pudding made of liver, lights, &c.
Hággle, *v.* to beat down the price, to cut unhandſomely
Hail, *ſ.* drops of rain frozen in falling, *S.*
Hail, *v.* to ſalute, to call upon, *S.*
Hair, *ſ.* fine threads that grow out of the ſkin, *L. S.*
Hairy, *a.* full of hairs
Haircloth, *ſ.* ſtuff made of hair
Háirlace, *ſ.* a fillet to bind up the hair
Hake, *ſ.* a kind of fiſh
Hálberd, *ſ.* a battle axe fixed to a long ſtaff, *F.*
Halberdeér, *ſ.* a ſoldier who carries a halbert
Halcyon, *ſ.* the king's fiſher
Hálcyon, *a.* peaceful, tranquil, *G.*
Hale, *a.* healthful, ſound, hearty
Hale, *v.* to drag or pull along, to call
Half, *ſ.* a moiety, *S.*
Halfpenny, *ſ.* a copper coin
Halfwitted, *a.* ſilly, fooliſh
Hall, *ſ.* a large houſe, a court, a large room, *S.*
Hallelújah, *ſ.* praiſe ye the LORD, *H.*
Hallier, *ſ.* a net to catch birds

Halloó,

Halloó, *v.* to ſet on, or incite a dog
Hállow, *v.* to conſecrate or render holy
Hálo, *ſ.* a circle round the moon or ſun, *G.*
Halt, *v.* to limp, to ſtop or ſtand ſtill
Halt, *a.* crippled, lame
Halt, *ſ.* a ſtop in a march
Hálter, *ſ.* a rope, *S.*
Halve, *v.* to divide into two parts
Ham, *ſ.* the part behind the knee
Hámlet, *ſ.* a ſmall village, or part of a pariſh
Hámmer, *ſ.* an inſtrument to drive nails, *S.*
Hámmer, *v.* to beat with a hammer
Hámmock, *ſ.* a hanging ſea-bed
Hámper, *ſ.* a large ſtrong baſket for carriage
Hamper, *v.* to entangle, or perplex, imbarraſs
Hand, *ſ.* the palm and fingers, a meaſure of four inches, *S.*
Hand, *v.* to give or tranſmit, to lead
Hándful, *ſ.* as much as can be held in the hand
Hándicraft, *ſ.* a working trade
Hándkerchief, *ſ.* a piece of ſilk or linen for wiping the face or wearing about the neck
Hándle, *v.* to touch, feel, treat of
Handle, *ſ.* that part which is to be held in the hand
Hándſel, *ſ.* the firſt money received
Handmaid, *ſ.* a maid ſervant
Hándſome, *a.* comely, beautiful
Handſpike, *ſ.* a wooden lever to move heavy things
Handy, *a.* ready, near at hand, dexterous
Hang, *v.* to ſuſpend, fix up
Hánger, *ſ.* a ſhort crooked ſword
Hángers, *ſ.* irons to hang on a pot
Hángings, *ſ.* linings of rooms
Hangman, *ſ.* an executioner
Hank, *ſ.* a skain of ſilk or thread
Hanker after, *v.* to covet, deſire greatly
Hánnah, *ſ.* a woman's name
Han't, for has not, or have not
Hap, *ſ.* chance, accident
Háply, *ad.* by chance, perhaps
Háppen, *v.* to befal, to come to paſs
Háppineſs, *ſ.* felicity, bleſſedneſs
Happy, *a.* bleſſed, or enjoying felicity
Harángue, *ſ.* a ſpeech, or oration, *T.*
Harángue, *v.* to make a ſpeech in public, *S.*
Hárraſs, *v.* to diſquiet, tire, weary out, *F.*
Harbinger, *ſ.* a forerunner, one who provides lodgings in a prince's progreſs
Hárbour, *ſ.* a port, a ſhelter
Hárbour, *v.* to lodge or entertain
Hard, *a.* firm, ſolid, rigorous, difficult, *S.*
Hard, *ad.* diligently, faſt, with difficulty
Hardbound, *a.* coſtive
Hárden, *v* to make hard, to confirm in vice
Hárdineſs, *ſ.* able to bear cold, hunger, fatigue
Hardly, *ad.* ſeverely, ſcarcely, with difficulty
Hardneſs, *ſ.* firmneſs, ſolidity, obduracy
Hards, *ſ.* the coarſe parts of flax and hemp
Hárdſhip, *ſ.* trouble, fatigue, ſeverity, injury
Hárdware, *ſ.* manufactures of metals
Hardy, *a.* inured to labour, bold
Hare, *v.* to hurry ſo as to diſorder the mind, to fright
Hare, *ſ.* a well known animal, *D.*
Hárebrained, *a.* thoughtleſs, wild
Hark, *v.* to hear, liſten
Hark, *inter.* attend, liſten, hear
Hárlequin, *ſ.* the hero of all the modern pantomime entertainments, *J.*
Harlot, *ſ.* a proſtitute or whore
Harlotry, *ſ.* proſtitution
Harm, *ſ.* prejudice, miſchief, diſaſter, *S.*

Harm, *v.* to injure, hurt
Hármleſs, *a.* unwilling or incapable to do harm, unhurt
Harmonious, *a.* melodious, well agreed
Hármony, *ſ.* an union of ſounds, mutual agreement, *G.*
Hárneſs, *ſ.* armour, the furniture of horſes, *F.*
Harneſs, *v.* to put on traces, or armour
Harp, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument, *S.*
Harp, *v.* to play on the harp
Hárpoon, *ſ.* an inſtrument to kill whales
Harpooneer, *ſ.* one who throws the harpoon
Harpſichord, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument, *F.*
Hárrow, *ſ.* an inſtrument in huſbandry
Hárrow, *v.* to break clods with the harrow
Harſh, *a.* ſharp, tart, rigorous, ſevere
Harſlet, *ſ.* the heart, liver, lights, &c. of a hog
Hart, *ſ.* a kind of deer, the male of the roe, *S.*
Hartſhorn, *ſ.* a chemical ſpirit
Hárveſt, *ſ.* the ſeaſon of reaping, *S.*
Haſh, *v.* to dreſs in ſmall bits
Haſp, *ſ.* a ſmall iron or braſs faſtening to a door, *S.*
Haſp, *v.* to ſhut with a haſp
Háſſock, *ſ.* a baſs to kneel upon in churches
Haſte, *v.* to hurry or quicken, to make haſte, *F.*
Háſten, *v.* to urge on, to hurry
Háſtineſs, *ſ.* quickneſs, a readineſs to become angry
Háſtings, *ſ.* peaſe that come early
Háſty, *a.* quick, paſſionate, vehement, raſh, *F.*
Hat, *ſ.* a covering for the head, *S.*
Hatch, *v.* to breed young by ſitting upon eggs, to invent
Hatch, *ſ.* a half door, a trap to catch weaſels
Hátchet, *ſ.* a ſmall ax, *F.*
Hátchment, *ſ.* *See* Atchievment
Hate, *ſ.* malignity, deteſtation, *S.*
Hate, *v.* to deteſt or abhor
Hatred, *ſ.* malice, ill will
Háteful, *a.* odious, malignant
Hátter, *ſ.* a maker of hats
Have, *v.* to poſſeſs, enjoy, contain
Háven, *ſ.* a port or harbour, *D.*
Háughtineſs, *ſ.* pride, arrogance
Háughty, *a.* proud, lofty, arrogant, *F.*
Haul, *v.* to drag by violence, to pull
Haul, *ſ.* a dragging of a net, a pull
Haum, *ſ.* ſtraw of beans and peas, *S.*
Haunch, *ſ.* the hind part, the thigh
Haunt, *ſ.* a place frequently reſorted to
Haunt, *v.* to frequent, *F.*
Hávock, *ſ.* waſte, ſpoil, deſtruction
Háutboy, *ſ.* a muſical pipe, a large ſtrawberry, *F.*
Haw, *ſ.* the fruit of the white thorn
Hawk, *ſ.* a bird of prey
Hawk, *v.* to force up phlegm, to cry goods
Háwker, *ſ.* one who cries goods
Háwſer, *ſ.* a ſmall cable
Hay, *ſ.* graſs cut and dried, a rabbet trap, *S.*
Házard, *ſ.* chance, peril, a game at dice, *F.*
Házard, *v.* to venture, run the riſk of, *F.*
Házardous, *a.* dangerous, uncertain, *F.*
Haze, *ſ.* a thick wet fog, *F.*
Házy, *a.* thick, heavy, foggy, miſty, *F.*
Head, *ſ.* top, chief, *S.*
Head, *v.* to lop trees
Héadach, *ſ.* a pain in the head
Headbo'rough, *ſ.* a ſubordinate conſtable
Héadlong, *p.* haſtily, with the head foremoſt
Héadſtrong, *a.* raſhly, ungovernable
Héadpiece, *ſ.* a helmet, underſtanding
Héady, *a.* ſtubborn, precipitate, raſh
Heal, *v.* to cure a wound, to grow well
Héaling, *a.* mild, mollifying, aſſuaſive, *S.*

Health,

Health, *ſ.* a good conſtitution of body
Heap, *ſ.* a pile of things, a crowd, a cluſter, *S.*
Heap, *v.* to lay up, pile, accumulate
Hear, *v.* to perceive by the ear, attend, *S.*
Héarer, *ſ.* one who attends to a diſcourſe
Héaring, *ſ.* the ſenſe of receiving ſounds, a trial
Héarken, *v.* to liſten, to pay regard to, *S.*
Héarſay, *ſ.* a rumour, report
Hearſe, *ſ.* a vehicle to carry the dead
Heart, *ſ.* a noble muſculous part, *S.*
Héarten, *v.* to fortify, ſtrengthen, animate
Hearth, *ſ.* the floor or pavement of a chimney, *S.*
Héartleſs, *a.* caſt down, dejected
Héarty, *a.* healthy, luſty, cordial, ſincere
Heat, *ſ.* a ſenſation excited by fire, &c. *S.*
Heat, *v.* to make hot, to inflame the paſſions
Héater, *ſ.* for a box-iron
Heath, *ſ.* a wild ſhrub, a plain covered with it, *S.*
Héathen, *ſ.* a pagan, or idolater
Héatheniſh, *a.* after the manner of the heathens
Héatheniſm, *ſ.* the religion of the heathens
Heave, *v.* to lift, ſwell, throw, ſtrain, to vomit
Héaven, *ſ.* the ſky, the abode of the bleſſed, *S.*
Héavineſs, *ſ.* weight, drowſineſs, ſadneſs
Héavy, *a.* ponderous, drowſy, ſtupid, *S.*
Hébraiſm, *ſ.* an idiom of the Hebrew language, *F.*
Hécatomb, *ſ.* the ſacrifice of one hundred oxen, &c.
Héctic, *ſ.* continual, habitual
Hector, *ſ.* a braggadocio or bully
Héctor, *v.* to bully, to vaunt and vapour
Hedge, *ſ.* a fence made with buſhes
Hedgehog, *ſ.* an animal
Hédger, *ſ.* one who makes hedges
Heed, *v.* to attend, regard, mind
Heed, *ſ.* attention, caution or care, *S.*
Heédful, *a.* attentive, cautious, circumſpect
Heédleſs, *a.* negligent, inattentive, careleſs
Heel, *ſ.* the back part of the foot
Heel, *v.* to lean on one ſide
Héifer, *ſ.* a young cow, *S.*
Height, *ſ.* altitude, ſummit, greatneſs
Heighten, *v.* to raiſe, improve, aggravate
Héinous, *a.* odious, enormous, deteſtable, *F.*
Héinouſneſs, *ſ.* wickedneſs, atrociouſneſs
Heir, *ſ.* one who ſucceeds to lands or eſtates
Héireſs, *ſ.* a female heir
Hell, *ſ.* the grave, the reſidence of the damned, *S.*
Héllebore, *ſ.* a phyſical plant
Helm, *ſ.* a timber fixed to the rudder of a ſhip, *S.*
Hélmet, *ſ.* an headpiece, or armour for the head, *S.*
Help, *v.* to aid, ſupport, aſſiſt
Help, *ſ.* aid, aſſiſtance, ſuccour, *S.*
Hélpleſs, *a.* want of power, without help, abandoned
Helve, *ſ.* the handle of an axe
Hem, *ſ.* the border of a garment, a ſudden noiſe
Hem, *v.* to make a hem
Hémiſphere, *ſ.* half the globe or ſphere
Hemlock, *ſ.* a poiſonous plant
Hémorrage, *ſ.* a flux of blood
Hemp, *ſ.* a plant of which ſail-cloth and ropes are made
Hémpen, *a.* made of hemp
Hen, *ſ.* the female of birds and fowls, *S.*

Hence,

Hence, *ad.* from this place or thing
Henceforth, *ad.* for the time to come, *S.*
Henceforward, *ad.* from this time forward
Hen-hearted, *a.* dastardly, cowardly
Hen-pecked, *a.* in subjection to a wife
Hen-roost, *s.* the place where poultry rest
Henry, *s.* a man's name
Heptagon, *a.* a figure consisting of seven sides, *G.*
Héptarchy, *s.* a government of seven kings, *G.*
Hérald, *s.* an officer at arms, *F.*
Héraldry, *s.* the art of blazoning coats of arms, *F.*
Herb, *s.* a name for all plants with soft stalks *L.*
Hérbage, *s.* pasture, herbs in general
Hérbal, *s.* a book treating of herbs
Hérbalist, *s.* one skilled in plants
Herd, *s.* a flock, company, *T.*
Herd, *v.* to run in companies, to associate
Hérdsman, *s.* a keeper of cattle
Hereafter, *ad.* after this time
Hereafter, *s.* a future state
Heréditary, *a.* descending by inheritance, *L.*
Héresy, *s.* opinions contrary to the orthodox faith, *G.*
Herétical, *a.* belonging to heresy
Héretic, *s.* one who propogates heretical opinions
Heriot, *s.* a fine to the lord of a manor
Héritable, *a.* that may be inherited
Héritage, *s.* an inheritance
Hermáphrodite, *s.* two sexes in one person, *S.*
Hermétical, and hermetic, *a.* chymical
Hermétic art, *s.* chemistry
Hérmit, *s.* a person living in a desert, *F.*
Hérmitage, *s.* an hermit's cell
Hermítical, *a.* belonging to a hermit
Hernia, *s.* a rupture, *L.*
Héro, *s.* a person of singular worth and renown, *G.*
Heróical, and heroic, *a.* worthy of an hero
Heróine *s.* a brave woman, *G.*
Heróism, *s.* heroic sentiments and actions
Hérring, *s.* a fish well known, *S.*
Herse, *s.* a lattice or portcullis, *F.*
Herse. *See* hearse
Hésitate, *v.* to doubt, be in suspence, stammer, *L.*
Hesitátion, *s.* irresolution, a faultering in speech, *L.*
Héster, *s.* a woman's name
Héterodox, *a.* contrary to the true faith, *G.*
Heterogéneous, *a.* dissimiler in nature, *G.*
Hew, *v.* to cut stones or timber
Héxagon, *s.* a figure of six sides, *G.*
Hexágonal, *a.* belonging to an hexagon
Hiátus, *s.* a chasm or gap, *L.*
Hibérnal, *a.* belonging to winter
Hibérnian, *a.* of or belonging to Ireland
Hickup, or Hickough, *s.* a convulsive motion of the stomach
Hide, *s.* the skin of an animal, *S.*
Hide, *v.* to conceal
Hideous, *a.* frightful, terrible, *F.*
Hierarchy, *s.* church government, *G.*
Hierogly'phic, *a* an emblematical figure
Higgle, *v.* to bargain hard
Higler, *s.* who sells fowls, &c. by retail
High, *a.* tall, lofty, noble, grand, chief, principal
Highflier, *s.* one who is extravagant in opinion
Highlander, *s.* a mountain Scotsman
Highly, *ad.* with esteem, greatly
Highness, *s.* a title given to a prince

Hill, *ſ.* a riſing, or high ground, *S.*
Hillock, *ſ.* a little hill
Hilly, *a.* full of hills
Hilt, *ſ.* the handle of a ſword, &c.
Hin, *ſ.* a meaſure of ten pints
Hind, *ſ.* a peaſant, a doe, *S.*
Hind, *a.* backward, behind
Hinder, *v.* to prevent, to make one loſe his time
Hinder, *a.* backward
Hinderance, *ſ.* ſtop, impediment
Hindmoſt, *a.* the laſt
Hinge, *ſ.* the iron on which a door hangs
Hint, *v.* to touch upon, allude to
Hint, *ſ.* an imperfect intimation
Hip, *ſ.* joint of the thigh, fruit of the wild roſe tree
Hips, *ſ.* bones joined to the top of the thigh bones, *S.*
Hips, *ſ.* the fruit of the wild roſe tree, *S.*
Hip, *int.* a calling to one
Hip, *ſ.* lowneſs of ſpirits
Hippiſh, *a.* in the hip
Hire, *v.* to engage for pay
Hire, *ſ.* wages, or money paid for the uſe of a thing, *S.*
Hireling, *ſ.* who ſerves for wages, *S.*
Hiſs, *v.* to make a hiſſing noiſe like a ſerpent, to condemn by hiſſing
Hiſtórian, *ſ.* the writer of a hiſtory, *G.*
Hiſtorical, *a.* belonging to hiſtory
Hiſtoriógrapher, *ſ.* an hiſtorian, *G.*
Hiſtory, *ſ.* a relation of facts, *G.*
Hit, *v.* to ſtrike, to agree, to ſucceed
Hit, *ſ.* a lucky chance, a ſtroke
Hitch, *v.* to wriggle or move by degrees
Hitchel, *v.* to comb hemp
Hitchel, *ſ.* a tool to comb hemp
Hithe, *ſ.* a landing place
Hither, *ad.* to this place, *S.*
Hither, *ad.* nearer
Hitherto, *ad.* to this time
Hitherward, *ad.* towards this place, *S.*
Hive, *ſ.* a place for bees
Hoar, *a.* a white froſt, *S.*
Hoard, *v.* to lay up, amaſs
Hoard, *ſ.* a ſtock of money, goods, &c laid up
Hóarſe, *a.* harſh, rough, as the voice in a cold, *S.*
Hóary, *a.* covered with a white, grey with age, *S.*
Hóbble, *v.* to walk in a lame ſtumbling manner
Hóbby, *ſ.* a little horſe, a kind of hawk, *B.*
Hobgóblin, *ſ.* a ſpectre, phantom
Hock, *ſ.* a ſort of German wine
Hocus Pocus, *ſ.* a juggler, the art of juggling
Hod, *ſ.* a thing to carry mortar in
Hodge-podge, *ſ.* a confuſed mixture
Hoe, *ſ.* an inſtrument to cut down weeds
Hoe, *v.* to cut with a hoe
Hog, *ſ.* a ſwine
Hóggiſh, *a.* ſwiniſh, or naſty, greedy, covetous
Hóggiſhneſs, *ſ.* greedineſs, brutality
Hógſhead, *ſ.* a veſſel containing 63 gallons
Hógſty, *ſ.* the place in which ſwine are kept
Hoiden, *ſ.* a ramping girl
Hoiſt, *v.* to pull or lift up, *F.*
Hólacauſt, *ſ.* a burnt ſacrifice
Hold, *v.* to keep, contain, ſtick faſt
Hold, *ſ.* a ſhelter for deer, a part of a ſhip, a gripe
Hóldfaſt, *ſ.* an iron ſtaple, &c.
Hole, *ſ.* a rent, a cave, a mean habitation
Hólineſs, *ſ.* purity, ſanctity; the pope's title

Hóllow, *ſ.* cavity, cavern, hole, pit
Hóllow, *v.* to hoot, to make hollow, to call
Holly, *ſ.* a tree that continues green all the winter
Holſters, *ſ.* leathern caſes for piſtols, *T.*
Holy, *a.* pure, ſacred, divine, *S.*
Holyday, *ſ.* a feſtival, a day of gaiety
Hómage, *ſ.* the ſervice a vaſſal pays his lord, *F.*
Home, *ſ.* the place of a perſon's abode
Ho'melineſs, *ſ.* coarſeneſs, plainneſs
Hómely, *a.* mean, courſe, not handſome
Hómeſpun, *a.* ſpun at home, plain, uncultivated
Hómewards, *p.* towards home
Hómicide, *ſ.* a manſlayer, manſlaughter, *L.*
Ho'mily, *ſ.* a diſcourſe read in church, *G.*
Homogeneous, *a.* of the ſame nature
Hone, *ſ.* a whetſtone for razors
Hone, *v.* to pine, to long after
Ho'neſt, *a.* juſt, upright, chaſte, *L.*
Hónesty, *ſ.* integrity, uprightneſs, chaſtity, *L.*
Hóney, *ſ.* a ſweet ſubſtance made by bees, *Ger.*
Hónorary, *a.* belonging to honour, reputable, *L.*
Hónour, *ſ.* reſpect, glory, reputation, preferment
Hónour, *v.* to reſpect, to reverence, *L.*
Hónourable, *a.* worthy of honour, equitable, *L.*
Hood, *ſ.* a covering for the head, *S.*
Hoof *ſ.* the horney part of the foot of a horſe, &c. *Ger.*
Hook, *ſ.* a bent piece of braſs or iron, &c. *S.*
Hook, *v.* to catch hold or faſten with a hook
Hóoked, *a.* curvated, bent
Hoop, *ſ.* a wooden or iron circle, a hoop petticoat
Hoop, *v.* to ſhout, to bind with hoops
Hoóping-cough, *ſ.* a violent convulſive cough
Hoot, *v.* to make a noiſe like an owl, *F.*
Hop, *ſ.* a plant, a jump on one leg, *Ger.*
Hop, *v.* to leap on one leg, to put hops into beer
Hope, *ſ.* a pleaſing expectation, *B.*
Hope, *v.* to live in hopes
Hópeful, *a.* that gives room for hope
Hópeleſs, *a.* without hope
Hópper, *ſ.* one who hops, a veſſel to hold corn, the wooden trough of a corn-mill
Hórizon, *ſ.* the line that bounds our ſight, *G.*
Horizóntal, *a.* parallel to the horizon, *G.*
Hórn, *ſ.* the defenſive weapon of an ox, or ram, *S.*
Hórnpipe, *ſ.* a ſort of dance
Hórney, *a.* callous, made of horn
Hórrible, *a.* hideous, frightful, uncommon, *L.*
Hórrid, *a.* offenſive, dreadful
Horrific, *a.* horrible
Hórrour, *ſ.* fright, diſmay, dread *L.*
Horſe, *ſ.* an animal, cavalry, a ſupporter, *Ger.*
Hórſeman, *ſ.* a rider
Hórſemanſhip, *ſ.* the art of riding
Horta'tion, *ſ.* a device
Hórtatory, *a.* encouraging, animating
Hoſánna, *ſ.* praiſe to God, *H.*
Hoſe, *ſ.* ſtockings, formerly breeches
Hóſier, *ſ.* one who ſells hoſe
Hóſpitable, *a.* ready to entertain ſtrangers, *L.*
Hóſpital, *ſ.* a houſe for the poor, ſick, and impotent, *L.*
Hoſpitality, *ſ.* entertainment of ſtrangers, *L.*
Hoſt, *ſ.* the maſter of an inn, &c. an army, *L.* the conſecrated wafer in the Romiſh church
Hóſtage, *ſ.* a ſurety for the performance of articles, *F.*
Hóſteſs, *ſ.* the miſtreſs of an inn

Hóſtile, *a.* enemy like, adverſe, *L.*
Hoſtility, *ſ.* enmity, open war, *L.*
Hóſtler, *ſ.* one that attends ſtables of an inn
Hot, *a.* the contrary of cold, fiery, paſſionate
Hotco'cles, *ſ.* a play among children
Hotheáded, *a.* violent, paſſionate
Hothouſe, *ſ.* a place for the preſervation and forwarding of plants, &c.
Hóvel, *ſ.* a place of ſhelter for cattle, a cottage
Hóver, *v.* to flutter, fly as a bird, to wander
Hough. *v.* to cut the ſinews of the heel
Hoúlet, *ſ.* an owl
Hound, *ſ.* a hunting dog, *S.*
Hour, *ſ.* the 24th part of a day, *F.*
Hourly, *a.* every hour
Houſe, *ſ.* a manſion, family, kindred, *T.*
Houſe, *v.* to put under ſhelter
Hoúſehold, *ſ.* a family, *T.*
Hoúſeholder, *ſ.* one who keeps a houſe, *S.*
Hoúſekeeper, *ſ.* one who has the care of a houſe
Hoúſewife, *ſ.* a neat, clean and thrifty woman
Houſeleek, *ſ.* an herb growing on a roof
Houſewifery, *ſ.* female œconomy
Houſing, *ſ.* a cloth worn behind a ſaddle
Howéver, *ad.* yet, at leaſt, nevertheleſs
Howl, *v.* to cry like a dog or wolf
Hoy, *ſ.* a ſmall bark
Húbbub, *ſ.* tumult, diſorder, uproar
Húbert, *ſ.* a man's name
Húckaback, *ſ.* a ſort of diaper
Húcklebone, *ſ.* a pointed bone of the back
Húckſter, *ſ.* one who ſells little neceſſaries
Húddle, *v.* to put up things confuſedly
Húddle, *ſ.* a buſtle, confuſion, diſorder, crowd
Hue, *ſ.* a colour
Hue and Cry, *ſ.* a raiſing the country in the purſuit of a highwayman
Huff, *v.* to chide, ſcold
Huffiſh, *a.* croſs, angry, chiding
Hug, *v.* to preſs cloſe in the arms
Hug, *ſ.* a preſſing to one's boſom
Huge, *a.* enormous, very large
Húggermúgger, *a.* privately, clandeſtinely
Hugh, *ſ.* a man's name
Hulk, *ſ.* the body of a ſhip, an unwieldy fellow
Hull, *ſ.* the ſhell or hulk, the ſhell of a ſhip
Hum, *v.* to ſing with the lips cloſe, to deceive
Húman, *a.* belonging to mankind
Humáne, *a.* gentle, kind, courteous, *L.*
Húmaniſt, *ſ.* a philologer, grammarian
Humánity, *ſ.* the nature of man, benevolence
Húmanize, *v.* to civilize, ſoften, inſtruct, *F.*
Húmankind, *ſ.* the race of man
Húmble, *a.* lowly minded, low, *F.*
Húmble, *v.* to abaſe, or bring down, *F.*
Humble Bee, *ſ.* a large wild bee
Húmdrum, *a.* dull, ſtupid, droniſh
Húmid, *a.* moiſt, watery, *L.*
Humídity, *ſ.* moiſture, *L.*
Humiliation, *ſ.* the act of humility
Humility, *ſ.* meekneſs, modeſty, mildneſs, *L.*
Hummum, *ſ.* a bagnio, or ſweating houſe
Húmoriſt, *ſ.* one wedded to his own humours
Húmorous, *a.* droll, merry, diverting, facetious
Húmorſome, *a.* peeviſh, hard to pleaſe
Humour, *v.* to ſooth, gratify
Humour, *ſ.* moiſture, inflammation, temper, diſpoſition, a whimſical kind of wit, *L.*
Hump, *ſ.* a crooked back
Húmphrey, *ſ.* a man's name

Hunch, *v.* to thruſt or puſh with the elbow
Hundred, *ſ.* the number C, or 100, in averdupois weight, 112 lb
Húndredth, *a.* the ordinal of 100
Húnger, *ſ.* a craving after food, *T.*
Húngry, *a.* in want of food
Hunks, *ſ.* a ſordid miſer
Hunt, *v.* to chace wild beaſts, to ſeek for, *S.*
Húntſman, *ſ.* one who manages the hounds in hunting
Húrdle, *ſ.* ſticks woven together, a grate
Hurl, *v.* to fling with a whirling motion
Hurlyburly, *ſ.* tumult, uproar
Húrricane, *ſ.* a furious ſtorm of wind
Hurry, *v.* to haſten, to make great haſte
Húrry, *ſ.* haſte, buſtle, flutter
Hurt, *ſ.* prejudice, injury, wound or bruiſe, *S.*
Hurt, *v.* to wound, injure
Húrtful, *a.* prejudicial
Hurtleberry, *ſ.* a bilberry
Huſband, *v.* to manage, to be careful in expending
Huſband, *ſ.* a married man
Húſbandman, *ſ.* one who tills the earth
Húſbandry, *ſ.* tillage, land, frugality
Huſh, *int.* ſilence! peace! be ſtill!
Huſh, *v.* to pacify, make ſilent
Huſk, *ſ.* the chaff of corn, grain, or ſand
Huſky, *a.* belonging to, or mixed with huſks
Huſſars, *ſ.* Hungarian cavalry
Húſſy, *ſ.* a term of reproach, an implement to put needles and thread in, *S.*
Húſtle, *v.* to ſhake together
Hut, *ſ.* a ſmall cottage
Hutch, *ſ.* a corn cheſt, a trap for weaſels, or coop for rabbits, *F.*
Huzza, *ſ.* a loud acclamation or ſhout of joy
H'yacinth, *ſ.* a plant, a gem
H,æ'na, *ſ.* a ravenous wild beaſt
Hy'dra, *ſ.* a monſtrous ſerpent, ſaid to be killed by Hercules, *G.*
Hydraúlic, *a.* relating to water works
Hydraulics, *ſ.* a ſcience that treats on the motion of fluids
Hydrography, *ſ.* the art of deſcribing the ſea, *G.*
Hy'dromel, *ſ.* mead, *G.*
Hydrophobia, *ſ.* a diſtemper cauſed by the bite of a mad dog
Hydrópic, *ſ.* troubled with the dropſey
Hydroſtátical, *a.* relating to hydroſtatics
Hydroſtátics, *ſ.* the ſcience of the gravitation of fluids
Hygrómeter, *ſ.* an inſtrument for aſcertaining the dryneſs or moiſture of the air
Hy'men, *ſ.* the god of marriage, *G.*
Hymenéal, *ſ.* belonging to marriage
Hymn, *ſ.* a ſpiritual ſong, *G.*
Hyp. *See* Hip
Hypérbole, *ſ.* when more or leſs is ſaid than truth, *G.*
Hyperbólical, *a.* belonging to an hyperbole
Hyperbórean, *a.* northern
Hypererític, *ſ.* a captious critic
Hyphen, *ſ.* a ſhort line, thus [-], *G.*
Hypochondria, *ſ.* the ſpleen or vapours
Hypochondrical, *a.* melancholy
Hypócriſy, *ſ.* diſſimulation
Hy'pocrite, *ſ.* a falſe pretender to religion
Hypocritical, *a.* belonging to an hypocrite
Hypóſtaſis, *ſ.* diſtinct ſubſtance, perſonality
Hypotheſis, *ſ.* a ſuppoſition
Hyſſop, *ſ.* a ſweet ſcented herb, *G.*
Hyſtérics, *ſ.* a diſeaſe, called fits of the mother

I.

I Is a numeral, and ſtands for one, as I. II. III.

I. E. or rather i. e. is used as an abbreviation of *id est*, or that is

I. H. S. *Jesus hominum salvator*, or Jesus the saviour of men

Those words which are not to be found under I, *are more properly placed under* E.

Jabber, *v.* to talk idly, chatter, *F.*

Jack, *s.* a diminutive of John, an instrument to turn a spit, a fish, a can

Jackanapes, *s.* a monkey, a coxcomb

Jackboots, *s.* boots large and strong

Jackal, *s.* a beast said to hunt for the lion

Jacket, *s.* a short coat, *F.*

Jackpudding, *s.* a buffoon or merry Andrew

Ja'ckdaw, *s.* a chattering bird

Ja'cobine, *s.* a pigeon with a high tuft

Jacula'tion, *s.* darting or throwing

Jácobites, *s.* a sect among the eastern christians

Jade, *s.* a bad horse, a worthless woman

Jade, *v.* to fatigue or tire

Jagg, *v.* to notch

Jagged, *a.* notched like a saw

Jaggy, *a.* notched, uneven

Jággedness, *s.* unevenness

Jágging iron, *s.* an instrument used in pastry

Jail, *s.* a prison

Jailer, *s.* the keeper of a prison

Jakes, *s.* a privy

Jalap, *s.* the root of a plant

Jam, *s.* a conserve of fruit

Jamb, *s.* the upright part of a door, the space between windows

Jámbick, *s.* a foot of a verse of two syllables, one short and the other long, *G.*

James, *s.* a man's name

Jane, *s.* a woman's name

Jángle, *v.* to make irregular noise with bells, wrangle, *F.*

Jánizaries, *s.* the foot guards of the grand signior

Jánnock, *s.* oat bread

Jánseniſt, *s.* a follower of the opinion of Jansenius

Jánty, *a.* hoidening, wanton

Jánuary, *s.* the first month of the year

Japán, *s.* varnished work in colours

Japán, *v.* to paint and varnish like japan work

Jar, *v.* to quarrel, not to agree

Jar, *s.* an earthen vessel, discord, *T.*

Jargon, *s.* gibberish, pedlar's French

Jass Hawk, *s.* a young hawk lately taken out of the nest

Jasper, *s.* a precious stone of a green colour

Jásper, *s.* a man's name

Jávelin, *s.* a spear or half pike, *F.*

Jáundice, *s.* an obstruction of the gall in the liver

Jaunt, *s.* an airing, an excursion, *F.*

Jaws, *s.* the bones in which the teeth are set, *F.*

Jay, *s.* a bird

I'bex, *s.* a kind of wild goat

I'bis, *s.* an Egyptian bird, which lives on serpents

Ice, *s.* frozen water, sugar concreted, *Ger.*

Ichnógraphy, *s.* a ground plot, *G.*

I'chor, *s.* a sharp watery humour flowing from ulcers, *G.*

I'cicle, *s.* dropping water frozen

I'cy, *a.* full of ice, frigid

Idéa, *s.* the image of any thing in the mind

Idéal, *a.* imaginary, or belonging to an idea

Ide'ntical, or idéntic, *a.* the very same, *F.*

Idéntity, *s.* a sameness, *F.*

I'diom, *s.* the genius of a language, *F.*

Idiomática[l],

Idiomátical, *a.* peculiar to a tongue
I'diot, *ſ.* a natural, a fool, *F.*
Idiotiſm, *ſ.* natural folly, embecility of mind, *F.*
I'dle *a.* lazy, ſlothful, trifling
I'dleneſs, *ſ.* ſloth, indolence
I'dly, *a.* lazily, indolently
I'dol, *ſ.* an adored image
Idólater, *ſ.* a worſhipper of idols
Idólatreſs, *a.* a female idolater
Idólatrous, *a.* given to idolatry
Idólatry, *ſ.* idol worſhip
Idolize, *v.* to make an idol of, love to exceſs
I'dyl, or Idy'llion, *ſ.* a little paſtoral poem, *G.*
Jéalous, *a.* ſuſpicious, afraid of a rival, *L.*
Jéalouſy, *ſ.* ſuſpicion, eſpecially in love, *F.*
Jeer, *ſ.* a ſcoff, taunt, biting jeſt
Jeer, *v.* to banter, to ridicule
Jehóvah, *ſ.* the Eternal, *L.*
Jejúne, *a.* inſipid, empty, barren, *L.*
Jélly, *ſ.* a light, fizy, tranſparent ſubſtance, *L.*
Jénneting, *ſ.* a kind of forward apple
Jénnet, *ſ.* a ſmall Spaniſh or Barbary mare
Jénnet, *ſ.* a woman's name
Jéopardy, *ſ.* peril, danger, hazard, riſk
Jéremy, *ſ.* a man's name
Jerk, *ſ.* a ſtroke with a whip or rod, a ſudden pull or twitch, a jolt or ſtart
Jérkin, *ſ.* a ſhort coat, a male hawk
Jérſey, *ſ.* fine woollen yarn
Jeruſálem Artichokes, *ſ.* a root like potatoes.
Jéſſamine, *ſ.* a ſhrub and flower, *F.*
Jeſt, *v.* to joke, banter, or break a jeſt
Jeſt, *ſ.* a witty conceit, a laughing ſtock
Jeſuits, *ſ.* a religious order, founded by Loyola, *anno* 1531
Jéſuits Bark, *ſ.* a medicinal bark of a tree
Jesus, *ſ.* the Saviour, the name given by an angel to the Saviour of mankind
Jet, *v.* to ſhoot forward
Jet, *ſ.* a hard, black, and brittle ſtone
Jet d'eau, *ſ.* the pipe of a fountain, *F.*
Jetty, *a.* black as jet, made of jet
Jéwel, *ſ.* a precious ſtone, *L. S.*
Jéwiſh, *a.* of or belonging to the Jews
Jews, *ſ.* the people of Judea, and their poſterity
I'gneous, *a.* fiery, *L.*
Ignóble, *a.* of mean birth, baſe, vile, *L.*
Ignominious, *a.* infamous, *L.*
I'gnominy, *ſ.* infamy, diſgrace, diſhonour, *L.*
Ignorámous, *ſ.* an ignorant perſon, *L.*
I'gnorance, *ſ.* want of knowledge, unſkilfulneſs, *L.*
I'gnorant, *a.* illiterate, unacquainted with, *L.*
Jig, *ſ.* a briſk merry tune or dance, *D.*
Jilt, *ſ.* a deceiving woman
Jilt, *v.* to diſappoint a man by diſcarding him
Jingle, *v.* to make a truckling noiſe
Jingle, *ſ.* any thing ſounding
Ile, *ſ.* a walk or allay in a church
Ilet hole, *ſ.* a ſmall hole worked round the edges
I'liac paſſion, *ſ.* the twiſting of the guts
Ill, *ſ.* evil, miſchief, harm
Ill, *a.* bad, ſick, diſordered
Illáborate, *a.* done without labour, *L.*
Illápſe, *ſ.* a ſliding upon, ſudden attack, *L.*
Illáudable, *a.* unworthy of praiſe
Illégal, *a.* contrary to law, *L.*
Illegálity, *ſ.* unlawfulneſs
Illégible, *a.* that cannot be read
Illegítimacy, *a.* the ſtate of baſtardy
Illegítimate, *a.* born out of wedlock, baſe born, *L.*

Illfávoured, *a.* deformed, of a bad countenance
Illíberal, *a.* ſordid, baſe, ungenteel, *L.*
Illiberálity, *ſ.* avarice, meanneſs, *L.*
Illícit, *a.* unlawful, contrary to law
Illímitable, *a.* that cannot be imitated, *L.*
Illíterate, *a.* unlearned, ignorant of letters, *L.*
Illnáture, *ſ.* ſurlineſs, or previſhneſs of temper
Illneſs, *ſ.* any thing bad, ſickneſs
Illúde, *v.* to play upon, to jeer, to deceive, *L.*
Illúmine, *v.* to enlighten or illuminate, to decorate, to adorn
Illúminate, *v.* to enlighten, ſet off, *L.*
Illuminátion, *ſ.* the art of enlightening, colouring, lights ſet forth for public rejoicings
Illúminative, *a.* able to give light
Illúſion, *ſ.* a deception, or falſe appearance, *L.*
Illúſive, or Illúſory, *a.* deceitful
Illúſory, *a.* deceitful, fraudulent
Illúſtrate, *a.* to make plain or evident, *L.*
Illuſtration, *ſ.* a making clear, plain or evident, expoſition
Illúſtrious, *a.* famous, eminent, noble, renowned, *L.*
I'mage, *ſ.* a ſtatue, a picture, likeneſs
I'mage, *v.* to conceive in thought, imagine
I'magery, *ſ.* ſenſible repreſentations
Imáginable, *a.* that may be imagined or conceived
Imáginary, *a.* fantaſtic, only in the imagination, *L.*
Imagination, *ſ.* fancy, thought, conception, *L.*
Imbárk, *v.* to go or put on ſhipboard, *F.*
Imbárkation, *ſ.* the act of imbarking
Imbecility, *ſ.* weakneſs, languor, feebleneſs, decay, *L.*
Imbéllish, *v.* to ſet off or adorn
Imbéllishment, *ſ.* an ornament
Imbibe, *v.* to drink in, receive by education, *L.*
Imbítter, *v.* to make bitter, to exaſperate
Imbódy, *v.* to incorporate
Imbólden, *v.* to make bold
Imbówer, *v.* to ſhelter with trees
Imbroún, *v.* to make brown, to darken
Imbrúe, *v.* to dip
Imbrúte, *v.* to render brutal
Imbúe, *v.* to imbibe, ſteep
Imbúrſe, *v* to turn ſtock in trade into money, *L.*
Imitable, *a* that may be imitated, *L.*
Imitáte, *v.* to copy, to endeavour to reſemble, *L.*
Imitátion, *ſ.* the act of imitating
Imáculate, *a.* undefiled, without ſpot or ſtain, *L.*
I'mitator or Imitatrix, *ſ.* he or ſhe who copies after another, *L.*
I'mmanent, *a.* inherent, or remaining in, intrinſic, *L.*
Immánity, *ſ.* cruelty, ſavageneſs, enormity, *L.*
Immatérial, *a.* ſpiritual, or without matter, inſignificant, *F.*
Immateriality, *ſ.* the being without matter
Immatúre, *a.* raw, unripe, not come to perfection, *L.*
Immatúrity, *ſ.* unripeneſs, incompleteneſs
Immeaſureable, *a.* immenſe, not to be meaſured
Immédiate *a.* next to, ſudden, inſtant, *F.*
Immédiately, *ad.* inſtantly
Immédicable, *a.* incurable, *L.*
Immémorable, *a.* not worthy remembring, *L.*
Immemórial, *a.* beyond the memory of man, *L.*
Imménſe, *a.* unlimited, unbounded, exceeding great, *L.*
Imménſely, *ad.* infinitely
Imménſity *ſ.* vaſtneſs, unmeaſurableneſs, *L.*

Imménſurable,

Imménsurable, *a.* unmeaſurable
Immérge, or immérſe, *v.* to dip or plunge under water, *L.*
Immérſion, *ſ.* a dipping or plunging under water
Immethódical, *a.* without method, confuſed, *L.*
Imminent, *a.* impending, at hand, *L.*
Immiſſion, *ſ.* injection, a throwing into, *L.*
Immix, *v.* to mingle
Immóbility, *ſ.* immoveableneſs
Immó derate, *a.* beyond bounds of moderation, *L.*
Immódeſt, *a.* without modeſty, obſcene, unreaſonable
Immódeſty, *ſ.* want of modeſty
Immolate, *v.* to ſacrifice, *L.*
Immóral, *a.* of depraved morals, corrupt, *L.*
Immórality, *ſ.* a corruption of manners
Immórtal, *a.* that never dies, eternal, *L.*
Immortálity, *ſ.* a ſtate of endleſs exiſtence
Immórtalize, *v.* to perpetuate, make immortal, *F.*
Immóveable, *a.* ſtedfaſt, not to be moved, unſhaken
Immúnity, *ſ.* freedom, liberty, privilege, *L.*
Immúre, *v.* to ſhut up between walls, confine
Immutability, *ſ.* invariableneſs
Immútable, *a.* conſtant, unchangeable, *L.*
Imp, *ſ.* a puny or ſubaltern demon.
Impáir, *v.* to diminiſh, make worſe, injure
Impálpable, *a.* not perceptible by touch
Impárity, *ſ.* inequality, diſproportion
Impárt, *v.* to communicate, to deliver one's mind, *L.*
Impártial, *a.* without biaſs, juſt, upright, *F.*
Impártiality, *ſ.* diſintereſtedneſs, without partiality, *F.*
Impáſſable, *a.* that cannot be paſſed through
Impáſſible, *a.* incapable of ſuffering, *F.*
Impaſſibility, *ſ.* an exemption from ſuffering, *F.*
Impáſſibleneſs, *ſ.* not to be paſſed
Impáſſive, *a.* not to be affected by external cauſes, *L.*
Impátience, *ſ.* uneaſineſs under ſuffering, *L.*
Impátient, *a.* without patience, eager
Impéach, *v.* to accuſe, to proſecute for a crime, *F.*
Impeáchable, *a.* chargeable, accuſeable
Impéachment, *ſ.* an accuſation
Impeccability, *ſ.* exemption from ſin
Impéccable, *a.* that cannot ſin
Impéde, *v.* to hinder, to obſtruct
Impédiment, *ſ.* hindrance, obſtruction, defect, *L.*
Impél, *v.* to puſh forward, drive onward, *L.*
Impénd, *v.* to hang over our heads, *L.*
Impénding, *a.* hanging over one's head, threatning, *L.*
Impénetrable, *a.* that cannot be penetrated
Impénitence, *ſ.* without repentance, obduracy, *L.*
Impénitent *a.* obdurate, without repentance
Impérceptible, *a.* that cannot be perceived, *F.*
Impérfect, *a.* defective, not complete, *L.*
Imperfection, *ſ.* a defect
Impérforable, *a.* not to be pierced
Impérial, *a.* of or belonging to an emperor, *L.*
Impérious, *a.* commanding, lordly, aſſuming, *L.*
Impérioufneſs, *ſ.* arrogance, authority
Impertinénce, *ſ.* trifling diſcourſe, intruſion, *F.*
Impértinent, *a.* not to the purpoſe, abſurd, idle, *F.*
Impertinently, *ad.* officiouſly, without reaſon
Impérvious, *a.* unpaſſable, impenetrable, *L.*

Impétuoſity,

Impetuósity, *ſ.* vehemence, rapidity, *F.*
Impétuous, *a.* violent, rapid, vehement, *L.*
Impétus, *ſ.* force, violent effort
Impiety, *ſ.* profaneneſs, irreligion
Impious, *a.* wicked, profane, irreligious, *L.*
Implacability, *ſ.* irreconcileableneſs, *L.*
Implácable, *a.* not to be appeaſed, inexorable, *L.*
Implánt, *v.* to fix in the mind, inſtil, *L.*
Implead, *v.* to proſecute at law
Implements, *ſ.* tools or things neceſſary, *L.*
Implicátion, *ſ.* inference, tacitly implied, *L.*
Implícit, *a* relying on another, *L.*
Implóre, *v.* to beg earneſtly with tears, to beſeech, *L.*
Impl'y, *v.* to denote, ſignify, infer, *L.*
Impólitic, *a.* imprudent, unwiſe. *L.*
Impórt, *ſ.* the ſenſe or meaning. *L.*
Import, *v.* to imply, bring from abroad
Impórtance, *ſ.* moment, weight, conſequence, *F.*
Impórtant, *a.* of great concern
Importátion, *ſ.* the bringing from foreign countries
Impórter, *ſ.* one who brings goods from abroad
Impórtunate, *a.* preſſing, very urgent, *L.*
Importúne, *v.* to preſs with great earneſtneſs, *L.*
Importúnity, *ſ.* eager preſſing, requeſting earneſtly, *L.*
Impóſe, *v.* to lay a burden on, to cheat, deceive, *F.*
Impoſi'tion, *ſ.* a tax, a cheat or fraud, a laying on, *F.*
Impóſſible, *a.* impracticable, that cannot be, *L.*
Impoſſibility, *ſ.* impractability, that which cannot be, *L.*
Impoſt, *ſ.* a tax, cuſtom, or duty
Impoſthumátion, *ſ.* the forming of an abſceſs
Impóſthume, *ſ.* a collection of putrid matter
Impóſtor, *ſ.* a cheat, deceiver, falſe pretender, *L.*
Impóſture, *ſ.* deception, fraud, knavery, *L.*
I'mpotence, *ſ.* a want of power, incapacity, inability, *L.*
I'mpotent, *a.* unable, weak, infirm. *L.*
Impoúnd, *v.* to ſhut up cattle in a pound
Impower, *v.* to authoriſe or veſt with power
Impracticable, *a.* that cannot be executed, *F.*
I'mprecate, *v.* to curſe, to call down vengeance, *L.*
Imprecátion, *ſ.* a curſe, or calling down miſchief
Imprégnable, *a.* that cannot be taken by force, *F.*
Imprégnate, *v.* to make pregnant, *F.*
Impréſs, *v.* to make an impreſſion upon, *L.*
Impréſs, *ſ.* a forcing into ſervice, impreſſion
Impréſſion, *ſ.* a ſtamp, print, edition of a book, *L.*
Impréſſure, *ſ.* the mark made by preſſure
Imprimis, *ſ.* firſt of all, in the firſt place, *L.*
Imprint, *v.* to print, to fix upon the mind, *F.*
Impriſon, *v.* to throw into priſon
Impriſonment, *ſ.* confinement in priſon, *F.*
Improbability, *ſ.* unlikeneſs
Impróbable, *a.* unlikely, ſcarce credible, *L.*
Improbity, *ſ.* diſhoneſty, knavery
Impróper, *a.* unfit, inconvenient, unſeaſonable
Impropriate, *v* to convert to private uſe
Impropriátion, *ſ.* a church living in lay hands
Impropriátor, *ſ.* a layman who has a church benefice
Impropriety, *ſ.* unfitneſs, inaccuracy
Improveable, *a.* capable of being improved
Impróve, *v.* to make better, to advance or increaſe

Improvement,

Improvement, *ſ.* advancement, edification
Improvident, *a.* imprudent in not providing for, *L*
Imprúdence, *ſ.* indiſcretion, *L.*
Imprúdent, *a.* inconſiderate, unadviſed, unwiſe
I'mpudence, *ſ.* ſhameleſſneſs, immodeſty, ſaucineſs, *L.*
I'mpudent, *a.* immodeſt, ſhameleſs, brazen-faced, *L.*
Impúgn, *v.* to oppoſe, withſtand, or endeavour to confute, *L.*
Impuiſance, *ſ.* impotence, inability, weakneſs, feebleneſs, *F.*
Impulſe, *ſ.* communicated force, idea, motive
Impúlſive, *a.* that puſhes forward
Impúlſion, *ſ.* an impelling force
Impúnity, *ſ.* exemption from puniſhment, *F.*
Impúre, *a.* unclean, foul, droſſy, lewd
Impúrity, *ſ.* filthineſs, lewdneſs, *L.*
Impúrpled, *a.* tinged with purple
Impútation, *ſ.* an accuſation, charge, cenſure
Impútative, *a.* that may be imputed
Impute, *v.* to attribute, lay the blame on
Inability, *ſ.* incapacity, want of power, *F.*
Inacceſſible, *a.* that cannot be come at, *L.*
Ináccuracy, *ſ.* want of exactneſs
Ináccurate, *a.* not exact, not accurate
Ináction, *ſ.* a ſtate of reſt, *F.*
Inactive, *a.* indolent, without action, at reſt
Inactivity, *ſ.* ſluggiſhneſs, reſt, idleneſs
Inádequate, *a.* diſproportionate, *L.*
Inadvértence, *ſ.* not ſufficiently obſerving, negligence, *F.*
Inadvértently, *ad.* carleſsly, negligently
Inálienable, *a.* which cannot be alienated
Inamoráto, *ſ.* a lover, *I.*
Inámoured, *a.* in love with
Ináne, *a.* fooliſh, empty, *L.*
Inánimate, *a.* lifeleſs, dead, without ſenſe or motion, *L.*
Inanition, *ſ.* emptineſs of body
Inánity, *ſ.* abſolute emptineſs, *L.*
Ináppetency, *ſ.* want of appetite, *L.*
Inapplication, *ſ.* indolence, negligence
Inarch, *v.* to graft by approach
Inarticulate, *a.* indiſtinct, not articulate, *L.*
Inatténtion, *ſ.* diſregard, negligence, neglect, *F.*
Inatténtive, *a.* careleſs, negligent, regardleſs
Inaúgurate, *v.* to inſtal or inveſt with an office, *L.*
Inauguráton, *ſ.* an inſtalment
Inauſpicious, *a.* ill boding, unfortunate
I'nborn, *a.* implanted by nature
I'nbred, *a.* natural, innate
Incaléſcence, *ſ.* a growing warm, warmth, *L.*
Incantátion, *ſ.* a charm or inchantment, *L.*
Incámp, *v.* to pitch the tents of a camp
Incámpment, *ſ.* an incamping
Incápable, *a.* unable, inſufficient, diſqualified, *F.*
Incapácitate, *v.* to render incapable, to diſqualify
Incapacity, *ſ.* inability, or want of capacity, *F.*
Incárcerate, *v.* to impriſon *L.*
Incarnate, *a.* clothed with fleſh, *L.*
Incarnátion, *ſ.* an aſſuming or taking fleſh, making fleſh to grow
Incautious, *a.* unworthy, negligent heedleſs
Incáſe, *v.* to cover, incloſe, inwrap
Inclóſe, *v.* to ſhut in, fence about, *L.*
Inclóſure, *ſ.* a place incloſed, hedge, wall, &c.
Incéndiary, *ſ.* who ſets houſes on fire, ſows ſtrife, *L.*
I'ncenſe, *ſ.* a rich perfume offered to idols
Incénſe, *v.* to inflame, irritate, ſtir up *L.*

Incéntive,

Incéntive, *ſ.* motive, ſpur, encouragement, *L.*
Incéntive, *a.* encouraging, inciting
Incértitude, *ſ.* uncertainty, *L.*
Incéſſant, *a.* continual, without ceaſing
I'nceſt, *ſ.* conjunction with one too nearly related, *L.*
Incéſtuous, *a.* belonging to, or guilty of inceſt
Inch, *ſ.* the twelfth part of a foot
Inchánt, *v.* to bewitch or charm
Inchánter, *ſ.* a magician or conjurer
Inchantment, *ſ.* a ſpell or charm
Inchántreſs, *ſ.* a ſorcereſs, *F.*
Inchaſe. *See* Enchaſe
Inciſure, *ſ.* a cut or gaſh, *L.*
Incidence, *ſ.* falling into or upon
I'ncident, *a.* happening to, falling out by chance, *L.*
I'ncidental, *a.* incident
I'ncident, *ſ.* a circumſtance, an event
Incircle, *v.* to incompaſs
Inciſion, *ſ.* a lancing or cutting
Inciſor, *ſ.* a tooth ſo called
Incite, *v.* to ſtir up, ſpur on, *L.*
Incitement, *ſ.* a motive, inducement, incentive
Incivility, *ſ.* rudeneſs, *F.*
I'ncle, *ſ.* a kind of coarſe tape
Inclémency, *ſ.* harſhneſs, ſeverity, roughneſs
Inclément, *a.* harſh, rough, unmerciful
Inclinable, *a.* yielding, favourably diſpoſed, *L.*
Inclinátion, *ſ.* proneneſs, deſire, leaning or bending
Incline, *v.* to have a propenſion to lean, bend, *L.*
Incloiſter, *v.* to ſhut up in a cloiſter
Include, *v.* to take in, comprehend, contain, *L.*
Inclúſive, *a.* that comprehends or contains, *L.*
Inclúſively, *ad.* reckoned into the amount

Incogitancy, *ſ.* want of thought, *L.*
Incógnito, *a.* unknown, without attendants *L.*
Incohérence, *ſ.* want of connexion, want of coheſion, *L.*
Incohérent, *a.* that does not cohere, or hang together
Incombúſtible, *a.* that cannot be burned, *L*
I'ncome, *ſ.* profit, rent, revenue, *T.*
Incomménſurable, *a.* that cannot be meaſured
Incommode, *v.* to cauſe inconvenience
Incommódious, *a.* unfit, troubleſome
Incommúnicable, *a.* not to be communicated or imparted, *L.*
Incompact, *a.* not compact, *L.*
Incómparable, *a.* matchleſs, that has none like it, *L.*
Incompaſs, *v.* to ſurround.
Incompaſſionate, *a.* void of compaſſion
Incompatible, *a.* that cannot ſubſiſt with another, *F.*
Incómpetency, *ſ.* inability, inſufficiency, *L.*
Incómpetent, *a.* incapable, inſufficient, *L.*
Incompléte, *a.* imperfect, unfiniſhed, *L.*
Incomprehenſible, *a.* not to be comprehended, *F.*
Incompreſſible, *a.* not capable of being compreſſed, *F.*
Inconcéivable, *a.* not to be conceived, *F.*
Inconclúſive, *a.* not concluſive
Inconcóction, *ſ.* indigeſtion.
Incóngruence, *ſ* incongruity
Incongruity, *ſ.* impropriety, inconſiſtency
Incóngruous, *a.* improper, unfit, inconſiſtent
Inconſiderable, *a.* of ſmall account, not worth notice, *L.*
Inconſiderate, *a.* unadviſed, raſh, unwary, *L.*
Inconſidération, *ſ.* a want of thought, inattention

Inconſiſtence,

Inconsistence, *s.* disagreement, unsuitableness
Inconsistent, *a.* not agreeable to, or suitable
Inconsolable, *a.* that cannot be comforted, *F.*
Inconspicuous, *s.* undiscernable
Inconstancy, *s.* changeableness
Inconstant, *a.* wavering, fickle, uncertain, *L.*
Incontestable, *a.* indisputable
Incontinent, *a.* unchaste, immediate
Incontinence, *s.* unchastity, unable to retain
Incontrovertible, *a.* indisputable
Inconvenience, *s.* whatever is incommodious or causes trouble
Inconvenient, *a.* incommodious, inexpedient
Inconversable, *a.* unsociable, not fit for conversation, *F.*
Inconvertable, *a.* that cannot be changed
Incorporate, *v.* to mix, to unite to a society. *L.*
Incorporation, *s.* formation of a body politic
Incorporeal, *a.* without a body
Incorrect, *a.* faulty, imperfect, not correct, *L.*
Incorrigible, *a.* past correction, irreclaimable, *F.*
Incorrupt, *a.* pure, untainted, uncorrupted, *L.*
Incorruptibility, *s.* incapacity of decay
Incorruptible, *a.* not subject to corruption
Incorruption *s.* incapacity of corruption
Incorruptness, *s.* uprightness, purity of conduct
Incrassatation, *s.* a thickening
Increase, *v.* to grow more, to make more
Increase, *s.* the growing more or greater
Increate, *a.* uncreated
Incredibility, *s.* the being past all belief, *F.*
Incredible, *a.* past belief, unworthy of credit, *F.*
Incredulity, *s.* unbelief, a backwardness to believe, *F.*
Incredulous, *a.* hard of belief
Increment, *s.* increase, produce

Incrust, *v.* to cover with additional matter
Incrustation, *s.* a becoming hard on the outside like a crust, *L.*
Incubate, *v.* to sit upon eggs
Incubation, *s.* sitting on eggs
Incubus, *s.* a disease called the night mare, *L.*
Inculcate, *v.* to instil into, impress upon the mind, *L.*
Incumbent, *a.* lying or leaning upon, *L.*
Incumbent, *s.* one who has possession of a benefice, *L.*
Incumber, *v.* to clog or hinder
Incumbrance, *s.* a clog or hindrance
Incur, *v.* to fall under, become liable
Incurable, *a.* without remedy, past cure
Incurious, *a.* without curiosity, without a polite taste, *L.*
Incursion, *s.* an inroad of soldiers into an enemy's country
Indebted, *part.* having incurred a debt
Indecency, *s.* whatever is unbecoming, *F.*
Indecent, *s.* immodest, unfit for the eye or ear, *F.*
Indeclinable, *a.* not varied by terminations
Indecorous, *a.* indecent, unbecoming
Indecorum, *s.* unseemliness, unhandsome carriage, *L.*
Indeed, *ad.* in reality, in truth
Indefatigable, *a.* unwearied with labour
Indefeasible, *a.* not to be defeated, or made void
Indefensible, *a.* not to be defended
Indefinite, *a.* that has no bounds, unlimited, *L.*
Indelible, *a.* not to be blotted out, *L.*
Indelicacy, *s.* unpoliteness, want of decency
Indelicate, *a.* wanting decency
Indemnification, *s.* reimbursement, security

Indámnify, *v.* to ſave harmleſs, or from damage, *F.*
Indémnity, *ſ.* being ſaved harmleſs, *F.*
Indént, *v.* to jag, notch, or ſcollop, to contract, *F.*
Indénture, *ſ.* a covenant or deed
Indepéndence, *ſ.* exemption from controul
Indepéndent, *a.* without dependence
Indepéndents, *ſ.* a ſort of diſſenters
Indetérminate, *a.* undetermined, unlimited, *L.*
Indevótion, *ſ.* want of devotion, *F.*
Indéx, *ſ.* a mark thus [☞] to direct to ſomething remarkable, an alphabetical table of contents
I'ndicant, *a.* ſhewing, pointing out
I'ndicate, *v.* to ſhew or diſcover
Indicátion, *ſ.* a ſymptom, ſign, mark, token *L.*
I'ndico, *ſ.* an Indian drug of a dark blue colour
Indíct, *v.* to impeach, to prefer an indictment
Indictment, *ſ.* a bill of accuſation preſented to a court of juſtice
Indifférence, *ſ.* unconcern, *L.*
Indifferent, *a.* regardleſs, impartial, tolerable
Indifferently, *ad.* tolerably, impartially
I'ndigence, *ſ.* need, poverty, want, *L.*
I'ndigent, *a.* needy, poor, *L.*
Indigéſted, *a.* out of order, unconcocted, *L.*
Indigéſtible, *a.* that cannot be digeſted, *L.*
Indigéſtion, *ſ.* a want of digeſtion, *L.*
Indignant, *a.* full of indignation, angry, diſdainful, *L.*
Indignátion, *ſ.* anger with contempt, *L.*
Indignity, *ſ.* unworthy uſage, affront, diſgrace, *L.*
Indiréct, *a.* not upright, unfair, unhandſome
Indirectly, *ad.* unfairly, obliquely
Indiſcérnible, *a.* not to be diſcerned, not diſcoverable, *L.*
Indiſcreét, *a.* imprudent, unwiſe, unwary, *L.*
Indiſcrétion, *ſ.* want of diſcretion, inconſideration
Indiſcriminate, *a.* undiſtinguiſhed, not ſeparated, *L.*
Indiſcriminately, *ad.* without diſtinction
Indiſpénſible, *a.* abſolutely neceſſary
Indiſpóſe, *v.* to make unfit, *F.*
Indiſpóſed, *a.* not willing or diſpoſed, out of order, *F.*
Indiſpoſition, *ſ.* ſickneſs, diſlike
Indiſputable, *a.* not to be diſputed, undeniable, *L.*
Indiſſolúble, *a.* that cannot be diſſolved or looſed
Indiſtinct, *a.* confuſed, diſordered, *L.*
Indivídual, *a.* not to be divided, *L.*
Indivídual, *ſ.* every ſingle perſon, *L.*
Indiviſible, *a.* that cannot be divided, *L.*
Indiviſibility, *ſ.* a being indiviſible, *L.*
Indócible, *a.* that cannot be taught, inteachable, *L.*
Indocil, *a.* inteachable
Indocility, *ſ.* unteachableneſs
I'ndolence, *ſ.* lazineſs, unwillingneſs to take pains, *L.*
I'ndolent, *a.* careleſs, lazy, ſupine, *L.*
Indórſe, *v.* to write on the back of a note, &c. *L.*
Indórſement, *ſ.* a writing on the backſide of a note, &c.
Indráught, *ſ.* a running or paſſage inwards, *S.*
Indúbitable, *a.* not to be doubted, *L.*
Indúce, *v.* to perſuade, allure, draw into
Indúcement, *ſ.* a motive
Indúct, *v.* to put in poſſeſſion

nducted. *a.* admitted to the poſſeſſion of a benefice

nduction, *ſ.* a conſequence or concluſion, putting a clergyman into the poſſeſſion of a living, *L.*

ndúlge, *v.* to humour, to gratify, to grant, to fondle, *L.*

ndúlgence, *ſ.* fondneſs, tenderneſs, forgiveneſs, *L.*

ndúlgent, *a.* favouring, mild, kind

ndurate, *v.* to harden, *L.*

ndúſtrious, *a.* diligent, laborious, pains-taking, *L.*

ndúſtriouſly, *ad.* diligently for the ſet purpoſe

ndúſtry, *ſ.* aſſiduity, diligence, *L.*

nébriate, *v.* to intoxicate or make drunk, *L.*

néffable, *a.* unſpeakable, not to be expreſſed, *L.*

neffective, *a.* ineffectual, or inefficacious, *L.*

neffectual, *a.* weak, without power

nefficácious, *a.* unable to produce effects

néfficacy, *ſ.* want of power or effect

nélegance, *ſ.* want of elegance

nélegant, *a.* wanting elegance

nelegant, *a.* without beauty, grace or propriety

népt, *a.* unfit, unapt, weak, ſilly, *L.*

néptitude, *ſ.* unaptneſs, unfitneſs, *L.*

nequálity, *ſ.* unevenneſs, diſproportion, *L.*

nérrable, *a.* exempt from error

nért, *a.* ſluggiſh, motionleſs

neſtimable, *a.* that cannot be ſufficiently valued, *L.*

névitable, *a.* not to be avoided or ſhunned

nexcuſable, *a* not to be excuſed

nexhálable, *a.* that cannot evaporate

nexhaúſtible, *a.* not to be exhauſted, *L.*

néxorable, *a.* not to be entreated, prevailed on, *L.*

Inexpédient, *a.* unfit, inconvenient, improper, *L.*

Inexpért, *a.* unſkilful

Inéxpiable, *a.* not to be expiated, *L.*

Inéxplicable, *a* not to be explained, *L.*

Inexpréſſible, *a.* not to be expreſſed

Inextínguiſhable, *a.* not to be extinguiſhed, unqueſtionable, *L.*

Inéxtricable, *a.* from which one cannot extricate one's ſelf, *L.*

Infallibility, *ſ.* incapable of error

Infállible, *a.* not liable to fail or err

Infamous, *a.* of evil report, ſcandalous, baſe, *L.*

Infámy, *ſ.* diſhonour, diſgrace, *L.*

Infancy, *ſ.* childhood, *L.*

Infant, *ſ.* a young child. In law, any perſon under 21 years of age, *L.*

Infánta, *ſ.* any of the daughters of the king of Spain and Portugal, except the eldeſt

Infantry, *ſ.* the foot ſoldiers, *F.*

Infátuate, *v.* to make fooliſh, beſet, bewitch, *L.*

Infatuátion, *ſ.* a being infatuated, *L.*

Infect, *v.* to corrupt, taint, *L.*

Infection, *ſ.* contagion

Infectious, *a.* apt to infect, tainting, catching, *L.*

Infecúndity, *ſ.* want of fertility, barrenneſs

Infelicity, *ſ.* unhappineſs, *L.*

Infer, *v.* to draw a conſequence, concluſion, *L.*

Inference, *ſ.* conſequence, or concluſion, *L.*

Inferiority, *ſ.* a lower degree

Inférior, *a.* ſubordinate, *L.*

Infernal, *a.* helliſh, *L.*

Infértile, *a.* unfruitful, *L.*

Infertility, *ſ.* unfruitfulneſs

Infeſt, *v.* to annoy, trouble, harraſs

Infidel, *ſ.* an unbeliever, *L.*

Infidélity, *ſ.* unfaithfulneſs, diſbelief of chriſtianity
I'nfinite, *a.* without bounds, or limits, endleſs, *L.*
Infinitive, *ſ.* a mood in grammar
Infi'nity, *ſ.* an endleſs number, immenſity
Infi'rm, *a.* weak, feeble, crazy, *F.*
Infi'rmary, *ſ.* an hoſpital, *F.*
Infi'rmity, *ſ.* weakneſs, feebleneſs, a malady, *F.*
Infi'rmneſs, *ſ* weakneſs, feebleneſs
Infi'x, *v.* to faſten in, *L.*
Inflâme, *v.* to ſet on fire, to inceníe quarrels
Inflámmable, *a.* combuſtible, apt to take fire
Inflámmation, *ſ.* a preternatural heat, *F.*
Inflámmatory, *a.* cauſing an inflammation
Inflátion, *ſ.* a windy ſwelling
Inflection, *ſ.* a bending, modulation of vice, *L.*
Inflexibility, *ſ.* obſtinacy, ſtiffneſs.
Inflexible, *a.* ſtubborn, not to be prevailed on
Inflict, *v.* to lay a puniſhment on, *L.*
I'nfluence, *ſ.* an aſcendant power
I'nfluence, *v.* to ſway, have power over
I'nfluent, *a* flowing in
I'nflux, *ſ.* a flowing in, influence
Inform, *v.* make known, to actuate by vital powers
Informant, *ſ.* one who gives information
Informátion, *ſ.* advice, notice, an accuſation, *L.*
Informer, *ſ.* one who inſtructs, an informant
Infráction, *ſ.* a breaking, violation
Infringe, *v.* to break a law, cuſtom or privilege, *L*
Infúſe, *v.* to pour into, inſpire, ſuggeſt, *L.*
Infúſion, *ſ.* a pouring in, a ſteeping in hot liquor
Ingáthering, *ſ.* harveſt time
Ingénerated, *a.* unbegotten, innate, inborn
Ingénious, *a.* handy, ſkilful, poſſeſſed of genius, *L.*
Ingenúity, *ſ.* ingeniouſneſs, or frankneſs, *L.*
Ingénuous, *a.* frank, free, open, ſincere, *L.*
Inglórious, *a.* baſe, mean, diſhonourable, *L.*
I'ngot, *ſ.* a wedge of gold or ſilver
Ingráte, *a.* ungrateful
Ingrátiate, *v.* to endeavour to become a favourite, *L.*
Ingrátitude, *ſ.* unthankfulneſs
Ingrédient, *ſ.* a ſimple, or part of any compound, *L.*
I'ngreſs, *ſ.* an entrance, *L.*
Ingréſſion, *ſ.* the act of entering
Ingulf, *v.* to ſwallow up
Inhábit, *v.* to dwell or live in, *L.*
Inhábitable, *a.* not fit to live in
Inhabitant, *ſ.* one who lives in a place, *L.*
Inhále, *v.* to draw in air, *L.*
Inhérent, *a.* inbred, innate, *L.*
Inhérit, *v.* to hold or enjoy
Inhéritor, *ſ.* a male heir
Inhéritrix, *ſ.* a female heir
Inhéritable, *a.* obtainable by ſucceſſion
Inhéritance, *ſ.* a patrimony
Inhéſion, *ſ.* inherence
Inhibit *v.* to forbid, to reſtrain
Inhibition, *ſ.* a prohibition, embargo
Inhóſpitable, *a.* uncivil to ſtrangers, *L.*
Inhoſpitality, *ſ.* the want of courteſy or hoſpitality
Inhúman, *v.* void of humanity, barbarous, cruel
Inhumánity, *ſ.* barbarity, cruelty
Inhume, *v.* to bury
Injéct, *v.* to caſt or ſquirt in, *L.*
Injéction, *ſ.* a caſting or ſquirting in, *L.*

Inímitable, *a.* that cannot be imitated, *L.*
Iniquitous, *a.* contrary to equity
Iníquity, *ſ.* wickedneſs, immorality, impiety, *L.*
Initial, *a.* placed at the beginning
Initiate, *v.* to enter, to admit, to inſtruct, *L*
Initiátion, *ſ.* the act of initiating, *L.*
Injudicial, *a* not according to form of law
Injudicious, *a.* without judgment or diſcretion, *F.*
Injúnction, *ſ.* an order, command, prohibition
I'njure, *v.* to wrong, abuſe, or hurt, *L.*
Injúrious, *a.* wrongful, unjuſt, abuſive, *L.*
Injury, *ſ.* prejudice, wrong, abuſive language
Injúſtice, *ſ.* contrary to juſtice, iniquity
Ink, *ſ.* a liquid to write or print with, *B.*
Inkhórn, *ſ.* a veſſel to hold ink to write with
Inkle, *ſ.* a ſort of coarſe tape
Inkling, *ſ.* a hint, intimation
I'nky, *a.* dawbed with ink
I'nland, *a.* not bordering on the ſea, *T.*
I'nlay, *v.* to let in pieces of different colours
I'nlet, *ſ.* a paſſage into, entrance, *S.*
I'nmate, *ſ.* a lodger, *S.*
I'nmoſt, *a.* moſt inward
Inn, *ſ.* a houſe for the entertainment of travellers; a college for lawyers, ſtudents, &c.
Innáte, *a.* inbred, implanted by nature
Inner, *a.* inward
I'nnermoſt, *a.* the moſt inward
Innhólder, *ſ.* a man who keeps an inn
Innkeéper, *ſ.* one who keeps an inn
I'nnocence, *ſ.* harmleſſneſs, purity of ſoul, *L.*
I'nnocent, *a.* blameleſs, harmleſs
I'nnocent's Day, *ſ.* Childermas Day, the 28th of December
Innovate, *v.* to introduce novelties, *L.*
Innovátion, *ſ.* bringing in novelties *L.*
Inn.órious, *a.* harmleſs, free from crime
Innuéndo, *ſ.* an inſinuation, obſcure hint
Innúmerable, *a.* numberleſs
Inóculate, *v.* to propagate by inſertion
Inoculátion, *ſ.* grafting in the bud, a method of giving the ſmall pox
Inoffénſive, *a.* that gives no offence, harmleſs, *F.*
Inórdinate, *a.* unruly, immoderate, *L.*
Inquietude, *ſ.* reſtleſſneſs, uneaſineſs, *L.*
Inquíre, *v.* to aſk, to ſearch into, *L.*
Inquíry, *ſ.* examination, ſearch
Inquiſ'tion, *ſ.* a diligent ſearch or inquiry
Inquiſitive, *a.* curious, prying into
Inquíſitor, *ſ.* a judge of the popiſh inquiſition
Inróad, *ſ.* the invaſion of an enemy's country
Inrol, *v.* to regiſter, *F.*
Inſáne, *a.* unſound, mad, diſtracted, *L.*
Inſátiable, *a.* not to be ſatisfied, greedy
Inſcribe, *v.* to write in, or upon
Inſcription, *ſ.* dedication, epitaph, &c.
Inſcrútable, *a.* unſearchable, *L.*
I'nſect, *ſ.* any ſmall creature that creeps or flies, *L.*
Inſecure, *a.* unſafe, in jeopardy, not out of danger, *L.*
Inſecúrity, *ſ.* want of ſafety, danger, hazard, *L.*
Inſenſibility, *ſ.* without ſenſibility, ſtupidity, *L.*
Inſénſible, *a.* that has no feeling, void of ſenſe, *L.*
Inſénſibly, *ad* by ſlow degrees, imperceptibly
Inſéparable, *a.* not to be parted, always together, *L.*
Inſért, *v.* to put or place in, *L.*
Inſértion, *ſ.* any thing put, planted, or grafted in

Inſhrine, *v.* to put into a ſhrine
I'nſide, *ſ.* the inner part
Inſi'dious, *a.* ſly, inſnaring, deceitful, *L.*
I'nſight, *ſ.* knowledge, ſkill, or light into a matter, *L. &.*
Inſignificance, *ſ.* unimportance, want of meaning
Inſignificant, *a.* trifling, inconſiderable, *L.*
Inſincére, *a* falſe, unfaithful, diſſembling
Inſincérity, *ſ.* diſſimulation
Inſinúate, *v.* to hint, ſcrew into favour, *L.*
Inſinuátion, *ſ.* the act of inſinuating
Inſi'pid, *a.* without taſte or reliſh, flat, dry, *L.*
Inſi'ſt, *v.* to demand in poſitive terms, urge, require
Inſi'tion, *ſ.* ingraftment
Inſnáre, *v.* to draw into a ſnare
I'nſolence, *ſ.* petulent contempt
I'nſolent, *a.* ſaucy, bold, proud, arrogant
Inſólvent, *a.* not able to pay, *F.*
Inſólvency, *ſ.* an inability to pay debts
Inſpéct, *v.* to look narrowly into, to overſee, *L.*
Inſpéction, *ſ.* inſight, looking over
Inſpirátion, *ſ.* a drawing in the breath, an heavenly impulſe or ſuggeſtion
Inſpire, *v.* to breathe or infuſe into, *L.*
Inſpiſſate, *v.* to thicken, *L.*
Inſtability, *ſ.* unſteadineſs, *L.*
Inſtáll, *v.* to put in poſſeſſion, *F.*
Inſtallátion, *ſ.* the act of inſtalling, *F.*
Inſtállment, *ſ.* the act of inſtalling, *F.*
I'nſtance, *ſ.* example, proof, ſolicitation, *F.*
I'nſtance, *v.* to produce an example
I'nſtant, *a.* earneſt, preſſing, immediate
I'nſtant, *ſ.* a moment, the preſent month
Inſtantáneous, *a.* immediately, in an inſtant, *L.*
Inſtántly, *ad.* immediately
Inſtáte, *v.* to place in a certain rank
Inſtauráti on, *ſ.* reſtoring to a former ſtate, *L.*
Inſtéad, *ad.* in the room of
I'nſtep, *ſ.* the upper part of the foot next the leg
I'nſtigate, *v.* to ſet on, encourage, animate, *L.*
Inſtigation, *ſ.* perſuaſion, incitement to a crime, *L.*
Inſtil, *v.* to infuſe notions or principles, *L.*
Inſtinct, *ſ.* a natural guide in animals
Inſtinctive, *a.* acting without the choice or reaſon
I'nſtitute, *v.* to ordain, appoint, or eſtabliſh, *L.*
I'nſtitutes, *ſ.* ordinances, laws, precepts
Inſtitútion, *ſ.* eſtabliſhment, appointment
Inſtrúct, *v.* to teach, *L.*
Inſtrúction, *ſ.* teaching, direction
Inſtrúctive, *a.* proper to inſtruct
I'nſtrument, *ſ.* an act or deed, a tool, *L.*
Inſtrumental, *a.* ſerviceable as a means, not vocal
Inſúfferable, *a.* intolerable, inſupportable
Inſuffi'ciency, *ſ.* incapacity, inability, *F.*
Inſuffi'cient, *a.* not ſufficient
I'nſular, *a.* of or belonging to an iſland, *L.*
I'nſult, *ſ.* an abuſe, outrage, aſſault, *L.*
I'nſult, *v.* to affront, to domineer, crow over, *L.*
Inſúpportable, *a.* not to be borne with, *F.*
Inſúperable, *a.* invincible, not to be overcome, *L.*
Inſurréction, *ſ.* a popular tumult or riſing againſt, *L.*
Intángle, *v.* to diſorder by twiſting about, to perplex
I'nteger, *ſ.* a whole number or thing, *L.*
I'ntegral, *a.* of or belonging to the whole
Inté rity, *ſ.* honeſty, probity, purity of manners

I'ntellect,

Intellect, *ſ.* the underſtanding
Intellective, *a.* able to underſtand
Intellectual, *a.* belonging to the underſtanding
Intelligence, *ſ.* knowledge, underſtanding, news, advice, *L.*
Intelligent, *a.* underſtanding, well ſkilled, *L.*
Intelligible, *a.* eaſily underſtood
Intemperance, *ſ.* exceſs in meat or drink, *L.*
Intemperate, *a.* immoderate
Intemperature, *ſ.* exceſs of ſome quality
Intend, *v.* to deſign, to mean, *L.*
Intendant, *ſ.* the chief governor of a province in France
Intendment, *ſ.* intention, deſign
Intenſe, *a.* very great, extenſive, ardent, *L.*
Intenſely, *ad.* to a great degree
Intenſeneſs, *ſ.* cloſeneſs, acuteneſs, ſharpneſs
Intenſive, *a.* full of care, intent, *L.*
Intent, *a.* cloſely bent upon, earneſt, *L.*
Intention, *ſ.* deſign, purpoſe, eagerneſs of deſire
Intentional, *a.* belonging to the intention, by deſign
Intently, *ad.* with cloſe application
Inter, *v.* to bury, to put into the ground, *F.*
Intercalary, *a.* put or ſet between, *L.*
Intercalation, *ſ.* the inſerting of a day
Interceſſor, *ſ.* one who intercedes, *L.*
Intercede, *v.* to intreat for, to be a mediator
Intercept, *v.* to take up by the way, *L.*
Interceſſion, *ſ.* an interceding for another, *L.*
Interchange, *v.* mutually to exchange, to ſucceed alternately, *F.*
Interchangeably, *ad.* alternately, or by turns
Intercolumniation, *ſ.* the ſpace between two columns, *L.*
Intercourſe, *ſ.* free and mutual correſpondence, *F.*
Interciſion, *ſ.* a cutting off in the midſt, interruption
Interdict, *v.* to prohibit, or forbid, *L.*
Interdict, *ſ.* excommunication, publication
Intereſt, *v.* to make another's concern our own
Intereſt, *ſ.* concern, advantage, benefit, uſury
Intereſting, *a.* affecting
Interfere, *v.* to claſh, interpoſe, intermeddle
Interjection, *ſ.* a ſudden and abrupt crying out, as, alas!
Interleave, *v.* to put blank paper between the leaves
Interim, *ſ.* in the mean time
Interiour, *a.* inſide, internal, *L.*
Interlard, *v.* to inſert between, diverſify, *F.*
Interline, *v.* to write between the lines, *L.*
Interlineation, *ſ.* any thing written between two lines
Interlocution, *ſ.* a dialogue
Interloper, *ſ.* an intruder, one who has no right
Interlude, *ſ.* what paſſes between the acts, *L.*
Intermeddle, *v.* to interfere in another's buſineſs, *F.*
Intermediate, *a.* intervening, coming between, *L.*
Interment, *ſ.* burial, *F.*
Intermingle, *v.* to mingle together
Intermiſſion, *ſ.* ceſſation for a time
Intermit, *v.* to leave off, ceaſe for a while
Intermiting, *a.* coming by fits
Intermix, *v.* to intermingle
Intermixture, *ſ.* ingredients mixed
Internal, *a.* inward, *L.*
Internuncio, *ſ.* a meſſenger between two parties
Interpolate, *v.* to foiſt, to crowd into a writing, *L.*

Interpolation, *ſ.* an addition to an original
Interpoſe, *v.* to meditate, to ſtep in between, *F.*
Interpoſition, *ſ.* an interpoſing, *F.*
Interpret, *v.* to expound, decypher, *L.*
Interpretation, *ſ.* an expoſition
Interregnum, *ſ.* while the throne is vacant, *L.*
Interrogate, *v.* to aſk queſtions, examine, *L.*
Interrogation, *ſ.* a queſtion, a point marked thus [?] after a queſtion
Interrogatory, *ſ.* a queſtion
Interrupt, *v.* to ſeparate, divide, hinder,
Interruption, *ſ.* a hinderance, a diſcontinuance, *L.*
Interſect, *v.* to divide, lie acroſs each other
Interſection, *ſ.* cutting one line or plane by another
Interſperſe, *v.* to ſprinkle, ſcatter here and there, *L.*
Interſtice, *ſ.* a ſpace between
Interval, *ſ.* ſpace between, pauſe, reſpite
Intervene, *v.* to come between, unlooked for
Intervention, *ſ.* a coming between
Interview, *ſ.* a meeting, a conference, *F.*
Interweave, *v.* to mix one with another
Inteſtate, *a.* dying without a will, *L.*
Inteſtine, *a.* domeſtic, internal, inward, *L.*
Inteſtines, *ſ.* the bowels, the guts
Inthral, *v.* to ſhackle, to enſlave
Inthralment, *ſ.* ſlavery, embarraſſment
Inthrone, *v.* to ſeat on a throne
Intimacy, *ſ.* great familiarity, *L.*
Intimate, *ſ.* a particular acquaintance, *L.*
Intimate, *v.* to hint or ſuggeſt
Intimation, *ſ.* a hint or giving to underſtand
Intimidate, *v.* to put in fear, diſhearten, terrify
Intire, *a.* complete, whole, *F.*
Intolerable, *a.* unſufferable
Intomb, *v.* to put into a tomb
Intoxicate, *v.* to make drunk
Intractable, *a.* ungoverneable, ſtubborn, *L.*
Intrench, *v.* to fortify with intrenchments, to intrude upon
Intrenchment, *ſ.* a trench or fence to defend againſt the attacks of an enemy
Intrepid, *a.* fearleſs, undaunted, reſolute
Intrepidity, *ſ.* undauntedneſs, bravery
Intricacy, *ſ.* perplexity, difficulty
Intricate, *a.* perplexed, intangled, difficult, obſcure, *L.*
Intrigue, *ſ.* a ſecret amour, a plot, *F.*
Intrigue, *v.* to carry on private deſigns, *F.*
Intrinſic, or Intrinſical, *a.* real, natural, internal, *L.*
Introduce, *v.* to uſher, bring or lead in
Introduction, *ſ.* a bringing in, a kind of preface
Introductive or Introductory, *a.* ſerving to introduce
Intrude, *v.* to intermeddle, to come uninvited, *L.*
Intruder, *ſ.* an interloper
Intruſion, *ſ.* the act of intruding
Intruſt, *v.* to truſt with
Intuition, *ſ.* inward perception, *L.*
Intuitive, *a.* that perceives or conſiders directly, *L.*
Intwine, *v.* to twine or twiſt together
Invade, *v.* to enter by force, to ſeize or lay hold of
Invader, *ſ.* an aſſailant, encroacher, intruder
Invalid, *a.* weak, of no value
Invalid, *ſ.* a diſabled ſoldier
Invalidate, *v.* to break the force of, ſet aſide, *F.*
Invalidity, *ſ.* weakneſs, want of ſtrength, *F.*

Invaluable,

Inváluable, *a.* ineſtimable
Inváriable, *a.* unchangeable, *L.*
Invásion, *ſ.* an inroad into a country, *L.*
Invéctive, *ſ.* a railing ſpeech, *L.*
Invéctive, *a.* railing, reproaching, virulent, *L.*
Invéigh, *v.* to rail at, to ſpeak bitterly againſt, *L.*
Invéigle, *v.* to allure, entice, deceive by fair words.
Invélope, *v.* to infold, wrap up, or cover, *F.*
Invént, *v.* to contrive, feign, forge
Invéntion, *ſ.* a contrivance, a diſcovery, execution, *F.*
Invéntive, *a.* apt to invent, *F.*
I'nventory, *ſ.* a catalogue of a perſon's goods, *F.*
Invérſe, *a.* backward, contrary
Invérſion, *ſ.* a turning the contrary way
Invert, *v.* to turn upſide down, *L.*
Invéſt, *v.* to confer a title or dignity, to beſiege, *L.*
Invéſtigate, *v.* to trace out, to ſearch diligently, *L.*
Invéſtigation, *ſ.* examination
Invéſtitute, *ſ.* a putting in poſſeſſion
Invéteracy, *ſ.* a ſettled malice, exceſs of a diſeaſe
Invéterate, *a.* confirmed by long uſe, obſtinate, *L.*
Invídious, *a.* ill natured, malicious, envious, *L.*
Invígorate, *v.* to inſpire with vigour, life and ſpirit
Invincible, *a.* inſuperable, not to be conquered, *L.*
Inviolable, *a.* not to be violated or broken, *L.*
Invíſible, *a.* not to be ſeen, *L.*
Invitátion, *ſ.* an inviting
Invíte, *v.* to deſire to come, encourage or excite, *L.*
Inundation, *ſ.* a flood, a deluge, *L.*
Invocate, *v.* to invoke, to call upon, *L.*
Invocátion, *ſ.* a calling upon in prayer
Invóice, *ſ.* an account of goods, bill of parcels
Invóke, *v.* to call on, implore
Involve, *v.* to wrap or fold in, entangle, *L.*
Invóluntary, *a.* not wilfully, *L.*
Involution, *ſ.* complication
Inúre, *v.* to accuſtom, to habituate
Inutility, *ſ.* unprofitableneſs, *L.*
Invúlnerable, *a.* that cannot be wounded, *L.*
I'nward, and inwards, *ad.* within, *S.*
Inwárd, *a.* internal
Inwárds, *ſ.* inteſtines
Inwráp, *v.* to cover, to wrap up
I'nwrought, *a.* adorned with work
Joan, *ſ.* a woman's name
Job, *ſ.* a man's name
J'ob, *v.* to ſtab with ſomething ſharp
Jo'b, *ſ.* a piece of chance work
Jo'ckey, *ſ.* one who manages and deals in horſes
Jóckey, *ſ.* to juſtle, cheat, trick
Jocóſe, *a.* jovial, given to jeſting, merry, *L.*
Jócular, *a.* jovial or jocund, given to jeſting, *L.*
Jog, *v.* to ſhove or ſhake, to jolt
Jog, *ſ.* a ſlight ſhake, a puſh
Joggle, *v.* to ſhake
John, *ſ.* a man's name
Join, *v.* to add, unite, encounter
Joíner, *ſ.* one who performs the curious part of wood work in houſes
Joínery, *ſ.* the art of joining wood
Joint, *ſ.* the articulation of limbs
Joint, *a.* combined, acting together, in conſort
Jóinture, *ſ.* an eſtate ſettled on a wife

Joiſts,

Joiſts, *ſ.* ſmall beams in floors
Joke, *v.* to jeſt, to be merry in words
Jole, *ſ.* the head of a fiſh
Jóllity, *ſ.* gaiety, merryment
Jólly, *a.* fat, luſty, gay, chearful
Jolt, *v.* to ſhake by toſſing up
Jolt, *ſ.* a violent ſhock
Jolthead, *ſ.* a great head, a dolt
Jonas, *ſ.* a man's name
Jónathan, *ſ.* a man's name
Jonquil, *ſ.* a ſtrong ſcented flower
Joſtle, *v.* to puſh with the elbow, to ruſh againſt
Joſcelin, *ſ.* a man's name
Joſeph, *ſ.* a man's name
Joſhua, *ſ.* a man's name
Jo'ah, *ſ.* a man's name
Jot, *ſ.* a point or tittle
Jóvial, *a.* merry, gay, *L.*
Jóurnal, *ſ.* a diary or day-book, *F.*
Jóurnaliſt, *ſ.* a writer of journals
Jóurney, *ſ.* travelling by land, *F.*
Jóurneyman, *ſ.* a hired workman
Jóurneywork, *ſ.* work done by journeymen
Joy, *ſ.* gladneſs of heart, *F.*
Joy'ful, *a.* glad, affording cauſe of joy
Jóyleſs, *a.* deſtitute of joy
Joynt, *a.* mutual, or joined together
Joy'ous, *a.* glad, gay, merry
Ipecácuanha, *ſ.* an emetic root
Irácible, *a.* capable of being angry, *L.*
Ire, *ſ.* anger, wrath, diſpleaſure, *L.*
Iris, *ſ.* the rainbow, the flower de luce, a circle round the pupil of the eye
I'rkſome, *a.* troubleſome, vexatious, diſpleaſing
I'ron, *ſ.* a metal, an inſtrument made of it
I'ron, *a.* rigid, hard, made of iron
I'ron, *v.* to ſmooth with an iron
Iróniçal, *a.* ſpoken by way of irony
I'rony, *ſ.* ſaying one thing and meaning the contrary, *G.*
Irádiate, *v.* to enlighten, *L.*
Irrátional, *a.* unreaſonable, *L.*
Irrationálity, *ſ.* the being void of reaſon
Irreclaímable, *a.* not to be reclaimed
Irreconçíleable, *a.* not to be reconciled *F.*
Irrecóverable, *a.* not to be recovered, *F.*
Irreducible, *a.* not to be reduced
Irrefragable, *a.* incontеſtable
Irrégular, *a.* not regular, diſorderly, *F.*
Irrégularity, *ſ.* a going out of rule or order
Irreligion, *ſ.* impiety, want of religion, *L.*
Irreligious *a.* without religion
Irrémeable, *a.* admitting of no return
Irremédiable, *a.* not to be remedied, *L.*
Irremiſſible, *a.* not to be pardoned
Irréparable, *a.* not to be repaired, *L.*
Irreprehénſible, *a.* exempt from blame, *L.*
Irreproachable, *a.* not to be reproached, blameleſs, *L.*
Irrepróveable, *a.* not to be reproved
Irreſiſtible, *a.* not to be reſiſted, *L.*
Irréſolute, *a.* wavering, undetermined, *L.*
Irreſolútion, *ſ.* want of reſolution
Irretrievable, *a.* not to be retrieved, *F.*
Irréverence, *ſ.* want of reverence, *F.*
Irréverent, *a.* diſreſpectful, diſhonourable, *F.*
Irréverently, *ad.* without due reſpect
Irréverſible, *a.* not to be reverſed, *F.*
Irrevócable, *a.* not to be recalled, *L.*
I'rritate, *v.* to provoke to anger, incenſe, ſtir up, *L.*
Irrúption, *ſ.* a breaking into, violent burſting forth, *L.*
I'ſaac, *ſ.* a man's name
Iſabel, *ſ.* a woman's name

I'ſicle,

I'ficle, *ſ.* *See* Icecle
I'ſinglaſ, *ſ.* a kind of fiſh glue
I'ſland, *ſ.* a land ſurrounded by water
I'ſlander, *ſ.* the inhabitant of an iſland
Iſle, *ſ.* an inland, *F.*
Iſſue, *ſ.* event, conſequence, progeny, *F.*
Iſſue, *v.* to flow out, to publiſh, *F.*
Iſthmus, *ſ.* a neck of land joining a peninſula to a continent, *G.*
Itálian. *a.* ſomething belonging to Italy
Itch, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in the ſkin
Item, *ad.* alſo
Item, *ſ.* an article in an account, a hint, *L.*
Itínerant, *a.* travelling, rambling, not ſettled
Itínerary, *a.* done on a journey, a book of roads
Júbilee, *ſ.* a public periodical feſtivity
Jucundity, *ſ.* pleaſantneſs
Judaiſm, *ſ.* the religion of the Jews
Judaize, *v.* to imitate the cuſtoms of the Jews
Judge, *ſ.* one who preſides in a court of juſtice, a ſkilful perſon, *F.*
Judge, *v.* to determine cauſes, to give one's opinion, to diſtinguiſh
Júdgment, *ſ.* deciſion, ſentence, opinion
Júdicatory, *ſ.* a court of juſtice
Júdicature, *ſ.* power of diſtributing juſtice
Judícial, *a.* belonging to a cauſe or trial
Judícially, *ad.* in the form of law
Judícious, *a.* wiſe, diſcreet, rational, *F.*
Judíciouſly, *ad.* ſkilfully, wiſely
Judith, *ſ.* a woman's name
Jug, *ſ.* an earthen pitcher
Júggle, *v.* to play tricks by ſlight of hand, *F.*
Júggler, *ſ.* one who juggles, a cheat
Júgular, *ſ.* belonging to the throat
Juice, *ſ.* the moiſture of fruit and plants
Júiceleſs, *a.* without moiſture, dry
Júicineſs, *ſ.* an abounding in juice
Juicy, *a.* moiſt, full of juice
Júlep, *ſ.* a liquid medicine
Júlian, *ſ.* a man's name
July, *ſ.* the ſeventh month of the year
Júmble, *v.* to jolt or ſhake, to mingle or confound
Júmble, *ſ.* a confuſed mixture
Jument, *ſ.* a beaſt of burthen, *L.*
Jump, *v.* to leap, to agree
Jump, *ſ.* a leap, a ſkip
Jumps, *ſ.* a kind of bodice
Júnction, *ſ.* union, coalition, *F.*
Juncto, or Junto, *ſ.* men met to ſit in counſel, a cabal, *I.*
Júncture, *ſ.* an inſtant, poſture of affairs, a joint
June, *ſ.* the ſixth month in the year
Júnior, *a.* the younger, of later ſtanding, *L.*
Junk, *ſ.* an Indian ſhip, pieces of old cable
Júnket, *ſ.* a ſtolen treat, or entertainment
Júnket, *v.* to feaſt privately
Júnto, *ſ.* a cabal
I'vory, *ſ.* the elephant's tooth
Júrats, *ſ.* a kind of aldermen
Juridical, *a.* of or belonging to the law, *L.*
Juridically, *ad.* with legal authority
Juriſdiction, *ſ.* authority, a diſtrict of a court, *L.*
Juriſprúdence, *ſ.* a knowledge of the civil law, *L.*
Júror, *ſ.* one ſworn on a jury
Júry, *ſ.* perſons ſworn to deliver the truth upon ſuch evidence as ſhall be given before them, *F.*
Júryman, *ſ.* one who is pannelled on a jury
Juſt, *ſ.* a mock fight on horſe-back

Juſt, *a.* equitable, true, honeſt, regular, *L.*
Júſtice, *ſ.* equity
Juſticiary, *ſ.* an adminiſtrator of juſtice, *L.*
Juſtifi'able, *a.* defenſible, that may be juſtified
Juſtificátion, *ſ.* a vindication, or clearing
Júſtify, *v.* to prove, maintain, clear from guilt, *L.*
Júſtly, *ad.* exactly, uprightly, honeſtly
Júſtneſs, *ſ.* exactneſs, equity, reaſonableneſs
Jut, *v.* to come out of the line
Júvenile, *a.* youthful
Ivy, *ſ.* a plant well known

K.

Many learned and polite writers omit the letter k *when it follows* c, *at the end of words of more than one ſyllable.*

KAlendar, *ſ.* a table of time
Káthérine, *ſ.* a woman's name
Kaw, *v.* to make a noiſe like a jack-daw, or crow
Keck, *v.* to heave, to nauſiate
Keel, *ſ.* the loweſt timber of a ſhip, *S.*
Keélhale, *v.* to drag under the keel
Keen, *a.* ſharp, eager, ſevere, *B.*
Keenneſs, *ſ.* ſharpneſs, rigour
Keep, *v.* to retain, nouriſh, laſt or endure, *B.*
Keeper, *ſ.* one who keeps any thing
Keg, or Kag, *ſ.* a ſmall barrel, &c.
Kelp, *ſ.* a ſalt produced from a ſea weed
Ken, *v.* to ſpy out, to know
Ken, *ſ.* reach of ſight, view
Kennel, *ſ.* a place for dogs, a fox's hole, a water courſe in the ſtreets, &c.
Kérnel, *ſ.* the ſubſtance within a ſhell, &c.
Kérſey, *ſ.* a coarſe ſtuff
Ketch, *ſ.* a veſſel with only a mizen and main maſt
Kéttle, *ſ.* a well known kitchen utenſil
Kéttle drum, *ſ.* a drum with the head ſpread over braſs
Key, *ſ* an inſtrument to open a lock, the middle ſtone of an arch, an explanation of difficult paſſages, part of muſical inſtruments, a certain tune in muſic
Key. *See* Quay
Keyage, *ſ.* money for lying at a key, or quay
Kibe, *ſ.* an inflammation in the heels
Kick, *ſ.* a blow with the foot
Kick, *v.* to ſtrike with the foot
Kid, *ſ.* a young goat, *Dan.*
Kidnap, *v.* to ſteal children
Kidnápper, *ſ.* one who entices, or ſteal away children, *Du.*
Kidney, *ſ.* part of an animal, opinion
Kidney Beans, *ſ.* French beans
Kílderkin, *ſ.* a liquid meaſure of 18 gallons
Kill, *v.* to deprive of life
Kiln, *ſ.* a place to burn lime or bricks in, a place to dry hops or malt, *S.*
Kimbo, *a.* crooked, bent, arched
Kin, *ſ.* relation of conſanguinity or affinity, *S.*
Kind, *a.* benevolent, favourable, *T.*
Kind, *ſ.* a ſpecies, a ſort, *T.*
Kíndle, *v.* to ſet on fire, enflame
Kindly, *ad.* with good will
Kindly, *a.* mild
Kíndneſs, *ſ.* affection, favour, beneficence
Kíndred, *ſ.* relation by birth or marriage,
Kine, *ſ.* two or more cows
King, *ſ.* the chief ruler of a kingdom
Kíngdom, *ſ.* a country ſubject to a king, *S.*
Kingly, *a.* royal
King's Fiſher, *ſ* a ſea fowl

Kinsfolk, *ſ.* kindred, relations
Kinſman, *ſ.* a male couſin, a relation
Kinſwoman, *ſ.* a female couſin
Kirk, *ſ.* a church, the church of Scotland
Kiſs, *ſ.* a ſalute with the lips, *S.*
Kit, *ſ.* a ſmall tub with a cove, a milk-pail, a pocket violin, a large bottle, *Du.*
Kitchen, *ſ.* the room where meat is dreſſed
Kite, *ſ.* a large bird of prey, a play-thing for boys, *S.*
Kitten, *ſ.* a little young cat
Klick, *v.* to make a ſmall ſharp noiſe
Knack, *ſ.* an habitual felicity
Knap, *ſ.* the ſoft wool on the ſurface of cloth
Knápſack, *ſ.* a ſoldier's bag, *T.*
Knave, *ſ.* a rogue or cheat, a card ſo called, *L. S.*
Knávery, *ſ.* deceitful dealing
Knáviſh, *a.* fraudulent, diſhoneſt
Knead, *v.* to work dough with the fiſt, *S.*
Knee, *ſ.* the joint between the leg and thigh, *T.*
Kneel, *v.* to bend the knee
Knell, *ſ.* the ſound of a bell tolling
Knew, *v.* did know
Knife *ſ.* an inſtrument well known
Knight *ſ.* a title of honour next above an eſquire, *S.*
Knighthood, *ſ.* the order of dignity of a knight
Knit, *v.* to make ſtockings, &c. to draw the brow in wrinkles, *S.*
Knob, *ſ.* protuberances of a tree, &c. *D.*
Knóboy, *a.* full of knobs
Knock, *v.* to hit or ſtrike upon
Knock, *ſ.* a blow, ſudden ſtroke
Knocker, *ſ.* he who knocks, the hammer of a door
Knot, *ſ.* the part tied, a hard place in wood, a diſtinction worn by ſoldiers and footmen, ornament of ribbons, figures in gardens, *Gar.*
Knotty, *a.* full of knots
Know, *v.* to perceive with certainty, to underſtand, *S.*
Knowledge, *ſ.* ſkill, underſtanding, learning
Knúckle, *v.* to ſubmit
Knúckles, *ſ.* the joints of the fingers, the knee joints of a calf, *S.*

L.

L. Is a numeral which ſtands for 50. and where X is placed before it for 40
L. or l. when before or after figures ſtands for pound or pounds, as 60 l. ſixty pounds, and lb. is uſed to ſignify pounds weight
LL. D. ſignifies *legum doctor*, or doctor of laws
Lábel, *ſ.* a ſhort direction on a ſeparate paper, *L.*
Lábial, *a.* belonging to the lips, *L.*
Láboratory, *ſ.* a chymiſt's workſhop, *F.*
Láborious, *a.* pains-taking, toiling, tireſome, *L.*
Lábour, *ſ.* work, toil, travel in childbed, *L.*
Lábour, *v.* to work, to toil, to be in travail
Lábourer, *ſ.* one who does the moſt laborious work
Lábyrinth, *ſ.* a maze full of windings, *L.*
Lac, or Lacca, *ſ.* a red gum
Lace, *ſ.* a curious open work made of thread, an ornamental trimming of gold, ſilver, &c. *F.*
Lace, *v.* to beat, trim. faſten with a ſtring
Lácerable, *a.* that may be torn
Lácerate, *v.* to tear in pieces, *L.*
Lácrymal, *a.* generating tears
Lácrymatory, *ſ.* a veſſel containing tears

Lack, *v.* to want
Lácker, *ſ.* a varniſh
Lácker, *v.* to cover with lacker
Lácky, *ſ.* a footman or footboy
Laconic, *a.* conciſ, brief, pithy, *G.*
Láctary, *a.* milky
Lactátion, *ſ.* ſuckling or giving milk
Lacteal, *a.* milky, conveying chyle, *L.*
Lad, *ſ.* a boy, *S.*
Ládder, *ſ.* a frame with ſteps, *L. S.*
Lade, *v.* to load, to empty water, *S.*
Láding, *ſ.* the goods with which a ſhip is filled
Ládle, *ſ.* a handle with a kind of bowl at the end
Lády, *ſ.* a title of honour
Ládyſhip, *ſ.* the title of a lady
Lag, *v.* to loiter, to ſtay behind
Lag, *a.* laſt, coming behind
Laical, or Laick, *a.* belonging to the laity
Láir, *ſ.* the place where deer harbour by day. *See* Layer
Láird, *ſ.* a Scotch lord of a manor
Laity, *ſ.* laymen, diſtinguiſhed from the clergy, *F.*
Lake, *ſ.* a large collection of water, a crimſon colour, *L.*
Lamb, *ſ.* a ſheep under a year old
Lam'bent, *a.* licking up, *L.*
Lam'bent flame, *ſ.* a flame hovering and unſettled
Lambkin, *ſ.* a little young lamb
Lame, *a.* maimed, crippled, imperfect, *Ger.*
Lámely, *ad* imperfectly, like a cripple
Lamént, *v.* to bewail, weep or mourn for, *L.*
Laméntable, *a.* doleful, to be lamented
Lamentátion, *ſ.* a mournful complaint
Lámin, *ſ.* a thin plate of metal, *L.*
Láminated, *a.* plated over
Lámmas Day, *ſ.* the firſt of Auguſt
Lamp, *ſ.* light made with oil or ſpiritſ *F.*
Lampoon, *ſ.* a perſonal ſatyr, or libel in verſe
Lámprey, *ſ.* a kind of eel, *T.*
Lance, *ſ.* a kind of javelin, *L.*
Lance, *v.* to throw a lance, to act with a lance
Láncet, *ſ.* a ſurgeon's inſtrument, *F.*
Lanch, *v.* to ſlide a ſhip out of a dock into the water, *F.*
Land, *ſ.* earth, ground, country, or region, *S.*
Land, *v.* to ſet or come on ſhore
Lánded, *a.* having an eſtate in land
Lándgrave, *ſ.* a count or earl who has the government of a province
Lándholder, *ſ.* one whoſe fortune is in land
Landing, *ſ.* a place to land at, the top of ſtairs
Lándlady, *ſ.* an hoſteſs, or miſtreſs of an inn, &c.
Lándlord, *ſ.* an hoſt, or maſter of an inn, &c.
Lándmark, *ſ.* a mark of boundaries
Lándſcape, *ſ.* a view or proſpect of a country, *S.*
Lándtax, *ſ.* a tax upon houſes
Lane, *ſ.* a narrow ſtreet or paſſage
Lánguage, *ſ.* tongue or ſpeech, diction, ſtyle, *F.*
Languet, *ſ.* a weaver's leaden tongue
Lánguid, *a.* feeble, dull, ſpiritleſs, *L.*
Lánguiſh, *v* to droop, pine away, to look with ſoftneſs, tenderneſs, *L.*
Lánguiſhingly, *ad.* with feeble ſoftneſs
Lánguor, *ſ.* faintneſs, liſtleſſneſs, *L.*
Lanigerous, *a.* bearing wool
Lank, *a.* limber, not filled up, ſtraight
Lánkeneſs, *ſ.* ſtraightneſs
Lanſquenet, *ſ.* a game at cards
Lántern, or Lanthorn, *ſ.* a caſe for a candle, a kind of turret on a building
Lap, *ſ.* a ſeat on the thighs

Lap, *v.* fold up, to lick up with the tongue, *B.*
Lápidary, *ſ.* one who cuts and poliſhes gems, *F.*
Lápis Lázuli, *ſ.* a ſtone of a blue colour ſpeckled with gold
Láppet, *ſ.* part of a cap, &c. that hangs looſe
Láple, *v. a.* a ſlip, a ſmall miſtake, overſight
Lápwing, *ſ.* a ſmall bird
Lárboard, *ſ.* the left-hand ſide of a ſhip, *B.*
Lárceny, *ſ.* petty theft, *F.*
Lard, *ſ.* the inward fat of a hog melted
Lard, *v.* to ſtick bits of bacon into lean meat
Lárder, *ſ.* a place to keep meat in, *F.*
Lares, *ſ.* among the Heathen, houſhold gods, *L.*
Large, *a.* great, extenſive, abundant, diffuſe, *L.*
Lárgely, *ad.* liberally, extenſively, abundantly
Lárgeſs, *ſ.* gift, bounty, preſent, *L.*
Lark, *ſ.* a well-known ſinging bird
Lárum *ſ.* alarm of a clock
Lárynk, *ſ.* the upper part of the wind pipe, *G.*
Laſcivious, *a.* wanton in behaviour, lewd, *L.*
Lath, *ſ.* a blow with a rod, whip, &c. a whip-cord faſtened to a whip
Laſh, *v.* to ſcourge, to tie with ropes, ſatirize
Laſs, *ſ.* a girl, a young woman
Láſſitude, *ſ.* wearineſs, heavineſs of the limbs, *L.*
Láſt, *a.* the hindermoſt, the lateſt, the greateſt
Laſt, *v.* to continue, endure
Laſt, *ſ.* a block to make ſhoes on
Láſtage, *ſ.* a duty on freightage, the ballaſt of a ſhip
Láſting, *a.* continuing, durable
Láſtly, *ad.* in the laſt place
Latch, *ſ.* a faſtening of a door
Látchet, *ſ.* a ſhoe-ſtring, *F.*
Late, *a.* a ſmall time ago, deceaſed, *S.*
Látely, *ad.* not long ago
Látent, *a.* lying hid, lurking, concealed, *L.*
Láteral, *a.* ſideways, *L.*
Láterally, *ad.* by the ſide, ſideways
Lath, *ſ.* a thin ſlip of wood
Lathe, *ſ.* a diviſion of a county, a turner's engine
Láther, *v.* a froth made with ſoap and water, *L.*
Látin, *ſ.* the language of the ancient Romans
Látiniſt, *ſ.* one ſkilled in Latin
Látiſh, *a.* ſomewhat late
Látitude, *ſ.* breadth, liberty, licenſe, *L.*
Látten, *ſ.* thin iron tinned over, thin braſs plates
Látter, *a.* modern, mentioned the laſt of two, *S.*
Látterly, *a.* of late, not long ſince, *S.*
Láttice, *ſ.* a window made checkwiſe
Laud, *ſ.* praiſe, glory renown
Laúdable, *a.* commendable, praiſeworthy, *L.*
Laúdanum, *ſ.* an extract of opium
Lave, *v.* to waſh or bathe, to throw out water, *F.*
Laugh, *v.* to make a laugh
Laugh, *ſ.* laughter
Laúghable, *a.* exciting laughter
Laúghingly, *ad.* merrily, in a merry way
Laúghing ſtock, *ſ.* an object of ridicule
Laúghter, *ſ.* an action proceeding from the idea of ſomething either agreeable or ridiculous, *S.*
Láviſh, *a.* prodigal, extravagant, waſteful, profuſe
Láviſh, *v.* to ſquander away
Launch, *v.* *See* Lanch
Laúndreſs, *ſ.* a waſherwoman
Laúndry, *ſ.* a room to waſh clothes in
Laúreate, *a.* decked with laurel

Laúrel, *ſ.* a tree well known
Laúrence, *ſ.* a man's name
Law, *ſ.* a rule of action, *F.*
Láwful, *a.* legal, juſt, honeſt
Láwleſs, *a.* without law
Lawn, *ſ.* fine linen, a plain between woods
Láwſuit, *ſ.* a proceſs in law
Láwyer, *ſ.* one who ſtudies the law, a pleader, &c.
Lax, *a.* ſlack, feeble, looſe in body, *L.*
Láxative, *ſ.* medicines of an opening quality
Láxity or Laxativeneſs, *ſ.* looſeneſs
Lay, *ſ.* a ſong or poem, a bed of mortar, a row of ſtratum, *L.*
Lay, *v.* to put or place, to deliver a woman, to bet, to bring eggs
Lay, *a.* not clerical, belonging to the people
Láyer, *ſ.* a ſprig of a plant, a ſtratum
Láyman, *ſ.* one who follows a ſecular employment
Láyſtall, *ſ.* a dunghill
Lazar, *ſ.* a leprous perſon
Lazarette, *ſ.* a peſt houſe
Lázarus, *ſ.* a man's name
Lázineſs, *ſ.* ſloth, indolence
Lázy, *a.* not willing to work, idle
Leácherous. *See* Lecherous
Lead, *ſ.* a metal
Lead, *v.* to cover with lead, to conduct, to live
Léader, *ſ.* a chief, a conductor
Leaf, *ſ.* of a tree, a table, a book, &c. *L.*
League, *ſ.* alliance, confederacy, the ſpace of three miles
League, *v.* to unite, to confederate
Leak, *ſ.* a hole that lets in water
Leak, *v.* to let water in or out through the ſeams or chinks of a veſſel, *L. S.*
Léakage, *ſ.* an allowance for waſte in liquids
Leaky, *a.* letting water in or out
Lean, *a.* poor in fleſh, *S.*
Lean, *v.* to reſt upon, to incline
Leap, *v.* to jump, to cover as a ſtone-horſe
Leap, *ſ.* a jump, a wear to catch fiſh in, &
Leap Year, *ſ.* every fourth year
Learn, *v.* to acquire knowledge, *Ger.*
Léarning, *ſ.* ſkill in languages or ſciences
Leaſe, *ſ.* a temporary contract for lands, &c *L. S.*
Leaſe, *v.* to let by leaſe, to glean. *L. S.*
Leaſh, *ſ.* in hunting, three, a thong, *F.*
Léaſing, *ſ.* gleaning, lying
Leaſt, *a.* ſmalleſt, *S.*
Léather, *ſ.* hides of beaſts tanned, dreſſed, &c. *Ger.*
Leave, *ſ.* permiſſion, farewell
Leave, *v.* to quit, forſake, bequeath
Léaved, *a.* folding, full of leaves
Leáven, *ſ.* a piece of dough fermented, *F.*
Leáven, *v.* to ferment, imbue
Leaves, *pl.* of leaf
Léavings, *ſ.* offal, remnant
Lécher, *ſ.* a whoremaſter
Lécherous, *a.* luſtful, lewd
Léchery, *ſ.* luſt, lewdneſs
Lécture, *ſ.* a diſcourſe, a ſubject, a reprimand, *F.*
Lécturer, *ſ.* an afternoon preacher, a reader of lectures
Léctureſhip, *ſ.* the office of a lecturer
Led, *v.* did lead
Ledge, *ſ.* a ſmall moulding on the edge
Ledger, *ſ.* a book of every man's particular accounts
Lee, *ſ.* the ſide oppoſite the wind

Leech,

Leech, *ſ.* a kind of water ſnail, a phyſician
Leek, *ſ.* a well known pot herb, *S.*
Leer, *ſ.* an oblique look, or ſideways
Leer, *v.* to look obliquely, or archly
Lees, dregs of wine, ale, &c.
Leet, *ſ.* a law day or court
Leéward, *a.* not enough in the wind
Left, *v.* did leave
Left, *a.* not right, ſiniſtrous
Leg, *ſ.* ſupport of man, beaſt, &c.
Légacy, *ſ.* a gift bequeathed by will, *L.*
Légal, *a.* lawful, *L.*
Legate, *ſ.* an ambaſſador ſent by the Pope, *L.*
Legateé, *ſ.* one who has a legacy left him
Legátion, *ſ.* an embaſſy, or commiſſion
Legátor, *ſ.* one who leaves legacies
Légend, *ſ.* inſcription, incredible ſtory, *F.*
Légerdemain, *ſ.* ſlight of hand, *F.*
Légged, *a.* having legs
Legéndary, *a.* fabulous, belonging to a legend
Légible, *a.* that may be read, *L.*
Légion, *ſ.* a body of ſoldiers from 3 to 6000 men
Legiſlative, *a.* that has a power to make laws, *L.*
Legiſlátor, *ſ.* a lawgiver, *L.*
Legiſlature, *ſ.* the perſons who make laws
Legitimacy, *ſ.* lawfulneſs of birth, *L.*
Legítimate, *a.* born in wedlock, juſt, lawful, right, *L.*
Legúminous, *a.* belonging to pulſe, *L.*
Léiſure, *ſ.* freedom from buſineſs
Léiſurely, *ad.* not haſtily, deliberately
Lémon, *ſ.* a well known fruit
Lémonade, *ſ.* lemon juice, water and ſugar
Lend, *v.* to grant the uſe of to another
Lénder, *ſ.* one who lends a thing
Length, *ſ.* extent of any thing from end to end, *S.*
Lengthen, *v.* to make longer, to protract
Lengthwiſe, *ad.* according to the length
Lenient, *a.* ſoftening, mollifying, aſſuaſive, *F.*
Lénitive, *a.* of a ſoft and mollifying quality
Lénity, *ſ.* mildneſs, ſoftneſs, gentleneſs, *F.*
Lens, *ſ.* a concave glaſs, or convex glaſs
Lent, *ſ.* a time of faſting 40 days before Eaſter, *T.*
Lénten, *a.* uſed in Lent, ſparing
Lenticular, *a.* of the form of a lens
Lentils, *ſ.* a kind of pulſe, *S.*
Lentor, *ſ.* ſlowneſs, tenacity, viſcoſity, *L.*
Léonine, *a.* of the nature or colour of a lion
Leopold, *ſ.* a man's name
Léopard, *ſ.* a wild beaſt, *L.*
Léper, *ſ.* a perſon afflicted with leproſy, *E.*
Léporine, *a.* belonging to a hare
Léproſy, *ſ.* a dry white ſcab ſpread over the ſkin
Léprous, *a.* afflicted with the leproſy
Leſs, *a.* not ſo great
Léſſee, *ſ.* he who takes a leaſe
Léſſen, *v.* to make leſs, to grow leſs, to degrade
Léſſon, *ſ.* a taſk to learn, a portion of ſcripture read in divine ſervice, *F.*
Léſſor, *ſ.* one who grants a leaſe
Leſt, *conj.* that not
Let, *v.* to allow, to ſuffer, to hinder, to hire out, *S.*
Let, *ſ.* impediment, hinderance
Lethárgic, *a.* ſleepy, belonging to a lethargy
Léthargy, *ſ.* a diſeaſe cauſing a heavy ſleepineſs, *G.*
Lethe, *ſ.* the river of forgetfulneſs, which the Poets have placed in hell, *G.*
Lett, *v.* to leaſe or hire out, to grant to a tenant, to hinder, to obſtruct, to oppoſe, *S.*

Lett, *ſ.* hinderance, obſtruction, impediment
Létter, *ſ.* to ſtamp with letters
Létter, *ſ.* an alphabetical character, an epiſtle, *F.*
Léttice, *ſ.* a woman's name
Léttuce, *ſ.* a ſallad or herb, *T.*
Levánt, *ſ.* the eaſtern part of the Mediterranean
Lévee, *ſ.* the time of riſing, morning attendants, *F.*
Lével, *a.* flat, plain, even, *S.*
Lével, *v.* to make even, point in taking aim
Lével, *ſ.* a plain, an inſtrument in building
Léveller *ſ.* one who deſtroys ſubordination
Léven, *ſ.* a ferment to work bread
Léver, *ſ.* a mechanical power
Léveret, *ſ.* a young hare, *F.*
Lévet, *ſ.* a tune on the trumpet
Leviáthan, *ſ.* the crocodile, as ſome imagine, or as others the whale
Lévigate *v.* to reduce to a fine powder, *L.*
Lévite, *ſ.* a prieſt, one of the tribe of Levi
Levítical, *a.* prieſtly, belonging to the Levites
Lévity, *ſ.* lightneſs of behaviour, ficklenes, vanity
Lévy, *v.* to raiſe money, to make war, *F.*
Lewd, *a.* laſcivious, debauched, wicked, *S.*
Léwdneſs, *ſ.* luſtful, licentiouſneſs, lechery
Lewis d'or, *ſ.* a French gold coin, 17*s.* value
Lexicógrapher, *ſ.* a writer of dictionaries, *G.*
Léxicon, *ſ.* a dictionary, *G.*
Liable, *a.* ſubject or expoſed to
Liar, *ſ.* one guilty of lying
Libátion, *ſ* the pouring out wine, &c. *L.*
Libel, *ſ.* a ſcandalous defamatory book, *L.*
Libel, *ſ.* an abuſive writing, an original declaration of an action, in the civil law, *L.*
Libeller, *ſ.* a defamatory writer
Libellous, *a.* defamatory
Liberal, *a.* bountiful, generous, free, *L.*
Liberálity, *ſ.* bounty, generoſity
Libertine, *ſ.* a diſſolute looſe liver, *L.*
Libertiniſm, *ſ.* licentiouſneſs, debauchery
Liberty, *ſ.* freedom, privilege, permiſſion
Libidinous, *a.* incontinent, ſenſual, luſtful, *L.*
Librárian, *ſ.* one who has the care of a library
Library, *ſ.* a place where books are kept, *L.*
Librátion, *ſ.* a weighing or balancing, *L.*
Lice, *pl.* of louſe
Licence, *ſ.* liberty, permiſſion, *L.*
Licence, *v.* to permit
Licencer. *ſ.* one who grants permiſſion
Licéntiate, *ſ.* who has a licenſe to practiſe any faculty, *L.*
Licéntious, *a.* unreſtrained, looſe, diſorderly, *L.*
Licéntiouſneſs, *ſ.* contempt of juſt reſtraint
Lick, *v.* to go over, or take up with the tongue, *T.*
Lick, *ſ.* rough uſage, a blow
Lickeriſh, *a.* apt to lick up ſweet things, *S.*
Licorice, *ſ.* a ſweet root
Lid, *ſ.* the cover of a box, pot, &c. *S.*
Lie, *ſ.* an untruth uttered with a deſign to deceive
Lie, *v.* to tell a lie, to lie along, *S.*
Lie. *See* Lye
Liege, *ſ.* a ſovereign prince, ſupreme lord, *F.*
Liege, *a.* truſty, loyal
Liegeman, *ſ.* one who owes allegiance
Liéger, *ſ* a reſident, ambaſſador
Liéntery, *ſ.* a kind of looſeneſs, *L.*
Liér, *ſ.* one who lies down, or tells lies
Lieu, *ſ.* ſtead, room, place, *F.*

Lieuténancy,

Lieuténancy, *ſ.* the body or office of lieutenants

Lieuténant, *ſ.* a deputy, who repreſents another's perſon

Life, *ſ.* the union of ſoul and body, *S.*

Lifeguard, *ſ.* a prince's body-guard

Lifeleſs, *a.* without life, dead, ſtupid

Lifetime, *ſ.* the duration of life

Lift, *v.* to raiſe, to take up, to exalt

Ligament, *ſ.* a band tying one thing to another, *L.*

Ligátion, *ſ.* the ſtate and act of binding

Ligature, *ſ.* a bandage, *L.*

Light, *ſ.* the tranſparency of the air cauſed by the rays of the ſun, of a candle, &c.

Light, *a.* bright, whitiſh, not heavy, *L. S.*

Light, *v.* to kindle, to enlighten, to happen, to fall upon

Lighten, *v.* to caſt out lightening, to unload, to illuminate, to exhilerate, *S.*

Lighter, *ſ.* a large open boat for unloading ſhips

Lighterman, *ſ.* one who manages a lighter

Lightfoot, *a.* active, nimble

Lightheaded, *a.* delirious, thoughtleſs

Lightheárted, *a.* chearful, merry, gay

Lightly, *ad.* with levity, gaily, nimbly, eaſily

Lightneſs *ſ.* want of weight, levity

Lightning, *ſ.* fire burſting from a cloud

Lights, *ſ* lamps, candles, windows, the lungs

Lightſome, *a.* airy, gay, luminous

Ligneous, *a* woody, belonging to wood, reſembling wood, *L.*

Lignum Vitæ, *ſ.* a fine hard and ſolid wood, *L.*

Like, *a.* ſimilar, or reſembling

Like, *ad.* probably, in the ſame manner

Like, *v.* to approve, to love

Likelihood, *ſ.* probability

Likelineſs, *ſ.* handſomeneſs, probability

Likely, *a.* handſome, comely, or probable

Likeneſs, *ſ.* appearance, form, ſimilitude

Likewiſe, *ad.* in like manner, alſo, moreover

Lilack, *ſ.* a tree that bears blue, white, or purple flowers

Lily, *ſ.* a flower of which there are ſeveral ſorts, *L.*

Lilied, *a.* embelliſhed with lilies

Limb, *ſ.* a member, a large branch of a tree, *S.*

Limb, *v.* to cut, or pull off the limbs

Limbeck, *ſ.* a ſtill

Limber, *a.* pliable, ſupple, flexible

Limberneſs, *ſ.* flexibility, pliancy

Limbo, *ſ.* in priſon, place of confinement, *L.*

Lime, *ſ.* a ſmall kind of lemon, limeſtone burned, bird-lime

Lime Twig, *ſ.* a twig ſmeared with bird-lime

Limekiln, *ſ.* a kiln for burning limeſtone

Limit, *ſ.* boundary, border, utmoſt reach, *L.*

Limit, *v.* to ſet bounds, to confine, to reſtrain, *L.*

Limitátion, *ſ.* reſtriction

Limn, *v.* to paint after the life

Limner, *ſ.* a face painter

Limp, *v.* to walk lamely

Limpid, *a.* clear, pure, tranſparent, bright, *L.*

Limpin, *ſ.* a ſhell fiſh

Limpingly, *ad.* in a lame halting manner

Limy, *a.* like, or containing lime

Linchpin, *ſ.* the pin that keeps a wheel on the axle-tree

Linctus, *ſ.* a medicine to be licked

Line, *ſ.* a ſmall cord, the equator, lineage

Line, *v.* to put a lining to, to couple as dogs do

Lineage, *ſ.* race, ſtock, pedigree, *F.*

Líneal, *a.* that goes in a right line, *F.*
Líneally, *ad.* in a direct line
Líneament, *ſ.* the term of a feature in the face, *F.*
Líneary, *a.* of or belonging to a line, *L.*
Línen, *ſ.* cloth made of lint or flax, *L.*
Línendráper, *ſ.* one who ſells linen
Ling, *ſ.* a ſort of ſalt fiſh, *B.*
Línger, *v.* to loiter, to waſte or pine
Lingeringly, *ad.* with delay, tediouſly
Línguiſt, *ſ.* a perſon ſkilled in languages, *L.*
Líniment, *ſ.* a thin ointment, baliam, *L.*
Líning, *ſ.* the innermoſt covering of any thing
Link, *ſ.* the ring of a chain, a torch
Link, *v.* to complicate, to join, to unite
Línnet, *ſ.* a ſinging bird, *F.*
Línſeed, *ſ.* the ſeed of lint or flax *T.*
Línſey-woolſey, *ſ.* ſtuff made of linen and woolen
Lint, *ſ.* a ſort of down ſcraped from old linen, *L.*
Líntel, *ſ.* the upper part of a door, frame, *Sp.*
Líon, *ſ.* a fierce wild beaſt, *L.*
Líoneſs, *ſ.* a ſhe lion, *F.*
Lip, *ſ.* the outer part of the mouth, *S.*
Liquefaction, *ſ.* a being melted or diſſolved, *L.*
Liquefiable, *a.* that may be melted
Líquefy, *v.* to melt, to diſſolve, to grow limpid
Líquid, *ſ.* a fluid, the letters, l, m, n, r
Liquidate, *v.* to make liquid, to balance an account, *L.*
Líquor, *ſ.* any liquid fit to be drank
Liſp, *v.* to clip words, by putting the tongue to the teeth, *L. S.*
Liſp, *ſ.* the act of liſping
Liſt, *v.* to chuſe, to exhibit, to go for a ſoldier
Liſt, *ſ.* a ſtrip of cloth, an encloſed place for fighting, a roll, choice
Liſten, *v.* to hearken, attend to, *S.*
Liſtener, *ſ.* one who hearkens through curioſity
Liſtleſs, *a.* having no mind to any thing, *T.*
Lit, *v.* did light
Litany, *ſ.* a form of prayer, *G.*
Líteral, *a.* according to the letter, *L.*
Literally, *ad.* with cloſe adherence to words
Literáti, *ſ.* learned men, the learned, *L.*
Literature, *ſ.* learning in general, *L.*
Lithe, *a.* ſupple, limber, flexible, *S.*
Lithótomy, *ſ.* the operation of cutting for the ſtone, *G.*
Lithógraphy, *ſ.* art of engraving on ſtones
Litigant, *ſ.* one engaged in a ſuit at law
Litigate, *v.* to conteſt at law, wrangle, *L.*
Litigátion, *ſ.* a contending, a ſuit at law
Litigious, *a.* fond of going to law, contentious, *L.*
Litigiouſly, *ad.* in a wrangling manner
Litigiouſneſs, *ſ.* a wrangling diſpoſition
Litter, *ſ.* a ſedan, couch, &c. carried by two horſes, ſtraw for cattle to lie on abroad, any thing lying diſorderly
Litter, *v* to bring forth, to ſcatter about
Little, *a.* not much, not big, mean, *S.*
Littleneſs, *ſ.* meanneſs, ſmallneſs
Liturgy, *ſ.* the form of common prayer
Live, *v.* to be alive, to dwell with
Live, *a.* merry, active, quick
Livelihood, *ſ.* maintenance, means of living
Livelineſs, *ſ.* ſprightlineſs
Lively, *a.* vivacious, briſk, ſprightly
Liver, *a.* one who lives, one of the entrails, *S.*
Livercolour, *ſ.* a dark red

Livery, *ſ.* a particular garb, act of giving poſſeſſion, *T.*
Liveryman, *ſ.* one who wears a livery
Lives, *ſ. pl.* of life
Livid, *a.* black and blue with bruiſes, *L.*
Living, *ſ.* livelihood, a church benefice
Livre, *ſ.* an imaginary coin, of about 11d. value.
Lixivial, *a.* belonging to lye, or proceeding from it, *L.*
Lixivium, *ſ.* a lye made with aſhes, *L.*
Lizard, *ſ.* a creeping creature of a green colour, *F.*
Load, *ſ.* a burden, *S.*
Load, *v.* to burden, make heavy, charge
Loadſtone, *ſ.* *See* Magnet.
Loach, *ſ.* a ſmall freſh-water fiſh
Loaf, *ſ.* a whole lump of bread, or ſugar
Loam, *ſ.* a clayey kind of earth
Loamy, *a.* marly
Loan, *ſ* any thing lent, *S.*
Loath, *a.* backward, unwilling
Loathe, *v.* to nauſeate, abhor
Loathſome, *a.* nauſeous, deteſtable
Loaves, *ſ pl.* of loaf
Lobbe, *ſ.* a large fiſh caught in the north ſea
Lobby, *ſ.* a kind of paſſage, room or gallery, *T.*
Lobe, *ſ.* a body of a roundiſh ſhape, *F.*
Lobſter, *ſ.* a ſhell fiſh
Lobſpound, *ſ.* a place of confinement
Lobworm, *ſ.* a worm uſed as a bait for trouts
Local, *a.* of or belonging to a place, *L.*
Locality, *ſ.* exiſtence of any particular place
Locally, *ad* with reſpect to place
Loch, *ſ.* a medicine to be held in the mouth
Lock, *ſ.* of a door, or a gun
Lock, *v.* to faſten with a lock, to claſp cloſe
Locker, *ſ.* a box or cupboard
Locket, *ſ.* a ſmall ornamental lock, *F.*
Locket *ſ.* a ſmall lock to a gold chain, *F.*
Locuſt, *ſ.* a kind of large graſshopper, *L.*
Locuſtory, *ſ.* a parlour in a convent.
Lodge, *ſ.* a little room, the place where deer ſleep, an aſſembly of free maſons
Lodge, *v.* to live with, to put in a place of ſecurity, *F.*
Lodgement, *ſ.* an encampment, a place where ſoldiers quarter
Lodger, *ſ.* one who hires and lives in an apartment
Lodging, *ſ.* an apartment hired
Loft, *ſ.* an upper room in a building
Loftily, *ad* ſublimely, proudly, on high
Loftineſs, *ſ.* height, ſublimity, pride, arrogance
Lofty, *a.* high, haughty, majeſtic, proud
Log, *ſ.* a ſhort thick piece of timber
Logarithms, *ſ.* a ſeries of numbers, *G.*
Loggerhead, *ſ.* a dunce, a blockhead
Logic, *ſ.* the art of reaſoning, *G.*
Logical, *a.* according to the rules of logic
Logician, *ſ.* one ſkilled in logic, *G.*
Logwood, *ſ.* a wood uſed in dying
Loin, *ſ.* the back of an animal carved out by a butcher, *W.*
Loiter, *v.* to delay, lag behind
Loiterer, *ſ.* a lazy idle body
Loll, *v.* to lean upon, to hang out the tongue
Loll, *ſ.* a darling child
Lone, *a.* ſolitary, ſingle, without company
Lonely, *a* ſolitary, alone, diſmal
Loneſome, *a.* diſmal, ſolitary
Long, *a.* not ſhort, protracted, *L.*
Long, *ſ.* a muſical note containing two breves
Long, *v.* to deſire earneſtly, *S.*
Longanimity, *ſ.* long ſuffering, great patience, *L.*

Longevity,

Longevity, *ſ.* length of life, old age, *L.*
Lónging, *ſ.* an earneſt deſire
Lóngitude, *ſ.* length, the diſtance of any place eaſt or weſt from the meridian, *L.*
Longitúdinal, *a.* extended lengthways
Longſúffering, *a.* patient
Longwinded, *a.* tedious
Lóngwiſe, *ad.* in a longitudinal direction
Loo, *ſ.* a game at cards
Lóoby, *ſ.* an awkward dull fellow
Loof, *ſ.* a ſea term, near the wind
Loof, *v.* to bring up cloſe to the wind
Loófed, *a.* ſteared off
Look, *v.* to ſee, to ſearch for, to examine, *S.*
Look, *ſ.* air or caſt of the countenance, mein
Looking-glaſs, *ſ.* a mirrour
Loom, *ſ.* the frame a weaver works in
Loon, *ſ.* a mean fellow, a bird like a cormorant
Loop, *ſ.* a nooſe in a rope, an ornament to anſwer the purpoſe of a button hole, *B.*
Loóphole, *ſ.* a hole to ſhoot through, a ſhift, an evaſion
Looſe, *v.* to unbind, to diſengage, to let go
Looſe, *a.* ſlack, not tight, at liberty, laxative, unſettled, lewd, debauched, *L. S.*
Looſen, *v.* to make looſe, to relax, to free from
Looſeneſs, *ſ.* laxativeneſs of body, depravity
Lop, *v.* to cut off
Lop, *ſ.* a branch cut off
Loquácious, *a.* talkative, *L.*
Loquácity, *ſ.* talkativeneſs, *L.*
Lord, *ſ.* a title of honour
Lord, *v.* to domineer
Lórdlineſs, *ſ.* loftineſs, pride
Lórdly, *a.* ſtately, proud, haughty
Lórdſhip, *ſ.* the title, or manor of a lord
Lórimers or Lorıners, *ſ.* thoſe who make bridle-bits, ſpurs, &c. *F.*
Loſe, *v.* to ſuffer loſs, to bewilder
Lóſer, *ſ.* one who ſuffered loſs
Loſs, *ſ.* damage, forfeiture
Loſt, *a.* no longer ſeen or poſſeſſed
Lot, *ſ.* fortune, portion
Lote-tree, *ſ.* a tree which bears a broad leaf
Loth, *a.* unwilling
Lótion, *ſ.* a waſhing, *L.*
Lóttery, *ſ.* a ſharing of lots by chances, a game at cards, *F.*
Lóvage, *ſ.* an herb
Loud, *a.* ſounding that may be heard at a diſtance
Loúdly, *ad.* clamorouſly, noiſely
Loúdneſs, *ſ.* turbulence, noiſe
Love, *v.* to regard with affection
Love, *ſ.* a tender friendſhip, a kind of thin ſilk ſtuff, *S.*
Lóvelineſs, *ſ.* amiableneſs
Lóvely, *a.* amiable, worthy to be loved
Lóver, *ſ.* a ſweetheart, one who likes any thing
Lough, *ſ.* a lake. *Iriſh*
Lóving, *a.* kind, affectionate
Lóvingly, *ad.* with affection or kindneſs
Loung-, *v.* to loiter lazily
Louſe, *ſ.* an inſect of various kinds
Louſe, *v.* to clean from lice
Loúſineſs, *ſ.* a being troubled with lice
Loúſy, *a.* ſwarming with lice
Loút, *ſ.* an awkward country bumpkin
Louvre, *ſ.* a French dance
Low, *a.* not high, humble, faint, weak, mean, *B.*
Low, *v.* to bellow like an ox or cow
Lower, *v.* to reduce, leſſen, bring low

Lówer, *v.* to be ſullen, to frown
Lóweringly, *ad* gloomily
Lówermoſt, *a.* under all, deepeſt, loweſt
Lówlineſs, *ſ.* meekneſs, humility
Lówly, *a.* meek, humble
Lówneſs, *ſ.* the being not high, meanneſs, dejection
Lówer, *v.* to be overcaſt with clouds
Lowry, *a.* dull, dark, threatening rain
Lóyal, *a.* faithful, truſty, *F.*
Lóyaliſt, *ſ.* one who is faithful to his king
Lóyally, *ad.* with fidelity,
Lóyalty, *ſ.* fidelity, *F.*
Lózenge, *ſ.* a little cake made of phyſical herbs, for a cough. In heraldry, a figure of the ſame ſhape
Lúbber, *ſ.* a heavy, dull, clumſy fellow
Lúbricate, *v.* to ſmooth, make ſlippery
Lubrícious, *a.* ſlippery, fickle, wanton
Lúcid, *a.* clear, bright, ſhining, *L.*
Lucifer, *ſ.* an infernal ſpirit, the morning ſtar
Luciferous, *a.* bringing light, *L.*
Luck, *ſ.* chance, fortune, *B.*
Lúckleſs, *a.* unfortunate
Lúcky or luckily, *a.* fortunate, ſucceſsful
Lúcrative, *a.* gainful, profitable, advantageous, *L.*
Lúcre, *ſ.* gain, profit
Lúcubrate, *v.* to ſtudy by candle-light
Lucubration, *ſ.* ſtudying by candle-light, the product of ſuch ſtudy, *L.*
Lúculent, *a.* clear, bright
Lúdicrous, *a.* ſportive, burleſque, merry, *L.*
Luff, *See* Loof
Lug, *v.* to pull with violence
Lug, *ſ.* a pole or perch, the ear, a fiſh
Lúggage, *ſ.* heavy goods
Lugúbrious, *a.* mournful, lamentable, grievous. *L.*
Luke, *ſ.* a man's name
Lúkewarm, *a.* between hot and cold, indifferent
Lukewarmneſs, *ſ.* indifference, want of zeal
Lull, *v.* to allure, or entice to ſleep
Lullaby, *ſ.* a ſong to ſtill babes
Lúmber, *ſ.* uſeleſs furniture, &c.
Lúminary, *ſ.* any body that emits light, *L.*
Lúminous, *a.* full of light, bright, ſhining, *L.*
Lúmp, *ſ.* a ſmall maſs of matter, the groſs, a fiſh
Lump, *v.* to take in the groſs
Lúmping, *a.* great, heavy, large
Lúmpiſh, *a.* heavy, dull
Lumpiſhneſs, *ſ.* heavineſs, ſtupidity
Lumpy, *a.* in lumps
Lúnacy, *ſ.* frenzy, madneſs, *L.*
Lúnar or Lúnary, *a.* belonging to the moon, *L.*
Lúnated, *a.* formed like the moon
Lúnatic, *a.* afflicted with lunacy, *L.*
Lunátion, *ſ.* the time between one new moon and another, *L.*
Lúncheon, *ſ.* a handful of food
Lunétte, *ſ.* in fortification, a half moon, *F.*
Lungs, *ſ.* the inſtruments of reſpiration, the lights, *D.*
Lungwort, *ſ.* an herb
Lunt, *ſ.* matchcord
Lurch, *v.* to lie hid, lurk, pilfer
Lúrcher, *ſ.* a poacher, thief, hunting dog
Lure, *ſ.* decoy, bait, ſnare, *L.*
Lure, *v.* to bring back a hawk to the lure
Lured, *a.* gloomy, diſmal
Lurk, *v* to lie hid, to lie in wait, *F.*
Lúrker, *ſ.* a thief that watches for his prey
Lúſcious, *a.* overſweet, cloying

Lúſary,

Lúsary. *a.* playful, ſportive, jocular
Luſt, *ſ.* concupiſcence, carnal deſire, *S.*
Lúſtful, *a.* lecherous, libidinous
Lúſtily, *ad.* with courage, ſtoutly
Lúſtineſs, *ſ.* ſturdineſs, ſtoutneſs
Luſtrátion, *ſ.* a purifying by ſacrifices
Lúſtre, *ſ.* brightneſs, gloſs, ſplendor, *F.*
Lúſtring, or Luteſtring. *ſ.* a thin gloſſy ſilk
Lúſty, *a.* fat, ſtrong, vigorous
Lútation, *ſ.* a cementing up the mouth of chemical veſſels
Lute, *ſ.* a ſtringed muſical inſtrument, clay uſed by chemiſts to cloſe veſſels
Lútheraniſm, *ſ.* the doctrines of Luther
Lútherans, *ſ.* the followers of Luther
Lútulent, *a.* muddy, turbid, *L.*
Luxátion *ſ.* a putting out of joint, *L.*
Luxúriance, or Luxúriancy, *ſ.* abundance
Luxúriant, *a.* ſhooting out, growing to exceſs, *L.*
Luxúrious, *a.* fond of the ſuperfluities of life, *L.*
Luxúrioufly, *ad.* voluptuouſly, deliciouſly
Lúxury, *ſ.* exceſs, delicious fare, dreſs, *L.*
Lye, *ſ.* a compoſition of aſhes, water, &c.
Lymph, or Lympha, *ſ.* pure tranſparent water
Lyncean, *a.* quick ſighted, like a lynx
Lyre, *ſ.* a ſtringed muſical inſtrument
Lyrical, or Lyric, *a.* belonging to the lyre, *L.*
Lyriſt, *ſ.* one that plays on the lyre, *L.*

M.

M is a numeral which ſtands for 1000
M at the end of a phyſician's bill ſtands for *miſce*, mingle, or *mixtura*, a compound.
M. A. maſter of arts
MS. manuſcript, and MSS. manuſcripts

Mábel, *ſ.* a woman's name
Mac, *ſ.* a ſon. *Iriſh*
Macaróne, *ſ.* a kind of cake made of almonds, ſugar, &c. *I.*
Macaw, *ſ.* a Weſt India bird
Mace, *ſ.* a ſort of ſpice, an enſign of authority
Mácerate, *v.* to ſteep, mortify, to make lean
Macerátion, *ſ.* a making lean, a ſteeping
Máchinate, *v.* to contrive or plot
Machinátion, *ſ.* a contriving, plotting a plot
Máchine, *ſ.* any engine to ſave time or labour
Machinery, *ſ.* enginery, decoration in a poem
Máckerel, *ſ.* a well known ſea fiſh
Mácrocoſm, *ſ.* the whole viſible world, *G.*
Mácula, *ſ.* a ſpot, *L.*
Mad, *a.* deprived of reaſon
Mádam, *ſ.* a title of honour, *F.*
Mádder, *ſ.* the root of a plant uſed in dying
Made, *v.* did make
Mademoiſelle, *ſ.* miſs
Mádman, *ſ.* a man deprived of underſtanding
Mádneſs, *ſ.* diſtraction, rage, fury
Mádrigal, *ſ.* a ſhort poem, air, or love ſong
Magazine, *ſ.* a ſtore houſe for implements of war, *F.*
Mágdalene, *ſ.* a woman's name
Mággot, *ſ.* a whim, odd fancy, humour
Maggotty, *a.* full of maggots, whimſical
Mágical, *a.* belonging to magic.
Mágic *ſ.* dealing with ſpirits
Magician, *ſ.* an enchanter
Magiſtérial, *a.* imperious, haughty, *L.*
Magiſtery, *ſ.* powder waſhed from its ſalts, *L.*
Magiſtracy, *ſ.* the office of a magiſtrate
Mágiſtrate, *ſ.* an officer of civil government, *L.*
Magnanimity, *ſ.* greatneſs of ſoul, bravery, *L.*
Magnánimous, *a.* of a great ſoul, undaunted, *L.*
Mágnet, *ſ.* a ſtone that attracts iron, *L.*

Magnétical,

Magnétical, or Magnétick, *a.* attractive
Mágnetiſm, *ſ.* the power of the loadſtone on iron, *L.*
Magnific, *a.* grand, illuſtrious
Magnificence, *ſ.* grandeur, voluptuouſneſs, *L.*
Magnificent, *a.* ſtately, noble, grand, ſplendid, *L.*
Mágnifier, *ſ.* a glaſs, one who praiſes or extols
Mágnify, *v.* to make greater, praiſe highly, *L.*
Mágnitude, *ſ.* greatneſs, *L.*
Mágpye, *ſ.* a well-known bird
Mahogany, *ſ.* a valuable brown wood
Mahómetan, *ſ.* a follower of Mahomet
Maid, or Máiden, *ſ.* a virgin, a female ſervant, a fiſh
Máiden, *a.* untainted, unpolluted, freſh, *S.*
Máidenhair, *ſ.* an herb
Máidenhead, *ſ.* virginity, newneſs, freſhneſs
Máidenly, *a.* decent, timorous, modeſt
Májeſtic, *a.* full of majeſty, auguſt, ſtately, *L.*
Májeſty, *ſ.* a royal title, dignity, power, *L.*
Mail, *ſ.* armour, bag of poſt letters
Maim, *v.* to hurt, bruiſe, wound
Maim, *ſ.* a hurt or wound, lameneſs
Main, *a.* chief, principal
Main, *ſ.* the ocean, might, power, the groſs
Máinly, *ad.* powerfully, chiefly
Mainprize, *ſ.* a bail, pledge, or ſurety, *F.*
Maintain, *v.* to keep, defend, ſupport, *F.*
Maintainable, *a.* juſtifiable, defenſible
Maintenance, *ſ.* ſuſtenance, continuance, defence, *F.*
Mainſop, *ſ.* the top of a mainmaſt
Májor, *a.* greater, *L.*
Májor, *ſ.* a term in logic, an officer in the army
Májority, *ſ.* the greater part, *F.*
Maize, *ſ.* Weſt Indian wheat

Make, *v.* to create, form, produce, compoſe, *L. S.*
Make, *ſ.* form, ſtructure, nature
Máke-báte, *ſ.* a miſchief maker
Máladminiſtration, *ſ.* bad management
Málady, *ſ.* diſeaſe, ſickneſs, illneſs, *F.*
Málapert, *a.* forward, ſaucy, impertinent
Mále, *ſ.* a he of any creature, *F.*
Male or Mal, in compoſition ſignifies *bad*
Maleconténts, *ſ.* diſcontented ſubjects, *L.*
Maledíction, *ſ.* a curſe or imprecation, *L.*
Malefáctor, *ſ.* an offender againſt law, *F.*
Maléfic, *a.* hurtful, miſchievous
Malepractice, *ſ.* practice contrary to rules
Malevolence, *ſ.* ill will, *L.*
Malévolent, *a.* that bears ill will, ſpiteful, *L.*
Máli:e, *ſ.* a ſettled ſpite or hatred
Malicious, *a.* envious, ſpiteful, *L.*
Malicioufly, *ad.* with an intention of miſchief
Maliciouſneſs, *ſ.* malice
Malign, *a.* miſchievous, envious
Malign, *v.* to envy, to defame, *L.*
Malignancy, *ſ.* malevolence
Malignant, *a.* epidemical, infectious, *L.*
Malignant, *ſ.* a diſaffected perſon, *L.*
Malignity, *ſ.* a propenſity to do miſchief, evilneſs of nature
Malignly, *ad.* enviouſly
Mall, *ſ.* a large iron hammer, the name of a play or exerciſe
Málard, *ſ.* a wild drake, *F.*
Málleable, *a.* that will bear hammering
Málleableneſs, *ſ.* the quality of enduring a hammer
Málleate, *v.* to hammer
Málliet, *ſ.* a large wooden hammer, *L.*
Málllows, *ſ.* an herb

Málmſey,

Má'mſey, *ſ.* a rich luſcious wine
Malt, *ſ.* barley prepared for brewing, *S.*
Malt, *v.* to be made malt, to make malt
Málſter, *ſ.* one who makes or deals in malt
Malverſation, *ſ.* bad ſhifts, mean artifices, *F.*
Mamma, *ſ.* mother, *L*
Mámmoc, *ſ.* a fragment or ſcrap of proviſions
Mámmon, *ſ.* the god of riches, wealth
Man, *ſ.* the human race, the male of that race when at age, a ſhip of war, *Ger.*
Man, *v.* furniſh with men, to make a hawk tractable
Mánacles, *ſ.* hand-cuff, *F.*
Mánacle, *v.* to chain the hands or ſhackles
Mánage, *v.* to conduct, govern, wild, *F.*
Mánage, *ſ.* a ſchool for riding the great horſe, *F.*
Mánageable, *a.* eaſy in the uſe, tractable
Mánagement, *ſ.* managing, ordering, conduct, *F.*
Mánager, *ſ.* a frugal perſon, conductor
Mánchet, *ſ.* the fineſt ſort of bread, *F.*
Manchinet, *ſ.* a poiſonous tree
Máncipate, *v* to enſlave
Mánciple, *ſ.* one who buys proviſions for a college
Mandámus, *ſ.* a writ in the king's bench, *L.*
Mándarins, *ſ.* Chineſe magiſtrates
Mándate, *ſ.* a writ ſent from the king, *L.*
Mándatory, *a.* commanding, preceptive
Mándible, *ſ.* the jaw, *L.*
Mándrake, *ſ.* a plant, *G.*
Mane, *ſ.* the hair on the neck of a horſe
Mánes, *ſ.* the ghoſts of the dead
Manful, *a.* courageous, ſtout, bold
Mánge, *ſ.* a filthy diſeaſe in cattle
Mánger, *ſ.* trough for horſes to eat out of, *F.*
Mángle, *v.* to cut, rend, or tear in pieces, *L.*
Mángo, *ſ.* an Eaſt Indian fruit
Mángy, *a.* troubled with the mange
Mánhood, *ſ.* man's eſtate, valour, courage
Mániac, *a.* troubled with madneſs
Mánifeſt, *a.* plain, evident, *L.*
Mánifeſt, *v.* to make clear, to declare
Manifeſtátion, *ſ.* publication, appearance
Mánifeſtly, *ad.* evidently, clearly
Manifeſto, *ſ.* a public declaration of a prince or ſtate, *Sp.*
Mánifold, *a.* a great many, of different kinds
Mánikin, *ſ.* a little man, a male child
Mániple, *ſ.* a handful, a band of ſoldiers, *L.*
Mankind, *ſ.* the race or ſpecies of human beings
Mánly, *a.* maſculine, brave, generous, noble
Mánna, *ſ.* a phyſical drug
Mánner, *ſ.* behaviour, breeding, morals
Mánnerly, *a.* civil, complaiſant
Mánor, *ſ.* a lords juriſdiction, *F.*
Mánſion, *ſ.* a dwelling houſe, *L.*
Manſláughter, *ſ.* killing a man without malice, *T.*
Mántle, *ſ.* a covering for an infant
Mántle, *v.* to ſparkle as liquor, to ſtretch out the wings as a hawk
Mántua, *ſ.* a gown worn by women, *F.*
Mántua-maker, *ſ.* one who makes womens gowns
Mánual, *a.* performed by the hand, *L.*
Mánual, *ſ.* a book carried in the hand or pocket
Manufácture, *a.* to form by workmanſhip, *F.*
Manufácturer, *ſ.* a workman, artificer
Manumiſſion, *ſ.* the freeing a ſlave, *L.*
Manumit, *v.* to enfranchiſe, *L.*
Manúrable, *a.* capable of cultivation

Manúre, *v.* to dung, cultivate, *F.*
Manúre, *ſ.* any thing proper to fatten ground
Mánuſcript, *ſ.* a written book
Mány, *a.* a multitude
Map, *ſ.* a repreſentation of the whole or a part of the earth, *L.*
Maple, *ſ.* a tree
Mar, *v.* to injure, ſpoil, damage, *S.*
Márble, *ſ.* a hard fine ſtone, a little ball for children to play with
Márble, *v.* to ſtain like marble
March, *ſ.* the third month in the year, the moving of a body of ſoldiers, a proceſſion
Márches, *ſ.* borders, confines
Márchioneſs, *ſ.* the wife of a Marquis
Márchpane, *ſ.* a ſort of ſweet cake
Márcid, *a.* lean, withered, *L.*
Mare, *ſ.* a female horſe, *S.*
Máreſchal. *See* Marſhal
Márgin, *ſ.* an edge, border, *L.*
Márginal, *a.* written or printed in the margin
Márgaret, *ſ.* a woman's name
Márgrave, *ſ.* a German Marquis
Márigold, *ſ.* a flower
Marinate, *v.* to fry in oil, and then to pickle, *F.*
Marine, *a.* of or belonging to the ſea, *F.*
Marine, *ſ.* the whole of a navy, a ſea ſoldier, *F.*
Mariner *ſ.* a ſailor
Márſh, *a.* a bog, a fen, *F.*
Maritime, *a.* belonging to, or near the ſea
Mark, *ſ.* a man's name
Mark, *ſ.* an impreſſion, proof or token, a ſignature, a boundary of land
Mark, *v.* to ſet a mark
Márket, *ſ.* a place where proviſions, &c. are ſold
Márketable, *a.* fit to be ſold in a market
Márkſman, *ſ.* one who can hit a mark
Marl, *ſ.* a chalky kind of clay, *W.*
Márline, *ſ.* a ſmall line of hemp well tarred
Mármalade, *ſ.* a confection made of quinces, *F.*
Marmórean, *a.* made of marble, reſembling marble, *F.*
Mármoſet, *ſ.* a kind of black monkey with a ſhaggy neck, a groteſque figure in building, *F.*
Marque, *ſ* repriſal, *F.*
Marquis, *ſ.* a nobleman next in dignity to a duke, *F.*
Márquiſate, *ſ.* the juriſdiction of a Marquis
Marr, *v.* to ſpoil, to damage, *S.*
Márriage, *ſ.* the act of joining a man and woman, *F.*
Márriageable, *a.* of age fit to be married, *F.*
Márrow, *ſ.* a ſubſtance in bones, quinteſſence
Márrowfat, *ſ.* a kind of pea
Marry, *v.* to take a wife or huſband, to give in marriage, to perform the ceremony, *F.*
Marſh, *ſ.* a boggy ground, *S.*
Márſhal, *ſ.* a name given to ſeveral conſiderable officers, *F.*
Márſhal, *v* to rank in order, range
Márſhalſhip, *ſ.* the office of a marſhal
Márſhy, *a.* boggy, fenny, ſwampy
Mart, *ſ* a great fair or market
Mártha, *ſ.* a woman's name
Mártial, *a.* warlike, valiant
Mártingal, *ſ.* a ſort of rein for a horſe, *F.*
Mártinmas, *ſ.* the feaſt of St. Martin
Mártyr, *ſ.* who ſuffers death for the truth
Mártyrdom. *ſ.* the pain and death of a martyr
Martyrólogy, *ſ.* a book of martyrs, *G.*
Márvel, *ſ.* a wonder

Márvellous, *a.* wonderful, amazing, *L.*
Máry, *ſ.* a woman's name
Máſculine, *ſ.* of the male kind
Maſh, *ſ.* of bran, of malt and water, &c.
Maſk, *ſ.* a vizard, or covering for the face, *F.*
Máſon, *ſ.* a workman, who builds with ſtone, *F.*
Máſonry, *ſ.* ſtone work
Maſqueráde, *ſ.* a maſked aſſembly, *F.*
Maſs, *ſ.* a lump, a heap, the Popiſh morning ſervice
Máſſacre, *ſ.* a ſlaughter of unarmed people
Máſſivenels, *ſ.* bulk, weight
Máſſive, *a.* ſolid, heavy, bulky, *F.*
Maſt, *ſ.* of a ſhip, fruit of beach, oak, &c. *S.*
Máſter, *ſ.* the head, or chief, a teacher, one well ſkilled in any thing, *F.*
Máſter, *v.* to get the better of
Máſterly, *ad.* with the ſkill of a maſter
Máſterpiece, *ſ.* a curious piece of art
Máſterſhip, *ſ.* ſuperiority
Máſtery, *ſ.* power, authority
Máſticate, *v.* to chew, *L.*
Maſticátion, *ſ.* the art of chewing
Máſtich, *ſ.* the gum of a tree, *G.*
Máſtiff, *ſ.* a large houſe dog
Mat, *ſ.* a piece of weaving made of ruſhes, *T.*
Matadóre, *ſ.* a term at ombre
Match, *ſ.* a challenged conteſt, a tallying with one another, a marriage contract, a cord to fire guns, a thin ſlip of wood or cord tipped with brimſtone
Match, *v.* to be like, to pair or couple, to marry, to be equal to
Mátchable, *a.* correſpondent, ſuitable
Mátchleſs, *a.* without an equal
Mate, *ſ.* a huſband or wife, a companion, *B.*
Mate, *v.* to equal, to match
Matérial, *a.* belonging to matter of conſequence, *L.*
Matérials, *ſ.* of which any thing is made, *L.*
Matérialiſts, *ſ.* a ſect who maintain the eternity of matter
Materiálity, *ſ.* the being compoſed of matter
Matérially, *ad.* in a ſtate of matter, eſſentially
Matérnal, *a.* motherly
Mathemátical, *a.* belonging to the mathematics
Mathemátician, *ſ.* one ſkilled in the mathematics
Mathemátics, *ſ.* a ſcience which treats of what is capable of being numbered or meaſured, *G.*
Mátin, *a.* uſed in the morning
Mátins, *ſ.* morning prayers
Matráſs, *ſ.* a ſtrait-necked chemical veſſel, *F.*
Mátrice, or Matrix, *ſ.* the womb, a mould, *L.*
Mátricide, *ſ.* the murder of a mother, the murderer himſelf, *L.*
Matriculate, *a.* to admit into an univerſity, *L.*
Matriculation, *ſ.* the act of matriculating
Matrimónial, *a.* of or belonging to marriage, *L.*
Mátrimony, *ſ.* marriage, the nuptial ſtate, *L.*
Mátrix. *See* Matrice
Mátron, *ſ.* a grave motherly woman, *L.*
Matroſſes, *ſ.* ſoldiers in the artillery, next below the gunners
Mátter, *ſ.* that of which any thing is made, body or ſubſtance, corruption, *L.*
Mátthew, *ſ.* a man's name
Mátthias, *ſ.* a man's name
Máttock, *ſ.* a tool uſed in grubbing up trees, &c. *S.*
Máttreſs, *ſ.* a quilted bed to lie on
Maturátion, *ſ.* a ripening, ſuppuration, *L.*

Matúre, *a.* ripe, full of growth, *L.*
Matúrely, *ad.* well digeſted, with counſel
Matúrity, *ſ.* ripeneſs of fruit, years, &c. *L.*
Maúdlin, *a.* tipſy, muddled, half drunk
Maúgre, *ad* in ſpite of, notwithſtanding, *F.*
Maul, *v.* to bang or beat
Maul, *ſ.* a heavy wooden hammer
Maúnder, *v.* to grumble, murmur
Maúndy-Thúrſday, *ſ.* the Thurſday before Eaſter
Mauſóleum, *ſ.* a ſumptuous tomb
Maw, *ſ.* the ventricle of the ſtomach
Máwkiſh, *a.* ſick at ſtomach, ſqueamiſh
Máwkiſhneſs, *ſ.* nauſeouſneſs, ſickiſhneſs
Mawks, *ſ.* a hoidening girl
Maxillary, *a.* belonging to the jaw-bone
Máxim, *ſ.* a general principle, *L.*
May, *v.* to be permitted, to be poſſible, *S.*
May, *ſ.* the fifth month in the year
Máyor, *ſ.* the chief magiſtrate in a corporation, *L.*
Mayóralty, *ſ.* the time a perſon is mayor
Máyoreſs, *ſ.* the wife of a mayor
Mázard, *ſ.* a jaw
Maze, *ſ.* a labyrinth, confuſion of thoughts
Mead, *ſ.* a drink made of honey, a meadow, *S.*
Méadow, *ſ.* ground reſerved for hay or paſture, *S.*
Méager, *a.* lean, thin, lank, *F.*
Méagerneſs, *ſ.* leanneſs, *F.*
Meal, *ſ.* a ſet repaſt, any corn after it is ground, *L. S.*
Méaly, *a.* dry and flowry, ſoft
Mean, *a.* middle, low, deſpicable
Mean, *ſ.* a medium, middle
Mean, *v.* to purpoſe, to ſignify
Meánder, *ſ.* turnings and windings, intricáte
Méaning, *ſ.* ſenſe or ſignification, intention
Meánly, *ad.* ungenerouſly, without dignity
Meánneſs, *ſ.* lowneſs of mind, ſordidneſs
Mear, *ſ.* a lake, a boundary
Meáſles, *ſ.* a cutaneous diſorder
Meáſled, *a* ſpotted with meaſles
Meáſure, *ſ.* that which ſerves to ſhew the quantity or extent of any thing, time in muſic, cadence in verſe
Meáſures, *ſ.* means, ways, proceedings
Meáſurement, *ſ.* menſuration
Meat, *ſ.* food in general, fleſh to be eaten, *S.*
Mechánical, *a.* belonging to mechanics, belonging to a working trade
Mechánic, *ſ.* an artificer, handicraftſman, *G.*
Mechánics, *ſ.* a ſcience which demonſtrates the laws of motion, *G.*
Médal, *ſ.* an ancient coin, *F.*
Medállic, *a.* pertaining to medals
Medállion, *ſ.* a large medal, *F.*
Médalliſt, *ſ.* one curious in medals
Méddle, *v.* to touch or concern one's ſelf about
Méddler, *ſ.* a buſy body in other mens affairs
Méddleſome, *a.* intermeddling
Médiate, *v.* to interpoſe between two parties, *L.*
Médiate, *a.* acting as a means, middle
Médiately, *ad.* by a ſecondary cauſe
Mediátion, *ſ.* interpoſition, agency, *L.*
Mediátor, *ſ.* an interceſſor, adviſer, *L.*
Mediatórial, *a.* belonging to a mediator
Mediátrix, *ſ.* a female interceſſor
Médical, *a.* relating to the act of healing
Médicament, *ſ.* a phyſical compoſition, *L.*
Medicinal, *a.* of a phyſical nature, *L.*
Médicine, *ſ.* any remedy in phyſic, *L.*
Mediócrity, *ſ.* moderation, *L.*
Méditate, *v.* to muſe, ponder, think upon, *L.*
Meditátion, *ſ.* contemplation, a cloſe thinking upon

Medium, *ſ.* a mean, or middle ſtate, *L.*
Médlar, *ſ.* a tree and fruit
Médley, *ſ.* a mixture of odd things
Medúllary, *a.* belonging to the marrow, *L.*
Meek, *a.* mild, gentle, humble, ſubmiſſive
Meékly, *ad* gently, mildly
Meékneſs, *ſ.* gentleneſs, humility
Meer, *a.* arrant, downright. *See* Mere
Meet, *a.* proper, fit
Meet, *v.* to come together, to join
Meéting, *ſ.* an aſſembly, a conflux
Meétly, *ad.* fitly, properly
Mégrim, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in the head
Melancholy, *ſ.* penſiveneſs, ſadneſs
Melancholy, *a.* gloomy, ſad, penſive
Mélicantes, *ſ.* a woman's name
Méliorate, *v.* to mend, make better, *L.*
Melliferous, *a.* productive of honey
Mellifluent, *a.* flowing with honey
Mellifluous, *a.* ſweet flowing
Mellow, *a.* ripe, ſoft, far gone in liquor, *L*
Melodious, *a.* full of melody, harmonious, *G.*
Melodiouſneſs, *ſ.* harmoniouſneſs
Mélody, *ſ.* harmony of ſound, *G.*
Mélon, *ſ.* a well-known fruit, *F.*
Melt, *v.* to diſſolve, to ſoften
Méltingly, *ad.* with tenderneſs and feeling
Mémber, *ſ.* a limb, part, clauſe, *F.*
Mémbrane, *ſ.* a thin ſkin, *L.*
Membráneous, *a.* full of membranes
Memento, *ſ.* a hint to awaken the mind, *L.*
Memoirs, *ſ.* remarkable obſervations, *F.*
Mémorable, *a.* worthy to be remembered, *L.*
Memorándum, *ſ* a note to help the memory, *L.*
Memórial *ſ.* ſomething to preſerve the memory, a public writing ſent to a foreign ſtate
Memóraliſt, *ſ.* one who preſents memorials
Mémory, *ſ.* the power of calling to mind paſt ideas, *F.*

Menace, *ſ.* a threat
Ménace, *v.* to threaten, ſwagger, bully, *F*
Ménagerie, *ſ.* a collection of animals
Mend, *v.* to correct, repair, or reform, *L.*
Méndicant, *a.* a begging friar, a beggar, *L.*
Mendicity, *ſ.* the life of a beggar
Ménial, *a.* domeſtic, *L.*
Ménſtruum, *ſ.* any diſſolving or corroding liquid, *L.*
Ménſurable, *a.* capable of being meaſured, *L.*
Menſurátion, *ſ.* the act of meaſuring, *L.*
Méntal, *a.* intellectual, exiſting in the mind, *L.*
Mention, *v.* to expreſs, either in words or writing, *L.*
Mércantile, *a.* belonging to trade or merchandize, *F.*
Mércenary, *a.* venal, greedy of gain, *L.*
Mércer, *ſ.* one who deals in ſilks
Mércery, *ſ.* the trade of mercers, *F.*
Mérchandize, *ſ.* wares, trade, commerce, *F.*
Mérchant, *ſ.* a wholeſale dealer, *F.*
Merchántable, *a.* fit to be ſold or bought
Merchantman, *ſ.* a trading ſhip
Mérciful, *a.* ready to ſhew mercy
Mércileſs, *a.* that has no mercy
Mercúrial, *a.* compoſed of quick-ſilver
Mércury, *ſ.* quick-ſilver, ſprightlineſs, the name of a god and a plant
Mércy, *ſ.* pity, compaſſion, pardon, *F.*
Mércy, *ſ.* a woman's name
Mere, (*See* Meer, *a.*) this only
Mérely, *ad.* only, ſimply
Meretricious, *a.* whoriſh
Meridian, *ſ.* noon-tide, belonging to noon, a line dividing the earth from north to ſouth
Meridional, *a.* ſouthern, *F.*
Mérit, *ſ.* deſert, worth, claim, right, *L.*
Meritórious, *a.* deſerving, full of merit, *L.*

Mérmaid,

Mérmaid, *ſ.* a ſea-woman
Merry-making, *ſ.* a meeting for mirth
Mérriment, *ſ.* mirth, jollity
Mérry, *a.* chearful, jocund, diverting
Mérrythought, *ſ.* a bone in a fowl
Meſéntery, *ſ.* a ſkin enveloping the guts
Meſh, *ſ.* the ſpace between the threads in a net, *Du.*
Méſlin, or Maſlin, *ſ.* wheat and rye mixt
Meſs, *ſ.* a portion of food, a feeding together
Meſs, *v.* to eat or feed together
Méſſage, *ſ.* an errand, *F.*
Méſſenger, *ſ.* one who goes on an errand, *F.*
Meſsiah, *ſ.* the anointed, a name and title given to Jeſus Chriſt, *H.*
Meſſieúrs, *ſ.* ſirs, gentlemen, *F.*
Méſſmate, *ſ.* one who eats at the ſame table
Méſſuage, *ſ.* a ſmall houſe
Met, *v.* did meet
Métal, *ſ.* a malliable ſubſtance
Metállic, *a.* of the nature of metals
Metálline, *a.* impregnated with metal
Metálliſt, *ſ.* one ſkilled in metals
Metamórphoſe, *v.* to transform
Metamórphoſis, *ſ.* transformation, *G.*
Métaphor, *ſ.* a word changed from its natural ſenſe to one more ornamental, *G.*
Metaphórical, *a.* figurative, not literal, *G.*
Métaphraſt, *ſ.* one who tranſlates literally, *G.*
Metaph'yſical or Metaph'yſic, *a.* relating to metaphyſics, *G.*
Metaph'yſics, *ſ.* ſeeing of immaterial beings
Mete, *v.* to meaſure, *L.*
Métemſychóſis, *ſ.* the tranſmigration of ſouls
Méteors, *ſ.* vapours drawn up into the air, *G.*
Méter, *ſ.* a meaſurer
Methinks, *v.* ſo it appears to me
Metheglin, *ſ.* a drink made of honey, &c.

Méthod, *ſ.* order, regularity, manner, *G.*
Methó dical, *a.* according to method
Méthodiſe, *v.* to bring into good order, *G.*
Méthodiſt, *ſ.* one who acts by rule, a new ſect
Métre, *ſ.* cadence, or the meaſure of verſes
Métrical, *a.* pertaining to metre
Metropolis, *ſ.* the chief city of a country, *G.*
Metropólitan, *ſ.* an archbiſhop
Metropolitan, *a.* belonging to a metropolis
Méttle, *ſ.* vigour, life, ſprightlineſs
Méttled, *a.* ſpirited, ſprightly
Méttleſome, *a.* full of fire, life, and vigour
Mew, *ſ.* a ſea bird, a place where hawks are kept, *S.*
Mew, *v.* to cry as a cat, ſhut up, molt
Mezzotinto, *ſ.* prints from copper-plates by ſcraping, *I.*
Mice, *ſ.* the plural of mouſe
Michael, *ſ.* a man's name
Michaelmas, *ſ.* the feaſt of St. Michael
Mickle, *a.* much, *S.*
Microcóſm, *ſ* a little world, *G.*
Microſcope, *ſ.* an optical inſtrument
Micrómeter, *ſ.* an inſtrument to meaſure the diameter of the ſtars
Mid, *a.* middle
Mi dle, *ſ.* equally diſtant, between two
Middling *a.* moderate
Midrif, *ſ.* the diaphraſm
Midſhipmen, *ſ.* inferior officers aboard a ſhip of war
Midſt, *a.* middle
Midſummer, *ſ.* the ſummer ſolſtice
Midwife, *ſ.* one who delivers women with child
Midwifery, *ſ.* aſſiſtance at child birth
Midwinter, *ſ.* the winter ſolſtice
Mien, *ſ.* air, look, manner, *F.*

Might, *ſ.* power, ability, *S.*
Mightily, *ad.* vigorouſly, powerfully
Mightineſs, *ſ.* height of dignity, greatneſs
Mighty, *a.* excellent, ſtrong, powerful
Migration, *ſ.* a removing from one place to another, *L.*
Milch, *a.* giving milk, *T.*
Mild, *a.* ſoft gentle, merciful, ſweet, *S.*
Mildew, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in plants, ſpots in paper, &c. *S.*
Mildly, *ad.* gently, tenderly
Mildneſs, *ſ.* ſweetneſs, clemency, tenderneſs
Mildred, *ſ.* a woman's name
Mile, *ſ.* a meaſure of 1760 yards, *L.*
Militant, *a.* fighting, combating, *L.*
Military, *a* belonging to the ſoldiery, *L.*
Militia, *ſ.* trained bands, national forces, *L.*
Milk, *ſ.* a food well known, *Ger.*
Milk, *v.* to draw milk from a cow, &c.
Milky, *a.* made of milk, reſembling milk
Mill, *ſ.* an engine for grinding, flatting, &c.
Millenarian, *ſ.* who expect millenium
Millenary, *a.* conſiſting of a thouſand
Millennium, *ſ.* Chriſt's reign of 1000 years, *L.*
Millenical, *a.* pertaining to the millennium
Millepodes, *ſ.* wood-lice, *L.*
Miller, *ſ.* one who grinds corn, *T.*
Milliner, *ſ.* one who makes up women's caps. &c.
Million, *ſ.* 1,000,000, or ten hundred thouſand
Milt, *ſ.* the ſpleen, the ſoft roe of fiſh, *L.*
Mimical, *a.* irritating, acting the mimic
Mimic, *ſ.* who takes off another, a buffoon, *G.*
Mimickry, *ſ.* burleſque, imitation, *G.*
Minatory, *a.* threatning
Mince, *v.* to cut ſmall, to ſpeak by halves, *F.*
Mind, *ſ.* ſpirit, purpoſe, deſire, *S.*
Mind, *v.* to attend to, to take care of
Minded, *a.* diſpoſed, inclined, affected
Mindful, *a.* attentive, *S.*
Mine, *pron.* belonging to me
Mine, *ſ.* a place where minerals are dug, *F.*
Mine, *v.* to ſap, to dig mines
Miners, *ſ.* men who work in mines
Minerals, *ſ.* bodies dug out of mines, *L.*
Mineralogy, *ſ.* the doctrine of minerals
Minerva, *ſ.* the goddeſs of wiſdom
Mingle, *v.* to mix
Miniature, *ſ.* in ſmall
Minikin, *ſ.* a ſmall ſort of pins
Minim, *ſ.* a dwarf, half a ſemibrace
Minion, *ſ.* a darling, favourite
Miniſter, *ſ.* of ſtate, of the church, *L.*
Miniſter, *v.* to officiate, to ſerve, ſupply
Miniſterial, *a.* belonging to a miniſter
Miniſtration, *ſ.* office, agency, function
Miniſtry, *ſ.* miniſters of ſtate, the office of a divine, agency, *L.*
Minor, *ſ.* leſſer, one under age, *L.*
Minority, *ſ.* non-age
Minſter, *ſ.* a church belonging to a monaſtery or convent, *S.*
Minſtral, *ſ.* a player on an inſtrument
Mint, *ſ.* an herb, a place where money is coined, *S.*
Mintage, *ſ.* duty paid for coining
Minuet, *ſ.* a French dance, and time
Minum, *ſ.* a ſlow note, ſmall type
Minute, *ſ.* the 60th part of an hour, and of degree, memorandum
Minute, *a.* little, ſmall
Minutes, *ſ.* ſhort notes
Minutely, *ad.* to a ſmall point, exactly

Minuteneſs,

Minúteneſs, *ſ.* ſmallneſs
Minx, *ſ.* a proud, prim laſs
Miracle, *ſ.* a thing above the ordinary courſe of nature, *L.*
Miráculous, *a.* done by a miracle
Mire, *ſ.* dirt, or mud, *Du.*
Mirrour, *ſ.* a looking-glaſs, *F.*
Mirth, *ſ.* laughter, merriment, *S.*
Miry, *a.* muddy, deep in mud
Miſapplicátion, *ſ.* an applying to a wrong ſenſe
Miſadventure, *ſ.* miſchance
Miſapply, *v.* to apply to a wrong uſe
Miſapplication, *ſ.* an applying to a wrong purpoſe, miſunderſtanding
Miſápprehend, *ſ.* to take a matter in a wrong ſenſe, *F.*
Miſbeliéver, *ſ.* one who holds a falſe religion
Miſcálculate, *v.* to reckon wrong
Miſcáll, *v.* to give a wrong name
Miſcarriage, *ſ.* abortion, failure
Miſcárry, *v.* to have an abortion, to fail
Miſcellaneous, *v.* compoſed of various kinds, *L.*
Miſcéllany, *ſ.* a collection of various ſubjects, *L.*
Miſchánce, *ſ.* a diſaſter
Miſchief, *ſ.* hurt damage
Miſchiévous, *a.* hurtful, fond of miſchief
Miſclaim, *ſ.* a miſtaken claim
Miſcónduct, *ſ.* ill behaviour, ill management
Miſconſtrúction, *ſ.* wrong interpretation
Miſcónſtrue, *v.* to give a wrong meaning
Miſcreant, *ſ.* a profligate, abandoned villain, *F.*
Miſdeeds, *ſ.* evil deeds, *S.*
Miſdemeánor, *ſ.* an offence, or fault, *F.*
Míſer, *ſ.* a parſimonious wretch, *L.*
Míſerable, *a.* wretched, niggardly, ſordid
Míſerable, *ſ.* violent pain, wretchedneſs, *L.*
Miſfórtune, *ſ.* a miſchance, calamity
Míſgive, *v.* to preſage ſomething ill
Míſguide, *v.* to direct ill
Míſhap, *ſ.* miſchance, or diſaſter
Miſinfórm, *ſ.* to give a wrong information
Miſinformátion, *ſ.* falſe intelligence
Miſintérpret, *v.* to interpret amiſs, *L.*
Misjúdge, *v.* to conclude or judge amiſs
Miſláy, *v.* to lay in a wrong place
Miſmánage, *v.* to act imprudently
Miſmánagement, *ſ.* ill conduct
Miſmátch, *v.* to match improperly
Miſnáme, *v.* to call by a wrong name
Miſpénd, *v.* to waſte, to ſpend ill
Miſpláce, *v.* to put in a wrong place
Miſpríſon, *ſ.* overſight, negligence, neglect
Miſquóte, *v.* to make a falſe quotation
Miſréckon, *v.* to reckon wrong
Miſrepreſent, *v.* not to repreſent fairly
Miſrepreſentátion, *ſ.* an account, maliciouſly falſe
Miſrúle, *ſ.* ill government, diſorder
Miſs, *ſ.* a girl or young unmarried gentlewoman
Miſs, *v.* to know the want, to omit, to fail
Míſſal, *ſ.* the Popiſh maſs-book
Míſſile, *a.* thrown by the hand, *L.*
Miſſion, *ſ.* a ſending, *L.*
Míſſionary, *a.* one ſent to preach the Goſpel
Míſſive, *a.* that may be ſent, caſt, or hurled, *L.*
Miſt, *ſ.* a watery vapour, dimneſs, *S.*
Miſtake, *v.* to err, to commit an overſight
Miſtáke, *ſ.* error, miſconception
Miſtáte, *v.* to ſtate wrong

Miſtíme, *v.* to perform out of ſeaſon
Miſsletóe, *ſ.* a plant that grows on trees
Miſtreſs, *ſ.* a female poſſeſſor, a concubine
Miſtrúſt, *ſ.* ſuſpicion
Miſtrúſtful, *a.* ſuſpicious
Miſty, *a.* foggy, dull, moiſt, thick
Miſunderſtánd, *v.* to take in a wrong ſenſe
Miſunderſtánding, *ſ.* difference, diſagreement
Miſúſage, *ſ.* abuſe, ill treatment
Miſúſe, *v.* to uſe ill, to make an ill uſe of
Mite, *ſ.* an ancient coin, about the third part of a farthing, a ſmall inſect
Mithridate, *ſ.* a phyſical preparation
Mitigate, *v.* to pacify, to allay, aſſuage, *L.*
Mitigátion, *ſ.* abatement, *L.*
Mítre, *ſ.* a cap worn by biſhops, *G.*
Mítred, *a.* adorned with a mitre
Mittens, *ſ.* gloves without fingers
Mittimus, *ſ.* a warrant to ſend to priſon, *L.*
Mix, *v.* to unite, form, join, mingle
Míxture, *ſ.* a compoſition of ſeveral things, *L.*
Mizzen, *ſ.* the ſtern maſt
Mean, *ſ.* ſad complaint, audable ſorrow
Mean, *v.* to make moan
Moat, *ſ.* a ditch or trench round a caſtle, &c.
Mob, *ſ.* a tumultuous rabble, a woman's cap, *F.*
Mob, *v.* to riot, ſcold
Móbbiſh, *a.* rude, riotous
Móbile, *ſ.* mob, populace, rabble
Mobility, *ſ.* the mob, or rabble, *F.*
Mock, *v.* to mimic, to ſcoff, laugh, or flout at
Mock, *ſ.* a ſcoff, ridicule
Mock, *a.* counterfeit, falſe
Móckery, *ſ.* deriſion, ſcorn, ſportive inſult
Mode, *ſ.* faſhion, cuſtom, ſtate, appearance, *L.*
Módel, *ſ.* the pattern of a building, &c.
Módel, *v.* to plan, to ſhape, mould
Módeller, *ſ.* one who makes models
Móderate, *a.* temperate, middling, not violent, *L.*
Móderate, *v.* to temper, or allay, to ſet bounds, *L.*
Moderátion, *ſ.* keeping within due bounds
Moderátor, *ſ.* who rules, reſtrains, preſides, *L.*
Módern, *a.* recent, of late time, *L.*
Móderniſe, *v.* to adapt ancient to modern, *L.*
Módeſt, *a.* chaſte, humble, diffident, *L.*
Módeſty, *ſ.* chaſtity, diffidence, humility, *L.*
Módicum, *ſ.* a ſmall pittance, *L.*
Modificátion, *ſ.* limitation, reſtriction, *L.*
Módify, *v.* to ſhape, qualify, regulate
Módiſh, *a.* agreeable to the mode
Módiſhneſs, *ſ.* faſhionableneſs
Módulate, *v.* to form a ſound to a key or notes, *F.*
Modulátion, *ſ.* a regulating the voice, or an inſtrument ſo as to perform a piece of muſic harmoniouſly, *L.*
Módus, *ſ.* an equivalent paid inſtead of tithes, *L.*
Mogul, *ſ.* the emperor of India
Mohair, *ſ.* thread or fluff made of hair
Mohock, *ſ.* a ſort of butcherly knife
Moidóre, *ſ.* a Portugueze gold coin, value 1l. 7s.
Moiety, *ſ.* the half of any thing, *F.*
Moil, *v.* to ſlave, or toil
Moiſt, *a.* wettiſh, damp, juicy
Moiſten, *v.* to make wet or damp
Moiſture, *ſ.* wetneſs, dampneſs
Mole, *ſ.* a little creature that lives in the earth, a ſpot on the ſkin, a dike, pier, or wound
Moléſt, *v.* to diſturb, to vex, *L.*

Moleſtátion,

Moleſtátion, *ſ.* interruption, trouble, *L.*
Móllifier, *ſ.* one who mitigates, pacifies, ſoftens
Móllify, *v.* to make quiet, ſoft, appeaſe, *L.*
Molten, *a.* melted, or caſt
Molóſſes, *ſ.* treacle, *L.*
Móment, *ſ.* of time, weight, importance
Moméntary, *a.* ſhort, that laſts but a moment, *L.*
Moméntous, *a.* of great importance, *L.*
Mónachal, *a.* monaſtic, *G.*
Mónarch, *ſ.* a ſovereign, a king, *G.*
Monárchal, *a.* ſuiting a monarch, regal
Monárchial, *a.* belonging to a monarchy
Mónarchy, *ſ.* kingly government, *G.*
Mónaſtery, *ſ.* a college of monks
Monáſtic, or Monaſtical, *a.* belonging to a monaſtery
Mónday, *ſ.* the ſecond day of the week
Móney, *ſ.* any thing that paſſes for the common ſtandard of the value of commodities
Móneyed, *a.* rich in money
Móneyleſs, *a.* pennyleſs, wanting money
Móneyſcrivener, *ſ.* who raiſes money for others
Móngrel, *a.* of a mixed breed
Monition, *ſ.* admonition, warning, information
Mónitor, *ſ.* an admoniſher, an overſeer of manners in ſchools, *L.*
Mónitory, *a.* ſerving to admoniſh
Monk, *ſ.* one who lives in a monaſtery, *T.*
Mónkey, *ſ.* a kind of ape
Mónody, *ſ.* a funeral ditty ſung by one, *G.*
Monóply, *ſ.* engroſſing the whole, *G.*
Monópoliſt, *ſ.* one who engroſſes a commodity ſo as to have power to ſell
Monópolize, *v.* to engroſs a commodity, *G.*
Monoſy'llable, *ſ.* a word of one ſyllable, *G.*
Monótony, *ſ.* uniformity of ſound
Monſoóns, *ſ.* trade winds, *F.*
Mónſter, *ſ.* a creature of an unnatural ſhape, *L.*
Mónſtrous, *a.* prodigious, ſhocking, hateful
Mónth, *ſ.* a ſpace of time
Mónthly, *a.* happening every month, once in a month
Mónument, *ſ.* a memorial for after ages, *L.*
Monuméntal, *a.* preſerving memory
Mood, *ſ.* humour, temper, a term in grammar, *L.*
Moon, *ſ.* a well known planet, *S.*
Moónſhine, *ſ.* the light of the moon
Moor, *ſ.* a marſh, a native of Morocco, a negro
Moor, *v.* to be fixed with anchors
Moórings, *ſ.* the place where a ſhip anchors
Moóriſh, *a.* fenny, marſhy
Moóry, *a.* marſhy, fenny
Mooſe, *ſ.* a large kind of American deer
Moot, *v.* to exerciſe in law pleadings
Mop, *ſ.* an utenſil for waſhing of houſes, *S.*
Mope, *v.* to be heavy or ſtupid
Móral, *ſ.* the inſtruction of a fable
Moral, *a.* belonging to manners
Morálity, *ſ.* our duty to God and Man, *L.*
Morálize, *v.* to make moral reflections, *L.*
Móráls, *ſ.* the natural duties of life
Moráſs, *ſ.* marſh, fen, or bog
Mórbid, *a.* corrupt, infectious, *L.*
Mórbidneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being diſeaſed
Morbífic, *a.* cauſing diſeaſes
Morbóſe, *a* not healthy
More, *ad.* a greater number or quantity
Moreóver, *con.* beſides
Morn, or Morning, *ſ.* the beginning of the day, *T.*
Moróſe, *a.* ſurly, froward, teſty, *L.*
Moróſeneſs,

Morósenefs, *ſ.* ſullenneſs, peeviſhneſs
Mórphew, *ſ.* a ſcurf on the face
Mórrow, *ſ.* the day after the preſent day
Mórſel, *ſ.* a little bit, *L.*
Mórtal, *a.* ſubject to death, deadly, *L.*
Mórtal, *ſ.* a human creature
Mortálity, *ſ.* death, a peſtilential diſeaſe, human nature
Mórtally, *ad.* irrecoverably, extremely
Mórtar, *ſ.* a veſſel in which things are pounded, one to caſt bombs, tempered lime and ſand
Mórtgage, *ſ.* an eſtate pledged for money, *F.*
Mórtgagee, *ſ.* to whom lands, &c. are mortgaged
Mortíferous, *a.* death bringing, fatal, deadly
Mortification, *ſ.* a gangrene, ſelf-denial
Mórtify, *v.* to corrupt, to vex or humble
Mórtiſe, *ſ.* a term in joinery, *F.*
Mórtuary, *ſ.* a gift left to the church, *F.*
Moſes, *ſ.* a man's name
Moſque, or Moſk, *ſ.* a Mahometan temple
Moſs, *ſ.* a ſpecies of vegetables, *T.*
Móſſy, *a.* ſoft, covered with moſs
Moſt, *a.* the greateſt number or quantity, *S.*
Móſtly, *ad.* for the greateſt part
Mote, *ſ.* an aſſembly, a ſcarce viſible body, *S.*
Moth, *ſ.* a flying inſect that eats cloth, *S.*
Móther, *ſ.* a woman who has borne a child
Móther, *a.* native
Móther, *v* to gather concretion, or mould
Mótherleſs, *a.* without a mother
Mótherly, *ad* affectionately, lovingly
Móthery, *a.* concreted, mouldy
Motion, *v.* to propoſe
Mótion, *ſ.* the act of moving, propoſal
Mótionleſs, *a.* without motion
Mótive, *ſ.* incitement, cauſing action
Mótley, *a.* mixed, ſpotted, *F.*
Móto, *ſ.* a ſentence prefixed or added, *I.*
Move, *v.* to ſtir, to remove, to affect, or work upon, *L.*
Móveable, *a.* that may be moved or changed
Móveables, *ſ.* goods, furniture, rings, plate, &c. *F.*
Móvement, *ſ.* motion, the wheels in a clock or watch, *F.*
Móver, *ſ.* one who moves or gives motion
Móvingly, *ad.* pathetically
Mould, or Mold, *ſ.* earth, mouldineſs, matrix in which metals are caſt, *S.*
Mould, *v.* to corrupt, ſhape, form, model, knead
Moúlder, *v.* to fall to duſt, to waſte away, *F.*
Moúldineſs, *ſ.* having a hoary down
Moúlding, *ſ.* an ornament in wood, ſtone, &c.
Moúldwarp, *ſ.* the mole
Moúldy, *a.* covered with a hoary down
Moult, *v.* to caſt the feathers, *F.*
Mound, *ſ.* a fence or incloſure
Mount, *ſ.* a mountain or hill, *F.*
Mount, *v.* to aſcend, get on horſeback
Moúntain, *ſ.* an high hill, *F.*
Mountaineer, *ſ.* one who dwells on a mountain
Moúntainous, *a.* hilly, huge
Moúntebank, *ſ.* a quack who harranges the mob, *H.*
Mourn, *v.* to bewail, lament, or grieve
Moúrner, *ſ.* one who follows a corpſe, who mourns
Moúrnful, *a.* ſorrowful
Moúrning, *ſ.* lamenting, dreſs of ſorrow
Mouſe, *ſ.* a kind of vermin well known, *T.*
Mouſe, *v.* to catch mice
Mouſer, *ſ.* a cat that catches mice

Mouth,

Mouth, *ſ.* a well known part of an animal, the entrance of a river
Mouth, *v.* to talk big, mutter, grumble
Móuthful, *ſ.* what a mouth can hold
Móuthing, *ſ.* talking in a ſwelling affected manner, grumbling
Mow, *ſ.* a ſtack of hay, or unthraſhed corn
Mow, *v.* to cut down graſs or corn with a ſcythe, *S.*
Mówer, *ſ.* one who mows
Much, *a.* large, long, many in number
Much, *ſ.* a great deal, a multitude
Mucid, *a.* muſty, mouldy, *L.*
Múcilage, *ſ.* a viſcous extraction from ſeeds, &c.
Muciláginous, *a.* viſcous, ſlimy, *L.*
Muck, *ſ.* dung for manure, *S.*
Muckhill, *ſ* a dunghill
Múckſweat, *ſ.* profuſe ſweat
Múckworm, *ſ.* a worm in dung, a miſer
Múcky, *a.* filthy, naſty
Múcous, *a.* mucilaginous, or ſlimy
Múculent, *a.* mucous
Múcus, *ſ.* ſlime, ſn t, *L.*
Mud, *ſ.* mire, wet, dirt
Múddineſs, *ſ.* turbidneſs, foulneſs
Múddle, *v.* to ſtupify, to make half drunk
Múddy, *a.* full of mud, thick, not clear
Mue. *See* Mew
Muff, *ſ.* a caſe to put the hands in
Múffle, *v.* to wrap up the face, cap a bell-clapper
Múſti, *ſ.* the high-prieſt of the Mahometans
Mug, *ſ.* a drinking veſſel
Muggy, *a.* moiſt, hot and cloſe, ſomewhat muſty
Mulátto, *ſ.* begot between a white and a black, *S.*
Mulberry, *ſ.* a tree and fruit well known
Mulct, *ſ.* a pecuniary fine, *L.*

Mule, *ſ.* a beaſt engendered between a horſe and an aſs, or an aſs and a mare
Muleteér, or Multier, *ſ.* a mule driver
Mull, *v.* to warm and ſweeten wine or ale
Múller, *ſ.* the ſtone uſed in grinding colours, *L.*
Mullet, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh, a ſurgeon's inſtrument
Múlligrubs, *ſ.* ſullenneſs
Múltiform, *a.* in various ſhapes or appearances, *L.*
Multiplicand, *ſ.* the number to be multiplied
Multiplicátion, *ſ.* the act of multiplying
Multiplicátor, *ſ.* by which you multiply
Multiplícity, *ſ.* a multitude, or great number
Multiplíer, *ſ.* one who multiplies
Múltiply, *a.* to encreaſe in number, *L.*
Multítude, *ſ.* many, a crowd, the vulgar
Mum, *interj.* huſh! ſilence
Mum, *ſ.* a kind of thick beer, *T.*
Múmble, *v.* to chew awkwardly, to ſpeak in a muttering manner, *B.*
Múmmery, *ſ.* maſquerading, buffoonery
Múmmy, *ſ.* a corpſe embalmed, *A.*
Mump, *v.* to beg a meal, to nibble
Múmper, *ſ.* a beggar
Mumps, *ſ.* ſilent anger, ſullenneſs
Munch, *v.* to chew eagerly
Múndane, *a.* worldly, *L.*
Múndatory, *a.* cleanſing
Mundify, *v.* to cleanſe, or purify
Múngrel, *a.* generated between different kinds
Municipal, *a.* belonging to a corporation, *L.*
Munificence, *ſ.* liberality, *L.*
Munificient, *a.* liberal, bountiful
Múniment, *ſ.* a fortreſs, *L.*
Munition, *ſ.* ammunition
Múral, *a.* belonging to a wall
Múrder, *ſ.* a wilful unlawful killing, *S.*
Múrder, *v.* to deſtroy, kill unlawfully

Múrderer,

Múrderer, and Murdereſs, *ſ.* one who has committed murder
Múrderous, *a.* bloody, ready for murder
Mure, *v.* to wall up
Múrkey, *a.* obſcure, dark
Múrmur, *ſ.* a name expreſſive of the ſound, grumbling
Múrmurer, *ſ.* a repiner, grumbler
Múrrain, *ſ.* the rot among cattle
Múrrey, *ſ.* a reddiſh purple
Murther. *See* Murder
Múſcadine, and Múſcadel, *ſ.* a kind of ſweet grape and wine, a ſweet pear
Múſcle, *ſ.* fleſhy fibres
Múſcular, *a.* belonging to the muſcles
Múſculous, *a.* brawny, full of muſcles
Muſe, *ſ.* deep thought, power of poetry
Muſe, *v.* to ponder; ſtudy; think on attentively
Múſes, *ſ.* the goddeſſes of poetry
Muſéum, *ſ.* a repoſitory of curioſities, *G.*
Múſhroom, *ſ.* a ſpongy plant that grows ſuddenly
Múſical, *a.* harmonious
Múſic, *ſ.* the art of forming concords, and moving the paſſions by agreeable ſounds, *G.*
Muſician, *ſ.* one ſkilled in muſic
Muſk, *ſ.* a ſtrong perfume, a flower, *F.*
Músket, *ſ.* the gun carried by ſoldiers, *F.*
Muſketéer, *ſ.* a ſoldier armed with a muſket, *F.*
Muſketoón, *ſ.* a blunderbuſs, *F.*
Muſkmélon, *ſ.* a fragrant melon
Múſky, *a.* ſweet ſcented
Múſlin, *ſ.* a fine ſort of cotton cloth, *L.*
Muſſel, *ſ.* a ſhell-fiſh
Múſſulman, *ſ.* a Mahometan, *A.*
Muſt, *ſ.* new wine before fermented
Muſt, *v.* to grow mouldy
Muſtáches, or Muſtáchoes, *ſ.* whiskers, *F.*
Múſtard, *ſ.* a plant and its ſeed, *W.*
Múſter, *v.* to review, to aſſemble *T.*
Múſter, *ſ.* a review and regiſter of forces
Múſter-roll, *ſ.* a liſt of the ſoldiers
Múſtineſs, *ſ.* a mouldy ſmell
Múſty, *a.* of a mouldy ſmell
Mutability, *ſ.* changeableneſs
Mútable, *a.* changeable, inconſtant, *L.*
Mute, *ſ.* a perſon obliged to be ſilent, *L.*
Mute, *a.* dumb, ſilent, *L.*
Mute, *v.* to dung as birds do
Mútilate, *v.* to maim, mangle, caſtrate
Mutilated, *a.* mangled, maimed
Mutilátion, *ſ.* maiming, caſtration
Mutineér, *ſ.* one engaged in a mutiny, *F.*
Mútinous, *a.* ſeditious, ready to revolt
Mútiny, *ſ.* ſedition, inſurrection, *F.*
Mútter, *v.* to ſpeak low, to murmur, *L.*
Mútterer, *ſ.* a murmurer, grumbler
Mútering, *ſ.* a grumbling
Mútton, *ſ.* the fleſh of ſheep, *F.*
Mutual, *a.* reciprocal, equal on both ſides, *F.*
Múzzle, *ſ.* a piece of leather to faſten the mouth, the mouth of a gun
Múzzle, *v.* to bind the mouth, cap a bell
My'riad, *ſ.* ten thouſand
Myrobelan, *ſ.* an Indian fruit
Myrrh, *ſ.* a fragrant Indian gum
My'rtle, *ſ.* a fragrant ſhrub, *L.*
Myſtérious, *a.* obſcure, above the underſtanding
My'ſtery, *ſ.* a thing concealed, a trade, *G.*
My'ſtical, and My'ſtic, *a.* belonging to a myſtery
Mythológical, *a.* belonging to mythology
Mythólogiſt, *ſ.* one ſkilled in mythology
Mythólogy, *ſ.* the fables of the Pagan religion, *G*

N. is

N.

N. is used as an abbreviation of north, N. E. north east
N B. is put for *nota bene*, or take notice
No. is used for number
N. S. signifies new style
Nab, *v.* to catch unexpectedly
Nádir, *s.* the point opposite the zenith
Nag, *s.* a saddle horse
Nail, *s.* an iron pin, an hard substance on the fingers and toes, the 16th part of a yard
Nail, *v.* to fasten with nails
Nail up cannon, *v.* to drive a spike into the touch-hole
Náiler, *s* a nail maker
Náked, *a.* uncovered, unarmed, plain, *S.*
Nákedly, *ad.* evidently, simply
Nákedness, *s.* nudity, plainness, want
Name, *s.* appellation, reputation, renown
Námeless, *a.* without a name, not named
Námely, *ad.* particularly, especially
Námesake, *s.* one who has the same name with another
Nap *s.* the woolly down on cloth, a short sleep, *S.*
Nape, *s.* the back part of the neck
Nápkin, *s.* a linen used at table to wipe the hands
Nappy, *a.* woolly, frothy
Nappy-ale, *s.* ale of a good quality
Naptha, *s.* a kind of combustible earth, *G.*
Narcíssus, *s.* the daffodil
Narcótic, *a.* stupifying, causing sleep
Narcótics, *s.* medicines that take away the sense of pain
Narrátion, *s.* a relation, history, account
Nárrative, *s.* a relation, or recital, *F.*
Nárrow, *a.* of small breadth, covetous, *S.*
Nárrow, *v* to diminish, to contract
Nárrowly, *ad.* contractedly, nearly, sparingly
Nárrowness, *s.* want of breadth, meanness
Násal, *a.* belonging to the nose
Násty, *a.* foul, filthy, obscene
Nástiness, *s.* filth, obscenity
Nátal, *a.* belonging to one's birth
Náthan, *s.* a man's name
Nathániel, *s.* a man's name
Nátion, *s.* a people under one government
Nátional, *a.* belonging to a whole nation
Nátive, *a.* natural, imbred, conferred by birth
Nátive, *s.* one born in the place, *L.*
Nativity, *s.* birth, *L.*
Nátural, *a.* belonging to, or proceeding from nature
Nátural, *s.* an idiot or fool
Naturalíst, *s.* one skilled in natural philosophy
Naturalization, *s.* admission to the privileges of a native
Náturalize, *v.* to admit as a subject, *L.*
Náturally, *ad.* without affectation, spontaneously
Náture, *s.* the original properties of bodies, the world, the universe, disposition of mind, &c.
Nával, *a.* belonging to the sea, or ships, *L.*
Nave, *s.* of a wheel, the main body of a church, *B.*
Nável, *s.* a part in the middle of the belly, *S.*
Naught, *a.* bad, corrupt, worthless, *S.*
Naúghtily, *ad.* corruptly, wickedly
Naúghtiness, *s.* badness, wickedness
Naúghty *a.* wicked, corrupt
Návigable, *a.* where ships or boats may pass, *L.*

Návigate, *v.* to ſail, to ſteer a ſhip
Navigátion, *ſ.* the art of ſailing
Navigátor, *ſ.* a ſailor, a ſeaman
Naúſeate, *v.* to loath
Naúſeous, *a.* againſt one's ſtomach, loathſome, *L.*
Naútical, *a.* belonging to ſhips or mariners
Návy, *ſ.* a fleet of ſhips of war
Nay, *ad.* no, *S.*
Neal, *v.* to temper by heat
Neap, *a.* low, as a tide may be
Near, *ad.* almoſt, not far off, at hand, *Ger.*
Near, *a.* not diſtant, intimate, parſimonious
Néarneſs, *ſ.* cloſeneſs, parſimony
Neat, *ſ.* an ox, or cow, *S.*
Néatly, *ad.* artfully, elegantly, cleanlily
Néatneſs, *ſ.* elegance, cleanlineſs
Nébulous, *a.* cloudy foggy, miſty
Néceſſaries, *ſ.* what are requiſite for life
Néceſſary, *a.* unavoidable, needful, *L.*
Neceſſitate, *v.* to force or compel
Neceſſitous, *a.* poor, needy, indigent, *L.*
Neceſſity, *ſ.* force, conſtraint, indigence
Neck, *ſ.* of the body, a narrow piece of land, *B.*
Nécklace, *ſ.* a woman's ornament
Nécromancer, *ſ.* a magician
Nécromancy, *ſ.* a kind of divination
Nectar, *ſ.* the drink of the gods
Nectárine, *a.* ſweet as nectar
Nectarine, *ſ.* a wall fruit of the plum kind
Nectárious, *a.* reſembling nectar
Need, *v.* to want, to lack
Need, *ſ.* neceſſity, exigency, want
Néedful, *a.* neceſſary, convenient
Néedineſs, *ſ.* poverty, want
Néedle, *ſ.* the hand of a mariner's compaſs, an implement to ſew with, *S.*
Néedleful, *ſ.* of ſilk, thread, &c.
Néedle-work, *ſ.* work done with a needle
Néedleſsly, *ad.* unneceſſarily
Néedleſs, *a.* unneceſſary
Needs, *ad.* indiſpenſably
Néedy, *a.* diſtreſſed by want
Ne'er, for never
Nef. *See* nave
Nefárious, *a.* abominable, villainous, *L.*
Negátion, *ſ.* a denying, *L.*
Negative, *ſ.* a denying, a diſſenting voice, *L.*
Negatively, *ad.* with denial
Negléct, *v.* to omit, to treat with diſregard
Negléct, *ſ.* omiſſion, diſregard
Négligence, *ſ.* remiſſneſs, careleſſneſs, *L.*
Negligent, *a.* inattentive, remiſs, careleſs, *L.*
Negóciate, *v.* to trade, to tranſact, to treat with, *L.*
Negociátion, *ſ.* a concern or treaty carrying on
Negociátor, *ſ.* one employed to treat
Negociáting, *a.* employed in negociation
Négro, *ſ.* a blackmoor
Nehemiah, *ſ.* a man's name
Neigh, *v.* make a noiſe like a horſe
Neighbour, *ſ.* one who dwells near another, *S.*
Neighbourhood, *ſ.* place and people adjoining
Neighbourly, *a.* ſociable, friendly
Neither, *ad.* not one nor the other
Nemine contradicénte, *ſ.* without contradiction, *L.*
Néphew, *ſ.* the ſon of a brother or ſiſter, *F.*
Nephritic, *a.* good againſt the ſtone, *G.*
Neptune, *ſ.* the god of the ſea
Nerve, *ſ.* a white porous ſubſtance
Nérveleſs, *a.* inſipid, without ſtrength
Nérvous, *a.* ſtrong, relating to the nerves, *L.*
Neſs, *ſ.* a headland
Neſt, *ſ.* a little lodgment built by birds, *Ger.*

Néſtle,

Néſtle, *v.* ſhuffle, as reſtleſs and uneaſy
Néſtling, *ſ.* a young unfledged bird. *Ger.*
Net, *ſ.* a device for catching birds, fiſh, &c. *S.*
Néther, *a.* lower, infernal, *S.*
Néthermoſt, *a.* lowermoſt, *S.*
Néttle, *ſ.* a ſtinging weed, *S.*
Néttle, *v.* to ſting with needles, to vex, fret, *S.*
Nétwork, *ſ.* a work formed in holes as a net
Néver, *ad.* at no time, *S.*
Néverthelefs, *ad.* notwithſtanding that
Neúter, *a.* of neither party, *L.*
Neútral, *ſ.* of neither ſide or party, *L.*
Neutrálity, *ſ.* a not ſiding with either
New, *a.* juſt made, not old, modern, *T.*
Néwel, *ſ.* the upright in a ſtair-caſe
Néwly, *ad.* lately, freſhly
Néwneſs, *ſ.* novelty, reformation, freſhneſs
News, *ſ.* a freſh account of tranſactions
Newt, *ſ.* an eft, a ſmall lizard
Newyear's-gift, *ſ.* a preſent on new-year's day
Nib, *ſ.* the beak of a bird, the point of a pen
Nibbed, *a.* having a nib made
Nibble, *v.* to bite a little at a time, to carp at
Nice, *a.* delicate, difficult, hard to pleaſe, *S.*
Nicely, *ad.* delicately, accurately
Niceneſs, *ſ.* delicacy, accuracy
Nicety, *ſ.* a delicacy, exactneſs
Niche, *ſ.* a hollow place to receive a ſtatute, *F.*
Nicholas, *ſ.* a man's name
Nick, *ſ.* exact point of time, a watch, *T.*
Nick, *v.* to hit, to cut in notches, to cheat
Nickname, *ſ.* a by-name
Nidification, *ſ.* the building of neſts
Niéce, *ſ.* the daughter of a brother or ſiſter, *F.*
Niggard, *ſ.* a ſordid parſimonious wretch
Niggardlineſs, *ſ.* the being niggardly
Niggardly, *a.* ſordid, parſimonious
Nigh, *a.* near, cloſely allied by blood
Nighly, *ad.* within a little, nearly
Night, *ſ.* the time of darkneſs, *Ger.*
Nightcap, *ſ.* a cap worn in bed
Nightgown, *ſ.* a gown uſed as an undreſs
Nightingale, *ſ.* a fine ſinging bird, *S.*
Nightly, *ad.* every night, by night
Nightman, *ſ.* one who empties privies
Nightmare, *ſ.* a diſorder cauſed by undigeſted humours
Nightpiece, *ſ.* a picture of objects by candle light
Nightrail, *ſ.* a kind of ſhort cloak made of linen
Nightſhade, *ſ.* a poiſonous plant
Nightwalker, *ſ.* a proſtitute, a ſtrumpet
Nightward, *a.* approaching towards night
Nigréſcent, *a.* growing dark
Nimble, *a.* quick, ſwift, active
Nimbleneſs, *ſ.* quickneſs, agility
Nimbly, *ad.* ſpeedily, actively
Nincompoop, *ſ.* a trifler, a fool
Nine, *ſ.* the number IX, or 9, *S.*
Ninefold, *a.* nine times
Ninepins, *ſ.* a play with nine pins and a bowl
Nineteen, *ſ.* the number XIX, or 19
Ninety, *ſ.* the number XC, or 90
Ninny, or Noddy, *ſ.* a ſoft, ſilly fellow
Ninnyhammer, *ſ.* a ſimpleton, a fool
Nip, *v.* to pinch, to vex
Nippers, *ſ.* ſmall pincers
Nipple, *ſ.* part of a woman's breaſt, *S.*
Nit, *ſ.* the egg of a louſe, bug, &c.
Nitre, *ſ.* ſalt-petre, *L.*
Nitrous, *a.* of the ſame nature with nitre
Nobility, *ſ.* the grandees of a kingdom, *L.*

Nóble, *a.* generous, great, renowned, stately
N ble, *s.* a nobleman, a gold coin worth 6s. 8d.
Nobleman, *s.* a man of high rank
Nobleness *s.* greatness, dignity
Nob'ésse, *s.* the nobility, body of nobles
Nobly, *ad.* grandly, illustriously
Nóbody, *s.* no one
Nócent, *a* hurtful, mischievous, culpable, *L.*
Nóctúrna', *a.* nightly, belonging to the night, *L.*
Nocturnal, *s.* an instrument for taking the height of the pole solar
Nod, *v.* to decline the head with a quick motion
Noddle, *s.* the head, in contempt
Nódd'y, *s.* a simpleton, a fool
Node, *s.* a knot, a hard swelling
Nóggin, *s.* a little wooden vessel hooped round
Noise, *s.* a sound, clamour
Noise, *v.* to spread by rumour, to report
Nóisiness, *s.* loudness of sound
Noi ome, *a.* offensive, infectious
Noi omeness, *s.* offensiveness
Noisy, *a.* turbulent, clamorous
Nomenclature, *s.* a vocabulary of words, *L.*
Nómi al, *a.* only in name, not real, *L.*
Nóminally, *ad.* titulary by name
Nóminate, *v.* to name, appoint, elect, *L.*
Nomination, *s.* a naming
Nonage, *s.* minority, being under age
Nonce, *s.* purpose, design
Nonconformity, *s.* a refusal to join in worship
Nonconformist, *s.* a dissenter, *L.*
None, *a.* not any, not one
Nonentity *s.* non-existence
Nonexistence, *s.* the state of not existing
Nonjúrer, *s.* one who will not swear allegiance
Nonpareil, *s.* a nonsuch, an apple, *F.*
Nonperformance, *s.* a not performing
Nonplus, *s* to confound puzzle, perplex
Nónresidence, *s.* absence from a charge
Nonrésident, *s.* one who does not reside on his living
Nonrésistance, *s.* obedience, without resistance
Nónsense, *s.* unmeaning language
Nonsénsical, *a.* foolish, unmeaning
Nonsuit, *s.* to compel a person to drop his suit
Noódle, *s.* an oaf, a simpleton
Nook, *s.* a corner, *L. S.*
Noon, *s.* the middle of the day, *S.*
Noónday, *s.* mid-day
Noose, *s.* a running knot
Nor, *conj.* a negative particle
North, *s.* one of the four cardinal points
Nórtherly, *a.* towards the north
Nórthern, *a.* belonging to, or being in the north
Nórthward, or Northerly, *a.* towards the north
Nose, *s.* the organ of smelling, *S.*
Nose, *v.* to scent, to face, to oppose
Nósegay, *s.* a bunch of flowers and sweet herbs
Nóstrils, *s.* the breathing holes in the nose, *S.*
Nostrum, *s.* a secret in medicine
Nótable *a.* singular, remarkable, bustling, careful, *L.*
Nó'ableness, *s.* contrivance, diligence
Nótably, *ad.* with diligence
Nótary, *s.* a scrivener, who draws contracts, protests, bills, &c. *L.*
Notch, *s.* a nick in the edge of a knife, tally, &c.

Note,

Note, *ſ.* a remark or explication ſet in the margin of a book, a bill under one's hand, a memorandum, *L.*
Note, *v.* to remark, to obſerve, ſet down
Nóted, *a.* famous, diſtinguiſhed
Nóthing, *ſ.* not any thing, a trifle
Nótice, *ſ.* a device, information, warning, *L.*
Notification, *ſ.* the act of making known
Nótify, *v.* to declare, or make known
Nótion, *ſ.* thought, ſentiment, opinion, *F.*
Nótional, *a.* ideal, imaginary
Notoriety, or Notoriouſneſs, *ſ.* plainneſs, undeniableneſs
Notórious, *a.* publicly known, manifeſt, *L.*
Notwithſtánding, *conj.* nevertheleſs, although
Nóvel, *ſ.* a fictitious ſtory, *F.*
Nóvel, *a.* new, not ancient
Novelty, *ſ.* newneſs, rarity, a curioſity
Novémber, *ſ.* the eleventh month, *L.*
Nought, *ſ.* nothing, *S.*
Nóvice, *ſ.* a raw, unexperienced perſon
Noun, *ſ.* in grammar, the name of a thing
Nóuriſh, *v.* to feed, to cheriſh, *F.*
Nóuriſhment, *ſ.* ſuſtenance or food
Now, *ad.* at this time, *S.*
Nóxious, *a.* hurtful, offenſive, miſchievous, *L.*
Nózzle, *ſ.* the noſe, the ſnout
Nuciferous, *a.* bearing nuts
Núbulous, *a.* cloudy
Núdity, *ſ.* nakedneſs, *L.*
Núgatory, *a* vain, trifling, *L.*
Nuel, *ſ.* the ſpindle of a winding ſtair-caſe
Nuiſance, *ſ.* ſomething noxious, or offenſive, *L.*
Null, *a.* void, of no force, *L.*
Núllity, *ſ.* the being null, or of no effect
Numb, *a.* torpid, chill, motionleſs, *S.*
Número, *v.* to count or reckon
Número, *ſ.* how many there are of any thing
Número leſs, *a.* innumerable
Número neſs, *ſ.* deadneſs, ſtupefaction
Numéral, *a.* of or belonging to numbers
Numerátion, *ſ.* the art of reading any thing ſet down in figures
Numerátor, *ſ.* one who numbers, or counts, *L.*
Numérical, *a.* belonging to numbers
Número us, *a.* manifold, containing many
Número kull, *ſ.* a dunce
Nun, *ſ.* one who has bound herſelf by a vow to lead a ſingle and chaſte life in a convent
Núnciature, *ſ.* the office of a nuncio
Núncio, *ſ.* the Pope's ambaſſador
Núnnery, *ſ.* a convent for nuns
Núptial, *a.* belonging to marriage, *L.*
Núptials, *ſ.* marriage, wedding, *L.*
Nurſe, *ſ.* who takes care of ſick perſons, or a child, *F.*
Núrſery, *ſ.* a room in which children are nurſed, a nurſe-child, a plat of ground for raiſing trees, plants, &c.
Núrture, *ſ.* education, learning, *F.*
Nut, *ſ.* a ſort of fruit, the head upon ſcrews, &c. *S.*
Nútmeg, *ſ.* a ſpice well known
Nútriment, *ſ.* nouriſhment or food, *L.*
Nutriméntal, *ſ.* affording nouriſhment
Nutrition, *ſ.* nouriſhment, *L.*
Nútritive, or Nutritious, *a.* nouriſhing, cheriſhing, *L.*
Núzzle, *v.* to hide the head as an infant does in its mother's boſom
Nymph, *ſ.* a goddeſs of the woods, meadows, or waters, a damſel, a young lady, *G.*

O.

O. is ſometimes uſed as an abbreviation, as O. S. old ſtyle

Oaf, *ſ.* a ſimpleton, a ſilly fellow
O'afiſh, *a.* ſtupid, dull
Oak, *ſ.* a well known tree, and its wood
O'aken, *a.* made of oak
O'akum, *ſ.* old ropes untwiſted
Oar, *ſ.* an inſtrument for rowing boats, &c.
O'aten, *a.* made of oats
Oath, *ſ.* a ſolemn appeal to Almighty God. *S.*
Oatmeal, *ſ.* meal or flour made of oats
Oats, *ſ.* a ſort of grain chiefly given to horſes. *S.*
Obdúracy, *ſ.* ſtubbornneſs, obſtinacy. *L.*
Obdúrate, *a.* ſtubborn, wilful, hardened. *L.*
Obédience, *ſ.* the act of obeying
Obedientially, *a.* belonging to obedience
Obéiſance *ſ.* or low bow; an act of reverence, *F.*
O'beliſk; *ſ.* a ſquare ſtone pillar, the mark ‡
Obéy, *v.* to perform what another commands
O'bject, *ſ.* whatever affects us
Objéct, *v.* to make objections
Objéction, *ſ.* giving reaſons againſt
Oblátion, *ſ.* an offering. *L.*
O'bligate, *v.* to oblige, bind, or tie, *L.*
Obligátion, *ſ.* an engagement, a favour, bond
O'bligatory, *a.* binding, of force to oblige
Oblíge, *v.* to do one a kindneſs; to compel; conſtrain. *L.*
Obligée, *ſ.* the perſons to whom a bond is made
Obligingly, *ad.* complaiſantly, civilly
Oblique, *a.* crooked, awry, *L.*
Obliquety, *ſ.* crookedneſs
Obliterate, *v.* to blot, efface, raze out, *L.*
Oblívion, *ſ.* forgetfulneſs, general pardon, *L.*
O'blong, *ſ.* a long ſquare, *L.*
O'bloquy, *ſ.* detraction, ſlander
Obnóxious, *a.* liable, ſubject, expoſed to, *L.*
Obſcéne, *a.* unchaſte in words, lewd
Obſcénity, *ſ.* lewdneſs, unchaſte diſcourſe
Obſcúre, *v.* to darken, to perplex
Obſcurity, *ſ.* darkneſs, privacy
Obſequies, *ſ.* funeral rites, *L.*
Obſéquious, *a.* careful to pleaſe and obey, ſubmiſſion, *L.*
Obſéquiouſneſs, *ſ.* compliance, obedience
Obſérvable, *a.* worthy to be obſerved
Obſervance, *ſ.* reſpect, regard, attention, *L.*
Obſervant, *a.* reſpectfully, attentive, *L.*
Obſervátion, *ſ.* a remark, obſerving or noting, minding
Obſervátor, *ſ.* an obſerver
Obſervatory, *ſ.* a place for aſtronomical obſervation
Obſérve, *v.* to take notice of, remark, obey
Obſérver, *ſ.* one who obſerves
Obſéſſion, *ſ.* the act of beſieging
Obſoléte, *a.* grown old, out of uſe, *L.*
O'bſtacle, *ſ.* hinderance, bar, impediment, *L.*
Obſtétric, *a* doing a midwife's office
O'bſtinacy, *ſ.* ſtubbornneſs, wilfulneſs
O'bſtinate, *a.* contumacious, ſtubborn, *L.*
Obſtréperous, *a.* troubleſome, noiſy, boiſterous, *L.*
Obſtrúct, *v.* to ſtop up, hinder, retard, *L.*
Obſtrúction, *ſ.* ſtoppage, hinderance
Obſtructive, *a.* apt to cauſe a ſtoppage
Obtáin, *v.* to gain, acquire, procure, *L.*
Obtéſt, *v.* to beſeech or conjure
Obtrúder, *ſ.* one who has no right to enter
Obtúſe, *a.* not pointed, dull, obſcure
Obtúſeneſs, *ſ.* bluntneſs, dulneſs
O'bviate, *v.* to prevent, to anſwer an objection, *F.*
O'bvious, *a.* eaſy to be perceived, plain, *L.*
O'bviouſly, *ad.* apparently, evidently
Occáſion, *ſ* opportunity, reaſon, want, incident, *L.*

Occáſion, *v.* to cauſe, to produce
O'cáſions, *a.* affairs, concerns
Occaſional, *a.* upon occaſion, incidental, *L.*
Occidéntal, *a.* weſtern
Occúlt, *a.* ſecret, hidden, unknown, *L.*
Occupátion, *ſ.* profeſſion, employment, *L.*
Occupiér, *ſ* one who occupies or poſſeſſes
O'ccupy, *v.* to poſſeſs, employ, *L.*
Occú, *v.* to come in the way of, to happen, *L.*
Occú rence, *ſ.* a caſual adventure, an event
Ocean, *ſ.* the main ſea
O'chre, *ſ.* a kind of earth uſed as paint
O'ckam, *ſ.* a mixed metal ſo called
O'ctagon, *ſ.* a figure with eight ſides
Octágonal, *a.* having eight ſides and angles
Octángular, *a.* having eight angles, *L.*
Octavo, *ſ.* in muſic, an eighth, the eighth day, *L.*
Octávo, *ſ.* a book in which each ſheet is folded into eight leaves, *L.*
October, *ſ.* the tenth month
O'cular, *a.* belonging to the eyes
O'culiſt, *ſ.* a phyſician for the eyes
Odd, *a.* not even, unaccountable, particular
O'ddly, *ad.* ſtrangely, *L.*
O'ddneſs, *ſ.* unevenneſs, ſtrangeneſs
Odds, *ſ.* inequality, more than an even wager
O'ddity, *ſ.* an uncommon caſe, particularity, &c.
Ode, *ſ.* a ſong, or lyric poem, *G.*
O'dious, *a.* deteſtable, hateful, *L.*
O'dium, *ſ.* hatred, blame, cenſure, *L.*
Odoriferous, *a.* ſweet ſmelling
O'dorous, *a.* perfumed, fragrant
O'dour, *ſ.* ſcent, ſmell, fragrance
Oecumenial, *a* general
Oeconomy, *ſ* good huſbandry, *G.*
Of, *ad.* not on, diſtant from
O'ffalls, *ſ.* fragments of meat, refuſe
Offénce, *ſ.* a fault, injury, diſguſt, *L.*
Offénceleſs, *a.* innocent
Offénd, *v.* to injure, diſpleaſe, tranſgreſs, *L.*
Offénder, *ſ.* one who tranſgreſſes, or offends
Offénſive, *a.* injurious, hurtful, diſpleaſing, *L.*
Offénſiveneſs, *ſ.* the cauſe of diſguſt, miſchief
O'ffer, *v.* to preſent, to tender, to attempt, bid a price, to propoſe, ſacrifice, *L.*
O'ffer, *ſ.* a propoſal, attempt, endeavour
O'ffering, *ſ.* a ſacrifice, any thing preſented
Offértory, *ſ.* part of the popiſh maſs, the place where the offerings are kept, *L.*
O'ffice, *ſ.* a poſt or employment, a room of buſineſs, good or ill turn, *L.*
O'fficer, *ſ.* one in office, a commander in the army, navy, &c.
O'fficered, *a.* ſupplied with officers
Official, *ſ.* the chancellor of an epiſcopal court
Officiate, to do the duty of an office, *L.*
Offícinal, *a.* uſed in a ſhop
Offícious, *a.* ready to oblige, forward to ſerve, *L.*
Offíciouſly, *ad* with unmaſked kindneſs
Offíciouſneſs, *ſ.* readineſs to ſerve for another
O'ffing, *ſ.* a ſea term for the open ſea
O'ffſets, *ſ.* ſprouts from the root of a tree, *L.*
Offſcouring, *ſ.* the refuſe of any thing
O'ffſpring, *ſ.* children, or deſcendants
Oft, or O'ften, *ad.* frequently, *S.*
O'gee, or O'give, *ſ.* part of a moulding
O'gle, *v.* to look amorouſly at
O'gler, *ſ.* a ſly laſcivious gazer
Oh! *interj.* denoting pain, ſorrow, or ſurprize
Oil, *ſ.* a fat, unctuous, inflammable liquid, *S.*
Oil, *v.* to ſmear with oil
Oilineſs, *ſ.* lubricity of tongue, greaſineſs
Oilman, *ſ.* a dealer in oils and pickles
Oily, *a.* containing oil

Ointment,

Oin'ment, *ſ.* an oily kind of ſalve
O'ker, *See* Ochre
Old, *a.* ancient, aged, ſtale, worn
Oldfáſhioned, *a.* out of faſhion, obſolete
O'ldneſs, *ſ* antiquity
Oleáginous, *a.* oily, unctuous, *L.*
Olfactory, *a.* belonging to the ſenſe of ſmelling, *L.*
Olígarchy, *ſ.* an ariſtocracy, *G.*
O'lio, *ſ.* a medley, meat, fowl, roots and herbs, *Fr.*
O'live, *ſ.* a tree and fruit
O'liver, *ſ.* a man's name
O'mbre, *ſ.* a game at cards, *Sp.*
O-ége, *ſ.* the laſt letter in the Greek alphabet
O'melet, *ſ.* a pancake made of eggs, *F.*
O'men, *ſ.* a ſuppoſed token of good or bad luck, *F.*
O'mer, *ſ.* a meaſure among the Hebrews, containing about three pints and a half, *H.*
O'minous, *a.* ill boding, *L.*
Omiſſion, *ſ.* neglect, *L.*
O'mit, *v.* to neglect, to let alone
Omniſárious, *a.* of all kinds and ſorts
Omnífic, *a.* producing all things
Omnígenious, *a.* conſiſting of all kinds
Omnipotence, or Omnipotency, *ſ.* Almighty Power, *L.*
Omnipotent, *a.* Almighty, *L.*
Omnipréſence, *ſ.* the being every where preſent, *L.*
Omniſcience, *ſ.* the knowledge of all things, *L.*
Omniſcient, *a.* knowing all things, *L.*
Once, *ad.* a ſingle time, formerly.
One, *ſ.* the number I. or 1, the firſt hour, a perſon
O'nerate, *v.* to load or burthen
O'nerous, *a* burthenſome, *L.*
O'nion, *ſ.* a well known root, *F.*
O'nly, *a.* this and no more
O'nly, *ad.* ſimply, ſingly, meerly
O'nſet, *ſ.* an attack, *T.*
O'nward, *ad.* forward
Onyx *ſ.* a precious ſtone
Ooze, *v.* to drop out ſlowly.
Oozy, *a.* ſlimy, muddy
Opácity, *ſ.* not tranſmitting light
Opácous, or Opáque, *a* not tranſparent, *L.*
O'pal, *ſ.* a precious ſtone
Open, *v.* to unfold, to fling back, lift up, begin, &c. *S.*
Open, *a.* not ſhut, or incloſed, expoſed to view, public, unreſerved, *S.*
O'pening, *ſ.* an aperture, a break
O'penly, *ad.* evidently, publicly
Openmóuthed, *a.* talkative, greedy
O'penneſs, *ſ.* a freedom from diſguiſe
O'pera, *ſ.* a dramatic performance ſet to muſic, *I.*
O'perate, *v.* to work, effect, bring to paſs, *L.*
Operátion, *ſ.* effect, working, performance, *L.*
O'perative, *a.* having power of acting
Operátor, *ſ.* generally applied to a dentiſt
Operóſe, *a.* laborious, hard, difficult, *L.*
O'piate, *ſ.* any medicine that promotes ſleep
Opiniative, *a.* ſtiff in opinion
Opinion, *ſ.* belief, judgment, ſentiment, *L.*
Opiniated, *a.* wedded to his own opinion, *L.*
O'pium, *ſ.* the conduced juice of the Turky poppies, *G.*
Oppónent, *ſ.* an antagoniſt in diſputation
Opportúne, *a.* very ſeaſonable, or convenient
Opportúnely, *ad.* ſeaſonably, conveniently, *L.*
Opportúnity, *ſ.* fit place and time convenient, *L.*
Oppoſite, *a.* over-againſt, contrary to

O'ppofites, *ſ.* things oppoſed to each other
Oppoſition, *ſ.* a facing or oppoſing another
O'ppreſs, *v.* to cruſh by violence or authority
Oppréſſion, *ſ.* over-burthening, cruſhing by authority, *L.*
Oppréſſive, *a.* belonging to oppreſſion
Oppréſſor, *ſ.* he who oppreſſes
Oppróbrious, *a.* reproachful, injurious, *L.*
Oppúgn, *v.* to oppoſe, *L.*
O'ptical, *a.* relating to opticks
Optician, *ſ.* a maker of optical inſtruments
O'ptic, *a.* viſual, relating to opticks, *G.*
O'ptics, *ſ.* the ſcience of viſion
Option, *ſ.* a liberty of accepting or refuſing, *L.*
O'pulence, or O'pulency, *ſ.* wealth, riches
Opulent, *a.* wealthy, rich, affluent
Or, *ſ.* in heraldry, yellow or gold
O'racle, *ſ.* ſome heathen god, who, it was pretended, returned anſwers to the queſtions that were aſked him
Oracu'lar, *ſ.* like an oracle, excellent
O'ral, *a.* delivered by the mouth, not written
O'range, *ſ.* a fruit well known
O'rangery, *ſ.* a place for orange trees
Orátion, *ſ.* a rhetorical ſpeech pronounced in public, *L.*
O'rator, *ſ.* an eloquent ſpeaker, or pleader, *L.*
Oratory, *ſ* the art of making eloquent ſpeeches, a private chapel for prayer, *L.*
Orb, *ſ.* a ſphere, or circular body, *L.*
Orbicular, *a.* round, like a ball.
O'rbit, *ſ.* the courſe in which a planet moves, *L.*
O'rchard, *ſ.* a garden of fruit trees
Orcheſtre, *ſ.* a muſic gallery, *G.*
Ordáin, *v.* to appoint, eſtabliſh, inveſt
O'rdeal, *ſ.* a trial by fire or water, *S.*
Order, *v.* to regulate, procure, direct
O'rder, *ſ.* regularity, rank, method
O'rderly, *a.* well regulated, methodical
O'rdinal, *ſ.* a book of rites, ritual
O'rdinance, *ſ.* a law, rule, preſcript, *F.*
Ordinárily, *ad.* methodically, uſually
Or'dinary, *ſ.* any judge in the civil law, who has power to take cogniz nces in his own right, common in a victualling-houſe, chaplain of Newgate
O'rdinary, *a.* common, not handſome, mean, of low rank
O'rdinate, *a.* regular, methodical, *L.*
Ordinátion, *ſ.* the conferring holy orders, *L.*
O'rdnance, *ſ.* all large artillery uſed in war, *F.*
O'rdure, *ſ.* the dung of man or beaſt, *F.*
Ore, *ſ.* any mineral that yields metal, *S.*
O'rgal, *ſ.* the lees of wine dried
Oppóſe, *v.* to act againſt, to withſtand, to thwart
Oppóſer, *ſ.* an antagoniſt, or adverſary
O'ppoſite, *a.* over-againſt, contrary to
O'rgan, *ſ.* muſical inſtruments, a natural conveyance of the ſenſes, *G.*
Orgánic, *ſ.* belonging to the organs of the body
Orgánically, *ad.* by means of inſtruments
O'rganiſt, *ſ.* one who plays on the organ
Organizátion, *ſ.* a proper conſtruction of parts
O'rganize, *v.* to contract properly
Organized, *a.* furniſhed with proper organs
O'rient, *ſ.* the eaſt, *L.*
Oriéntal, *a.* eaſtern, belonging to the eaſt, *L.*
O'rifice, *ſ.* the mouth of a wound, the entrance of the ſtomach, &c.
O'rigin, *ſ.* beginning, ſource, *L.*
Original, *a.* primative priſtine
Originally, *ad.* primarily, at firſt
Originary, *a.* primary

Oriſon,

Oriſon, *ſ.* prayer
O'rnament, *ſ.* decoration, embelliſhment, *L.*
Ornaméntal, *a.* whatever adds to beauty
Ornaménted, *a.* adorned, embelliſhed
O'rphan, *ſ.* that has neither father nor mother, *L.*
O'rrery, *ſ.* an inſtrument that ſhews the ſolar ſyſtem
Orris, *ſ.* a kind of gold or ſilver lace
O'rthodox, *a.* the true belief, with the majority, *G.*
Orthodoxy, *ſ.* the true belief
Orthógrapher, *ſ.* one ſkilled in orthography
Orthográphical, *ſ.* belonging to orthography
Orthográphically, *ad.* according to rule
Orthógraphy, *ſ.* true ſpelling, the elevation of a building delineated
O'rtolan, *ſ.* a fat delicate bird
Oſcillation, *ſ.* vibrating like a pendulum, *L.*
Oſcillatory, *a.* moving like a pendulum
O'ſcitancy, *ſ.* indolence, ſluggiſhneſs, ſleepineſs, *L.*
O'ſcitant, *a.* yawning, ſluggiſh, ſleepy,
Oſcitátion, *ſ.* yawning, *L.*
Oſſificátion, *ſ.* a change into bone
Oſſify, *v.* to turn to bone
Oſſivarous, *a.* devouring bones
Oſſorey, *ſ.* a kind of eagle
O'ſſuary, *ſ.* a charnel-houſe, *L.*
Oſténſive, *a.* betoken, ſhewing
Oſtentátion, *ſ.* vain glory, boaſting, *L.*
Oſtentátious, *a.* vain glorious, ſet out for ſhew
Oſteólogy, *ſ.* that part of anatomy that treats of bones, *G.*
O'ſtrich, *ſ.* a large African fowl
O'ther, *a.* not the ſame, different, *S.*
O'therwiſe, *ad.* elſe, beſides, differently
Otter, *ſ.* an amphibious animal
Ottoman, *ſ.* of or belonging to the Turks
O'val, *a.* that which has the ſhape of an egg *L.*
Ovation, *ſ.* a petty triumph for a victory
O'ven, *ſ.* a place for baking bread, pies, &c. *B.*
O'ver, *ad.* above, acroſs, more, *S.*
O'veract, *v.* to go beyond nature in acting
O'verawe, *v.* to keep in great awe,
Overbálance, *v.* to outweigh
O'verbear, *v.* to keep in awe, bear down
Overbearing, *a.* inſolent
O'verbid, *v.* to bid too much
O'verboard, *ad.* over the ſide of the ſhip
Overbórne, *a.* overcome by numbers
Overbúrden, *v.* to overload
Overcáſt, *a.* cloudy, lined with freeſtone
O'vercaſt, *v.* to cover or cloud
Overcaútious, *a.* too cautious
O'vercharge, *v.* to charge too much, overload
O'vercome, *v.* to vanquiſh, or ſurmount
O'verdo, *v.* to do too much
O'verdreſs, *v.* to adorn laviſhly
O'verdrive, *v.* to drive too hard
O'verfal, *a* a cataract, or caſcade
O'verflow, *v.* to flow over
O'verflow, *ſ.* an exuberance, inundation
Overflówing, *ſ.* exuberance, copiouſneſs
O'vergrow, *v.* to riſe beyond a natural ſize
Overgrówn, *a.* grown too big; grown over
Overgrówth, *ſ.* an exuberant growth,
Overhaul, *v.* to rummage in order to look for
Overhúng, *v.* to hang over, juſt over
Overhárden, *v.* to make too hard
O'verhead, *ad.* above, aloft
O'verhear, *v.* to hear what was not intended, *S.*
O'verjoy, *ſ.* extacy, tranſport

Overripen,

Overripen, *v.* to make too ripe
Overláde, *v.* to overload, overburthen
Overláy, *v.* to ſuffocate by lying upon
Overleáp, *v.* to leap over, leap farther than another
Overlive, *v.* to live too long
Overlóad, *v.* to load too much
O'verlong, *a.* too long
Overlóok, *v.* to inſpect, to neglect or ſupply, to wiſh at, to overtop, to be higher
Overlóoker, *ſ.* who overlooks or watches
Overmátch, *v.* to be too powerful
Overmátch, *ſ.* an unequal match
Overmúch, *a.* too much
Overnight, *ſ.* night before bed time
Overofficious, *a.* too importunate, too buſy
Overpáſs, *v.* to croſs, omit, overlook
O'verpáy, *v.* to pay more than the due price
Overplus, *ſ.* an addition over and above
Over,ówer, *v.* to prevail over by force or power
Overpréſs, *v.* to cruſh, overwhelm
Overprize, *v.* to value too much
Overráte, *v.* to ſet too great a value upon
Overreách, *v.* to go beyond, to cheat
Overroáſt, *v.* to roaſt too much
Overrúle, *v.* to ſupercede, ſuperintend
Overrun, *v.* to outrun, overſpread, ravage
Overſée, *v.* to have the inſpection of, *S.*
Overſeén, *a.* miſtaken, deceived
Overſeér, *ſ.* a ſuperintendant, a pariſh officer
Overſét, *v.* to overturn
Overſhádow, *v.* to cover with its ſhadow, *S.*
Overſhóot, *ſ.* to ſhoot beyond the mark, *S.*
O'verſight, *ſ.* error, ſuperintendance
Overſi'ze, *v.* to ſurpaſs in bulk
Overſóld, *part.* ſold at ſo high a price
Overſoón, *ad.* too ſoon
Overſpent, *a.* wearied, harraſſed
Overſpréad, *v.* to ſpread or cover over
Overſtánd, *v.* to ſtand too much on terms
Overſtóck, *v.* to fill too full, to crowd
Overſtráin, *v.* to ſtrain, or ſtretch too far
Overſwáy, *v.* to diſſuade, to over-rule
Overſwéll, *v.* to riſe above its height
O'vert, *a.* open, manifeſt, *F.*
O'vertly, *ad.* openly
Overtáke, *v.* to come up with
Overtáſk, *v.* to give too great a taſk
Overthrów, *v.* to throw down, to defeat
Overthrów, *ſ.* ruin, deſtruction, defeat
Overthwárt, *a.* acroſs, oppoſite, perverſe
Overtóok, *v.* did overtake
Overtóp, *v.* to be higher or taller, to ſurpaſs
Overtúre, *ſ.* a propoſal, piece of muſic, *F.*
Overturn, *v.* to turn upſide down, to deſtroy, *S.*
Overválue, *v.* to ſet too great a value upon
Overweight, *ſ.* above weight, preponderance
Overweéning, *a.* too high an opinion of ones ſelf
Overwhélm, *v.* to cover over, to cruſh
Overwróught, *part.* laboured too much
Overwórn, *part.* ſpoiled by time, worn out
Ought, *v.* ſhould
Oviparous, *a.* bringing forth eggs or ſpawn
Ounce, *ſ.* a weight, the lynx, a panther
Ourſélves, *pron.* we, us
Out, *ad.* without, extinguiſhed, aloud,
Out, *v.* to turn out, to expel
Outbálance, *v.* to overweigh
Outbid, *v.* to bid more than another
Oútbound, *a.* going a diſtant voyage
Outbráve, *v.* to dare, or bid defiance
Outbrázen, *v.* to bear down with impudence
Oútbreak, *ſ.* a breaking up, eruption
Outcáſt, *ſ.* one rejected, caſt off

Out'cry,

Ou'cry, *ſ.* cry of diſtreſs, public clamour
Outdáre, *v.* to venture beyond
Outcó, *v.* to ſurpaſs, or excel
Oúter, *a.* exterior, outward
Oúterly, *ad.* toward, the outſide
Oútermoſt, *a.* moſt outward, *S.*
Outfáce, *v.* to affirm or doing falſely to a perſon's face
Outgó, *v.* to get the better of a bodily complaint, to ſurpaſs in growth
Oútguard, *ſ.* the foremaſt guard of an army
Outlándiſh, *a.* foreign, or of another land
Oút-law, *ſ.* one deprived of the benefit of the laws
Oútlaw, *v.* to deprive of the benefit of the law
Oútlawry, *ſ.* a decree by which one is deprived of the protection of the law
Outleáp, *v.* to ſurpaſs in leaping
Oútlet, *ſ.* a paſſage out, *S.*
Outline, *ſ.* a bounding line
Outlive, *v.* to live longer than another
Out lying, *part.* not paid, out of order
Outnúmber, *v.* to exceed in number
Outmárch, *v.* to march quicker
Oútermoſt, *a.* remoteſt from the middle
Outpáriſh, *ſ.* a pariſh without the walls
Oútrage, *ſ.* tumultuous miſchief, aſſault
Outrágeous, *a.* fierce, highly injurious, violent
Outreách, *v.* to go beyond
Outright, *ad.* compleatly, throughout, *S.*
Outrún, *v.* to run faſter, to exceed, *S.*
Outſáil, *v.* to leave behind in ſailing
Outſél, *v.* to ſell for better price
Outſhine, *v.* to ſurpaſs in ſplendour
Outſhoót, *v.* to exceed in ſhooting
Outſide, *ſ.* outer part, ſuperficial appearance
Outſit, *v.* to ſit beyond the time
Outſleép, *v.* to ſleep beyond the time
Outſpréad, *v.* to ſpread, diffuſe
Outſtánd, *v.* to protuberate beyond the main body, to ſtand beyond the proper time, to reſiſt, ſupport
Outſtáre, *v.* to put out of countenance
Outſtrétch, *v.* to ſpread, extend
Outſtríp, *v.* to outrun, to ſurpaſs
Outſwéar, *v.* to overpower by ſwearing
Outtálk, *v.* to overpower by talk,
Outvíe, *v.* to exceed, to ſurpaſs, excel
Outvote, *v.* to ſurpaſs in votes
Outwalk, *v.* to leave in walking
Outwáll, *ſ.* the outward part of a building
Oútward, *a.* exterior, foreign, *S.*
Outweigh, *v.* to weigh heavier
Outwit, *v.* to over-reach, overcome by ſtratagem
Oútwork, *ſ.* fortification of a town next the enemy
Owe, *v.* to be indebted
Owl, *ſ.* a bird of night
O'wler, *ſ.* who contrary to law exports wool
Own, *v.* to confeſs, to claim as one's right, to hold or poſſeſs
Own, *pron.* a word emphatically uſed after my, thy, his, &c.
O'wner, *ſ.* the perſon to whom any thing belongs
Oaſe, *ſ.* the powder of bark oak uſed by tanners
Ox, *ſ.* a caſtrated bull after it is grown up, *Ger.*
O'xymel, *ſ.* vinegar and honey mixt
O'xygon, *ſ.* having three acute angles
O'yer, *v.* to hear
O'yez, *ad.* hear ye, a word repeated by public criers before they make proclamation, *F.*

O'yſter, *ſ.* a ſhell fiſh
O'zier, or O'ſier, *ſ.* the water willow, *F.*

P

P. in muſic books ſtands for *piano* or ſoft
P. P. for *piu piano*, or ſoft and ſlow
P. P. P. for *pianiſſimo*, or extremely ſoft and ſlow
P. in phyſical receipts, for pugil, or the 8th part of an handful
P. Æ. or *p. æ.* equal parts
P. P. is *pulvus partrum*, or Jeſuit's bark
P. M. is *poſtmeridiem*, or in the afternoon
Pacific, *a.* peaceful, tending to peace
Pácify, *v.* to appeaſe, or quiet
Pack, *ſ.* a large bundle, a number of hounds, a ſet of cards, a number of bad people, *Du.*
Pack, *v.* to tie up goods, to ſort the cards
Páckcloth, *ſ.* cloth for packing
Pácker, *ſ.* one whoſe trade is to pack up merchants goods
Packet, *ſ.* a bundle of letters, a parcel, a ſhip in which the mails are carried
Páckhorſe, *ſ.* a horſe of burden
Páckſaddle, *ſ.* a ſaddle for burthens
Packthread, *ſ.* thread uſed in tying up parcels
Pack, or Faction, *ſ.* a bargain, or covenant
Pad, *ſ.* the ſtuffing of a woman's ſtays to conceal deformity, a little cuſhion for a horſe to carry a portmanteau on, a ſmall eaſy moving horſe
Páddle, *v.* to play in water, to row with a paddle, *F.*
Páddle, *ſ.* a ſhort broad oar
Páddock, *ſ.* a large toad, a narrow incloſure in a park
Pádlock, *ſ.* a ſmall lock to hang on the outſide of a door, &c.
Paan, *ſ.* a hymn ſung to the gods
Págan, *ſ.* a heathen, *L.*
Páganiſm, *ſ.* heatheniſm
Page, *ſ.* a youth who attends on great perſons; one ſide of the leaf of a book, *F.*
Págeant, *ſ.* a triumphal chariot, in public ſhows
Págeantry, *ſ.* pomp, ſhew, fine appearance, *F.*
Págod, *ſ.* an Indian idol or temple
Paid, *v.* did pay
Pail, *ſ.* a veſſel to carry water, &c. in
Páilful, *ſ.* the quantity a pail will hold
Pain, *ſ.* torment of body or mind, penalty, *F.*
Painful, *a.* full of pain, that takes pains
Painfully, *ad.* diligently, laboriouſly
Painfulneſs, *ſ.* affliction, induſtry
Painſtáking, *a.* induſtrious, laborious
Paint, *v.* to draw pictures in colours, to cover with paint, to deſcribe
Paint, *ſ.* colours for painting
Painter, *ſ.* one who practices painting
Painting, *ſ.* the art of repreſenting objects by delineation and colours, a picture
Pair, *ſ.* two things ſuiting one another, *F.*
Pair, *v.* to match, to couple, to join together
Pálace, *ſ.* houſe of a prince or biſhop, *L.*
Palánquin, *ſ.* an Indian chair
Pálatable, *a.* agreeable to the taſte
Pálate, *ſ.* the roof of the mouth, the taſte, *L.*
Pale, *a.* wan, whitiſh
Pale, *ſ.* a narrow board for incloſing a diſtrict or territory, the third and middle part of an eſcutcheon, *L.*
Pale, *v.* to encloſe with pales
Pale-fáced, *a.* ſickly looked, wan
Páleneſs, *ſ.* want of colour, wanneſs

Pálfry, *ſ.* a horſe of ſtate for a great lady, *F.*
Pallid, *a.* pale, wan
Paliſades, *ſ.* pales for incloſure
Páliſh, *a.* ſomewhat pale
Pall, *ſ.* a covering of a coffin, cloak of ſtate, *L.*
Pall, *v.* to take off the appetite
Pállet, *ſ.* a little low bed, a thin piece of wood uſed by painters to hold their colours, *F.*
Páll-mall, *ſ.* a play in which a ball is ſtruck with a mallet through an iron ring *F.*
Pálliate, *v.* to diſguiſe, extenuate, ſoften, *L.*
Pálliative, *a.* mitigating, extenuating
Palm, *v.* to handle, to impoſe by fraud
Palm, *ſ.* a meaſure of 3 inches, a tree
Pálmer, *ſ.* a pilgrim, the crown of a deer' head
Pálmerworm, *ſ.* a worm covered with hair
Pálmetto, *ſ.* a ſpecies of the palm tree
Pálmiferous, *a.* bearing palms
Pálmiſtry, *ſ.* telling fortunes by the hand
Pálpable, *a.* manifeſt, plain, evident
Pálpably, *ad.* groſly, plainly
Pálpitate, *v.* to flutter, to beat as the heart
Palpitátion, *ſ.* a beating of the heart
Pálſgrave, *ſ.* in Germany, a title
Pálſy, *ſ.* a diſeaſe, privation of the ſenſe of feeling, *G.*
Páltry, *a.* mean, pitiful, worthleſs
Pam, *ſ.* the knave of clubs
Pámper, *v.* to feed high, indulge, glut, *L.*
Pámphlet, *ſ.* a ſmall ſtitched book
Pamphleteer, *ſ.* a writer of pamphlets
Pan, *ſ.* ſeveral kinds of veſſels made of earth or metal
Panacéa, *ſ.* an univerſal medicine, *G.*
Páncake, *ſ.* batter fried into a thin cake
Panádo, *ſ.* a kind of gruel made of bread and water, *F.*
Pancreas, *ſ.* the ſweet bread, *G.*
Pancreátic, *a.* contained in the pancreas
Pánder, *ſ.* a pimp, a male bawd
Pane, *ſ.* a mixture of ſquares, a ſquare of glaſs
Panegyrical, *a* belonging to a panegyric
Panegy'ric, *ſ.* a poem or ſpeech in praiſe of a perſon, *G.*
Panégyriſt, *ſ.* one who makes a panegyric
Pangs, *ſ.* violent throws of pain
Pánic, *a.* violent fear
Pánnel, *ſ.* a ſquare of wainſcot, a ſaddle for carrying burthens on horſeback, a liſt of the jurors names
Pánniers, *ſ.* large baſkets to carry things on horſes
Pánoply, *ſ.* compleat armour, *G.*
Pant, *v.* to fetch one's breath quick and ſhort, to wiſh for earneſtly
Panthéon, *ſ.* a temple of all the gods, *G.*
Pántile, *ſ.* a gutter tile
Pantófle, *ſ.* a ſlipper
Pántomime, *ſ.* a dumb ſhew, *G.*
Pántry, *ſ.* a room or cloſet for proviſions, *F.*
Papá, *ſ.* the nipple, panado, the palp of fruit, *L.*
Papá, *ſ.* father, *G.*
Pápacy, *ſ.* the popedom
Pápal, *a.* belonging to the pope
Papáverous, *a.* reſembling poppies
Páper, *ſ.* a ſubſtance made with rags
Páper, *v.* to hang with paper
Papermáker, *ſ.* one who makes paper
Pápermill, *ſ.* a mill to make paper
Páperſtainer, *ſ.* one who colours paper
Papílio, *ſ.* a butterfly
Papíllary, *a.* belonging to, or like a nipple, *L.*

Pápiſt,

Pápist, *ſ.* one who acknowledges the pope's ſupremacy, *L.*
Papíſtical, *a.* adherent to popery, popiſh
Pápiſtry, *ſ.* popery
Páppy, *a.* eaſily divided, ſucculent, ſoft
Par, *ſ.* equality, equal value, *L.*
Párable, *ſ.* a fable, or allegorical inſtruction, *G.*
Parabólical, *a.* belonging to a parable
Paráde, *ſ.* great ſhew, pomp, oſtentation, *F.*
Paradiſ'acal, *a.* ſuiting paradiſe
Páradiſe, *ſ.* the garden of Eden, heaven, *G.*
Páradox, *ſ.* ſomething ſeemingly abſurd, but true, *G.*
Paradoxical, *a.* belonging to a paradox
Páragon, *ſ.* a perfect model, matchleſs, *F.*
Páragraph, *ſ.* the ſubdiviſion of a diſcourſe, *G.*
Párallax, *ſ.* the difference between the true and apparent place of a planet, *G.*
Párallel, *ſ.* equally diſtant, compariſon, *G.*
Párallel, *v.* to equal, compare with, *G.*
Parallélogram, *ſ.* a four ſided figure, whoſe two oppoſite ſides are parallel, *G.*
Paraly'tic, and Paraly'tical, *a.* palſied, *L.*
Páramount, *a.* ſovereign above all, *Sp.*
Páramour, *ſ.* a lover or ſweetheart
Páranymph, *ſ.* a brideman
Párapet, *ſ.* a wall breaſt high, *F.*
Páraphraſe, *ſ.* an expoſition by expreſſing the ſame ſenſe in other words
Pár phraſt, *ſ.* one who writes a paraphraſe
Paraphráſtical, *a.* belonging to a paraphraſe
Párafite, *ſ.* a flatterer, *L.*
Paraſi'tical, *a.* belonging to a paraſite
Párboil, *v.* to boil but ſlightly.
Párcel, *ſ.* a ſmall bundle, a number, *F.*
Párcel, *v.* to divide into parcels
Parcénery, *ſ.* joint tenancy
Párch, *v.* to ſcorch, or dry up
Párchment, *ſ.* ſkins dreſſed for writings
Pardon, *ſ.* forgiveneſs, *F.*
Párdon, *v.* to forgive, to excuſe
Párdonable, *a.* that may be forgiven
Pare, *v.* to cut off the ſurface
Párent, *ſ.* a father or mother, *L.*
Párentage, *ſ.* ſtock, family
Paréntal, *a.* belonging to parents
Paréntheſis, *ſ.* a ſentence included thus ( ), *G.*
Párer, *ſ.* a tool to cut away the ſurface
Párget, *ſ.* a ſort of plaſter, *L.*
Párhe'lion, *ſ.* a mock-ſun
Parietal, *a.* making ſide walls
Páring, *ſ.* that which is pared from any thing
Párish, *ſ.* a ſmall diſtrict, under the charge of a particular prieſt, *G.*
Páriſh, *a.* maintained by, or belonging to a pariſh
Pariſhioner, *ſ.* one who lives in a pariſh
Párity, *ſ.* equality, reſemblance, *L.*
Park, *ſ.* an incloſed ground for hunting. *F.*
Párley, *ſ.* a conference with an enemy, *F.*
Párley, *v.* to treat by word of mouth, *F.*
Párliament, *ſ.* the chief aſſembly of the nation, *F.*
Parliamentary, *a.* agreeable to the method of parliaments
Párlour, *ſ.* a low room to receive company in, *F.*
Párochial, *a.* belonging to a pariſh
Párody, *ſ.* changing another's words, *G.*
Párole, *ſ.* a word or promiſe, *F.*
Pároquet, *ſ.* a ſmall kind of parrot, *F.*
Paróxyſm, *ſ.* a periodical return of a fit, *G.*
Párricide, *ſ.* who kills his parent or relation, *L.*
Párrot, *ſ.* a well known bird

Párry, *v.* in fencing, to put by a thruſt, *F.*
Parſe, *v.* to expound by the rules of grammar
Parſimónious, *a.* thriſty, ſparing, frugal, *L.*
Párſimony, *ſ.* thriftineſs, covetouſneſs, *L.*
Párſley, *ſ.* an herb
Párſnep, or Párſnip, *ſ.* a root
Párſon, *ſ.* a clergyman, or one in holy orders
Párſonage, *ſ.* the miniſter's benefice
Part, *ſ.* a piece, ſhare, or portion, *L.*
Parts, *pl.* regions, diſtricts, faculties, qualities
Part, *v.* to put aſunder, quit, ſhare
Partake, *v.* to participate, or take part of
Partérre, *ſ.* a flower garden, *F.*
Partial, *a.* biaſſed to one ſide, *L.*
Partiality, *ſ.* an inclining to one party or ſide more than another
Partially, *a.* with partiality
Participant, *a.* having a ſhare, ſharing
Participate, *v.* to partake of, have a ſhare in, *L.*
Participation, *ſ.* a taking part
Participial, *a.* having the nature of a participle
Participle, *ſ.* a word partaking of a noun and verb, *L.*
Particle, *ſ.* an atom, a ſmall word, *L.*
Particular, *a.* diſtinct, proper, peculiar
Particularize, *v.* to mention particulars
Particularly, *ad.* eminently, ſingly, diſtinctly
Partiſan, *ſ.* a favourer, or abettor of a party, *F.*
Partition, *ſ.* that which divides, diviſion
Partly, *ad.* in ſome meaſure, in ſome degree
Partner, *ſ.* one joined with another, *B.*
Partnerſhip, *ſ.* a joining in trade, or any other affair
Partoók, *v.* did partake
Partridge, *ſ.* a bird well known
Party, *ſ.* a perſon, ſide, faction, detachment, *F.*
Partyman, *ſ.* a factious perſon
Party-wall, *ſ.* a wall between buildings
Paſchal, *a.* belonging to Eaſter, or paſſover
Paſquin, or Paſquinade, *ſ.* a lampoon
Paſs, *v.* to go through, by, or over, to ſpend time, to be current, to be enacted
Paſs, *ſ.* a narrow road between rocks, a licence for removing vagrants, condition, *F.*
Paſſage, *ſ.* a quotation, voyage, journey, *F.*
Paſſant, *part.* paſſing or going by, *F.*
Paſſenger, *ſ.* one who is upon the road, *F.*
Paſſible, *a.* capable of ſuffering, *F.*
Paſſing-part, *a.* exceeding, ſupreme
Paſſing-bell, *ſ.* the death bell
Paſſion, *ſ.* anger, love, zeal, ſuffering, *F.*
Paſſionate, *a.* eaſily angry, fond, amorous
Paſſionately, *ad.* vehemently, angrily
Paſſive, *a.* apt to bear, or ſuffer
Paſſiveneſs, *ſ.* ſubmiſſion, power of ſuffering
Paſſover, *ſ.* a Jewiſh feſtival
Paſſport, *ſ.* a licence for ſafe paſſage
Paſt, *a.* not preſent, ſpent, gone
Paſte, *ſ.* dough for pies, flower and water boiled
Paſte, *v.* to ſtick or faſten with paſte
Paſteboard, *ſ.* thick paper
Paſtern, *ſ.* the hollow of a beaſt's heel
Paſtil, *ſ.* a roll of dry paſte, *F.*
Paſtime, *ſ.* ſport, recreation, *F.*
Paſtor, *ſ.* a ſhepherd, the miniſter of a church, *L.*
Paſtoral, *a.* belonging to, or the cure of ſouls, ſhepherds, or country affairs, *L.*
Paſtry, *ſ.* pies, tarts, &c.
Paſtrycook, *ſ.* one who deals in pies, tarts, &c.

Pásturable, *a.* fit for pasture
Pásturage, *ſ.* graſs land for feeding cattle on
Pásture, *ſ.* land for grazing, education
Pásty, *ſ.* a kind of pie
Pat, *a.* proper, exact, to the purpoſe
Pat, *ſ.* a ſmall ſtroke, a ſmall cake of butter
Patacoon, *ſ.* a Spaniſh coin value 4s. 8d.
Patch, *ſ.* a piece ſewed or ſtuck on
Patchwork, *ſ.* pieces ſewed together in form
Pate, *ſ.* the head, an oval platform encompaſſed with a parapet
Páten, *ſ.* a plate uſed for bread at the altar
Pátent, *a.* open, public
Pátent, *ſ.* grant of an exclusive right,
Pátentée, *ſ.* the perſon who has a patent
Páternóſter, *ſ.* the Lord's prayer, *L.*
Patérnal, *a.* fatherly, hereditary
Path, *ſ.* a tract, or beaten foot road, *S.*
Pathétic, or Pathétical, *a.* moving the paſſions, *G.*
Páthleſs, *a.* without a path
Pathólogy, *ſ.* a part of phyſic that treats of the nature, cauſes, and ſymptoms of diſeaſes
Pathos, *ſ.* force, energy, *G.*
Páthway, *ſ.* a foot path
Pátience, *ſ.* calmneſs of mind in affliction, *L.*
Pátience, *ſ.* a woman's name
Páti nt, *a.* undiſturbed in the midſt of troubles
Pátient, *ſ.* one under the care of a phyſician, &c.
Pátiently, *ad.* without murmuring
Pátine. *See* Paten
Pátly, *ad.* fitly commodiouſly
Patriarch, *ſ.* head of a family, ſuperior, biſhop, *G.*
Patriarchal, *a.* belonging to a patriarch
Patriarchate, *ſ.* the juriſdiction of a patriarch
Patrician, *ſ.* one deſcended from a Roman ſenator
Pátrick, *ſ.* a man's name
Patrimónial, *a.* belonging to a patrimony
Pátrimony, *ſ.* an inheritance by deſcent
Pátriot, *ſ.* a lover of his country, *L.*
Pátriotiſm, *ſ.* the love of one's country
Patról, *ſ.* a night watch ſent for a guard
Patról, *v.* to go over the quarter of a town, *F.*
Pátron, *ſ.* a powerful friend, protector, *L.*
Pátronage, *ſ.* defence, protection, right of giving
Pátronage, *v.* to countenance, protect
Pátroneſs, *ſ.* a female patron
Pátroniſe, *v.* to protect, defend, *L.*
Pátten, *ſ.* a woman's clog, the baſe of a pillar
Páttern, *ſ.* a model, plan, or example, a ſample, *F.*
Paúcity, *ſ.* fewneſs, ſcantineſs, *L.*
Pave, *v.* to floor with ſtones or bricks
Pávement, *ſ.* a paved floor, *L.*
Pávier, *ſ.* one who paves the ſtreets
Pavillion, *ſ.* a tent, or tabernacle of ſtate, *F.*
Paul, *ſ.* a man's name
Paunch, *ſ.* the lower part of the belly, *Du.*
Paúper, *ſ.* a poor needy perſon, *L.*
Pauſe, *ſ.* a ſtop, reſt, or intermiſſion
Pauſe, *v.* to make a ſtop, to conſider
Paw, *ſ.* the foot of a boar, lion, dog &c.
Paw, *v.* to handle roughly, fawn
Pawn, *ſ.* a pledge, a common man at cheſs, *B.*
Pawn, *v.* to leave a ſecurity, to pledge
Pawnbróker, *ſ.* who lends money on pledges
Pay, *v.* to diſcharge a debt, to cover the ſeams of a ſhip with hot pitch, &c.
Pay, *ſ.* wages
Páyable, *a.* due, to be paid
Pay-day, *ſ.* a day for paying wages, &c.
Páymaſter, *ſ.* one who pays ſervants, &c.

Páyment, *ſ.* a ſum paid at once
Pea, *ſ.* a pulſe well known
Peace, *ſ.* quietneſs, reſt, agreement, ſilence, *L.*
Péaceoffering, *ſ.* a ſacrifice for atonement
Peáceable, *a.* peaceful, quiet, calm
Peáceableneſs, *ſ.* the being peaceful
Peáceably, *ad.* without diſturbance
Peácefulneſs, *ſ.* freedom from diſturbance
Peácemaker, *ſ.* one who makes peace
Peach, *ſ.* a wall fruit, *S.*
Peáchick, *ſ.* the chicken of a peacock
Peácock, *ſ.* a tame fowl with fine plumage
Peáhen, *ſ.* the female of a peacock
Peak, *v.* to look ſickly
Peak, *ſ.* the top of a hill, *S.*
Peal, *ſ.* a great noiſe, as of bells, thunder, &c.
Pear, *ſ.* a well known fruit, *S.*
Pearl, *ſ.* a gem bred in a ſhell fiſh, a web in the eye.
Peárly, *a.* reſembling pearls
Pearmain, *ſ.* an apple ſo called
Peártree, *ſ.* which bears pears
Peáſant, *ſ.* a countryman, a cloun, a ruſtic, *F.*
Peáſantry, *ſ.* ruſtics, country people
Peáſcod, *ſ.* the ſhell in which peaſe grow
Peat, *ſ.* a kind of turf
Pébbles *ſ.* ſtones uſed in paving the ſtreets
Peccability, *ſ.* the ſtate of ſinning
Péccable, *a.* liable to ſin
Peccadillo, *ſ.* a ſmall fault, a venial ſin, *L.*
Péccancy, *ſ.* bad quality
Péccant, *a.* criminal, offending, corrupt
Peck, *ſ.* a dry meaſure, containing two gallons
Peck, *v.* to ſtrike with the bill, *L. S.*
Péctoral, *a.* belonging to the breaſt
Péctoral, *ſ.* a ſtomachic, a breaſt-plate, *L.*
Péculation, *ſ.* a robbing the public
Péculator, *ſ.* robber of the public
Pecúliar, *a.* ſingular, particular
Pecúliar, *ſ.* a pariſh or church free from the biſhop's courts, with power to prove wills, &c.
Peculiárity, *ſ.* particularity
Pecúliarly, *ad.* ſingly, particularly
Pecúniary, *a.* pertaining to money, *L.*
Pédagogue, *ſ.* a ſchoolmaſter, *L.*
Pédals, *ſ.* large pipes of an organ
Pédant, *ſ.* a conceited ſcholar
Pedántic, *a.* like a pedant
Pédantry, *ſ.* an affectation of learning, *L.*
Péddle, *v.* to be buſy about trifles
Pederéro, *ſ.* a ſwivel gun
Pédeſtal, *ſ.* the foot of a column, &c. *L.*
Pédicle, *ſ.* a foot-ſtalk of fruit
Pédigree, *ſ.* lineage, genealogy
Pédiment, *ſ.* a triangular or angular ornament over doors, windows, &c.
Pédler, *ſ.* one who carries goods to ſell through the country
Pédlery, *ſ.* wares ſold by pedlers
Pédling, *ſ.* ſmall, trifling, of little value
Pedobaptiſm, *ſ.* infant baptiſm
Peel, *ſ.* the rind board uſed by bakers
Peel, *v.* to take off the rind, to ſcale off
Péep, *ſ.* to look privately at, juſt appear
Peer, *ſ.* a mole or rampart, a nobleman, an equal, *S.*
Péerage, *ſ.* the dignity of a peer, body of peers, a tax for the repair of a peer or mole
Péereſs, *ſ.* the wife of a peer
Peerleſs, *a.* matchleſs
Peéviſh, *a.* fretful, petulent
Peéviſhly, *ad.* morofely, angrily
Peéviſhneſs, *ſ.* perverſeneſs, fretfulneſs
Peg, *ſ.* a wooden pin, the nick-name of Margaret

Peg,

Peg, *v.* to faſten with a peg
Pegaſus, *ſ.* a fabulous winged horſe, *L.*
Pelf, *ſ.* money, riches
Pélican, *ſ.* a water-fowl
Péllet, *ſ.* a ſmall ball of tow, dough, &c.
Péllicle, *ſ.* a thin ſkin, or film, *L.*
Pellmell, *ad.* without order
Pelúcid, *a.* clear, tranſparent, *L.*
Pellúcidneſs, *ſ.* clearneſs, tranſparency
Pelt, *v.* to throw dirt, ſtones, &c. at a perſon
Pelt, *ſ.* a skin without the wool, *B.*
Péltmonger, *ſ.* one who deals in pelts
Pélting, *a.* caſting, grieving, pitiful
Pen, *ſ.* a quill cut to write with, a coop
Pen, *v.* to write, to coop, or ſhut up
Penal, *a.* appointed for puniſhment, *L.*
Pénalty, *ſ.* a fine impoſed as a puniſhment, *L.*
Penance, *ſ.* mortification by way of expiation, *L.*
Pence, *pl.* of penny
Péncil, *ſ.* a bruſh, a tool for drawing
Péndant, *ſ.* a jewel hanging at the ear, *L.*
Péndent, *a.* hanging down, *L.*
Pendulum, *ſ.* a weight of a clock, *L.*
Pendulous, *a.* hanging down
Penetrable, *a.* that may be penetrated, *L.*
Penetrability, *ſ.* ſuſceptibility of impreſſion
Pénetrant, *a.* ſharp, having power to pierce
Pénetrate, *v.* to pierce into, to dive into, *L.*
Penetration, *ſ.* quickneſs of wit, ſagacity, *L.*
Pénetrative, *a.* which eaſily penetrates
Péninſula, *ſ.* land almoſt incompaſſed by water
Peninſulated, *a.* almoſt moated round, *L.*
Pénitence, *ſ.* repentance, *L.*
Pénitent, *ſ.* one who has repented
Penitent, *a.* ſorrowful for what he has done
Penitential, *a.* belonging to repentance
Pénitently, *ad.* with ſorrow for ſin

Pénknife, *ſ.* a knife to make pens
Pénman, *ſ.* a good writer, who teacheth writing
Pénnant, *ſ.* a ſmall flag, tackle for hoiſting things on board, *F.*
Pénnated, *a.* winged
Pennileſs, *a.* poor, without money
Pénny, *ſ.* the 12th part of a ſhilling
Pénnyweight, *ſ.* 24 grains Troy weight
Pénnywiſe, *a.* hazarding much to ſave little
Pénnyworth, *ſ.* enough for a penny, a bargain
Pénſion, *ſ.* a ſalary, or yearly allowance, *L.*
Pénſioner, *ſ.* one who receives a penſion, one maintained in an hoſpital, a ſcholar in an univerſity who pays for his commons
Pénſive, *a.* ſad, thoughtful, ſorrowful, *F.*
Pénſiveneſs, *ſ.* thoughtfulneſs, melancholy
Pent, *a.* ſhut up
Péntagon, *ſ.* a figure with five ſides, *G.*
Péntagonal, *a.* having five ſides
Pentámeter, *ſ.* a ſort of verſe of five feet
Péntateuch, *ſ.* the five books of Moſes, *G.*
Pentecoſt, *ſ.* the feaſt of Whitſuntide
Pentecóſtal, *a.* belonging to Whitſuntide
Pénthouſe, *ſ.* a ſhed ſloping from a wall
Péntice, *ſ.* a ſloping roof
Penúltima, *ſ.* the laſt ſyllable but one
Penúrious, *a.* niggardly, ſtingy, *L.*
Penúriouſneſs, *ſ.* niggardlineſs, parſimony
Pénury, *ſ.* extreme poverty, *L.*
Péople, *ſ.* perſons in general, *F.*
Péople, *v.* to ſtock with inhabitants
Pépper, *ſ.* a well known ſpice, *L S.*
Pépper, *v.* to ſprinkle with pepper
Peradventure, *ad.* perhaps, by chance, *L.*
Perambúlation, *ſ.* a walking through, *L.*
Perceivable, or Perceptible, *a.* that may be perceived

Perceive, *v.* to discern, apprehend, understand, *L.*
Percéption, *s.* perceiving, notion, idea
Percéptive, *a.* able to perceive
Perch, *s.* 16 feet and a half long, a fish
Perch, *v.* to roost, to light as a bird
Perchánce, *ad.* perhaps
Percipient, *a.* perceiving
Percolátion, *s.* a straining through a cloth, &c. *L.*
Percússion, *s.* a stroke, a striking, *L.*
Perdition, *s.* ruin, destruction, *L.*
Perdúe, *ad.* close in ambush
Péregrinate, *v.* to travel into far countries
Peregrinátion, *s.* travelling, *L.*
Péregrine, *a.* of a strange country, foreign
Perémption, *s.* extinction, crush
Perémptorily, *ad.* without delay, absolutely
Perémptory, *a.* absolute, express, positive, *L.*
Perénnial, *a.* lasting through the year
Pérfect, *a.* entire, complete, accomplished, *L.*
Perfect, *v.* to complete or finish, to instruct fully
Perféction, *s.* the state of being perfect, *L.*
Perféctive, *a.* conducive to perfection
Perfi'dious, *a.* treacherous, false, deceitful, *L.*
Perfi'diousness, or Perfidy, *s.* falseness, treachery
Pérfidy, *s.* falseness, treachery
Perforate, *a.* to bore, pierce through
Perforátion, *s.* a boring through, a hole
Perforátor, *s.* a chirurgical instrument
Perforce, *ad.* by force or compulsion, *F.*
Perform, *v.* to do, to fulfil, or bring to pass
Performance, *s.* act of performing, work done
Performer, *s.* one who performs
Perfume, *s.* a sweet scent
Perfume, *v.* to give a sweet scent to, *F.*
Perfúmer, *s.* one who mixes and sells perfumes
Perfúnctory, *a.* careless, slight
Perhaps, *ad.* it may happen that
Pericardium, *s.* a membrane surrounding the heart, *G.*
Pericránium, *s.* a membrane covering the skull, *G.*
Péril, *s.* danger, hazard, *L.*
Périlous, *a.* dangerous, hazardous, *L.*
Période, *s.* an epocha, end, period, thus [.] *G.*
Periódical, *a.* regular, at stated times, *G.*
Périphery, *s.* the circumference of a circle, &c. *G.*
Periphrasis, *s.* a circumlocution
Pérish, *v.* to die, to decay, to be destroyed, *L.*
Périshable, *a.* liable to perish
Périshableness, *s.* liableness to decay
Périury, *s.* taking a false oath, *L.*
Périwig, or Peruke, *s.* a cap of hair, *F.*
Périwinkle, *s.* a shell fish, a plant
Permanence, *s* duration, *L.*
Permanent, *a.* durable, continuing, lasting, *L.*
Permeable, *a.* that may be pierced through
Permission, *s.* leave to do a thing
Permissive, *a.* granting leave
Permit, *v.* to allow, give leave, *L.*
Permit, *s.* a warrant for removing tea, &c.
Permutátion, *s.* exchanging or bartering
Pernícious. *a.* destructive, fatal, *L.*
Perniciousness, *s.* the quality of being pernicious
Perorátion, *s.* the conclusion of an oration, *L.*
Perpendicular, *a.* in a straight line downwards
Perpendícular, *s.* a level or a plumb line, *S.*
Pérpetrate, *v.* to effect, commit, *L.*
Perpetrátion, *s.* the commission of a crime
Perpétual, *a.* never ceasing, *L.*

Perpétuate,

Perpétuate, *v.* to render perpetual
Perpetúity, *ſ.* continuance without interruption
Perpléx, *a.* to entangle, diſtract, diſquiet, *L.*
Perpléxity, *ſ.* entanglement, intricacy
Pérquiſite, *ſ.* a gift, an office fee, *L.*
Perquiſi'tion, *ſ.* diligent enquiry
Perry, *ſ.* a drink made of pears
Pérſecute, *v.* to oppreſs, vex or trouble
Perſecútion, *ſ.* any violent, cruel or unjuſtifiable proceedings, eſpecially upon account of religion
Perſecu'tor, *ſ.* one guilty of perſecution
Perſe'verance, *ſ.* ſteadineſs in purſuits, *L.*
Perſevére, *v.* to continue ſtedfaſt, to perſiſt, *L.*
Perſi'ſt, *v.* to abide by, to hold on, *L.*
Pérſon, *ſ.* a man or woman's form of body, *L.*
Pérſonable, *a.* of a good preſence, air, or mein, *L.*
Pérſonage, *ſ.* a perſon of ſome diſtinction, *F.*
Pérſonal, *a.* belonging to a perſon
Perſonálity, *ſ.* the being a diſtinct perſon
Pérſonally, *ad.* in preſence, in perſon
Pérſonate, *v.* to act the part of another, *L.*
Perſpecácious, *a.* quick of underſtanding
Perſpective, *a.* relating to viſion, optical
Perſpéctive, *ſ.* view, viſto, ſpying glaſs
Perſpicúity, *ſ.* clearneſs in ſpeaking or writing, *L.*
Perſpicuous, *a.* clear, plain, evident
Perſpirable, *a.* emitted by the pores
Perſpirátion, *ſ.* ſweating, *L.*
Perſpire *v.* to tranſpire thro' the pores, *L.*
Perſuade, *v.* to adviſe, to make one believe, *L.*
Perſuáder, *ſ.* an importunate adviſer
Perſuáſion, *ſ.* opinion, act of perſuading
Perſuáſive, *a.* having power to perſuade
Pert, *a.* forward, ſawcy, brisk, lively, *L.*
Pertain, *v.* to appertain, or belong to, *L.*
Pertinácious, *a.* wilful, ſtubborn, obſtinate
Pertinácioufly, *ad.* ſtubbornly, obſtinately
Pertinácioufneſs, *ſ.* ſtubbornneſs, obſtinacy
Pértinent, *a.* fit, ſuitable, to the purpoſe, *L.*
Pertly, *ad.* ſaucily, ſmartly
Pértneſs, *ſ.* ſaucineſs, ſprightlineſs
Perturbátion, *ſ.* inward tumult, *L.*
Pervade, *ſ.* to paſs through
Pervérſe, *a.* froward, croſs-grained, obſtinate, *L.*
Pervérſely, *ad.* croſsly, vexatiouſly
Perverſeneſs, *ſ.* frowardneſs
Pervérſion, *ſ.* change for worſe, *L.*
Pervért, *v.* to turn aſide, diſturt, corrupt, *L.*
Pervérter, *ſ.* a corrupter
Pérvious, *a.* eaſy to be paſſed through, *L.*
Peru'ke. *See* Periwig
Peru'ke-maker, *ſ.* a maker of periwigs
Perúſal, *ſ.* a reading over, *L.*
Perúſe, *v.* to look, or read over, *L.*
Peſt, *ſ.* a plague or peſtilence, *L.*
Péſter, *v.* to annoy, embarraſs, trouble, *F.*
Péſthouſe, *ſ.* an hoſpital for the plague, *L.*
Peſtiferous, *a.* deſtructive, deadly
Péſtilence, *ſ.* the plague, *L.*
Peſtiléntial, *a.* contagious, infectious, *F.*
Péſtilent, *a.* dangerous, miſchievous, infectious, *L.*
Péſtle, *ſ.* a tool to pound with in a mortar
Pet, *ſ.* anger, diſpleaſure
Péter, *ſ.* a man's name
Pétit, *a.* petty, ſmall, *F.*
Petition, *ſ* an humble requeſt, *L.*
Petition, *v.* to ſolicit, to ſupplicate
Petitioner, *ſ.* one who offers a petition
Petréſcent, *a.* becoming ſtone

Petrifáction,

Petrifaction, *ſ.* a becoming ſtone.
Pétrify, *v.* to become, or turn into ſtone, *L.*
Pétticoat, *ſ.* a well known garment for women, *F.*
Pettifógger, *ſ.* a pretender to the law
Péttiſh, *a.* fretful, peeviſh
Péttiſhneſs, *ſ.* fretfulneſs, peeviſhneſs
Péttitoes, *ſ.* pig's feet
Petto, *a.* cloſe, concealed in one's own breaſt, *I.*
Pétty, *a.* little, ſmall, of no conſequence, *F.*
Pétulence, *ſ.* peeviſhneſs, wantonneſs, ſaucineſs
Pétulant, *a.* ſaucy, humourſome, malapert, *L.*
Pétulantly, *ad.* with ſaucy pertneſs
Pew, *ſ.* an incloſed ſeat in a church
Pew'ter, *ſ.* a white mixed metal
Pew'terer, *ſ.* one who works in pewter
Phanatical, *a.* belonging to a phanatic, *G.*
Phanatic, *ſ.* *See* Fanatic
Phantáſtical, or Phantaſtic, *a.* whimſical, *G.*
Phántom, *ſ.* an apparition, or idle conceit, *G.*
Phariſáical, *a.* hypocritical, like a phariſee, *H.*
Pharmacopeia, *ſ.* a diſpenſatory, *G.*
Phármacy, *ſ.* the apothecary's art, *G.*
Pháros, *ſ.* a light houſe
Pheáſant, *ſ.* a delicate fowl, *G.*
Pheaſant-Pówt, *ſ.* a young pheaſant
Phœbe, *ſ.* a woman's name
Phenix, *ſ.* an imaginary kind of bird
Phenómenon, *ſ.* a wonderful appearance
Phial, *ſ.* a ſmall glaſs bottle, *G.*
Philip, *ſ.* a man's name
Philippic, *ſ.* an invective delineation, *L.*
Phillis, *ſ.* a woman's name
Philologer, *ſ.* a man of letters
Philológical, *a.* belonging to philology
Philólogy, *ſ.* ſkill in the liberal ſciences
Philomela, *ſ.* the nightingale
Philóſopher, *ſ.* one ſkilled in philoſophy, *G.*
Philoſóphical, *a.* belonging to philoſophy
Philoſophize, *v.* to reaſon like a philoſopher
Philóſophy, *ſ.* moral and natural knowledge, *G.*
Philter, *ſ.* a love potion, *G.*
Phiz, *ſ.* the face, countenance
Phlebótomy, *ſ.* the art of opening a vein
Phlegm, *ſ.* a watery humour, *G.*
Phlegmátic, *a.* abounding with phlegm, heavy, frigid
Phleme, *ſ.* a farrier's inſtrument in bleeding
Phœbus, *ſ.* the ſun, *L.*
Phóſphorous, *ſ.* the morning ſtar, a chemical preparation, *G.*
Phraſe, *ſ.* an expreſſion or manner of ſpeech
Phraſeólogy, *ſ.* ſtyle, diction
Phrenétic, *a.* mad
Phthiſical, *a.* troubled with the phthiſic
Phthiſic, *ſ.* a conſumption of the lungs, *G.*
Phyláctery, *ſ.* a ſcrol inſcribed with a ſentence
Phy'ſical, *a.* belonging to nature, medicinal
Phyſi'cian, *ſ.* one who profeſſes the art of healing
Phy'ſic, *ſ.* natural philoſophy, medicine
Phy'ſics, *pl.* natural philoſophy
Phy'ſic, *v.* to purge with phyſic
Phyſiógnomiſt, *ſ.* one ſkilled in faces
Phyſiógnomy, *ſ.* the art of judging by the face
Phyſiólogiſt, *ſ.* a writer of natural philoſophy
Phyſiólogy, *ſ.* phyſics, or natural philoſophy, *G.*
Piacular, *a.* expiatory
Piacular, *ſ.* a membrane covering the brain, *L.*
Piáno, *a.* in muſic, ſoft and ſlow, *I.*
Piázza, *ſ.* a portico ſupported by arches, *I.*

Pick,

Pick, *v.* to chuſe out, gather up, pull off, *S.*
Pickaxe, *ſ.* an axe uſed to break up the ground
Picked, *a.* ſharp-pointed
Pickeret, *ſ.* a young pike
Pickle, *ſ.* a compoſition made of ſalt, vinegar, ſpices, the thing pickled, *L. S.*
Pickle, *v.* to preſerve in pickle
Picklock, *ſ.* a perſon that picks locks, a tool
Pickpocket, *ſ* one who ſteals out of a pocket
Picktooth, *ſ.* an inſtrument to pick teeth
Pickthank, *ſ.* a tale-bearer
Picture, *ſ.* a repreſentation in painting, *L.*
Picture, *v.* to repreſent in painting
Piddle, *v.* to trifle, to eat here and there a bit
Pie, *ſ.* meat or fruit baked in a cruſt, a magpie
Piebald, *a.* of various colours
Piece, *ſ.* a part, a guinea, a muſket, &c.
Piecemeal, *a.* in pieces, in fragments
Pied, *a.* party coloured
Pienno, *a.* in muſic, full, *I.*
Pier, *a.* a mole or rampart
Pierce, *v* to enter, to penetrate, bore
Piercer, *ſ.* that pierceth
Piety, *ſ* godlineſs, love to one's country or parents, *L.*
Pig, *ſ.* a young ſwine, a piece of lead
Pigeon, *ſ.* a dove
Pigmy, *ſ.* a dwarf
Pike, *ſ.* a freſh water fiſh, a lance
Pikeſtaff, *ſ.* a wooden handle of a pike
Pilaſter, *ſ.* a ſquare column, *F.*
Pilch, *ſ.* a flannel clout for an infant
Pilchard, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh like a herring
Pile, *ſ.* a heap, an edifice, piece of wood
Pile, *v.* to heap upon
Piles, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in the fundament

Pilfer, *v.* to ſteal things of ſmall value
Pilferer, *ſ.* one who ſteals trifles
Pilgrim, *ſ.* one who viſits holy places, *T.*
Pilgrimage, *ſ.* a journey for that purpoſe
Pill, *ſ.* a ſmall medicinal ball, *L.*
Pill, *v.* to be ſtript away, to rob
Pillage, *ſ.* what is got by plunder
Pillage, *v.* to plunder or rifle, *F.*
Pillar, *ſ.* an irregular column, *F.*
Pillion, *ſ.* a round ſaddle for a woman
Pillory, *ſ.* an inſtrument of puniſhment, *F.*
Pillow, *ſ.* a ſort of ſmall ſoft bolſter, *B.*
Pillowbear, *ſ.* a linen cover for a pillow
Pilot, *ſ.* one who ſteers a ſhip, *F.*
Pilot, *v.* to ſteer, to direct in the courſe
Pilotage, *ſ.* the money paid to a pilot
Piménto, *ſ.* Jamaica pepper, or alſpice
Pimp, *ſ.* a male bawd, a pander
Pimping, *a.* little, mean, pitiful, *S.*
Pimple, *ſ.* a puſk, or little ſwelling
Pimpled, *a.* full of pimples
Pin, *ſ.* a ſmall piece of wire pointed, a peg, &c *S.*
Pin, *v.* to faſten with pins
Pincers, *ſ.* an inſtrument to draw nails, *F.*
Pinch, *v.* to nip, to diſtreſs, to be frugal
Pinch, *ſ.* painful ſqueeze, difficulty
Pinch-penny, *ſ.* a miſer
Pincúſhion, *ſ.* a thing to ſtick pins in
Pindáric, *a.* verſes in the manner of Pindar
Pinder, *ſ.* the keeper of a pound or pinfold
Pine, *ſ.* a tree, of which there are ſeveral ſorts
Pine, *v.* to languiſh or waſte away
Pinfold, *ſ.* a pound to put ſtrayed cattle in
Pinmoney, *ſ.* an allowance for a wife's pocket
Pinhole, *ſ.* any ſmall hole
Pinion, *ſ.* wing, a wheel, hand-cuffs

Pinion,

Pinion, *v.* to bind a perſon's arms faſt, to ſhackle
Pink, *ſ.* a well known flower, a pale red colour, a ſmall ſwift ſailing ſhip
Pink, *v.* to ſtamp with ſmall holes, *F.*
Pinmaker, *ſ.* one who makes pins
Pinnace, *ſ.* a man of war's boat, *F.*
Pinnacle, *ſ.* the higheſt point of a building or ſpire, *F.*
Pinners, *ſ.* a dreſs for a woman's head, pinmakers
Pint, *ſ.* half a quart, *S.*
Pioneer, *ſ.* in the army, one who clears the way, *F.*
Pious, *a.* devout, dutiful, *L.*
Piouſly, *ad.* religiouſly, in a pious manner
Pip, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in fowls, a ſpot upon cards, *B.*
Pip, *v.* to chirp like a bird
Pipe, *ſ.* a tube, 126 gallons, a muſical inſtrument
Pipe, *v.* to cry, to play on a pipe
Piper, *ſ.* one who plays on a pipe
Pipkin, *ſ.* a ſmall earthen boiler
Pippin, *ſ.* an apple
Piquant, *a.* ſharp, biting, ſatyrical, *F.*
Piquantly, *ad.* with reſentment, ſharply
Pique, *ſ.* diſtaſte, ſpleen, grudge, ill-will, *F.*
Pique, *v.* to put into a fret, to irritate, to value
Piquet, or Picket, *ſ.* a game at cards, *F.*
Piracy, *ſ.* robbery at ſea
Pirate, *ſ.* one who lives by robbing at ſea, *F.*
Pirátical, *a.* belonging to a pirate
Piſcatory, *a.* relating to fiſh
Piſh! *interj.* a note of contempt
Piſmire, *ſ.* the ant, the emmet
Piſs, *ſ.* urine
Piſs, *v.* to make urine or water
Piſſabed, *ſ.* a field flower
Piſsburnt, *a.* ſtained with urine
Piſtachio, *ſ.* a ſmall nut
Piſtol, *ſ.* the ſmalleſt ſort of fire arms, *F.*
Piſtol, *v.* to ſhoot with a piſtol
Piſtóle, *ſ.* a gold coin
Piſton, *ſ.* part of a pump and ſyringe
Pit, *ſ.* a hole, dent, grave, ſeats near the ſtage in a playhouſe, *S.*
Pit, *v.* to challenge, to ſink in hollows
Pitapat, *ſ.* flutter, palpitation
Pitch, *ſ.* a height, boiled tar, *S.*
Pitch, *v.* to daub with pitch, to reſt or throw down, to fix a tent
Pitched, *a.* appointed, agreed upon, regulated
Pitcher, *ſ.* a large earthen veſſel
Pitchfork, *ſ.* a fork to load hay, &c.
Pitchy, *a.* ſmeared with pitch, dark
Pitcoal, *ſ.* foſſil coal
Pitman, *ſ.* a ſawyer, one who works in pits
Piteous, *a.* worthy of pity, moving, affecting, *F.*
Piteouſly, *ad.* in a tender manner
Pith, *ſ.* the ſoft ſubſtance in a plant
Pithily, *ad.* with cogency, force ſtrength
Pithineſs, *ſ.* ſtrength, energy
Pithy, *a.* conſiſting of pith, forcible, energetic
Pitiable, *a.* deſerving pity
Pitiful, *a.* compaſſionate, deſpicable, paltry
Pitifulneſs, *ſ.* mercy contemptibleneſs
Pitileſs, *a.* mercileſs
Pittance, *ſ.* a ſmall allowance
Pituitous, *a.* phlegmatic, wateriſh, *L.*
Pity, *ſ.* concern for the troubles of others
Pity, *v.* to compaſſionate miſery
Pivot, *ſ.* a pin on which a thing turns
Pix, *ſ.* a little box in which the hoſt is kept, *L.*
Plácability, *ſ.* eaſineſs in being pacified
Plácable, *a.* eaſy to be appeaſed, *L.*

Placárt,

Placárt, *ſ.* an edict or proclamation
Place, *ſ.* a room or ſpace, a poſt, or office, precedence, rank, *F.*
Place, *v.* to put, lay, rank, fix
Plácid, *a.* mild, gentle, kind, *L.*
Plág ariſm, *ſ.* the ſtealing from an author
Plágiary, *ſ.* one guilty of plagiariſm, *L.*
Plague, *ſ.* a dreadful contagious diſeaſe
Plague, *v.* to vex, teaze, or torment
Plaice, *ſ.* a flat broad fiſh
Plaid, *ſ.* Scots, variegated with ſtuffs
Plain, *a.* flat, ſmooth, ſimple, evident
Plain, *ſ.* a level country
Plain, *v.* to make even, lament
Plaindealing, *ſ.* ſimple undiſguiſed honeſty
Plainly, *ad* evidently, fairly, clearly
Plainneſs, *ſ.* flatneſs, openneſs, ſimplicity
Plaint, *ſ.* lamentation, complaint, *F.*
Plaintiff, *ſ.* a complainant, *F.*
Plaintive, *a.* complaining, lamenting, *F.*
Plainwork, *ſ.* needlework
Plaiſter, *ſ.* a medicine ſpread on linen, &c.
Plait, *ſ.* a double, a fold
Plait, *v.* to lay in plaits or folds
Plan, *ſ.* a model, form, ſcheme
Plane, *ſ.* a joiner's tool, *L.*
Planet, *ſ.* a wandering ſtar, *G.*
Planetary, *a.* belonging to the planets
Planetſtruck, *a.* blaſted
Plank, *ſ.* a thick board, *L. S.*
Plank, *v.* to lay with planks
Plant, *ſ.* a name for all vegetables
Plant, *v.* to ſet, fix, or ſettle
Plantain *ſ.* a tree, an herb
Plantation, *ſ.* a colony, a place planted, *L.*
Planted, *a.* eſtabliſhed, ſettled, filled
Planter, *ſ.* one who plants or cultivates
Plaſh, *v.* to daſh the water about, *B.*
Plaſh, *ſ.* a ſmall puddle of water
Pláſhy, *a.* filled with puddles, wet
Pláſter, *ſ.* lime prepared to cover walls
Pláſterer, *ſ.* one who covers walls with plaſter
Pláſtic, *a.* giving a form
Plat, *v.* *See* Plait
Plat, *ſ.* a ſmall piece of ground
Plate, *ſ.* all veſſels made of gold and ſilver, a flat piece of metal, prize at a horſe race, a ſmall diſh to eat on
Plate, *v.* to cover with a thin plate of gold or ſilver
Plátform, *ſ.* a level place, horizontal place
Platoón, *ſ.* a ſquare body of muſqueteers
Plátter, *ſ.* a large earthen diſh
Plaudit, *ſ.* applauſe
Plauſibility, *ſ.* appearance of right
Plaúſible, *a.* ſeemingly fair and honeſt
Plaúſibleneſs, *ſ.* a ſhow of right
Play, *v.* to ſport, game, perform, *S.*
Play, *ſ.* diverſion, recreation, gaming, a tragedy or comedy
Pláyer, *ſ.* an actor
Playfellow, *ſ.* a companion in youth
Pláyful, *a.* full of levity, ſportive
Pláyhouſe, *ſ.* a theatre
Pláything, *ſ.* a thing to play with, a toy
Plea, *ſ.* an excuſe, allegation, form of pleading
Plead, *v.* to alledge, to ſolicit or intreat, to harangue in defence of a client
Pleáder, *ſ.* a counſellor or barriſter
Pleáding, *ſ.* the form or act of pleading
Pleáſant, *a.* agreeable, pleaſing, facetious
Pleáſantry, *ſ.* mirth, chearfulneſs, gaiety
Pleaſe, *v.* to content, give pleaſure
Pleáſingly, *ad.* ſo as to pleaſe
Pleáſure, *ſ.* delight, approbation, choice, *F.*
Plebeian, *ſ.* of the common claſs of people, *L.*

Pledge, *ſ.* a pawn, an hoſtage
Pledge, *v.* to pawn, invite to drink
Plé get, or Pleget, *ſ.* a flat tent
Pléiades, *ſ.* the ſeven ſtars, *G.*
Plénary, *a.* full, complete, *F.*
Plenipoténtiary, *ſ.* a miniſter of a prince or ſtate inveſted with full power
Plénitude, *ſ.* fulneſs, completeneſs, *L.*
Plénteous, or Plentiful, *a.* fruitful, abounding
Plénteouſneſs, *ſ.* abundance
Pléntiful, *a.* fruitful, abounding
Pléntifully, *ad.* abundantly, copiouſly
Plénty, *ſ.* abundance, great ſtore
Pléthory, *ſ.* fulneſs of humours
Pleúriſy, *ſ.* an inflammation of the pleura, *G.*
Pleúritic, *a.* diſeaſed with a pleuriſy
Pliable, *a.* flexible, eaſily bent, *F.*
Pliableneſs, *ſ.* flexibility
Pliant, *a.* flexible, limber, bending
Pliers, *ſ.* ſmall pincers
Plight, *ſ.* the ſtate or condition of the body, *B.*
Plight, *v.* to give in ſurety, to pledge
Plinth, *ſ.* part of a pillar, *G.*
Plod, *v.* to toil, ſtudy cloſely
Plot, *ſ.* a conſpiracy, a deſign or device, a ſmall piece of ground, *F.*
Plot, *v.* to contrive miſchief, to plan
Plótter, *ſ.* a conſpirator
Plover, *ſ.* a wild fowl
Plough, *ſ.* an inſtrument in huſbandry and joinery
Plóughboy, *ſ.* an ignorant clowniſh boy
Plóughman, *ſ.* one who plows
Plóughmonday, *ſ.* Monday after twelfth day
Plóughſhare, *ſ.* part of a plough
Plow, *v.* to turn up the ground with a plough
Pluck, *v.* to pull with a twitch, *S.*
Pluck, *ſ.* the entrails of a calf, a pull
Plug, *ſ.* a ſtopple
Plum, *ſ.* a fruit, raiſon, ſum of 100,000 l. *Ger.*
Plumage, *ſ.* feathers, *L.*
Plumb, *ſ.* a leaden weight on a line plummet
Plumb, *v.* to ſound the depth, raiſe a perpendicular
Plúmber, *ſ.* one who works upon lead, *L.*
Plúmcake, *ſ.* a cake made with raiſins
Plume, *v.* to adjuſt feathers, to value one's ſelf on
Plúmmet, *ſ.* *See* Plumb
Plump, *a.* full and round in fleſh
Plump, *v.* to fatten, to make a noiſe in falling into the water
Plúmpneſs, *ſ.* comelineſs, fulneſs
Plumpórridge, *ſ.* porridge with plums
Plumpúdding, *ſ.* pudding with plums
Plúmy, *a.* feathered
Plúnder, *v.* to rob, or take away by violence, *B.*
Plúnder, *ſ.* pillage, ſpoils taken in war
Plúnderer, *ſ.* a hoſtile robber
Plunge, *v.* to jump, flounce into water, &c. to ruſh into danger, *F.*
Plural, *a.* more than one, *L.*
Plúraliſt, *ſ.* a clergyman with ſeveral benefices
Plurálity, *ſ.* more than one, majority, *L.*
Pluſh, *ſ.* ſhag, *F.*
Plúvious, *a.* rainy
Ply, *v.* to apply, to bend, offer ſervice
Pneumatics, *ſ.* the doctrine of the air
Poach, *v.* to deſtroy game, to boil eggs, *F.*
Póacher, *ſ.* one who ſteals game
Pock, *ſ.* a puſtule of the ſmall pox
Pócket, *ſ.* a ſmall bag worn in a garment, half a ſack of wool

Pócket, *v.* to put in a pocket
Pócket-book, *ſ.* a writing book for the pocket
Pockhole, *ſ.* a mark left by the ſmall pox
Pod. *ſ.* the ſhell of any ſort of pulſe
Póem *ſ.* a compoſition in verſe, *G.*
Póeſy, *ſ.* *See* poetry
Poet, *ſ.* one who writes poetry, *G.*
Poetáſter, *ſ.* a paltry rhimer, *G.*
Poetical, *a.* relating to poetry, *G.*
Póeteſs, *ſ.* a female poet
Póetry, *ſ.* poems, metrical compoſition
Poignancy, *ſ.* ſharpneſs, the power of ſtimulating
Póignant, *a.* ſharp, biting, ſatyrical
Point, *ſ.* a ſharp end, a promontory, a degree of the compaſs, a ſort of lace, a ſtop in writing
Point, *v.* ſharpen, ſhew, direct, level
Póinted, *a.* ſharp, divided by points
Póinter, *ſ.* a dog, the thing that points
Póiſon, *ſ.* what on being eaten ſhortens life, *F.*
Póiſon, *v.* to kill by poiſon, to infect.
Póiſonous, *a.* containing poiſon
Póize, *ſ.* a regulating power, balance, weight
Póize, *v.* to weigh, balance
Póke, *ſ.* a pocket, a bag, *S.*
Póke, *v.* to ſearch about, feel in the dark, *F.*
Póker, *ſ.* an utenſil to ſtir up the fire
Pólar, *a.* of or belonging to the poles, *L.*
Polárity, *ſ.* tendency to the poles
Póle, *ſ.* extremity of the axes of the earth, a long ſtick, a meaſure for land, containing 16 feet and a half, an inhabitant of Poland
Póleax, *ſ.* a battleax
Pólecat, *ſ.* a wild cat
Polemical, *a.* diſputative, controverſial
Póle-ſtar, *ſ.* a guide, a ſtar near the pole
Police, *ſ.* civil government of a place
Pólicy, *ſ.* an artful and prudent management, wiſdom, ſubtilty, *G.*
Póliſh, *v.* to make bright, to civilize, *L.*
Pólite, *a.* courtly, well-bred, *L.*
Politeneſs, *ſ.* elegance, good-breeding, gentility
Political, *a.* relating to polities
Politician, *ſ.* one ſkilled in ſtate affairs
Pólitic, *a.* prudent, ſubtle, cunning, *G.*
Pólitics, *ſ.* the art of government, *G.*
Pólity, *ſ.* civil conſtitution, *G.*
Poll, *ſ.* the head, a regiſter of votes
Poll, *v.* to give one's vote, to lop trees, to clip, to ſhear
Póllard, *ſ.* bran and meal mixed, a chub fiſh, an old tree that has been often lopped
Póller, *ſ.* he who votes or polls
Pollúte, *v.* to defile, corrupt, infect, *L.*
Pollútion, *ſ.* defilement, uncleanneſs
Póltron, *ſ.* a coward, a hair-hearted fellow, *F.*
Poly'gamiſt, *ſ.* one who has two wives
Poly'gamy, *ſ.* a plurality of wives or huſbands
Pólyglot, *ſ.* in many languages, *G.*
Pólygon, *ſ.* any figure of more than four angles
Poly'gonal, *a.* having many angles
Pólygram, *ſ.* a figure of many lines
Pólygraphy, *ſ.* the art of writing with cyphers
Poly'pody, *ſ.* a plant
Pólypus, *ſ.* a diſtemper in the noſe, a ſea animal, *G.*
Polyſy'llable, *ſ.* a word of many ſyllables
Polythéiſm, *ſ.* the plurality of gods, *G.*
Polythéiſt, *ſ.* who holds a plurality of gods
Pomátum, *ſ.* an ointment made of hogs lard
Pomegránate, *ſ.* a round fruit, *L.*

Pómmel, *ſ.* the knob on a ſword or ſaddle
Pómmel, *v.* to bang or beat
Pomona, *ſ.* the goddeſs of fruit and gardens
Pomp, *ſ.* ſtate, grandeur, *G.*
Pómpous, *ſ.* ſtately, grand, ſplendid, *G.*
Pond, *ſ.* a pool of ſtanding water
Pónder, *v.* to weigh, conſider, *L.*
Ponderóſity, *ſ.* heavineſs, gravity, weight
Pónderous, *a.* weighty, maſſy, heavy, *L.*
Póniard, *ſ.* a ſhort dagger, *F.*
Póntage, *ſ.* a duty for repairs of a bridge
Póntiff, *ſ.* a high prieſt, *L.*
Pontifical, *a.* belonging to an high prieſt
Pontifical, *ſ.* pontifical ornaments, *L.*
Pontificate, *ſ.* papacy, popedom of a pope, *L.*
Pónton, *ſ.* a bridge of boats, *F.*
Pony, *ſ.* a little horſe
Pool, *ſ.* a pond fed by a ſpring
Poop, *ſ.* the ſtern of a ſhip, *B.*
Poor, *a.* needy, indigent, lean, ſterile
Poórly, *ad.* meanly, indifferently
Poórjohn, *ſ.* a kind of ſalt fiſh
Pop, *ſ.* a ſmall ſmart ſound
Pop, *v.* to make a noiſe like the flying of a cork, to enter ſuddenly
Pope, *ſ.* the biſhop of Rome, *L.*
Pópedom, *ſ.* the juriſdiction of the pope
Pópery, *ſ.* the romiſh religion
Póp's-eye, *ſ.* a part of the thigh
Pópgun, *ſ.* a child's gun
Pópiſh, *a.* belonging to popery
Poppy, *ſ.* a plant and its flower
Pópulace, *ſ.* the multitude, or common people, *L.*
Pópular, *a.* pleaſing to the people
Populárity, *ſ.* the favour of the public, *L.*
Pópulate, *v.* to breed people
Population, *ſ.* the number of people
Pópulous, *a.* full of people
Pópuloufneſs, *ſ.* an abounding with people
Pórcelain, *ſ.* china ware, *F.*
Porch, *ſ.* a ſmall covered place before a door, *F.*
Pórcupine, *ſ.* a large kind of hedge-hog
Pore, *v.* to look cloſely and ſteadily
Pores, *ſ.* ſmall imperceptible holes in the ſkin
Pork, *ſ.* ſwines fleſh, *L.*
Pórker, *ſ.* a hog three months old
Poróſity, *ſ.* a being porous
Pórous, *a.* full of pores or ſmall ſpiracles, *L.*
Pórphyry, *ſ.* a fine purple coloured marble ſpotted with white
Pórpus, *ſ.* a ſea-hog
Pórringer, *ſ.* a veſſel for ſpoon meat
Port, *ſ.* an haven, the red wine of Oporto, the main gate
Pórtable, *a.* that may be carried
Pórtal, *ſ.* a ſmall gate in a larger, *F.*
Portcúllis, *ſ.* an engine like a harrow hung over the gateway of a fortified place, *F.*
Portend, *v.* to forebode, foreſhew, betoken, *L.*
Pórter, *ſ.* a door-keeper, one who carries burdens, a kind of ſtrong beer, *L.*
Pórterage, *ſ.* money paid to a porter
Pórtico, *ſ.* a porch ſupported with pillars, *I.*
Pórtion, *ſ.* a part or ſhare, fortune, *L.*
Pórtion, *v.* to divide, parcel, endow
Pórtlineſs, *ſ.* grandeur of demeanour, mein
Pórtly, *a.* ſtately, of a fine appearance, *F.*
Portmánteau, *ſ.* a bag to carry cloaths, *F.*
Pórtrait, *ſ.* a painting after the life, *F.*
Portray, *v.* to draw or paint, to deſcribe, *F.*
Poſe, *v.* to puzzle
Poſey, *ſ.* a noſegay, a motto for a ring
Poſi'tion, *ſ.* ſituation, aſſertion, *L.*
Poſitive, *a.* certain, peremptory, *L.*
Póſitiveneſs, *ſ.* obſtinacy

Poſſeſs,

Poſſéſs, *v.* to have, enjoy, or be maſter of, *L.*
Poſſéſſion, *ſ.* having in our own power, *L.*
Poſſéſſor, *ſ.* a proprietor, owner, maſter
Póſſet, *ſ.* milk turned with ale or wine
Poſſibility, *ſ.* a being poſſible
Póſſible, *a.* whatever may be, *L.*
Poſt, *ſ.* a piece of timber, office, meſſenger, *Ger.*
Poſt, *v.* to make ſpeed, to ſtate, to enter an account in the ledger, *F.*
Póſtage, *ſ.* money paid for letters
Póſtboy, *ſ.* a boy who carries letters
Póſtdate, *v.* to date later than the time
Poſtdilúvian, *a.* after the flood, *L.*
Poſtérior, *a.* that comes after or later, *L.*
Poſtériors, *ſ.* the hinder parts, *L.*
Poſtérity, *ſ.* ſucceeding generations, *L.*
Póſtern, *ſ.* a ſmall gate
Póſthaſte, *ſ.* full ſpeed
Póſthorſe, *ſ.* a horſe to ride poſt
Póſthouſe *ſ.* a receptacle of letters
Póſthumous, *a.* born, or publiſhed after one's death, *L.*
Poſtílion, *ſ.* he who rides a coach-horſe, *F.*
Poſtmáſter, *ſ.* one who conveys poſt letters
Poſtmeridian, *a.* in the afternoon, *L.*
Poſtóffice, *ſ.* the poſthouſe
Poſtpóne, *v.* to ſet behind, put off, defer, *L.*
Póſtſcript, *ſ.* ſomething added after a letter is concluded, *L.*
Póſture, *ſ.* the poſition, ſtate, condition, *F.*
Póſturemaſter, *ſ.* one who diſtorts his body
Pot, *ſ.* a veſſel to put liquor, &c. in
Pot, *v.* to put in pots
Pótable, *a.* that may be drank
Pótaſh, *ſ.* aſhes made from vegetables
Potátoe, *ſ.* a well known root, *Sp.*
Potbéllied, *a.* having a big belly
Potcompánion, *ſ.* a fellow drinker
Potent, *a.* powerful, mighty, ſtrong, *L.*
Potentate, *ſ.* a ſovereign prince
Poténtial, *a.* having a power of acting, *L.*
Poténtially, *ad.* in effect, in power
Póther, *ſ.* a buſtle, ſtir or noiſe
Póthook *ſ.* a hook to hang a pot on
Pótion, *ſ.* a phyſical mixture to drink
Pótlid, *ſ.* the cover of a pot
Pótſherd, *ſ.* a piece of an earthen veſſel, *S.*
Póttage, *ſ.* any boiled liquid food, *F.*
Pótter, *ſ.* one who makes earthen ware, *F.*
Póttle, *ſ.* a meaſure containing two quarts
Pótvaliant, *a.* made courageous with drink
Pouch, *ſ.* a ſmall bag, *F.*
Póuchmóuthed, *a.* blubber lipped
Póverty, *ſ.* indigence, or the being poor, *F.*
Poult, *ſ.* young poultry
Póulterer, *ſ.* one who ſells poultry
Poúltice, *ſ.* a moliſying application, *L.*
Póultry, *ſ.* all ſorts of tame fowl, *F.*
Pounce, *ſ.* powdered gum, the talon of a bird
Pounce, *v.* to ſprinkle with pounce, to ſeize
Poúnced, *a.* furniſhed with claws
Pound, *ſ.* the ſum of 20s. a weight
Pound, *v.* to put into a pound, to beat in a mortar
Poúndage, *ſ.* an allowance of ſo much in the pound, the fees paid to the keeper of a pound
Pour, *v.* to ſtream, to flow, to fall like rain
Pout, *v.* to thruſt out the lips in a fit of ill humour
Pówder, *v.* to beat ſmall, to cover with powder, to ſeaſon with ſalt
Pówder, *ſ.* gunpowder, hair powder, &c. *F.*
Pówdered, *a.* ſalted, ſprinkled with powder

Pówderingtub, *ſ.* a veſſel for ſalting meat
Power, *ſ.* ability, authority, influence, a ſovereign prince or ſtate
Pówerful, *a.* potent, mighty, efficacious
Powt, *ſ.* a ſea lamprey, a young turkey
Pox, *ſ.* a name given to diſorders that break out upon the ſkin
Práctícable, *a.* feaſible, that may be done, *L.*
Práctical, *a.* belonging to practice
Práctice, *ſ.* habit, uſe, art, method
Práctic, *a.* not merely theoretical
Práctiſe, *v.* to put in practice, to exerciſe
Práctitioner, *ſ.* one who practices in the law, ſurgery, phyſic, &c.
Pragmátic, or Pragmatical, *a.* ſelf-conceited, arrogant, meddling, impertinently buſy, *G.*
Pragmátically, *ad.* meddlingly, impertinently
Praiſe, *ſ.* renown, commendation, *F.*
Praiſe, *v.* to worſhip, commend, applaud
Práme, *ſ.* a flat-bottomed boat
Prance, *v.* to ſpring and bound
Prank, *ſ.* a ſhrewd unlucky trick, a frolic
Prate, *v.* to talk idly, to tattle
Prate, *ſ.* loquacity, tattle
Práttle, *v.* to chatter like an infant
Práttle, *ſ.* the innocent talk of children
Prátler, *ſ.* a chatterer
Právity, *ſ.* corruption of manners
Prawn, *ſ.* a ſort of large ſhrimp
Pray, *v.* to beſeech or intreat, *F.*
Práyer, *ſ.* a petition to heaven, entreaty
Práyerbook, *v.* a book of prayers
Preach, *v.* to deliver a ſermon, *F.*
Préacher, *ſ.* he who preaches
Preámble, *ſ.* introduction to a diſcourſe, *F.*
Prébend, *ſ.* a living in a cathedral
Prébendary, *ſ.* the perſon who enjoys ſuch living
Precárious, *a.* held upon courteſy, uncertain, *L.*
Precáriouſneſs, *ſ.* dependence, uncertainty
Precáution, *ſ.* forewarning, heed beforehand, *L.*
Precáution, *v.* to warn beforehand
Precéde, *v.* to go before, *L.*
Precédence, *ſ.* taking place of
Precédent, *a.* going before, *L.*
Précedent, *ſ.* an example, foregoing act
Precéntor, *ſ.* who leads the tunes in a cathedral, *L.*
Precept, *ſ.* rule, inſtruction, leſſon, *L.*
Precéptive, *a.* of or belonging to precepts
Precéptor, *ſ.* tutor, maſter, inſtructor
Precinct, *ſ.* bounds, extent of juriſdiction, *L.*
Précious, *a.* of great price or value
Précipice, *ſ.* the perpendicular declivity of a rock, *L.*
Precipitance, *ſ.* a violent hurry, raſh haſte
Precípitant, *a.* violent, haſty, rapid, *L.*
Precipitate, *a.* over haſty, raſh, unadviſed, *L.*
Precipitate, *ſ.* a mercurial medicine
Precipitate, *v.* to caſt down, to hurry too much, *L.*
Precipitation, *ſ.* rapidity, hurry
Preciſe, *a.* exact, ſtiff, formal, affected, *F.*
Preciſely, *ad.* formally, accurately, exactly
Preciſeneſs, *ſ.* rigid nicety, exactneſs
Precíſion, *ſ.* great exactneſs, nice limitation
Preclúde, *v.* to exclude, debar, ſhut out, *F.*
Precognition, *ſ.* knowing beforehand, *L.*
Preconceive, *v.* to have a notion beforehand, *L.*
Preconcéption, *ſ.* a notion taken up beforehand, *L.*
Preconſign, *v.* to conſign before hand, *L.*
Precóntract, *ſ.* a contract previous to another, *L.*

Precúrſor,

Precúrſor, *ſ.* forerunner, harbinger
Prédal, *a.* robbing
Prédatory, *a.* plundering, rapacious, ravenous, *L.*
Predeceſſor, *ſ.* anceſtor, one who precedes another in an office, *F.*
Predeſtinarian, *ſ.* who holds predeſtination
Predéſtinate, *v.* to foreordain
Predeſtinátion, *ſ.* a ſuppoſed decree of God, by which he fore-ordains whatever comes to paſs, *F.*
Predéſtine, *v.* to decree beforehand
Predeterminátion, *ſ.* determinations beforehand, *L.*
Predetérmine, *v.* to doom by previous decree
Prédial, *a.* conſiſting of farms
Prédicable, *a.* what may be affirmed of ſomething, *L.*
Prédicament, *ſ.* claſs, kind, arrangement
Predicate, *ſ.* what is affirmed of a ſubject, *L.*
Predict, *v.* to foretel things to come, *L.*
Predíction, *ſ.* prophecy
Predóminance, *ſ.* ſuperiority, prevalence
Predóminant, *a.* bearing chief ſway, overruling
Predominate, *v.* to over-power, bear rule
Pre-éminence, *ſ.* priority of place, above the reſt, *L.*
Pre-éminent, *a.* excellent, above the reſt
Pre-émption, *ſ.* a buying up before-hand, *L.*
Pre-engagement, *ſ.* previous obligation, *T.*
Pre-eſtabliſh, *v.* to ſettle before-hand
Pre-exiſt, *v.* to exiſt before
Pre-exiſtence, *ſ.* exiſtence before
Pre-exiſtant, *a.* exiſtant before
Préface, *ſ.* an introductory diſcourſe, *L.*
Préface, *v.* to ſay ſomething introductory
Préfatory, *a.* introductory

Préfect, *ſ.* governor, commander, *L.*
Pre-fécture, *ſ.* command, office of government
Prefér, *v* to like better, or have a greater eſteem for, to promote or advance, *L.*
Préferable, *a.* before another, eligible
Préference, *ſ.* eſtimation above another
Preférment, *ſ.* advancement, promotion
Preſ'gure, *v.* to repreſent by a type
Preſ'x, *v.* to fix or put before, to appoint a time, *L.*
Prégnancy, *ſ.* a being with young
Prégnant, *a.* with child, of a ready invention, *L.*
Prejúdge, *v.* to judge beforehand
Prejúdicate, *v.* to determine without evidence
Prejudice, *ſ.* prepoſſeſſion, damage, injury, *L.*
Préjudice, *v.* to fill with prejudice, to injure
Prejudicial, *a.* injurious, hurtful
Prélacy, *ſ.* order of biſhops, office of a prelate
Prélate, *ſ.* an archbiſhop or biſhop
Prelatical, *a.* belonging to a prelate
Preliminary, *a.* previous, introductory
Preliminary, *ſ.* ſomething preparatory
Prelúde, *ſ.* a flouriſh, ſomething before
Prelúdive, *a.* previous, introductory
Prematúre, *a.* untimely, coming too ſoon, *L.*
Prematúrely, *ad.* too ſoon, too early
Prematúreneſs, *ſ.* too great haſte
Premédítate, *v.* to conceive, to contrive before hand, *L.*
Premier, *a.* firſt, chief
Premiſe, *v.* to ſpeak of by way of preface, *F.*
Prémiſes, *ſ.* things mentioned before, houſes, &c. *F.*
P émium, *ſ.* a reward, recompence, *L.*
Premóniſh, *v.* to forewarn, *L.*
Premonition, *ſ.* previous notice or warning
Premónitory, *a.* previouſly adviſing

Premunire,

Premunire, *ſ.* impriſonment, loſs of goods, trouble, difficulty, *L.*
Preóccupancy, *ſ.* the firſt poſſeſſion
Preóccupy, *v.* to anticipate, to prepoſſeſs
Preordain, *v.* to ordain beforehand
Preparátion, *ſ.* a making ready beforehand, *L.*
Prepárative, *a.* by way of preparation
Prepáratively, *ad.* previouſly
Prepáratory, *a.* by way of preparation
Prepáre, *v.* to provide or make fit for, *L.*
Prepénſe, *a.* premeditated
Preponderáte, *v.* to outweigh
Prepoſſéſs, *v.* to biaſs the mind beforehand, *L.*
Prepoſſéſſion, *ſ.* prejudice, firſt poſſeſſion
Prepóſterous, *a.* abſurd, unnatural, *L.*
Prerequiſite, *ſ.* ſomething previouſly neceſſary, *L.*
Prerógative, *a.* a peculiar privilege, *L.*
Preſage, *ſ.* an omen of ſome future event, *L.*
Preſáge, *v.* to forebode, to foreſhew
Préſbyter, *ſ.* a prieſt or elder of the church
Preſbytérians, *ſ.* a ſect of chriſtians, ſo called by their church being governed by presbyters or elders
Presby'tery, *ſ.* an aſſemby of miniſters and lay elders, prieſthood, eldership, *G.*
Préſcience, *ſ.* foreknowledge, *L.*
Preſcribe, *v.* to order or appoint, *L.*
Préſcript, *ſ.* an order, a model preſcribed, *L.*
Preſcription, *ſ.* ordering, a right by uninterrupted poſſeſſion, a medicinal receipt
Préſence, *ſ.* mien, looks, a being preſent
Préſent, *a.* not abſent, now, *L.*
Preſént, *ſ.* a free gift, the time now exiſting
Preſént, *v.* to give, to level at, exhibit, *L.*
Preſentátion, *ſ.* the act of preſenting
Preſenteé, *ſ.* one preſented to a benefice
Preſenter, *ſ.* one that preſents
Préſently, *ad.* by and by, quickly
Preſentment, *ſ.* a report concerning an offence
Preſervation, *ſ.* a preſerving or keeping, *L.*
Preſérvative, *a.* having power to preſerve
Preſérve, *v.* to defend, ſave, keep fruit, &c.
Preſérve, *ſ.* fruit preſerved with ſugar
Preſi'de, *v.* to be placed over, *L.*
Préſidency, *ſ.* ſuperintendence
Préſident, *ſ.* a chief manager, example, pattern
Preſidentſhip, *ſ.* the place of a preſident
Preſi'dial, *a.* relating to a garriſon
Preſs, *v.* to force, urge, ſqueeze cloſe
Preſs, *ſ.* an inſtrument for preſſing, a crowd, a caſe for keeping books and cloaths, the act of forcing men into the national ſervice, a machine for printing books
Préſsbed, *ſ.* a bed ſhut up in a caſe
Préſſingly, *ad.* cloſely, with force, urgently
Préſſure, *ſ.* a load or weight, *F.*
Préſto, *ſ.* in muſic, quick, *I.*
Preſúme, *v.* to ſuppoſe, to take too much upon one, *L.*
Preſúmer, *ſ.* one that ſuppoſes, an arrogant perſon
Preſúmption, *ſ.* boldneſs, arrogance, conjecture, *L.*
Preſúmptive, *a.* ſuppoſed, imagined, preſumed, *L.*
Preſúmptuous, *a.* arrogant, adventurous, daring
Preſúmptuouſly, *ad.* irreverently, arrogantly
Preſuppóſe, *v.* to ſuppoſe as previous, *L.*
Preténce, *ſ.* a pretext, ſhew, claim
Preténd, *v.* to alledge falſely, to claim
Pretended, *a.* ſuppoſed, counterfeited
Preténder, *ſ.* one who lays claim
Preterition, *ſ.* the act of going paſt
Pretermiſſion, *ſ.* an omitting, a paſſing over, *L.*

Pretermit, *v.* to pass by or over
Preternatural, *a.* out of the course of nature
Pretext, *s.* plausible excuse, cloak, shew, *L.*
Prétor, *s.* the chief governor of a province, *L.*
Pretórian, *a.* noble, judicial
Prettiness, *s.* beauty without dignity
Prétty, *a.* handsome, agreeable, pleasing
Prettily, *ad.* tolerably, indifferently
Prevail, *v.* to persuade, overcome, be in force
Prevailing, *a.* predominant, having most influence
Prévalence and Prévalency, *s.* influence
Prévalent, *a.* powerful, effectual, prevailing
Prevaricate, *v.* to shuffle, play fast and loose, *L.*
Prevarication, *s.* a cavil, shuffling
Prevent, *v.* to anticipate, go before, hinder, *L.*
Prevention, *s.* a hindrance, a stepping in before, a prejudice
Preventive, *a.* serving to prevent
Prévious, *a.* prior, going before, *L.*
Préviously, *ad.* beforehand
Prey, *s.* spoil, plunder, something to be devoured
Prey, *v.* to plunder, rob, waste, corrode
Price, *s.* the value, rate, estimation, *F.*
Prick, *v.* to pierce with a small puncture, to set down the notes of a tune, make acid
Prick, *s.* a puncture, remorse of conscience
Pricket, *s.* a bottle basket made of willow-twigs, a buck in his 2d year
Prickle, *s.* a small sharp point, *S.*
Prickly, *a.* full of sharp points
Pride, *s.* such an idea of our own perfections, as makes us look with contempt on others
Prier, *s.* one who enquires too narrowly
Priest, *s.* one who officiates at the altar, *I.*
Priestcraft, *s.* pious frauds
Priesthood, *s.* the order or office of priests
Priestly, *a.* sacerdotal, becoming a priest
Prig, *s.* a little, pert, conceited coxcomb
Prim, *a.* formal, precise, affectedly nice
Prim, *v.* to form an affected nicety
Primacy, *s.* the office or dignity of a primate, *F.*
Primage, *s.* freight of a ship
Primary, *a.* first in order, chief, principal, *F.*
Primate, *s.* the first or chief bishop
Prime, *a.* first, chief, singular, excellent, *L.*
Prime, *s.* the first part, dawn of day, the best part, the spring, height of perfection, the first canonical hour
Prime, *v.* to put powder into the pan of a gun, to lay the first colours on
Primeness, *s.* excellency
Primeval, *a.* belonging to the first ages
Primitive, *a.* of the first ages, formal
Primitively, *ad.* according to the original rule
Primogénial, *a.* first born, original, constitutent, *L.*
Primogéniture, *s.* seniority, eldership, *L.*
Primordial, *a.* existing from the beginning
Primrose, *s.* a yellow flower, *L.*
Prince, *s.* a sovereign, a king's son, a chief, *L.*
Princely, *a.* august, grand, royal
Princess, *s.* wife of a prince, the daughter of a king
Principal, *a.* chief, *L.*
Principal, *s.* a capital sum, a chief person
Principality, *s.* chief dominion of a prince
Principally, *ad.* chiefly, above all
Principle, *s.* a fundamental truth, maxim, *L.*
Principle, *s.* the first cause, a maxim, rule of action, element, constitutent part, *L.*
Principle, *v.* to instruct, fix in a tenet
Principles, *s.* the grounds of an art or science

Print,

Print, *s.* an impreſſion taken from copper, that which being impreſſed leaves its form, *B.*

Printer, *ſ.* who prints books, or ſtains linen

Prior, *a.* firſt in order of time, *L.*

Prior, *ſ.* the governor of a priory, *F.*

Prioreſs, *ſ.* a governeſs in a cloyſter of nuns, *F.*

Priorſhip, *ſ.* the office of a prior

Priory, *ſ.* a convent under a prior or prioreſs

Priſage, *ſ.* cuſtom upon wines

Priſcilla, *ſ.* a woman's name

Priſm, *ſ.* a piece of glaſs with three planeſides, and bounded by two triangular ends, *G.*

Priſon, *ſ.* a place of confinement

Priſonbaſe, *ſ.* a play, alſo called priſonbars

Priſoner, *ſ.* a perſon impriſoned, a captive, *F.*

Priſtine, *a.* former, ancient, original

Prithee, *abrev.* for I pray thee

Privacy, *ſ.* retirement, ſecrecy, retreat

Private, *a.* ſecret, retired, alone

Privateer, *ſ.* a ſhip of war belonging to private perſons

Privately, *ad.* clandeſtinely, ſecretly

Privation, *ſ.* a depriving, a being without, *L.*

Privative, *a.* that deprives

Privilege, *v.* to inveſt with rights

Privilege, *ſ.* a ſpecial advantage above others

Privily, *ad.* privately, ſecretly

Privities, *ſ.* private parts

Privity, *ſ.* private knowledge

Privy, *a.* private, ſecret, knowing of

Privy, *ſ.* a neceſſary houſe

Prize, *ſ.* a booty, a reward propoſed

Prize, *v.* to value or eſteem

Prizefighter, *ſ.* one who fights for reward

Probability, *ſ.* likelihood, *L.*

Próbable, *a.* that has the appearance of truth, *L.*

Próbably, *ad.* in all likelihood

Próbat, *ſ.* the proof of a will

Probátion, *ſ.* proof, trial, *L.*

Probátionary, *a.* ſerving for trial

Probátioner, *ſ.* one upon trial, a novice

Probátum eſt, *ſ.* it is tried and proved, *L.*

Probe, *ſ.* a ſurgeon's inſtrument, *L.*

Probe, *v.* to ſearch with a probe

Próbity, *ſ.* integrity, honeſty, goodneſs of heart

Próblem, *ſ.* a difficult, diſputable queſtion, *G.*

Problemátical, *a.* uncertain, diſputable

Probóſcis, *ſ.* the trunk of an elephant, *L.*

Procédure, *ſ.* progreſs, management

Proceed, *v.* to go on, to ſpring from, *L.*

Proceéding, *ſ.* tranſaction, legal procedure

Próceſs, *ſ.* a ſeries, courſe of law

Procéſſion, *ſ.* a ſolemn march, *L.*

Proclaim, *v.* to publiſh ſolemnly, to tell openly, *L.*

Proclamátion, *ſ.* a giving public notice with ſound of trumpet, &c. a printed declaration of the king's will

Procónſul, *ſ.* a Roman governor, *L.*

Procónſulſhip, *ſ.* the office of proconſul

Procráſtinate, *v.* to put off, delay, defer, *L.*

Procráſtination, *ſ.* dilatorineſs, delay

Prócreant, *a.* productive

Pro'create, *v.* to generate, produce, *L.*

Pro'creation, *ſ.* generation, production

Pro'creative, *a.* productive, generative

Pro'ctor, *ſ.* an officer in an univerſity, or in the ſpiritual court

Pro'ctorſhip, *ſ.* the office of a proctor

Procúmbent, *a.* lying down

Procúrable, *a.* acquirable, obtainable

Procurátion, *ſ.* act of procuring

Procurátor, *ſ.* an agent or manager

Procuratórial,

Procuratórial, *a.* made by a proctor
Procúre, *v.* to get for another, to acquire, to pimp, *L.*
Procúrement, *ſ.* the act of procuring
Procúrer, *ſ.* an obtainer, pander, pimp
Procúreſs, *ſ.* a bawd
Pródigal, *a.* profuſe, waſteful, laviſh, *L.*
Pro'digal, *ſ.* a ſpendthritt, *L.*
Prodigálity, *ſ.* profuſeneſs, extravagance
Prodigious, *a.* wonderful, exceſſive
Prodigiouſneſs, *ſ.* enormouſneſs
Pro'digy, *ſ.* ſomething monſtrous, or ſurpriſing, *L.*
Produce, *v.* to generate, to bring into public
Próduce, or Pro'duct, *ſ.* effect, production
Producible, *a.* ſuch as may be exhibited
Produ&ction, *ſ.* whatever is produced by nature or art
Produ&ctive, *a.* bringing forth, producing
Próem, *ſ.* a preamble, or preface
Profanátion, *ſ.* polluting of ſacred things, *L.*
Profáne, *a.* unholy, impious, ſecular, *L.*
Profáne, *v.* to miſapply, violate, pollute
Profáneneſs, *ſ.* irreverence of what is ſacred
Profeſs, *v.* to own, to exerciſe openly
Profeſſedly, *ad.* openly, with an intention
Profeſſion, *ſ.* trade, calling, opinion
Profeſſor, *ſ.* a public teacher of ſome ſcience
Profeſſorſhip, *ſ.* the office of a public teacher
Próffer, *v.* to make an offer, to propoſe
Profi'cience, and Profi'ciency, *ſ.* one advanced in any art or ſcience, *L.*
Profi'cient, *ſ.* one who makes improvement, *L.*
Profile, *ſ.* a ſide view, *F.*
Pro'fit, *ſ.* gain, intereſt, advantage
Pro'fit, *v.* to improve, to be of uſe, gain, advantage, *F.*
Pro'fitable, *a.* advantageous, uſeful, lucrative
Pro'fitableneſs, *ſ.* advantageouſneſs
Profitably, *ad* advantageouſly
Profligate, *a.* abandoned, loſt to virtue, *L.*
Profound, *a.* deep, *L.*
Profound, *ſ.* the abys, the ſea
Profoundly, *ad.* with deep concern and inſight
Profoundneſs, *ſ.* depth of place and knowledge
Profoundity, *ſ.* profoundneſs
Profuſe, *a.* laviſh, waſteful, overabounding, *L.*
Profuſely, *ad.* with exuberance, prodigally
Profuſeneſs, *ſ.* extravagance, prodigality, laviſhneſs
Profuſion, *ſ.* a pouring out, great expence, ſquandering, *L.*
Prog, *v.* to rob, to ſhift for proviſions
Prog, *ſ.* victuals
Progenitors, *ſ.* anceſtors, forefathers, *L.*
Progeny, *ſ.* offſpring, *L.*
Prognoſticate *v.* to foretel
Prognoſtication, *ſ.* the act of foreſhewing
Prognoſticator, *ſ.* a foreteller
Prognoſtic, *ſ.* a ſign or token
Progreſs, *ſ.* advancement, journey, courſe, *L.*
Progreſſion, *ſ.* a regular advance, courſe
Progreſſive, *a.* which proceeds, or goes on
Prohibit, *v.* to forbid, hinder, debar
Prohibition, *ſ.* a forbidding
Prohibitory, *a.* implying prohibition
Project, *v.* to contrive, to jut out, *L.*
Próject, *ſ.* a ſcheme, deſign, contrivance
Projectile, *ſ.* any thing thrown, force
Projectile, *a.* impelled forward
Projection *ſ.* a jutting out, ſhooting forward
Projector, *ſ.* one who projects or contrives
Projecture, *ſ.* the jutting out of a building
Prolific, and Prolifical, *a.* fruitful, productive, *F.*

Prolix. *a.* long, tedious, *L.*
Prolixity, *ſ.* length, tediouſneſs
Prolocútor, *ſ.* the ſpeaker in convocation
Prolocútorſhip, *ſ.* the office of a prolocutor
Prólogue, *ſ.* an introduction to a play, *G.*
Prolóng, *v.* to lengthen out, to put off, *L.*
Prolongátion, *ſ.* a lengthening out, *L.*
Próminent, *a.* ſtanding out, protuberant, *L.*
Próminence, *ſ.* a protuberance, *L.*
Promiſcuous, *a.* confuſed, jumbled together, *L.*
Promiſcuouſly, *ad.* indiſcriminately
Promiſe, *ſ.* the declaration of a benefit intended
Promiſe *v.* give one's word, *L.*
Prómiſſory, *a.* containing a promiſe
Prómontory, *ſ.* a headland running into the ſea, *L.*
Promote, *v.* to advance, prefer, forward, *L.*
Promótion, *ſ.* preferment
Prompt, *v.* to ſuggeſt, to put upon, to incite
Prompt, *a.* ready, quick, immediate
Prompter, *ſ.* one who prompts the players
Prómptly, *ad.* readily, quickly
Prómptitude or Prómptneſs, *ſ.* readineſs
Promúlgate, *v.* to publiſh, make known, *L.*
Promúlgation, *ſ.* a publication
Promúlge, *v.* to publiſh
Prone, *a.* inclined to, bending forward, *L.*
Próneneſs, *ſ.* inclination, declivity
Prong, *ſ.* the iron points of a fork
Pronóun, *ſ.* in grammar, a word put for a noun
Pronoúnce, *v.* to utter, to paſs one's judgement
Pronunciátion, *ſ.* the manner of ſounding words
Proof, *ſ.* a trial, a convincing argument, a rough ſheet of print

Proof, *a.* of a proper ſtandard, impenetrable
Prooffleſs, *a.* wanting evidence
Prop, *ſ.* a ſupport on which any thing reſts
Prop, *v.* to ſupport, to ſuſtain
Propagate, *v.* to generate, to ſpread abroad, *L.*
Propagation, *ſ.* generation, ſpreading
Propagátor, *ſ.* a producer, ſpreader
Propél, *v.* to thruſt forward, *L.*
Propénſe, *a.* prone, inclineable to
Propénſity, *ſ.* readineſs, proneneſs, inclination
Próper, *a.* peculiar, fit, tall, well ſhaped, *L.*
Próperly, *ad.* in a ſtrict ſenſe, fitly
Próperty, *ſ.* a quality, poſſeſſion
Prophane. *See* Profane
Próphecy, *ſ.* prediction, *G.*
Propheſ'er, *ſ.* one who propheſies
Propheſy', *v.* to foretel future events, to preach
Próphets, *ſ.* thoſe who foretel things to come
Próphetеſs, *ſ.* a female prophet
Prophétic, and Prophétical, *a.* belonging to a prophet or prophecy
Prophétically, *ad.* in manner of a prophecy
Pró̆pinquity, *ſ.* nearneſs, kindred, *L.*
Propitiáble, *a.* that may be made kind or favourable
Propitiátion, *ſ.* an atonement
Propiátor, *ſ.* one who obtains favour
Propitiátory, *a.* having force to expiate or atone for
Propitious, *a.* favourable, kind, merciful, *L.*
Propitiouſneſs, *ſ.* kindneſs, favourableneſs
Propónent, *ſ.* one who makes a propoſal, *L.*
Propórtion, *ſ.* part, portion, rule meaſure, *L.*
Propórtion, *v.* to adjuſt the parts
Propórtionable, *a.* agreeable to rules of proportion
Propórtionably, *ad.* in a ſtated degree
Propórtional, *a.* having a due proportion

Propórtionate,

Propórtionate, *a.* adjusted to something else
Propórtionate, *v.* to adjust in a certain manner
Propósal, *s.* an offer, a design proposed
Propóse, *v.* to intend, to offer, *F.*
Propóser, *s.* one who makes a motion
Proposition, *s.* a complete sentence, expressing something either true or false
Propóund, *v.* to propose a question
Proprietor, *s.* a possessor in his own right
Propriety, *s.* proper sense, accuracy, justness *L.*
Propt. *a.* sustained by some prop
Propugn, *v.* to defend, vindicate
Prorogation, *s.* a putting off, prolongation
Prorogue, *v.* to put off till another time, *L.*
Prosáic, *a.* being in, or belonging to prose, *F.*
Proscribe, *v.* to banish, *L.*
Proscription, *s.* banishment, confiscation
Prose, *s.* the usual way of speaking or writing in opposition to verse, *L.*
Prósecute, *v.* to carry on, to sue at law, *L.*
Prosecútion, *s.* a carrying on a law-suit
Prosecútor, *s.* a pursuer of any purpose
Proselyte, *s.* a stranger converted, *G.*
Prósody, *s.* the art of properly accenting words, *G.*
Prospect, *s.* a distant view, *L.*
Prósper, *v.* to meet with success, *L.*
Prósperity, *s.* success, happiness
Prósperous, *a.* fortunate, successful
Prostitute, *a.* sold to vice, vicious for hire
Prostitute, *s.* a common harlot
Prostitútion, *s.* the act of prostituting, the life of a strumpet
Prostrate, *v.* laid flat along, *L.*
Prostrate, *a.* lying down in humble adoration, *L.*
Prostrátion, *s.* a falling at the feet of another

Prótect, *v.* to cover from harm, defend, *G.*
Protection, *s.* defence, shelter, *F.*
Protéctor, *s.* a defender, supporter, regent, *F.*
Protend, *v.* to hold out, to stretch forth, *L.*
Protést, *v.* to make a solemn declaration
Prótestant, *a.* belonging to protestants
Protestant, *s.* one who protests against popery
Protestátion, *s.* a solemn assurance
Prothónotary, *s.* a principal notary or clerk, *G.*
Protomártyr, *s.* the first martyr, St. Stephen, *G.*
Prótotype, *s.* the original type or model, *G.*
Protráct, *v.* to spin out, prolong, *L.*
Protráctive, *a.* spinning out, delaying, dilatory
Protrúde, *v.* to thrust or push forward, *L.*
Protúberance, *s.* a rising or swelling out, *L.*
Protúberant, *a* bunching, or standing out, *L.*
Proud, *a.* haughty, arrogant through self-conceit, lofty, exuberant, fallacious, *S.*
Proúdly, *ad.* arrogantly
Prove, *v.* to demonstrate, try, succeed, *F.*
Próveable, *a.* that may be proved
Provedítor, *s.* an overseer
Provender, *s.* food for cattle
Próverb, *s.* an adage, or old saying
Provérbial, *a.* of the nature of a proverb
Provide, *v.* to stipulate, procure, furnish with, &c.
Próvidence, *s.* the wise provision made by the Creator for the government of the world, foresight, oeconomy, *L.*
Próvident, *a.* wary, thrifty, saving, *L.*
Providéntial, *a.* effected by Providence, *L.*
Providéntially, *ad.* by the care of Providence
Providently, *ad.* with wise precaution
Provider, *s.* one who provides or procures
Próvince, *s.* a region, tract, office, business
Provincial, *a.* belonging to a district or province

Provincial, *ſ.* a ſuperior of all the religious houſes of the ſame order in a province
Proviſion, *ſ.* a providing, or taking care of any thing provided, the wages paid to a factor, ſtipulation
Proviſional, *a.* conditional
Proviſionally, *ad.* on condition
Proviſo, *ſ.* a particular condition in a contract
Provócation, *ſ.* any thing that cauſes anger
Provócative, *ſ.* apt to provoke or ſtir up
Provóke, *v.* to urge, move, or ſtir up to anger, *L.*
Provókingly, *ad.* ſo as to raiſe anger
Próvoſt, *ſ.* a chief magiſtrate, preſident of a college, *S.*
Próvoſtſhip, *ſ.* a provoſt's office or dignity
Prow, *ſ.* the forepart of a ſhip, *F.*
Próweſs, *ſ.* valour, bravery, military gallantry, *F.*
Prowl, *v.* to rove, to hunt after prey
Prowler, *ſ.* one who ſeeks for prey
Próximate, *a.* immediate and near
Próximately, *ad.* without intervention
Proxímity, *ſ.* nearneſs, kindred, *L.*
Próxy, *ſ.* a deputy ſubſtitute, *L.*
Prude, *ſ.* a preciſe affected woman, *F.*
Prudence, *ſ.* wiſdom applied to practice, *L.*
Prúdence, *ſ.* a woman's name
Prúdent, *a.* practically, wiſe, diſcreet, *L.*
Prudéntial, *a.* on principles of prudence, *L.*
Prúdently, *ad.* judiciouſly, diſcreetly
Prúdery, *ſ.* too much affectation
Prúdiſh, *a.* affectedly grave
Prune, *v.* to lop, clear from ſuperfluities
Prunélla, *ſ.* a ſort of plum, a ſort of fine poplin
Prunes, *ſ.* dried plumbs brought from the Levant, *L.*

Prúrience, *ſ.* a great deſire
Pry, *v.* to look narrowly into
Pſalm, *ſ.* a divine ſong, *G.*
Pſálmiſt, *ſ.* a writer of holy ſongs, *G.*
Pſálmody, *ſ.* the art of ſinging pſalms, *G.*
Pſálter, *ſ.* the volume of pſalms, a pſalm-book, *G.*
Pſáltery, *ſ.* a kind of harp
Pſeúdo, *a.* falſe, counterfeit.
Pſeudo-martyr, *ſ.* a falſe martyr, *G.*
Pſhaw, *interj.* expreſſing contempt
Ptiſán, *ſ.* a cooling medicinal drink, *G.*
Púberty, *ſ.* the age of 14 in boys, and 12 in girls
Públican, *ſ.* a tollgatherer, a victualler
Públication, *ſ.* the act of publiſhing
Públic, *a.* manifeſt, general, common, *L.*
Públic, *ſ.* every body in general
Publickly, *ad.* in full view, openly
Públiſh, *v.* to make public
Púcelage, *ſ.* ſtate of virginity, *F.*
Púcker, *v.* to draw up, to puzzle, perplex
Púdding, *ſ.* a well known food, a roll worn by children on the head
Púddingpie, *ſ.* a pudding with meat in it
Púddingtime, *ſ.* nick of time, dinner-time
Púddle, *ſ.* a ſmall ſtanding water
Pudícity, *ſ.* modeſty, chaſtity, *L.*
Puerile, *a.* childiſh, boyiſh, ſilly, weak, *L.*
Puerílity, *ſ.* childiſhneſs, *L.*
Puff, *ſ.* a ſudden blaſt of wind, a kind of paſtry, an utenſil for powdering hair
Puff, *v.* to blow, to praiſe, to ſwell with wind
Puffin, *ſ.* a water fowl
Puffy, *a.* tumid, flatulent, windy
Pug, *ſ.* a Dutch dog
Pugh, *interj.* a word of contempt

Pugil,

Pugil, *ſ.* as much as may be taken up between the thumb and two fingers, *L.*
Puiſne, *a.* a law term for youngeſt
Puiſſance, *ſ.* power, might, *F.*
Puiſſant, *ſ.* powerful mighty, *F.*
Puke, *ſ.* a vomit.
Puke, *v.* to whine, to cry, *F.*
Pule, *v.* to whimper, to cry
Puling, *a.* ſickly, weakly
Pull, *v.* to draw, to pluck, to gather, *B.*
Púller, *ſ.* one who pulls
Púllet, *ſ.* a young hen
Púlley, *ſ.* a ſmall wheel for a cord, *F.*
Púlmonary, *a.* belonging to the lungs, *L.*
Pulp, *ſ.* the ſoft part of fruit, &c.
Púlpit, *ſ.* a deſk to preach or make an oration in
Púlpous, and Púlpy, *a.* pappy, ſoft
Pulſátion, *ſ* a beating or ſtriking
Pulſe, *ſ.* the beating of the arteries, beans, peaſe, &c.
Púlſion, *ſ.* the act of forcing any thing forward
Púlverable, *a.* that may be reduced to powder
Pulverizátion, *ſ.* a reduction to duſt or powder
Púlverize, *v.* to reduce to powder, *L.*
Púmice-ſtone, *ſ.* a ſpongy light ſtone, *L.*
Púmmel. *v.* to thump or beat with the fiſt
Pummel, *ſ.* *See* Pommel
Pump, *ſ.* a water-engine, a ſort of ſhoe
Pump, *v.* to raiſe water by a pump
Pun, *v.* to play upon words
Pun, *ſ* a play upon words that agree in ſound, but differ in ſenſe
Punch, *ſ.* an inſtrument to ſtrike marks with, a compound liquor well known, a ſhort thick fellow, a ſtage puppet
Púncheon, *ſ.* a wine veſſel of 84 gallons, *F.*
Punctilio, *ſ.* nicety in behaviour, a trifle, *Sp.*
Púnctual, *a.* regular, exact to a trifle, *F.*
Punctuálity, *ſ.* exactneſs, *F.*
Punctuátion, *ſ.* (in writing) the art of pointing
Púncture, *ſ.* a prick or ſmall hole, *L.*
Púngency, *ſ.* ſharpneſs, acridneſs, keeneſs, *L.*
Púngent, *a.* ſharp, pricking, biting, *L.*
Púniſh, *v.* to chaſtiſe, or inflict penalties
Púniſhable, *a.* liable to puniſhment
Púniſhment, *ſ.* any thing impoſed for a crime
Púncture, *a.* inflicting puniſhment
Púnitory, *a.* puniſhing
Punk, *ſ.* an ill-favoured ſtrumpet
Púnſter, *ſ.* a quibbler, a low wit, who delights in double meanings
Púny, *a.* little, weakly
Pup, *v.* to bring forth whelps or puppies
Púpil, *ſ.* a ſcholar, the apple of the eye
Púpillage, *ſ* minority, guardianſhip
Púppet, *ſ.* a wooden image
Púppetſhow, *ſ.* a mock play by images
Púppy, *ſ.* a young dog or bitch
Púrblind, *a.* ſhort-ſighted
Púrchaſe, *v.* to buy, to obtain by labour or danger,
Púrchaſe, *ſ.* any thing bought
Púrchaſer, *ſ.* one who makes the purchaſe
Pure, *a.* clean, unſpotted, uncompounded, *L.*
Púrely, *ad.* merely, in a pure manner
Púreneſs, *ſ.* innocence, ſimplicity, clearneſs
Purgátion, *ſ.* the act of cleanſing
Púrgative, *a.* of a purging quality
Púrgatory, *ſ.* ſtate of purgation after death, *L.*
Purge, *v.* to cleanſe the body by purging, to clear one's ſelf of a crime
Purge, *ſ.* a medicine that works by ſtool

Purification, *ſ.* the act of purifying, a rite performed by the Hebrews after child-bearing

Purifi'er, *ſ.* a refiner, cleanſer

Púrify, *v.* to make pure or clean

Púritans, *ſ.* a name formerly given to the diſſenters from the church of England

Puritánnical, *a.* demure, relating to puritans

Púrity, *ſ.* unmixed innocence, chaſtity, *L.*

Purl, *ſ.* the edge of lace, bitter malt liquor

Purl, *v.* to flow with a gentle murmur

Púrlieu, *ſ.* ground ſeparated from a foreſt, *F.*

Purlins, *ſ.* inſide braces to rafters

Purloin, *v.* to pilfer, filch, ſteal privately, *F.*

Púrple, *a.* a colour compoſed of red and blue

Púrples, *ſ.* the ſpotted fever

Púrpliſh, *a.* ſomewhat purple

Púrport, *ſ.* meaning or ſubſtance of a writing

Purpoſe, *v.* to deſign, to intend

Púrpoſely, *ad.* by intention, by deſign

Purr, *v.* to murmur as a cat or leopard

Purſe, *ſ.* a ſmall bag to put money in

Purſenet, *ſ.* a net that draws up like a purſe

Purſeproud, *a.* puffed up with riches

Púrſer, *ſ.* an officer aboard a man of war

Púrſineſs, *ſ.* ſhortneſs of breath

Purſlain, *ſ.* a cooling ſallad herb

Purſúable, *a.* that may be purſued

Purſúance, *ſ.* proſecution, proceſs, conſequence

Purſuant, *a.* done in conſequence

Purſúe, *v.* to run after, to proceed, to proſecute

Purſúer, *ſ.* who follows in an hoſtile manner

Purſúit, *ſ.* chace, the act of following

Púrſuivant, *ſ.* a meſſenger employed by the king, *F.*

Púrſy, *a.* ſhort-breathed and fat

Púrtenance, *ſ.* the pluck of an animal, *F.*

Purvey, *v.* to provide, to procure

Purvey'ance, *ſ.* the providing victuals, fuel, &c.

Purvéyor, *ſ.* one who provides neceſſaries

Púrulence, or Plúrulency, *ſ.* generation of pus

Púrulent, *a.* full of corrupt matter, *L.*

Pus, *ſ.* corruption, or putrified matter, *L.*

Puſh, *v.* to ſhove, or thruſt, to urge, to enforce

Puſh, *ſ.* a thruſt, effort, aſſault, pimple

Púſhing, *a.* vigorous, enterpriſing

Púſhpin, *ſ.* a child's play

Puſillanimity, *ſ.* timidity, cowardice

Puſillánimous, *a.* faint-hearted, daſtardly, *L.*

Puſs, *ſ.* a name given to a cat, hare, or rabbit

Púſtule, *ſ.* a puſh or little blifter

Put, *v.* to lay, ſet, or place, to offer or propoſe

Pútative, *a.* rep ted, ſuppoſed

Pútlog, *ſ.* a log uſed in ſcaffolds

Putrefáction, *ſ.* rottenneſs, corruption, *F.*

Putrefáctive, *a.* the making rotten

Pútrify, *v.* to rot or corrupt, *F.*

Putreſcence, *ſ.* the ſtate of rotting

Putreſcent, *a.* growing rotten

Pútrid, *a.* rotten, corrupted, *F.*

Pútty, *ſ.* a powder made of calcined tin, a paſte uſed by glaziers, &c.

Púzzle, *v.* to nonplus, embarraſs, perplex

Puzzler, *ſ.* one who puzzles

Py'gmean, *a.* belonging to a dwarf, very ſmall

Py'gmy, *ſ.* a fabulous little people, *G.*

Pypówder. *See* Piepowder

Py'ramid, *ſ.* a ſolid maſſy edifice, which riſes diminiſhing to a point

Pyramídical, *a.* belonging to a pyramid

Pyre, *ſ.* a pile to be burnt, *L.*

Pyrites,

Pyrites, *ſ.* fireſtone, *G.*
Pyrotéchnical, *a.* ſkilled in fireworks, *G.*
Pyrrhoiſm, *ſ.* ſcepticiſm, taught by the doctrine of Pyrrho
Pyx, *ſ.* the veſſel in which the hoſt is kept, *G.*

Q.

Q. Alone, is uſed as an abbreviation of queen and queſtion
Q. d. or rather q. d. for *quaſi dicat*, as if he ſhould ſay
Q. P. L. in phyſicians bills, ſignifies *quantum placet*, as much as you pleaſe
Q. ſ. or rather q. s. *quantum ſufficit*, as much as is ſufficient
Quack, *v.* to cry like a duck, to practiſe phyſic irregularly, *Dut.*
Quack, *ſ.* an ignorant pretender to phyſic, *Du.*
Quáckery, *ſ.* bad or mean acts in phyſic
Quackſalver, *ſ.* a mountebank
Quadragéſimal, *a.* belonging to lent
Quadrágle, *ſ.* a ſquare, *L.*
Quadrángular, *a.* in the form of a quadrangle
Quádrant, *ſ.* a mathematical inſtrument, that takes in the fourth part of a circle, *L.*
Quádrate, *v.* to agree with, *L.*
Quádrature, *ſ.* the act or ſtate of being ſquare
Quadrénnial, *a.* happening once in four years, *L.*
Quadrille, *ſ.* a game at cards, *F.*
Quadripartite, *a.* divided into four parts, *L.*
Quádruped, *a.* any fourfooted beaſt, *L.*
Quádruple, *a.* four fold
Quaff, *v.* to ſwallow large draughts
Quágey, *a.* ſoft, boggy
Quágmire, *ſ.* a bog a marſhy place
Quaint, *a.* trite, pretty, fine-ſpun, far-fetched, *F.*
Quaintly, *ad.* artfully, exactly
Quaintneſs, *ſ.* nicely, petty elegance
Quake, *v.* to ſhiver or ſhake, *S.*
Qualification, *ſ.* a particular endowment, *F.*
Qualify, *v.* render fit, to temper or moderate, *F.*
Quality, *ſ.* the nature or condition of a thing, nobility
Qualm, *ſ.* ſickneſs, ſcruple of conſcience, *S.*
Qualmiſh, *a.* ſickly
Quandáry, *ſ.* a ſtudy, or doubt what to do
Quántity, *ſ.* number, meaſure, bulk, extent, weight, *L.*
Quantum, *ſ.* the amount, quantity
Quarantine, *ſ.* a prohibition from landing during forty days
Quarrel, *ſ.* ſtrife, variance, a pane of glaſs
Quárrel, *v.* to fight, to ſcold, *F.*
Quarrelſome, *a.* apt to quarrel
Quárrelſomeneſs, *ſ.* cholerickneſs, petulence
Quárry, *ſ.* a rock from whence ſtone is dug, a ſquare of glaſs, *F.*
Quart. *ſ.* the 4th part of a gallon, *F.*
Quártane, *ſ.* a fourth day ague, *L.*
Quárter, *ſ.* the fourth part, eight buſhels of corn, diſtrict, ſtation, *F.*
Quárter, *v.* to divide into four parts, to lodge ſoldiers
Quárterage, *ſ.* money paid
Quarterly, *ad.* every three months
Quartermáſter, *ſ.* an officer in a ſhip, one who regulates for ſoldiers
Quartern, *ſ.* the fourth part of a pint
Quárterſtaff, *ſ.* a ſtaff of defence
Quarto, *ſ.* a book with four leaves in a ſheet, *L.*

Quaſh, *v.* to make void, cruſh, overthrow, defeat
Quaternary, and Quaternion, *ſ.* the number four
Quatrain, *ſ.* four lines rhyming alternately
Quaver, *ſ.* a note equal to half a crotchet
Quaver, *v.* vibrate, to ſhake the voice
Quay, *ſ.* a key for landing goods
Quean, *ſ.* a ſlut, drab, or jade, *S.*
Queaſineſs, *ſ.* ſickneſs of ſtomach
Queaſy, *a.* ſqueamiſh, faſtidious
Queen, *ſ.* a ſovereign princeſs
Queer, *a.* odd, fantaſtical
Queerly, *ad.* oddly, ſtrangely
Queerneſs, *ſ.* particularity, oddneſs
Quell, *v.* to conquer, *S.*
Quench, *v.* to extinguiſh fire, to allay thirſt, to ſtill any paſſion, or commotion
Quenchable, *a.* that may be quenched
Querift, *ſ.* one who aſks queſtions
Querulous, *a.* apt to find fault, or complain, *L.*
Querulouſneſs, *ſ.* complaining mournfully
Query, *ſ.* a queſtion, *L.*
Query. *v.* to aſk queſtions
Queſt, *ſ.* inqueſt, enquiry, or ſearch
Queſtion, *ſ.* a ſubject of debate, doubt, diſpute, examination by torture, *L.*
Queſtion, *v.* to aſk queſtions, to doubt
Queſtionable, *a.* doubtful, diſputable
Queſtionleſs, *ad.* without doubt
Queſtman, *ſ.* a perſon authoriſed to examine weights, meaſures, &c.
Quib, *ſ.* a bitter taunt, a ſarcaſm
Quibble, *v.* to equivocate, to pun
Quibble, *ſ.* a pun, an equivocation
Quibbler, *ſ.* a punſter
Quick, *a.* alive, agile, nimble, ſwift, *S.*
Quick, *ſ.* living fleſh, ſenſible parts
Quickbeam, *ſ.* a kind of wild aſh
Quicken, *v.* to make alive, to become alive, as a child in the womb, to haſten, to excite, *S.*
Quicklime, *ſ.* lime unquenched
Quickly, *ad.* ſpeedily, immediately, nimbly
Quickneſs, *ſ.* ſpeed, keen ſenſibility
Quickſands, *ſ.* ſinking ſands
Quickſet, *ſ.* a living plant ſet to grow
Quickſilver, *ſ.* mercury
Quiddity, *ſ.* the eſſence of a thing, a cavil, *L.*
Quieſcence, *ſ.* repoſe, reſt
Quieſcent, *a.* lying at repoſe, reſting
Quiet, *ſ* reſt, peace, tranquility, *L.*
Quiet, *a* ſtill, peaceable
Quiet, *v.* to ſtill, to calm, to pacify
Quietiſm, *ſ.* the opinion of the quietiſts
Quietiſts, *ſ.* a ſect which holds that religion conſiſts in the reſt and internal recollection of the mind
Quietly, *ad.* peaceably, calmly
Quietneſs, *ſ.* *See* Quiet
Quietude, *ſ.* repoſe, reſt
Quilets, *ſ.* quibbles, ſubtilties
Quill, *ſ.* a large feather with a round barrel, the dart of a porcupine
Quilt, *ſ.* a covering for a bed
Quilt, *v.* to run two pieces of cloth in ſquares or flowers, with wool between
Quince, *ſ.* a kind of apple
Quinquageſima, *ſ.* Shrove Sunday, *L.*
Quinquennial, *a.* laſting, or happening in five years
Quinquina, *ſ.* jeſuits bark
Quinſey, *ſ.* a diſeaſe of the throat
Quint, *ſ.* a ſequence of five cards at picquet, *F.*

Quinteſſence,

Quintessence, *s.* the virtue of any thing extracted
Quintuple, *a.* fivefold
Quip, *s.* a jeer or gibe, a sarcasm
Quire, *s.* twenty-four sheets of paper. *See* Choir
Quirister. *See* Chorister
Quirk, *s.* an artful shift or cavil
Quit, *v.* to remove out of, forsake, give up, *F.*
Quite, *ad.* completely, perfectly
Quitrent, *s.* a reserved rent
Quittance, *s.* a receipt for money, a discharge
Quiver, *s.* a case for arrows.
Quiver, *v.* to shiver or shake
Quódlibets, *s.* questions debated among students to try their abilities
Quoif. *See* Coif
Quoil. *See* Coil
Quoins, *s.* stones in the corner of a building, *F.*
Quoit, *s.* a piece of iron like a horse shoe, made to throw at a mark, *F.*
Quóndam, *a.* formerly
Quórum, *s.* a special commission
Quóta, *s.* a part or share
Quotation, *s.* a citation of a passage from a book
Quote, *v.* to cite or alledge, *F.*
Quóter, *s.* one who cites quotes
Quoth, *v.* saith, *S.*
Quotidian, *a.* daily, every day
Quótient, *s.* the number produced by division, *L.*

R.

R. Is used as an abbreviation of *rex* or *regina*, king or queen
R. in a physician's bill, signifies *recipe*, or take
R. S. S. *Regiæ societatis socius*, or fellow of the royal society
Rábbit, *v.* among carpenters, to channel boards
Rábbi, or Rabbin, *s.* a doctor of the Jewish law, *H.*
Rábbet, *s.* a creature well known
Rábble, *s.* the dregs of the people
Rábiner, *s.* a kind of small ordnance
Race, *s.* lineage, stock, family, a running match, a root of ginger, channel to supply water for a mill
Rácer, *s.* a running horse
Ráchael, *s.* a woman's name
Rack, *s.* a machine, extreme pain, a distaff, a frame for bottles and for hay, a grate, irons for a spit, &c.
Rack, *v.* to torture upon a rack, to draw wines, &c. off the lees
Rácket, *s.* a noise, a thing to strike a tennis ball, *F.*
Rácy, *a.* old, strong, and rich, as wine
Rádience, or Rádiency, *s.* brightness, lustre
Rádiant, *a.* emitting rays, *L.*
Rádiated, *a.* adorned with rays
Radiátion, *s.* a darting or casting forth rays of light, *L.*
Rádical, *a.* belonging to a root, inbred, original, *L.*
Rádically, *ad.* by nature, originally
Rádicate, *v.* to take root
Radicated, *a.* rooted, old, inveterate
Rádish, *s.* a root well known, *F.*
Rádius, *s.* in geometry, a right line drawn from the centre of a circle to its circumference
Ráffle, *v.* to cast dice for a prize
Ráffle, *s.* a lottery by casting dice

Raft,

Raft, *ſ.* a float made by tying ſeveral large pieces of timber together
Ráfter, *ſ.* the roof, timber of a building
Rag, *ſ.* an old tattered piece of cloth, a kind of ſtone
Raggamúffin, *ſ.* a mean ragged fellow
Rage, *ſ.* fury, madneſs, *F.*
Rage, *v.* to ſtorm, to be very painful
Rágged, *a.* torn, tattered, or in rags, jagged or notched
Ráginly, *ad.* with vehement fury
Rágman, *ſ.* a dealer in rags
Rágoút, or Ragoo, *ſ.* a high ſeaſoned diſh, *F.*
Rágſtone, *ſ.* a ſtone for ſmoothing the edge of a tool
Ragwort, *ſ.* an herb
Rail, *ſ.* a ſort of iron or wooden fence
Rail, *v.* to encompaſs with rails, to ſcold
Ráiler, *ſ.* one who inſults with bad language
Raillery, *ſ.* a ſlight ſatyr, ſatyrical mirth
Raiment, *ſ.* clothing, veſture
Rain, *ſ.* water falling from the clouds, *S.*
Rain, *v.* to fall in drops from the clouds
Rainbow, *ſ.* various coloured arches in the clouds
Raindeer, *ſ.* a northern ſerviceable deer
Rainy, *a.* ſhowery, wet
Raiſe, *v.* to lift up, advance, levy
Raiſins, *ſ.* dried grapes, *F.*
Rake, *ſ.* a libertine, a tool with teeth
Rake, *v.* to gather with a rake, to ſearch
Ráker, *ſ.* a perſon who cleans the ſtreets
Rákehell, *ſ.* a very debauched ſorry fellow
Rákiſh, *a.* looſe, lewd, debauched
Rálly, *ſ.* a bantering. *See* Raillery, *F.*
Rálly, *v.* to reunite diſperſed troops, to jeer, banter or chide in a witty and facetious manner, *F.*
Ralph, *ſ.* a man's name
Ram, *ſ.* a male ſheep, an engine to batter walls, *S.*
Ram, *v.* to drive in violently, to fill cloſe
Rámble, *v* to wander up and down, *L.*
Rámble, *ſ.* a wandering excurſion
Rámbler, *ſ.* a wanderer, *L.*
Ramification, *ſ.* a branching out, *F.*
Rámify, *v.* to ſeparate or be parted into branches
Rámmer, *ſ.* a gun ſtick, an inſtrument for driving ſtones or piles into the ground
Rámmiſh, *a.* ſtinking as a ram, offenſive
Ramp, *v.* to jump about in play, *F.*
Ramp, *ſ.* a briſk, hoidening, jumping girl
Rámpant, *a.* wanton, friſky, exuberant
Rámpart, *ſ.* a large bank of earth raiſed about a place, *F.*
Ran, *v.* did run
Ráncid, *a.* ſtrong ſcented
Ráncorous, *a.* malignant, moſt ſpiteful
Ráncour, *ſ.* ſecret grudge, inveterate hatred
Rand, *ſ.* the ſeam of a ſhoe, *Du.*
Rándom, *a.* without aim, at a venture
Rang, *v.* did ring
Range, *v.* to ſet in order, ramble about, *F.*
Range, *ſ.* a row, a ramble, a kitchen grate, *F.*
Range, *ſ.* a foreſt officer
Rank, *a.* ſtrong, ſtinking, luxuriant, *S.*
Rank, *ſ.* a row or regular line of perſons or things, claſs, order
Rank, *v.* to arrange, to place in a row
Ránkle, *v.* to feſter
Ránkneſs, *ſ.* ſuperfluous growth, exuberance
Ránſack, *v.* to plunder, rifle, pillage
Ránſom, *ſ.* money paid to redeem a captive
Ranſom, *v.* to redeem
Rant, *ſ.* an extravagant flight

Rant, *v.* to out-act nature, to rave, roar
Ránter, *ſ.* one who rants
Rantipole, *ſ.* a wild, raving, talkative perſon
Ranúnculus, *ſ.* a flower, alſo called crow-foot, *F.*
Rap, *v.* to hit, or ſtrike, to put into an ecſtaſy
Rap, *ſ.* a quick ſmart blow
Rapácious, *a.* ravenous, greedy
Rapácity, *ſ.* ravenouſneſs, greedineſs
Rape, *ſ.* the raviſhing a woman, the carrying her away for that purpoſe, a plant
Rapid, *a* ſwift, quick, impetuous, *L.*
Rapidity, *ſ.* ſwiftneſs, *L.*
Rápidly, *ad.* with quick motion, ſwiftly
Rápier, *ſ.* a long ſword uſed only in thruſting, *F.*
Rápine, *ſ.* robbery, pillage, plunder
Rápture, *ſ.* ecſtaſy, tranſport, exceſs of joy
Rápturous, *a.* tranſporting, extatic
Rare, *a.* ſcarce, uncommon, excellent, thin, *L.*
Rárefy, *v.* to make thin, expand, *L.*
Ráreſhow, *ſ.* a ſhow in a box
Rarefaction, *ſ.* extenſion of the parts
Rárefy, *v.* to expand or make thin
Rárely, *ad.* ſeldom, finely
Rárity, *ſ.* ſcarce, uncommonneſs, thinneſs
Ráſcal, *ſ.* a rogue, villain, or ſorry fellow, *S.*
Ráſcally, *a.* worthleſs, mean
Raſh, *a.* overhaſty, without thought
Raſh, *ſ.* red ſpots upon the ſkin
Ráſher, *ſ* a thin ſlice of bacon
Ráſhly, *ad.* without thought, violently, haſtily
Ráſhneſs, *ſ.* fooliſh contempt of danger
Raſp, *ſ.* a kind of file for wood, &c.
Raſp, *v.* to cut with a raſp
Ráſpatory, *ſ.* a chirurgeon's raſp
Ráſpberry, *ſ.* a fruit
Ráſure, *ſ.* a ſcraping or blotting out, *L.*
Rat, *ſ.* a well known vermin, *F.*
Ratah'a, *ſ.* a cordial liquor
Ratán, *ſ.* a ſmall cane
Rate, *ſ.* price, value, aſſeſſment, tax
Rate, *v.* to value, aſſeſs, chide
Ráther, *ad.* more willingly, more properly
Ratification, *ſ.* a confirmation
Ratifi'er, *ſ.* one who ratifies
Rátify, *v.* to confirm, eſtabliſh
Rátio, *ſ.* reaſon, proportion, *L.*
Ratiocinátion, *ſ.* reaſoning, a rational debate, *L.*
Rátional, or Ratioráble, *a.* having reaſon, agreeable to reaſon
Rátionaliſt, *ſ.* one who acts and judges from reaſon
Rationálity, *ſ.* reaſonableneſs
Rátionally, *ad.* reaſonably
Ratſbáne, *ſ.* poiſon for rats
Rattle, *v.* to make a noiſe like a rattle, to talk faſt and little to the purpoſe, to ſcold
Rattle, *ſ.* a child's play-thing, empty talk, a talkative perſon
Rattleſnáke, *ſ.* a kind of ſerpent
Rattoon, *ſ.* a Weſt Indian fox
Rávage, *v.* to ſpoil, lay waſte, plunder
Rávage, *ſ.* waſte, ſpoil, havock
Rávager, *ſ.* a plunderer, ſpoiler
Rave, *v.* to talk when lightheaded, to ſcold, *F.*
Rável, *v.* to entangle
Rávelin, *ſ.* a halfmoon in fortification
Ráven, *ſ.* a well known bird
Rávenous, *a.* rapacious, greedy
Rávenouſneſs, *ſ.* furious, voracity
Rávin, *ſ.* rapine, prey, rapaciouſneſs
Rávingly, *ad.* with diſtraction, with frenzy

Rávish,

Ráviſh, *v.* to take by force to commit a rape, to tranſport with pleaſure
Ráviſher, *ſ.* one who raviſhes
Ráviſhment, *ſ.* a rape, rapture, extaſy, tranſport, *F.*
Raw, *a.* undreſſed, ſore, cold and moiſt
Ráwboned, *a.* a ſtrong bony man
Ráwhead, *ſ.* a word of terror to children
Ray, *ſ.* a beam of light, a fiſh, an herb
Ray, *v.* to mark with long lines, to ſtreak
Raze, *v.* to demoliſh, or lay even with the ground
Razor, *ſ.* an inſtrument for ſhaving
Réacceſs, *ſ.* readmittance, a viſit renewed
Reach, *v.* to extend to, to take hold of, to arrive at, to ſtrain, to vomit
Reach, *ſ.* extent, capacity, power
Réaction, *ſ.* the reciprocation of an impulſe, *L.*
Read, *v.* to peruſe
Réading, *ſ.* ſtudy in books, a lecture, variation of copies
Réadership, *ſ.* the office of reading prayers
Réadily, *ad.* eaſily, without delay, with ſpeed
Réadineſs, *ſ.* a facility, expediteneſs
Readmiſſion, *ſ.* an admitting again
Readmit, *v.* to admit or let in again
Réady, *a.* near, willing, prepared, prompt
Real, *a.* true, genuine, immoveable
Reálity, *ſ.* truth, verity, real exiſtence
Reálize, *v.* render a thing real
Réally, *ad.* truly, in truth, with actual exiſtence
Realm, *ſ.* a kingdom, *F.*
Ream, *ſ.* twenty quires of paper, *F.*
Reánnimate, *v.* to reſtore to life, revive, *L.*
Reannex, *v.* to annex again
Reap, *v.* to cut down corn, to enjoy
Réaper, *ſ.* one who reaps
Rear, *ſ.* the hinder part of an army
Rear, *v.* to ſet upon an end, to build or erect, to nouriſh or bring up
Reaſcénd, *v.* to aſcend again, *L.*
Réaſon, *v.* the diſtinguiſhing faculty of the ſoul, motive, cauſe, *F.*
Réaſon, *v.* to make uſe of that faculty
Réaſonable, *a.* agreeable to reaſon, endued with reaſon
Réaſonableneſs, *ſ.* faculty of reaſon, moderation
Réaſonably, *ad.* moderately, agreeable to reaſon
Réaſoner, *ſ.* one who argues or reaſons
Réaſoning, *ſ.* the act of reaſon, argument
Reaſſémble, *v.* to collect again, to meet again
Reaſſért, *v.* to affirm again
Reaſſúre, *v.* to free from fear, to renew a promiſe
Rebaptize, *v.* to baptize again
Rebaptizátion, *ſ.* a repetition of baptiſm
Rebáte, *v.* to blunt, *F.*
Rebécca, *ſ.* a woman's name
Rebel, *ſ.* one who rebels
Rebeck, *ſ.* a three-ſtringed fiddle
Rebel, *v.* to oppoſe lawful authority
Rebéllion, *ſ.* taking up arms againſt the ſupreme power
Rebéllious, *a.* apt to rebel, diſobedient
Rebound, *v.* to reverberate or ſpring back, *L.*
Rebóund, *ſ.* the act of flying back
Rebúff, *ſ.* a repulſe, a rough denial
Rebúild, *v.* to build up again
Rebúke, *v.* to reprove, or check for a fault
Rebúke, *ſ.* reprehenſion, reproof
Rébus, *ſ.* a kind of riddle
Recál *ſ.* a calling over again, a revocation

Recál, *v.* to call back, to revoke
Recánt, *v.* to retract, or unſay
Recantátion, *ſ.* the act of recanting or retracting
Recapitulate, *v.* to repeat again diſtinctly
Recapitulátion, *ſ.* the act of recapitulating
Recapitulatory, *a.* a repeating again
Recede, *v.* to depart from, to go back, retreat
Receipt, *ſ.* the act of receiving, acquittance for money, directions how to make any compoſition
Receivable, *a.* that may be received, *L.*
Receive, *v.* to take, ſuffer, to entertain, to admit, *F.*
Received, *part. a.* accepted, allowed generally
Receiver, *ſ.* a partaker with a thief, one who receives, a veſſel, &c.
Recélebrate, *v.* to celebrate again
Récency, *ſ.* newneſs, lateneſs
Récent, *a.* new, freſh, lately done
Récently, *ad.* lately
Recéptacle, *ſ.* a ſtorehouſe
Recéption, *ſ.* receiving, harbouring, entertainment
Recéptive, *a.* apt or fit to receive
Recéptory, *a.* generally admitted
Recéſs, *ſ.* retirement from buſineſs, *L.*
Recéſſion, *ſ.* the act of receding
Recipe, *ſ.* a phyſical receipt, *L.*
Recipient, *ſ.* a veſſel that receives what runs over in diſtilling, *L.*
Reciprocal, *a.* mutual, interchangeable, *L.*
Reciprocally, *ad.* interchangeably mutually
Reciprocation, *ſ.* an interchanging
Recíſion, *ſ.* the act of cutting off
Recital, *ſ.* repetition, rehearſal, enumeration, *L.*
Recitation, *ſ.* a recital
Recitative, or Recitativo, *ſ.* a muſical ſpeaking,
Recite, *v.* to relate, rehearſe, recount
Reckon, *v.* to number, compute, pay, eſteem
Réckoning, *ſ.* an account, computation
Reclaim, *v.* to demand back, reform
Recline, *v.* to bend or lean
Reclúſe, *ſ.* one ſhut up in a cloiſter
Reclúſe, *a.* retired, ſhut up
Recógniſance, *ſ.* a bond or obligation acknowledged in a court of record, or before a judge
Recogniſe, *v.* to acknowledge, to review, *L.*
Recogniſée, *ſ.* he to whom one is bound in a recogniſance
Recogniſor, *ſ.* one who enters into ſuch a bond
Recognition, *ſ.* an acknowledgement
Recoil, *v.* to fly or ruſh back, *L.*
Recoin, *v.* to coin over again
Recoinage, *ſ.* the act of coining over again
Recollect, *v.* to call to mind, recover a loſt thought
Recollection, *ſ.* a recalling back into the mind
Recommence, *v.* to begin again
Recommend, *v.* to commend to another, *L.*
Recommendable, *a.* worthy of recommendation
Recommendátion, *ſ.* the term made uſe of to recommend
Recommendatory, *a.* ſerving to recommend
Recommender, *ſ.* one who recommends
Recommit, *v.* to commit anew, to ſend back
Recompénſe, *ſ.* reward, amends, requital
Recompénſe, *v.* to requite or make amends, *L.*
Reconcile, *v.* to make friends, to unite parties

Reconcileable,

Reconcíleable, *a.* that may be reconciled, conſiſtent
Reconcileableneſs, *ſ.* diſpoſition to love, conſiſtence
Reconcílement, *ſ* reconciliation
Reconciler, *ſ.* one who reconciles
Reconciliation, *ſ.* renewal of friendſhip, agreement
Recondite, *a.* hidden, abſtruſe, *L.*
Recondúct, *v.* to conduct back again, *L.*
Reconnoitre, *v.* to obſerve, diſcover, take a view of, *F.*
Recónquer, *v.* to conquer again
Recónſecrate, *v.* to conſecrate anew
Reconvéne, *v.* to aſſemble anew
Reconvey, *v.* to convey back again
Record, *v.* to regiſter or enrol, to celebrate
Récord, *ſ.* an authentic memorial
Recórder, *ſ.* a lawyer aſſociated with the mayor, &c. of a corporation, a flute, *L.*
Recover, *v.* to reſtore to health, to grow well, to get again, *F.*
Recóverable, *a.* that may be recovered
Recóvery, *ſ.* a regaining, reſtoration from ſickneſs
Recoúnt, *v.* to relate, *F.*
Recoúrſe, *ſ.* acceſs, application for help
Récreant, *ſ.* a coward, an infidel, *F.*
Récreate, *v.* to divert, to delight, to refreſh, *L.*
Recreátion, *ſ.* paſtime, amuſement
Récreative, *a.* amuſing, diverting
Récrement, *ſ.* droſs, ſpume, refuſe, *L.*
Recreméntal, or **Recrementitious**, *a.* droſſy
Recriminate, *v.* to return an accuſation, *L.*
Recrimináticn, *ſ.* a charge againſt an accuſer
Recriminátor, *ſ.* one who recriminates
Recruit, *v.* to ſupply, repair
Recruit, *ſ.* a freſh ſupply, a new enliſted ſoldier

Rectángle, *ſ.* an angle formed by one right line falling perpendicularly upon another, *L.*
Rectángular, *a.* having one or more right lines
Rectifiable, *a.* capable of being rectified
Rectificátion, *ſ.* a making right, diſtilling a ſpirit over again
Rectify, *v.* to ſet to rights, to diſtil over again
Rectilinear, or **Rectilineous**, *a.* compoſed of right lines, *L.*
Rectitude, *ſ.* uprightneſs, juſtice, honeſty, *L.*
Réctor, *ſ.* a ruler, miniſter of a pariſh, *L.*
Réctorſhip, *ſ.* the office or rank of a rector, *L.*
Réctory, *ſ.* an unimpropriated pariſh
Recubátion, *ſ.* the act of lying or leaning
Recúmbency, *ſ.* the poſture of lying down
Recúmbent, *a.* lying, leaning
Recúr, *v.* to turn back, have recourſe to, *L.*
Recúſant, *ſ.* who refuſes the oath of allegiance, *L.*
Red, *a.* the colour of blood
Rédcoat, *ſ.* a ſoldier
Rédden, *v.* to make or grow red, to bluſh
Réddiſhneſs, *ſ.* a tendency to redneſs
Reddition, *ſ.* a giving again, or reſtoring
Réddítive, *a.* anſwering to an interrogative
Réddle, *ſ.* a ſort of mineral
Redeém, *v.* to ranſom, to take out of pawn
Redeémable, *a.* that may be redeemed
Redeémer, *ſ.* one who has paid a ranſom, the Saviour of the world
Redémption, *ſ.* ranſoming, or delivering
Rédgum, *ſ.* a diſorder to which infants are ſubject
Redhot, *a.* heated to redneſs
Redintegrate, *a.* reſolved, renewed
Redintegrátion, *ſ.* renovation.
Redlead, *ſ.* minium

Rédneſs,

Redneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being red
Rédolent, *a.* ſweet ſcented
Redoúble, *v.* to double again, to increaſe
Redoúbt, *ſ.* the outwork of a fortification
Redoúbtable, or redoútable, *a.* dreaded, formidable, *F.*
Redound, *v.* to conduce, accrue, reſult, *L.*
Redréſs, *v.* to rectify, ſet to rights, *F.*
Redréſs, *ſ.* reformation, relief, remedy
Rédſtreak, *ſ.* a ſort of apple and cyder
Redúce, *v.* to bring back, to reſtore, bring to poverty, *L.*
Redúcible, *a.* that may be reduced
Redúction, *ſ.* a reducing or bringing back, a rule in arithmetic
Redúctive, *a.* having the power to reduce
Redúndance, or Redundancy, *ſ.* ſuperfluity
Redúndant, *a.* ſuperfluous, ſuperabundant
Redúplicate, *v.* to double over and over
Re-echo, *v.* to echo back
Reed, *ſ.* a plant, a Jewiſh meaſure, an arrow
Re-édify, *v.* to rebuild
Reédy, *a.* abounding with reeds
Reek, *ſ.* ſmoak, ſteam, vapour
Reel, *ſ.* a frame on which yarn, &c. is wound, *S.*
Reel, *v.* to ſtagger, to wind on the reel
Re-election, *ſ.* a repeated election
Re-enact, *v.* to enact again
Re-enforce, *v.* to add ſtrength of men or ſhips
Re-enforcement, *ſ.* a freſh aſſiſtance, recruit
Re-énter, *v.* to enter again, *F.*
Re-enthróne, *v.* to replace on the throne
Re-éntrance, *ſ.* the act of entering again
Re-eſtábliſh, *v.* to eſtabliſh again, *L.*
Re-eſtábliſhment, *ſ.* re-eſtabliſhing
Reeve, *ſ.* a ſteward, a bailiff, *S.*

Re-exámine, *v.* to examine again
Refféctory, *ſ.* a place of refreſhment, *F.*
Refer, *v.* to direct to a paſſage, to leave to another's determination, to reduce, to have relation, *L.*
Referée, *ſ.* an arbitrator
Réference, *ſ.* arbitration, alluſion to
Retérrible, *a.* that may be conſidered by reference
Refine, *v.* to make fine, purify, *F.*
Refi'nement, *ſ.* improvement, the act of purifying
Refi'ner, *ſ.* one who refines, a purifier
Refi't, *v.* to fit up again, to repair
Reflect, *v.* to caſt back, think ſeriouſly upon, ſpeak ill of, *L.*
Reflection, *ſ.* a throwing back, ſerious conſideration, cenſure
Reflective, *a.* conſidering things paſt
Reflex, *a.* reflected
Reflexibility, *ſ.* a being reflexible
Reflexible, *a.* capable of being thrown back
Reflow, *v.* to flow back, *L.*
Reflúent, *a.* flowing back, *L.*
Reflux, *ſ.* flowing back, the ebb of tide
Reform, *v.* to new form or make better
Réformation, *ſ.* a making or becoming better, time of the firſt eſtabliſhment of the reformed religion
Reformer, *ſ.* one who makes a reformation
Refract, *v.* to break the courſe of rays, *L.*
Refracted, *a.* broken or beat back again
Refraction, *ſ.* the variation of a ray of light
Refractive, *a.* having the power of refraction, *L.*
Refractorineſs, *ſ.* ſullen obſtinacy
Refractory, *a.* unruly, ſtubborn, contumaceous

Refrain, *v.* to forbear, to keep from action
Refrangibility, *ſ.* the quality of being refrangible, *L.*
Refrángible, *a.* capable of being broken or refracted
Refréſh, *v.* to feed, cool, repair, recreate
Refréſhment, *ſ.* that which refreſhes, relief
Refrigerate, *v.* to cool, *L.*
Refrigeratory, *a.* having power to cool
Réfuge, *ſ.* a place of ſafety, ſhelter, protection, *L.*
Refugeé, *ſ.* a French proteſtant fled from perſecution, *F.*
Refúlgence, or Refulgency, *ſ.* ſplendor, brightneſs
Refulgent, *a.* ſhining, bright, glittering, *L.*
Refúnd, *v.* to repay or give back
Refúſal, *ſ.* a denial, right of choice
Réfuſe, *v.* to reject, not to accept
Réfuſe, *ſ.* remains of no value
Refuſer, *ſ.* one who refuſes
Refutátion, *ſ.* a confutation
Refúte, *v.* to diſprove convince of his error
Regain, *v.* to get again, *F.*
Régal, *a.* royal, kingly, *L.*
Regale, *v.* to treat, refreſh, entertain, *F.*
Regália, *ſ.* enſigns of royalty
Regárd, *v.* to look upon, to have reſpect to, to attend to, *F.*
Regárd, *ſ.* reſpect, attention, look
Regárder, *ſ.* one who regards
Regardleſs, *a.* thoughtleſs, unconcerned, negligent
Régency, *ſ.* the government, or governor of a kingdom, in the minority or abſence of a prince, *F.*
Regenerate, *v.* to beget again
Regénerate, *a.* born a ſecond time by grace
Regenerátion, *ſ.* new birth
Regent, *ſ.* one who governs a kingdom during the abſence or minority of the ſovereign
Regermination, *ſ.* a budding out again, *L.*
Régicide, *ſ.* the murderer of a king or queen
Régimen, *ſ.* a regulation in diet during illneſs
Régiment, *ſ.* a body of ſoldiers
Regimental, *a.* belonging to a regiment
Région, *ſ.* a country, tract of land or ſpace, *L.*
Régiſter, *ſ.* a book of records, an officer who keeps regiſters, *L.*
Régiſter, *v.* to place in a regiſter, to record
Régnant, *a.* reigning, predominant
Regráter, *ſ.* a foreſtaller, an engroſſer
Regréſs, *ſ.* a returning backward
Regréſſion, *ſ.* a returning backward
Regrét, *ſ.* unwillingneſs, reluctance, grief
Regrét, *ſ.* reluctance, vexation at ſomething paſt
Regret, *v.* to repent, grieve at
Régular, *a.* orderly, according to rule
Régular, *ſ.* one who obſerves a rule of life
Regularity, *ſ.* agreeableneſs to rules, ſtrict order, *F.*
Régularly, *ad.* methodically
Régulate, *v.* to ſet in order, govern, guide
Regulátion, *ſ.* the act of regulating, an order or rule
Regulátor, *ſ.* a perſon or thing that regulates
Régulus, *ſ.* the pureſt part of a mineral, *L.*
Rehéar, *v.* to hear over again
Rehéarſal, *ſ.* repetition, recital
Rehéarſe, *v.* to repeat, recite previouſly
Reject, *v.* to caſt off ſlight, refuſe
Reign, *v.* to rule, to prevail, *L.*
Reign, *ſ.* the time of a king's government
Reimbark, *v.* to embark again, *F.*
Reimbódy, *v.* to embody again, *F.*

Reimburſe, *v.* to pay back again
Reimburſement, *ſ.* a repayment or reparation
Reimpréſſion, *ſ.* a repeated impreſſion
Reins, *ſ.* part of a bridle
Rein, *v.* to conſtrain, controul, govern
Reinfórce, *v.* to add new force
Reinfórcement, *ſ.* a freſh ſupply
Reingáge, *v.* to engage again
Reins, *ſ.* the kidnies, the bottom of the back
Reinſért, *v.* to inſert a ſecond time
Reinſtal, *v.* to put in poſſeſſion again
Reinſtáte, *v.* to reſtore, re-eſtabliſh
Reinvéſt, *v.* to put again in poſſeſſion
Rejoice, *v.* to be filled with joy, to give joy
Rejoicer, *ſ.* one who rejoices
Rejoin, *v.* to join again, to reply, *F.*
Rejoinder, *ſ.* an anſwer or exception to a replication in the civil law, *F.*
Reiterate, *v.* to repeat, or do over again
Rejudge, *v.* to re-examine, try again
Rekindle, *v.* to ſet on fire again
Relápſe, *ſ.* a falling or ſliding back into a former ſickneſs or crime, *L.*
Relápſe, *v.* to ſlide back
Reláte, *v.* to tell, refer to
Reláter, *ſ.* a narrator, exciter, teller
Relátion, *ſ.* affinity, kindred, a narration
Rélative, *a.* relating to
Rélatively, *ad.* as it reſpects ſomething elſe
Relax, *v.* to ſlacken, yield or give way to
Relaxation, *ſ.* looſening, unbending the mind
Reláy, *ſ.* freſh hounds or horſes, *F.*
Relèáſe, *v.* to ſet at liberty, to free, or diſcharge
Releáſe, *ſ.* ſetting at liberty, acquittance
Relént *v.* to become mollified
Reléntleſs, *a.* unrelenting, unpitying
Rélevant, *a.* relieving
Reliance, *ſ.* confidence, dependance, truſt
Relicks, *ſ.* the remains of the bodies, cloaths, &c. of ſaints
Relict, *ſ.* a widow, *L.*
Reliéf, *ſ.* aſſiſtance, ſuccour, help
Relievable, *a.* capable of mitigation
Reliéve, *v.* to aſſiſt, change a guard, *L.*
Reliévo, *ſ.* figures raiſed above the plane on which they are formed, as medals, &c.
Relight, *v.* to light again
Religion, *ſ.* the worſhip of God, and the practice of any duty in obedience to his commands, *L.*
Religious, *a.* of, or belonging to religion, pious, devout, exact, ſtrict
Religious, *ſ.* a monk or nun
Religiouſly, *ad.* with ſtrict obſervance, reverently
Relinquiſh, *v.* to yield up, part with
Réliſh, *ſ.* taſte, delight in any thing
Réliſh, *v.* to ſeaſon, to like the taſte of
Relúcent, *a.* ſhining, tranſparent
Relúctance, or Relúctancy, *ſ.* unwillingneſs
Relúctant, *a.* unwilling, acting with repugnance
Relumine, *v.* to alight a new
Rely', *v.* to put truſt in
Remain, *v.* to continue, be left, *L.*
Remains, *ſ.* all that is left of a perſon or thing
Remainder, *ſ.* that which remains, balance
Remand, *v.* to command back
Remárk, *v.* to obſerve, note, point out
Remárk, *ſ.* token, notice, note, obſervation
Remárkable, *a.* worthy of obſervation
Remárkableneſs, *ſ.* worthineſs of obſervation
Remárkably, *ad.* obſervably
Remárker, *ſ.* one who obſerves, remarks
Remédiable, *a.* capable of being remedied

Remédileſs, *a.* not to be remedied
Rémedy, *ſ.* medicine, relief, cure, reparation
Rémedy, *v.* to cure, to prevent, to repair
Remémber, *v.* to call to mind, to keep in mind
Remémbrance, *ſ.* memory, memorial
Remémbrancer, *ſ.* one who puts in mind
Remind, *v.* to put in mind
Reminiſcence, *ſ.* the power of remembering, *L.*
Remiſs, *a.* negligent, ſlack, careleſs, *L.*
Remiſſible, *a.* admitting forgiveneſs
Remiſſion, *ſ.* pardon, forgiveneſs, abatement
Remiſsly, *ad.* negligently, careleſsly
Remiſſneſs, *ſ.* negligence, careleſſneſs
Remit, *v.* to abate, forgive, relax, ſend to
Remittance, *ſ.* a ſum ſent to a diſtant place
Remitter, *ſ.* one who remits
Rémnant, *ſ.* that which remains
Remónſtrance, *ſ.* an expoſtulatory declaration
Remonſtrate, *v.* to ſhew reaſons againſt
Remóra, *ſ.* a delay or hinderance, a fiſh
Remórſe, *ſ.* horror, ſting of conſcience, *L.*
Remórſeleſs, *a.* hardened, ſtubborn, obſtinate
Remóte, *a.* far diſtant
Remótely, *ad.* abſtractedly
Remóteneſs, *ſ.* diſtance
Remóveable, *a.* what may be removed
Remóval, *ſ.* the act of putting out of a place
Remóve, *v.* to put a perſon or thing out of the buſineſs or place it is in, to change lodgings, *L.*
Remóve, *ſ.* a change of buſineſs or place
Remóved, *part.* ſeperate from others
Remóunt, *v.* to mount again, *F.*
Remúnerate, *v.* to reward or recompence
Renárd, *ſ.* a fox
Renáſcent, *a.* ſpringing up again, *L.*
Rencoúnter, *ſ.* an accidental fray, ſudden combat, *L.*
Rencounter, *v.* to meet unexpectedly, to ſkirmiſh with
Rend, *v.* to tear aſunder, to lacerate
Réuder, *v.* to return, yield, or give up, to perform, to tranſlate, to melt ſuet, to reſtore
Rendezvous, *ſ.* the place of meeting agreed on
Rendition, *ſ.* the act of yielding, a ſurrendering
Renegáde, or Renegádo, *ſ.* a chriſtian turned Turk
Renew', *v.* to begin anew, revive, re-eſtabliſh, *L.*
Renew'able, *a.* that may be renewed
Renew'al, *ſ.* a renewing
Rénnet, *ſ.* a kind of apple, the maw of a calf
Rénovate, *v.* to renew, reſtore to the firſt ſtate
Renovátion, *ſ.* the act of renewing, a renewal
Renoúnce, *v.* to forſake, diſown, revoke at cards
Renow'n, *ſ.* fame, great reputation
Renow'ned, *a.* famed, eminent, famous
Rent, *ſ.* money paid for the uſe of a houſe, land, &c. a ſlit or piece torn in a garment, &c.
Rent, *v.* to lett, to hold by paying rent, to lacerate
Réntal, *ſ.* a liſt of rents paid by tenants
Renunciátion, *ſ.* a renouncing
Re-obtain, *v.* to obtain or get again
Re-ordain, *v.* to ordain again
Re-ordination, *ſ.* a being ordained again

Repaid,

Repaid, *v.* did repay
Repair, *v.* to mend, atone for, go to, *L.*
Repairs, *ſ.* amendments of what is injured by time, &c.
Repairable, *a.* that may be repaired
Reparation, *ſ.* act of repairing, amends
Reparteé, *ſ.* a witty, ſmart, and quick reply, *F.*
Repaſs, *v.* to paſs again, *F.*
Repáſt, *ſ.* a refreſhment, or meal, *F.*
Repáy, *v.* to pay back again, *F.*
Repay'ment, *ſ.* the money repaid
Repeál, *v.* to diſannul, to make void a law
Repeál, *ſ.* abrogation, revocation
Repeát, *v.* to ſay or do again
Repeátedly, *ad.* over and over
Repeáter, *ſ.* one who repeats, a watch which repeats the laſt hour
Repél, *v* to drive back, oppoſe, reſiſt, *L.*
Repéllents, *ſ.* medicines that diſperſe humours
Repent, *v.* to be ſincerely ſorry for, *L.*
Repéntance, *ſ.* a ſorrow for ſin, or any paſt action
Repéntant, *a.* ſorrowful for ſin
Repeóple, *v.* to ſtock with people anew
Repercúſſion, *ſ.* a rebounding back, *L.*
Repercúſſive, *a.* which ſtrikes or rebounds back
Repértory, *ſ.* a treaſury, magazine
Repetition, *ſ.* a ſaying or doing again
Repine, *v.* to grieve or grudge at
Replace, *v.* to put again in its place
Replánt, *v.* to plant again, *F.*
Replead, *v.* to plead again the ſame cauſe
Repléniſh, *v.* to fill again, *L.*
Repléte, *a.* full fraught, repleniſhed, abounding
Replétion, *ſ.* a being ſtuffed or filled, a ſurfeit
Repléviable, *a.* that may be replevied
Replévin, or Replévy, *v.* to releaſe goods diſtrained
Replicátion, *ſ.* a plaintiff's reply to the defendant's anſwer
Reply', *v.* to return for an anſwer
Reply', *ſ.* an anſwer to an anſwer
Repórt, *v.* to tell or relate
Repórt, *ſ.* a rumour, the repetition of a caſe, the noiſe of a gun, ſound
Repóſe, *v.* to reſt, ſleep, *F.*
Repóſe, *ſ.* reſt, ſleep, peace, quiet
Repóſite, *v.* to lay up in a place of ſafety
Repóſitory, *ſ.* a ſtorehouſe, receptacle
Repóſſeſs, *v.* to be in poſſeſſion again, *L.*
Reprehénd, *v.* to rebuke or reprove, *L.*
Reprehénſible, *a.* reproveable
Reprehénſion, *ſ.* reproof, reprimand
Repreſént, *v.* to exhibit, deſcribe, appear for another, *L.*
Repreſentátion, *ſ.* deſcription, a portraiture, figure, image
Repreſéntative, *ſ.* one in the place of another, a member of parliament
Repreſéntative, *a.* ſerving to repreſent
Repreſs, *v.* to ſubdue, put down, cruſh
Repréſſive, *a.* having power to repreſs
Repriéve, *v.* to reſpite from puniſhment
Repriéve, *ſ.* reſpite from execution
Reprimánd, *v.* to reprove with authority
Reprimánd, *ſ.* a check or reproof
Reprint, *v.* to print again
Repriſal, *ſ.* a ſeizing upon an equivalent, *F.*
Reproách, *v.* to upbraid
Reproách, *ſ.* cenſure, ſhame, diſgrace, *F.*
Reproáchable, *a.* blameable
Reproáchful, *a.* injurious, vile, ſcurrilous

Réprobate, *ſ.* an abandoned wretch
Réprobate, *a.* profane, wicked
Réprobate, *v.* to reject, or utterly caſt off, to abandon
Reprobátion, *ſ.* a rejecting, or utterly caſting off
Reproof, *ſ.* a check or rebuke, *F.*
Repróveable, *a.* deſerving reproof, blameable
Repróve, *v.* to blame, chide, rebuke
Réptile, *ſ.* any thing that crawls or creeps on its belly
Repúblican, *ſ.* one who prefers the government of a republic to that of a monarchy
Repúblican, *a.* placing government in the people
Repúblic, *ſ.* a commonwealth where many bear rule
Repúdiable, *a.* fit to be put away, or rejected
Repúdiate, *v.* to divorce, put away, *L.*
Repudiátion, *ſ.* a putting away
Repúgnance, or Repúgnancy, *ſ.* averſion, reluctance
Repúgnant, *a.* contrary to, that claſhes with
Repúlſe, *ſ.* a refuſal, denial
Repúlſe, *v.* to drive or beat back
Repúlſion, *ſ.* the act of repelling
Repúlſive, *a.* having power to beat back
Repurchaſe, *v.* to buy back again
Réputable, *a.* of good repute
Réputably, *ad.* with reputation
Reputation, *ſ.* credit, good report
Repúte, *ſ.* good opinion, reputation, character
Repute, *v.* to account, or look upon
Requéſt, *ſ.* a petition, entreaty
Requéſt, *v.* to intreat, to aſk
Réquiem, *ſ.* a maſs ſung for the ſoul of the dead
Require, *v.* to aſk with authority, make neceſſary
Requiſite, *ſ.* a thing proper or neceſſary
Réquiſite, *a.* convenient, fit, needful
Requital, *ſ.* a recompence
Requite, *v.* to recompence, make amends
Réremouſe, *ſ.* a bat
Réſalute, *v.* to ſalute again
Reſcind, *v.* to diſannul, *L.*
Reſcript, *ſ.* the edict of an emperor
Réſcue, *v.* to ſave from an oppreſſor
Réſcue, *ſ.* a deliverance from reſtraint, &c.
Reſéarch, *ſ.* a ſtrict ſcrutiny, diligent enquiry, *F.*
Reſéarch, *v.* to examine over again
Reſéizure, *ſ.* a repeated ſeizure
Reſémblance, *ſ.* likeneſs, ſimilitude
Reſémble, *v.* to favour or be like, to liken
Reſent, *v.* to be highly offended at
Reſéntment, *ſ.* a deep ſenſe of injury
Reſérvation, *ſ.* a reſerve, ſomething kept back, *L.*
Reſérvatory, *ſ.* a place where any thing is kept
Reſérve, *v.* to lay up for another uſe, *L.*
Reſérve, *ſ.* things kept in ſtore, limitation, decency
Reſérved, *a.* grave, wary, circumſpect, kept cloſe
Reſervoir, *ſ.* a conſervatory of water, *F.*
Reſéttle, *v.* to ſettle again
Reſéttled, *a.* ſettled or fixed again
Reſiant, *a.* reſident
Reſíde, *v.* to abide or continue, *L.*
Réſidence, *ſ.* place of abode
Réſident, *ſ.* a miniſter of ſtate, of leſs dignity than an ambaſſador, or envoy
Reſidéntiary, *ſ.* a canon reſiding at a cathedral

Reſi'dual, *ſ.* a reſidue, or remainder
Reſi'duary, *a.* intitled to the reſidue of an eſtate
Réſidue, *ſ.* the reſt, the remainder
Reſi'gn, *v.* to give up, ſurrender, ſubmit to
Reſignátion, *ſ.* a voluntary giving up
Reſi'gnment, *ſ.* the act of reſigning, ſubmiſſion
Réſin, or Roſin, *ſ.* a well known drug, *L.*
Réſinous, *a.* that yields reſin
Reſi'ſt, *v.* to withſtand, or oppoſe
Reſi'ſtance, *ſ.* the act of reſiſting
Reſi'ſtable, *a.* that may be reſiſted
Reſi'ſtleſs, *a.* irreſiſtable
Reſólvable, *a.* that may be diſſolved or anſwered
Reſólvable, *a.* that may be diſſolved, or melted
Reſólve, *ſ.* reſolution
Reſólve, *v.* to decide or explain, diſſolve
Reſólvedly, *ad.* with conſtancy and firmneſs
Reſólvent, *a.* having power to cauſe ſolution
Reſólver, *ſ.* one who reſolves
Reſolúte, *a.* fully bent, bold
Reſolúteneſs, *ſ.* determineteneſs
Reſolútion, *ſ.* boldneſs, courage, determination, diſſolving
Reſólutive, *a.* of a diſſolving quality
Reſónant, *a.* reſounding, *L.*
Reſórt, *v.* to repair to, to have recourſe
Reſórt, *ſ.* concourſe, movement, ſpring
Reſoúnd, *v.* echo, ſound forth
Reſoúrce, *ſ.* remedy, refuge, expedient, *F.*
Reſpéct, *ſ.* reverence, regard, in relation to, *F.*
Reſpéctable, *a.* worthy of reſpect
Reſpéctful, *a.* full of reſpect
Reſpéctive, *a.* particular, relative
Reſpéctively *ad.* particularly, relatively
Reſpirátion, *ſ.* the act of breathing, *L.*
Reſpire, *v.* to breathe
Réſpite, *ſ.* a forbearance, ſuſpenſion
Réſpite, *v.* to put off
Reſpléndence, or Reſpléndency, *ſ.* brightneſs, ſplendor, luſtre
Reſpléndent, *a.* bright, ſhining
Reſpóndent, *ſ.* an anſwer in a ſuit or debate
Reſpónſe, *ſ.* an alternate anſwer
Reſpónſible, *a.* anſwerable, accountable, able to pay
Reſpónſibleneſs, *ſ.* ability to perform
Reſpónſive, *a* correſpondent, anſwering
Reſpónſory, *a.* containing an anſwer
Reſt, *ſ.* ſleep, reſidue, final ſleep
Reſt, *v.* to repoſe, lean, rely upon, remain
Réſtiff, Reſtive, or Reſty, *a.* unwilling to ſtir, obſtinate, ſtubborn, unruly
Reſtitútion, *ſ.* a reſtoring or giving back again
Réſtleſs, *a.* unquiet, without peace, unſettled
Réſtleſſneſs, *ſ.* the want of reſt, quiet or ſleep
Reſtórable, *a.* that may be reſtored
Reſtorátion, *ſ.* a reſtoring to a former ſtate
Reſtórative, *a.* of a ſtrengthening nature
Reſtóre, *v.* to return, or give up again, to put again into a former ſtate or condition, to retrieve
Reſtrain, *v.* to abridge of liberty, to bridle, curb
Reſtraint, *ſ.* a curb, repreſſion, or confinement
Reſtríction, *ſ.* reſtraint, limitation, confinement
Reſtríctive, *a.* preventive, binding, ſtyptic
Reſtringe, *v.* to bind, to limit
Reſtringent, *a.* binding, making coſtive
Réſty. *See* Reſtiff
Reſúlt, *v.* to follow, accrue, or ariſe from

Reſúlt, *ſ.* concluſion, iſſue, upſhot
Reſúmeable, *a.* that may be taken back
Reſúme, *v.* to take up again, to purſue, continue
Reſúmption, *ſ.* a reſuming
Reſurrection, *ſ.* a riſing again from the dead
Reſuſci tation, *ſ.* a raiſing up again
Retail, *v.* to ſell in ſmall quantities
Retail, *ſ.* ſale by ſmall quantities
Retailer, *ſ.* one who retails
Retain, *v.* to keep, or hold faſt, fee, keep in pay
Retainer, *ſ.* a dependant
Retáliate, *v.* to return like for like
Retaliation, *ſ.* the act of returning like for like
Retárd, *v.* to hinder, ſtop, delay
Retch, *v.* to ſtretch one's ſelf, to ſtrain to vomit. *See* Reach
Reténtion, *ſ.* the act of retaining, memory
Reténtive, *a.* having the power of retaining
Reticular, *a.* in form of a net
Reticulated, *a.* made of or like network
Réinue, *ſ.* a train of attendants, *F.*
Retire, *v.* to withdraw, depart, retreat, *F.*
Retired, *a.* ſolitary, loanly, *F.*
Retirement, *ſ.* a retiring, ſolitude, privacy
Retórt, *v.* to throw back, recriminate, *L.*
Retórt, *ſ.* a chemical veſſel
Retouch, *v.* to improve with a graver or pencil
Retrace, *v.* to retrace back
Retrá, *v.* to draw back, recant, unſay, *L.*
Retractation, *ſ.* a recantation
Retráction, *ſ.* a withdrawing a queſtion, &c.
Retreát, *ſ.* a going back, a place of retirement
Retreát, *v.* to retire, *F.*
Retrénch, *v.* to cut off, abate, diminiſh
Retrénchment, *ſ.* a cutting off, or diminiſhing, *F.*
Retribútion, *ſ.* recompenſe, requital
Retributive, or Retributory, *a.* repaying
Retrievable, *a.* that may be retrieved
Retriéve, *v.* to recover, repair, get again
Retrocéſſion, *ſ.* the act of going back, *L.*
Retrográdation, *ſ.* a going backwards
Rétrograde, *a.* contrary, going backwards
Retrogréſſion, *ſ.* the act of going backwards
Retróſpect, *ſ.* a looking back on things paſt
Retroſpéction, *ſ.* a looking backwards
Retroſpéctive, *a.* looking backwards
Return, *v.* to come back, reſtore, repay, reply, requite, retort
Retúrn, *ſ.* a being come back, an anſwer, a requital, a remittance, a retort, a repayment
Returnable, *a.* allowed to be reported back
Reúben, *ſ.* a man's name
Reve, *ſ.* the bailiff of a corporation or manor
Reveál, *v.* to diſcover, *L.*
Rével, *v.* to carouſe
Révels, *ſ.* night-ſports, as dancing, maſking, &c.
Revelátion, *ſ.* a diſcovery
Réveller, *ſ.* one who feaſts with noiſy jollity
Révelry, *ſ.* feſtive mirth, looſe jollity
Revénge, *ſ.* a ſevere return of injury
Revéngeful, *a.* given to revenge
Revénger, *ſ.* one who puniſhes crimes, who revenges
Révenue, *ſ.* annual profits, income, *F.*
Revérberate, *v.* to ſtrike or beat back, *L.*
Reverberation, *ſ.* a ſtriking, or beating back
Reverberatory, *ſ.* a cloſe chemical furnace
Revére, *v.* to honour with awful reſpect
Réverence, *ſ.* awful reſpect, bow or curteſy

Réverence, *v.* to regard with awful reſpect
Réverend, *a.* worthy of reverence
Réverent, *a.* expreſſing veneration
Reverential, *a.* reſpectful, awful
Reverée, *ſ.* a being wrapt in thought
Revérſe, *v.* turn upſide down
Revérſe, *ſ.* the wrong ſide, change, viciſſitude, *L.*
Revérſible, *a.* that may be reverſed
Revérſion, *ſ.* a returning back again, ſucceſſion
Revérſionary, *a.* to be enjoyed in ſucceſſion
Revért, *v.* to return back, *L.*
Revértible, *a.* ſubject to reverſion
Reviéw, *ſ.* a ſurvey, re-examination, the appearance of troops under arms to be viewed, *F.*
Reviéw, *v.* to ſurvey, examine, view again
Revíle, *v.* to reproach, villify, abuſe, *L.*
Reviler, *ſ.* one who reviles
Revílingly, *ad.* in an opprobious manner
Reviſal, *ſ.* a looking over a ſecond time
Reviſe, *v.* to review, re-examine, *L.*
Reviſe, *ſ.* a ſecond proof of a ſheet corrected
Reviſer, *ſ.* a ſuperintendent, examiner
Reviſit, *v.* to viſit again
Revival, *a.* a recall from a ſtate of obſcurity
Revive, *v.* to bring to life, chear, refreſh, *L.*
Reviver, *ſ.* what invigorates or revives
Reúnion, *ſ.* being reunited
Reunite, *v.* to unite again, to reconcile
Revócable, *a.* that may be revoked
Revocátion, *ſ.* a revoking, or recalling
Revóke, *v.* to call back, diſannul, renounce at cards, *L.*
Revólt, *v.* to deſert
Revólt, *ſ.* deſertion, change of ſides
Revólted, *a.* ſwerved from duty
Revólter, *ſ.* a deſerter, one who changes ſides
Revólve, *v.* to roll round, conſider, *L.*
Revolútion, *ſ.* a rolling round, a change in government, or remarkable turn of affairs
Revúlſion, *ſ.* the turning of humours, *L.*
Reward, *v.* to recompenſe
Reward, *ſ.* a recompenſe, *S.*
Rewárdable, *a.* worthy of being recompenſed
Rewárder, *ſ.* one who rewards
Rhápſodiſt, *ſ.* one who writes rhapſodies
Rhápſody, *ſ.* a rapturous flight of imagination
Rhétoric, *ſ.* the art of ſpeaking eloquently
Rhetórical, *a.* belonging to rhetoric, *L.*
Rhetorically, *ad.* figuratively, like an orator
Rhetorician, *ſ.* one ſkilled in rhetoric
Rheum, *ſ.* a thin watery matter from the mouth
Rheumátic, *a.* troubled with the rheumatiſm
Rhéumatiſm, *ſ.* an acute wandering pain, *G.*
Rhinóceros, *ſ.* an animal
Rhúbarb, *ſ.* a purging root, *L.*
Rhyme, *ſ.* the uniformity of ſound at the end of lines, *G.*
Rhy'thmical, *a.* harmonial
Real, *ſ.* a Spaniſh coin of 7d. value
Rib, *ſ.* a ſide bone of the body, a ſide timber of a ſhip and boat
Ribbaldry, *ſ.* obſcene licentious talk
Ribbed, *a.* made with ribs
Ribbon, or Ribband, *ſ.* a fillet of ſilk
Rice, *ſ.* an Indian corn well known
Rich, *a.* wealthy, plentiful, fine, valuable, cloying, luxuriant
Richard, *ſ.* a man's name
Riches, *ſ.* wealth
Richly, *ad.* abundantly, plenteouſly, ſplendidly
Richneſs, *ſ.* opulence, ſplendour, fertility

Rick, *ſ.* a ſtack of hay, or corn
Rickets, *ſ.* a diſtemper of the joints of children
Rickety, *a.* troubled with the rickets
Rid, *v.* to gain ground, to free or diſengage, to clear, deſtroy
Riddance, *ſ.* deliverance from, diſpatch
Ridden, *part.* did ride
Riddle, *ſ.* a puzling queſtion, a kind of coarſe ſieve
Riddle, *v.* to ſift through a riddle
Ride, *v.* to travel on horſeback, or be carried
Rider, *ſ.* perſons who ride, an inſerted leaf
Ridge, *ſ.* the upper part of a ſlope
Ridgy, *a.* riſing in ridges
Ridicule, *ſ.* the act of repreſenting a thing in a ridiculous light
Ridicule, *v.* to banter or render ridiculous
Ridiculous, *a.* fit to be laughed at
Ridiculouſly, *ad.* in a contemptible manner
Ridiculouſneſs, *ſ.* a being ridiculous
Riding, *ſ.* a county, diviſion, or diſtrict
Ridingcoat, *ſ.* a coat for a defence againſt the weather
Riding hood, *ſ.* a woman's cloak to keep off the rain
Ridotto, *ſ.* an entertainment of vocal and inſtrumental muſic, dancing, &c.
Rife, *a.* common, frequent, epidemical
Rifeneſs, *ſ.* prevalance, abundance
Riffraff, *ſ.* the refuſe
Rifle, *v.* to rob, pillage, plunder
Rifler, *ſ.* a plunderer, pillager, robber
Riſt, *v.* to cleave, to ſplit, to belch
Rig, *v.* to fit out, to dreſs
Rigadoon, *ſ.* a French dance
Rigging, *ſ.* ſails and tackling of a ſhip
Riggle, *v.* to move backward and forward
Right, *a.* ſtreight, direct, juſt, true
Right, *ſ.* juſtice, equity, freedom from error, any juſt title or claim, *S.*
Right, *v.* relieve from wrong
Righteous, *a.* juſt, upright
Righteouſneſs, *ſ.* juſtice, virtue, honeſty
Rightful, *a.* lawful, honeſt, juſt
Righthand, *ſ.* not the left
Rigid, *a.* ſtrict, ſevere
Rigidity, *ſ.* ſtiffneſs
Rigidly, *ad* ſtifly, inflexibly, ſeverely
Rigour, *ſ.* ſtrictneſs, ſeverity
Rigorous, *a.* over harſh, ſevere
Rigorouſly, *ad.* without tenderneſs, ſeverely
Rill, *ſ.* a little brook
Rill, *v.* to run in ſmall ſtreams
Rim, *ſ.* the border or extremity
Rime, *ſ.* falling miſt, hoar froſt
Rind, *ſ.* the bark of trees, the ſkin of fruit
Rind, *v.* to huſk, bark
Ring, *ſ.* a number of bells, any circle, *Ger.*
Ring, *v.* to cauſe bells to ſound muſically, to make any hollow veſſel to ſound
Ringdove, *ſ.* a wood pigeon
Ringleader, *ſ.* the head of a faction, mob, &c.
Ringlet, *ſ.* a ſmall ring or curl
Ringſtreaked, *a.* circularly ſtreaked
Ringtail, *ſ.* a kind of kite
Ringworm, *ſ.* a circular letter
Rinſe, *v.* to waſh ſlightly, &c.
Riot, *ſ.* exceſs, debauchery, a tumult
Riot, *v.* to raiſe ſedition, to revel
Rioter, *ſ* one who makes a riot
Riotous, *a.* noiſy, tumultuous, given to luxury
Rip, *v.* to tear up, unſew, &c.
Ripe, *a.* mature
Ripen, *v.* to grow to maturity

Ripeneſs,

Ripeneſs, *ſ.* maturity, fitneſs, perfection
Ripple, *v.* to waſh gently over
Riſe, *v.* to ſpring up, grow dearer, encreaſe
Riſe, *ſ.* beginning, preferment, aſcent
Riſibility, *ſ.* a capacity for laughter, *L.*
Riſible, *a.* capable of laughing, *L.*
Riſk, *ſ.* hazard, venture, peril, *F.*
Riſk, *v.* to endanger, to put to chance, to hazard
Rite, *ſ.* a ceremony of the church
Ritual, *ſ.* a book of religious ceremonies
Rival, *ſ.* a competitor, *L.*
Rival, *v.* to ſtand in competition with another, to emulate, to endeavour to excel
Rivalry, *ſ.* emulation, competition
Rivalſhip, *ſ.* the ſtate and character of a rival
Rive, *v.* to ſplit in ſunder
River, *ſ.* a large ſtream of water
Rivet, *ſ.* a faſtening pin clenched
Rivet, *v.* to faſten with a rivet
Rivulet, *ſ.* a ſmall river, *L.*
Rixdóllar, *ſ.* a German coin worth 4*s.* 6*d.*
Roach, *ſ.* a freſh-water fiſh
Road, *ſ.* a high way to travel in, a place near the land, in which ſhips ride at anchor
Roam, *v.* to ramble and wander
Roan, *a.* bay, ſorrel or black ſpotted
Roar, *v.* to make a loud hoarſe noiſe
Roaſt, *v.* to dreſs meat before a fire, banter ſeverely
Rob, *ſ.* inſpiſſated juices of fruits
Rob, *v.* to plunder, take by force
Róbert, *ſ.* a man's name
Róbber, *ſ.* one who takes by force
Róbbery, *ſ.* forcibly taking money, &c.
Robe, *ſ.* a long gown, a dreſs of dignity
Robe, *v.* to inveſt, to dreſs pompouſly
Robúſt, *a.* ſtrong, muſculous, luſty, *L.*
Robúſtneſs, *ſ.* vigour, ſtrength

Rócambole, *ſ.* a ſort of garlic
Roche, *ſ.* a fiſh
Roche-alum, *ſ.* a mineral ſalt
Róchet, *ſ.* a biſhop's ſurplice, a mantle worn by peers
Rock, *ſ.* a hill of ſtone, a diſtaff held in the hand
Rock, *v.* to roll from ſide to ſide
Rócker, *ſ.* one who rocks the cradle
Rócket, *ſ.* an herb, an artificial firework
Róckwork, *ſ.* a building imitating rocks
Rócky, *a.* abounding in rocks
Rod, *ſ.* a bundle of birch twigs, a meaſure of 16 feet and a half
Rode, *v.* did ride
Rodomontáde, *ſ.* vain-glorious boaſting, bravado
Rodomontáde, *v.* to brag or boaſt
Roe, *ſ.* a kind of deer, the melt of fiſh
Rogátion, *ſ.* a ſupplication, litany
Roger, *ſ.* a man's name
Rogue, *ſ.* a knave, vagabond, wag
Róguery, *ſ.* knavery, villainy, waggiſh tricks
Róguiſh, *a.* knaviſh, waggiſh
Róiſter, *ſ.* a rude boiſterous fellow, a ſwaggerer
Roll, *v.* to make a round body move along on its axis, to run on wheels
Roll, *ſ.* a bundle of any thing rolled up, ſixty ſkins of parchment rolled together, public regiſter
Róller, *ſ.* any thing turning on its axis, a fillet, bandage, &c.
Róllingpin, *ſ.* a round piece of wood
Rómage, *ſ.* an active ſearch for things
Romance, *ſ.* a fabulous relation
Rómance, *v.* to romance, to talk beyond the truth

Romancer,

Románcer, *ſ.* a forger of tales
Romántic, *a.* wild, pictureſque
Rómiſh, *a.* popiſh
Romp, *v.* to play rudely
Romp, *ſ.* a rude girl
Rood, *ſ.* a meaſure of land containing 220 yards, an old word for croſs
Roof, *ſ.* the top of a houſe, the palate of the mouth, *S.*
Rook, *ſ.* a bird, a cheat, or ſharper, a man at cheſs
Rook, *v.* to bubble or cheat
Rookery, *ſ.* a nurſery of rooks
Room, *ſ.* an apartment, ſpace, occaſion
Roóminefs, *ſ.* the quantity of extent
Roómy, *a.* large, ſpacious, wide
Rooſt, *ſ.* a perch or reſting place for fowls
Rooſt, *v.* to lodge, to ſleep as a bird
Root, *ſ.* the loweſt part of all vegetables, the riſe or beginning of a thing
Root up, *v.* to deſtroy, extirpate
Roóted, *a.* fixed, deep
Rope, *ſ.* a thick cord, a row of things depending
Rope, *v.* to draw out in ſtrings
Ropedáncer, *ſ.* one who dances on a rope
Ropineſs, *ſ.* glutinouſneſs, viſcoſity
Rópemaker, *ſ.* one who makes ropes
Rópery, *ſ.* a place where ropes are made
Rópy, *a.* ſlimy, hanging in ſtrings
Roqueleau, *ſ.* a ſort of cloak for men
Rótátion, *ſ.* a falling of dew
Róſamond, *ſ.* a woman's name
Róſary, *ſ.* a form of prayers ſaid with the beads
Roſe, *ſ.* a well known flower, *L.*
Roſe, *ſ.* a woman's name
Roſe, *v.* did riſe
Roſeate, *a.* ſmelling of roſes
Róſemary, *ſ.* a fragrant plant
Roſenoble, *ſ.* an ancient coin of 16 ſhillings
Róſet, *ſ.* a red colour for painters
Róſin, *ſ.* inſpiſſate turpentine
Róſin, *v.* to rub with roſin
Róſtrated, *a.* adorned with beaks of ſhips
Róſtrum, *ſ.* a kind of pulpit, *L.*
Róſy, *a.* of, or belonging to a roſe
Rot, *v.* to putrify, periſh, or conſume away
Rot, *ſ.* a contagious diſeaſe among ſheep
Rotátion, *ſ.* a turning round, ſucceſſion, *L.*
Rote, *ſ.* without book
Rotten, *a.* corrupted, unſound
Róttenneſs, *ſ.* a being rotten, putrefaction
Rotúndity, *ſ.* roundneſs, *L.*
Rotúndo, *ſ.* a building round, *L.*
Rove, *v.* to wander about
Róver, *ſ.* a rambler, a pirate, an inconſtant man
Rouge, *ſ.* red colour rubbed dry on the cheeks
Rough, *a.* rugged, uneven, hairy, tempeſtuous
Roúghcaſt, *v.* to plaſter unevenly
Roughcaſt, *ſ.* a rude model
Róughdraught, *ſ.* the firſt rudiments of a draught
Roughhewn, *a.* not finiſhed, uncivil, unpoliſhed
Roúghly, *ad.* unevenly, boiſterouſly, rudely, harſhly
Roúghneſs, *ſ.* ſtormineſs, unevenneſs of the ſurface
Round, *a.* in form either of a cylinder or ball
Round, *ſ.* a ring or circle, a turn or tour about a diviſion
Round, *v.* to ſurround, to make circular
Roúndelay, *ſ.* a kind of antient poetry, *F.*
Roúndhouſe, *ſ.* the conſtable's priſon

Roúndiſh,

Roúndiſh, *a.* ſomewhat round
Roúndly, *ad.* in earneſt, in a plain manner
Roúndneſs, *ſ.* circularity, openneſs
Rouſe, *v.* to awake, to excite or ſpur on
Rouſſelét, *ſ.* an excellent kind of pear
Rout, *ſ.* a ſquabble or noiſe, a defeat, a large company of people of faſhion met for gaming, &c.
Rout, *v.* to turn up the ground, to defeat
Route, *ſ.* road
Row, *v.* to tug at the oar
Row, *ſ.* a number of things ranged in a line
Row'el, *ſ.* part of a ſpur, a ſeton
Row'er, *ſ.* one who rows a boat, galley, &c.
Roy'al, *a.* kingly, noble, grand, magnificent, *F.*
Roy'aliſt, *ſ.* one who adheres to a king, *F.*
Roy'ally, *ad.* in a royal manner
Roy'alty, *ſ.* royal dignity, *F.*
Rub, *v.* to ſcrub or wipe hard, to fret
Rub, *ſ.* a hard wipe, a banter, an obſtacle
Rúbber, *ſ.* a rubbing cloth, a whetſtone for a ſcythe
Rúbbiſh, *ſ.* the refuſe left in building, or whatever elſe is but of little value
Rúbicund, *a.* inclining to redneſs
Rúbric, *ſ.* a direction put into the common prayer book to ſhew the order in which it is to be read
Rúby, *ſ.* a precious ſtone, a blotch
Rúdátion, *ſ.* belching, *L.*
Rúdder *ſ.* the timber that guides a ſhip, *S.*
Rúddineſs, *ſ.* an inclining to redneſs
Rúddle, *ſ.* red earth
Rúddy, *a.* red, of a freſh colour
Rude, *a.* uncivil, unlucky, rough, unfiniſhed
Rúdely, *ad.* uncivilly, violently
Rúdeneſs, *ſ.* incivility, ſtorminеſs, violence
Rudeſby, *ſ.* a rude child
Rúdiments, *ſ.* grounds, elements, firſt principles
Rue, *v.* to be ſorry for, to regret
Rue, *ſ.* a garden bitter herb
Rúeful, *a.* ſad, diſmal, woeful
Ruff, *ſ.* an ornament, a fiſh
Rúffin, *ſ.* an aſſaſſin, or deſperate villain
Rúffle, *v.* to rumple, diſorder, ſew ruffles on a ſhirt
Rúffles, *ſ.* an ornament of cambric, diſturbance
Rug, *ſ.* a rough kind of woollen cloth
Rúgged, *a.* rough, uneven, ſevere, rude
Rúggedneſs, *ſ.* roughneſs
Rúgine, *ſ.* a ſurgeon's raſp
Rúin, *ſ.* deſtruction, *L.*
Rúin, *v.* deſtroy or lay waſte, demoliſh
Rúinous, *a.* in ruins, fatal, deſtructive
Rule, *ſ.* command, ſway, precept
Rule, *v.* to controul, manage, govern
Rúler, *ſ.* an inſtrument to rule lines, a governor
Rum, *ſ.* ſpirits diſtilled from ſugar
Rum, *a.* odd, queer, fantaſtical
Rúmble, *v.* to make a hoarſe low noiſe
Rúminant, *a.* chewing the cud
Ruminate, *v.* to chew the cud, to weigh in the mind
Rumináion, *ſ.* reflection, meditation
Rúmmage, *v.* to ſearch by removing
Rúmmer, *ſ.* a large glaſs cup
Rúmour, *ſ.* report, talk, common fame
Rump, *ſ.* the tail of a bird, the buttocks
Rumple, *v.* to creaſe
Run, *v.* to move ſwiftly, to trickle down, to flow along, pierce, melt, ſmuggle
Run, *ſ.* courſe, proceſs

Rúnagate, or Runaway, *ſ.* a fugitive
Rúndle, *ſ.* a round, a ſtep of a ladder
Rúndlet, *ſ.* a ſmall caſk
Rúnner, *ſ.* one who runs, a perſon who carries intelligence, the upper ſtone of a mill, &c.
Rúnnet. *See* Rennet
Runt, *ſ.* a Scotch or Welſh cow, a dwarf, a canary bird above three years old
Rupee, *ſ.* an East India coin worth 2s. 3d.
Rúpture, *ſ.* burſtenneſs, breach of friendſhip
Rúral, *a.* belonging to the country, *L.*
Rúralneſs, *ſ.* being rural
Ruſh, *ſ.* a plant that grows in water
Ruſh, *v.* to enter haſtily, to iſſue out with violence
Ruſh, *ſ.* violent courſe
Rúſhy, *a.* abounding with ruſhes
Ruſk, *ſ.* a ſort of ſpongy biſcuit
Ruſſet, *ſ.* a dark brown colour
Rúſſet, and Rúſſeting, *ſ.* a ſort of apples and pears
Ruſt, *ſ.* a cruſt that grows upon iron, &c. and other metals
Ruſt, *v.* to make ruſty, to gather ruſt
Rúſtical, *a.* unpolite, rude, boiſterous
Rúſticate, *v.* to render ruſtic
Ruſticity, *ſ.* rudeneſs, ſimplicity, rural appearance
Rúſtic, *ſ.* a country clown, country fellow
Rúſtic, *a.* plain, ſimple, homebred
Rúſtineſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ruſty
Rúſtle, *v.* to make a noiſe like that of ruſhing among the boughs of trees, or of new ſilk
Rúſty, *a.* covered with ruſt, ſtrong and yellow like ruſt, as in bacon, much worn, as in clothes
Rut, *v.* to deſire to copulate
Rut, *ſ.* track of a wheel, the copulation of deer
Ruth, *ſ.* a woman's name
Rúthful, *a.* rueful, ſorrowful, woeful
Rúthfully, *ad.* ſorrowfully, woefully
Rúthleſs, *a.* pitileſs, unrelenting, cruel
Rúthleſſneſs, *ſ.* want of pity
Ruttiſh, *a.* lecherous, luſtful, wanton
Rye, *ſ.* a kind of corn

S

S. In muſic books, ſtands for ſolo, and when pointed thus :S: ſignifies that ſo much of the ſtrain is to be repeated
S. among phyſicians, ſignifies *ſemis*, or half what went before
S. ſtands for ſouth, as S. E. for ſouth-eaſt
S. S. S. is uſed for *ſtratum ſuper ſtratum*, or ſtratum upon ſtratum
S. T. P. *ſanctæ theologiæ profeſſor*, or profeſſor of divinity
Sabbath, *ſ.* time of reſt, Sunday, day of worſhip
Sabbátical, *a.* belonging to the ſabbath
Sable, *ſ.* a beaſt not unlike a pole cat
Sáble, *a.* black
Sábre, *ſ.* a Turkiſh ſword, thick on the back, and turned up towards the point
Sábulous, *a.* ſandy, gritty
Sáccharine, *a.* having the qualities of ſugar
Sacerdótal, *a.* belonging to a prieſt, or prieſtly, *L.*
Sáchel, *ſ* a ſmall leathern bag
Sack, *ſ.* Canary wine, a gown worn by ladies, a bag holding three buſhels
Sack, *v.* to pillage, plunder, burn or deſtroy a town

Sáckbut,

Sáckbut, *ſ.* a wind inſtrument
Sackcloth, *ſ.* a cloth of which ſacks are made
Sacking, *ſ.* a ſtrong hempen ſtuff for beds, plundering, laying waſte
Sácrament, *ſ.* a ſacred myſtery of religion
Sacramental, *a.* of or belonging to a ſacrament
Sácred, *a.* holy, divine, inviolable, *L.*
Sácredneſs, *ſ.* ſanctity, holineſs
Sácrifice, *v.* to give up, deſtroy, emulate
Sácrifice, *ſ.* an offering made to God, any thing deſtroyed
Sacrificer, *ſ.* one who ſacrifices
Sácrilege, *ſ.* robbing a holy place, *L.*
Sacrilégious, *a.* guilty of ſacrilege
Sacrilegiouſly, *ad.* with ſacrilege
Sácriſt, or Sácriſtan, *ſ.* a veſtry keeper, *L.*
Sácriſtry, *ſ.* the veſtry room of a church
Sad, *a.* melancholy, ſorrowful, dark, dull
Sádden, *v.* to make ſad
Sáddle, *ſ.* a ſeat to fit the back of a horſe
Sáddle, *v.* to put on a ſaddle, to load
Sádler, *ſ.* a maker of ſaddles
Sádly, *ad.* miſerably, ſorrowfully
Sadneſs, *ſ.* a dejection of mind
Safe, *a.* out of danger, truſty, ſecure, *F.*
Safe, *ſ.* a cupboard with air holes
Safecónduct, *ſ.* a paſſport, convoy
Sáfeguard, *ſ.* convoy, protection
Sáfely, *ad.* without danger
Sáfety, *ſ.* ſecurity
Sáffron, *ſ.* the middle part or the flower of a plant
Sagácious, *a.* ſubtle, acute, ſhrewd
Sagáciouſneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being ſagacious
Sagácity, *ſ.* wiſdom
Sage, *ſ.* a wiſe man, a plant well-known
Sage, *a.* prudent, wiſe, diſcreet
Ságo, *ſ.* the pith of a tree in the Eaſt Indies
Sáick, *ſ.* a Turkiſh trading veſſel
Said, *a.* aforeſaid
Said, *v.* did ſay
Sail, *v.* to move by the help of ſails
Sail, *ſ.* a canvas ſheet, a ſhip
Sáilor, *ſ.* a mariner
Sailyárd, *ſ.* a pole to extend a ſail
Sáinfoin, *ſ.* a ſort of graſs
Saint, *a.* holy, eminent for piety
Saint, *v.* to canonize
Sáintlike, *a.* reſembling a ſaint
Sáintſhip, *ſ.* the character of a ſaint
Sake, *ſ.* account, conſideration, regard
Sáker, *ſ.* a kind of hawk, a great gun
Salácious, *a.* libidinous, lecherous
Salacity, *ſ.* luſt, wantonneſs
Sálad, *ſ.* a diſh of raw herbs, *F.*
Salamánder, *ſ.* a kind of lizard
Salamándrine, *a.* of a fiery hot temper
Sálary, *ſ.* a ſtipend or allowance of wages, *L.*
Sale, *ſ.* a ſelling
Sáleable, *a.* fit to be ſold
Sáleableneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſaleable
Saleſman, *ſ.* one who ſells clothes ready made
Sálient, *a.* leaping, ſpringing quick
Saline, *a.* ſalt, briniſh
Sálique Law, *ſ.* excluding females from the crown
Sálva, *ſ.* ſpittle, *L.*
Sálival, *a.* relating to ſpittle
Sálivate, *v.* to flux, or cauſe a ſpitting
Sallet. *See* Sallad
Saliváton, *ſ.* a purging by ſpitting
Sallow, *ſ.* the willow tree
Sallow, *a.* yellow paleneſs
Sállowneſs, *ſ.* a ſickly paleneſs

Sálly, *ſ.* an iſſuing out, a frolic, abbreviation of Sarah
Sálly, *v.* to ruſh out, to make an eruption
Salmongundy, *ſ.* an Italian diſh
Sálmon, *ſ.* a fine freſh-water fiſh
Sálmontrout, *ſ.* young ſalmon
Saloón, *ſ.* a ſtate room
Salt, *ſ.* a well known ſeaſoning, wit, *L.*
Salt, *a.* having the taſte of ſalt
Salt, *v.* to ſeaſon with ſalt
Saltant, *a.* dancing, jumping
Saltſéller, *ſ.* an utenſil to hold ſalt at table
Sálter, *ſ.* a dealer in ſalt, ſalt fiſh, &c.
Sáltier, *ſ.* in form of a St. Andrew's croſs
Sáltiſh, *a.* ſomewhat ſalt
Sáltleſs, *a.* without ſalt, inſipid
Sáltneſs, *ſ.* the taſte of ſalt
Saltpétre, *ſ.* nitre, a kind of mineral ſalt, *L.*
Sálvable, *a.* that may be ſaved
Sálvage, *ſ.* a recompence for ſaving goods out of a wreck, *L.*
Salvátion, *ſ.* preſervation from danger or miſery
Salvátory, *ſ.* a ſurgeon's box
Salúbrious, *a.* healthful, *L.*
Salúbrity, *ſ.* healthfulneſs, *L.*
Sálve, *ſ.* a compoſition for plaiſters, *L.*
Sálve, *v.* to heal differences, to reſolve a difficulty
Sálver, *ſ.* a plate with a foot
Sálvo, *ſ.* an exception, a come off
Sálutary, *a.* wholeſome, healthful, *L.*
Salutátion, *ſ.* a ſaluting in a reſpectful manner, *L.*
Salúte, *v.* to pay reſpects to, to kiſs
Salúte, *ſ.* a kiſs, ſalutation
Salutíferous, *a.* yielding health
Same, *a.* not different, not another
Sameneſs, *ſ.* identity, not different
Sámphire, *ſ.* a plant that grows on rocks
Sámple, *ſ.* a pattern, ſpecimen
Sámpler, *ſ.* a piece of canvaſs, on which girls learn to mark letters, &c.
Sampſon, *ſ.* a man's name
Sánable, *a.* curable, *L.*
Sanative, *a.* of a healing quality
Sanctification, *ſ.* a making holy, *L.*
Sanctifier, *ſ.* who makes holy, the Holy Ghoſt
Sanctify', *v.* to make holy
Sánctimony, *ſ.* a ſcrupulous auſterity, holineſs
Sánction, *ſ.* licence, authority, a decree
Sánctity, *ſ.* holineſs, godlineſs
Sánctuary, *ſ.* a place of retreat and ſafety, an aſylum
Sand, *ſ.* gravelly earth
Sándal, *ſ.* a kind of ſlipper open at the top
Sándarack, *ſ.* the beſt red arſenic
Sánders, *ſ.* an Indian wood
Sándever, *ſ.* the ſcum that riſes in making glaſs, *F.*
Sandſtone, *ſ.* a looſe crumbling ſtone
Sándy, *a.* gretty, covered with ſand, red haired
Sáne, *a.* health, ſound in body and mind
Sang, *v.* did ſing
Sanguiferous, *a.* conveying blood
Sánguinary, *a.* cruel, blood thirſty
Sánguine, *a.* warm, ardent, confident
Sánguinous, *a.* abounding with blood
Sánhedrim, *ſ.* the ſupreme court of juſtice among the Jews
Sánies, *ſ.* a thin ſerous matter, *L.*
Sánious, *a.* running with thin matter
Sánity, *ſ.* ſoundneſs of mind and memory
Sank, *v.* did ſink
Sap, *ſ.* the juice of trees, herbs, &c.

Sap, *v.* to proceed invisibly, subvert, undermine
Sápphire, *ſ.* a blue tranſparent precious ſtone
Sápid, *a.* of an high reliſh
Sápience, *ſ.* wiſdom, *L.*
Sápient, *a.* ſage, wiſe
Sápleſs, *a.* without ſap, *B.*
Sapling, *ſ.* a young tree
Saponoceous, *a.* ſoapy, reſembling ſoap
Saporific, *a.* producing taſte,
Sáppineſs, *ſ.* ſucculence, fillyneſs, ſimpleneſs
Sápping, *a.* an undermining
Sáppy, *a.* weak, young, juicy, ſimple
Sáraband, *ſ.* a kind of dance, *F.*
Sárah, *ſ.* a woman's name
Sarcaſm, *ſ.* a ſevere and biting jeſt
Sarcáſtical, or Sarcaſtic, *a.* ſatyrical biting
Sark, *ſ.* a ſhirt
Sárcenet, *ſ.* a thin ſilk, *I.*
Sarſaparélla, *ſ.* an American plant, much uſed in phyſic
Sardónyx, *ſ.* a precious ſtone of a pale red
Sarſe, *ſ.* a fine lawn ſieve
Saſh, *ſ.* a kind of girdle, a window
Sáſſafras *ſ.* a root of a tree, uſed in phyſic
Sat, *v.* did ſit
Sátan, *ſ.* an adverſary, the devil
Satánical, or Satánic, *a.* infernal
Sated, *a.* cloyed
Satéllite, *ſ.* a ſmall planet about a larger
Sátiate, *v.* to ſatisfy, glut, cloy, pall
Sátiate, *a.* quite full, glutted
Sátiety, *ſ.* a being cloyed, *L.*
Sátin, *ſ.* a ſhining cloſe ſoft ſilk
Satinét, *ſ.* a thin ſort of ſatin
Sátire, *ſ.* a poem cenſuring folly, vice, &c.
Satirical, or Satíric, *a.* ſevere, biting, ſharp
Sátiriſt, *ſ.* one who writes ſatires
Sátirize, *v.* to cenſure as in a ſatire
Satisfáction, *ſ.* a being ſatisfied, atonement
Satisfáctory, *a.* ſufficient to give ſatisfaction
Sátisfy, *v.* to pleaſe or content, to convince
Sáturate, *v.* to ſate, to impregnate to the full
Sáturday, *ſ.* the ſeventh day of the week
Satúrity, *ſ.* repletion, fulneſs
Sáturn, *ſ.* one of the heathen gods
Saturnine, *a.* ſevere of temper, melancholy, grave
Satyr, *ſ.* a ſylvan deity, *G.*
Sávage, *a.* rude, uncivilized, unpoliſhed
Sávage, *ſ.* a man wild and untamed
Sávageneſs, *ſ.* wildneſs, cruelty
Savánna, *ſ.* an open paſture ground
Sauce, *ſ.* ſomething to improve the taſte of food
Saúcebox, *ſ.* an impertinent perſon
Saúcer, *ſ.* a ſmall plate
Saúcepan, *ſ.* an utenſil for boiling
Saúcily, *ad.* impudently, impertinently
Saúcineſs, *ſ.* impertinence, impudence
Saúcy, *a.* pert, inſolent to ſuperiors
Save, *v.* to deliver, to keep, to ſpare
Save, *ad.* except
Sáveall, *ſ.* an utenſil to ſave the ends of candles
Sáver, *ſ.* a gatherer, a preſerver, not a loſer
Sávine, *ſ.* a ſhrub
Sáving, *a.* preſerving, thrifty,
Sáving, *ad.* with exception, in favour of
Sáving, *ſ.* exception, ſparing of expence
Sávingneſs, *ſ.* frugality, parſimony
Sáviour, *ſ.* one who ſaves or delivers, the Redeemer
Saul, *ſ.* a man's name
Saúnter, *v.* to loiter about
Sávory, *ſ.* a potherb

Sávour, *ſ.* taſte or reliſh, ſmell
Sávour, *v.* to taſte or have a taſte, to be like, or have ſomething of
Sávory, *a.* well ſeaſoned, of a good reliſh
Sávoy, *ſ.* a ſort of cabbage firſt brought from Savoy
Sáuſage, *ſ.* a kind of pudding made of pork, ſpices, &c.
Saw, *ſ.* an inſtrument for cutting boards, &c. a proverb or old ſaying
Saw, *v.* to cut with a ſaw
Sawpit, *ſ.* a place where wood is ſawed
Sáwyer, *ſ.* one who ſaws timber
Saxifrage, *ſ.* a plant
Say, *v.* to tell, relate, ſpeak
Says, *ſ.* a thin ſort of ſtuff, *F.*
Sáying, *ſ.* an opinion delivered, an expreſſion
Scab, *ſ.* the dry ſcurf of a ſore, *L.*
Sc'abbard, *ſ.* the ſheath of a ſword
Scábbed, *a.* having many ſcabs
Scábbedneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſcabbed
Scábbineſs, *ſ.* the quality of being ſcabbed
Scábrous, *a.* rough, rugged, *L.*
Scábby, *a.* diſeaſed with itch, mange or ſcabs
Scáffold, *ſ.* a raiſed floor or ſtage
Scáffolding, *ſ.* poles, boards, &c. erected for the convenience of building
Scaláde, *ſ.* a furious attack upon a wall, &c. with ſcaling ladders
Scald, *v.* to burn with a hot fluid
Scale, *ſ.* part of the covering of a fiſh, &c. the gammut line for meaſuring diſtances on a map
Scale, *v.* to mount with ladders, to ſcrape the ſcales from fiſh
Scáled, *a.* having ſcales like fiſh
Scales, *ſ.* a balance
Scálineſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſcaly
Scállion, *ſ.* a kind of ſmall onion
Scállop. *See* Scollop
Scalp, *ſ.* the ſkin that covers the ſkull
Scalp, *v.* to cut or pull off the hairy part of the ſcalp, like the Americans
Scalper, *ſ.* a ſurgeon's inſtrument for ſcraping the bones
Scály, *a.* covered with ſcales
Scamble. *See* Scramble
Scámmony, *ſ.* a reſinous drug
Scámper, *v.* to run away in a hurry, *F.*
Scan, *v.* to canvaſs, or examine, *L.*
Scándal, *ſ.* defamation, ignominy, diſgrace, a ſtumbling block or offence, *G.*
Scándalize, *v.* to defame, to give offence
Scándalous, *a.* infamous, that gives public offence
Scant, *a.* leſs than is requiſite, ſcarce, rare
Scántingly, *ad.* niggardly, narrowly, ſparingly
Scántineſs, *ſ.* wanting of ſomething, narrowneſs
Scántlet, *ſ.* a ſmall quantity
Scántling, *ſ.* a ſize or meaſure, a little piece
Scánty, *a.* too narrow, not full enough
Scape. *See* eſcape
Scápula, *ſ.* the ſhoulder blade
Scar, *ſ.* the ſeam or mark of a wound
Scar, *v.* to mark with a ſcar
Scaramoúch, *ſ.* a buffoon
Scarce, *a.* rare, not plentiful
Scarce and Scárcely, *ad.* hardly
Scárcity, *ſ.* the oppoſite to plenty
Scare, *v.* to affright
Scárecrow, *ſ.* a figure made to fright birds, &c.
Scarfe, *ſ.* an ornament of ſilk worn by women
Scarificátion, *ſ.* a lancing or cutting
Scarificátor, *ſ.* an inſtrument uſed in ſcarifying

Scárify, *v.* to lance or cut, *L.*
Scárlet, *ſ.* a bright red
Scarp, *ſ.* in fortification, the ſlope of a ditch
Scate, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh, an iron to ſlide with
Scate, *v.* to ſlide with ſcates
Scátter, *v.* to diſperſe, or ſpread abroad
Scátteringly, *ad.* looſely, diſperſedly
Scávenger, *ſ.* a pariſh officer for cleaning the ſtreets
Scénery, *ſ.* the ſcenes in a play, imagery
Scene, *ſ.* the place of action, part of a play
Scénic, *a.* dramatic, theatrical
Scenógraphy, *ſ.* the repreſentation of a building, *G.*
Scent, *ſ.* odour
Scent, *v.* to give a ſcent to, to ſmell
Sceptical, *a.* doubting of every thing
Scéptic, *ſ.* one who doubts of every thing
Scéptre, *ſ.* a royal enſign held in the hand
Scéptred, *a.* marked with a ſceptre
Schédule, *ſ.* an appendix to a will, or other writing
Scheme, *v.* to plan, model, project, or deſign
Schémer, *ſ.* a projector or contriver
Schiſm, *ſ.* a rent, or diviſion in the church
Schiſmátical, *a.* guilty of ſchiſm
Schiſmatic, *ſ.* one guilty of ſchiſm
Scholar, *ſ.* a man of learning, a diſciple
Schólarſhip, *ſ.* erudition, or learning
Scholáſtical, or Scholaſtic, *a.* after the manner of ſcholars
Schóliaſt, *ſ.* a commentator, *G.*
Schólium, *ſ.* an explanatory note
Shool, *ſ.* a place where any thing is taught
Schoólman, *ſ.* one verſed in ſchool divinity
Schoólmaſter, *ſ.* one who teaches in a ſchool
Schoólmiſtreſs, *ſ.* ſhe who teaches in a ſchool
Sciathéric, *a.* belonging to a ſun-dial
Sciagraphy, *ſ.* a platform, or the firſt rude draught of a thing, dialing, *G.*
Sciática, *ſ.* the hip gout
Sciátical, *a.* troubled with a ſciatica
Science, *ſ.* knowledge, erudition
Scientific, *a.* cauſing or promoting knowledge
Scientifically, *ad.* ſo as to produce knowledge
Scintillate, *v.* to emit ſparks
Scintillátion, *ſ.* the act of ſparkling
Scion, *ſ.* a graft or young ſhoot of a tree
Scire facias, *ſ.* a writ in law
Sciſſors, *ſ.* a ſmall pair of ſhears
Sciſſure, *ſ.* a cut, clift, rent, *L.*
Scotch, *v.* to ſtop a wheel by putting ſomething under it
Scoff, *ſ.* an expreſſion of ſcorn
Scóffer, *ſ.* one who derides another
Scóffingly, *ad.* in ridicule or contempt
Scold, *v.* to chide, to brawl at
Scold, *ſ.* a quarrelſome, noiſey, abuſive perſon
Scóllop, *v.* a ſhell-fiſh, a kind of indenting
Scollop, *v.* to broil oyſters, indent the edge
Sconce, *ſ.* a branched candleſtic, a ſmall fort
Sconce, *v.* to mullet fine
Scoop, *ſ.* a deep wooden ſhovel to throw out water, an utenſil for ſcooping apples, &c.
Scoop, *v.* to lade out, to cut hollow
Scope, *ſ.* deſign, end, purpoſe, intention
Scorbútic, *a.* troubled with the ſcurvy
Scorch, *v.* to dry or parch with heat
Scórdium, *ſ.* a medicine, a plant
Score, *ſ.* twenty, a tally, a reckoning, account or conſideration
Score, *v.* to mark, ſet down
Scória, *ſ.* the droſs of metal, *L.*
Scorn, *ſ.* contempt
Scorn, *v.* to contemn or deſpiſe

Scorner,

Scórner, *ſ.* a ſcoffer, ridiculer, deſpiſer
Scórnful, *a.* contemptuous, diſdainful
Scúrpion, *ſ.* a venomous creature, a ſea fiſh
Scot, *ſ.* a part or portion, a Scotchman
Scotch, *a.* of or belonging to Scotland
Scoundrel, *ſ.* a baſe fellow
Scour, *v.* to rub clean, to purge by ſtool, to run or ſcamper
Scourer *ſ.* one who cleans cloaths
Scourge, *ſ.* a whip
Scourge, *v.* to chaſtiſe, whip, laſh
Scout, *ſ.* one ſent to bring news of an army
Scout, *v.* to hide one's ſelf
Scowl, *v.* to frown
Scowl, *ſ.* a gloomy look
Scrag, *ſ.* the part of the neck next the head
Scragged, *a.* lean, rough
Scraggy, *a.* lean, boney, rugged
Scrámble, *v.* to catch at, clamber
Scrámble, *ſ.* an eager conteſt for any thing
Scranch, *v.* to make a noiſe by grinding the teeth
Scrap, *ſ.* a fragment, a little piece
Scrape, *v.* to pare, eraſe, rake
Scrape, *ſ.* diſtreſs, perplexity, difficulty
Scráper, *ſ.* an iron to ſcrape the ſhoes, a bad fiddler
Scratch, *v.* to claw with the nails or pins, write badly
Scratch, *ſ.* a ſlight wound
Scrawl, *v.* to write in a careleſs manner
Scream, *v.* to cry out, as in terror or agony
Scream, *ſ.* a ſhril, quick, loud cry
Screech, *ſ.* a harſh horrid cry
Screen, *ſ.* to ſift through, ſhelter, protect, defend
Screw, *ſ.* mechanical power
Screw, *v.* to faſten with a ſcrew, to preſs, to extort
Scribble, *v.* to write in a careleſs manner
Scribbler, *ſ.* a paltry author
Scribe, *ſ.* an expounder of the Jewiſh law, a writer, *L.*
Scrip, *ſ.* a budget or bag
Scriptural, *a.* contained in the Bible, *L.*
Scriptures, *ſ.* the writings of the Old and New Teſtament
Scrivener, *ſ.* one who engroſſes writings
Scrófulous, *a.* belonging to the king's evil
Scroll, *ſ.* a ſlip or roll of parchment
Scrub, *ſ.* a broom worn out, a mean fellow
Scrub, *v.* to rub hard
Scrúbby, *a.* ſorry, vile, worthleſs, mean
Scrúple, *ſ.* a doubt of conſcience, twenty grains, *L.*
Scruple, *v.* to doubt
Scrúpulous, *a.* dubious, of a tender conſcience, careful
Scrupulóſity, *ſ.* a being ſcrupulous
Scrútable, *a.* that may be examined into, *L.*
Scrutátor, *ſ.* a ſcrutineer, an examiner
Scrútiny, *ſ.* a diligent enquiry, examination
Scrutineer, *ſ.* a ſearcher, enquirer, examiner
Scrutinize, *v.* to examine, ſift nicely
Scrutóre, or Eſcrutoir, *ſ.* a kind of cabinet with drawers, *F.*
Scud, *v.* to run haſtily away
Scúffle, *ſ.* a quarrel with a ſtruggle, or ſlight fighting
Scúffle, *v.* to ſtrive together in a fray, to endeavour to conquer difficulties
Sculk, *v.* to hide one's ſelf, to lurk about
Scull, *ſ.* the brain-pan, a ſmall oar
Scúller, *ſ.* a boat rowed with ſculls
Scúllery, *ſ.* a place to ſcour diſhes in
Scúllion, *ſ.* a kitchen drudge
Scúlptor, *ſ.* a ſtatuary, carver, engraver, *L.*

Scúlpture,

Sculpture, *ſ.* engraving, carving, *L.*
Scum, *ſ.* the droſs or froth that ſwims
Scurf, *ſ.* a white ſcaly ſubſtance
Scúrfineſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſcurfy
Scúrrilous, *a.* abuſive, ſcandalous, ſaucy
Scurrility, *ſ.* groſs abuſive language
Scúrvily, *ad.* coarſely, baſely, vilely
Scúrvy, *ſ.* a diſeaſe
Scúrvy, *a.* worthleſs, vile, ſcabbed
Scútcheon, *ſ.* a ſmall piece of braſs or iron ſet upon a lock. *See* Eſcutcheon
Scúttle, *ſ.* a veſſel for coals, part of a mill through which the flour runs
Scúttle, *v.* to run with affectation
Sea, *ſ.* a part of the ocean divided by land
Seábeat, *a.* daſhed by the waves
Seabreeze, *ſ.* wind blowing from the ſea
Seacálf, *ſ.* otherwiſe called a ſeal
Sea-chárt, *ſ.* a map of a ſea coaſt
Seacóal, *ſ.* coal brought to London by ſea
Seacoaſt, *ſ.* land near the ſea
Sea-cómpaſs, *ſ.* a mariner's compaſs
Seafáring, *a.* uſing the ſeas
Seafi'ght, *ſ.* a battle at ſea
Seagreén, *a.* cerulean, of a ſea colour
Seal, *ſ.* a ſeacalf, the print of a coat of arms, &c. the inſtrument by which the impreſſion was made
Seáman, *ſ.* a ſailor, a mariner
Seápiece, *ſ.* a picture repreſenting any thing at ſea
Seaport, *ſ.* a harbour for ſhips
Sea-room, *ſ.* the open ſea
Searóver, *ſ.* a pirate
Searſe, *ſ.* a lawn ſieve
Seáſick, *a.* ſick at ſea
Seaſickneſs, *ſ.* ſickneſs occaſioned by the motion of the ſhip
Seaſervice, *ſ.* any thing for the uſe of the men of war at ſea
Seatérm, *ſ.* a term of art proper to ſeamen
Seawáter, *ſ.* the ſalt water of the ſea
Seálingwax, *ſ.* wax to ſeal letters, &c.
Seam, *ſ.* the place where two pieces of cloth are ſewed together, 8 buſhels, hogs lard, a ſcar
Séamleſs, *a.* having no ſeam
Séamſtreſs, *ſ.* a woman employed in making up linen
Séamy, *a.* having a ſeam
Sean, *ſ.* a long fiſhing net
Sear, *v.* to burn with a hot iron
Séarcloth, *ſ.* a plaiſter for pains, achs, &c.
Search, *v.* to ſeek, enquire, try
Search, *ſ.* a ſeeking after, enquiry
Séaſon, *ſ.* one of the four parts of the year, a fit time, reliſh, *F.*
Séaſon, *v.* to give a reliſh to, to inure
Séaſonable, *a.* done in ſeaſon, convenient, proper
Séaſonably, *ad.* in due time
Seaſoning, *ſ.* that which gives reliſh
Seat, *ſ.* any thing to ſit upon, reſidence
Seat, *v.* to fix, to place on a ſeat
Séaward, *ad.* towards the ſea
Sécant, *a.* a line that cuts another
Secéde, *v.* to withdraw, or retire
Secéder, *ſ.* one who ſecedes
Secéſſion, *ſ.* a going aſide, or retiring, *L.*
Seclúde, *v.* to ſhut out or exclude
Secluſion, *ſ.* a going aſide or retiring
Second, *v.* to back or aid, to propogate or promote what another had begun
Sécond, *ſ.* the next after the firſt, one who backs or defends another, the 60th part of a minute

Sécondarily,

Sécondarily, *ad.* in the ſecond order, not originally
Sécondary, *a.* not primary
Sécondary, *ſ.* an officer next to the chief
Sécondly, *ad.* in the ſecond place
Sécreſy, *ſ.* cloſe ſilence, taciturnity, privacy
Sécret, *ſ.* a thing which few people know, *L.*
Sécretaryſhip, *ſ.* the office of ſecretary
Sécretary, *ſ.* a perſon who writes letters for a prince, a governor, or particular ſociety
Sécret, *v.* to conceal or hide
Secréte, *v.* to ſeparate
Secrétion, *ſ.* ſeparation
Sécretly, *ad.* privately
Sect, *ſ.* a party profeſſing the ſame opinion
Séctary, *ſ.* of or belonging to a ſect
Séction, *ſ.* a cutting or dividing, the part cut off, a diviſion in a book, *L.*
Séctor, *ſ.* a particular jointed ruler
Sécular, *a.* a laical, not bound by vows
Sécularize, *v.* to make ſecular
Sécundine, *ſ.* the after birth, or burthen, *L.*
Secúre, *a.* ſafe from danger, careleſs
Secúre, *v.* to keep ſafe, to make faſt
Secúrely, *ad.* without danger
Secúrity, *ſ.* ſafety, ſurety, pledge, unconcern, careleſſneſs
Sedán, *ſ.* a cloſe chair
Sedáte, *a.* ſerene, compoſed, calm
Sedátely, *ad.* without diſturbance, calmly
Sedáteneſs, *ſ.* compoſure of mind
Sédefendéndo, *ſ.* in law ſelf defence
Sedéntary, *a.* inactive, ſitting much, *L.*
Sédiment, *ſ.* that which ſinks to the bottom, *L.*
Sédition, *ſ.* mutiny, popular tumult, commotion
Séditious, *a.* factious, mutinous
Séditiouſly, *ad.* with factious turbulence
Sedúce, *v.* to lead aſtray, miſlead, debauch
Sedúcer, *ſ.* one who miſleads another
Sedúction, *ſ.* the act of miſleading
Sedúlity, *ſ.* diligence, continual care
Sédulous, *a.* diligent, aſſiduous
See, *ſ.* the dioceſe of a biſhop
See, *v.* to diſcern with the eyes, to conceive, apprehend, to attend, to remark
Seed, *ſ.* that which produces plants and animals
Seed, *ſ.* progeny
Seed, *v.* to bring forth ſeed
Seedcake, *ſ.* a ſweet cake in which are ſeeds
Seédplot, *ſ.* ground on which ſeeds are ſown
Seédtime, *ſ.* the ſeaſon of ſowing corn
Seédling, *ſ.* a young plant not blown
Seédſman, *ſ.* one who deals in ſeed
Seédy, *a.* running to ſeed
Seéing, *ſ.* perceiving external objects with the eyes
Seek, *v.* to ſearch or look for, endeavour after
Seéker, *ſ.* an enquirer
Seem, *v.* to appear, *F.*
Seemingly, *ad.* in appearance
Seémlineſs, *ſ.* grace, comelineſs
Seémly, *a.* decent, becoming
Seer, *ſ.* one who ſees, a prophet
Seeſaw, *ſ.* a play, or reciprocating motion
Seeth, *v.* to boil, *S.*
Ségment, *ſ.* a piece cut from ſomething, *L.*
Ségragate, *v.* to ſeparate or ſet apart
Seignior, *ſ.* a lord, the term of honour in Italy, *I.*
Séignory, *ſ.* a lordſhip
Séine, *ſ.* a net uſed in fiſhing
Seize, *v.* to faſten on, take by authority or force, *F.*

Séizin, *ſ.* poſſeſſion of, or right to, lands and tenements
Séizure, *ſ.* the taking into cuſtody, attachment, diſtreſs, poſſeſſion
Séldom, *ad.* not often
Seléct, *v.* to pick, cull, chuſe out
Seléct, *a.* choſen from amongſt others, *L.*
Seléctor, *ſ.* one who ſelects
Self, *ſ.* one's own perſon, *B.*
Self-applauſe, *ſ.* the ſecret applauſe of conſcience
Self conceit, *ſ.* an high opinion of one's own perfections
Self-denial, *ſ.* denying ourſelves what is in our power to enjoy
Selfhéal, *ſ.* an herb, otherwiſe called ſanicle
Sélfiſh, *a.* centring all our views in ourſelves
Sélfiſhneſs, *ſ.* inordinate ſelf-love
Selfmurder, *ſ.* a man's murdering himſelf
Selfſáme, *a.* the very ſame
Selfevident, *a.* that does not admit of a doubt
Sell, *v.* to exchange goods for money
Séller, *ſ.* one who ſells, a vender
Sélvage, *ſ.* the edge of cloth, ſilk, &c.
Sellery, *ſ.* a ſalled herb
Selves, *pl.* of ſelf
Sémblable, *a.* reſembling, like
Sémblance, *ſ.* reſemblance, *F.*
Semi, *ſ.* half
Semicírcle, *ſ.* half a circle
Semicircular, *a.* in the form of a ſemicirle
Semicólon, *ſ.* half a colon, a point made thus [;]
Semidiameter, *ſ.* half the diameter of a circle
Semidouble, *a.* half ſolemn among Romaniſts
Semifluid, *a.* imperfectly fluid
Semilúnar and Semilúnary, *a.* like a half moon
Séminal, *a.* of or belonging to ſeed
Séminary, *ſ.* a ſeed-plot, nurſery for learning
Semiquáver, *ſ.* half the length of a quaver
Semitóne, *ſ.* a half tone
Semivówel, *ſ.* a conſonant that has an imperfect ſound
Sempitérnal, *a.* everlaſting
Sémpſtreſs. *See* Seamſtreſs
Sénate, *ſ.* a ſupreme council, the parliament, *L.*
Senator, *ſ.* a member of the ſenate
Senatórial and Senatórian, *a.* belonging to ſenators or parliament men
Send, *v.* to diſpatch, commiſſion, propagate
Sender, *ſ.* one who ſends
Séneſchal, *ſ.* a ſteward, the head bailiff of a barony, *F.*
Sengreen, *ſ.* the herb houſeleek
Sénior, *a.* older than another
Seniórity, *ſ.* elderſhip, priority of birth
Sénne, *ſ.* a phyſical tree and drug
Sénnight, for Sevennight, *ſ.* ſeven days and ſeven nights
Senſátion, *ſ.* the impreſſion of objects on the ſenſes
Senſe, *ſ.* perception by the ſenſes, reaſon, meaning, ſignification
Sénſeleſs, *a.* ſtupid, fooliſh
Senſibility, *ſ.* keeneſs of ſenſation
Sénſible, *a.* judicious, having good ſenſe
Sénſibly, *ad.* with ſenſe
Sénſitive, *a* having ſenſe without reaſon
Sénſual, *a.* indulging the ſenſes, voluptuous
Senſualiſt, *ſ.* one devoted to ſenſual pleaſures
Senſuality, *ſ.* the gratification of the ſenſes, *L.*
Sénſualize, *v.* to render ſenſual
Sent, *v.* did ſend

Séntence,

Séntence, *ſ.* a ſentiment in a book, judgement, condemnation
Séntence, *v.* to paſs ſentence upon, to condemn
Senténtious, *a.* full of ſhort ſentences
Senténtiouſneſs, *ſ.* the being filled with ſhort unconnected ſentences
Sentiment, *ſ.* opinion, meaning, thought, *F.*
Séntinel, or Séntry, *ſ.* a ſoldier upon guard
Separabiility, *ſ.* the quality of admitting diſunion
Séparable, *a.* capable of being ſeparated
Séparableneſs, *ſ.* the capacity of ſeparation
Séparate, *v.* to part or divide
Séparate, *a.* diſtinct, divided from, *L.*
Séparately, *ad.* apart, ſingly, diſtinctly
Separátion, *ſ.* the act of ſeparating
Séparatiſt, *ſ.* one who ſeparates himſelf from the eſtabliſhed church
Septémber, *ſ.* the ninth month, *L.*
Séptenary, *a.* conſiſting of ſeven
Septénnial, *a.* returning every ſeven years, *L.*
Septéntrional, *a.* of, or belonging to the north, *L.*
Septuagéſimal, *a.* conſiſting of ſeventy
Séptuagint, *ſ.* a Greek tranſlation of the Old Teſtament
Séptúple, *a.* ſeven times as much
Sepúlchral, *a.* of, or belonging to a ſepulchre
Sepúlchre, *ſ.* a tomb
Sépulture, *ſ.* the act of burying, interment, burial
Séquel, *ſ.* what follows, conſequence
Séquence, *ſ.* a following in order
Sequéſter, *v.* to deprive of poſſeſſion, to remove
Sequeſtration, *ſ.* the deprivation of the profits of a poſſeſſion
Sequeſtrátor, *ſ.* the perſon who ſequeſters
Seráglio, *ſ.* a palace of great men in Turkey, *I.*
Séraph, *ſ.* a Turkiſh gold coin, worth five ſhillings ſterling
Seráphical and Seráphic, *a* enflamed with love, as a ſeraph
Seraphim, or Seraph, *ſ.* a ſpirit of the higheſt order of angels, *H.*
Serenáde, *v.* to entertain with night-muſic
Serenáde, *ſ.* night muſic
Seréne, *a.* free from clouds or rain, calm
Serénely, *ad.* quietly, calmly
Serénity, *ſ.* clearneſs, calmneſs, tranquility
Serge, *ſ.* a thick woollen ſtuff
Sérgeant, *ſ.* a lawyer next below a judge, an inferior officer of the foot or dragoons
Séries, *ſ.* an orderly ſucceſſion of things
Sérious, *a.* ſober, grave, in earneſt, important, *L.*
Sérioufneſs, *ſ.* earneſt attention, gravity
Sérmon, *ſ.* a diſcourſe delivered from the pulpit, *L.*
Seróſity, *ſ.* the watery part of the blood
Sérous, *a.* watery, or belonging to ſerum
Sérpent, *ſ.* a ſnake, a muſical inſtrument, a kind of ſquib, *L.*
Sérpentine, *a.* crooked, winding like a ſerpent
Sérrated and Sérrate, *a.* jagged like a ſaw
Sérvant, *ſ.* one who ſerves another
Serve, *v.* to attend, to do ſervice or acts of kindneſs, to ſuffice, be ſufficient for
Sérvice, *ſ.* the condition of a ſervant, a friendly action, liturgy, order of diſhes
Sérviceable, *a.* uſeful, profitable, beneficial, *F.*
Sérvile, *a.* mean, baſe, ſlaviſh, cringing
Serviliity, *ſ.* ſlavery, meanneſs, of an abject temper or behaviour, *L.*

Sérvitor,

Sérviter, *ſ.* a ſcholar at Oxford who attends another for his maintenance
Sérvitude, *ſ.* bondage, ſlavery, thraldom
Sérum, *ſ.* whey, a thin wateriſh humour in the blood
Sefs, *ſ.* a tax, rate
Séſſion, *ſ.* the ſitting of parliament, or juſtices in court upon commiſſions
Séſterce, *ſ.* the ſum of 8*l.* 1*s.* 5½*d.*
Set, *v.* to put or place, fix, plant, replace a bone, apply
Set, *a.* in a formal, regular manner
Set, *ſ.* a complete ſuit, or aſſortment
Setáceous, *a.* briſtly
Seton, *ſ.* a man's name
Séton, *ſ.* a kind of rowel in the neck
Settée, *ſ.* a long ſeat with a back to it
Sétter, *ſ.* a ſetting dog, a bailiff's follower, &c.
Séttle, *ſ.* a wooden bench with a back
Séttle, *v.* to reſt upon, determine, eſtabliſh, fix
Séttlebed, *ſ.* one that turns up and forms a ſeat
Séttled, *a.* calm, eſtabliſhed, confirmed
Séttlement, *ſ.* a fixed place of abode, a ſettled revenue, colony, agreement
Séven, *a.* the number vii. or 7. *S.*
Sevenfold, *a.* ſeven times as much
Sévennight. *See* Sennight
Seventeén, *a.* the number xvii. or 17. *S.*
Séventh, *a.* the firſt after ſix
Séventy, *a.* the number lxx. or 70. *S.*
Séver, *v.* to ſeparate, cut aſunder, *L.*
Séveral, *a.* ſundry, particular
Séverally, *ad.* ſeparately, diſtinctly
Sevére, *a.* ſtrict, rigorous, cruel, painful
Sevérity, *ſ.* ſternneſs, auſterity, rigour, harſhneſs

Sew, *v.* to work with a needle
Séwer, *ſ.* an officer who places the meat upon the table of a king or nobleman, a paſſage for water
Sewet, *ſ.* the kidney fat of beaſts
Sex, *ſ.* the diſtinction of male and female, womankind
Sexagéſima, *ſ.* the ſecond Sunday before lent
Sexénnial, *a.* of ſix years continuance, done every ſixth year, *L.*
Séxtain, *ſ.* a ſtanza of ſix lines
Séxton, *ſ.* a church officer
Shábbineſs, *ſ.* meanneſs of dreſs
Shábby, *a.* mean, particularly in dreſs
Shácle, *v.* to entangle, fetter, chain
Shácles, *ſ.* fetters, handcuffs
Shad, *ſ.* a fiſh
Shade, *ſ.* a ſhadow or ſhelter, the different ſhadows of painting
Shade, *v.* to ſhelter from the ſun beams, to make ſhades in painting, embroidery, &c.
Shádineſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſhady
Shádow, *ſ.* a degree of darkneſs cauſed by a body's intercepting the light
Shádow, *v.* to darken, to mark with various degrees of light, to project
Shádowy, *a.* producing a ſhadow, unſubſtantial
Shády, *a.* affording ſhelter from the heat of the ſun
Shaft, *ſ.* an arrow, the body of a pillar, a hole like a well to let air into a mine
Shag, *ſ.* a ſtuff in imitation of velvet, a ſea fowl
Shágged, and Shaggy, *a.* having long rough hair
Shágreen, *ſ.* a kind of rough grained leather, a ſilk with ſmall knots on the ſurface

Shake, *v.* to agitate, make totter
Shalloón, *ſ.* a thin woollen ſtuff
Shállop, *ſ.* a ſmall light veſſel
Shállow, *ſ.* a flat or bank covered with little water
Shállow, *a.* not deep
Shállowneſs, *ſ.* want of depth
Shalm, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument
Sham, *v.* to cheat, to counterfeit
Sham, *ſ.* a fraud, trick, impoſtor
Sham, *a.* falſe, pretended
Shamade. *See* Chamade
Shámbles, *ſ.* a place filled with butchers ſhops
Shámbling, *a.* moving awkwardly
Shame, *ſ.* diſgrace, diſhonour
Shame, *v.* to make aſhamed
Shámefaced, *a.* baſhful, timorous
Shamefácedneſs, *ſ.* baſhfulneſs, modeſty
Shámeful, *a.* ſcandalous, diſgraceful
Shámeleſs, *a.* impudent, audacious, wanting modeſty
Shámoy, *ſ.* a wild goat, its ſkin dreſſed, *F.*
Shank, *ſ.* the joint of the leg, handle of a tool
Shape, *ſ.* form, proportion
Shape, *v.* to form, to ſteer, to direct, to mould
Shápeleſs, *a.* unformed
Shápelineſs, *ſ.* proportion of form
Shard, *ſ.* a broken tile, or an earthen pan, a fiſh
Share, *v.* to divide into ſhares, to partake of
Share, *ſ.* a part or portion, a plough iron
Sháre-bone, *ſ.* the bone at the bottom of the belly
Sháre, *ſ.* a divider, partaker
Sharewort, *ſ.* an herb
Shark, *ſ.* a greedy, large, and voracious ſea fiſh
Shark, *v.* to play the thief or cheat
Sharp, *a.* keen, piercing, quick, lively
Sharpen, *v.* to make ſharp
Sharper, *ſ.* a cheat, a petty thief
Sharply, *ad.* ſeverely
Sharpneſs, *ſ.* painfulneſs, ſeverity, keenneſs
Shatter, *v.* to ſhake or break to pieces
Shatterbrained and Shatterpated, *a.* giddy-headed, hair-brained
Shave, *v.* to ſcrape off, to oppreſs by extortion
Shavings, *ſ.* thin pieces paired from boards, horn, &c. the rough edges cut from books
Shaw, *ſ.* a ſmall wood thicket
Sheaf, *ſ.* a bundle of wheat in the ſtraw, or of arrows
Shear, *v.* to cut the wool from ſheep
Shears, *ſ.* a large pair of ſciſſors
Shearer, *ſ.* one who ſhears ſheep
Sheath, *ſ.* a caſe, a ſcabbard
Sheathe, *v.* to put into a ſheath
Shed, *v.* to ſpill or pour out
Shed, *ſ.* a ſhelter made of boards, &c.
Sheen, *ſ.* ſplendor, brightneſs
Sheep, *ſ.* an animal well known
Sheepbiter, *ſ.* a petty thief
Sheépfold, *ſ.* a place to pen ſheep in
Sheepiſh, *a.* ſilly, ſimple, baſhful
Sheépiſhneſs, *ſ.* baſhfulneſs
Sheépſhearing, *ſ.* the time of ſhearing ſheep
Sheep's-eye, *ſ.* a ſly amorous look
Sheer, *a.* thin, clear, unmingled, pure
Sheet, *ſ.* linen for a bed, a ſail, paper of the ſize it was made, *S.*
Sheetánchor, *ſ.* the largeſt anchor in a ſhip
Sheet, *v.* to cover with a ſheet

Sheckel, *ſ.* a Jewiſh coin of 2s. 6d. value
Shelf, *ſ.* a board to lay things upon, a bank of ſand in the ſea, *L.*
Shélfy, *a.* full of ſands and rocks
Shell, *ſ.* a hard covering, ſuperficial part
Shell, *v.* to caſt the ſhell, to take out of the ſhell
Shélly, *a.* conſiſting of, or abounding with ſhells
Shélter, *ſ.* a cover from the weather, refuge, protection
Shélter, *v.* to cover, protect, harbour
Shélving, *a.* ſloping, ſlanting
Shélvy. *See* Shelfy
Shépherd, *ſ.* a keeper of ſheep, a paſtor
Shepherdeſs, *ſ.* a female keeper of ſheep
Shérbet, *ſ.* water, ſugar, lemons and orange juice
Sherd. *See* Shard
Shériff, *ſ.* the chief officer in a county
Shériffalty, *ſ.* the time in which the office is held
Shérry, *ſ.* a kind of white wine
Shield, *ſ.* a buckler, a defence or protection, *S.*
Shield, *v.* to cover, protect, defend, ſecure
Shift, *v.* to change, to alter, to uſe evaſion
Shift, *ſ.* a linen garment worn by women, an expedient, evaſion
Shilling, *ſ.* a ſilver coin worth 12d.
Shily, *a.* cautiouſly, not frankly
Shin, *ſ.* the fore part of the leg
Shine, *v.* to caſt a luſtre, or look bright, to be conſpicuous
Shingles, *ſ.* wooden tiles, a diſtemper
Shiny, *a.* luminous, ſplendid, bright
Ship, *ſ.* a name for all large ſailing veſſels, *S.*
Ship, *v.* to put in a ſhip
Shipping, *ſ.* a number of ſhips, putting perſons or things on board
Shipwreck, *ſ.* the periſhing of a ſhip at ſea
Shipwright, *ſ.* a ſhipbuilder
Shire, *ſ.* a county, of which there are 40 in England, 24 in Scotland, and 12 in Wales
Shirt, *ſ.* a linen garment worn next the ſkin
Shirtleſs, *a.* not worth a ſhirt
Shittim, *ſ.* a ſort of precious wood
Shittlecock, *ſ.* a boy's play-thing, a giddy perſon
Shive, *ſ.* a thick ſplinter, a ſplice
Shiver, *v.* to break into ſhivers, to ſhake with cold
Shiver, *ſ.* a thin piece broken off
Shoal, *ſ.* a multitude, a ſhallow
Shoal, *a.* ſhallow
Shólineſs, *ſ.* ſhallowneſs
Shóally, *a.* full of ſhallows
Shock, *ſ.* a concuſſion of body or mind, ſhort curled hair, a pile of ſheaves
Shock, *v.* to ſhake violently, offend, diſguſt
Shod, *v.* did ſhoe
Shoe, *ſ.* a covering for the foot
Shoe, *v.* to nail ſhoes to the hoof
Shóeboy, *ſ.* a boy who cleans ſhoes
Shóeinghorn, *ſ.* a horn to draw on ſhoes
Shóemaker, *ſ.* one whoſe trade is to make ſhoes
Shone, *v.* did ſhine
Shook, *v.* did ſhake
Shóot, *ſ.* the diſcharge of a gun, and young branch of a tree, a quick pain
Shoot, *v.* to diſcharge, germinate, cauſe quick pain
Shop, *ſ.* a room for ſelling wares or work
Shópboard, *ſ.* a table on which work is done
Shópkeeper, *ſ.* one who keeps a ſhop

Shoplifter, *ſ.* one who ſteals while he pretends to cheapen wares
Shopman, *ſ.* a journeyman who ſerves in a ſhop
Shore, *ſ.* the land on the ſea ſide, a drain
Shore up, *v.* to prop
Shore, *v.* did ſhear
Shorn, *part.* ſheared or clipped off
Short, *a.* of a ſmall length, brittle, blunt, ſnappiſh
Short, *ſ.* in a few words
Shórten, *v.* to make ſhorter, to lop
Shórt-hand, *ſ.* a ſhort method of writing
Shórtly, *ad.* briefly, ſoon, quickly
Shórtneſs, *ſ.* deficience, conciſeneſs, brevity
Shortſighted, *a.* near ſighted
Shortwinded, *a.* breathing quick
Shot, *ſ.* all ſorts of bullets, the act of ſhooting, a reckoning
Shótten, *a.* having caſt the ſpawn
Shove, *v.* to puſh or thruſt
Shove, *ſ.* a puſh, the act of ſhoving
Shóvel, *ſ.* a kind of broad ſpade
Shóvel, *v.* to heap, or throw up with a ſhovel
Shóulder, *ſ.* the upper part of the arm where it is joined to the body
Shoúlder, *v.* to joſtle with the ſhoulder, to lay on the ſhoulder
Shoulderbelt, *ſ.* a belt acroſs the ſhoulder
Shout, *v.* to cry in triumph
Shout, *ſ.* a loud huzza, a great acclamation
Show, *v.* to exhibit to view, tell
Show, *ſ.* pomp, an exhibition
Show'er, *ſ.* the falling of rain, hail, &c.
Shówer, *ſ.* to rain faſt and in large drops
Show'ry, *a.* with frequent ſhowers
Shówy, *a.* pompous, gaudy
Shown, *part.* exhibited
Shred, *v.* to cut ſmall
Shred, *ſ.* a waſte piece of cloth, ſilk, &c.
Shrew, *ſ.* a bawling contentious woman
Shrewd, *a.* ſubtile, ſmart, witty, miſchievous
Shrewdneſs, *ſ.* ſly, cunning. petulence
Shrew'iſh, *a.* having the qualities of a ſhrew
Shriek, *v.* a ſhrill inarticulate cry
Shriſt, *ſ.* confeſſion made to a prieſt
Shrill, *a.* ſharp, applied to ſound
Shrílly, *ad.* with a ſhrill noiſe
Shrillneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being ſhrill
Shrimp, *ſ.* a ſmall ſea fiſh, a dwarf
Shrine, *ſ.* a depoſiting the body or relicks of a ſaint
Shrink, *v.* to contract or leſſen, withdraw
Shrive, *v.* to confeſs to a prieſt
Shrível, *v.* to contract in wrinkles
Shriveled, *a.* wrinkled
Shr'oud, *ſ.* a covering for the dead
Shroud, *v.* to dreſs the dread, to cover or ſhelter
Shróvetide, *ſ.* the Tueſday before Lent
Shrub, *ſ.* a buſh, ſpirits mixed with fruit and ſugar
Shrúbby, *a.* full of ſhrubs
Shrug, *v.* to draw up the ſhoulders
Shrug, *ſ.* a motion of the ſhoulders
Shrunk, *a.* contracted
Shudder, *v.* to quake with fear or horror
Shuffle, *v.* to ſhift, put off, prevaricate
Shuffle, *ſ.* a trick, diſordering of things
Shúfflingly, *ad.* artfully, fraudulently, with an irregular gait
Shun, *v.* to avoid, endeavour to eſcape
Shut, *v.* to encloſe, ſtop up
Shútters, *ſ.* a cover to ſhut up windows
Shúttle *ſ.* a weaver's inſtrument
Shúttlecock. *See* Shittlecock
Shy, *a.* coy, baſhful, reſerved, wary

Siccity, *ſ.* dryneſs
Sice, *ſ.* number ſix at dice
Sick, *a.* ill, indiſpoſed, having an inclination to vomit, diſguſted
Sicken, *v.* to fall ſick, to languiſh
Sickle, *ſ.* an inſtrument for reaping corn
Sicklineſs, *ſ.* a diſpoſition to ſickneſs
Sickly, *a.* unhealthy, languid
Sickneſs, *ſ.* diſeaſe, faintneſs, inclination to vomit
Side, *ſ.* the edge of any thing that is long, place, ſect, party
Side, *v.* to take part with
Sideboard, *ſ.* a ſide-table
Sideling, *a.* moving ſideways
Sider'al *a.* of, or belonging to the ſtars
Siderated, *a.* planet ſtruck, blaſted
Sideration, *ſ.* the blaſting of trees, a mortification, *L.*
Sideſaddle, *ſ.* a woman's ſaddle
Sideſman, *ſ.* an aſſiſtant to a churchwarden
Sideways, *ad.* along the ſide, by the ſide
Siege, *ſ.* the beſieging a place, *F.*
Sieve, *ſ.* a ſierce, a boulter, *S.*
Sift, *v.* to ſeparate from by a ſieve, examine
Sigh, *v.* to fetch the breath deeply
Sigh, *ſ.* a mournful breathing
Sight, *ſ.* the ſenſe of ſeeing, open view, ſhew, appearance
Sightleſs, *a.* without ſight
Sightly, *a.* pleaſing to the eye
Sign, *ſ.* a motion with the hand, a token, ſymbol, a device hung out
Sign, *v* to ratify by hand or ſeal
Signal, *ſ.* a ſign to give notice, *L.*
Signal, *a.* remarkable, eminent
Signalize, *v.* to diſtinguiſh by ſome exploit
Signature, *ſ.* a mark, a perſon's hand ſet to a writing, a letter to diſtinguiſh ſheets
Signet, *ſ.* a ſeal ſet in a ring
Significance, and Significancy, *ſ.* importance, meaning
Significant, *a.* to the purpoſe, emphatical
Signification, *ſ.* ſenſe or meaning, *L.*
Significatively, *a.* forcible, ſhowing by a ſign
Signify, *v.* to make known, mean, expreſs, *L.*
Silence, *ſ.* taciturnity, ſtillneſs, ſecrecy
Silence, *v.* to make ſilent
Silent. *a.* ſtill, peaceful, not talkative
Silently, *ad.* without words or noiſe
Siliquoſe, *a.* having pods
Silk, *ſ.* a fine ſoft thread ſpun by ſilk worms
Silken, *a.* made of ſoft ſilk
Silkmercer, *ſ.* a dealer in ſilk
Silkweaver, *ſ.* a weaver of ſilks
Silkworm, *ſ.* the worms that ſpin ſilk
Silky, *a.* made of ſilk, ſoft, pliant
Sill, *ſ.* the threſhold of a door
Sillabub, *ſ.* a ſummer liquor made of new milk, cyder or wine, and ſugar
Sillineſs, *ſ.* harmleſs folly
Silly, *a.* ſimple, fooliſh, artleſs
Silvan, *a.* woody, full of woods or groves
Silver, *ſ.* a white metal, money made of it
Silver, *a.* white, made of ſilver
Silver, *v.* to cover with leaf-ſilver
Silvered, *a.* done over with ſilver
Silver-ſmith, *ſ.* one who works in ſilver
Simeon, *ſ.* a man's name
Similar, *a.* of like kind, form or aſpect, *L.*
Similarity, *ſ.* likeneſs
Simile, *ſ.* a compariſon, or continued metaphor
Similitude, *ſ.* likeneſs, reſemblance, *L.*
Simitar, *ſ.* a broad crooked ſword
Simmer, *v.* to boil gently

Simnel, *ſ.* a ſort of ſweet cake
Simon, *ſ.* a man's name
Simonical, *a.* of or belonging to ſimony
Simony, *ſ.* the buying and ſelling church-livings, or other ſpiritual things
Simper, *v.* to ſmile, as if much pleaſed
Simper, *ſ.* a ſmile
Simple, *a.* plain, honeſt, unmingled, ſilly, *L.*
Simple, *ſ.* a drug, an herb, a ſingle ingredient
Simple, *v.* to gather phyſical herbs
Simples, *ſ.* medical herbs and drugs
Simpler, *ſ.* one who gathers, or has ſkill in ſimples
Simpleton, *ſ.* a ſilly or ſimple perſon
Simplicity, *ſ.* an undiſguiſed heart or countenance, weakneſs
Simply, *ad.* merely, without mixture, ſillily
Sin, *ſ.* tranſgreſſion of the law of God, *Ger.*
Sin, *v.* to act inconſiſtently with our duty
Since, *ad.* after that time, ſeeing that
Since, *prep.* after
Sincere, *a.* honeſt, true, ingenuous
Sincérely, *ad.* with ſincerity, *L.*
Sincérity, *ſ.* honeſty, undiſguiſed truth
Sine, *ſ.* a geometrical line
Sinécure, *ſ.* an office or place of little or no duty
Sinew, *ſ.* the ſtrong tendinous part of a muſcle
Sinewed, *a.* furniſhed with ſinews
Sinewy, *a.* nervous, ſtrong, with large ſinews
Sinful, *a.* wicked
Sinfulneſs, *ſ.* alienation from God
Sing, *v.* to make muſic with the voice, to celebrate, *Ger.*
Singe, *v.* to ſcorch or burn lightly
Singingmaſter, *ſ.* one who teaches to ſing
Single, *a.* alone, unmarried
Single, *v.* to chuſe out, ſeparate
Singleneſs, *ſ.* ſimplicity, ſincerity
Singly, *ad.* only, individually
Singular, *a.* only one particular, extraordinary, *L.*
Singular, *v.* to diſtinguiſh
Singularity, *ſ.* peculiarity in dreſs or behaviour
Siniſter, *a.* indirect, illegal, unlucky
Sink, *v.* to fall to the bottom, to go lower, to dig a pit, to bend under a burden, *Ger.*
Sink, *ſ.* a drain to carry off water, &c.
Sinleſs, *a.* free from ſin
Sinner, *ſ.* a tranſgreſſor
Sinóffering, *ſ.* an expiation for ſin
Sinoper, *ſ.* a red mineral, otherwiſe called ruddle
Sinuous, *a.* bending in and out
Sinus, *ſ.* a gulf or bay
Sip, *v.* to drink or ſup a little at a time
Sip, *ſ.* a ſmall draught
Siphon, *ſ.* a tube for conveying liquors, without raiſing the dregs, *G.*
Sippet, *ſ.* a thin ſop
Sir, *ſ.* a title of honour and reſpect
Sire, *ſ.* ſir, or father, *F.*
Sirens, *ſ.* mermaids, *G.*
Sirrah! *ſ.* a term of contempt
Sirop, and Sirup, *ſ.* juices boiled with ſugar
Siſter, *ſ.* a female born of the ſame father and mother, or one of them, *L. S.*
Siſterhood, *ſ.* a ſociety of nuns
Sit, *v.* to reſt upon a ſeat, to perch
Site, *ſ.* ſituation
Sithe. *See* Sythe
Situate, or Situated, *a.* ſeated, placed
Situátion, *ſ.* poſition, ſtate, condition
Six, *ſ.* the number vi. or 6. *Ger.*

Sixfold,

Sixfold, *ſ.* ſixtimes as much
Sixpence, *ſ.* half a ſhilling
Sixſcóre, *a.* ſix times twenty
Sixteén, *a.* the number xvi. or 16
Sixth, *ſ.* a ſixth part
Sixthly, *ad.* in the ſixth place
Sixty, *a.* the number lx. or 60
Size, *ſ.* bulk, leather diſſolved in water
Size, *v.* to ſmear with ſize, to adjuſt
Sizeable, *a.* reaſonably bulky
Sizer, *ſ.* a ſcholar of the lower degree at Cambridge
Sizineſs, *ſ.* glutinous, viſcoſity
Sizy, *a.* viſcous, glutinous
Skein, or Skain, *ſ.* a ſmall hank of thread or ſilk
Skate, *ſ.* a ſliding ſhoe, a fiſh
Skéleton, *ſ.* the bones of an animal entire
Skeptic. *See* Sceptic
Sketch, *ſ.* a rough draught
Sketch, *v.* to draw the outlines of a thing
Skew'er, *ſ.* a ſlender wooden or iron pin
Skiff, *ſ.* a ſmall light boat, *F.*
Skilful, *a.* knowing, well qualified
Skilfulneſs, *ſ* ability, art, dexterity
Skill, *ſ.* knowledge, dexterity
Skilled, *a.* acquainted with, knowing
Skillet, *ſ.* a ſmall kettle
Skim, *ſ.* the droſs or froth on boiling liquor
Skim, *v.* to take off the ſkim, to run or fly ſwiftly
Skimmer, *ſ.* a ſkimming ladle
Skin, *ſ.* the hide, the rind of fruit
Skin, *v.* to flea an animal, to ſkin over
Skinker, *ſ* one who ſerves drink
Skinner, *ſ.* a dealer in ſkins
Skinnineſs, *ſ.* a being very lean or thin
Skinny, *a.* having much ſkin, lean
Skip, *v.* to leap or jump quick
Skip, *ſ.* a light leap or bound
Skipjack, *ſ.* an upſtart
Skipper, *ſ.* a ſhipmaſter
Skirmiſh, *ſ.* a ſlight engagement
Skirmiſh *v.* to fight in parties
Skirt, *ſ.* edge, border
Skit, *ſ.* a joke, jeer, banter
Skittiſh, *a.* wanton, frolickſome
Skittineſs, *ſ.* ſhyneſs, wantonneſs
Skream, *ſ.* a ſudden loud inarticulate cry
Skreen. *See* Screen
Skulk, *v.* to lurk in fear, to hide
Sky, *ſ.* the azure vault which ſurrounds the earth
Skyey, *a.* ethereal
Sky'colour, *ſ.* the colour of the ſky, azure
Skylight, *ſ.* a window on the eaves of a houſe
Skyrocket, *ſ.* a rocket that flies high
Slab, *ſ.* a thin piece of marble
Slábber, *v.* to drivel, ſpill drops of liquor
Slábby, *a.* plaſhy, dirty
Slack, *a.* looſe, not tight, backward, ſlow
Slack, or Slacken, *v.* to looſen, to grow ſlack, to abate, or grow remiſs
Slack, *ſ.* coal broken in ſmall parts
Slackly, *ad.* negligently, looſely, remiſſly
Sláckneſs, *ſ.* remiſſneſs, negligence, looſeneſs
Slag, *ſ.* the droſs of metal
Slaie, *ſ.* a weaver's reed
Slake, *v.* to extinguiſh, quench
Sländer, *v.* to backbite or defame falſely
Sländer, *ſ.* unjuſt defamation
Sländerer, *ſ.* one who belies another
Sländerous, *a.* reproachful, defamatory
Slanting, *a.* oblique or ſloping

Slap, *ſ.* a blow with the open hand
Slápdaſh, *ad.* all at once
Slaſh, *v.* to cut with a knife or broad ſword
Slaſh, *ſ.* a cut, a wound
Slate, *ſ.* a grey ſtone that readily ſplits
Slate, *v.* to cover with ſlates
Sláter, *ſ.* one who covers with ſlates
Sláttern, *ſ.* a woman looſe in her dreſs
Sláty, *a.* having the nature of ſlates
Slave, *ſ.* a ſervant the property of a maſter, *Ger.*
Slave, *v.* to toil like a ſlave
Sláver, *v.* to let the ſpittle run out of the mouth
Sláver, *ſ.* bondage, perpetual ſervitude
Sláughter, *v.* to ſlay or kill, *Ger.*
Sláughterhouſe, *ſ.* the place for killing cattle
Sláviſh, *a.* ſervile, mean, baſe, dependant
Sláviſhly, *ad.* meanly, ſervilely
Sláviſhneſs, *ſ.* meanneſs, ſervility
Slay, *v.* to kill or butcher
Sléazy, *a.* thin, ſlight, and ill wrought
Sledge, *ſ.* a carriage without wheels, a large hammer
Sleek, *a.* ſmooth and gloſſy
Sleek, *v.* to make gloſſy or ſmooth
Sleep, *ſ.* a repoſe in which the ſenſes are locked up. *Ger.*
Sléépily, *ad.* drowſily, lazily, ſtupidly
Sléépineſs, *ſ.* drowſineſs
Sléépleſs, *a.* wanting ſleep
Sléépy, *a.* drowzy, inclined to ſleep
Sleet, *ſ.* a miſty ſnow not formed into flakes
Sléety, *a.* bringing ſleet
Sleeve, *ſ.* a covering for the arm, a fiſh
Slééveleſs, *a.* without ſleeves, impertinent
Sleight. *See* Slight
Slender, *a.* thin, ſmall, ſlight
Slenderneſs, *ſ.* ſlightneſs, want, thinneſs
Slept, *v.* did ſleep
Slew, *v.* did ſlay
Slice, *ſ.* a thin piece, a kitchen utenſil
Slide, *v.* to glide ſmoothly along
Slide, *ſ.* a frozen place to ſlide on
Slight, *a.* thin, flimſy, of ſmall conſequence
Slight, *ſ.* dexterity
Slight *v.* to diſregard, hurry a thing over
Slightingly, *ad.* in a cold indifferent manner
Slightly, *a.* careleſsly, negligently, ſuperficially
Slightneſs, *ſ.* want of attention, weakneſs
Slim, *a.* thin, ſlender
Slime, *ſ.* ſoft mud, any viſcous matter
Slimineſs, *ſ.* viſcoſity
Slimy, *a.* ſlippery, ropy
Sling, *ſ.* an inſtrument for throwing ſtones, *Ger.*
Sling, *v.* to hang looſely by cords, to throw from a ſling
Slinger, *ſ.* one who uſes the ſling
Slink, *v.* to caſt its young before the time, to ſneak away
Slip, *ſ.* to ſlide, to commit a miſtake, *S.*
Slip, *ſ.* a ſliding with ones foot, a fault or miſtake
Slipknot, *ſ.* a bow-knot
Slippers, *ſ.* ſhoes worn within doors
Slipperineſs, *ſ.* want of firm footing, uncertainty
Slippery, *a.* glib, fickle, uncertain
Slipſhod, *a.* having ſhoes down at the heels
Slipſlop, *ſ.* an odd liquid mixture
Slit, *ſ.* a long cut, a narrow opening
Slit, *v.* to cut lengthways
Sliver, *ſ.* a long piece of combed wool, a piece ſplit off

Sloan,

Sloats, *ſ.* part of a cart
Slóbber, *ſ.* ſlaver
Sloe, *ſ.* the fruit of the black thorn
Sloop, *ſ.* a kind of ſhip with only one maſt
Slop, *v.* to throw any liquid upon
Slop, *ſ.* an odd mixture, puddle
Slope, *ſ.* a declivity, a thing cut obliquely
Slope, *v.* to cut obliquely
Slóppy, *a.* wet, dirty, plaſhy
Slops, *a.* phyſical potions, ſeamens trowſers and jackets
Sloth, *ſ.* idleneſs, lazineſs, indolence
Slóthful, *a.* indolent, idle, lazy
Slóthfulneſs, *ſ.* inactivity, idleneſs, lazineſs
Slouch, *ſ.* a lubberly fellow
Slóven, *ſ.* one who is negligent and dirty in his dreſs or perſon
Slóvenlineſs, *ſ.* indecent, neglect of dreſs
Slóvenly, *a.* dirty, negligent of neatneſs
Slough, *ſ.* a place deep in mud
Slóughy, *a.* muddy, boggy, miry
Slow, *a.* dilatory, tardy, dull
Slow'ly, *ad.* heavily, ſluggiſhly, tardily
Slow'neſs, *ſ.* procraſtination, want of velocity
Slúbber, *v.* to do a thing in a dirty careleſs manner
Sludge, *ſ.* dirt and water mixed
Slug, *ſ.* a dew ſnail, a battered leaden bullet, a lazy wretch
Slúggard, *ſ.* one who ſpends his time in ſleep
Slúggiſh, *a.* heavy, ſlothful, dull
Slúggiſhneſs, *ſ.* idleneſs, lazineſs, dulneſs
Sluice, *v.* to throw much water
Sluice, *ſ.* a kind of floodgate
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Slur, *ſ.* a ſoil or daub, a mark of ignominy
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Slúttiſh, *a.* naſty, dirty
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Sly, *a.* cunning, crafty
Sly'ly, *ad.* with ſecret artifice
Smac, *v.* to make a ſmart noiſe, kiſs, have a particular taſte
Smack, *ſ.* a ſmall ſea veſſel, taſte or reliſh, a tincture or ſmattering, *Ger.*
Small, *a.* little, ſlender, thin
Smallage, *ſ.* an herb
Smallcoal, *ſ.* a ſmall ſort of charcoal
Smallcraft, *ſ.* a veſſel leſs than a ſhip
Smállpox, *ſ.* a diſtemper
Smállneſs, *ſ.* littleneſs
Smalt, *ſ.* a beautiful blue powder
Smart, *a.* ſharp, violent, quick, briſk, witty
Smart, *ſ.* a lively gay young fellow, a pungent pain
Smart, *v.* to feel quick pain
Smartly, *ad.* briſkly, ſharply
Smártneſs, *ſ.* wit, vigour, livelineſs
Smatch, *ſ.* a taſte, tincture, twang
Smátter, *v.* to have a ſuperficial knowledge
Smatterer, *ſ.* one who has a ſlight knowledge of things
Smáttering, *ſ.* a ſlight ſuperficial knowledge
Smear, *v.* to daub over
Smell, *v.* to perceive by the noſe
Smell, *ſ.* ſcent, odour
Sméllfeaſt, *ſ.* one who haunts good tables
Smelt, *ſ.* a ſmall fiſh
Smelt, *v.* to ſeparate metal from the ore
Smerk, *v.* to ſmile a little wantonly
Smicket, *ſ.* a ſhift

Smile,

Slap, *ſ.* a blow with the open hand
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Smart, *a.* ſharp, violent, quick, briſk, witty
Smart, *ſ.* a lively gay young fellow, a pungent pain
Smart, *v.* to feel quick pain
Smartly, *ad.* briſkly, ſharply
Smártneſs, *ſ.* wit, vigour, livelineſs
Smatch, *ſ.* a taſte, tincture, twang
Smátter, *v.* to have a ſuperficial knowledge
Smatterer, *ſ.* one who has a ſlight knowledge of things
Smáttering, *ſ.* a ſlight ſuperficial knowledge
Smear, *v.* to daub over
Smell, *v.* to perceive by the noſe
Smell, *ſ.* ſcent, odour
Sméllfeaſt, *ſ.* one who haunts good tables
Smelt, *ſ.* a ſmall fiſh
Smelt, *v.* to ſeparate metal from the ore
Smerk, *v.* to ſmile a little wantonly
Smicket, *ſ.* a ſhift

Smile,

Smile, *v.* to look pleaſantly
Smile, *ſ.* a look of kindneſs or pleaſure
Smilingly, *ad.* with a look of pleaſure
Smite, *v.* to ſtrike, hit, or beat
Smith, *ſ.* any artificer who works both with a forge and hammer
Smithery, and Smithy, *ſ.* a ſmith's ſhop
Smitten, *a.* ſtruck
Smock, *ſ.* a ſhift
Smockfaced, *a.* of an effeminate countenance
Smóke, *ſ.* a black exhalation from fire, *S.*
Smoke, *v.* to caſt forth ſmoke, to trouble with ſmoke, to hang or dry in the ſmoke, to uſe tobacco
Smoker, *ſ.* one who ſmokes tobacco
Smókey, *a.* ſending forth ſmoke, filled with ſmoke, taſting of it
Smooth, *a.* level, even, ſleek, ſoft, inſinuating
Smooth, *v.* to make even, to ſoften, to make eaſy
Smoóthneſs, *ſ.* evenneſs, gentleneſs, mildneſs
Smóther, *v.* to ſuffocate or ſtifle
Smóther, *ſ.* a thick ſmoke or duſt
Smoúldering, *a.* ſmoaking without vent
Smug, *a.* ſpruce, neat, nice
Smúggle, *v.* to run goods, to hug and kiſs
Smúggler, *ſ.* one who runs goods
Smúgly, *ad.* ſprucely, neatly
Smut, *ſ.* ſoot, a diſtemper in corn, obſcenity
Smut, *v.* to cauſe mildew, to mark with ſoot
Smúttily, *ad.* dirtily, obſcenely
Smúttineſs, *ſ.* ſmoky ſoil, obſceneneſs
Smútty, *a.* daubed with ſmut, obſcene
Snack, *ſ.* a part or ſhare
Snáffle, *ſ.* a bridle that croſſes the noſe
Snag, *ſ.* a tooth that ſtands out from the reſt
Snágged, *a.* full of ſharp points or jags
Snail, *ſ.* a reptile well known
Snake, *ſ.* a ſerpent
Snákeroot, *ſ.* a medical root
Snap, *v.* to break in ſunder, make a ſmart noiſe by breaking, to catch at
Snap, *ſ.* the act of breaking, an eager bite
Snáppiſh, *a.* in a ſurly haſty manner
Snáppiſhly, *ad.* tartly, peeviſhly
Snáppiſhneſs, *ſ.* tartneſs, peeviſhneſs
Snare, *ſ.* a gin or trap, a crafty wile
Snare, *v.* to intrap, intangle
Snarl, *v.* to growl like a dog, to be intangled
Snárler, *ſ.* a ſurly inſulting fellow
Snáry, *a.* inſidious, intangling
Snatch, *v.* to catch ſuddenly or by force
Snatch, *ſ.* a haſty catch
Sneak, *v.* to creep about like one aſhamed
Sneáker, *ſ.* a large veſſel of drink
Sneáking, *a.* meanſpirited, covetous
Snear, *v.* to ſhew contempt
Sneer, *ſ.* a contemptuous jeſt
Sneeze, *ſ.* emiſſion of wind audibly by the noſe
Sniff, *v.* to draw breath audibly up the noſe
Snigger, *v.* to laugh ſlily
Sniggle, *v.* a particular method of fiſhing for eels
Snip, *v.* to cut at once with a pair of ſhears
Snip, *ſ.* a ſmall bit cut off at once
Snipe, *ſ.* a fine eatable wild fowl
Snipper, *ſ.* a ſmall part or ſhare
Snip-snap, *ſ.* a tart dialogue
Snivel, *ſ.* a running of the noſe, *S.*
Snivel, *v.* to cry like a child
Sniveller, *ſ.* one who cries like a child
Snore, *ſ.* a noiſe through the noſe
Snort, *v.* to make a noiſe through the noſe like a horſe
Snot, *ſ.* the mucus of the noſe

Snótty, *a.* full of ſnot
Snout, *ſ.* the noſe of a hog, &c.
Snóuted, *a.* having a ſnout
Snow, *ſ.* clouds frozen and falling in flakes
Snow, *v.* to deſcend in congealed white flakes
Snow'ball, *ſ.* a ball made with ſnow
Snow'drop, *ſ.* an early flower
Snów-white, *a.* as white as ſnow
Snówy, *a.* white as ſnow, abounding with ſnow
Snub, *ſ.* to check or reprove ſharply
Snuff, *ſ.* powder of tobacco, the burnt wick of a candle
Snuff, *v.* to ſmell by drawing the breath up the noſtrils, to take off the ſnuff of a candle
Snúffbox, *ſ.* a box to carry ſnuff in
Snúffers, *ſ.* an utenſil for ſnuffing candles
Snúffle, *v.* to make a noiſe in the noſe
Snug, *a.* cloſe, concealed, comfortable
Snúggle, *v.* to run the noſe into the boſom
Soak, *v.* to ſteep, to drink up
Soap, *ſ.* a compoſition for waſhing
Soapboíler, *ſ.* one who makes ſoap
Soar, *v.* to fly high up, to tower, to mount
Soar, *ſ.* a towering flight
Sob, *ſ.* a convulſive catching of the breath in crying
Sóber, *a.* grave, ſedate, temperate, not drunk
Sóberly, *ad.* cooly, moderately, temperately
Sóberneſs, *ſ.* coolneſs, temperance
Sóbriety, *ſ.* a grave carriage, temperance, calmneſs
Sóciable, or Social, *a.* friendly, fond of company, *F.*
Sóciableneſs, *ſ.* good fellowſhip
Sóciably, *ad.* converſibly, as a companion
Sócial, *a.* belonging to, or promoting ſociety and friendly gaiety
Society, *ſ.* civil intercourſe, converſation, a company
Sock, *ſ.* a falſe ſtocking foot, theatrical ſhoe
Sócket, *ſ.* a hollow to receive ſomething
Sod, *ſ.* a piece of green turf
Sodálity, *ſ.* a ſociety or fraternity
Sódden, *a.* boiled
Sódder, or Sólder, *ſ.* any metalic cement
Sódder, *v.* to cement with ſodder
Sodomite, *ſ.* one guilty of ſodomy
Sodomitical, of or belonging to ſodomy
Sódomy, *ſ.* the crime for which Sodom was conſumed by fire from heaven
Sofa, *ſ.* a ſplendid ſeat with carpets to ſit or lie upon
Soft, *a.* yielding to the touch, mild, melting, effeminate, ſilly
Soft! *interj.* not ſo faſt, hold, ſtop
Sóften, *v.* to make ſoft, to grow ſoft, to make eaſy
Softiſh, *ad.* ſomewhat ſoft
Sóftly, *ad* low, not loud, ſlowly
Sóftner, *ſ.* one who paliates, a moderator
Sóftneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being ſoft, effeminacy
Soho! *interj.* a form of calling to one
Soil, *v.* to ſully, ſtain, pollute
Soil, *ſ.* dung, land, compoſt
Sójourn, *v.* to ſtay or dwell a while in a place
Sójourner, *ſ.* a temporary dweller
Sólace, *v.* to afford comfort, to recreate
Sólace, *ſ.* comfort, conſolation, ſuccour
Sólar, and Sólary, *a.* of, or belonging to the ſun, *L.*
Sóldan, *ſ.* *See* Sultan

Sólder,

Sólder. *See* Sodder
Sóldier, *ſ.* one who ſerves the king in his wars
Soldierly, *a.* becoming a ſoldier
Sóldiery, *ſ.* a body of ſoldiers
Sole, *ſ.* the bottom of the foot, ſhoe or boot, *Ger.*
Sole, *v.* to put new ſoles
Sole, *a.* only, or alone
Sólecíſm, *ſ.* an impropriety of ſpeech
Sólely, *a.* only, ſingly
Sólemn, *a.* awful, grave, ſerious, *L.*
Solémnity, *ſ.* a being ſolemn, a proceſſion, &c. *L.*
Solemnization, *ſ.* a celebration
Sólemnize, *v.* to celebrate, *L.*
Solicit, *v.* to importune, intreat, implore
Solicitation, *ſ.* importunity
Solicitor, *ſ.* one who petitions or acts for another
Solicitous, *a.* anxious, careful, concerned
Solicitude, *ſ.* anxiety, care
Solid, *a.* a body having length, breadth and thickneſs, *L.*
Solid, *a.* firm, not hollow, compact, grave
Solidity, *ſ* hardneſs, firmneſs, compactneſs, ſteadineſs, *L.*
Sililoquy, *ſ.* a diſcourſe with one's ſelf
Solitáire, *ſ.* an ornament for the neck
Solitárily, *ad.* without company, in ſolitude
Solitarineſs, *ſ.* a being ſolitary
Solitary, *a.* loneſome, unfrequented alone, *L.*
Solitary, *ſ.* a recluſe, an hermit
Solitude, *ſ.* a lonely place, retirement, receſs, *L.*
Solo, *ſ.* a tune ſung or played by one *I.*
Solſtice, *ſ.* the tropical point of the ſun
Solſtitial, *a.* belonging to the ſolſtice
Sólvable, *a.* that may be reſolved or anſwered
Soluble, *ſ.* that may be diſſolved
Solubility, *ſ.* ſuſceptiveneſs of ſeparation
Solve, *v.* to clear, explain, or anſwer, *L.*
Solvency, *ſ.* ability to pay
Solvent, *ſ.* a diſſolvent
Sólvent, *a.* able to pay
Solution, *ſ.* diſſolving, explanation, anſwer
Sólutive, *a.* of a diſſolving, laxative, or looſening quality
Some, *a.* not many, more or leſs, certain
Somebódy, *ſ.* one, not nobody, a perſon of conſideration
Sómehow, *ad.* one way or other
Something, *ſ.* a thing undetermined, more or leſs, part
Something, *a.* in ſome degree
Sómetime, *ad.* formerly, once
Sómetimes, *ad.* now and then
Sómewhat, *ſ.* the ſame as ſomething
Sómewhere, *ad.* in one place or other
Somniferous, and Somnific, *a.* cauſing ſleep
Somnus, *ſ.* the god of ſleep
Son, *ſ.* a male child, a deſcendant
Sonáta, *ſ.* a muſical compoſition
Song, *ſ.* an ode modulated by the voice
Sóngſter, *ſ.* a ſinger of ſongs
Sóngſtreſs, *ſ.* a female ſinger
Sónnet, *ſ.* a ſmall poem, or ſong
Sonoriferous, and Sonorific, *a.* giving ſound
Sónorous, *a.* giving a loud ſound, *L.*
Soon, *ad.* before long, early, readily
Soop, *ſ.* a decoction of fleſh or fiſh
Soot, *ſ.* ſmoke condenſed
Sooth, *v.* to ſoften or molify, calm
Soóthſayer, *ſ.* a diviner
Soóthſaying, *ſ.* foretelling future events
Sootineſs, *ſ.* the quality of being ſooty

Sooty, *a.* black, breeding ſoot
Sop, *ſ.* bread ſoaked in any liquor
Soph, *ſ.* a young ſtudent at Cambridge
Sophia, *ſ.* a woman's name
Sóphiſm, *ſ.* a ſubtile but fallacious argument, *G.*
Sóphiſt, *ſ.* a ſubtil cavelling diſputer
Sophiſtical, *a.* of or belonging to a ſophiſm
Sophiſtically, *ad.* with fallacious ſubtilty
Sophiſticate, *v.* to adulterate
Sóphiſtry, *ſ.* a fallacious argument, *G.*
Soporiferous, and Soporific, *a.* cauſing ſleep
Sórcerer, *ſ.* a magician
Sórcereſs, *ſ.* an enchantreſs, a witch
Sórcery, *ſ.* magic, enchantment
Sórdid, *a.* baſe, pitiful, mean ſpirited
Sórdidly, *ad.* covetouſly, meanly
Sórdidneſs, *ſ.* nigardlineſs, meanneſs
Sore, *ſ.* a wound, ulcer, &c.
Sore, *a.* painful on being touched
Sore, *ad.* very much
Sorely, *p.* ſadly, woefully
Sórrel, or Sórel, *ſ.* a male fallow deer of three years old
Sorrel, *ſ.* a reddiſh colour in horſes, a ſallad herb
Sórrily, *ad.* wretchedly, poorly, meanly
Sórrineſs, *ſ.* wretchedneſs, meanneſs
Sorrow, *ſ.* grief
Sórrow, *v.* to grieve, be dejected, ſad
Sórrowful, *a.* full of ſorrow
Sórry, *a.* concerned, troubled, paltry
Sort, *ſ.* part, lot, rank, ſpecies, kind
Sort, *v.* to ſelect, call, ſeparate
Sórtment. *See* Aſſortment
Soſs, *v.* to fall plump into
Sot, *ſ.* a drunkard, a blockhead
Sot, *v.* to tipple privately

Sóttiſh, *a.* given to liquor
Sóttiſhly, *ad.* dully, ſtupidly
Sóttiſhneſs, *ſ.* drunkenneſs, dullneſs
Sovereign, *a.* chief, ſupreme
Sóvereign, *ſ.* one who has ſupreme power
Sóvereignty, *ſ.* the ſupreme command
Soul, *ſ.* the principle of life in human beings
Soúlleſs, *a.* low, mean, ſpiritleſs
Sound, *a.* entire, whole, not rotten, judicious
Sound, *ſ.* a noiſe, a ſtrait, the ſea
Sound, *v.* to yield a ſound, to blow a trumpet, &c. to try the depth of the ſea
Soundboard, *ſ.* that which propagates the ſound
Soúnding, *a.* ſonorous
Soúndings, *ſ. pl.* places ſounded at ſea
Soúndly, *ad.* ſtoutly, heartily
Soúndneſs, *ſ.* health, ſtrength, rectitude
Soup. *See* Soop
Sour, *a.* ſharp or acid, crabbed in looks or temper, *T.*
Sour, *v.* to make acid, to make diſcontented
Source, *ſ.* the ſpring head, original or cauſe, *F.*
Soúriſh, *a.* ſomewhat ſour
Sourly, *ad.* with acrimony
Soúrneſs, *ſ.* acidity, aſperity
Sous, *ſ.* a French penny
Souſe, *v.* to boil and ſteep in pickle, to plunge in water, fall as a bird on its prey
South, *ſ.* one of the four cardinal points
South, *ad.* towards or from the ſouth
Soúthing, *a.* approaching to the ſouth
South-éaſt, *ſ.* the point between eaſt and ſouth
Soútherly, *ad.* towards or from the ſouth
Soúthern, *a.* lying ſouth
Soúthernwood, *ſ.* a fragrant plant

Southernmoſt, *a.* moſt towards the ſouth
Soúthward, *ad.* towards the ſouth
Soúthweſt, *ſ.* the point between weſt and ſouth
Sow', *ſ.* a female hog, a largel ump of melted iron or lead, *Ger.*
Sów, *v.* to ſtrew ſeed on the ground in order for it to grow
Sower, *ſ.* one who ſows ſeed
Sow'ins, *ſ.* flummery
Space, *ſ.* diſtance either of time or place, *L.*
Spácious, *a.* ample, large, wide
Spáciouſneſs, *ſ.* extent
Spade, *ſ.* a kind of iron ſhovel for digging, a ſuit of cards
Spadíle, *ſ.* the ace of ſpades at ombre
Spágyriſt, *ſ.* a chemiſt, *L.*
Spake, *v.* did ſpeak
Spalt, *ſ.* a ſtone uſed in melting metals
Span, *ſ.* a meaſure of nine inches
Span, *v.* to meaſure by the hand extended
Spángled, *a.* ſet off with ſpangles
Spángles, *ſ.* ſmall round thin pieces of gold, ſilver or tinſel
Spániel, *ſ.* one of the ſpecies of dogs
Spániſh, *a.* of or belonging to Spain
Spániſh, *ſ.* a kind of earth uſed in bricks
Spank, *ſ.* a ſmart ſlap with the palm of the hand
Spar, *ſ.* a ſtone found in lead mines, a bar of wood, Muſcovy glaſs
Spar, *v.* to fight, quarrel
Spárables, *ſ.* ſmall headleſs nails
Spare, *a.* ſlim, thin, frugal
Spáre, *v.* to be frugal, forgive, omit, allow
Spare, *a.* frugal, ſlim, thin, not in uſe
Spare, *v.* to ſave, favour, forbear, *Ger.*
Spáreribs, *ſ.* the ribs of a bacon hog
Spargefaction, *ſ.* the act of ſprinkling
Spáring, *a.* ſcanty, parſemonious
Spark, *ſ.* an atom of fire, a briſk lively youth, a ſweetheart, a ſmall diamond
Spárkiſh, *a.* ſmart, genteely dreſſed
Spárkle, *v.* to caſt forth ſparks
Sparklingly, *ad.* with twinkling luſtre
Spárring, *ſ.* a cock's ſtriking with his heels or ſpurs
Sparrow, *ſ.* a ſmall chirping bird
Spárrow-hawk, *ſ.* a kind of ſmall hawk
Sparry, *a.* conſiſting of ſpar
Spaſm, *ſ.* the cramp
Spaſmátic, *a.* troubled with the cramp
Spat, *ſ.* a kind of mineral ſtone, the ſpawn of oyſters
Spátter, *v.* to daſh or ſprinkle, calumniate
Spátterdaſhes, *ſ.* a ſort of leather or linen ſtockings with buttons
Spáttle. *See* Spatula
Spátula, *ſ.* an inſtrument for ſpreading plaiſters
Spávin, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in horſes
Spaw, *ſ.* a mineral ſpring
Spawl, *v.* to ſpit about
Spawl, *ſ.* ſpittle
Spawn, *ſ.* the ſmall eggs of fiſh, frogs, &c.
Spawn, *v.* to ſhed the ſpawn, produce
Spay, *v.* to caſtrate a female animal, *L.*
Speak, *v.* to utter words, to diſcourſe
Spéaker, *ſ.* one who ſpeaks, the prolocutor of the houſe of commons
Spear, *ſ.* a lance
Spéarman, *ſ.* one who fights with a ſpear
Spéarment, *ſ.* an herb
Spécial, *a.* ſingular, excellent, *L.*
Spéciálty, and Speciálity, *ſ.* particularity
Species, *ſ.* money
Spécies, *ſ.* ſort, a claſs

Specifical,

Specifical, and Specific, *a.* that which diſtinguiſhes one ſpecies from another, *L.*
Specific, *ſ.* a remedy adapted to one diſeaſe
Specifically, *ad.* according to the ſpecies
Specification, *ſ.* diſtinct notation, particular mention
Specify, *v.* to particularize, *L.*
Specimen, *ſ.* a pattern, a ſample
Specious, *a.* plauſible, ſhowy
Speciouſly, *ad.* with good appearance
Speck, *ſ.* a ſmall ſpot
Speckle, *ſ.* a ſmall ſpeck or ſpot
Speckled, *a.* ſpotted
Spectacle, *ſ.* a public ſhow
Spectacles, *ſ.* glaſſes to help the ſight
Spectator, *ſ.* a beholder, *L.*
Spectre, *ſ.* a phantom, apparition, ghoſt
Speculate, *v.* to conſider attentively, meditate
Speculation, *ſ.* contemplation, theory oppoſed to practice
Speculative, *a.* contemplative, notional
Speculator, *ſ.* one who forms theories
Speculum, *ſ.* a poliſhed ſurface, capable of reflecting the rays of the ſun
Speech, *ſ.* the faculty of ſpeaking, tongue or language, an harangue, *S.*
Speechleſs, *a.* that cannot ſpeak, ſilent
Speed, *v.* to ſucceed, to proſper, to aſſiſt
Speed, *ſ.* haſte, diſpatch
Speedily, *ad.* haſtily, quickly
Speedy, *a.* haſty, quick
Spell, *ſ.* a charm, a turn of work
Spell, *v.* to name the letters of a ſyllable or word
Spelter, *ſ.* a mineral alſo called zink
Spend, *v.* to lay out, diſſipate, fatigue
Spender, *ſ.* a prodigal, one who ſpends
Spendthrift, *ſ.* a prodigal
Sperm, *ſ.* the ſeed of animals, *G.*
Spermaceti, *ſ.* the brain of a kind of the whale
Spermatical, or Spermatic, *a.* ſeminal
Spew, *v.* to vomit, eject
Sphere, *ſ.* a globe, the regular courſe in which a planet moves
Spherical and Spheric, *a.* round, globular
Sphinx, *ſ.* a famous fabulous monſter in Egypt
Spice, *ſ.* an aromatic drug
Spice, *v.* to ſeaſon with ſpice
Spicery, *ſ.* a place where ſpices are kept
Spick and Span, *ad.* quite new
Spicy, *a.* mixed with, or having ſome of the properties of ſpice
Spider, *ſ.* a well known inſect
Spigot, or Spiggot, *ſ.* a ſtopper for a tap
Spike, *ſ.* a large iron nail, an ear of corn
Spike, *v.* to faſten or ſet with ſpikes
Spikenard, *ſ.* a fragrant Indian plant
Spill, *ſ.* a ſmall quantity, a ſhiver, a thin bar
Spill, *v.* to ſhed, waſte, laviſh, *S.*
Spiller, *ſ.* a kind of fiſhing-line
Spin, *v.* to make yarn, to turn ſwiftly round, *S.*
Spinage, *ſ.* an herb well known
Spinal, *a.* belonging to the back bone
Spindle, *ſ.* part of a ſpinning wheel, the end of an axis upon which a wheel turns
Spindleſhanked, *a.* having ſmall legs
Spine, *ſ.* the back bone
Spinet, *ſ.* a ſort of ſmall harpſichord
Spiniferous, *a.* prickly, bearing thorns, *L.*
Spink, *ſ.* a chaffinch
Spinner, *ſ.* one that ſpins, a long legged ſpider
Spinſter, *ſ.* one who ſpins. In law, a title given to all unmarried women

Spiral, *a.* turning round like a ſcrew
Spire, *ſ.* a ſteeple that tapers to the top, *I.*
Spirit, *ſ.* ſoul, courage, genius, temper
Spirit, *v.* to animate or encourage
Spirits, *ſ. pl.* inflammable liquor
Spirited, *a.* full of fire, lively
Spiritedneſs, *ſ.* ſprightlineſs, livelineſs
Spiritleſs, *a.* inactive, depreſſed, dejected
Spirituous, *a.* having a ſtrong ſpirit
Spiritual, *a.* incorporeal, pious, devout
Spirituality, *ſ.* that which belongs to an eccleſiaſtic, pure act of the ſoul, incorporiety, *L.*
Spiritualization, *ſ.* the act of ſpiritualizing
Spiritualize, *v.* to apply to a religious ſenſe
Spirt, *v.* to caſt liquor with force out of the mouth
Spiry, *a.* wreathed, curved
Spiſſated, *a.* thickened, *L.*
Spiſſitude, *ſ.* thickneſs, *L.*
Spit, *ſ.* an utenſil to roaſt meat with, *S.*
Spit, *v.* to throw out ſpittle, to put on a ſpit
Spitchcock, *v.* to cut an eel in pieces and broil them.
Spite, *ſ.* ſpleen, malice, grudge, *L. S.*
Spite, *v.* to offend, treat maliciouſly
Spiteful, *a.* malicious
Spittal, *ſ.* a corruption of hoſpital
Spitter, *ſ.* a red male deer near two years old
Spittle, *ſ.* ſaliva, a moiſture ariſing in the mouth
Splaſh, *v.* to daſh water, mud, &c. upon
Spláſhy, *a.* wet, dirty
Splay'footed, *a.* the toes turning too much outward
Spleen, *ſ.* a diſeaſe, the milt, hatred, grudge, *G.*
Splendid, *a.* bright, noble, ſtately, magnificent
Splendidly, *ad.* ſumptuouſly, magnificently
Spléndour, *ſ.* brightneſs, magnificence, pomp
Splénetic, *a.* full of ſpleen, humourſome, peeviſh
Splice, *v.* to join ropes without a knot
Splint, *ſ.* thin wood uſed by ſurgeons
Splinter, *v.* to ſecure by ſplints, to ſhiver
Splínter, *ſ.* a ſmall ſhiver of wood, bone, &c.
Split, *v.* to crack, break in pieces, divide
Splutter, *ſ.* buſtle, tumult
Spoil, *v.* to decay, to mar or damage, to rob
Spoil, *ſ.* plunder
Spoke, *ſ.* a bar in a wheel
Spoke, *v.* did ſpeak
Spókeſman, *ſ.* one that ſpeaks for another
Sponge, *ſ.* a ſoft porous ſubſtance
Sponge, *v.* to ſuck up, gain meanly
Spónger, *ſ.* a hanger on for a maintenance
Spónginеſs, *ſ.* like a ſponge
Spongy, *a.* full of holes, wet, ſoft
Spónſal, *a.* belonging to marriage, *L.*
Spónſor, *ſ.* a godfather, a proxy, *L.*
Spontáneous, *a.* of its own accord, voluntary, *L.*
Spontáneouſneſs, *ſ.* voluntarineſs
Spool, *ſ.* a weaver's quill
Spoom, *v.* to glide along, paſs ſwiftly
Spóon, *ſ.* a well known utenſil, *B.*
Spoónful, *a.* what a ſpoon will hold
Spoónmeat, *ſ.* food eaten with a ſpoon
Sport, *ſ.* paſtime, recreation, diverſion
Sport, *v.* to make merry, to game
Sportive, *a.* merry, full of play, wanton
Spórtiveneſs, *ſ* play, gaiety
Sportſman, *ſ.* one who uſes the diverſions of the field
Spot, *v.* to ſpeckle, to blemiſh

Spot, *ſ.* blot, ſtain or blemiſh, a place
Spótleſs, *a.* without ſpot
Spótty, *a.* full of ſpots
Spoúſal, *a.* nuptial, bridal
Spouſe, *ſ.* a huſband, a wife
Spoúſeleſs, *a.* having loſt a huſband
Spout, *ſ.* a pipe or trough to carry off water
Spout, *v.* to throw out, to guſh out
Sprain, *ſ.* the extenſion of the ligaments
Sprain, *v.* to ſtretch the ligaments violently
Sprat, *ſ.* a ſmall ſea-fiſh
Spraul, *v.* to lie kicking on the ground
Spray, *ſ.* a ſprig or bough, a watry miſt cauſed by the daſhing waves
Spread, *v.* to ſtretch out, to ſcatter abroad, to publiſh
Sprig, *ſ.* a bough, a long ſlender nail without a head
Sprigy, *a.* full of ſprigs
Spright, *ſ.* an apparition, a phantom
Sprightly, *a.* briſk, lively, airy
Spring, *v.* to iſſue from, bound, leap, rouſe, game, diſcharge a mine
Spring, *ſ.* a ſource or fountain, one of the four ſeaſons, a piece of tempered ſteel, a leap
Springe, *ſ.* a ſnare of twiſted wire to catch birds or ſmall beaſts, a gin
Springineſs, *ſ.* elaſticity
Springle, *ſ.* *See* Springe
Springtide, *ſ.* high-tide at the new moon
Springy, *a.* elaſtic, *S.*
Sprinkle, *v.* to ſhake drops upon, to ſtrew over with ſalt, *Ger.*
Spritſail, *ſ.* the ſail on the boltſprit
Sprite. *See* Spright
Sprout, *v.* to grow, to ſprout by vegetation
Sprout, *ſ.* a young colewort, a ſucker, a young tree, &c.

Spruce, *a.* neat in dreſs, trim
Spruce, *ſ.* a kind of American fir
Spruce beer, *ſ.* a phyſical beer brought from Hamburgh
Sprúceneſs, *ſ.* neatneſs without elegance
Spud, *ſ.* a ſhort knife
Spume, *ſ.* foam, froth, or ſcum, *L.*
Spúmy, *a.* foamy, frothy
Spun, *v.* did ſpin
Spunge. *See* Sponge
Spúnginghouſe, *ſ.* a bailiff's houſe
Spunk, *ſ.* rotten wood, touch wood
Spur, *ſ.* an inſtrument to prick a horſe, and to arm a cock, *Ger.*
Spur, *v.* to incite, to prick with a ſpur
Spurgálled, *a.* hurt with a ſpur
Spurge, *ſ.* a plant
Spúrious, *a.* counterfeit, baſe-born
Spurn, *v.* to kick forwards with the foot, treat with contempt
Spúrrier, *ſ.* one who makes ſpurs
Spurt, or Spirt, *v.* to burſt out, as liquor out of a bottle
Spurt, *ſ.* a ſtart or ſudden fit
Spútter, *v.* to ſpeak haſtily and indiſtinctly
Spy, *ſ.* one ſet to watch another's actions
Spy. *See* Eſpy
Squab, *ſ.* a couch, a perſon ſhort, thick and fat
Squab, *v.* to fall flat or plump
Squabble, *v.* to debate peeviſhly, to wrangle
Squabble, *ſ.* a wrangling diſpute
Squádron, *ſ.* part of a fleet or army
Squálid, *a.* bloated, ill favoured, loathſome
Squall, *ſ.* a ſudden guſt of wind, a ſcream
Squálly, *a.* windy
Squánder, *v.* to ſpend extravagantly
Squânderer, *ſ.* a ſpendthrift, prodigal

Square, *a.* having right angles, ſtout, equal
Square, *ſ.* a figure that has four ſides, an inſtrument uſed by carpenters, &c.
Square, *v.* to form with right angles, keep within compaſs
Squáreneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſquare
Squaſh, *ſ.* a ſudden fall
Squaſh, *v.* to maſh, or ſuddenly ſqueeze a ſoft body flat, put an end to
Squat, *v.* to crouch down on the hams
Squat, *a.* ſhort and thick, cowering down
Squat, *ſ.* the poſture of cowering, a ſudden fall
Squeak, *v.* to cry in a ſhrill manner, to betray a ſecret through fear
Squeak, *ſ.* a ſhrill quick cry
Squeal, *v.* to ſcream like an infant
Squeámiſh, *a.* having a weak ſtomach, eaſily diſguſted
Squeámiſhneſs, *ſ.* faſtidiouſneſs, delicacy
Squeeze, *v.* to preſs cloſe, cruſh, oppreſs
Squeeze, *ſ.* compreſſion, preſſure
Squib, *ſ.* a ſort of ſmall firework
Squint, *a.* looking obliquely
Squínteyed, *a.* having an oblique ſight
Squire. *See* Eſquire
Squire, *v.* to wait upon a perſon
Squirrel, *ſ.* a little lively animal
Squirt, *v.* to ſpirt out, to prate
Squirt, *ſ.* an inſtrument to ſquirt
Stab, *v.* to thruſt a dagger, ſword, knife, &c. into a perſon
Stab, *ſ.* a wound with a ſharp pointed weapon, a ſly miſchief
Stabílity, *ſ.* firmneſs, ſteadineſs
Stáble, *a.* firm, ſteady, laſting, *L.*
Stáble, *ſ.* a place to keep horſes in
Stack, *ſ.* a large pile of corn, hay, wood, &c.
Stack, *v.* to pile up in ſtacks
Stadtholder, *ſ.* the ſupreme magiſtrate of the United Provinces
Staff, *ſ.* a long ſtick to walk with, an enſign of an office
Stag, *ſ.* a red deer, the male of the hind
Stage, *ſ.* part of the theatre, &c. a place of reſt on a journey
Stágecoach, *ſ.* a coach that travels by ſtages
Stágeplay, *ſ.* a theatrical entertainment
Stágger, *v.* to reel, to waver in opinion
Stággers, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in horſes
Stágnant, *a.* not flowing, *F.*
Stágnate, *v.* to ſtand ſtill without flowing
Stagnátion, *ſ.* an entire ſtop of courſe
Staid, *a.* grave, ſober
Staidneſs, *ſ.* regularity, gravity, ſobriety
Stain, *v.* to dye colours, to daub with a colour, to diſgrace
Stain, *ſ.* ſpot, blot, infamy
Stairs, *ſ.* regular ſteps to aſcend by, *S.*
Stáircaſe, *ſ.* the whole frame of ſtairs
Stake, *ſ.* a thick ſharp pointed ſtick, a pledge laid down on a wager
Stake, *v.* to wager, defend with poſts
Stale, *a.* not new or freſh
Stale, *ſ.* old urine, an enticement
Stale, *v.* to make water, applied to cattle
Stáleneſs, *ſ.* ſourneſs, oldneſs
Stalk, *v.* to walk ſlow, ſtiff, and upright
Stalk, *ſ.* a ſtem, proud ſtep
Stálkinghorſe, *ſ.* a horſe uſed by fowlers
Stálky, *a.* hard like a ſtalk
Stall, *ſ.* a ſeat in a cathedral, &c. a ſtable, a little ſhop, *Ger.*
Stállfed, *a.* fed with dry food
Stállion, *ſ.* a ſtone horſe kept for mares
Stámina, *ſ.* the ſolids of a body, firſt principles

Stámmer, *v.* to ſtutter
Stamp, *ſ.* any thing cut to make an impreſſion, the impreſſion itſelf, make, caſt, a thump with the foot
Stanch, *v.* to ſtop a flux of blood
Stanch, *a.* ſubſtantial, ſolid, ſound, firm
Stand, *v.* to be upon one's feet, to ſtop, to continue without motion, to keep, to perſiſt, endure
Stand, *ſ.* a ſtop or ſtay, a poſt or ſtanding place, a frame on which veſſels are ſet, ſuſpence, uncertainty
Standard, *ſ.* the chief enſign of a royal fleet or army, a fixed weight or meaſure
Ständardbearer, *ſ.* he who carries the ſtandard
Ständing, *a.* placed on feet, laſting, ſettled
Ständiſh, *ſ.* a caſe for ink, ſand, pens, wafers, &c.
Stánnary, *a.* relating to the tin-works
Stánza, *ſ.* a ſtave of verſes
Stăple, *ſ.* a ſettled mart for goods, an iron for a bolt, *T.*
Stáple, *a.* eſtabliſhed in commerce
Star, *ſ.* a body in the heavens, a white ſpot in a horſe's forehead
Stárboard, *ſ.* the right hand ſide of a ſhip
Starch, *ſ.* a fine white ſubſtance made of wheat
Starch, *v.* to ſtiffen with ſtarch
Starch, *a.* preciſe, ſtiff, formal
Stárched, *a.* ſtiffened with ſtarch, formal
Stárchneſs, *ſ.* ſtiffneſs, preciſeneſs
Stare, *v.* to look earneſtly with the eyes open
Stargázer, *ſ.* an aſtronomer, aſtrologer
Stark, *a.* ſtraight, tight, quite
Stárleſs, *a.* without the light of ſtars
Stárlight, *a.* lighted by the ſtars
Stárling, *ſ.* a ſinging bird
Stárred, *a.* cracked, decorated with ſtars
Stárry, *a.* reſembling ſtars, ſtellar
Start, *v.* to move ſuddenly
Stártle, *v.* to affright or cauſe to ſtart
Startup, *ſ.* who comes ſuddenly into notice
Starve, *v.* to periſh with cold or hunger
Stárvling, *ſ.* one in want of nouriſhment
State, *ſ.* condition, circumſtance, pomp, people under the ſame government, *L.*
State, *v.* to relate, repreſent, regulate
Statelineſs, *ſ.* pomp, grandeur, pride
Státely, *a.* pompous, majeſtic, proud
Státeſman, *ſ.* a miniſter of ſtate
Státical, and Státic, *a.* relating to weighing
Státics, *ſ.* a ſcience which treats of the weight of bodies
Státion, *ſ.* ſituation, a road for ſhips, an employment, office, rank
Státion, *v.* to order into a certain place
Státionary, *a.* ſettled in a place
Státioner, *ſ.* one who ſells paper
Státuary, *ſ.* the art of forming ſtatues, one who makes them
Státue, *ſ.* an image of ſtone or metal
Státure, *ſ.* the natural height
Státute, *ſ.* an act of parliament
Stave, *ſ.* a board of a barrel; in the ſinging of pſalms, two verſes, or eight lines
Staves, *pl.* of ſtaff
Stay, *v.* to ſtop, tarry, prop
Stay, *ſ.* a ſtop or delay, a linen to faſten on a cap, a certain rope in a ſhip
Stay'd, *a.* grave, ſober, fixed, ſtopped
Stay'edly, *ad.* compoſedly, ſoberly, gravely
Stay'edneſs, *ſ.* prudence, compoſure, ſolidity
Stays, *ſ.* a garment worn by women as a ſupport to the back

Stead,

Stead, *ſ.* place or room
Steádily, *ad* without ſhaking, without variation
Steádineſs, *ſ.* ſettled ſtate, unſhaken conduct
Steády, *a.* firm, reſolute, conſtant
Steak, or Stake, *ſ.* a thin ſlice of fleſh
Steal, *v.* to take what belongs to another, to withdraw privately
Stealer, *ſ.* a thief
Stealing, *ad.* in an imperceptible manner, ſlyly
Stealth, *ſ.* the act of ſtealing
Steam, *ſ.* a vapour ariſing from hot liquors, &c. *S.*
Steam, *v.* to ſmoke or ſend up vapours
Stedfaſt, *a.* firm, conſtant, immoveable
Stedfaſtneſs, *ſ.* conſtancy, firmneſs
Steed *ſ.* a horſe
Steel, *ſ.* iron refined and hardened
Steel, *v.* to make hard, edge with ſteel
Steely, *a.* made of ſteel, firm, hard
Steelyard, *ſ.* an iron rod to weigh goods
Steep, *a.* ſlanting, approaching to a perpendicular
Steep, *ſ.* a precipice
Steep, *v.* to infuſe in ſome liquid
Steeple, *ſ.* the turret of a church
Steepneſs, *ſ.* great declivity
Steer, *ſ.* a young ox, a bullock
Steer, *v.* to guide a ſhip
Steerage, *ſ.* part of a ſhip, act of ſteering
Stellar, *a.* relating to ſtars
Stellate, *a.* pointed as a ſtar
Stem, *ſ.* the ſtalk or ſtem, the fore part of a ſhip, race
Stem, *v.* to ſtop, to oppoſe a current
Stench, *ſ.* ſtink, a bad ſmell
Stenography, *ſ.* ſhort-hand
Step, *ſ.* a ſtair, the round of a ladder, one ſtride in walking, action, gait,
Stephen, *ſ.* a man's name
Sterile, *a.* unfruitful, barren, *L.*
Sterility, *ſ.* barrenneſs
Sterling, *ſ.* ſtandard
Stern, *a.* ſevere, crabbed, harſh
Stern, *ſ.* the hinder part of a ſhip
Sternly, *ad.* in a ſtern manner, ſeverely
Sternutatory, *ſ.* a medicine to cauſe ſneezing, *L.*
Stew, *v.* to boil gently, to fret
Stew, *ſ.* a place to keep fiſh alive, a brothel
Steward, *ſ.* one who has the management of another's eſtate, *S.*
Stewardſhip, *ſ.* the office of a ſteward
Stick, *ſ.* a ſmall long piece of wood, wax, &c.
Stick, *v.* to cleave or adhere to, to faſten on, to ſtab, *S.*
Stickineſs, *ſ.* glutinouſneſs, adheſive quality
Stickle, *v.* to contend ſtrenuouſly for a thing
Stickler, *ſ.* an obſtinate contender
Sticky, *a.* adheſive, viſcous
Stiff, *a.* rigid, formal, dull, laboured, *S.*
Stiffen, *v.* to make ſtiff, to grow ſtiff,
Stiffly, *a.* inflexibly, rigidly
Stiffnecked, *a.* obſtinate, ſtubborn
Stiffneſs, *ſ.* rigidity, formality, obſtinacy
Stifle, *v.* to extinguiſh, conceal, or ſuppreſs
Stigma, *ſ.* a mark of infamy
Stigmatize, *v.* to brand with a mark of infamy
Stile, *ſ.* an entrance into a field, upright piece in a wainſcot, the iron of a ſun dial. *See* Style
Stiletto, *ſ.* a ſmall dagger
Still, *v.* to ſilence, quiet or compoſe, *Ger.*

Still,

Still, *a.* ſilent, calm, quiet, without motion, *S.*
Still, *ad.* yet till now, to this time
Still, *ſ.* a veſſel uſed for diſtillations
Stillatitious, *a.* falling in drops
Stillborn, *a.* born dead, *S.*
Stillneſs, *ſ.* ſilence, calmneſs, quietneſs
Stilts, *ſ.* ſticks uſed by boys to walk with
Stimulate, *v* to ſtir up, to prick, or goad
Stimulation, *ſ.* pungency, a puſhing forward
Sting, *v.* to pierce with a ſting
Sting, *ſ.* the weapon of an animal
Stingily, *ad.* niggardly
Stingineſs, *ſ.* parſimony, niggardlineſs
Stingleſs, *a.* having no ſting
Stingo, *ſ.* fine old beer
Stingy, *a.* parſimonious, niggardly
Stink, *ſ.* a noiſome, diſagreeable ſmell, *S.*
Stink, *v.* to emit a ſtink
Stinkingly, *ad.* with a ſtink
Stinkpot, *ſ.* a compoſition uſed in ſea fights
Stint, *v.* to limit, or ſet bounds to
Stint, *ſ.* part, proportion
Stipend, *ſ.* pay, ſalary, wages
Stipendiary, *ſ.* one who has a ſettled ſtipend
Stiptic, *ſ.* a medicine to ſtop bleeding
Stipulate, *v.* to covenant, bargain, agree, *L.*
Stipulation, *ſ.* the conditions of an agreement, *L.*
Stir, *v.* to move, to buſtle, to incite
Stir, *ſ.* tumult, noiſe, buſtle
Stir up, *v.* to cauſe, to excite or quicken, to provoke
Stirrup, *ſ.* an iron for a horſeman's foot
Stitch, *ſ.* the paſs of a needle, a ſharp pain
Stitch, *v.* to ſew
Stichwort, *ſ.* an herb good againſt a ſtitch
Stive, *v.* to ſtifle with heat and want of air
Stiver, *ſ.* a Dutch penny
Stoccádo, *ſ.* a ſtab, *I.*
Stock, *ſ.* the trunk of a tree, race, family, the wooden work of a gun or piſtol, fund of money, goods in trade, *Ger.*
Stock, *v.* to furniſh or ſupply
Stóckfiſh, *ſ.* cod dried without ſalt
Stócking, *ſ.* a covering for the leg
Stóckjobber, *ſ.* one who buys and ſells ſtocks
Stócklock, *ſ.* a lock fixed in wood
Stocks, *ſ.* a wooden frame for the legs
Stóckſtill, *a.* motionleſs
Stóical, *a.* inſenſible, belonging to the ſtoicks
Stoicks, *ſ.* a ſect of Athenian philoſophers
Stole, *ſ.* a royal robe, an ornament worn about the neck of a Romiſh prieſt
Stole, *v.* did ſteal
Stolen, *a.* taken away feloniouſly
Stómach, *v.* to reſent, to be angry
Stómach, *ſ.* that part of the body which receives and digeſts the food, appetite, hunger
Stómached, *a.* filled with reſentment
Stómacher, *ſ.* the forepart of a woman's ſtays
Stomachful, *a.* dogged, loath to ſubmit
Stómachics, *ſ.* ſtrengthners of the ſtomach
Stone, *ſ.* a hard ſubſtance of various ſorts, a gem, jewel, or precious ſtone, a teſticle, 14 pounds weight, and 8 of butcher's weight, *Ger.*
Stone, *a.* made of ſtone
Stone, *v.* to throw ſtones at, *Ger.*
Stónecútter, *ſ.* one who hews ſtones
Stónehorſe, *ſ.* a horſe not caſtrated
Stóny, *a.* full of ſtones, inflexible
Stool, *ſ.* a ſeat to ſit on, the excrements voided, *Ger.*

Stoop, *v.* to bend forwards, ſubmit
Stop, *v.* to ſtand ſtill, detain, hinder, *B.*
Stop, *ſ.* a pauſe or ſtand, prohibition, a mark uſed in writing, regulation in muſic
Stópcock, *ſ.* a pipe ſtopped by a turning cock
Stóppage, *ſ.* obſtruction, hindrance
Stópple, *ſ.* a ſtopper of a veſſel, *T.*
Store, *ſ.* plenty, abundance
Store, *v.* to furniſh with ſtores
Stórehouſe, *ſ.* a magazine, repoſitory
Stóried, *a.* adorned with hiſtorical pictures
Storm, *ſ.* a tempeſt, or violence
Storm, *v.* to rage, attack by open force
Stórmy, *a.* boiſterous, tempeſtuous, paſſionate
Story, *ſ.* a hiſtory, a tale or fable, a floor up ſtairs
Stóry, *v.* to range in order, to relate
Storytéller, *ſ.* one who relates tales, a liar
Stove, *ſ.* a hothouſe, a kind of grate, *B.*
Stound, *ſ.* aſtoniſhment, ſorrow
Stout, *a.* ſtrong, bold, courageous
Stout, *ſ.* ſtrong brown beer
Stóutly, *ad.* luſtily, obſtinately, boldly
Stow, *v.* to lay up cloſe
Stówage, *ſ.* warehouſe-room, money paid for it
Stráddle, *v.* to place the legs wide aſunder
Strággle, *v.* to wander from one's company
Strággler, *ſ.* one who forſakes his company
Straight, *a.* right, direct, not crooked
Straight, *ad.* directly, immediately
Straighten, *v.* to make ſtraight
Straightways, *ad.* immediately
Strain, *v.* to ſqueeze through, make a violent effort
Strain, *ſ.* a tune or air, a ſtyle or manner of ſpeaking or writing
Strainer, *ſ.* an inſtrument of filtration
Strait, *ſ.* a paſſage between two ſeas
Straight, *a.* narrow
Stráiten, *v.* to make narrower, to diſtreſs
Stráitly, *ad.* intimately, cloſely, narrowly
Stráitneſs, *ſ.* narrowneſs, diſtreſs, want
Straitlaced, *a.* ſtiff, conſtrained
Strand, *ſ.* the bank of the ſea, a twiſt of a rope
Stránded, *a.* run aground, nonplus'd
Strange, *a.* unuſual, uncommon, ſurprizing
Strangely, *ad.* wonderfully
Stránganeſs, *ſ.* ſhyneſs, wonderfulneſs
Stránger, *ſ.* a foreigner, a perſon unknown
Strángle, *v.* to kill by ſtopping the breath
Stránglet, *ſ.* one who ſtrangles
Stránglings, *ſ.* choaking, throtling
Stránguary, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in which the urine is voided drop by drop
Strap, *ſ.* a ſlip of leather
Strappado, *ſ.* a cruel military torture
Strápping, *a.* bulky, large, well grown
Strata, *ſ.* beds or layers of different matter, *L.*
Stratagem, *ſ.* an artifice, *G.*
Strá um, *ſ.* a bed or layer of earth, ſtone, &c.
Straw, *ſ.* the ſtalks of corn
Strawberry, *ſ.* a well known fruit, *S.*
Strawcoloured, *a.* of a light yellow
Stray, *v.* to go aſtray, to rove
Stray, *ſ.* any thing loſt by wandering
Streak, *ſ.* a ſtripe, a line of colour
Streak, *v.* to make lines of a different colours
Streaky, *a.* ſtriped, variegated
Stream, *ſ.* a courſe or current of water
Stream, *v.* to flow, iſſue forth
Streamer, *ſ.* a pennant, flag, enſign
Streamy, *a.* flowing with a current
Street, *ſ.* a broad lane in a town
Streetwalker, *ſ.* a common ſtrumpet
Strength, *ſ.* ability, power, capacity of reſiſtance

Strengthen,

Strengthen, *v.* to make ſtrong, confirm
Strengthener, *ſ.* that gives ſtrength
Strénglhleſs, *a.* deprived of ſtrength
Strenuous, *a.* bold, vigorous, active
Strenuouſly, *ad.* vigorouſly
Streſs, *ſ.* force, importance
Stretch, *v.* to extend, draw out, or enlarge, make an effort, go beyond the truth
Stretch, *ſ.* extent, effort, ſtruggle, more than true
Strétchers, *ſ.* inſtruments of extenſion, a waterman's foot board
Strew, *v.* to ſcatter abroad
Stricken, *a.* ſmitten, advanced in years
Strickle, *ſ.* a thing to ſtrike over a meaſure of corn
Strict, *a.* exact, cloſe, rigid, punctual
Strictly, *ad.* rigorouſly, exactly
Strictneſs, *ſ.* cloſeneſs, ſeverity, exactneſs
Stricture, *ſ.* a contraction, ſlight touch upon a ſubject
Stride, *ſ.* a long ſtep
Stride, *v.* to take long ſteps
Strife, *ſ.* contention, diſpute, quarrel
Strike, *v.* to give a blow, daſh, make an impreſſion upon the mind or ſenſes
Strike, *ſ.* a buſhel
Striker, *ſ.* one who ſtrikes
Striking, *a.* ſurprizing, affecting
String, *ſ.* a ſmall cord, or any thing reſembling it, the chord of a muſical inſtrument
String, *v.* to put ſtrings upon, to put upon a ſtring
Stringed, *a.* having ſtrings
Stringleſs, *a.* having no ſtrings
Stringy, *a.* full of ſmall threads
Strip, *v.* to pull off, make naked
Stripe, *v.* to variegate with different lines
Strip, *ſ.* a narrow bit of any cloth or ſtuff
Stripe, *ſ.* a laſh with a rod or whip, a ſtreak
Stripling, *ſ.* a youth
Strive, *v.* to endeavour, ſtruggle
Stroke, *v.* did ſtrike
Stroke, *ſ.* a blow, a ſoft wipe with the hand
Stroke, *v.* to draw the hand lightly over
Stroll, *v.* to ramble, wander, rove
Stróller, *ſ.* a vagrant, vagabond
Strong, *a.* firm, potent, robuſt, vigorous
Stronghand, *ſ.* violence, force
Stróngly, *ad.* forcibly, powerfully
Strongwáter, *ſ.* diſtilled ſpirits
Stróphe, *ſ.* a ſtanza
Strúcture, *ſ.* an edifice, form, make
Strúggle, *v.* to ſtrive againſt, to kick out the legs, &c. in dying
Strúggle, *ſ.* agony, effort, labour
Strúma, *ſ.* a glandular ſwelling, the king's evil
Strúmous, *a.* belonging to the king's evil
Strúmpet, *ſ.* a common whore
Strut, *v.* to walk in a ſtiff affected manner, to ſwell
Stub, *ſ.* a thick ſtump, left when the reſt is cut off
Stub, *v.* to force up, root up
Stúbbed, *a.* ſhort and thick
Stúbbedneſs, *ſ.* a being thick and ſhort
Stúbble, *ſ.* ſhort ſtraw left after reaping
Stúbborn, *a.* inflexible, obſtinate, ſtiff
Stúbborneſs, *ſ.* contumacy, obſtinacy
Stúbby, *a.* covered with thick ſhort bits
Stúcco, *ſ.* fine plaſter-work
Stud, *ſ.* a ſtock of breeding mares, a kind of ſhirt button, *S.*
Stud, *v.* to adorn with knobs or ſtuds
Stúdent, *ſ.* a ſcholar
Studied, *a.* acquired by ſtudy, learned
Stúdious,

Stúdious, *a.* bookiſh, thoughtful, diligent
Stúdiouſly, *ad.* diligently, attentively
Stúdy, *ſ.* deep thought, application of mind to learn, a library, *L.*
Stúdy, *v.* to conſider attentively, meditate, muſe
Stuff, *ſ.* thin woollen cloths, &c. matter, a general name for any materials, *Du.*
Stuff, *v.* to cram or fill
Stúffing, *ſ.* what fills any thing, reliſhing ingredients put into meat
Stum, *ſ.* unfermented wine
Stúmble, *v.* to trip or be ready to fall, to light on by chance
Stúmble, *ſ.* a failure, trip, blunder
Stúmbler, *ſ.* one who ſtumbles
Stúmblingblock, *ſ.* a cauſe of offence
Stump, *ſ.* what is left after the principal part is broken or cut off, *Ger.*
Stúmpy, *a.* hard, ſtiff, full of ſtumps
Stun, *v.* to render ſtupid by a blow or noiſe
Stunt, *v.* to ſtop the growth
Stupe, *ſ.* a liquid made for a fermentation
Stupefáction, *ſ.* a being made ſtupid
Stupefáctive, *a.* cauſing inſenſibility
Stupéndous, *a.* amazing, aſtoniſhing
Stúpid, *a.* dull, ſenſeleſs, heavy
Stúpidity, *ſ.* dullneſs
Stupifi'er, *ſ.* which cauſes ſtupidity
Stúpify, *v.* to render ſtupid
Stúpor, *ſ.* a deprivation of ſenſe
Stúrdily, *ad.* ſtoutly, boldly, reſolutely
Stúrdineſs, *ſ.* ſtrength, ſtoutneſs
Sturdy, *a.* ſtout, hardy, ſtrong
Sturk, *ſ.* a young ox or heifer
Stutter, *v.* to ſtammer
Stútterer, *ſ.* a ſtammerer
Sty, *ſ.* a place for hogs, a red ſwelling on the eyelid
Sty'gian, *a.* helliſh, infernal
Style, *ſ.* a manner of writing, *G.*
Style, *v.* to entitle, call, name
Sty'ptic, *a.* aſtringent, able to ſtop bleeding
Sty'thy, *v.* to forge on an anvil
Suáſible, *a.* eaſy to be perſuaded
Suáſion, *ſ.* perſuaſion or argument
Suaſive, *a.* having power to perſuade
Suáſory, *a.* having tendency to perſuade
Suávity, *ſ.* good temper, ſweetneſs
Subácid, *a.* a little ſour
Súbaltern, *ſ.* an inferior, ſubordinate
Subaltérnate, *a.* ſucceeding by turns, *L.*
Subalterns, *ſ.* inferior officers
Subalávian, *a.* under the armpit
Subcutáneous, *a.* lying under the ſkin
Subdéacon, *ſ.* an order in the church of Rome
Subdéan, *ſ.* a dignified clergyman next to a dean
Súbdivide, *v.* to divide what has been divided
Subdelegate, *ſ.* a deputy
Subdiviſion, *ſ.* the act of ſubdividing
Súbdolous, *a.* ſly, ſubtle, cunning
Subdúct, *v.* to ſubtract
Subdúe, *v.* to conquer, or bring into ſubjection, *L.*
Súbject, *v.* to ſubdue, make liable
Súbject, *ſ.* one under the authority of a prince or ſtate, the matter treated of, a thing to which qualities are joined
Súbject, *a.* obliged to, put under, expoſed
Subjéction, *ſ.* a being ſubject
Subjoin, *v.* to add or join to, *L.*
Subitáneous, *a.* haſty, ſudden
Súbjugate, *v.* to ſubdue or bring under the yoke, *L.*
Sublápſary, *a.* done after the fall of man

Sublátion,

Sub'ation, *ſ.* the act of taking away
Sublimable, *a.* that may be ſublimed
Súblimate, *ſ.* quickſilver prepared by fire
Súblimate, *v.* to raiſe by chemical fire, *L.*
Sublimátion, *ſ.* a chemical operation by fire
Sublíme, *a.* lofty, high, grand, *L.*
Sublíme. *See* Sublimate
Sublímely, *ad.* loftily
Sublímity, *ſ.* loftineſs, elevation
Sublunary, *a.* under the orb of the moon
Submarine, *a.* under the ſea
Submérge, *v.* to plunge under water, to drown
Submérſion, *ſ.* the act of drowning
Submiſſion, *ſ.* reſpect, obedience, reſignation
Submíſſive, *a.* humble, reſpectful, obedient
Submíſſively, *ad.* with ſubmiſſion
Submíſſiveneſs, *ſ.* obſequiouſneſs, humility
Submít, *v.* to humble one's ſelf, conform, refer, *L.*
Subórdinancy, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſubject
Subórdinate, *a.* inferior, *L.*
Subordinátion, *ſ.* the ſtate of being inferior
Suborn, *v.* to ſeduce, or bring in a falſe witneſs
Subornation, *ſ.* the act of ſeducing
Subpœ'na, *ſ.* a writ to ſummon witneſſes
Subretítious, . *See* Surreptitious
Subſcríbe, *v.* to ſign a writing
Subſcríber, *ſ.* one who ſubſcribes or contributes
Subſcríption, *ſ.* ſigning a writing, money ſubſcribed
Subſéction, *ſ.* a ſection of a ſection
Súbſequent, *a.* following next in order
Súbſequently, *ad.* in conſequence
Subſerviency, and Subſervience, *ſ.* a being ſubſervient
Subſérvient, *a.* ſubordinent, inſtrumental
Subſi'de, *v.* to ſettle or ſink to the bottom
Subſi'dence, and Subſi'dency, *ſ.* a tendency downwards
Subſi'diary, *a.* given or ſent to the aid of another
Súbſidy, *ſ.* aid in money
Subſi'ſt, *v.* to continue, to live
Subſi'ſtent, *a.* having real being
Subſiſtence, *ſ.* continuance, food, livelihood
Súbſtance, *ſ.* eſſence, matter, eſtate, goods
Subſtantial, *a.* eſſential, wealthy, ſtrong, material
Subſtantiálity, *ſ.* corporiety, materiality
Subſtántially, *ad.* really, truly, ſtrongly
Subſtántialneſs, *ſ.* power, ſtrength, firmneſs
Súbſtantive, *ſ.* the name of a perſon or thing
Súbſtitute, *v.* to put in the room of another
Súbſtitute, *ſ.* one who acts for another, *L.*
Subſtract. *See* Subtract
Súbterfuge, *ſ.* a ſhift, evaſion
Subterráneous, *a.* under ground
Subterránean, *a.* alſo under ground
Súbtile, *a.* thin, piercing, crafty
Súbtilely, *ad.* cunningly
Súbtilty, *ſ.* thinneſs, cunning
Súbtilize, *v.* to rarify or render ſubtile
Subtract, *v.* to take a leſs number from a greater
Subtraction, *ſ.* a taking a ſum or part away
Súbtle, *a.* ſharp, witty, cunning
Subvérſe, *v.* to ſubvert, overthrow
Subvérſion, *ſ.* overthrow, ruin, deſtruction
Subvérſive, *a.* tending to overturn
Subvért, *v.* to overturn or deſtroy
Subvérter, *ſ.* a deſtroyer, overthrower
Súburbs, *ſ.* the part of a city without the walls

Súburban, *a.* inhabiting the ſuburbs
Succedáneous, *a.* ſupplying the place
Succedáneum, *ſ.* a medicine ſubſtituted in the place of another
Succeéd, *v.* to follow, proſper, *L.*
Succéſs, *ſ.* a proſperous event, happy iſſue
Succéſsful, *a.* fortunate, proſperous
Succéſsfully, *ad.* proſperouſly
Succéſſion, *ſ.* ſeries, ſucceeding to an inheritance, lineage
Succéſſive, *a.* that follows in regular order
Succéſſively, *ad.* in regular order
Succéſsleſs, *a.* without ſucceſs
Succéſſor, *ſ.* one who ſucceeds another
Succinct, *a.* brief, conciſe, comprehenſive
Succinctly, *ad.* conciſely, briefly
Súccory, *ſ.* a plant named wild endive
Súccour, *v.* to aſſiſt in diſtreſs, to help
Súccour, *ſ.* help, relief, aid
Súccourleſs, *a.* void of help or friends
Súcculency, *ſ.* juicineſs
Súcculent, *a.* full of juice, *L.*
Succúmb, *v.* to ſink under, *L.*
Suck, *v.* to imbibe, draw in with the mouth
Suck, *ſ.* the act of ſucking
Súcker, *ſ.* the piſton of a pump, a young ſhoot growing from a root
Súckle, *v.* to give ſuck, *S.*
Súckling, *ſ.* the act of giving ſuck, a lamb that ſucks the dam
Súction, *ſ.* the act of ſucking
Súdatory, *ſ.* a bagnio or ſweating houſe
Súdden, *a.* haſty, quick, unlooked for
Súddenly, *ad.* in an unexpected manner
Súddenneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſudden
Sudórific, *a.* promoting, or cauſing ſweat
Suds, *ſ.* ſoapy water
Sue, *v.* to proſecute at law, to ſolicit or petition for
Súet, *ſ.* the kidney fat of beaſts
Súety, *a.* reſembling ſuet
Súffer, *v.* to permit, give leave, endure, *F.*
Súfferable, *a.* tolerable
Súfferance, *ſ.* permiſſion, leave, toleration
Súfferer, *ſ.* who bears loſs, pain, or puniſhment
Súffering, *ſ.* pain ſuffered
Suffi'ce, *v.* to be ſufficient, to ſatisfy
Suffi'ciency, *ſ.* adequate ſupply, capacity, ability
Suffi'cient, *a.* qualified for, equal to
Suffi'ciently, *ad.* enough
Súffocate, *v.* to ſtifle or ſmother, *L.*
Suffocátion, *ſ.* a ſtifling
Súffragan, *ſ.* a biſhop under an archbiſhop
Súffrage, *ſ.* a vote given in an aſſembly
Suffumigátion, *ſ.* a ſteam from a decoction of herbs, &c.
Suffúſe, *v.* to ſpread over
Suffúſion, *ſ.* a pouring abroad, a ſpreading upon
Súgar, *ſ.* the eſſential ſalt of the ſugar cane
Súgar, *v.* to ſweeten with ſugar
Súgary, *a.* ſweet, taſting of ſugar
Suggéſt, *v.* to hint, intimate
Suggéſtion, *ſ.* an inſinuation or hint
Súicide, *ſ.* a ſelf-murderer, *L.*
Suit, *ſ.* a proceſs, a requeſt or petition, a coat, waiſtcoat and breeches, a ſet
Suit, *v.* to accord, agree, to be fitted to
Súitable, *a* agreeable, convenient
Súitableneſs, *ſ.* fitneſs
Súitably, *ad.* according to, agreeably
Súitor, *ſ.* one who ſues for a place, or courts a woman
Súitreſs, *ſ.* a female petitioner
Súllen, *a.* gloomy, dark, dull, angry
Súllenly, *ad.* gloomily

Súllenneſs, *ſ.* gloomineſs, moroſeneſs
Súlly, *v.* to tarniſh, defile, blemiſh
Súlphur, *ſ.* brimſtone, *L.*
Sulphúreous, *a.* containing ſulphur
Súltan, *ſ.* the grand ſeignior
Sultána and Súltanneſs, *ſ.* the Turkiſh empreſs
Súltrineſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſultry
Súltry, *a.* hot without wind
Sum, *ſ.* the whole of any thing, abſtract
Súmleſs, *a.* not to be computed
Súmmarily, *ad.* briefly
Súmmary, *ſ.* an epitomy, or abridgment
Súmmary, *a.* ſhort, conciſe, *L.*
Súmmer, *ſ.* one of the four ſeaſons of the year, a principal beam
Súmmer-houſe, *ſ.* an apartment in the garden
Súmmit, *ſ.* the top
Súmmon, *v.* to cite a perſon to appear
Súmmoner, *ſ.* one who cites perſons to appear
Súmmons, *ſ.* a citation, call of authority
Súmpterhorſe, *ſ.* a horſe of ſtate
Súmptuary, *a.* reſtraining expences
Súmptuous, *a.* expenſive, ſtately, magnificent
Súmptuouſly, *ad* expenſively
Súmptuouſneſs, *ſ.* expenſiveneſs, ſplendor
Sun, *ſ.* the luminary of the day, *Ger.*
Sun, *v.* to expoſe to the ſun
Sunbeams, *ſ.* the rays of the ſun
Súnburnt, *a.* ſcorched or tanned by the ſun
Súnday, *ſ.* the firſt day in the week
Súnder, *v.* to ſeparate or divide
Sun-dial, *ſ.* a plane to ſhew time by the ſun
Súndry, *a.* various, different
Súnny, *a.* expoſed to the ſun, bright
Súnriſe, and Súnriſing, *ſ.* when the ſun firſt appears above the horiſon
Súnſet, *ſ.* the evening when he deſcends below the horizon
Súnſhine, *ſ.* the luſtre of the ſun
Súnſhiny, *a.* bright with the ſun
Sup, *v.* to drink by ſups, to eat a ſupper, *F.*
Sup, *ſ.* a mouthful of liquor
Superbóund, *v.* to have more than enough, *L.*
Superabúndance, *ſ.* a great ſuperfluity
Superabúndant, *a.* being more than enough
Súperadd, *v.* to add over and above, *L.*
Superánnuate, *v.* to diſqualify by age
Superánnuated, *a.* impaired, or worn out by age
Superannuátion, *ſ.* diſqualification by age
Supérb, *a.* pompous, magnificent
Supercargo, *ſ.* an officer to manage trade
Supercílious, *a.* haughty, arrogant, dogmatical, *L.*
Supercíliouſly, *ad.* contemptuouſly
Supercíliouſneſs, *ſ.* haughtineſs
Superéminent, *a.* excelling, or above others, *L.*
Superérogate, *v.* to do more than duty
Supererogátion, *ſ.* a doing more than is required, *L.*
Superérogatory, *a.* beyond ſtrict duty
Superéxcellent, *a.* excellent in a high degree
Súperfices, *ſ.* outſide, ſurface
Superfi'cial, *a.* on the ſurface, ſhallow, *L.*
Superfi'cially, *ad.* without going deep
Superfine, *a.* very fine
Superflúity, *ſ.* whatever thing is more than neceſſary
Supérfluous, *a.* more than neceſſary
Supérfluouſneſs, *ſ.* a being ſuperfluous
Superinténd, *v.* to have chief management of
Superinténdence, and Superinténdency, *ſ.* the employment or office of a ſuperintendent

Superinténdent, *ſ.* a chief overſeer
Superiórity, *ſ.* pre-eminence
Supérior, *ſ.* a perſon more excellent, or dignified
Supérior, *a.* preferable, greater, higher
Supérlative, *a.* of the higheſt degree
Supérlatively, *ad.* in the higheſt degree
Superlúnar, *a.* above the moon
Supernal, *a.* celeſtial
Supernátural, *a.* above the courſe of nature
Supernáturally, *ad.* in a ſupernatural manner
Supernúmerary, *a.* more than the limited number, *L.*
Superſcríbe, *v.* to write either over or on the outſide, to direct a letter
Superſcription, *ſ.* a writing on the outſide
Superſéde, *v.* to ſet aſide, make void
Superſédeas, *ſ.* a writ to ſtop proceedings
Superſtition, *ſ.* miſtaken devotion or religion
Superſtítious, *a.* weak, bigotted, or filled with groundleſs fears
Superſtítiouſly, *ad.* in a ſuperſtitious manner
Superſtrúcture, *ſ.* what is built on ſome other
Supervéne, *v.* to come unlooked for
Supervénient, *a.* added, additional
Supervéntion, *ſ.* a coming upon one ſuddenly, *L.*
Supervíſe, *v.* to inſpect, overlook, overſee, *L.*
Supervíſor, *ſ.* an overſeer, or inſpector
Supíne, *a.* idle, careleſs, indolent, *L.*
Supinely, *ad.* indolently
Súpper, *ſ.* the laſt meal of the day
Súpperleſs, *a.* without a ſupper
Supplánt, *v.* to get by diſplacing another
Supplánter, *ſ.* one who ſupplants another
Súpple, *a.* pliant, flexible, yielding
Súpple, *v.* to render ſoft, pliant or limber
Súpplement, *ſ.* an appendage to a book
Suppleméntal, and Suppleméntary, *a* additional
Súppliant, or Súpplicant, *ſ.* a petitioner, *L.*
Súpplicate, *v.* to implore, or humbly intreat, *L.*
Supplicátion, *ſ.* a ſubmiſſive petition
Supply', *v.* to furniſh or provide, relieve
Supply', *ſ.* aid, relief
Suppórt, *v.* to prop or bear up, to maintain
Suppórt, *ſ.* prop, ſupply, maintenance
Suppórtable, *a.* that may be ſupported
Suppórter, *ſ.* a baſis, a prop, one who ſupports
Suppóſable, *a.* that may be ſuppoſed
Suppóſal, *ſ.* a propoſition without proof
Suppóſe, *v.* to imagine, take for granted
Suppoſi'tion, *ſ.* an imagination, a thing taken for granted, an uncertain allegation
Suppoſititious, *a.* falſe, counterfeit
Suppréſs, *v.* to ſubdue, conceal, keep under
Suppréſſion, *ſ.* aboliſhing, concealing, a ſtoppage
Súppurate, *v.* to run or void matter, *L.*
Suppurátion, *ſ.* the ripening of ſores, *L.*
Suppúrative, *a.* that brings to a ſuppuration
Superlápſary, *a.* antecedent to the fall
Suprémacy, *ſ.* ſupreme power
Supreme, *a.* higheſt in authority
Suprémely, *ad.* in the higheſt degree
Surceáſe, *v.* to deſiſt, or give over
Surchárge, *ſ.* an overburthen
Surchárge, *v.* to overcharge, or overload, *F.*
Surcingle, *ſ.* a girth, a girdle of a caſſock, *L.*
Sure, *a.* certain, ſafe, ſecure, truſty, faithful, *L.*
Surefóoted, *a.* not given to ſtumble
Súrely, *ad.* undoubtedly, certainly
Súretiſhip, *ſ.* the ſituation of one bound for another
Súrety, *ſ.* ſafety, ſecurity, bail, hoſtage

Súrface, *ſ.* the ſuperficies, or outſide, *F.*
Súrfeit, *ſ.* ſickneſs cauſed by overcharging the ſtomach
Súrfeit, *v.* to make ſick with eating, to cloy, *F.*
Surge, *ſ.* a ſwelling wave breaking on the ſhore
Surge, *v.* to riſe high, ſwell
Súrgeon, *ſ.* one who is ſkilled in ſurgery
Súrgery, *ſ.* the art of healing wounds, *G.*
Súrlily, *ad.* in a moroſe manner
Súrlineſs, *ſ.* moroſeneſs
Súrly, *a.* rough, ſour, uncivil, *S.*
Surmíſe, *v.* to imagine or conjecture, *F.*
Surmíſe, *ſ.* ſuſpicion, thought, opinion
Surmoúnt, *v.* to riſe above, overcome
Surmoúntable, *a.* conquerable
Súrname, *ſ.* a family name
Surpáſs, *v.* to exceed, to excel, *F.*
Surpáſſing, *a.* excellent in a high degree
Súrplice, *ſ.* a clergyman's white garment, *F.*
Súrplus, and Súrpluſage, *ſ.* overplus, *L.*
Surpríſal, and Surpríſe, *ſ.* a ſudden aſſault, aſtoniſhment, *F.*
Surpríſe, *v.* to come upon unawares, to aſtoniſh, *F.*
Surpríſing, *a.* wonderful
Surrénder, *v.* to yield up, *F.*
Surrénder, and Surréndery, *ſ.* the act of yielding
Surreptítious, *a.* done by ſtealth
Súrrogate, *ſ.* a deputy, a delegate, *L.*
Surroúnd, *v.* to environ
Surtoút, *ſ.* a kind of ſtrait great coat
Survéne, *v.* to ſupervene
Survey, *v.* to look on all ſides, ſuperintend, meaſure land, *F.*
Survey, *ſ.* view, meaſure
Survey'or, *ſ.* an overſeer, one who meaſures land
Survey'orſhip, *ſ.* the office of ſurveyor
Survíve, *v.* to outlive another
Survivor, *ſ.* the longeſt liver
Survivorſhip, *ſ.* the ſtate of a ſurvivor
Suſánna, *ſ.* a woman's name
Suſceptibility, *ſ.* the quality of admitting
Suſcéptible, *a.* apt to receive impreſſions, *L.*
Suſcéptive, *a.* capable of admitting
Suſcipient, *ſ.* one who admits or receives
Suſpéct, *v.* to miſtruſt, *L.*
Suſpend, *v.* to hang, delay, put off
Suſpénſe, *ſ.* doubt, uncertainty
Suſpénſion, *ſ.* a being ſuſpended
Suſpicion, *ſ.* jealouſy, diſtruſt
Suſpícious, *a.* diſtruſtful, liable to be ſuſpected, *L.*
Suſtain, *v.* to bear, uphold, ſupport
Suſtenance, *ſ.* food, nouriſhment
Sútler, *ſ.* one who ſells proviſions
Súture, *ſ.* a joining of the bones in the head, ſewing of wounds
Swábber, *ſ.* one who waſhes the decks of a ſhip
Swáddle, *v.* to ſwathe, to beat
Swag, *v.* to ſink down by its own weight
Swágger, *v.* to bully, boaſt, hector
Swággerer, *ſ.* a bully, boaſter
Swain, *ſ.* a countryman, a paſtoral youth
Swállow, *ſ.* a bird of paſſage, a flying ſea-fiſh, the throat
Swállow, *v.* to let down the throat
Swamp, *ſ.* a marſh, or fen
Swámpy, *a.* fenny, boggy
Swan, *ſ.* a fine large water fowl, *Ger.*
Swánſkin, *ſ.* a kind of fine flannel
Swap, or Swop, *v.* to make an exchange
Sward, *ſ.* green-turf, the rind of bacon

Swarm, *ſ.* a multitude, crowd
Swarm, *v.* to ſettle in a large cluſter, to abound
Swarth, *ſ.* tawny, gloomy
Swárthineſs, *ſ.* tawnineſs
Swárthy, *a.* brown, tawny
Swath, *ſ.* a fillet, a line of graſs cut down
Swathe, *v.* to bind up with a roller
Sway, *v.* to hold or wield, to govern
Sway, *ſ.* influence, rule, power
Sweale, *v.* to melt, blaze away
Swear, *v.* to declare upon oath, *Ger.*
Sweárer, *ſ.* one who ſwears wantonly
Sweat, *ſ.* moiſture perſpired through the pores, *Ger.*
Sweat, *v.* to emit ſweat
Sweaty, *a.* wet or moiſt with ſweat
Sweep, *v.* to clean with a broom, bruſh, &c.
Sweep, *ſ.* a circular motion made with compaſſes, &c.
Sweepings, *ſ.* what is ſwept away
Sweépſtake, *ſ.* that which wins all
Sweet, *a.* luſcious, beloved, grateful, gentle, mild, not ſtale, melodious
Sweetbread, *ſ.* the pancreas
Sweétbriar, *ſ.* a fragrant ſhrub
Sweéten, *v.* to make ſweet, ſoften or alleviate
Sweétheart, *ſ.* a lover, or miſtreſs
Sweétiſh, *a.* ſomewhat ſweet
Sweétly, *ad.* in a ſweet manner
Sweétmeats, *ſ.* fruit, &c. preſerved with ſugar
Sweétneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being ſweet
Sweetwilliam, *ſ.* a flower
Swell, *v.* to riſe up, to look big, *Ger.*
Swell, *ſ.* extenſion of bulk, increaſe
Swélling, *ſ.* a morbid tumour, a prominence
Swélter, *v.* to be incommoded with heat
Swéltry, *a.* ſuffocating with heat
Swerve, *v.* to deviate or wander from
Swift, *a.* quick, fleet
Swiftneſs, *ſ.* rapidity, nimbleneſs
Swig, *v.* to drink large draughts
Swill, *v.* to ſuck down liquor like a hog
Swim, *v.* to float or move on the water, to be dizzy
Swimmer, *ſ.* one who ſwims
Swimmingly, *ad.* ſmoothly, without obſtruction
Swine, *ſ.* hogs, *S.*
Swineherd, *ſ.* a feeder of ſwine
Swing, *v.* to move to and fro while hanging
Swing, *ſ.* a waving motion, unreſtrained liberty
Swinge, *v.* to chaſtiſe ſeverely, *S.*
Swingeing, *a.* a childiſh word for exceeding great
Swingingly, *ad.* greatly, vaſtly
Swiniſh, *a.* filthy, greedy, like a ſwine
Switch, *ſ.* a ſmall twig
Switch, *v.* to laſh, jerk
Swivel, *ſ.* a ring of metal that turns about either way
Swoon, *v.* to faint away
Swoon, *ſ.* a fainting fit
Swoop, *v.* in falconry, to fly down haſtily
Swoop, *ſ.* the fall of a bird of prey
Swop, *v.* to change one thing for another
Sword, *ſ.* a well known weapon
Swórdknot, *ſ.* a ribband tied to the hilt of the ſword
Swórdſman, *ſ.* one ſkilled in fencing
Swórdplayer, *ſ.* a prizefighter
Sworn, *part.* qualified by oath
Sy'cophant, *ſ.* a paraſite, a flatterer, *G.*
Sycophántic, *a.* paraſitical flattering

Sy'llable, *ſ.* an articulate ſound formed of one or more letters, *G.*
Sy'llabub, *ſ.* wine and milk, &c.
Sy'llabus, *ſ.* heads of a lectur , abſtract
Sy'llogiſm, *ſ.* a logical way of arguing, *G.*
Syllogiſtical, *a.* conſiſting of a ſyllogiſm
Sy'lvan, *a.* belonging to woods and groves
Sy'mbol, *ſ.* a ſign or token, a type
Symbólical, *a.* myſtical, belonging to a ſymbol
Symbólically, *ad.* typically
Symmétrical, *a.* proportionate
Sy'mmetry, *ſ.* a juſt proportion of parts
Sympathétic, *a.* of or belonging to ſympathy
Symphathétically, *ad.* with mutual ſenſation
Sy'mpathize, *v.* to ſhare in the pleaſure, joy, pain, or ſorrow of another
Sy'mpathy, *ſ.* a fellow-feeling, compaſſion, *G.*
Symphónious, *a.* harmonious
Sy'mphony, *ſ.* a melodious air played by inſtruments alone, *G.*
Sy'mptom, *ſ.* a ſign, indication
Symptomátical, and Symptomátic, *a.* attended with ſymptoms
Sy'nagogue, *ſ.* a place of Jewiſh worſhip, *G.*
Sy'ncope, *ſ.* among phyſicians, a fainting, *G.*
Sy'nod, *ſ.* a general meeting of the clergy, *G.*
Synódical, *a.* belonging to, or done in a ſynod
Synónimous, *a.* words of like ſignification
Synópſis, *ſ.* a general view, epitome
Syntáctical, *a.* relating to ſyntax
Sy'ntax, *ſ.* the conſtruction of words
Synthétic, *a.* compounding, conjoining
Sy'phon, *ſ.* a pipe, a tube
Syringe, *ſ.* a ſquirt for the ejection of liquids
Sy'ringe, *v.* to waſh with a ſyringe
Sy'rup, *ſ.* a thick and ſweet liquor
Sy'ſtem, *ſ.* a ſet of connected principles
Syſtematical, *a.* belonging to, or reduced into a ſyſtem
Sy'ſtole, *ſ.* a contraction, or drawing together

T.

T. In muſic books ſtands for the Italian word *tutti*, or all together
T. D. Theologiæ doctor, or doctor of divinity
Tábitha, *ſ.* a woman's name
Tábby, *ſ.* a thick wheeled ſilk
Tábby, *a.* white with waves of black
Táber, *ſ.* a ſmall drum with one ſtick
Tábernacle, *ſ.* a temporary place of worſhip
Tábid, *a.* dry, lean, conſumptive
Táblature, *ſ.* the painting on walls, &c.
Táble *ſ.* a piece of houſhold furniture, any flat ſurface, contents of a book, *F.*
Táble, *v.* to board
Table-beér, *ſ.* beer uſed at meals
Táblecloth, *ſ.* linen ſpread on the table
Tábles, *ſ.* a game ſo called
Táble-talk, *ſ.* converſation at meals
Táblet, *ſ.* a ſmall table
Tábour, *ſ.* *See* Taber
Tábular, *a.* of, or belonging to a table
Tácit, *a.* implied, not expreſſed, *L.*
Tácitly, *ad.* ſilently
Tacitúrnity, *ſ.* habitual ſilence
Tack, *ſ.* a ſmall nail, a turn of a ſhip
Tack, *v.* to faſten with tacks, ſew ſlightly, turn about
Táckle, or Táckling, *ſ.* the ropes, blocks, &c. of a ſhip
Tácktic, *a.* relating to the art of war
Tácktics, *ſ.* the art of diſpoſing an army in order of battle, *G.*

Táction,

Táction, *ſ.* the act of touching
Tádpole, *ſ.* a young frog before it is perfectly formed
Táffeta, or Táffety, *ſ.* a ſlight ſilk
Tag, *ſ.* the point of a lace, *I.*
Tag, *v.* to fix on a tag
Tail, *ſ.* a well known part of a beaſt, bird, or fiſh
Tailor, *ſ.* a maker of mens cloaths
Taint, *v.* to corrupt, to infect
Tainted, *a.* corrupted, having an ill ſmell
Taintleſs, *a.* free from taint
Take, *v.* to receive, to ſeize or lay hold on
Táker, *ſ.* one who takes
Táking, *ſ.* diſtreſs
Tálbot, *ſ.* a large dog with a quick ſcent
Tale, *ſ.* a fictitious ſtory, a fable
Talebearer, *ſ.* a ſpreader of tales
Tálent, *ſ.* genius, capacity
Táliſman, *ſ.* a magical character
Talk, *v.* to confer, reaſon, ſpeak
Tálk, *ſ.* converſation, rumour, a mineral
Tálkative, *a.* full of talk
Tálkativeneſs, *ſ.* loquacity
Tálker, *ſ.* a boaſting perſon, pratler
Tall, *a.* high, lofty
Tállage, *ſ.* a duty upon goods, exported and imported
Tállow, *ſ.* the fat of beaſts melted
Tállow, *v.* to greaſe with tallow
Tallowchándler, *ſ.* who makes tallow candles
Tálly, *ſ.* two thin pieces of wood equally notched
Tálly, *v.* to fit, to ſuit, to conform
Tállyman, *ſ.* one who ſells cloaths on credit, to be paid by weekly payments
Tálmud, *ſ.* two books of Jewiſh traditions, *H.*

Tálon, *ſ.* the claw of a bird of prey, *F.*
Támarind, *ſ.* an acid fruit
Tame, *ſ.* gentle, not wild, *S.*
Tame, *v.* to make gentle
Támely, *ad.* quietly, without reſiſtance
Támeneſs, *ſ.* the quality of being tame
Támkin, *ſ.* the ſtopple of a great gun
Támper, *v.* to practice upon, endeavour to corrupt
Tan, *v.* to cure hides, become ſun-burnt
Tang, *ſ.* a ſtrong taſte, reliſh, ſound
Tangibility, *ſ.* a being perceived by the touch
Tángible, *a.* which may be touched
Tángle. *See* Entangle
Tank, *ſ.* a large ciſtern to keep water in
Tánkard, *ſ.* a drinking pot with a lid
Tánner, *ſ.* one who tans hides
Tántalize, *v.* to deceive with falſe hopes
Tantamount, *ſ.* equivalent, *F.*
Tantiv'y, *ſ.* taſt, full ſpeed
Tap, *v.* to broach, touch ſoftly
Tap, *ſ.* a ſpigot and fawcet, a little blow
Tape, *ſ.* a narrow linen binding
Táper, *ſ.* a long wax light, a candle, *S.*
Táper, *v.* to grow ſmaller
Tápeſtry, *ſ.* cloth or ſilk wove in pictures
Tápſter, *ſ.* one who draws drink
Tar, *ſ.* the juice of pines, a ſailor
Tar, *v.* to ſmear with tar
Tarántula, *ſ.* a venomous ſpider
Tárdineſs, *ſ.* a ſlowneſs
Tárdy, *a.* ſlow, dull, negligent, in a fault
Tare, *ſ.* allowance in weight
Tárget, *ſ.* a ſhield or buckler
Táriff, *ſ.* a cartel of commerce, *F.*
Tárniſh, *v.* to ſully, ſoil, *F.*
Tarpaw'ling, *ſ.* a tarred canvaſs, a ſeaman

Tárrier, *ſ.* a ſmall dog
Tárry, *v.* to ſtay or loiter
Tart, *a.* eager, acid, ſevere.
Tart, *ſ.* a ſmall fruit pie, *F.*
Tartáne, *ſ.* a large ſhip uſed in the Mediterranean
Tártar, *ſ.* a native of Tartary, wine lees
Tartárean, *a.* belonging to Tartarus
Tártarus, *a.* the poetical hell
Tártly, *ad.* ſeverely, ſharply
Tártneſs, *ſ.* acrimony, ſharpneſs
Taſk, *ſ.* a buſineſs impoſed, employment
Taſk, *v.* to impoſe ſomething to be done
Taſkmaſter, *ſ.* one who impoſes taſks
Táſſel, *ſ.* a male hawk, a bunch of fringe
Táſſelled, *a.* adorned with taſſels
Taſte, *ſ.* one of the five ſenſes, ſavour, reliſh, a ſenſe of propriety and beauty
Táſter, *ſ.* a cup uſed by coopers, one who takes the firſt bit or drop
Táſteleſs, *a.* inſipid, without taſte
Tátter, *v.* to make ragged, rend, tear
Tátter, *ſ.* a rag
Tatterdemálion, *ſ.* a ragged fellow
Táttle, *v.* to talk idly, to prate
Táttle, or tattling, *ſ.* prattle
Táttler, *ſ.* a trifling talker
Tattoo, *ſ.* a drum beating to quarters
Tawdry, or Tawdry, *a.* ſhowy, ridiculouſly gay
Távern, *ſ.* a houſe where wine is ſold retail
Taught, *v.* did teach
Taunt, *v.* to ridicule, revile, inſult
Taunt, *ſ.* a reproachful biting jeſt
Táuntingly, *ad.* ſaucily, with inſult
Tautólogy, *ſ.* a needleſs repetition, *G.*
Taw, *v.* to dreſs white alum leather
Taw, *ſ.* a marble to play with
Taw'dry, *a.* *See* Taudry
Taw'er, *ſ.* a dreſſer of white leather
Taw'ny, *a.* the colour of tann'd leather
Tax, *ſ.* a tribute or duty
Tax, *v.* to lay a tax, accuſe, *F.*
Táxable, *a.* that may be taxed
Taxátion, *ſ.* a laying of taxes
Tea, *ſ.* the leaf of an Indian ſhrub
Téach, *v.* to inſtruct
Teáchable, *a.* capable of being taught
Teácher, *ſ.* a miniſter, a ſchoolmaſter
Teágue, *ſ.* a mean Iriſhman
Teale, *ſ.* a kind of wild fowl
Team, *ſ.* a number of horſes ſet to draw a waggon, &c.
Tear, *v.* to rend or pull in pieces
Tears, *ſ.* watery drops iſſuing from the eyes.
Teaſe, *v.* to pull out wool, to vex, *B.*
Teáſer, *ſ.* one who teaſes
Teat, *ſ.* the nipple of a beaſt
Téchnical, *a.* belonging to an art or ſcience, *G.*
Ted, *v.* to lay mown graſs in rows
Te Deum, *ſ.* a hymn of thankſgiving, *L.*
Tédious, *a.* ſlow, long, prolix
Tédiouſneſs, *ſ.* tireſomeneſs
Teem, *v.* to pour, to bring forth young
Teeming, *a.* fruitful
Teens, *ſ.* numbers ending in ten, as thirteen, fourteen
Teeth, *ſ.* the plural of tooth
Tégument, *ſ.* a ſkin or covering
Téleſcope, *ſ.* an inſtrument for viewing objects at a great diſtance, *G.*
Tell, *v* to relate, to count, or number
Tellers, *ſ.* officers who receive and pay money
Temarárious, *a.* heedleſs, raſh
Temérity, *ſ.* raſhneſs, *L.*

Témper,

Témper, *ſ.* conſtitution of body, diſpoſition of mind, ſelf command, *L.*
Témper, *v.* to mix, qualify, make fit
Témperament, *ſ.* conſtitution, medium, *L.*
Témperance, *ſ.* moderation, ſobriety, *L.*
Témperate, *a.* moderate, ſober
Témperately, *ad.* calmly, moderately
Témperature, *ſ.* temperament
Témpered, *a.* diſpoſed, well hardened by fire
Témpeſt, *ſ.* a violent ſtorm of wind, tumult
Tempéſtuous, *a.* ſtormy, boiſterous
Témple, *ſ.* a church, upper part of the ſides of the head
Témplet, *ſ.* a ſmall piece of timber in building
Témporal, *a.* continuing only for a time, ſecular, placed at the temples
Temporálity, and temporals, *ſ.* ſecular poſſeſſions
Témporally, *ad.* with reſpect to this life
Témporary, *a.* only for a time, tranſient
Témporize, *v.* to comply with the times, *L.*
Tempt, *v.* to ſolicit or entice, to try
Témpter, *ſ.* Satan, an enticer
Temptátion, *ſ.* an allurement, or enticement
Ten, *a.* the number x. or 10
Ténable, *a.* that may be held or defended, *F.*
Tenácious, *a.* cohéſive, holding faſt
Tenacity, *ſ.* a ſtiffneſs in opinion
Ténancy, *ſ.* a temporary poſſeſſion
Ténant, *ſ.* one that holds lands, &c. of another
Ténantable, *a.* in good repair
Tench, *ſ.* a freſh water fiſh
Tend, *v.* to incline, aim at, take care of
Téndence. *See* Attendance
Téndency, *ſ.* aim, drift, courſe
Ténder, *a.* ſoft, kind, good natured
Ténder, *v.* to offer for acceptance
Ténder, *ſ.* an offer, a ſmall veſſel that attends a man of war, *F.*
Tenderhéarted, *a.* compaſſionate
Tenderling, *ſ.* the firſt horns of a deer
Ténderly, *ad.* kindly, ſoftly, gently
Ténderneſs, *ſ.* kindneſs, ſoreneſs, not hardy
Téndinous, *a.* containing tendons, ſinewy
Tendon, *ſ.* ſinews annexed to the muſcles and bones, *L.*
Tendrils, *ſ.* the claſpers of vines, &c.
Tenébrious, *a.* dark, gloomy, *L.*
Tenebrósity, *ſ.* darkneſs, gloom, *L.*
Ténement, *ſ.* a houſe held of another
Tenéſmus, *ſ.* a continual deſire to go to ſtool, *L.*
Ténet, *ſ.* a doctrine, or opinion
Ténnis, *ſ.* a play with a ball and racket
Ténon, *ſ.* the part of a rafter, &c, put into a mortoiſe hole, *F.*
Ténor, *ſ.* the intent or purpoſe of a writing, a part in muſic
Tenſe, *a.* ſtretched, ſtiff
Tenſe, *ſ.* a term in grammar for the time of action, *L.*
Ténſeneſs, *ſ.* contraction, lightneſs
Ténſible, *a.* capable of extenſion
Ténſion, *ſ.* a ſtretching out
Ténſive, *a.* of, or belonging to extenſion
Tent, *ſ.* a roll of lint put into a ſore, pavilion, moveable habitation, a rich wine
Ténters, *ſ.* frames full of ſmall hooks, uſed by clothiers to ſtretch cloth upon
Tenth, *a.* the firſt after nine
Tenúity, *ſ.* ſlenderneſs, thinneſs, ſubtilty
Ténure, *ſ.* the title by which lands and tenements are held of the principal landlord
Tépid, *a.* lukewarm, *L.*
Tepidity, *ſ.* lukewarmneſs

Terce,

Terce, *ſ.* a wine veſſel containing 42 gallons, *F.*
Terebinthine, *a.* mixed with turpentine
Tergiverſation, *ſ.* chicanery, ſhuffling, a ſubterfuge
Term, *ſ.* a word or expreſſion, ſet time, limit, time when the courts of law are open, *L.*
Term, *v.* to call, name
Térmagant, *ſ.* a ſhrew or ſcold
Térmagant, *a.* turbulent, quarrelſome
Términate, *v.* to put an end to, to limit
Terminátion, *ſ.* the end, the laſt ſyllable in a word, concluſion
Terminer, *ſ.* determining upon trials, *L.*
Térmleſs, *a.* boundleſs, unlimited
Térnary, *ſ.* the number three
Terrace, or Térras, *ſ.* an open raiſed walk in a garden
Terráqueous, *a.* belonging to the earth and ſea, *L.*
Terréne, *a* terreſtrial, earthly
Terréſtrial, *a.* belonging to the earth, *L.*
Térrible, *a.* frightful, dreadful
Térribleneſs, *ſ.* formidableneſs
Térribly, *ad.* dreadfully, formidably
Térrier, *ſ.* a kind of hunting dog, a regiſter of lands
Terrific, *a.* hideous, producing fear
Térrify, *v.* to fill with terror, *L.*
Térritory, *ſ.* the land, diſtrict, dominion
Térror, *ſ.* horror, affright
Terſe, *a.* ſmooth, cleanly, written neat
Tértian, *a* returning every third day, *L.*
Téſſellated, *a.* variegated by ſquares
Teſt, *ſ.* trial, an inſtrument for refining ſilver, a furnace for melting iron, judgment
Teſtáceous, *a.* ſhelly, covered with a ſhell, *L.*
Téſtament, *ſ.* a will, the ſacred ſcriptures
Teſtamentary, *a.* belonging to a will
Téſtate, *a.* having made a will
Teſtátor, *ſ.* he that makes a will, *L.*
Teſtátrix, *ſ.* ſhe who makes a will, *L.*
Téſted, *a.* tried by a teſt, witneſſed
Téſter, *ſ.* the upper part of a bed, a ſixpence
Téſticle, *ſ.* an animal ſtone
Teſtification, *ſ.* a bearing witneſs
Teſtifi'er, *ſ.* one who teſtifies
Téſtify, *v.* to certify, to bear witneſs, *L.*
Téſtily, *ad.* moroſely, peeviſhly
Teſtimónial, *ſ.* a certificate, or atteſtation
Téſtimony, *ſ.* a witneſs or evidence, proof
Téſtineſs, *ſ.* peeviſhneſs
Téſty, *a.* peeviſh, ſnappiſh, moroſe
Tete, *ſ.* a woman's falſe hair
Téte-a-téte, *ſ.* head to head, cheek by joul
Téther, *ſ.* a rope for horſes at paſture
Téther, *v.* to reſtrain with a rope
Tétrarch, *ſ.* the governor of a tetrarchate
Tetrárchate, and Tétrarchy, *ſ.* a fourth part of a province, *G.*
Tetter, *ſ.* a ringworm
Tew'el, *ſ.* a pipe at the back of a forge
Text, *ſ.* a ſentence, original writing
Téxture, *ſ.* form, web, manner of weaving
Thane, *ſ.* a Saxon title
Thank, *v.* to give thanks
Thanks, *ſ.* acknowledgments for a favour
Thánkful, *a.* grateful
Thánkleſs, *a.* unthankful, ungrateful
Thankſgiving, *ſ.* a giving thanks
Thankſwórthy, *a.* deſerving of thanks
Thatch, *ſ.* a ſtraw covering of houſes
Thatch, *v.* to cover with ſtraw
Thátcher, *ſ.* a man who covers with thatch
Thaw, *v.* to melt as ſnow or ice after a froſt
Thaw, *ſ.* diſſolution of a froſt

Théatre, *ſ.* a playhouſe, ſcene of action
Theátric, and theatrical, *a.* belonging to the ſtage
Theátrically, *ad.* after the manner of theatres
Theft, *ſ.* the act of ſtealing, *S.*
Theme, *ſ.* a ſubject to ſpeak or write upon
Themſélves, *pron.* from their very ſelves
Thence, *ad.* for that reaſon, from that place
Thénceforth, *ad.* from that time
Thénceforward, *ad.* from that time forward
Theócracy, *ſ.* a divine government, *G.*
Theódolite, *ſ.* an inſtrument to take heights
Théodore, *ſ.* a man's name
Theodóſius, *ſ.* a man's name
Theógony, *ſ.* the generation of the gods
Theológical, *a.* belonging to divinity
Theólogiſt, and Théologue, *ſ.* a divine or ſtudent in theology
Theólogy, *ſ.* divinity, *G.*
Theórbo, *ſ.* a kind of large baſs flute
Théorem, *ſ.* a ſpeculative propoſition demonſtrating the truth of any ſcience
Theoretic, or Theoretical, *a.* ſpeculative
Théoriſt, *ſ.* one given to ſpeculation
Théory, *ſ.* ſpeculation without practice, *G.*
Thereabout, *ad.* about that number, about that place
Thereáfter, *ad.* according to that
Thereát, *ad.* at that
Théref re, *ad.* for that reaſon
Thereupon, *ad.* upon that, immediately
Thermómeter, *ſ.* a glaſs for meaſuring the degrees of heat and cold, *G.*
Théſis, *ſ.* a poſition or ſubject to be diſputed, *G.*
Thick, *a.* denſe, muddy, cloſe
Thícken, *a.* to make or grow thick
Thicket, *ſ.* a place ſet with trees or buſhes
Thíckneſs, *ſ.* cloſeneſs, groſſneſs, denſity
Thickſet, *a.* cloſe planted
Thief, *ſ.* one who ſteals
Thieve, *v.* to ſteal
Thiévery, *ſ.* ſtealing
Thiéviſh, *a.* addicted to thieving
Thigh, *ſ.* the part from the groin to the knee
Thill, *ſ.* the ſhafts of a waggon
Thíllhorſe, and Thíller, *ſ.* a horſe between ſhafts
Thímble, *ſ.* a cap for the finger
Thin, *a.* ſmall, ſlender, ſubtile, having little depth, not of thick conſiſtence
Thin, *v.* to make thin
Thing, *ſ.* any material inanimate being, *S.*
Think, *v.* to have ideas, imagine, judge
Thinking, *ſ.* a cogitation
Thinly, *ad.* not cloſely
Thinneſs, *ſ.* paucity, ſcarcity, rareneſs
Third, *a.* next after the ſecond
Thirſt, *ſ.* longing for liquor, &c. *S.*
Thirſtineſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being thirſty
Thirſty, *a.* ſuffering want of drink
Thirteen, *a.* the number xiii. or 13, *S.*
Thirty, *a.* the number xxx. or 30. *S.*
Thiſtle, *ſ.* a prickly weed, *S.*
Thiſtly, *a.* overgrown with thiſtles
Thither, *ad.* to that place, point or end
Thitherto, *ad.* ſo far
Thomas, *ſ.* a man's name
Thomaſin, *ſ.* a woman's name
Thong, *ſ.* a narrow ſlip of leather
Thoratic, *a.* belonging to the breaſt
Thorn, *ſ.* a ſmall tree covered with prickles, *Ger.*
Thornback, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh
Thorny, *a.* over-run with thorns, difficult
Thorough, *ad.* quite through

Thórough, *a.* perfect, complete
Thóroughfare, *ſ.* a paſſage through
Thóroughly, *ad.* fully, completely
Thoroughpáced, *a.* perfect, complete
Thóroughſtitch, *ad.* fully, completely
Thought, *ſ.* the act of thinking, ſentiment
Thoúghtful, *a.* contemplative, full of thought
Thoúghtfulneſs, *ſ.* deep meditation
Thoúghtleſs, *a.* without thought
Thoúſand, *ſ.* ten hundred, written 1000, M. *S.*
Thrall, *ſ.* a ſtate of ſlavery, bondage
Thráldom, *ſ.* ſervitude, bondage
Thraſh, *v.* to beat out corn, to drub
Thráſher, *ſ.* one who thraſhes
Thráſhingfloor, *ſ.* an area to beat corn
Thread, *ſ.* fine linen yarn twiſted
Thread, *v.* to put upon a thread
Thréádbare, *a.* worn out, trite
Threat, *ſ.* a menace
Threáten, *v.* to menace
Threátner, *ſ.* one who threatens
Three, *a.* the number iii. or 3.
Threefold, *a.* conſiſting of three, thrice repeated
Threeſcore, *ſ.* thrice twenty
Thréſhold, *ſ.* the door, a gate, *S.*
Thrice, *ad.* three times
Thrift, *ſ.* frugality, alſo a plant
Thriftily, *ad.* frugally
Thriftineſs, *ſ.* frugality
Thrittleſs, *a.* extravagant, profuſe
Thrifty, *a.* frugal, parſimonious
Thrill, *v.* to paſs with a tingling ſenſation, to drill or bore
Thrive, *v.* to proſper, to grow rich
Throat, *ſ.* the windpipe, &c.
Throb, *v.* to heave, beat, palpitate
Throb, *ſ.* palpitation, beating
Throne, *ſ.* a chair of ſtate covered with a canopy
Throng, *ſ.* a crowd, or preſs of people
Throng, *v.* to aſſemble in crowds
Thróttle, *v.* to ſtop the breath by holding the throat
Through, *ad.* from one end or ſide to the other
Throughout, *ad.* through the whole
Throw, *v.* to caſt or fling, to twiſt
Throw, *ſ.* a ſtroke, caſt
Thróws, or Throes, *ſ.* pain of childbearing
Thrum, *v.* to play badly on an inſtrument
Thrums, *ſ.* the ends of weavers warps
Thruſt, *v.* to ſhove or puſh, to intrude
Thruſt, *ſ.* a ſhove, a paſs in fencing, a puſh
Thryfállow, *v.* to plough a third time
Thumb, *ſ.* the ſhorteſt and ſtrongeſt of the fingers
Thúmb, *v.* to handle aukwardly
Thúmbſtal, *ſ.* a cover for the thumb
Thump, *ſ.* a blow with the fiſt, or ſtick, *S.*
Thump, *v.* to fall, or beat with a dull blow
Thúnder, *ſ.* a noiſe in the clouds
Thúnderbolt, *ſ.* lightning
Thúnderclap, *ſ.* the exploſion of thunder
Thúnderer, *ſ.* the power that thunders
Thundershow'er, *ſ.* rain with thunder
Thúrſday, *ſ.* the fifth day of the week
Thus, *ad.* in this manner
Thwack, *v.* to thraſh, to bang
Thwack, *ſ.* a blow with a ſtick full acroſs the back
Thwart, *v.* to croſs, diſappoint, vex
Thyme, *ſ.* a fragrant herb, *G.*
Tiára, *ſ.* a high ſharp pointed cap, the pope's triple crown

Tice. *See* entice
Tick, *ſ.* a ſmall inſect infeſting ſheep, the caſe of a bed, truſt or credit, a ſheep louſe, *F.*
Tick, *v.* to truſt, to run a ſcore
Ticking, *ſ.* cloth for a bed-caſe
Ticket, *ſ.* a bill for ſeamens wages, porter's badge, chance in a lottery, note for admiſſion, &c.
Tickle, *v.* to cauſe a titulation, by touching, to pleaſe
Tickliſh, *a.* eaſily tickled, precarious
Tickliſhneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being tickliſh
Ticktack, *ſ.* a game at tables ſo called
Tidbit, *ſ.* ſomething nice and delicate
Tiddle, *v.* to indulge, fondle
Tide, *ſ.* the flux and reflux, ſtream, courſe
Tidewaiter, *ſ.* an officer who attends on ſhips till the cuſtoms are paid
Tidily *ad.* readily, neatly
Tidineſs, *ſ.* readineſs, neatneſs
Tidings, *ſ.* news
Tidy, *a.* neat in dreſs, handy, clever
Tie, *v.* to bind, faſten with a knot
Tie, *ſ.* knot, bond, obligation
Tier, *ſ.* a row, a rank
Tierce, *ſ.* a veſſel of wine containing 42 gallons, *F.*
Tiff, *ſ.* a ſhort ſcolding, a ſmall quantity of punch
Tiff, *v.* to quarrel, to be in a pet
Tiffany, *ſ.* a thin ſlight ſilk
Tiger, or Tyger, *ſ.* a large fierce beaſt, *F.*
Tight, *a.* neat, clean, ſound, not leeky, faſt, pulled hard
Tighten, *v.* to draw ſtrait or cloſe
Tightly, *ad.* neatly, cloſely
Tightneſs, *ſ.* difficulty, cloſeneſs
Tigreſs, *ſ.* the female of the tiger, *F.*
Tile, *ſ.* a plate of burnt clay to cover roofs, *S.*
Tile, *v.* to cover with tiles
Tiler, *ſ.* one who tiles, a freemaſon's porter
Tiling, *ſ.* a roof covered with tiles
Till, *ſ.* a money drawer under a counter
Till, *conj.* until
Till, *v.* to plough or dig the ground
Tillage, *ſ* ploughing or digging
Tilt, *ſ.* a cloth to cover, full drive, a thruſt
Tilt, *ad.* ſtooping forward
Tilt, *v.* to fight, turn over, cover
Tilter, *ſ.* one who fights, or tilts
Tilth, *ſ.* culture, huſbandry
Timber, *ſ.* wood for building, a bundle of 40 furs or ſkins
Timbrel, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument
Time, *ſ.* the meaſure of duration, leiſure, *D.*
Time, *v.* to adapt, regulate, meaſure
Timeleſs, *a.* unſeaſonable
Timely, *a.* ſeaſonably, early
Timeſerving, *a.* meanly conforming
Timid, *a.* fearful, baſhful
Timidity, *ſ.* fear, baſhfulneſs, *L.*
Timorous, *a.* full of fears and ſcruples
Timoroufneſs, *ſ.* timidity
Timothy, *ſ.* a man's name
Tin, *ſ.* a white metal
Tin, *v.* to cover the inſides with tin
Tinct. *See* Tint
Tincture, *ſ.* extract of drugs, *L.*
Tinder, *ſ.* fine linen burnt, *S.*
Tine, *ſ.* the tooth of a harrow, prong of a fork
Tinge, *v.* to dye, colour, ſtain
Tingle, *v.* to feel a ſharp pricking pain
Tingling, *ſ.* a pricking pain
Tinker, *ſ.* one who mends braſs veſſels

Tinkle, *v.* to make a ſharp quick noiſe
Tinman, *ſ.* an artificer who makes veſſels of iron plates covered with tin
Tinner, *ſ.* one who works in tin mines
Tinſel, *ſ.* very thin plates of braſs, any thing ſhowy
Tint, *ſ.* a dye, a colour
Tiny, *a.* ſmall, little, ſlender
Tip, *ſ.* top, end, point, a draught
Tippet, *ſ.* a doctor of divinity's ſcarf, a warm ornament of fur, *S.*
Tipple, *v.* to drink ſmall draughts, but often
Tipple, *ſ.* liquor, drink
Tipler, *ſ.* one who drinks frequently
Tipſtaff, *ſ.* an officer and his ſtaff of juſtice
Tipſy, *a.* fuddled
Tiptoe, *ſ.* ſtanding or walking on the toes
Tire, *ſ.* head dreſs, rank, row, the iron band of a cart wheel
Tire, *v.* to fatigue, to grow weary
Tireſome, *a.* wearieſome, fatiguing
Tireſomeneſs, *ſ.* act of being tireſome
Tirewoman, *ſ.* one who cuts and curls womens hair, or dreſſes the head
Tiſſue, *ſ.* a rich ſilk, interwoven with gold or ſilver, *F.*
Tit, *ſ.* a ſmall horſe, a wren, a woman ſpoken of in contempt
Tit-bit, *ſ.* nice food
Tithe, *ſ.* a tenth part, *S.*
Tithe, *v.* to tax, take the tenth part
Titheable, *a.* liable to pay tithes
Tithing, *ſ.* ten men and their families
Tithingman, *ſ.* a pariſh officer
Titillation, *ſ.* a tickling
Title, *ſ.* an inſcription ſet before a book, a name of honour, claim
Titlepage, *ſ.* the firſt page in a book
Titter, *v.* to giggle, to laugh with reſtraint
Titter, *ſ.* a ſecret laugh
Tittle, *ſ.* a ſmall particle, a point, a dot
Tittle-tattle, *ſ.* ſilly empty chat
Titular, *a.* nominal
Toad, *ſ.* a poiſonous reptile
Toadſtool, *ſ.* a poiſonous muſhroom
Toaſt, *v.* to name a health, heat at a fire
Toaſt, *ſ.* bread toaſted, a health
Tobacco, *ſ.* a Weſt-Indian plant
Tobacconiſt, *ſ.* one who cuts and ſells tobacco
Tobias, *ſ.* a man's name
Toby, *ſ.* a man's name
Tod, *ſ.* twenty-eight pounds
Toe, *ſ.* a part of the foot, *S.*
Together, *ad.* in company, at once, *S.*
Toil, *v.* to labour or drudge
Toil, *ſ.* fatigue, labour, a ſnare, a net
Toilet, *ſ.* a dreſſing table with its covering, *F.*
Toilſome, *a.* fatiguing
Toilſomeneſs, *ſ.* laborioufneſs
Token, *ſ.* a mark, ſign, or teſtimony
Told, *part.* related, mentioned
Tolerable, *a.* that may be endured, paſſable
Tolerableneſs, *ſ.* a being tolerable
Tolerably, *ad.* moderately well
Tolerance, *ſ.* the act of enduring
Tolerate, *v.* to permit
Toleration, *ſ.* permiſſion
Toll, *ſ.* money paid for paſſage, for liberty to ſell goods in a fair, &c. and for grinding corn, the ſound of a bell
Tolbooth, *ſ.* a priſon, market, or town-houſe
Tollgatherer, *ſ.* one who takes the toll
Tomb, *ſ.* a ſepulchre, a monument
Tomboy, *ſ.* a romping girl

Tome, *ſ.* a volume, *F.*
Tómlet, *ſ.* a bird
Ton, *ſ.* *See* Tun
Tone, *ſ.* note, ſound, whine, accent, ſtate, frame, *G.*
Tong, *ſ.* the catch of a buckle
Tongs, *ſ.* an utenſil for taking up coals, &c.
Tongue, *ſ.* the organ of ſpeech, a language, the middle part of a balance
Tóngued, *a.* having a tongue
Tónguepad, *ſ.* a great talker
Tonguetied, *a.* having an impediment in ſpeech, not daring, or being unwilling to ſpeak
Tónnage. *See* Tunnage
Tonſure, *ſ.* a ſhaving or cutting off the hair
Too, *ad.* likewiſe, over and above
Tool, *ſ.* an inſtrument to work with
Tooth, *ſ.* a bony ſubſtance in the mouth
Toóthach, *ſ.* a pain in a tooth
Toothdráwer, *ſ.* one who draws teeth
Toóthed, *a.* having teeth, indented
Toóthleſs, *a.* deprived of teeth
Toóthpick, *ſ.* an inſtrument to clean teeth
Toóthſome, *a.* pleaſant to the taſte
Top, *ſ.* the higheſt part, a boy's play thing
Top, *v.* to be eminent, to cover, crop
Tópful, *a.* full to the brim
Topaz, *ſ.* a precious ſtone of a yellow colour, *G.*
Tophéavy, *a.* the upper parts too weighty
Tópknot, *ſ.* a kot of ribbands
Tópmoſt, *a.* the higheſt
Topſail, *ſ.* the higheſt ſail
Tope, *v.* to drink to exceſs
Tóper, *ſ.* a drunkard
Tóphet, *ſ.* hell
Tópical, *a.* general, local
Tópick, *ſ.* the ſubject of a diſcourſe
Tópographer, *ſ.* a deſcriber of places
Tópography, *ſ.* the art of deſcribing particular places, *G.*
Tópping, *a.* gallant, fine, noble
Tóppingly, *ad.* very well, finely
Tópſyturvey, *ad.* bottom upwards
Tor, *ſ.* a high pointed rock, a tower
Torch, *ſ.* a large wax-light
Tórchlight, *ſ.* light made with torches
Tórmént, *v.* to put to great pain, to teaze
Tórment, *ſ.* pain, miſery, anguiſh
Tórméntil, *ſ.* an herb
Torméntor, *ſ.* one who torments
Tornádo, *ſ.* a violent and ſudden ſtorm at ſea, *Sp.*
Torpédo, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh which benumbs what touches it
Tórpid, *a.* benumbed, dull, heavy, *L.*
Tórpitude, *ſ.* a being ſluggiſh
Tórper, *ſ.* numbneſs, dullneſs
Tórrent, *ſ.* a ſtrong rapid ſtream
Tórrid, *a* parched, burning hot
Tórtile, *a.* wreathed, twiſted
Tórtoiſe, *ſ.* an amphibious annimal covered with a ſhell
Tórtuous, *a.* winding
Tórture, *ſ.* to put to extreme pain, to torment
Tórturer, *ſ.* one who tortures, a tormentor
Tóry, *ſ.* an advocate for paſſive obedience
Toſe, *v.* to comb wool
Toſs *v.* to throw up, to winch
Toſs, *ſ.* an affected throwing up of the head
Tóſspot, *ſ.* a drunkard
Tótal, *a.* the whole
Totálity, *ſ.* the whole quantity
Tótally, *ad.* utterly, entirely

Tótter, *v.* to ſhake ſo as to be like to fall
Touch *v.* to lay one's hand upon, bear againſt, land at a port without ſtaying, a ſtroke with a pencil, or on a muſical inſtrument
Touch, *ſ.* a feeling, or being in contact, an attempt, a ſtroke
Touched, *a.* moved, affected
Touch-hole, *ſ.* the hole through which the fire is conveyed to a piſtol or gun
Toúchineſs, *ſ.* iraſcibility, peeviſhneſs
Toúching, *a.* affecting
Toúchſtone, *ſ.* a teſt, a ſtone to try metals
Toúchwood, *ſ.* a rotten wood
Toúchy, *a.* apt to take offence
Tough, *a* not tender, not brittle
Toúghen, *v.* to grow tough
Toúghneſs, *ſ.* gluinouſneſs, tenacity, firmneſs
Toupee, *ſ.* a curled tuft of hair
Tour *ſ.* a turn, or travelling about, *F.*
Toúrnament, *ſ.* tilting, a military ſport, *F.*
Tow, *ſ.* the coarſeſt ſort of flax or hemp fit for ſpinning, *S.*
Tow, *v.* to hale or drag by a rope
Towards, *ad.* inclining to, drawing near, or approaching
Tóward, or Towardly, *a.* orderly, docile
Tówardlineſs, *ſ.* docility
Towardly, *a.* gentle, docile, tractable
Tow'el, *ſ.* a cloth to wipe one's hands
Tow'er, *ſ.* a battlement, ſpire, head-dreſs
Tower, *v.* to ſoar, to riſe or fly high
Tow'ry, *a.* guarded with towers
Town, *ſ.* a large piece of ground filled with houſes
Tow'nhouſe, *ſ.* a houſe for town buſineſs
Tow'nſhip, *ſ.* the extent of a town's juriſdiction
Town'ſman, *ſ.* inhabitant of the ſame town
Tow'ntalk, *ſ.* the common talk of a town
Toy, *ſ.* a plaything, a trifle
Toy, *v.* to careſs, to dally, to play with
Toy'iſh, *a.* wanton, trifling
Toy'ſhop, *ſ.* a ſhop where toys are ſold
Trace, *v.* to follow, mark out
Track, *ſ.* a beaten path
Trácklefs, *a.* untrodden
Tract, *ſ* region, treatiſe, *L.*
Tráctable, *a.* docile, eaſily managed
Tráctableneſs, *ſ.* obſequiouſneſs, docility
Tráctate, *ſ.* a treatiſe or ſmall book, *L.*
Trade, *ſ.* traffic, commerce, employment
Trade, *v.* to traffic, ſell
Tráde-wind, *ſ.* a periodical wind, the monſoon
Tráder, *ſ.* a merchant, a dealer
Trádeſman, *ſ.* a ſhopkeeper, a mechanic
Tradition, *ſ.* a fact delivered from father to ſon by word of mouth
Traditional, *a.* of, or belonging to tradition
Traditionally, *ad.* tranſmitted from age to age
Traditionary, *a.* delivered by tradition
Tradúce, *v.* to calumniate, detract from
Tradúcement, *ſ.* falſe cenſure, obloquy
Tradúcer, *ſ.* a calumniator
Tradúction, *ſ.* defamation, detraction
Tráffic, *v.* to buy, ſell or barter
Trágacanth, *ſ.* commonly called gumdragon, *G.*
Tragédian, *ſ.* a writer or actor of tragedies
Trágedy, *ſ.* a play repreſenting ſcenes of deep diſtreſs
Trágical, and Trágic, *a.* ſad, fatal, diſaſtrous
Trágically, *ad.* in a tragical manner
Tragicómedy, *ſ.* a tragedy intermixed with ludicrous ſcenes
Tragicómical, *a.* belonging to a tragicomedy

Trajéction, *ſ.* the act of darting through, emiſſion

Trail, *v.* to drag along, to hang ſweeping the ground

Trail, *ſ.* any thing drawn, the tract of a hunter

Train, *v.* to teach or inſtruct

Train, *ſ.* the long tail of a gown of ſtate, the tail of a peacock, &c. retinue, attendance

Trainbánds, *ſ.* *See* Militia

Trainbeárer, *ſ.* one who holds up the train

Trainoíl, *ſ.* oil made of the fat of whales

Traipſe, *ſ.* a ſluttiſh woman

Traipſe, *v.* to go in a ſluttiſh manner

Traitor, *ſ.* one falſe to his prince or his country, *F.*

Tráiterous, *a.* treacherous, treaſonable, perfidious

Tráitreſs, *ſ.* a woman who betrays

Tráiterouſly, *ad.* perfidiouſly

Trámmel, *ſ.* a net, an inſtrument to make a horſe amble

Trámple, *v.* to tread under foot

Trance, *ſ.* a deprivation of motion, attended with viſions

Tránquil, *a.* calm, peaceful

Tranquíllity, *ſ.* calmneſs, ſerenity of mind, *L.*

Tranſáct, *v.* to negociate, diſpatch, treat about, *L.*

Tranſáction, *ſ.* buſineſs, affair

Tranſcénd, *v.* to ſurpaſs, or riſe above, *L.*

Tranſcéndence, and Tranſcéndency, *ſ.* ſuperior, excellency, *L.*

Tranſcendent, *a.* ſurpaſſing, ſupereminent

Tranſcéndently, *ad.* ſupereminently

Tranſcríbe, *v.* to copy out, write from, *L.*

Tranſcríber, *ſ.* a copier, one who writes from a copy

Tránſcript, *ſ.* a written copy

Tránſfer, *v.* to convey from one perſon or place to another, *L.*

Tránſfer, *ſ.* the act of making over

Tranſfiguration, *ſ.* change of form or figure

Tranſfix, *v.* to faſten by running through

Tranſform *v.* to change from one ſhape to another, *L.*

Tranſformátion, *ſ.* a metamorphoſis or change of ſhape

Tranſfuſe, *v.* to pour from one veſſel into another

Tranſfuſion, *ſ.* a pouring out

Tranſgréſs, *v.* to go beyond the bounds preſcribed, *L.*

Tranſgréſſion, *ſ.* breaking in upon the rules of virtue

Tranſgréſſor, *ſ.* an offender, ſinner, lawbreaker

Tránſient, *a.* fleeting, quickly paſſing away

Tránſientneſs, *ſ.* ſhortneſs of continuance

Tránſit, *ſ.* the paſſage of a planet

Tranſi'tion, *ſ.* paſſing from one ſubject to another

Tránſitive, *a.* having the power of paſſing, *L.*

Tranſitórily, *ad.* with ſhort continuance

Tránſitorineſs, *ſ.* ſpeedy evaneſcence

Tránſitory, *a.* of ſhort duration

Tranſláte, *v.* to remove, turn one language into another

Tranſlátion, *ſ.* removal, verſion, *L.*

Tranſlátor, *ſ.* one who turns into another language

Tránſmarine, *a.* beyond the ſeas

Tránſmigrate, *v.* to paſs from one place or body to another

Tranſmigrátion, *ſ.* a paſſage from one body or place to another, *L.*

Tranſmiſſion, *ſ.* a paſſing, a conveying

Tranſmiſſive,

Tranſmiſſive, *a.* tranſmitted
Tranſmit, *v.* to conve , ſend, deliver, *L.*
Tranſmógraphy, *v.* to transform, metamorphoſe
Tranſmútable, *a.* capable of being changed
Tranſmutátion, *ſ.* change into another ſubſtance, *L.*
Tranſmúte, *v.* to change one matter or ſubſtance into another, *L.*
Tránſom, *ſ.* a lintal over a door caſe
Tranſpárency, *ſ.* the being tranſparent
Tranſpárent, *a.* clear, that may be ſeen through, *L.*
Tranſpierce, *ſ.* to pierce through
Tranſpirátion, *ſ.* the emiſſion through
Tranſpíre, *v.* to exhale through the pores, *L.*
Tranſplánt, *v.* to remove from one place to another
Tranſplánter, *ſ.* one who tranſplants
Tránſport, *ſ.* extaſy, rapture, a ſhip to carry baniſhed men or ſoldiers, a criminal baniſhed
Tranſpórt, *v.* to ſend into baniſhment, to carry over, raviſh, *L.*
Tranſportation, *ſ.* removal, baniſhment
Tranſpóſal, *a.* miſplacing
Tranſpóſe, *v.* to change the order
Tranſpoſition, *ſ.* a changing the order of things
Tranſubſtántiate, *v.* to change one ſubſtance into another, *L.*
Tranſubſtantiátion, *ſ.* a change of ſubſtance
Tranſverſally, *a.* running a-croſs
Trap, *ſ.* a device to catch wild beaſts, vermin, &c. in
Trap, *v.* to enſnare, catch in a trap
Trapdóor, *ſ.* a door in a roof or floor
Trapes, *ſ.* a ſlattern

Trápſtick, *ſ.* a ſtick to ſtrike a ball
Trappings, *ſ.* dreſs, embelliſhments
Traſh, *ſ.* bad fruit, any thing worthleſs
Tráſhy, *a.* vile, uſeleſs, worthleſs
Trávail, or Trável, *ſ.* the pains of childbirth, *F.*
Trável, *v.* to go a journey, to paſs
Tráveller, *ſ.* one who goes journies
Travels, *ſ.* a journey into foreign parts
Travérſe, *a.* acroſs, athwart
Tráverſe, *v.* to go acroſs to croſs or oppoſe, *F.*
Travéſty, *a.* burleſqued
Tray, *ſ.* a ſhallow trough
Treacherous, *a.* perfidious, unfaithful
Treáchery, *ſ.* perfidiouſneſs
Treácle, *ſ.* the droſſy part of ſugar
Tread, *v.* to ſtep, to walk, to ſet the foot on
Treaole, *ſ.* the ſperm of a cock
Treádles, *ſ.* part of a loom, &c. moved with the feet
Tréaſon, *ſ.* diſloyalty, treachery
Tréaſonable, *a.* of the nature of treaſon
Treáſure, *ſ.* wealth, any thing extremely valuable, *F.*
Treáſure, *v.* to hoard
Treáſurer, *ſ.* an officer who has the care of money
Treáſurethip, *ſ.* the office of treaſurer
Treáſury, *ſ.* the office where the public money is depoſited
Treat, *v.* to negociate, entertain, diſcourſe, *F.*
Treat, *ſ* an entertainment given
Treátable, *a.* moderate
Treátiſe, *ſ.* a diſſertation, *L.*
Treátment, *ſ.* uſage, behaviour, *F.*
Treáty, *ſ.* a negociation, agreement, covenant, *F.*
Tréble, *a.* threefold

Tréble, *v.* to multiply by three
Tréble, *ſ.* the higheſt of the 4 parts in muſic, *L.*
Tree, *ſ.* a plant with a ſingle woody trunk
Trefóil, *ſ.* three leaved graſs, *L.*
Trémble, *v.* to quake or ſhiver
Trémblingly, *ad.* ſo as to ſhake
Treméndous, *a.* awful, terrible, *L.*
Trémor, *ſ.* a trembling or ſhaking, *L.*
Trémulous, *a.* trembling, ſhaking
Trench, *ſ.* a ditch
Trénchant, *a.* cutting, ſharp
Trencher, *ſ.* a wooden plate
Trencherman, *ſ.* a great eater
Trend, *v.* to lie in any particular direction
Trental, *ſ.* thirty maſſes for the dead
Trepán, *ſ.* a ſuregon's inſtrument for opening a fractured ſkull, a ſnare
Trepán, *v.* to enſnare, decoy, *F.*
Trepidátion, *ſ.* a trembling, *L.*
Tréſpaſs, *v.* to enter unlawfully, tranſgreſs
Tréſpaſs, *ſ.* offence, unlawful entry, *F.*
Treſs, *ſ.* a curl or knot of hair
Tréſtle, *ſ.* a frame to ſupport any thing
Tret, *ſ.* an allowance for the waſte or refuſe in any commodity
Trévet, *ſ.* an utenſil of iron to place a pot upon over the fire
Trey, *ſ.* a three at cards or dice
Trial, *ſ.* an examination of cauſes before a judge, experiment, temptation
Triángle, *ſ.* a figure with three angles, *L.*
Triangular, *a.* in the form of a triangle, *L.*
Tribe, *ſ.* a generation of people, ſort, ſpecies, *L.*
Tribulation, *ſ.* trouble, affliction
Tribúnal, *ſ.* judgment-ſeat, court of juſtice
Tribune, *ſ.* a Roman officer, civil and military, *L.*
Tributary, *a.* paying tribute
Tribute, *ſ.* what a prince or ſtate pays to another, as a token of dependance, a tax, *L.*
Trice, *ſ.* a ſhort time
Trick, *v.* to bubble, cheat, dreſs
Trick, *ſ.* a fraud or impoſition, cards won
Tricking, *ſ.* cheating
Trickiſh, *a.* knaviſhly, artful
Trickle, *v.* to run down drop after drop
Trickſter, *ſ.* a cheat
Triénnial, *a.* once in three years, *L.*
Trifle, *v.* to ſpend time to little purpoſe
Trifle, *ſ.* a thing of little or no value
Trifler, *ſ.* one who acts or talks fooliſhly
Trifling, *a.* inſignificant
Triform, *a.* having a triple ſhape
Trigger, *ſ.* catch of a gun lock and wheel
Trigon, *ſ.* a triangle, *G.*
Trigonal, *a.* triangular
Trigonómetry, *ſ.* the art of meaſuring triangles, *G.*
Triláteral, *a.* having three ſides, *L.*
Trill, *ſ.* in muſic, a ſhake
Trill, *v.* to ſhake a note
Trillion, *ſ.* a million of million of millions
Trim, *a.* neat, ſpruce, ſnug
Trim, *v.* to ſnuff a candle or lamp, ſhave, ſet off, balance a veſſel, temporize
Trim, *ſ.* condition, dreſs
Trimly, *ad.* neatly, nicely
Trimmer, *ſ.* that carries it fair with both parties
Trimmings, *ſ.* ornaments worn on cloaths
Trine, *a.* of or belonging to three
Trinity, *ſ.* one only GOD, in three perſons, the herb hearts-eaſe
Trinket, *ſ.* a toy, gewgaw, a play-thing
Trip, *v.* to ſtumble, err

Trip, *ſ.* a ſtumble or falſe ſtep, a ſhort journey or voyage
Tripartite, *a.* between three parties, *L.*
Tripe, *ſ.* entrails of an ox. *F.*
Tripthong, *ſ.* three vowels in one ſyllable
Triple, *a.* treefold
Triple, *v.* to make threefold, *L.*
Triplet, *ſ.* three of a kind
Triplicate, *a.* tripled
Triplicity, *ſ.* a being triple, or threefold, *L.*
Tripod, *ſ.* a three footed ſtool
Tripoly, *ſ.* a ſtone uſed in poliſhing, the herb turbith
Tripping, *ſ.* walking nimbly and lightly, ſtumbling, faultering in ſpeech
Triſyllable, *a.* conſiſting of three ſyllables, *G.*
Trite, *a.* worn out, thread-bare, ſtale
Triteneſs, *ſ.* commonneſs
Tritheiſm, *ſ.* the worſhip of three Gods
Triturable, *a.* poſſible to be pounded
Triturátion, *ſ.* pounding in a mortar, *L.*
Trivet. *See* Trevet
Trivial, *a.* inſignificant, trifling, *L.*
Trivially, *ad.* lightly, vulgarly
Triumph, *ſ.* joy for ſucceſs
Triumph, *v.* to rejoice, glory in
Triúmphal, *a.* belonging to a triumph
Triúmphant, *a.* triumphing, victorious
Triúmphantly, *ad.* in a triumphant manner
Triúne, *ſ.* three in one, a name given by ſome to the Almighty, *L.*
Troat, *v.* to cry as a buck in rutting time
Tróchee, *ſ.* a foot in verſe, conſiſting of a long and ſhort ſyllable
Tróchings, *ſ.* branches on a deer's head
Troll, *v.* to fiſh for pike, to move circularly
Tróllop, *ſ.* a woman careleſs in dreſs
Troop, *ſ.* a number of people, body of ſoldiers, *F.*
Trooper, *ſ.* a horſe ſoldier
Troops, *ſ.* forces or armies
Trope, *ſ.* a figure in ſpeech
Tróphy, *ſ.* a monument erected where ſome ſignal victory was obtained, *G.*
Trópical, *a.* near the tropics
Trópics, *ſ.* two circles of the ſphere parallel to the equator
Trot, *v.* to ride in a trot
Trot, *ſ.* a jolting pace of a horſe, *F.*
Troth, *ſ.* faith or truth
Trotters, *ſ.* ſheeps feet boiled
Troúble, *ſ.* labour, diſquiet of mind, *F.*
Troúble, *v.* to diſturb, bring into trouble
Troúbleſome, *a.* cauſing trouble, importunate, teazing
Troúbleſomeneſs, *ſ.* uneaſineſs, vexatiouſneſs
Tróver, *ſ.* an action againſt one who has found goods and refuſes to return them, *F.*
Trough, *ſ.* a hollow veſſel of wood or ſtone
Trounce, *v.* to puniſh ſeverely
Trouſers, *ſ.* a ſailor's breeches
Trout, *ſ.* a freſh-water fiſh
Trow, *v.* to conceive, think, imagine
Trow'el, *ſ.* a tool to ſpread mortar with, *F.*
Tróy, or Troy'weight, *ſ.* a weight of twelve ounces to the pound
Truant, *ſ.* a boy who plays inſtead of going to ſchool, *F.*
Truce, *ſ.* a ceſſation from hoſtilities
Truck, *v.* to traffic by exchange, *F.*
Trúckleb*e*d, *ſ.* a bed that runs under another
Trúckle, *v.* to buckle to, ſubmit to authority
Trudge, *v.* to toil, moil, walk on foot
True, *a.* ſure, genuine, truſty, exact
Truebórn, *a.* having a right by birth
Truebréd, *a.* of a right breed
Trúffle, *ſ.* a ſubterraneous muſhroom

Trull, *ſ.* a ſoldier's miſtreſs
Trúly, *ad.* in truth, ſincerely
Trump, *ſ.* a winning card, a trumpet
Trump, *v.* to play a trump at cards
Trúmpery, *ſ.* goods of little value
Trúmpet, *ſ.* a warlike muſical inſtrument, *F.*
Trúmpet, *v.* to ſound a trumpet, to publiſh abroad
Trúmpeter, *ſ.* one who ſounds a trumpet, or praiſe
Trúncheon, *ſ.* a ſhort ſtaff borne by generals, &c. *F.*
Trúndle, *v.* to roll along, *F.*
Trúndle, *ſ.* a low wheeled carriage for heavy goods
Trunk, *ſ.* a cheſt or coffer, long tube, body of a tree
Trúnions, *ſ.* the knobs on a piece of ordnance
Truſs, *ſ.* a bundle of hay or ſtraw of 56 pounds weight, a bandage for a rupture, *F.*
Truſs, *v.* to pack cloſe together
Truſt, *ſ.* confidence, reliance, charge, credit
Truſt, *v.* to put in truſt, credit, rely upon
Truſtée, *ſ.* one who has an eſtate or money in truſt
Trúſter, *ſ.* he who truſts
Trúſtineſs, *ſ.* fidelity, honeſty
Trúſty, *a.* faithful, true to his truſt
Truth, *ſ.* veracity, certainty, fidelity, *S.*
Try, *v* to eſſay, attempt, examine
Tub, *ſ.* a wooden veſſel well known
Tube, *ſ.* a pipe, *L.*
Tubércle, *ſ.* a pimple
Tuberoſe, *ſ.* a flower
Túberous, *a.* full of bunches and knobs
Tubuláted and Túbulous, *a.* hollow like a tube
Tuck, *ſ.* a ſhort ſmall ſword
Tuck, *v.* to turn or truſs up
Tucker, *ſ.* a piece of cambric, &c. about the breaſt
Túeſday, *ſ.* the third day in the week
Tuft, *ſ.* a bunch of feathers, hair or graſs, a thicket of trees, *F.*
Túfted, *a.* growing in tufts or cluſters
Túfty, *a.* adorned with tufts
Tug, *v.* to pull, to labour
Tug, *ſ.* a hard pull, a waggon to carry timber
Tuition, *ſ.* care, government, guardianſhip, *L.*
Túlip, *ſ.* a flower of the lily kind, *F.*
Túmble, *ſ.* a fall
Túmble, *v.* to roll about, fall, *F.*
Túmbler, *ſ.* one who ſhews feats of activity
Túmbrel, *ſ.* a dung cart, a ducking ſtool
Tumefáction, *ſ.* a ſwelling
Túmefy, *v.* to ſwell, *L.*
Túmid, *a.* ſwelled, puffed up
Túmour, *ſ.* a ſwelling, *L.*
Túmerous, *a.* ſwelling, falſely magnificent
Tump, *v.* to fence trees with earth
Túmult, *ſ.* popular uproar, riot, buſtle
Tumúltuary, *a.* riotous, diſorderly, confuſed
Tumúltuous, *a.* riotous
Tumúltuouſly, *ad.* with violence and confuſion
Tun, or Ton, *ſ. a.* veſſel containing 252 gallons, a weight of twenty hundred
Tun, *v.* to barrel drink, to put into caſks
Túnable, *a.* muſical, harmonious
Túnableneſs, *ſ.* melodiouſneſs, harmony
Tune, *ſ.* concord, a muſical compoſition, fit temper
Tune, *v.* to ſing, to put into a muſical ſtate
Túneful, *a.* muſical
Túnic, *ſ.* a veſt, a thin ſkin or membrane, *L.*
Túnicle, *ſ.* integument, cover

Túnnage, *ſ.* a duty on merchandize imported or exported
Túnnel, *ſ.* a funnel, *F.*
Túnny, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh
Tup, *ſ.* a ram
Tup, *v.* to but like a ram
Túrban, or Túrbant, *ſ.* a cap of fine linen worn by many nations in Aſia
Túrbid, *a.* muddy, foul, diſturbed, *L.*
Túrbidneſs, *ſ.* thickneſs, muddineſs
Túrbith, *ſ.* yellow precipitate
Túrbot, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh
Túrbulance, and Túrbulency, *ſ.* boiſterouſneſs
Túrbulent, *a.* boiſterous, unruly
Túrcois, *ſ.* a precious ſtone
Turf, *ſ.* the green ſurface of the earth
Turf, *v.* to cover with turfs
Túrfy, *a.* green, covered with turfs
Túrgent, *a.* ſwelling, tumid, *L.*
Túrgid, *a.* ſwollen, puffed up, *L.*
Turgidity, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſwollen
Túrkſcap, *ſ.* a flower
Turkey, *ſ.* a large fowl well known
Turm, *ſ.* a troop
Túrmeric, *ſ.* an Indian root
Túrmoil, *ſ.* tumult, buſtle or ſtir
Turmoil, *v.* to toil, to buſtle or make a ſtir
Turn, *v.* to form with a lathe, move round, change, reverſe, double
Turn, *ſ.* the act of turning, a winding way, change
Túrncoat, *ſ.* one who goes over to another party
Túrner, *ſ.* one who turns with a lathe
Túrnip, *ſ.* a root well known
Túrnpike, *ſ.* a toll-gate on a road
Túrnſpit, *ſ.* one who turns a ſpit
Túrnſtile, *ſ.* a whirling ſtile
Túrpentine, *ſ.* a clear reſinous kind of gum
Túrpitude, *ſ.* baſeneſs, *L.*
Túrret, *ſ.* a little tower, *F.*
Túrreted, *a.* built like a tower, *F.*
Túrtle, *ſ.* a kind of dove, a ſea tortoiſe, *F.*
Túrtledove, *ſ.* a ſpecies of dove or pigeon
Tuſh, *interj.* expreſſing contempt
Tuſks, *ſ.* the large teeth that ſtand out of a boar's mouth
Túrelage, *ſ.* guardianſhip, protection, *L.*
Tútelar, and Tútelary, *a.* guarding, protecting, *L.*
Tútor, *ſ.* one who inſtructs
Tútor, *v.* to chide, teach, inſtruct
Tútoreſs, *ſ.* a female teacher, a governeſs
Tútty, *ſ.* a recrement of lapis calaminaris
Tuz, *ſ.* a tuft or lock of hair
Twain, *a.* two
Twang, *ſ.* the ſound of a bow-ſtring, &c. a diſagreeable taſte or ſmell
'Twas, *for* it was
Twáttle, *v.* to gabble, to prate
Tweag, and Tweak, *v.* to pinch, ſqueeze by the noſe
Tweézers, *ſ.* ſmall nippers
Twelfth, *a.* the ſecond after ten
Twélfthtide, *ſ.* the feaſt of the Epiphany
Twelve, *a.* the number xii. or 12. *S.*
Twélvemonth, *ſ.* a year
Twélvepence, *ſ.* a ſhilling
Twénty, *ſ.* the number xx. or 20, *S.*
Twice, *ad.* two times, *S.*
Twig, *ſ.* a ſmall branch, a ſwitch
Twiggy, *a.* full of twigs
Twilight, *ſ.* the imperfect light ſoon after the ſun's ſetting, and before his riſing
Twin, *ſ.* one of two produced together

Twínbórn, *a.* born at the ſame birth
Twine, *v.* to twiſt, to encircle, to wind
Twine, *ſ.* a particular ſort of packthread, *S.*
Twinge, *ſ.* a ſudden ſharp pain
Twínkling, *ſ.* a light that ſeems every moment in and out
Twínkle, *v.* to open and ſhut the eye, to ſparkle
Twirl, *v.* to turn ſwiftly round
Twirl, *ſ.* a quick circular motion
Twiſt, *v.* to faſten threads together by turning one end round
Twiſt, *ſ.* a ſmall cord of ſilk thread
Twit, *v.* to reproach, upbraid
Twitch, *v.* to pluck forcibly, to ſnatch
Twitch, *ſ.* a haſty pull, a twinge
Twítter, *ſ.* a diſorder of paſſion
Two, *ſ.* the number ii. or 2. *S.*
Twóedged, *a.* having an edge on each ſide
Twofold, *a.* double
Twóhánded, *a.* large, bulky
Tye. *See* Tie.
Tymbal, *ſ.* a kind of kettle drum
Ty'mphanum, *ſ.* the drum of the ear, *L.*
Ty'mpany, *ſ.* a dry windy dropſy
Type, *ſ.* a figure, emblem, printing letter
Ty'pical, *a.* belonging to a type
Ty'pify, *v.* to pre-figure, *G.*
Typográphical, *a.* belonging to typography
Typógraphy, *ſ.* the art of printing, *G.*
Tyránnical, and Tyránnic, *a.* like a tyrant
Tyránnically, *ad.* in the manner of tyrants
Ty'rannize, *v.* to oppreſs or uſe tyrannically, *L.*
Ty'ranny, *ſ.* cruel and oppreſſive government
Ty'rant, *ſ.* one who invades the liberties of his people, or governs with cruelty
Ty'ro, *ſ.* a novice, a young beginner, *L.*

V.

V. Is a numerical, and ſtands for 5
V. is ſometimes put for *vide*, or ſee
Vácancy, *ſ.* an empty ſpace, or poſt unfilled, *L.*
Vácant, *a.* void, empty, diſengaged
Vácate, *v.* to empty, annul or make void
Vacátion, *ſ.* receſs, leiſure, intermiſſion
Vacúity, *ſ.* emptineſs, *L.*
Vácuous, *a.* empty
Vácuum, *ſ.* ſpace, void of all body, *L.*
Vágabond, *ſ.* one that wanders up and down
Vágary, *ſ.* a freak, frolic, wanton prank
Vágrant, *ſ.* a vagabond, ſtrolling beggar
Vague, *a.* wandering, unfixed, indeterminate
Vail, *ſ.* cover of a woman's face
Vails, *ſ.* money given to ſervants
Vain, *a.* puffed up with pride, ineffectual
Vainglorious, *a.* filled with vain glory
Vainglóry, *ſ.* an empty, boaſting pride
Váinly, *ad.* arrogantly, without effect
Váinneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being vain
Válance, *ſ.* a border for the teſter of a bed
Vale, *ſ.* a valley
Valedíction, *ſ.* a bidding farewel
Válentine *ſ.* a man's name
Válentine, *ſ.* a choice on Valentine's day
Valérian, *ſ.* a plant
Válet de Chambre, *ſ.* a great man's gentleman, *F.*
Valetudinárian, and Valetúdinary, *ſ.* one over anxious about his health, *L.*
Váliant, *a.* brave, courageous
Válid, *a.* authentic, binding, good in law, *L.*
Validity, *ſ.* authenticity, or the binding force of a deed, &c.

Válley,

Válley, *ſ.* a low ground between two hills, *L.*
Válorous, *a.* courag-ous, valiant
Válour, *ſ.* courage, bravery, *F.*
Váluable, *a.* precious, worthy of eſteem
Valuátion, *ſ.* appraiſement, value of a thing
Válue, *ſ.* worth, eſteem
Válue, *v.* to ſet a price upon, eſteem
Váluer, *ſ.* an appraiſer
Valve, *ſ.* a lid or cover of a tube, &c.
Vamp, *ſ.* the upper leather of a ſhoe
Vamp, *v.* to mend or furbiſh up
Vamper, *ſ.* one who vamps
Van, *ſ.* the front of an army, a fan to clean corn
Vane, *ſ.* a weather-cock
Vánguard, *ſ.* the front, or firſt line of an army
Vanílla, *ſ.* a ſmall ſeed
Vaniſh, *v.* to diſappear, or go out of ſight, *L.*
Vánity, *ſ.* ſelf-conceit, vain glory
Vánquiſh, *v.* to ſubdue, *F.*
Vánquiſher, *ſ.* a conqueror
Vántage, *ſ.* advantage, overplus. *See* advantage
Vápid, *a.* dead, flat, ſpiritleſs, *L.*
Vápidneſs, *ſ.* maukiſhneſs
Vápour, *v.* to brag, boaſt, ſwagger
Vápouriſh, *a.* humourſome, ſplenetic
Vápourous, *a.* full of vapours, flatulent
Vápours, *ſ.* moiſt exhalations or ſteems, a diſeaſe attended with lowneſs of ſpirits, *L.*
Váriable, *a.* uncertain, changeable
Váriableneſs, *ſ.* changeableneſs, inconſtancy
Variance, *ſ.* diſpute, difference, quarrel
Váriation, *ſ.* change or alteration
Váriegate, *v.* to diverſify
Váriegated, *a.* diverſified with colours, *L.*
Variegátion, *ſ.* diverſity of colours
Variety, *ſ.* many ſorts, *L.*
Várious, *a.* ſeveral, different, *L.*
Váriouſly, *ad.* in another manner
Várlet, *ſ.* a raſcal, a rogue
Várniſh, *ſ.* a glutinous liquid for glazing cabinets, &c.
Várniſh, *v.* to ſet a gloſs on, to palliate
Várniſher, *ſ.* one who varniſhes
Váry, *v.* to change, alter, deviate
Váſcular, *a.* full of, or conſiſting of veſſels
Vaſe, *ſ.* a veſſel with a foot
Váſſal, *ſ.* one who holds lands by homage
Váſſalage, *ſ.* the ſtate of a vaſſal, ſlavery
Vaſt, *a.* great, large, huge, prodigious
Vaſt, *ſ.* an empty waſte
Váſtly, *ad.* to a great degree
Vat, *ſ.* a large veſſel uſed in brewing, &c. *B.*
Vault, *ſ.* to cover archwiſe, &c. to leap over a place
Vault, *ſ.* an arched roof, a cellar for laying in wines, &c. *F.*
Váulted, *a.* arched
Vaunt, *v.* to brag, boaſt, *F.*
Vaúntingly, *ad.* boaſtingly
Ubíquity, *ſ.* a being in all places at the ſame time, *L.*
U'dder, *ſ.* the milk bag of a cow
Veal, *ſ.* the fleſh of a calf, *F.*
Veer, *v.* to traverſe, to chop about
Végetable, *a.* belonging to a plant
Végetable, *ſ.* a term applied to all growing plants
Végetate, *v.* to grow, *L.*
Vegetátion, *ſ.* the growth or encreaſe of plants
Végetative, *a.* growing, as plants or trees
Véhemence, and Véhemency, *ſ.* violence, force
Véhement, *a.* violent, impetuous, eager, *L.*

Véhemently, *ad.* forcibly, urgently
Véhicle, *ſ.* any kind of carriage
Veil. *See* Vail
Vein, *ſ.* a long and round pipe in the fleſh, a ſtreak in marble or wood, turn of mind, *L.*
Véined, and Véiny, *a.* full of veins
Véllum, *ſ.* the fineſt ſort of parchment, *L.*
Velócity, *ſ.* quick motion, ſwiftneſs, *L.*
Vélvet, *ſ.* a fine ſilk with a thick pile
Vélvet, *a.* ſoft, made of velvet
Vénal, *a.* mercenary, mean, baſe
Venálity, *ſ.* the being venal
Vend, *v.* to ſell, to put off, *L.*
Vendée, *ſ.* the perſon to whom any thing is ſold
Véndor, *ſ.* the ſeller
Véndible, *a.* ſaleable
Véndibleneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of being ſaleable
Venéer, *v.* to cover with very thin wood
Venéering, *ſ.* a ſort of inlaid work
Vénerable, *a.* worthy of reſpect, regarded with awe
Vénerate, *v.* to reverence, highly reſpect, *L.*
Venerátion, *ſ.* an awful reverence
Venéreal, *a.* of or belonging to venery
Vénery, *ſ.* carnal pleaſure, hunting
Veneſéction, *ſ.* blood-letting
Véngeance, *ſ.* revenge, puniſhment
Véngeful, *a.* vindictive
Vénial, *a.* pardonable, excuſable
Véniſon, *ſ.* the fleſh of deer, *F.*
Vénom, *ſ.* poiſon, *L.*
Vénomous, *a.* poiſonous
Vent, *ſ.* a hole, ſpiracle, ſale
Vénter, *ſ.* the belly. In law, a mother, *L.*
Véntilate, *v.* to give vent, to winnow, to gather wind
Ventilátor, *ſ.* an engine to extract foul air
Véntricle, *ſ.* the ſtomach, a cavity, in the brain or heart
Vénture, *ſ.* a thing at ſtake, hazard, hap
Vénture, *v.* to riſk, or hazard
Vénturer, *ſ.* one who ventures
Vénturous, *a.* daring, bold, raſh
Vénturouſneſs, *ſ.* willingneſs to hazard
Verácity, *ſ.* truth in ſpeech, *L.*
Verb, *ſ.* a word in every ſentence which betokens being, doing, or ſuffering
Vérbal, *a.* delivered in words, or by word of mouth, literal
Vérbally, *ad.* word for word, in words
Vérbatim, *a.* word for word, *L.*
Vérberate, *v.* to beat or ſtrike
Verbóſe, *a.* full of words, prolix, tedious, *L.*
Verbóſity, *ſ.* much empty talk
Vérdant, *a.* green
Vérderer, *ſ.* a foreſt officer
Vérdict, *ſ.* the determination of a jury
Vérdigreaſe, *ſ.* the green ruſt of copper, *F.*
Vérdure, *ſ.* greenneſs
Vérdurous, *a.* full of verdure
Verge, *ſ.* a rod or wand, the compaſs of the king's court, bound, brink
Verge, *v.* to tend, to bend downwards
Vérger, *ſ.* one who carries a white wand before a lord chief juſtice, &c.
Vérify, *v.* to make good, to prove, *L.*
Vérily, *ad.* truly
Veriſi'milar, *a.* likely, probable
Veriſimilitude, *ſ.* probability
Vérity, *ſ.* truth, *L.*
Vérjuice, *ſ.* the juice of crab apples, *F.*
Vermicélli, *ſ.* paſte that appears like ſmall worms, *I.*
Vermicular, *a.* worm-like *L.*
Vermiculate, *v.* to inlay wood, &c.
Vermiculous, *a.* full of worms
Vermilion, *ſ.* a bright red colour

Vérmine, *ſ.* any little noxious animals
Vérminous, *a.* breeding vermin
Vernácular, *a.* native, of one's own country
Vérnal, *a.* belonging to the ſpring
Verſátile, *a.* variable, turning round
Verſe, *ſ.* poetry, a ſmall part of a chapter in the bible, *L.*
Vérſed, *a.* well ſkilled in any thing
Vérſicle, *ſ.* a ſhort verſe, *L.*
Verſificátion, *ſ.* the art of making verſes
Verſifier, *ſ.* a maker of verſes
Vérſify, *v.* to relate in, or make verſe
Vérſion, *ſ.* a tranſlation, *L.*
Vértebral, *a.* relating to the ſpine
Vértebræ, *ſ.* the joints of the back bone, *L.*
Vértex, *ſ.* the uppermoſt part of any thing, *L.*
Vértical, *a.* exactly over our heads
Verticity, *ſ.* rotation, turning about
Vertiginous, *a.* turning round, giddy
Vértigo, *ſ.* a giddineſs, *L.*
Vervain, *ſ.* an herb
Very, *a.* the ſame, true, real
Véſicle, *ſ.* a little bladder, *L.*
Veſi'cular, *a.* hollow
Véſper, *ſ.* the evening ſtar, *L.*
Véſpers, *ſ.* evening prayers in the romiſh church, *L.*
Véſſel, *ſ.* any utenſil made to contain liquor, a ſhip, bark, &c.
Veſt, *v.* to enrobe, inveſt
Veſt, *ſ.* a ſort of coat worn by little boys as an outer garment
Véſtal, *ſ.* a pure virgin
Véſtibule, and Véſtible, *ſ.* the porch or paſſage into a houſe
Véſtiges, *ſ.* footſteps, traces, marks, *L.*
Véſtment, *ſ.* a garment
Veſtry, *ſ.* a room belonging to a church, a meeting of the pariſhioners there
Véſture, *ſ.* a garment, admittance to poſſeſſion
Vetches, *ſ.* a kind of pulſe
Véteran, *ſ.* an old ſoldier
Vex, *v.* to make angry, oppreſs, torment
Vexátion, *ſ.* grief, trouble, torment
Vexátious, *a.* afflictive, burthenſome, oppreſſive, *L.*
Vexátiouſneſs, *ſ.* troubleſomeneſs, uneaſineſs
Ugly, *a.* of a diſagreeable appearance
Vial, *ſ.* a thin glaſs bottle, *F.*
Viands, *ſ.* victuals, food, dreſſed meat
Viáticum, *ſ.* neceſſaries for a journey, extreme unction, *H.*
Vibrate, *v.* to move as a pendulum, brandiſh, ſhake
Vibrátion, *ſ.* ſwinging to an fro, *L.*
Vicar, *ſ.* one who performs the duty of another, a pariſh prieſt where the tithes are impropriated, *L.*
Vicarage, *ſ.* the benefice of a vicar
Vicárious, *a.* ſubordinate, or belonging to a vicar, *L.*
Vicarſhip, *ſ.* the office of a vicar
Vice, *ſ.* ſin, crime, an iron preſs
Vice, *in compoſition*, ſignifies *ſecond in rank*
Vice-Admiral, *ſ.* an officer below an admiral
Vicegérent, *ſ.* a ſubſtitute or deputy, *F.*
Vicecháncellor, *ſ.* a ſecond magiſtrate in an univerſity
Víceroy, *ſ.* a deputy king, *F.*
Viceróyalty, *ſ.* the dignity of a viceroy
Vicé verſa, *ad.* on the contrary
Vicinity, *ſ.* nearneſs, neighbourhood
Vícinage, *ſ.* the place adjoining, neighbourhood
Vícious, *a.* lewd, debauched, wicked
Viciſſitude, *ſ.* change, turn, revolution, *L.*
Víctim, *ſ.* the creature to be ſacrificed
Víctor, *ſ.* a conqueror, *L.*

Victórious, *a.* having obtained a victory
Victory, *ſ.* the defeat of an enemy, *L.*
Victuals, *ſ.* proviſions, food
Victual, *v.* to provide with food
Victualler, *ſ.* an alehouſe-keeper, a provider of victuals
Vidélicet, *ad.* to wit, that is, *L.*
Vie, *v.* to emulate, endeavour to excel
View, *ſ.* a ſight, deſign, intention, a proſpect
View, *v.* to look upon, to ſurvey, examine
Vigil, *ſ.* the eve or day before a religious feſtival
Vigilance, *ſ.* watchfulneſs
Vigilant, *a.* watchful, diligent, wary
Vigorous, *a.* full of vigour
Vigour, or Vígor, *ſ.* force, energy, efficacy
Vile, *v.* wicked, mean, deſpicable, baſe
Vileneſs, *ſ.* deſpicableneſs, baſeneſs
Vilify, *v.* to defame, abaſe, abuſe, deſpiſe
Vill, or Villa, *ſ.* a ſmall country houſe
Village, *ſ.* a ſmall number of houſes or cottages without any privileges granted by charter
Villager, *ſ.* an inhabitant of a village
Villain, *ſ.* a rogue or vile fellow, *F.*
Villanage, *ſ.* a tenure held by doing ſervile work for the lord of the manor, *F.*
Villanous, *a.* baſe, knaviſh
Villanouſly, *ad.* baſely, wickedly
Villany, *ſ.* a crime, baſeneſs, wickedneſs
Villátic, *a.* belonging to villages
Villous, *a.* ſhaggy, rough
Viminous, *a.* made of twigs
Vincent, *ſ.* a man's name
Vincible, *a.* that may be overcome
Vindicate, *v.* to juſtify, defend, *L.*
Vindicátion, *ſ.* a defence
Vindicátor, *ſ.* one who vindicates
Vindictive, *a.* revengeful, *L.*

Vine, *ſ.* a plant or tree that bears grapes, *L.*
Vinegar, *ſ.* ſour wine, *F.*
Vineyard, *ſ.* ground planted with vines
Vinous, *a.* having the quality of wine
Vintage, *ſ.* the time of making wine
Vintager, *ſ.* a grape-gatherer
Vintner, *ſ.* the keeper of a tavern
Vintry, *ſ.* a place for the ſale of wine
Viol, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument with ſix ſtrings
Violable, *a.* that may be violated
Violáceous, *a.* reſembling violets
Violate, *v.* to infringe, tranſgreſs, break
Violation, *ſ.* the act of violating
Violátor, *ſ.* a tranſgreſſor, a raviſher
Violence, *ſ.* vehemence, compulſion, force
Violent, *a.* fierce, vehement, ſharp
Violet, *ſ.* a well known flower
Violin, *ſ.* a fiddle, *F.*
Violloncéllo, *ſ.* a ſmall baſe viol
Viper, *ſ.* a ſmall venomous ſnake
Viperine, *a.* belonging to a viper
Víperous, *a.* of or belonging to the viper
Virágo, *ſ.* a termagant
Virge. *See* Verge
Virgin, *ſ.* a maid
Virgin, *a.* maidenly, pure, unmingled
Virginal, *ſ.* a muſical inſtrument with keys like a harpſichord
Virginity, *ſ.* the ſtate of a pure maid
Virile, *a.* belonging to man
Virility, *ſ.* manhood, ability to propagate the ſpecies, *L.*
Virtual, *a.* equivalent, effectual
Virtually, *ad.* effectually, not formally
Virtue, *ſ.* government of the paſſions and appetites, power, efficacy
Virtuóſo, *ſ.* one who ſtudies the polite arts
Virtuous, *a.* endowed with virtue

Virulency,

Virulence, and Virulency, *ſ.* bitterneſs, venom, acrimony of temper
Virulent, *a.* venomous, bitter
Virulently, *ad.* malignantly
Virus, *ſ.* ſtinking matter from ulcers
Viſage, *ſ.* the face or countenance
Viſcera, *ſ.* the bowels, *L.*
Viſcerate, *v.* to take out the bowels
Viſcid, *a.* ſticky, glutinous, clammy
Viſcidity, *ſ.* glutinouſneſs, ropineſs
Viſcóſity. *See* Viſcidity
Viſcount, *ſ.* a title of honour next below an earl, *F.*
Viſcounteſs, *ſ.* a viſcount's wife
Viſcous, *a.* clammy, ſlimy, ſticky
Viſibility, *ſ.* a being viſible to the eye
Viſible, *a.* that may be ſeen
Viſibly, *ad.* conſpicuouſly, openly
Viſion, *ſ.* ſeeing or ſight, a dream
Viſionary, *a.* imaginary, ſeen in a dream, *F.*
Viſionary, *ſ.* a pretender to viſions and revelations
Viſit, *v.* to go to ſee, to afflict, *L.*
Viſit, *ſ.* act of going to ſee another
Viſitant, *ſ.* one who goes to ſee another
Viſitátion, *ſ.* a judicial viſit
Viſiter, *ſ.* an occaſional judge, one who viſits
Viſor. *See* Vizard
Viſta, or Viſto, *ſ.* a long view bounded with trees
Viſual, *a.* belonging to the ſight
Vital, *a.* belonging to, or that ſupports life
Vitality, *ſ.* power of ſubſiſting in life
Vitally, *ad.* ſo as to give life
Vitals, *ſ. pl.* the main ſeats of life, as the heart, brain, lungs, &c.
Vitiate, *v.* to corrupt, ſpoil, deprave, *L.*
Vitious, *a.* wicked, lewd, debauched, *L.*
Vitiouſneſs, *ſ.* the ſtate of vice, corruptneſs
Vitreous, *a.* glaſſy, belonging to glaſs
Vitreouſneſs, *ſ.* reſemblance of glaſs
Vitrify, *v.* to turn to glaſs
Vitriol, *ſ.* an acid ſalt
Vitriolated, *a.* turned into, or compounded of vitriol
Vitriólic, and Vitriólous, *a.* of the nature of vitriol
Vivácious, *a.* lively, briſk, ſpirited
Vivácity, *ſ.* ſprightlineſs, liveline's
Viva Vóce, *ſ.* by word of mouth, with his own voice
Vivid, *a.* full of life, a lively colour, *L.*
Vivify, *v.* to enliven, animate
Viviparous, *a.* bringing forth young alive
Vixen, *a.* a turbulent woman
Viz, *ad.* videlicet, to wit, or that is
Vizard, *ſ.* a maſk, *Sp.*
Vizier, *ſ.* an Ottoman prime miniſter
U'lcer, *ſ.* a running ſore
U'lcerated, *v.* turned into an ulcer
U'lcerous, *a.* belonging to an ulcer
U'llage, *ſ.* what a caſk wants of being full
Ulterior, *a.* on the further ſide
U'ltimate, *a.* laſt, final, utmoſt
U'ltimately, *ad.* in the laſt conſequence
U'ltramarine, *a.* the fineſt blue uſed by painters
U'mber, *ſ.* a brown mineral colour, a fiſh, otherwiſe called a grayling
Umbílical, *a.* belonging to the navel
U'mbles, *ſ.* the eatable part of a deer's entrails
U'mbo, *ſ.* a point of a buckler
U'mbrage, *ſ.* a ſhadow, offence, ſuſpicion, *L.*
Umbrágeous, *a.* ſhady
Umbrélla, *ſ.* a cover from the ſun and rain, *I.*
U'mpirage, *ſ.* the office of an umpire

U'mpire, *ſ.* a third perſon choſen by two arbitrators to decide a controverſy referred to them, *I.*

Unabaſhed, *a.* not aſhamed

Unáble, *a.* incapable, or not able

Unabſolved, *a.* without abſolution

Unacéptable, *a.* not acceptable

Unaccompliſhed, *a.* unfiniſhed

Unaccóuntable, *a.* not to be accounted for

Unaccoúntably, *ad.* ſtrangely

Unaccúſtomed, *a.* not accuſtomed to

Unacquainted, *a.* not acquainted with

Unáctive, *a.* ſluggiſh, dull, not active

Unadmired, *a.* not admired

Unadóred, *a.* not worſhipped

Unadórned, *a.* without ornaments

Unadviſed, *a.* indiſcreet, without advice

Unadmóniſhed, *a.* not admoniſhed

Unaffécted, *a* unmoved, natural, without affectation, *L.*

Unaffécting, *a.* not moving the paſſions

Unaided, *a.* unaſſiſted, *F.*

Unallied, *a.* not in alliance with

Unáliénable, *a.* that cannot be alienated

Unálterable, *a.* not to be altered or changed

Unamázed, *a.* not ſurprized or amazed

Unámiable, *a.* unlovely

Unanímity, *ſ.* being of the ſame mind

Unanimous, *a.* with one accord, of one mind

Unanneál'd, *a.* unannointed, or without extreme unction

Unánſwerable, *a.* that cannot be anſwered, denied, or objected to

Unánſwered, *a.* not anſwered, not confuted

Uunappárent, *a.* not appearing

Unappéáſable, *a.* not to be appeaſed

Unapprehénſive, *a.* that cannot apprehend or underſtand, without fear

Unapproáchable, *a.* that cannot be come at, or approached to

Unapt, *a.* unready, not diſpoſed to, dull

Unármed, *a.* without arms or weapons

Unártful, *a.* wanting ſkill

Unáſked, *a.* not aſked

Unaſpíring, *a.* not ambitious

Unaſſáiled, *a.* not attached

Unaſſi'ſted, *a.* without aſſiſtance

Un-aſſúred, *a.* not aſſured

Unattaínable, *a.* not to be obtained

Unattémpted, *a.* not yet attempted

Unattended, *a.* without attendants

Unavailable, *a.* unſucceſsful

Unavailing, *a.* uſeleſs, vain

Unavoidable, *a.* inevitable

Unaugménted, *a.* not increaſed

Unaúthoriſed, *a.* not ſupported by authority

Unawáres, *ad.* unexpected, not looked for, through an overſight

Unáwed, *a.* having no fear nor regard

Unbácked, *a.* not turned, not aided

Unbár, *v.* to take away a bar

Unbeáten, *a.* not beaten, not trodden

Unbecóming, *a.* indecent, unſeemly

Unbefi'ting, *a.* not becoming

Unbegótten, *a.* not begotten

Unbeliéf, *ſ.* incredulity

Unbeliéver, *ſ.* an infidel

Unbénd, *v.* to ſlacken, relax

Unbénding, *a.* not ſuffering flexure

Unbéneficed, *a.* not enjoying a benefice

Unbént, *a.* unſtrung, relaxed

Unbeſeeming, *a.* unbecoming

Unbiaſſed, *a.* without prejudice

Unbid, or Unbidden, *a.* uninvited

Unbind, *v.* to untie, to ſet looſe

Unblámeable, *a.* not to be blamed

Unblémiſhed, *a.* free from blemiſh or reproach
Unbléſt, *a.* not bleſſed, unhappy
Unbódied, *a.* incorporeal, freed from the body
Unboiled, *a.* not boiled
Unbólt, *v.* to open bolts
Unbólted, *a.* not refined or ſifted, coarſe
Unbórn, *a.* not born
Unbórrowed, *a.* genuine, native, one's own
Unbóſom, *v.* to open the mind freely
Unboúght, *a.* not bought
Unboúnd, *a.* untied, ſet at liberty, wanting a cover
Unboúnded, *a.* unlimited
Unbráce, *v.* to unty, to ſlacken the braces
Unbréd, *a.* not taught
Unbribed, *a.* not bribed
Unbridled, *a.* not bridled
Unbróken, *a.* not broken, not tamed
Unbrótherly, *a.* not becoming a brother
Unbúckle, *v.* to looſe a buckle
Unbuilt, *a.* not erected or built
Unburied, *a.* not buried
Unbúrthen, *v.* to diſcloſe, to get rid of a load
Unbútton, *v.* to looſe buttons
Uncálled, *a.* not called
Uncanónical, *a.* not conformable to the canons of the church
Uncáſe, *v.* to uncover
Uncénſured, *a.* free from cenſure
Uncértain, *a.* not certain, doubtful
Uncértainty, *ſ.* dubiouſneſs
Uncháin, *v.* to take off a chain
Unchángeable, *a.* unalterable
Unchángeableneſs, *ſ.* immutability
Unchánging, *a.* ſuffering no alteration
Uncháritable, *a.* void of charity
Uncháritableneſs, *ſ.* want of charity
Uncháſte, *a.* immodeſt, not chaſte
Unchécked, *a.* unreſtrained
Unchew'd, *a.* not chewed
Unchriſtened, *a.* not baptized
Unchriſtian, *a.* contrary to the rules of chriſtianity
Uncircumciſed, *a.* not circumciſed
Uncircumciſion, *ſ.* without circumciſion
Uncircumſcribed, *a.* unbounded, unlimited
Uncircumſpect, *a.* unwary, inconſiderate
Uncivil, *a.* not civil or courteous
Uncivily, *ad.* unpolitely
Uncivilized, *a.* indecent, barbarous
Unciád, *a.* uncloathed
Uncl.rifi'ed, *a.* not purified
Uncláſp, *v.* to unloſe a claſp
Uncláſſic, *a.* not claſſical
Uncléft, *a.* not cleft or ſplit
Unclénch, *v.* to open the cloſed hand
Uncle, *ſ.* a father or mother's brother
Unclean, *a.* foul, filthy, polluted
Uncleánlineſs, *ſ.* ſin, want of cleanneſs
Uncleánneſs. *See* Uncleanlineſs
Unclipped, *a.* not clipped, whole
Uncloathed, *a.* naked, ſtripped
Uncloiſter, *v.* to ſet at large
Unclóſe, *v.* to open
Unclóſed, *a.* without incloſures
Uncloúdy, *a.* free from clouds
Unclóyed, *a.* not ſatiated, tired or glutted
Uncoif, *v.* to take off the coif
Uncoil, *v.* to open any thing coiled
Uncoined, *a.* not coined
Uncollécted, *a.* not collected
Uncómbed, *a.* not combed
Uncómelineſs, *ſ.* want of beauty
Uncómely, *a.* unhandſome, unſeemly
Uncómfortable, *a.* unpleaſant, diſagreeable
Uncómmon, *a.* unuſual

Uncómmonneſs,

Uncómmonneſs, *ſ.* infrequency
Uncómpact, *a.* not cloſely cohering
Uncommúnicated, *a.* not communicated
Uncompélled, *a.* free from compulſion
Uncompléte, *a.* not perfect
Uncompoúnded, *a.* unmixed
Uncompréſſed, *a.* not compreſſed
Unconceíved, *a.* not imagined
Unconcern, *ſ.* negligence
Unconcérned, *a.* not diſturbed, not anxious
Unconcócted, *a.* crude, indigeſted
Uncondemned, *a.* not condemned
Unconfi'ned, *a.* not limited, free, at liberty
Unconfi'rmed, *a.* not confirmed
Unconnécted, *a.* not connected
Uncónquerable, *a.* not to be conquered
Uncónquered, *a.* not conquered
Uncónſcionable, *a.* unreaſonable, unjuſt
Uncónſecrated, *a.* not conſecrated
Unconſtráined, *a.* uncompelled, free, eaſy, without ſtiffneſs or conſtraint
Unconſúmed, *a.* not conſumed
Uncontéſted, *a.* not diſputed or conteſted
Uncontrólable, *a.* not to be controlled
Uncontróled, *a.* without control
Unconvérſable, *a.* unſociable
Uncórd, *v.* to pull off the cord
Uncorrécted, *a.* unpuniſhed, unamended
Uncorrúpted, *a.* not corrupted
Uncóver, *v.* to take off the cover
Uncóuple, *v.* to ſeparate
Uncoúrtly, *a.* uncivil, unmannerly, inelegant of manners
Uncouth, *a.* rough, odd, ſtrange, unpoliſhed
Uncrópped, *a.* not cropped
Uncrow'n, *v.* to deprive of a crown
U'nction, *ſ.* an anointing, *L.*
U'nctuous, *a.* fat, clammy, oily
U'nctuouſneſs, *ſ.* clammineſs, oilineſs
Uncúltivated, *a.* not cultivated
Uncúmbered, *a.* not embarraſſed
Uncúrbed, *a.* licentious, not reſtrained
Uncúred, *a.* not cured
Uncúrl, *v.* to let a curl fall, to make ſtrait
Uncúſtomable, *a.* not liable to pay cuſtom
Uncúſtomary, *a.* unuſual
Uncúſtomed, *a.* that has not paid cuſtom
Uncút, *a.* not cut
Undám, *v.* to open a dam
Undámaged, *a.* not made worſe
Undaúnted, *a.* intrepid, not daunted
Undaúntedly, *ad.* intrepidly, boldly
Undebáuched, *a.* not corrupted by debauchery
Undecáyed, *a.* not having undergone decay
Undecáying, *a.* not liable to decay
Undeceivable, *a.* not to be deceived
Undeceive, *v.* to inform juſtly
Undeceíved, *a* not cheated
Undecided, *a.* undetermined
Undéck, *v* to undreſs
Undécked, *a.* not ornamented
Undeciſive, *a.* not concluſive
Undefáced, *a.* not diſfigured
Undefeáſible, *a.* not defeaſible
Undefi'led, *a.* not defiled or polluted
Undefi'ed, *a.* not challenged
Undefi'ned, *a.* not defined
Undefórmed, *a.* not diſfigured
Undefráyed, *a.* not paid
Undejécted, *a.* not dejected
Undelightful, *a.* not giving pleaſure
Undemóliſhed, *a.* not thrown down
Undeniable, *a.* indiſputable
Undeniably, *ad.* certainly
Undeplóred, *a.* not lamented
Undepráved, *a.* not depraved or corrupted

Under, *prep.* below, or beneath, leſs, *Ger.*
Underbid, *v.* to offer leſs for a thing than it is worth
Underbínd, *v.* to bind beneath
Underclérk, *ſ.* a ſubordinate clerk
Underdó, *v.* to do leſs than requiſite
Undergó, *v.* to bear or ſuffer
Undergroúnd, *ſ.* within the earth
Underflów, *v.* to flow beneath
Underfóot, *a.* lying on the ground, trampled upon
Underhánd, *a.* clandeſtine, ſly, ſecret
Underived, *a.* not borrowed
Underlây, *v.* to lay under
Underláyer, *ſ.* a prop to ſhore up any thing
U'nderling, *ſ.* one who acts under another
Undermíne, *v.* to make hollow beneath, to circumvent
Underminer, *ſ.* a ſecret enemy
U'ndermoſt, *a.* the loweſt
Underneáth, *prep.* below or beneath
U'nderpart, *ſ.* the loweſt part
Underpétticoat, *ſ.* the coat next the body
U'nderplot, *ſ.* a ſeries of events ſubſervient to the plot of a play
Underprize, *v.* to undervalue
Underprop, *v.* to ſuſtain, ſupport
Underráte, *v.* to ſet too low a price upon
Underráte, *ſ.* a price leſs than value
Underſécretary, *ſ.* a ſubordinate ſecretary
Underſéll, *v.* to ſell for leſs than the value, to ſell for leſs than another
Underſérvant, *ſ.* a lower ſervant
Underſhériff, *ſ.* a deputy ſheriff
Underſhóot, *a.* moving by water paſſing under
Underſtánd, *v.* to comprehend fully
Underſtánding, *ſ.* the intellect, comprehenſion, knowledge
Underſtanding, *a.* knowing ſkilful
Underſtoód, *v.* did underſtand
Underſtrápper, *ſ.* an underling
Undertáke, *v.* to engage to perform
Undertáker, *ſ.* a perſon who contracts, performs ſomething, eſpecially funerals
Undertáking, *ſ.* affair, buſineſs, enterprize
Underténant, *ſ.* one who holds of another tenant
Undervalúation, *ſ.* an unequal rate
Underválue, *v.* to ſlight, to ſet a leſs value on
Underwood, *ſ.* all ſorts of wood not large enough to be called timber
U'nderwork, *v.* to work for an underprice
Underwríte, *v.* to write under
Underwriter, *ſ.* an inſurer
Undeſcribed, *a.* not deſcribed
Undeſcried, *a.* unſeen, undiſcovered
Undeſérved, *a.* unmerited
Undeſérvedly, *ad.* without deſert
Undeſérving, *a.* not deſerving
Undeſi'gned, *a.* not intended
Undeſi'gning, *a.* ſincere
Undeſi'reable, *a.* not to be wiſhed
Undeſi'red, *a.* not ſolicited
Undeſi'ring, *a.* not wiſhing, negligent
Undeſtróyed, *a.* not deſtroyed
Undetérmined, *a.* undecided, irreſolute, uncertain
Undetermineáble, *a.* impoſſible to be decided
Undigéſted, *a.* not digeſted, not concocted
Undiminiſhed, *a.* not diminiſhed
Undipped, *a.* not dipped
Undiſcérnable, *a.* not to be diſcerned
Undiſcérned, *a.* not obſerved, not diſcerned
Undiſcérning, *a.* injudicious
Undiſciplined, *a.* untaught, not brought under diſcipline

Undiſcovered,

Undiſcóvered, *a.* not diſcovered
Undiſguiſed, *a.* open, artleſs, plain
Undiſtúrbed, *a.* untroubled, uninterrupted
Undivided, *a.* not divided, parted or ſhared
Undo, *v.* to take in pieces, to diſannul, to ruin
Undoubted, *a.* not to be doubted
Undréſs, *v.* to pull off the cloaths
U'ndreſs, *ſ.* a diſhabile
Undried, *a.* not dried
Undúe, *a.* not right or regular
Undulátion, *ſ.* a motion like that of waves, *L.*
Undulatory motion, *ſ.* the ſame as undulation
Undútiful, *a.* diſobedient, perverſe, rebellious
Uneáſineſs, *ſ.* diſquietude, reſtleſſneſs, pain
Uneáſy, *a.* not eaſy, diſturbed, in pain
Uneáten, *a.* not eaten
Unédifying, *a.* not improving
Unemplóyed, *a.* not employed
Unendow'ed, *a.* not endowed
Unengáged, *a.* not engaged
Unenjóyed, *a.* not poſſeſſed
Unenlightened, *a.* not enlightened
Unenſláved, *a.* free, not enthralled
Unentertáining, *a.* yielding no entertainment
Unénvied, *a.* free from envy
Unéqual, *a.* not equal, diſproportionate
Unéqually, *ad.* in different degrees
Unéquitable, *a.* not juſt
Unérring, *a.* not miſtaking, certain
Unérringly, *ad.* without miſtake
Uneſſéntial, *a.* not eſſential
Unéven, *a.* not even
Unévenneſs, *ſ.* changeableneſs, inequality
Unexácted, *a.* not exacted
Unexámined, *a.* not examined
Unexámpled, *a.* without example
Unexcéptionable, *a.* not to be objected againſt
Unéxecuted, *a.* not executed
Unexémplified, *a.* not known by example
Unéxerciſed, *a.* not practiſed
Unexémpt, *a.* not privileged
Unexhaúſted, *a.* not exhauſted
Unexpécted, *a.* unlooked for
Unexpéctedly, *ad.* ſuddenly
Unexpérienced, *a.* without experience, untried
Unexpédient, *a.* not fit
Unexpért, *a.* wanting ſkill or knowledge
Unexplóded, *a.* not ſearched out
Unexplóred, *a.* not ſearched out, not tried, not known
Unexpóſed, *a.* not open to cenſure
Unexpréſſive, *a.* not having the power of expreſſing, inexpreſſive, unutterable
Unextended, *a.* not extended
Unextérminable, *a.* not to be exterminated
Unextírpated, *a.* not extirpated
Unextinguiſhed, *a.* not extinguiſhed
Unfáded, *a.* not withered
Unfáding, *a.* not liable to fade
Unfailing, *a.* not miſſing, certain
Unfáir, *a.* unjuſt, diſingenuous
Unfaithful, *a.* falſe, diſloyal
Unfaithfully, *ad.* perfidiouſly, treacherouſly
Unfaithfulneſs, *ſ.* perfidiouſneſs
Unfamíliar, *a.* not common
Unfáſhionable, *a.* not in the faſhion
Unfáſhionableneſs, *ſ.* deviation from mode
Unfáſhioned, *a.* unformed
Unfáſten, *v.* to undo what was faſt
Unfáthomable, *a.* not to be fathomed
Unfáthomed, *a.* not ſounded
Unfávourably, *ad.* unkindly
Unfeáſible, *a.* impracticable
Unfeáthered, *a.* naked of feathers

Unfed, *a.* not fed
Unfeed, *a.* not having received his fee
Unfeeling, *a.* inſenſible
Unfeigned, *a.* ſincere
Unfeignedly, *ad.* ſincerely, really
Unfelt, *a.* not felt
Unfenced, *a.* not fenced, or ſecured with fences,
Unfermented, *a.* not fermented
Unfertile, *a.* not fertile, unfruitful
Unfetter, *v.* to free from ſhackles
Unfettered, *a.* without fetters
Unfi'lial, *a.* unſuitable to a ſon
Unfi'lled, *a.* not filled
Unfi'niſhed, *a.* not finiſhed
Unfi't, *a.* not fit, not qualified
Unfi'tting, *a.* not proper
Unfi'tneſs, *ſ.* want of qualification
Unfi'xed, *a.* not fixed
Unfledged, *a.* not covered with feathers
Unfold, *v.* to open, to explain, to let ſheep out of a fold
Unforbidden, *a.* not prohibited
Unforced, *a.* not forced
Unformed, *a.* not compelled
Unforcible, *a.* wanting ſtrength
Unforeſeen, *a.* not ſeen beforehand
Unforfeited, *a.* not forfeited
Unforgiving, *a.* inexorable, implacable
Unforgotten, *a.* not forgotten
Unformed, *a.* not put into form, not yet produced
Unfortified, *a.* not fortified
Unfortunate, *a.* not fortunate, unhappy
Unfortunately, *ad.* without good ſucceſs
Unfound, *a.* not found
Unframed, *a.* not framed
Unfrequent, *a.* not common
Unfrequented, *a.* not frequented
Unfriended, *a.* wanting a friend
Unfriendlineſs, *ſ.* want of kindneſs
Unfriendly, *a.* unkind, not like a friend
Unfrozen, *a.* not congealed to ice
Unfruitful, *a.* barren
Unfulfilled, *a.* not fulfilled
Unfurl, *v.* to expand, to unfold, to open
Unfurniſh, *v.* to diveſt, ſtrip, deprive
Unfurniſhed, *a.* without furniture
Ungain, and Ungainly, *a.* awkward
Ungalled, *a.* unwounded, unhurt
Ungarniſhed, *a.* not garniſhed
Ungartered, *a.* without garters
Ungathered, *a.* not gathered
Ungenerous, *a.* not generous
Ungenial, *a.* not favourable to nature
Ungentle, *a.* untractable, ſevere, rigorous
Ungentlemanlike, *ad.* not becoming a gentleman
Ungentleneſs, *ſ.* harſhneſs, incivility
Ungird, *v.* to undo a girth, belt or girdle
Ungirt, *a.* looſely dreſſed
Unglorified, *a.* not honoured
Unglue, *v.* to ſeparate a place glued
Ungod, *v.* to diveſt of divinity
Ungodlily, *ad.* wickedly, impiouſly
Ungodlineſs, *ſ.* wickedneſs, impiety
Ungodly, *ſ.* the wicked and profane
Ungodly, *a.* without any reverence of God, or regard to his laws
Ungored, *a.* unwounded, unhurt
Ungovernable, *a.* unruly
Ungoverned, *a.* licentious
Ungraceful, *a.* not graceful
Ungracefulneſs, *ſ.* awkwardneſs, inelegance
Ungracious, *a.* void of grace
Ungrafted, *a.* not grafted

Ungrammatical,

Ungrammatical, *a.* contrary to the rules of grammar
Ungránted, *a.* not granted
Ungrateful, *a.* unpleasing, unthankful
Ungrapple, *v.* to loose from a grapple
Ungrátefully, *ad.* with ingratitude
Ungrávelled, *a.* not spread over with gravel, that has the gravel taken away
Ungroúnded, *a.* without foundation
Ungrúdgingly, *ad.* cheerfully, heartily
Unguárded, *a.* without guards, unwatched
Unhállowed, *a.* profane, not hallowed
Unhálter, *v.* to take off the halter
Unhánd, *v.* to loose or let go
Unhándsome, *a.* not handsome, ungenerous, ungenteel,
Unhándy, *a.* clumsy, aukward in doing any thing
Unháppy, *a.* unfortunate, miserable
Unhárbour, *v.* to dislodge a deer, &c.
Unhármed, *a.* unhurt
Unharmónious, *a.* dissonant, jarring, unmusical
Unhárness, *v.* to take off the harness
Unhásp, *v.* to undo a hasp
Unházarded, *a.* not put in danger
Unhátched, *a* not hatched
Unhéaled, *a.* not healed
Unhéalthful, *a.* unwholesome, sickly
Unhéalthy, *a.* wanting health, sickly
Unheárd, *a.* not heard, without speaking
Unhéated, *a.* not made hot
Unhéeded, *a.* not regarded
Unhéeding, *a.* negligent, careless
Unhélped, *a.* unassisted
Unhélpful, *a* unmindful
Unhéw'n, *a.* not hewn
Unhinge, *v.* to take off the hinges, to disconcert

Unhóliness, *s.* profaneness, impiety
Unhóly, *a.* impious, profane
Unhónoured, *a.* not regarded with veneration nor treated with respect
Unhoop, *v.* to divest of hoops
Unhóodwink, *v.* to remove any thing that obstructs the sight
Unhóped, *a.* not expected
Unhópeful, *a.* that gives no grounds for hope
Unhórse, *v.* to throw a person off his horse
Unhoúse, *v.* to drive out of a habitation
Unhoúsed, *a.* homeless
Unhoúseled, or Unhoúzled, *a.* without the sacraments
Unhúmbled, *a.* not humbled
Unhúrt, *a.* without hurt
Unhúrtful, *a.* doing no harm
U'nicorn, *s.* a beast like a horse, said to have one horn, *L.*
U'niform, *a.* similar, consistant, of one fashion, *L.*
Uniformity, *s.* regularity, similitude, *L.*
Unimáginable, *a.* not to be imagined
Unimplóyed, *a.* having nothing to do, not used
Unimpórtant, *a.* not important
Unimportúned, *a.* not solicited
Unimpróveable, *a.* not improveable
Unimpróved, *a.* not made more knowing, not made better
Unindébted, *a.* not indebted
Unindeáred, *a.* unbeloved, not having gained the affections
Uninflámmable, *a.* that cannot be made to flame, or be set on fire
Uninflámed, *a* not set on fire
Uninfórmed, *a.* untaught, unanimated
Uninhábitable, *a.* impossible to be inhabited

Uninhábited,

Uninhábited, *a.* not inhabited
Uninjured, *a.* unhurt
Uninſcribed, *a.* not inſcribed
Uninſpired, *a.* not enlightened from heaven
Uninſtrúcted, *a.* not taught, not inſtructed
Uninſtrúctive, *a.* not teaching, not edifying
Unintélligent, *a.* not knowing or ſkilful
Unintélligible, *a.* not to be underſtood
Unintélligibly, *ad.* ſo as not to be underſtood
Uninterrúpted, *a.* continual, without interruption
Uninterrúptedly, *ad.* without obſtruction or delay
Uninthrálled, *a.* not inthralled
Unintrenched, *a.* not intrenched
Uninvited, *a.* not invited or aſked
Unjointed, *a.* having no joint, disjointed
U'nion, *ſ.* conjunction, or joining together, *L.*
U'niſon, *a.* ſounding alone
U'niſon, *ſ.* exactly the ſame ſound
U'nit, *ſ.* a term in arithmetic, ſignifying one
Unite, *v.* to join or make one, as to piece together, to join one's ſelf to a party
U'nity, *ſ.* a being one
Unjúdged, *a.* not judged or tried
Univérſal, *a.* general, belonging or extending to all, *L.*
Univerſálity, *ſ.* the being univerſal
Univérſally, *ad.* without exception
U'niverſe, *ſ.* the whole ſyſtem of material beings, the earth, *L.*
Univérſity, *ſ.* a ſchool of faculties and arts
Unjúſt, *a.* not juſt
Unjuſtifi'able, *a.* not to be juſtified
Unjúſtly, *a.* contrary to juſtice
Unkénnel, *v.* to rouſe out of its kennel
Unkind, *a.* ſhewing no kindneſs
Unkindly, *a.* unfavourable, unnatural
Unkíndneſs, *ſ.* want of good will
Unking, *v.* to dethrone a king
Unkiſſed, *a.* not kiſſed
U'nkle, *ſ.* *See* Uncle
Unknow'ing, *a.* ignorant
Unknow'ingly, *ad.* without knowing
Unknow'n, *a.* not known
Unláboured, *a.* ſpeaking of the ſtyle of a book, eaſy, free
Unláce, *v.* to draw the lace out of the holes of ſtays
Unláde, *v.* to put out, to exonerate
Unlaménted, *a.* unbewailed, not lamented
Unlatch, *v.* to open a latch
Unlaw'ful, *a.* contrary to law
Unlaw'fully, *ad.* illegally
Unlaw'fulneſs, *ſ.* contrary to law
Unlearn, *v.* to forget
Unleárned, *a.* ignorant
Unleávened, *a.* not fermented with leaven
Unléſs, *conj.* if not, except
Unléſſoned, *a.* not inſtructed
Unléttered, *a.* unlearned
Unlicenſed, *a.* having no licence
Unlimited, *a.* without bounds or limits
Unlíghted, *a.* not kindled, not lighted
Unlike, *a.* not like
Unlíkelihood, and Unlíkelineſs, *ſ.* improbability
Unlíkely, *a.* improbable, not likely
Unlíkeneſs, *ſ.* diſſimilitude
Unlímitable, *a.* admitting no bounds
Unlímited, *a.* without bounds or limits
Unlíquified, *a.* unmelted
Unlóad, *v.* to diſburthen
Unlóck, *v.* to undo or open a lock
Unlóoked, *a.* unexpected, not looked for
Unlooſe, *v.* to looſen

Unlóvelineſs, *ſ.* diſagreéableneſs
Unlóvely, *a.* diſagreeable, unamiable
Unlúckily, *ad.* unfortunately
Unlúcky, *a.* unfortunate, miſchievous, inauſpicious
Unmáde, *a.* not made
Unmaímed, *a.* not maimed
Unmán, *v.* to grow effeminate, to diſcharge ſeamen from a particular ſhip, to deject
Unmánageable, *a.* not eaſily governed
Unmánaged, *a.* not tutored, not broken
Unmánlike, and Unmánly, *a.* unbecoming a man, effeminate
Unmánnered, *a.* brutal, uncivil, rude
Unmánnerlineſs, *ſ.* breach of civility
Unmánnerly, *a.* rude, clowniſh
Unmanúred, *a.* not manured or dunged
Unmárked, *a.* not having a mark, not obſerved
Unmárried, *a.* not married
Unmáſk, *v.* to take off the maſk, expoſe openly
Unmáſked, *a.* fair, open, naked
Unmáſt, *v.* to take down a maſt
Unmáſterable, *a.* not to be ſubdued
Unmáſtered, *a.* unconquered
Unmátched, *a.* not matched or paired
Unmeáning, *a.* without meaning
Unmeáſurable, *a.* not to be meaſured
Unmeet, *a.* not fit
Unméllowed, *a.* not fully ripened
Unmélted, *a.* not melted
Unméntioned, *a.* not named, not told
Unmérchantable, *a.* unſaleable
Unmérciful, *a.* cruel, void of pity
Unmércifully, *ad.* without mercy
Unmércifulneſs, *ſ.* cruelty, inclemency
Unmérited, *a.* not deſerved
Unméritable, *a.* having no merit
Unmílked, *a.* not milked
Unmínded, *a.* unheeded, neglected
Unmíndful, *a.* not mindful, forgetful
Unmingled, *a.* ſimple, not mixt or mingled
Unmítigáted, *a.* not mitigated
Unmíxed, *a.* pure, not mingled
Unmoleſted, *a.* free from diſturbance
Unmoór, *v.* to heave up an anchor
Unmórtgaged, *a.* not mortgaged
Unmóved, *a.* not ſtirred or removed, unaffected, unconcerned
Unmóving, *a.* unaffecting
Unmoúld, *v.* to change in form
Unmoúrned, *a.* not lamented
Unmúzzle, *v.* to take off a muzzle
Unmúffle, *v.* to take off a muffler
Unmúſical, *a.* without harmony
Unnail *v.* to draw out the nails
Unnáiled, *a.* not nailed
Unnamed, *a.* not mentioned
Unnátural, *a.* not agreeable to nature, void of natural affection
Unnávigable, *a.* not to be ſailed in
Unneceſſárily, *ad.* without neceſſity
Unnéceſſary, *a.* needleſs, not neceſſary
Unnéighbourly, *ad.* not kind, like a neighbour
Unnérve, *v.* to weaken, to enfeeble
Unnóted, *a.* not obſerved
Unnúmbered, *a.* not numbered
Unobey'ed, *a.* not obeyed
Unobjected, *a.* not charged as a fault
Unobnoxious, *a.* not liable or expoſed to
Unobſérvable, *a.* not to be obſerved
Unobſérvant, *a.* not attentive
Unobſérved, *a.* not ſeen, not attended to
Unobſérving, *a.* inattentive, not heedful
Unobſtrúcted, *a.* not ſtopped, not hindered
Unobtáined, *a.* not gained

Unóbvious,

Unóbvious, *a.* not readily occurring
Unoccupied, *a.* not inhabited
Unóffered, *a.* not offered for acceptance
Unoffénding, *a.* harmleſs, innocent
Unóperative, *a.* producing no effect
Unoppóſed, *a.* without oppoſition
Unorganized, *a.* not organized
Unow'ned, *a.* not owned, having no owner
Unpáck, *v.* to undo the packing
Unpácked, *a.* not packed
Unpaid, *a.* not paid
Unpáinted, *a.* not painted
Unpáired, *a.* unmatched
Unpálatable, *a.* nauſeous, diſguſting
Unpáralleled, *a.* having no equal
Unpárdonable, *a.* irremiſſible
Unpárdonably, *ad.* beyond forgiveneſs
Unpárdoned, *a.* not forgiven
Unpárliamentary, *a.* contrary to rules of parliament
Unpárted, *a.* undivided
Unpaw'ned, *a.* not pledged
U'npay, *v.* to undo
Unpeáceable, *a.* unquiet, troubleſome
Unpég, *v.* to take out a peg
Unpénſioned, *a.* not having a penſion
Unpéople, *v.* to depopulate
Unpéopled, *a.* left without inhabitants
Unperceived, *a.* not obſerved, not heeded, not known
Unperceivedly, *ad.* ſo as not perceived
Unperfórmed, *a.* left undone
Unpériſhable, *a.* not periſhable, laſting
Uninjured, *a.* not injured
Unperplexed, *a.* quiet, eaſy, not embarraſſed
Unperſuádable, *a.* inexorable
Unpétrified, *a.* not turned to ſtone
Unphiloſóphical, *a.* contrary to the rules of philoſophy
Unpiérced, *a.* unpenetrated
Unpín, *v.* to take out a pin
Unpinked, *a.* not pinked
Unpitied, *a.* without exciting pity
Unpítying, *a.* having no compaſſion
Unplait, *v.* to take out the plaits
Unplánted, *a.* not planted
Unplauſible, *a.* not plauſible
Unpleáſant, *a.* diſagreeable
Unpleáſed, *a.* not pleaſed
Unpleáſing, *a.* diſguſting, not pleaſing, offenſive
Unpliant, *a.* inflexible
Unplough'ed, *a.* not ploughed
Unplúme, *v.* to degrade
Unpoétical, *a.* not according to the rules of poetry
Unpóliſhed, *a.* not poliſhed, not ſmoothed or brightened by education
Unpolite, *a.* rude, not polite
Unpolluted, *a.* undefiled
Unpópular, *a.* not proper to pleaſe the people
Unpoſſéſſed, *a.* not obtained
Unpoſſéſſing, *a.* having no poſſeſſion
Unpráctiſed, *a.* unſkilled
Unpraiſed, *a.* not celebrated
Unprécedented, *a.* without precedent or example
Unpreférred, *a.* not preferred
Unprégnant, *a.* not prolific
Unpréjudiced, *a.* free from prejudice
Unprelátical, *a.* not becoming a prelate
Unpremédítated, *a.* not meditated or ſtudied beforehand
Unprepáred, *a.* not prepared
Unprepáredneſs, *ſ.* a being unprepared
Unprepoſſéſſed, *a.* not prepoſſeſſed
Unpréſſed, *a.* not preſſed

Unprevailing, *a.* being of no force
Unprevented, *a.* not previouſly hindered
Unprincely, *a.* unſuitable to a prince
Unprincipled, *a.* without principles
Unprinted, *a.* not printed
Unprofaned, *a.* not violated
Unprofitable, *a.* yielding no profit
Unprofitableneſs, *ſ.* uſeleſſneſs
Unprofitably, *ad.* uſeleſsly
Unprolific, *a.* barren
Unpromiſing, *a.* having a bad appearance
Unpropitious, *a.* not favourable, inauſpicious
Unpropped, *a.* not propped
Unproſperous, *a.* unſucceſsful
Unprotected, *a.* not protected
Unproved, *a.* not proved
Unprovided, *a.* not provided with
Unprovoked, *a.* without provocation
Unpruned, *a.* not pruned
Unpubliſhed, *a.* ſecret, not given to the public
Unpuniſhed, *a.* without puniſhment
Unpurchaſed, *a.* unbought
Unpurged, *a.* not purged
Unpurified, *a.* not purified, not cleanſed
Unpurſued, *a.* not purſued
Unputrified, *a.* not rotten
Unqualified, *a.* not qualified
Unqueen, *v.* to depoſe a queen
Unquenchable, *a.* not extinguiſhable
Unquenched, *a.* unextinguiſhed
Unqueſtionable, *a.* not to be doubted, or called in queſtion
Unqueſtionably, *ad.* without doubt, indubitably
Unqueſtioned, *a.* not doubted, not asked
Unquickened, *a.* not animated
Unracked, *a.* not poured off the lees
Unraked, *a.* not covered and thrown together
Unranſacked, *a.* not pillaged or plundered
Unrated, *a.* not rated, or not having the price charged
Unravel, *v.* to explain, to diſintangle
Unrazored, *a.* not ſhaven
Unreached, *a.* not attained
Unread, *a.* not read, untaught
Unready, *a.* not prepared, aukward
Unreaſonable, *a.* immoderate, exorbitant
Unreaſonableneſs, *ſ.* exceſſive demand, inconſiſtency
Unreaſonably, *ad.* not reaſonably
Unreceived, *a.* not received
Unreclaimed, *a.* not reclaimed or reformed
Unrecompenſed, *a.* unrewarded
Unreconciled, *a.* not reconciled
Unrecorded, *a.* not recorded
Unrecovered, *a.* not recovered
Unrecruitable, *a.* not to be recruited
Unreduced, *a.* not reduced
Unrefi'ned, *a.* not refined
Unreformable, *a.* not to be reformed
Unreformed, *a.* not amended, not reformed
Unrefracted, *a.* not refracted
Unrefreſhed, *a.* not refreſhed
Unregarded, *a.* not noticed
Unregenerate, *a.* not brought to a new life
Unreined, *a.* not reſtrained
Unrelenting, *a.* that does not relent
Unrelieved, *a.* not relieved
Unremoved, *a.* not removed
Unrepaid, *a.* not recompenced
Unrepealed, *a.* not repealed
Unrepented, *a.* not repented of
Unrepenting, and Unrepentant, *a.* not repenting
Unrepining, *a.* not peeviſhly complaining
Unrepleniſhed, *a.* not filled
Unreprievable, *a.* not to be reprieved or reſpited

Unreproached,

Unreprόached, *a.* not reproached
Unreprόveable, *a.* not liable to blame
Unreprόved, *a.* not cenſured
Unrepúgnant, *a.* not oppoſite
Unréputable, *a.* not creditable
Unrequéſted, *a.* not aſked
Unrequitable, *a.* not to be requited
Unreſented, *a.* not reſented
Unreſérved, *a.* not reſerved, frank, open
Unreſérvedneſs, *ſ.* frankneſs, openneſs
Unreſérvedly, *ad.* without limitations, openly
Unreſi'ſted, *a.* not reſiſted
Unreſi'ſting, *a.* not making reſiſtance
Unreſólveable, *a.* inſoluble
Unreſólved, *a.* not determined, not ſolved
Unreſólving, *a.* not reſolving
Unreſtóred, *a.* not reſtored
Unreſtráined, *a.* unlimited
Unretrácted, *a.* not recalled
Unrevéaled, *a.* not revealed
Unrevénged, *a.* not revenged
Unrevérſed, *a.* not revoked, not repealed
Unrevóked, *a.* not revoked
Unrewárded, *a.* not rewarded
Unríddle, *v.* to ſolve a difficulty
Unrig, *v.* to undreſs, to ſtrip off the tackle
Unrighteous, *a.* wicked, unjuſt
Unrighteouſly, *ad.* unjuſtly, ſinfully
Unrighteouſneſs, *ſ.* wickedneſs, injuſtice
Unrightful, *a.* not juſt
Unripe, *a.* not ripe
Unripened, *a.* not matured
Unripeneſs, *ſ.* immaturity
Unrivalled, *a.* without a rival
Unrivet, *v.* to take out a rivet
Unról, *v.* to open a roll
Unromántic, *a.* not romantic
Unroóf *v.* to uncover a houſe
Unroóſted, *a.* driven off the rooſt
Unroóf, *v.* to extirpate
Unroy'al, *a.* not royal, unprincely
Unrúffled, *a.* tranquil, not ruffled
Unrúled, *a.* not under government
Unrúlineſs, *ſ.* tumultuouſneſs, miſbehaviour
Unrúly, *a.* ungovernable
Unſáddle, *v.* to take off a ſaddle
Unſáfe, *a.* not ſafe
Unſáfely, *ad.* not ſecurely, dangerouſly
Unſaíd, *a.* not ſpoken
Unſáleable, *a.* not fit for ſale
Unſálted, *a.* not ſalted
Unſánctified, *a.* unholy
Unſatisfáctorineſs, *ſ.* failure of ſatisfaction
Unſatisfáctory, *a.* not ſatisfactory
Unſátisfied, *a.* not ſatisfied
Unſátisfying, *a.* not able to ſatisfy
Unſávourineſs, *ſ.* bad ſmell, bad taſte
Unſávoury, *a.* inſipid, not ſavoury, unpleaſing
Unſáy, *v.* to recant or retract
Unſcréw, *v.* to turn back a ſcrew
Unſcholáſtic, *a.* not bred to literature
Unſchoóled, *a.* not learned
Unſcórched, *a.* not touched by the fire
Unſcreéned, *a.* not covered, not protected
Unſcriptural, *a.* not to be found in the holy ſcriptures
Unſéal, *v.* to open a ſeal
Unſeáled, *a.* not ſealed
Unſeám, *v.* to rip open a ſeam
Unſeárchable, *a.* inſcrutable, not to be found out by ſearching
Unſeárchableneſs, *ſ.* inſcruteableneſs
Unſeáſonable, *a.* not ſeaſonable
Unſeáſonableneſs, *ſ.* diſagreement with time or place
Unſeáſonably, *ad.* not ſeaſonably

Unſeáſoned, *a.* not ſeaſoned
Unſéconded, *a.* not ſupported
Unſedúced, *a.* not drawn to evil
Unſeémlineſs, *ſ.* indecency, uncomelineſs
Unſeémly, *a.* indecent, unbecoming
Unſeén, *a.* not yet ſeen
Unſélfiſh, *a* not ſelfiſh
Unſént, *a.* without being ſent
Unſéparated, *a.* not parted
Unſérviceable, *a.* of no uſe, that will not laſt long
Unſérviceably, *ad.* without uſe or advantage
Unſét, *a.* not ſet
Unſéttle, *v.* to overthrow, to make uncertain
Unſéttled, *a.* not ſettled
Unſéttledneſs, *ſ.* fluctuation, irreſolution
Unſévered, *a.* not divided
Unſhádowed, *a.* not clouded, not darkened
Unſháken, *a.* not ſhaken, or moved, reſolute
Unſháckle, *v.* to looſe from chains or bands
Unſhámed, *a.* not aſhamed
Unſháred, *a.* not ſhared
Unſháved, or Unſhaven, *a.* not ſhaved
Unſhéath, *v.* to draw out of the ſheath
Unſhéd, *a.* not ſpilt
Unſhéltered, *a.* wanting protection
Unſhip, *v.* to take out of a ſhip
Unſhód, *a.* without ſhoes
Unſhoók, *a.* not cracked, not ſhaken
Unſhót, *a.* not hit by ſhot
Unſifted, *a.* not examined, not tried, not ſifted
Unſi'ght, *a.* not ſeeing
Unſi'ghted, *a.* inviſible
Unſi'ghtlineſs, *ſ.* diſagreeableneſs, deformity
Unſi'ghtly, *a.* unpleaſant to the ſight
Unſi'new, *v.* to deprive of ſtrength
Unſi'nged, *a.* not ſcorched
Unſi'nking, *a.* not ſinking
Unſi'newed, *a.* weak, nerveleſs
Unſi'nning, *a.* that does not commit ſin
Unſkílful, *a.* without ſkill
Unſkílfully, *ad* without knowledge or art
Unſlain, *a.* not killed
Unſláked, *a.* not quenched
Unſleéping, *a.* ever wakeful
Unſlipping, *a* not liable to ſlip, faſt
Unſmóked, *a.* not ſmoked
Unſóciable, *a.* not ſociable
Unſóciably, *ad.* not kindly
Unſoiled, *a.* not polluted, not ſtained
Unſóld, *a.* not exchanged for money
Unſólder, *v.* to melt off the ſolder
Unſoldierlike, *a.* unbecoming a ſoldier
Unſolícitous, *a.* not ſolicitous
Unſólid, *a.* fluid, not coherent
Unſólved, *a.* not explained
Unſophiſticated, *a.* not adulterated
Unſórted, *a.* not ſeparated into ſorts
Unſóught, *a.* not ſought
Unſóund, *a.* not ſound, wanting health, diſhoneſt
Unſoúnded, *a.* not tried by the plummet
Unſoúndneſs, *ſ.* unhealthineſs, corruption
Unſoúred, *a.* not made ſour, not made moroſe
Uniow'n, *a.* not having received ſeed
Unſpáred, *a.* not ſpared
Unſpáring, *a.* not parſimonious
Unſpéak, *v.* to retract, to forbid
Unſpéakable, *a.* unutterable
Unſpéakably, *ad.* ineffably
Unſpécified, *a.* not particularly mentioned
Unſpéculative, *a.* not theoretical
Unſpéd, *a.* not diſpatched
Unſpént, *a.* not ſpent
Unſpíed, *a.* not ſeen
Unſpílt, *a.* not ſhed, not ſpilt
Unſpóiled, *a.* not plundered

Unſpótted,

Unſpótted, *a.* without a ſpot
Unſquáred, *a.* not formed, irregular
Unſtáble, *a.* inconſtant, not fixed
Unſtaid, *a.* mutable, not ſteady
Unſtéadineſs, *ſ.* indiſcretion
Unſtained, *a.* without ſtain
Unſtáte, *v.* to put out of ſtate
Unſtátutable, *a.* contrary to the ſtatutes
Unſtaúnched, *a.* not ſtopped
Unſtéadily, *ad.* inconſtantly
Unſtéadineſs, *ſ.* mutability, want of conſtancy
Unſtéady, *a.* not ſteady, inconſtant
Unſteéped, *a.* not ſoaked
Unſting, *v.* to take out a ſting
Unſtinted, *a.* not limited
Unſtírred, *a.* unmoved
Unſtitch, *v.* to pick out ſtitches
Unſtoóping, *a.* not yielding
Unſtóp, *v.* to remove a ſtoppage
Unſtópped, *a.* meeting no reſiſtance
Unſtrained, *a.* natural, not forced, eaſy
Unſtraítened, *a.* not ſtraitened
Unſtring, *v.* to untie, to relax ſtrings
Unſtrúck, *a.* not moved, not affected
Unſtúdied, *a.* not laboured, not premeditated
Unſtúffed, *a.* not ſtuffed
Unſubdúed, *a.* unconquered
Unſubſtántial, *a.* not real, not ſolid
Unſucceéded, *a.* not ſucceeded
Unſuccéſsful, *a.* not ſucceſsful
Unſúcked, *a.* not having the breaſt drawn
Unſúfferable, *a.* intolerable
Unſúgared, *a.* not ſweetened with ſugar
Unſuitable, *a.* unfit, not ſuitable
Unſuítableneſs, *ſ.* unfitneſs, incongruity
Unſuiting, *a.* not fitting
Unſúllied, *a.* without ſoil or blemiſh
Unſúng, *a.* not celebrated in verſe, not ſung
Unſúnned, *a.* not expoſed to the ſun
Unſúre, *a.* not fixed, not certain
Unſurmoúntable, *a.* not to be ſurmounted
Unſuſpéct, and Unſuſpécted, *a.* not ſuſpected
Unſuſpécting, *a.* not ſuſpecting any ill deſign
Unſuſpícious, *a.* having no ſuſpicion
Unſuſtáined, *a.* not ſeconded, not ſupported
Unſwáyed, *a.* not influenced
Unſwéar, *v.* to recant any thing ſworn
Unſwórn, *v.* not bound by an oath
Untáck a Curlew, *v.* to cut it up
Untainted, *a.* not ſtained, not ſullied
Untáken, *a.* not apprehended
Untálked of, *a.* not mentioned in the world
Untámeable, *a.* not to be tamed
Untámed, *a.* not tamed
Untángle, *v.* to looſe from intricacy
Untánned, *a.* not tanned
Untáſted, *a.* not taſted
Untáſting, *a.* not trying by the palate
Untáught, *a.* uneducated, ignorant
Untémpered, *a.* not tempered
Unteáchable, *a.* not to be taught
Untémpted, *a.* not tempted
Unténable, *a.* not capable of defence
Unténantable, *a.* not tenable
Unténanted, *a.* having no tenant
Unténdered, *a.* not offered
Untérrified, *a.* not terrified
Unthánked, *a.* not thanked
Unthánkful, *a.* ungrateful
Unthánkfulneſs, *ſ.* neglect of thanks, ingratitude
Untháwed, *a.* not thawed, but ſtill frozen
Unthínking, *a.* thoughtleſs
Unthórny, *a.* not obſtructed by prickles
Unthoúght of, *a.* not regarded

Unthréad, *v.* to pull out the thread
Unthréatned, *a.* not menaced
Unthríving, *a.* not thriving
Unthróne, *v.* to pull from a throne
Untíed, *a.* not faſtened, not bound
Until, *ad.* to the place or time that
Untílled, *a.* uncultivated
Untímbered, *a.* not furniſhed with timber
Untímely, *a.* unſeaſonably, before the time
Untínged, *a.* not ſtained
Untíred, *a.* not made weary
Untítled, *a.* having no title
Untóld, *a.* not ſaid, uninformed, not counted
Untóuched, *a.* not touched, or meddled with
Untóward, *a.* perverſe, vexatious, aukward, ungraceful
Untówardly, *ad.* perverſe, aukward, aukwardly
Untráceable, *a.* not to be traced
Untraced, *a.* not trode by any footſteps
Untráding, *a.* not engaged in commerce
Untráined, *a.* not governable, not inſtructed
Untransférable, *a.* not transferable
Untrávelled, *a.* not having ſeen foreign parts
Untried, *a.* never tried
Untrímmed, *a.* not trimmed
Untród, and Untrodden, *a.* never walked in before
Untróubled, *a.* not troubled
Untrúe, *a.* falſe
Untrúly, *ad.* falſely
Untrúſtineſs, *ſ.* unfaithfulneſs
Untrúth, *ſ.* a falſhood
Untúnable, *a.* unmuſical
Untúne, *v.* to put out of time, diſorder
Untútored, *a.* uninſtructed
Untwine, or Untwiſt, *v.* to undo what is twiſted
Unty', *v.* to undo a knot

Unvail, or Unveil, *a.* to uncover, to throw off a vail
Unválued, *a.* not prized, ineſtimable
Unvánquiſhed, *a.* unconquered
Unváried, *a.* without variety
Unvárniſhed, *a.* not covered with varniſh
Unvárying, *a.* not liable to change
Unvéil. *See* Unvail
Unvérſed, *a.* not verſed or ſkilled in
Unviſited, *a.* not reſorted to
Unúniform, *a.* wanting uniformity
Unúrged, *a.* not invited, not preſſed
Unúſed, *a.* unemployed, not put to uſe
Unúſeful, *a.* of no uſe
Unúſual, *a.* not uſual or common
Unúſualneſs, *ſ.* uncommonneſs
Unútterable, *a.* unſpeakable
Unwákened, *a.* not rouſed from ſleep
Unwálled, *a.* without walls
Unwárineſs, *ſ.* careleſſneſs
Unwárlike, *a.* not like war
Unwármed, *a.* not made warm
Unwárned, *a.* not cautioned
Unwárrantable, *a.* unjuſtifiable
Unwárrantably, *ad.* not juſtifiably
Unwárranted, *a.* not ſecured by authority
Unwáry, *a.* imprudent, wanting caution
Unwáſhed, *a.* not waſhed
Unwáſted, *a.* not waſted
Unwáſting, *a.* not growing leſs
Unwátched, *a.* not watched
Unwátered, *a.* not moiſtened with water
Unwávering, *a.* firm, not wavering
Unweáve, *a.* to undo what was woven
Unweáved, *a.* not weaved
Unwéariable, *a.* not to be tired
Unweáried, *a.* not wearied
Unwéaried, *a.* indefatigable, not tired

Unwéary,

Unwéary, *v.* to refreſh after wearineſs
Unwéd, *a.* unmarried
Unwéeded, *a.* not cleared from weeds
Unweéped, *a.* not lamented
Unweighed, *a.* not conſidered, not weighed
Unwélcome, *a.* not welcome, diſagreeable, not deſired
Unwépt, *a.* not lamented
Unwhipt, *a.* not corrected, not whipt
Unwhóleſome, *a.* not wholeſome
Unwéildly, *a.* too heavy and cumberſome
Unwéildineſs, *ſ.* difficulty to move or be moved
Unwílling, *a.* not willing
Unwíllingneſs, *ſ.* diſinclination
Unwínd, *v.* to undo what was wound
Unwíped, *a.* not cleaned
Unwíſe, *a.* void of wiſdom
Unwíſely, *ad.* imprudently, not wiſely
Unwíſhed, *a.* not deſired
Unwithſtóód, *a.* not oppoſed
Unwítneſſed, *a.* wanting evidence
Unwíttingly, *ad.* without deſign
Unwónted, *a.* unaccuſtomed
Unwórkmanlike, *a.* not like an expert workman
Unwórn, *ſ.* never worn
Unwórſhipped, *a.* not adored
Unwórthily, *ad.* vilely, without due regard
Unwórthineſs, *ſ.* a want of merit
Unwórthy, *a.* undeſerving, below or not fit for, baſe, infamous
Unwóven, *a.* not woven
Unwoúnd, *a.* not wound up
Unwoúnded, *a.* not hurt, not wounded
Unwráp, *v.* to undo what was wrapped up
Unwreathed, *a.* not wreathed
Unwreathe, *v.* to untwine
Unwrínkled, *a.* ſmooth, without wrinkles
Unwritten, *a.* not written, traditional
Unwroúght, *a.* unworked, not wrought
Unwrúng, *a.* not pinched, or wrung
Unyiélded, *a.* not given up
Unyóke, *v.* to caſt off the yoke from a beaſt, &c.
Unyóked, *a.* unreſtrained, licentious, free
Vocábulary, *ſ.* a book of words, a ſmall dictionary, *L.*
Vócal, *a.* relating to the voice
Vócally, *ad.* in words, articulately
Vocátion, *ſ.* an employ, or calling
Vociferátion, *ſ.* a talking or crying out aloud
Vociferous, *a.* clamorous, noiſy, loud, *L.*
Vógue, *ſ.* mode, faſhion, cuſtom
Voice, *ſ.* a ſound from the mouth, a vote, approbation
Void, *ſ.* an empty ſpace
Void, *v.* to quit, annul, evacuate, *F.*
Vóidable, *a.* poſſible to be voided, *F.*
Voider, *ſ.* a baſket for the furniture of a table
Vólant, *a.* flying, *F.*
Vólatile, *a.* apt to evaporate, airy, light
Volatílity, *ſ.* a being volatile
Volcáno, *ſ.* a burning mountain emitting flames
Volítion, *ſ.* the act of willing
Vólley, *ſ.* a general diſcharge of muſkets
Volubílity, *ſ.* fluency of ſpeech
Vóluble, *a.* fluent and quick of ſpeech
Vólume, *ſ.* a book bound up by itſelf, a poetical word for a wave, any compact matter
Volúminous, *a.* conſiſting of many volumes, bulky
Voluntary, *ſ.* in muſic, an extempore overture

Véluntary, *a.* willing, without compulſion
Voluntéer, *ſ.* one who freely enliſts for a ſoldier
Volúptuary, *ſ.* a voluptuous perſon
Volúptuous, *a.* ſenſual, luxurious
Volúptuouſly, *ad.* luxurioufly
Volúptuouſneſs, *ſ.* luxurioufneſs
Volúte, *ſ.* an ornament repreſenting the bark of a tree wreathed into a ſpiral ſcroll
Vómica, *ſ.* an encyſted humour in the lungs
Vómit, *v.* to caſt up
Vómit, *ſ.* a potion to cauſe a perſon to vomit, what has been vomited
Vorácious, *a.* greedy in eating, ravenous
Voráciouſly, *ad.* greedily, ravenouſly
Voráciouſneſs, and Voracity, *ſ.* ravenouſneſs
Vórtex, *ſ.* a rapid, violent, and circular motion of the air, *L.*
Vórtical, *a.* having a whirling motion
Vótariſt, *ſ.* a devotee
Vótary, *ſ.* one wholly given up to any thing, *L.*
Vótareſs, *ſ.* a woman devoted to any ſtate, &c.
Vote, *ſ.* a ſuffrage
Vote, *v.* to give one's vote
Vóter, *ſ.* one who has a right to vote
Vótive, *a.* of or belonging to a vow, *L.*
Vouch, *v.* to affirm, atteſt, warrant, *F.*
Voúcher, *ſ.* one who promiſes in another's behalf, authority, or proof
Vouchſáfe, *v.* to condeſcend, to grant
Vow, *ſ.* a ſolemn promiſe, *L.*
Vow, *v.* to make a vow
Vow'el, *ſ.* a letter that will of itſelf expreſs a ſound
Voyáge, *ſ.* a journey by ſea
Vóyager, *ſ.* a traveller by ſea

Up, *ad.* above, out of bed, aloft
Upbráid, *v.* to reproach, *S.*
Upbráidingly, *ad.* by way of reproach
U'pcaſt, *a.* thrown upwards
U'pcaſt, *ſ.* a caſt at bowls, a throw
Uphéld, *a.* ſuſtained, maintained
Uphíll, *a.* up a hill, ſteep, difficult
Uphóld, *v.* to ſupport or maintain, *D.*
Uphólſterer, *ſ.* one who furniſhes houſes, *Ger.*
U'plands, *ſ.* a high country
Upliſt, *v.* to raiſe aloft
Upón, *prep.* on pain of, not under
U'pper, *a.* ſuperior in dignity, higher in place
U'ppermoſt, *a.* the higheſt, *S.*
Uppíſh, *a.* proud, haughty
Upráiſe, *v.* to exalt, raiſe up
Upríght, *a.* ſtraight, perpendicular, ſincere, honeſt, juſt
Upríghtly, *ad.* perpendicularly, honeſtly
Upríghtneſs, *ſ.* perpendicularly, honeſty
Uprife, *v.* to riſe from a ſeat, &c.
Uprífing, *ſ.* the firſt appearance of the ſun
Uproar, *ſ.* a tumultuous and riotous noiſe
Upſhot, *ſ.* the iſſue, end, or event
U'pſide, *ſ.* that ſide that lies uppermoſt
U'pſtart, *ſ.* one who ſuddenly becomes rich, proud and inſolent
U'pturn, *v.* to throw up, furrow
U'pward, *a.* on high, towards the upper parts, *S.*
U'pward, and Upwards, *ad.* towards a higher place
Urbánity, *ſ.* civility, courteſy
U'rchin, *ſ.* a child, a hedgehog
U'reters, *ſ.* two pipes that convey the urine from the kidneys to the bladder, *G.*
Urge, *v.* to preſs earneſtly, *L.*

U'rgency,

U'rgency, *ſ.* eagerneſs, preſſure, *L.*
U'rgent, *a.* importunate, preſſing
Uriah', *ſ.* a man's name
U'rinal, *ſ.* a kind of glaſs bottle, in which the ſick make water, *L.*
U'rinary, *a.* of or belonging to urine
U'rine, *ſ.* the water that comes from the bladder, *L.*
U'rinous, *a.* of the nature of urine, *L.*
Urn, *ſ.* a veſſel uſed by the ancients for the aſhes of the dead
U'rſula, *ſ.* a woman's name
U'ſage, *ſ.* uſe or practice, treatment, *F.*
U'ſance, *ſ.* one month allowed for the payment of a foreign bill of exchange, *F.*
Uſe, *ſ.* the deſign for which any thing was made, utility or ſervice
Uſe, *v.* to occupy, accuſtom, frequent
U'ſeful, *a.* ſerviceable, profitable, convenient
U'ſefully, *ad.* ſo as to help
U'ſefulneſs, *ſ.* conduciveneſs to ſome end
U'ſeleſſneſs, *ſ.* unſerviceableneſs
U'ſeleſs, *a.* anſwering no purpoſe
U'ſher, *ſ.* an introducer, undermaſter to a ſchool
U'ſher in, *v.* to introduce
Uſquebáugh, *ſ.* a compound ſpirit
U'ſtion, *ſ.* a burning or ſearing with a hot iron, *L.*
U'ſual, *a.* common, ordinary, *F.*
U'ſually, *ad.* cuſtomarily, commonly
U'ſualneſs, *ſ.* frequency, commonneſs
U'ſurer, *ſ.* one who lends upon exorbitant intereſt
Uſúrp, *v.* to ſeize without right, *L.*
Uſurpátion, *ſ.* the act of uſurping
Uſúrper, *ſ.* one who ſeizes what is another's right
U'ſury, *ſ.* an illegal and unreaſonable intereſt
Uténſil, *ſ.* a neceſſary tool, or implement, *L.*
U'terine, *a.* belonging to the uterus
U'terus, *ſ.* the womb, *L.*
Utility, *ſ.* benefit, profit, emolument
Utmoſt, *a.* extremeſt
U'tter, *a.* total, entire, outer
U'tter, *v.* to ſpeak, tell, put off, diſperſe
U'tterable, *a.* ſuch as may be uttered
U'tterance, *ſ.* pronunciation, the ſale of commodities
U'tterer, *ſ.* a ſpeaker, divulger, vender
U'tterly, *ad.* totally, entirely
U'ttermoſt, *a.* the fartheſt, the moſt extreme
Vulcáno, *ſ.* *See* Volcano
Vúlgar, *a.* common, ordinary, low, mean, baſe
Vúlgar, *ſ.* the rude multitude, the rabble
Vúlnerable, *a.* capable of being wounded
Vúlnerary, *a.* of, or belonging to a wound, good to heal wounds
Vúlnerate, *v.* to hurt, to wound
Vúlpine, *a.* belonging to a fox
Vúlture, *ſ.* a ravenous bird of prey, *L.*
Vúlturine, *a.* rapacious, like a vulture
Uxórious, *a.* doatingly fond of a wife, *L.*

W.

W. Is frequently uſed as an abbreviation of weſt, as W. N. W. weſt north weſt
Wábble, *v.* to bubble up in boiling
Wad, *ſ.* ramming of a gun, a bundle of ſtraw or hay
Wádding, *ſ.* a coarſe ſlight woollen ſtuff
Waddle, *v.* to totter as a duck does
Waddles, *ſ.* the ſtones of a cock
Wade, *v.* to walk through a river or pond, *S.*

Wáfer, *ſ.* a thin ſort of paſte dried for ſealing letters, &c.
Waft, *v.* to convey or carry over
Waft, *ſ.* a ſignal made to ſhips or boats
Wag, *ſ.* a droll, arch fellow
Wag, *v.* to move or ſhake
Wage, *v.* to lay a wager, to engage in
Wáger, *ſ.* a bett; in law, an offer of making oath
Wáger, *v.* to bett
Wáges, *ſ.* the hire or reward for the ſervice, *F.*
Waggery, *ſ.* wantonneſs, frolickſome pranks
Wággiſh, *a.* ſportive, frolickſome
Wággiſhneſs, *ſ.* waggery
Wággle, *v.* to move up and down
Waggon, *ſ.* a long carriage with four wheels, *D.*
Wággoner, *ſ.* the driver of a waggon
Waif, *ſ.* any thing loſt and not claimed
Wail, *v.* to moan, to lament
Wailing, *ſ.* audible ſorrow, lamentation
Wain, *ſ.* a cart or waggon
Wainſcot, *ſ.* the woodwork with which the walls of rooms are lined
Waiſt, *ſ.* the middle part of the body
Waiſtcoat, *ſ.* a garment worn under the coat
Wait, *v.* to ſtay for, to attend upon, watch
Wait, *ſ.* ambuſh
Waiter, *ſ.* an attendant in a public houſe, an utenſil to ſet glaſſes upon
Waites, *ſ.* a band of muſic attending a corporation
Waiting, *a.* attending
Waive, *v.* to quit or forſake.
Waiward. *See* Wayward
Wake, *v.* to watch, rouſe from ſleep
Wake, *v.* the courſe of a ſhip, a vigil
Wakeful, *a.* not inclined to ſleep
Wakes, *ſ.* a country feaſt on the ſaint's day to whom the church is dedicated
Walk, *v.* to go on foot
Walk, *ſ.* ſtep, gait, act of walking, a path to walk in, an excurſion on foot
Wall, *ſ.* a partition of ſtone, brick or earth, the ſide of a building
Wall, *v.* to incloſe with a wall
Wallet, *ſ.* a travelling bag
Wállop, *ſ.* a roll of fat or fleſh
Wállop, *v.* to boil
Wállow, *v.* to roll or tumble in the dirt, to live viciouſly
Wálnut, *ſ.* a large nut well known, *Ger.*
Wálter, *ſ.* a man's name
Wílliam, *ſ.* a man's name
Winefred, *ſ.* a woman's name
Wámbling, *ſ.* a rumbling of the guts with wind
Wan, *a.* pale, *S.*
Wand, *ſ.* a long ſlender ſtaff, *D.*
Wánder, *v.* to ſtraggle about
Wándering, *ſ.* miſtaken way, uncertainty
Wane, *ſ.* decreaſe, decline
Want, *v.* to need, deſire, *S.*
Want, *ſ.* deficiency, neceſſity, poverty
Wánton, *ſ.* a laſcivious perſon, a ſtrumpet
Wánton, *a.* ſportive, full of play, laſcivious
Wántonneſs, *ſ.* letchery, licentiouſneſs, humour
Wápentake, *ſ.* a hundred, the diviſion of a county, *S.*
War, *ſ.* a ſtate of hoſtility, fight, combat
War, *v.* to make war
Wárble, *v.* to ſing as birds do, to quaver
Wárbler, *ſ.* a ſinger, a ſinging bird
Ward, *ſ.* a diviſion of a city, cuſtody, part of a lock, guardianſhip

Wárden,

Wárd, *ſ.* a guardian or keeper
Wárdenſhip, *ſ.* the office of a warden
Wárder, *ſ.* a beadle who keeps watch in the day time
Wárdmote, *ſ.* a court in a ward
Wárdrobe, *ſ.* the room where clothes are kept
Wárdſhip, *ſ.* pupilage, guardianſhip
Ware, *a.* wary, cautious
Wares, *ſ.* commodities, goods, merchandize, *Ger.*
Wárehouſe, *ſ.* a houſe to put wares in
Wárfare, *ſ.* a ſtate of war, a military expedition
Wárily, *ad.* cautiouſly
Wárineſs, *ſ.* caution
Wárlike, *a.* ſtout, valiant, diſpoſed for war
Warm, *a.* a temperate degree of heat, eager, reſolute
Warm, *v.* to heat moderately
Wármingpan, *ſ.* an utenſil to warm a bed
Wármly, *ad.* eagerly, zealouſly
Wármth, *ſ.* moderate heat, ardour
Warn, *v.* to admoniſh, give advice, *Ger.*
Wárning, *ſ.* previous notice
Warp, *ſ.* the yarn or ſilk of a web into which the woof is woven.
Warp, *v.* to draw out or wind the warp, to caſt or bend, to draw aſide
Wárrant, *ſ.* an order, authentic permiſſion
Wárrant, *v.* to atteſt, authoriſe, juſtify
Wárrantable, *a.* juſtifiable
Wárranty, *ſ.* a deed of ſecurity for performance of a contract
Wárren, *ſ.* a park for rabbits
Wárrener, *ſ.* a keeper of a warren
Wárrior, or Wárrier, *ſ.* a ſoldier inured to war
Wart, *ſ.* a hard excreſſence on the ſkin
Wárty, *a.* grown over with warts
Wáry, *a.* prudent, cautious, provident
Waſh, *v.* to clean with water, to bathe, to colour
Waſh, *ſ.* the act of waſhing linen, feed of hogs, a coſmetic potion, a marſh, *Ger.*
Wáſhball, *ſ.* a ball of ſoap
Wáſhy, *a.* weak, feeble, watry
Waſp, *ſ.* a ſtinging fly, *S.*
Wáſpiſh, *a.* peeviſh, fretful, ſnappiſh
Wáſpiſhneſs, *ſ.* peeviſhneſs
Waſte, *v.* to ſpend, diminiſh, deſtroy
Waſte, *a.* good for little, uncultivated, ruined
Wáſteful, *a.* laviſh, prodigal
Wáſter, *ſ.* a vain conſumer, prodigal
Watch, *ſ.* a guard for the night, a pocket clock, *T.*
Watch, *v.* to keep awake, to obſerve
Wátchful, *a.* wakeful, vigilant, attentive
Wátchfulneſs, *ſ.* want of ſleep, vigilance
Wátch-houſe, *ſ.* a place to ſet the night watch
Wátching, *ſ.* inability to ſleep
Wátchmaker, *ſ.* one who makes watches
Wátchman, *ſ.* one ſet to keep guard in the night
Wátchtower, *ſ.* a tower for a centinel
Wátchword, *ſ.* a centinel's night word
Wáter, *ſ.* a well known fluid, urine, gloſs on ſilk, luſtre of a diamond, *Ger.*
Wáterage, *ſ.* money paid for a paſſage by water
Watercolours, *ſ.* colours uſed and ground with gum water
Wátered, *a.* wetted with water, led to the water, made gloſſy in waves, as ſilk, &c.
Wáterfal, *ſ.* a cataract, a caſcade
Wáterfowl, *ſ.* birds that ſwim in the water
Watergrúel, *ſ.* a little oatmeal boiled in water

Wátrineſs, *ſ.* moiſture
Wáteriſh, *a.* like water
Wáterman, *ſ.* a boatman
Wátermark, *ſ.* the height to which the tide flows
Wátermill, *ſ.* a mill turned by water
Wáter-works, *ſ.* a play of fountains and other devices
Wátery, *a.* full of, or having water
Wáttles, *ſ.* hurdles made of ſplit willows, the gills of a cock
Wave, *v.* to fluctuate, beckon, put off or omit
Wáve, *ſ.* a billow or ſurge
Wáver, *v.* to float as it were in uncertainty, to be irreſolute, to fluctuate
Wávering, *a.* fickle, uncertain
Wávy, *a.* in the form of waves
Wax, *ſ.* a yellowiſh matter formed by bees
Wax, *v.* to ſmear with wax, grow or become, encreaſe
Wax and Waxen, *a.* made of wax
Way, *ſ.* a road, tract, means, method, *B.*
Wayfáring, *a.* travelling
Wayláy, *v.* to lie in wait for one by the way
Wáyward, *a.* froward, peeviſh
Wáywardneſs, *ſ.* frowardneſs, peeviſhneſs
Weak, *a.* feeble, of a poor ſpirit, as liquor, ſimple, ſilly, fooliſh
Weáken, *v.* to make weak, to grow weak
Weákly, *ad.* feebly
Weákneſs, *ſ.* feebleneſs, infirmity, fooliſhneſs
Weákſide, *ſ.* foible
Weal, *ſ.* benefit, advantage, public intereſt
Weal, or Wale, the mark of a ſtripe
Weald, *ſ.* a wood
Wealth, *ſ.* riches, money
Wealthineſs, *ſ.* richneſs
Wealthy, *a.* rich, opulent

Wean, *v.* to deprive of the breaſt, to abſtain
Weápon, *ſ.* an offenſive or defenſive inſtrument
Wear, *v.* to have on, hold out, decay, *S.*
Wear, *ſ.* a dam in a river, the act of wearing
Weárineſs, *ſ.* the being tired
Weáring, *ſ.* the being cloathed with, decaying
Weáriſome, *a.* fatiguing, tireſome
Weáry, *v.* to tire, to harraſs
Weáry, *a.* tired
Weáſel, *ſ.* a ſmall animal
Weáſand, *ſ.* the wind-pipe
Weáther, *ſ.* the diſpoſition of the air
Weátherbeaten, *a.* ſeaſoned with bad weather
Weáthercock, *ſ.* a vane, a fickle perſon
Weátherdriven, *a.* forced by ſtorm
Weathergáge, *ſ.* the advantage of the wind
Weátherglaſs, *ſ.* a barometer
Weátherwiſe, *a.* having ſkill in the weather
Weave, *v.* to make cloth, ſilk, &c.
Weáver, *ſ.* one who weaves cloth, ſilk, &c. *L. S.*
Web, *ſ.* cloth in the loom, a cobweb, a pearl in the eye, *S.*
Wébbed, *a.* joined by a ſkin
Webfóoted, *a.* having skin between the toes
Wed, *v.* to marry, to join in marriage
Wédded, *a.* married, attached to
Wédding, *ſ.* marriage, *S.*
Wedge, *ſ.* a wood or iron to ſplit wood with, an ingot, *S.*
Wédlock, *ſ.* marriage, the matrimonial tie, *S.*
Wédneſday, *ſ.* the fourth day in the week
Weed, *ſ.* any rank and wild herb, a widow's mourning
Weed, *v.* to pull up weeds

Weédy,

Wéedy, *a.* abounding with weeds
Week, *ſ.* the ſpace of ſeven days
Wéekday, *ſ.* any day except Sunday
Wéekly, *a.* once a week, every week
Ween, *v.* to think, ſuppoſe
Weep, *v.* to cry or ſhed tears, to ſhed moiſture
Wéeper, *ſ.* cambrick on the cuffs of a mourning coat
Wéevil, *ſ.* a ſmall black inſect on corn, *S.*
Weft, *ſ.* any thing without an owner, the ſame with woof
Weigh, *v.* to try the weight of any thing, heave up, examine, conſider
Weighed, *a.* conſidered
Weight, *ſ.* the ponderoſity, a ponderous maſs, importance, conſequence, *S.*
Wéighty, *a.* heavy, important
Wélcome. *a.* received with gladneſs
Wélcome, *v.* to bid welcome, kind reception, *B.*
Weld, *ſ.* an herb whoſe ſtalk and root are uſed in dying yellow
Weld, *v.* to join two pieces of iron together by beating
Wélfare, *ſ.* health and proſperity
Wélkin, *ſ.* the firmament or sky
Well, *ſ.* a hole in the ground with a ſpring, *S.*
Well, *a.* in health, wholly, entirely, right
Wellhole, *ſ.* a hole from the top of the ſtairs to the bottom
Welladáy, *interj.* alas!
Wellbéing, *ſ.* happineſs, proſperity
Wellbréd, *a.* polite
Welldóne, *interj.* a word of praiſe
Wellfávoured, *a.* handſome
Wellmét, *interj.* a term of ſalutation
Wellnigh, *ad.* almoſt.
Wellſpént, *a.* paſſed with virtue
Wéllſpring, *ſ.* ſource
Wellwiſher, *ſ.* one who wiſhes good to another
Welt, *ſ.* a fold of cloth in making a garment, a ſlip of leather that joins the ſole of a ſhoe and the upper leather together
Welt, *v.* to ſew with a border
Wélter, *v.* to wallow, grovel or roll
Wen, *ſ.* an excreſcence filled with matter
Wench, *ſ.* a girl or maid, particularly in any mean ſtation, a whore
Wéncher, *ſ.* a whoremaſter
Wénching, *ſ.* following common wenches
Wényn, *a.* having the nature of a wen
Weſt, *ſ.* one of the four cardinal points
Weſt, *a.* towards the ſunſetting
Weſterly, or Weſtward, *ad.* towards the weſt, *S.*
Wéſtern, *a.* in the weſt
Wet, *a.* moiſt, damp, rainy
Wet, *ſ.* moiſture, rain, water
Wet, *v.* to moiſten, ſprinkle with, or dip in any liquid
Wéther, *ſ.* a ram caſtrated
Wetſhód, *ſ.* having water in the ſhoes
Wéttiſh, *ſ.* ſomewhat wet
Wey, *ſ.* a meaſure of five chaldrons, a weight of an uncertain ſtandard
Whale, *ſ.* the largeſt of all fiſhes
Whaly, *a.* marked in ſtreaks
Wharf, *ſ.* an open place for landing goods
Whárfage, *ſ.* a fee for laying goods on a wharf, or for ſhipping them off
Whárfinger, *ſ.* the keeper of a wharf
What, *pron.* which part, that which
Wheal, *ſ.* a ſmall ſwelling made by a rod or whip, a puſtule

Wheat, *ſ.* the beſt ſort of corn for bread, &c. *S.*
Wheatéar, *ſ.* a ſmall bird ſo called
Wheáten, *a.* made of wheat
Wheédle, *v.* to entice by fair words
Wheel, *ſ.* a round utenſil for various uſes, a compaſs about
Wheel, *v.* to move on wheels, to turn about
Wheelbárrow, *ſ.* a ſort of cart with one wheel, *S.*
Wheéler, and Wheelwright, *ſ.* a maker of wheels
Wheeze, *v.* to make a noiſe in breathing
Whelk, *ſ.* a pimple
Whelm, *v.* to turn down, cover, bury
Whelp, *ſ.* the young of a dog, lion, tyger, &c. *S.*
Whelp, *v.* to bring forth young, as a bitch
When, *ad.* at the time that, &c.
Whence, *ad.* from what place
Where, *ad.* at which place
Wherefore, *ad.* for which reaſon
Wherein, *ad.* in which
Whereof, *ad.* of which
Wherewith, *ad.* with which
Whérret, *v.* to box the ear, teaze, hurry
Whérry, *ſ.* a boat for a river
Whet, *v.* to ſharpen
Whet, *ſ.* a dram before meal, the act of ſharpening
Whéther, *pron.* which of the two
Whétſtone, *ſ.* a ſtone to ſharpen edge tools
Whérter, *ſ.* one who ſharpens knives
Whey, *ſ.* the thinneſt part of crudled milk
Wheyey, and Wheyiſh, *a.* like whey
Whiff, *ſ.* a puff, blaſt
Whiffle, *v.* to ſhuffle, to prevaricate
Whiffler, *ſ.* a piper in a company of ſoldiers, an inconſiderable fellow
Whig, *ſ.* the name of a party, the friend of liberty
Whiggiſh, *a.* inclining to whiggiſm
Whiggiſm, *ſ.* the principles of liberty
While, *v.* to loiter
While, Whilſt, Whiles, *ad.* as long as
Whim, or Whimſy, *ſ.* a freakiſh humour
Whimper, *v.* to cry, or make a pretence of crying
Whimſey, *ſ.* a freak, caprice, odd fancy
Whimſical, *a.* full of whimſies
Whim. *See* Whimſey
Whine, *v.* to ſpeak in a crying drauling tone
Whinny, *v.* to neigh like a horſe
Whinyard, *ſ.* a large crooked ſword
Whip, *ſ.* a ſcourge with one thong
Whip, *v.* to laſh or ſcourge, to ſew in a particular manner, to take or run nimbly
Whipcord, *ſ.* a cord of which laſhes are made
Whiphand, *ſ.* an advantage over
Whiplaſh, *ſ.* the laſh of a whip
Whippingpoſt, *ſ.* a pillar where vagrants are whipped
Whipſter, *ſ.* a nimble fellow, a ſharper
Whirl, *v.* to run or turn round rapidly
Whirl, *ſ.* a turning round ſwiftly
Whirligig, *ſ.* a child's play thing
Whirlpool, *ſ.* a circular ſtream of water
Whirlwind, *ſ.* a ſtorm moving circularly
Whirring, *ſ.* a word imitating a ſound
Whiſk, *ſ.* a bruſh made of ſmall twigs, a kind of tippet
Whiſk, *v.* to bruſh with a whisk, to move up and down ſwiftly
Whiſker, *ſ.* hair growing on the upper lip
Whiſper, *v.* to ſpeak ſoftly
Whiſper, *ſ.* a low ſoft voice

Whiſperer,

Whiſperer, *ſ.* one who whiſpers
Whiſt, *ſ.* a game at cards
Whiſt, *interj.* huſh!
Whiſtle, *v.* to blow a whiſtle, to ſing as birds do
Whiſtle, *ſ.* a ſmall pipe to whiſtle with
Whiſtler, *ſ.* one who whiſtles
Whit, *ſ.* a very ſmall matter
White, *a.* of the colour of ſnow
White, *ſ.* a mark to ſhoot at, the colour of ſnow, part of an egg
Whitemeat, *ſ.* food made of milk
Whiten, *v.* to make white, to grow white
Whiteneſs, *ſ.* paleneſs, the ſtate of being white
Whitepot, *ſ.* a kind of cuſtard
Whitewaſh, *ſ.* a waſh to whiten walls
Whither, *ad.* to what place
Whitting, *ſ.* a ſea fiſh, a ſubſtance made of chalk
Whitiſh, *a.* ſomewhat white
Whitlow, *ſ.* a ſwelling at the end of the finger
Whitſter, *ſ.* one who whitens linen
Whitſuntide, *ſ.* the feaſt of pentecoſt, or the deſcent of the Holy Ghoſt
Whittle, *ſ.* a broad ſhort knife
Whittle, *v.* to cut with a knife
Whiz, *v.* to make a noiſe like iron quenched in water
Whole, *ſ.* the total of all the parts
Whole, *a.* all entire, not broken
Wholeſale, *ſ.* ſale of a quantity at once
Wholeſome, *a.* conducive to health, ſalutary
Wholeſomeneſs, *ſ.* ſalutarineſs
Wholly, *ad.* altogether, entirely
Whoop, *ſ.* a bird, a ſhout of purſuit
Whore, *ſ.* a proſtitute, *L. S.*
Whoredom, *ſ.* unlawful commerce between the two ſexes
Whoremonger, and Whoremaſter, *ſ.* one who follows whores
Whoriſh, *a.* incontinent, unchaſte
Whortleberry, *ſ.* bilberry
Why, *ad.* for what reaſon
Wick, *ſ.* the cotton of a candle or lamp
Wicked, *a.* impious, unjuſt, or debauched
Wickedneſs, *ſ.* whatever is a violation of duty
Wicker, *a.* an ozier twig
Wicket, *ſ.* a ſmall door within a large one
Wide, *a.* large, broad, *S.*
Widely, *ad.* far, remotely
Widen, *v.* to make wider
Widgeon, *ſ.* a ſilly ſort of a bird
Widow, *ſ.* a woman whoſe huſband is dead, *S.*
Widower, *ſ.* a man whoſe wife is dead
Widowhood, *ſ.* the ſtate of a widow
Width, *ſ.* breadth, *S.*
Wield, *v.* to ſway, to manage
Wieldy, *a.* eaſy to be managed
Wiery, *a.* drawn of or made into wire
Wife, *ſ.* a married woman
Wig, *ſ.* a light bun or cake, a perriwig
Wight, *ſ.* a man or woman
Wild, *a.* deſart, uninhabited, any thing growing without cultivation, ſavage, fierce, hair-brained, extravagant, inconſtant
Wild, *ſ.* a deſert
Wilderneſs, *ſ.* a wild uninhabited tract of land
Wildfire, *ſ.* gunpowder rolled up wet, a diſeaſe in ſheep
Wildly, *ad.* without judgment, irregular
Wildneſs, *ſ.* ſavageneſs, rudeneſs
Wile, *ſ.* fraud, deceit
Wilful, *a.* tenacious, ſtubborn
Wilfulneſs, *ſ.* perverſeneſs, obſtinacy

Wilineſs, *ſ.* guile, cunning
Will, *ſ.* teſtament, reſolution, command, diſcretion, choice
Will, *v.* to deſire, direct, command
Willing, *a.* conſenting, inclined to any thing
Willingneſs, *ſ.* conſent
Willow, *ſ.* a tree well known
Wily, *a* cunning, ſly
Wimble, *ſ.* a tool to bore holes with
Win, *v.* to gain by conqueſt or play
Wince, *v.* to ſhrink from pain
Winch, or Wince, *ſ.* a handle to turn a mill, or ſcrew
Wind, *ſ.* a ſtream or current of air, breath, *Ger.*
Wind, *v.* to blow a horn, turn, twiſt
Windbound, *a.* detained by contrary winds
Windfal, *ſ.* fruit blown down
Windflower, *ſ.* the anemone
Windineſs, *ſ.* flatulence, fulneſs of wind
Winding, *ſ.* turning, curling
Windingſheet, *ſ.* a ſheet to lap the dead in
Windlaſs, *ſ.* a machine to raiſe great weights
Windmill, *ſ.* a mill turned by the wind
Window, *ſ.* an opening to let in the light
Windpipe, *ſ.* the paſſage of breath
Windward, *a.* towards the wind
Windy, *a.* much wind, cauſing wind
Wine, *ſ.* the juice of the grape, &c. *Ger.*
Wing, *ſ.* the limb of a bird, the fore leg of a rabbit, ſide of an army, ſide of a building projecting from the front
Wing, *v.* to raiſe, elevate or take flight
Winged, *a.* furniſhed with wings
Wingy, *a.* having wings
Wink, *v.* to ſhut the eyes, *Ger.*
Wink, *ſ.* a hint by the motion of the eye
Winner, *ſ.* one who wins
Winning, *a.* charming, attractive
Winnow, *v.* to ſeparate corn from chaff by wind
Winter, *ſ.* the coldeſt of the four ſeaſons, *Ger.*
Winter, *v.* to abide in a place during the winter
Wintry, *a.* belonging to the winter
Wipe, *v.* to rub off gently
Wipe, *ſ.* the act of cleanſing, a blow, a jeer
Wire, *ſ.* metal drawn out into threads
Wiredraw, *v.* to draw out into wire
Wiredrawer, *ſ.* one who draws wire
Wiſdom, *ſ.* knowledge and judgment conducted by prudence
Wiſe, *a.* knowing and diſcreet, *Ger.*
Wiſe, *ſ.* manner, faſhion
Wiſeacre, *ſ.* a fool, a dunce
Wiſh, *ſ.* the thing deſired, the deſire expreſſed, *Ger.*
Wiſh, *v.* to deſire or crave after
Wiſhful, *a.* ſhewing deſire
Wiſhfully, *ad.* with longing, earneſtly
Wiſket, *ſ.* a baſket
Wiſp, *ſ.* a handful of hay or ſtraw
Wiſtful, *a.* attentive, earneſt
Wiſtfully, *ad.* earneſtly, attentively
Wit, *ſ.* a man of genius, intellect, fancy
Witch, *ſ.* a woman accuſed of magical arts, *S.*
Witchcraft, *ſ.* the ſuppoſed art of bewitching
Withal, *ad.* along with the reſt, likewiſe
Withdraw, *v.* to draw away, diſcontinue, retire, *S.*
Withdrawing room, *ſ.* a room to retire to
Withe, *ſ.* a band of hay, willow twig
Wither, *v.* to fade and grow ſhrivelled
Witheredneſs, *ſ.* a being withered
Withers, *ſ.* the joining of the ſhoulderbones of a horſe

Withhóld, *v.* to reſtrain, keep back
Within, *prep.* in the inner part
Withoút, *prep.* unleſs, not within compaſs of
Withſtánd, *v.* to reſiſt, oppoſe
Wíthy, *ſ.* an ozier willow
Witleſs, *a.* without wit
Witling, *ſ.* a pretender to wit
Witneſs, *ſ.* evidence, teſtimony, atteſtation, *S.*
Witneſs, *v.* to atteſt or bear teſtimony, *S.*
Witticiſm, *ſ.* a weak attempt of wit
Wittily, *ad.* ingeniouſly
Wittingly, *ad.* knowingly
Wittol, *ſ.* a contented cuckold
Witty, *a.* full of wit, ſarcaſtic
Wives, *pl* of wife
Wizard, *ſ.* an enchanter, conjurer
Wo, or Woe, *ſ.* calamity, miſery, affliction
Wóad, *ſ.* a plant uſed in dying blue
Wóeful, *a.* calamitous, doleful
Wóefully, *ad.* wretchedly, mournfully
Wold, *ſ.* a champaign ground, hilly and void of wood
Wolf, *ſ.* a fierce beaſt, a ſort of eating ulcer
Wólfſbane, *ſ.* a poiſonous plant
Wólviſh, *a.* ravenous like a wolf
Wóman, *ſ.* a female of the human race
Wómaniſh, *a.* ſoft, effeminate, like a woman
Wómanly, *a.* not girliſh, becoming a woman
Womb, *ſ.* the matrix of a woman
Wómen, *ſ.* the plural of woman
Wónder, *ſ.* a prodigy, ſomething ſtrange
Wónderful, *a.* admirable, ſtrange
Wónderous, *a.* ſtrange, ſurpriſing
Wónderouſly, *ad.* to a ſtrange degree
Wont, *v.* to be accuſtomed, or uſed to
Wónted, *a.* uſual, accuſtomed
Woo, *v.* to court, or make love to
Wood, *ſ.* a place filled with large trees, the ſubſtance of trees
Woodbíne, *ſ.* a honeyſuckle
Woódcock, *ſ.* a ſort of wild fowl
Woóded, *a.* ſupplied with wood
Woóden, *a.* made of wood, clumſey
Woódland, *ſ.* land covered with wood
Woódlouſe, *ſ.* a hogloufe
Woódman, *ſ.* a hunter, ſportſman
Woodmónger, *ſ.* a ſeller of wood for firing
Woodpigeon, *ſ.* a pigeon that perches on trees
Woódy, *a.* filled with woods, of the nature of wood
Wooer, *ſ.* one who courts a woman
Woof, *ſ.* the threads ſhot acroſs the warp
Wool, *ſ.* the fleece of ſheep, *Ger.*
Woóllen, *a.* made of wool
Woólpack, *ſ.* a large bag of wool
Woólly, *a.* mixed with, or like wool
Word, *ſ.* a declaration, talk, or ſingle part of ſpeech
Word, *v.* to expreſs or indite, *Ger.*
Work, *v.* to labour, operate, ferment, embroider, *Ger.*
Wórker, *ſ.* one who works
Wórkhouſe, *ſ.* a receptacle of the poor of the pariſh
Wórkingday, *ſ.* a weekday
Wórkman, *ſ.* an artificer
Wórkmanlike, *a.* like a ſkilful artificer
Wórkmanſhip, *ſ.* manufacture, art, ſkill
Wórkwoman, *ſ.* a woman that works for hire
World, *ſ.* the univerſe, the terreſtrial globe, the people who inhabit it
Wórldlineſs, *ſ.* covetouſneſs
Wórldling, *ſ.* a worldly minded perſon
Wórldly, *a.* taken up with obtaining riches
Worm, *ſ.* an inſect without legs, a pipe of a ſpiral form, a kind of ſcrew, *Ger.*
Wormeáten, *a.* worthleſs, gnawed by worms
Wórmwood,

Wórmwood, *ſ.* a plant well known
Wórmy, *a.* full of worms
Wórry, *v.* to tare, mangle, teaze, harraſs
Worſe, *a.* more ill, more bad
Wórſhip, *ſ.* adoration, a little of honour
Wórſhip, *v.* to adore, to kneel or bow to
Wórſhipful, *a.* worthy of reſpect, a term of reſpect
Wórſhipper, *ſ.* an adorer
Worſt, *ſ.* an exceeding bad ſtate
Worſt, *v.* to defeat
Wórſted, *ſ.* a kind of woollen thread
Wort, *ſ.* an herb, ale or beer not fermented
Worth, *ſ.* merit or deſert, price or value, *S.*
Worth, *a.* equal in value, deſerving of
Wórthily, *ad.* meritoriouſly
Wórthineſs, *ſ.* excellence, deſert
Wórthleſs, *a.* of no value
Wórthy, *a.* valuable, deſerving
Wórthy, *ſ.* a man worthy of praiſe
Wot, *v.* to know, *Ger.*
Wound, *ſ.* a hurt occaſioned by violence
Wound, *v.* to hurt by violence
Wound, *a.* rolled round. *See* wind
Wrack, *ſ.* a ſea weed
Wrángle, *v.* to diſpute in a quarrelſome manner
Wrángle, *ſ.* a perverſe diſpute
Wrángler, *ſ.* a peeviſh diſputer
Wrap, *v.* to infold, or wind about
Wrápper, *ſ.* a cloth for covering goods
Wrath, *ſ.* violent anger, indignation
Wráthful, *ſ.* full of wrath or indignation
Wráthleſs, *a.* free from anger
Wreak, *v.* to vent or diſcharge
Wreath, *ſ.* any thing twiſted round as flowers
Wreath, *v.* to twiſt, to crown with a wreath
Wreck, *v.* the periſhing of a ſhip at ſea
Wreck, *v.* to ſuffer wreck
Wrench, *v.* to ſprain or ſtrain, to pull by force
Wrench, *ſ.* a ſprain or ſtrain
Wreſt, *v.* to wring, twiſt, force
Wréſtle, *v.* to uſe the exerciſe of wreſtling
Wréſtler, *ſ.* one who wreſtles
Wreſtling, *ſ.* a contention which of two perſons ſhall throw the other down
Wretch, *ſ.* a miſerable, forlorn creature
Wrétched, *a.* miſerable, pitiful, ſorry
Wrétchedneſs, *ſ.* deſpicableneſs, miſery
Wríggle, *v.* to turn to and fro in the joints
Wright, *ſ.* a mechanic in wood, as a ſhipwright, &c.
Wring, *v.* to ſqueeze, writhe, extort, *S.*
Wrinkle, *ſ.* a creaſe or fold in a garment, the skin, &c.
Wrínkle, *v.* to cauſe creaſes or wrinkles, *S.*
Wriſt, *ſ.* part of the arm to which the hand is joined
Wríſtband, *ſ.* the faſtening of the ſhirt round the wriſt, *S.*
Writ, *ſ.* judicial proceſs, warrant to arreſt, *S.*
Write, *v.* to expreſs in writing
Writer, *ſ.* one who writes
Writhe, *v.* to wring or twiſt
Wrítings, *ſ.* a thing written with pen and ink
Wrítings, *ſ.* legal conveyances
Writingmaſter *ſ.* one who teaches to write
Wrong, *ſ.* falſe, injury, injuſtice, *S.*
Wrong, *a.* falſe, untrue, not right
Wrong, *v.* injure, defraud
Wróngful, *a.* unjuſt
Wrongheád, and Wrongheáded, *a.* always wrong
Wroth. *See* Wrath
Wrought, *a.* worked, manufactured

Wrúng, *v.* did wring
Wry, *a.* crooked, or diſtorted.

X.

X. Is a numeral, and ſtands for ten; but there is no word in the Engliſh language beginning with this letter.

Y.

YACHT, or Yatch, *ſ.* a ſmall ſwift ſailing veſſel for paſſengers, richly adorned, *F.*
Yard, *ſ.* a meaſure of three feet, a piece of ground adjoining to a houſe, a pole to hang a ſail on
Yárdwand, *ſ.* a meaſure of a yard
Yarn, *ſ.* linen or woollen as it is ſpun without being twiſted
Yárrow, *ſ.* the herb milfoil
Yawl, *ſ.* a ſhip boat
Yawn, *v.* to gape by an involuntary motion
Yaúning, *a.* gaping
Y'cleped, *a.* named, called
Yean, *v.* to bring forth lambs
Yeánling, *ſ.* the young of ſheep
Year, *ſ.* the term of twelve calendar months
Yeárling, *a.* a beaſt of a year old
Yeárly, *a.* annually, or every year
Yearn, *v.* to feel a kind of ſympathetic pity
Yeaſt, *ſ.* barm
Yelk, *ſ.* *See* Yolk
Yell, *v.* to make a dreadful howling noiſe
Yéllow, *a.* a glaring colour, as gold
Yéllowboy, *ſ.* a guinea
Yéllowiſh, *a.* approaching to yellow
Yéllowneſs, *ſ.* a being yellow
Yéllows, *ſ.* a diſeaſe in horſes
Yelp, *v.* to bark as a dog, fox, &c.
Yeóman, *ſ.* a freeholder, gentleman farmer
Yéomanry, *ſ.* a collective body of yeomen
Yerk, *v.* to jerk or whip, to throw out the hinder legs as a horſe does
Yeſt. *See* Yeaſt
Yéſty, *a.* frothy
Yéſterday, *ſ.* the day before the preſent
Yeſternight, *ſ.* laſt night
Yew, *ſ.* a tree
Yield, *v.* to give, produce, ſurrender
Yoke, *ſ.* a frame of wood put over the neck of oxen, a mark of ſervitude, two or a couple
Yoke, *v.* to enſlave, to couple together
Yókefellow, *ſ.* one who bears the ſame yoke, or a companion in labour
Yolk, *ſ.* the yellow ſubſtance in the middle of an egg
Yon, *ad.* yonder
Yónder, *ad.* there, then ſpeaking of, or pointing to a diſtant place
Yore, *a.* ancient times
Young, *a.* youthful, not old
Young, *ſ.* the offſpring of any creature, *Ger.*
Yoúnger, *a.* not ſo old as another
Youngeſt, *a.* the moſt young
Yoúngiſh, *a.* ſomewhat young
Yoúngſter, *ſ.* a lad or young man
Youth, *ſ.* the ſtate or condition of young people, one paſt childhood
Yoúthful, *a.* young vigorous, belonging to youth

Z.

ZACHARY, *ſ.* a man's name
Zachéus, *ſ.* the name of a man, *H.*

Záffer,

Záffer, and Zápher, *ſ.* a mineral uſed by potters to make a blue colour

Záhab, *ſ.* an Hebrew coin, worth about 1l. 10s.

Zány, *ſ.* a buffoon

Zeal, *ſ.* an earneſt paſſion, or fervour of ſoul, *G.*

Zéalot, *ſ.* a great ſtickler for a party

Zéalous, *a.* full of zeal

Zedekiah, *ſ.* a man's name, *H.*

Zéchim, *ſ.* a Venetian coin, value 7s. 6d.

Zédoary, *ſ.* a ſpicy plant

Zénith, *ſ.* the point of the heavens directly over our heads, *A.*

Zéphyr, and Zéphirus, *ſ.* Favonius, or the weſt wind

Zeſt, *ſ.* the juice of the peel of an orange, &c.

Zeſt, *v.* to give an additional reliſh

Zink, *ſ.* a marcaſite, alſo called ſpelter

Zódiack, *ſ.* the ſun's tract through the twelve ſigns

Zone, *ſ.* a girdle anciently worn by virgins at their marriage

Zoógraphy, *ſ.* a deſcription of animals in general

Zoólogy, *ſ.* a treatiſe on living creatures

Zoóphites, *ſ.* vegetables that partake both of the nature of plants and animals.

AN ALPHABETICAL LIST of ABBREVIATIONS of WORDS, uſed for Diſpatch in Writing.

A. B. *or* B. A. Bachelor of arts
Abp. Archbiſhop
A. D. in the year of our Lord
A. M. *or* M. A. Maſter of Arts
A. M. before Noon
A. M. in the Year of the World
A. P. G. Profeſſor of Aſtronomy in Greſham College
B. D. Bachelor of Divinity
Bp. Biſhop
B. V. M. Bleſſed Virgin Mary
C. ſtands for one hundred
Cwt. an Hundred Weight, or 112 Pounds
Capt. Captain
C. C. C. Corpus Chriſti College
Cent. an Hundred
Col. Colonel
C. P. S. Keeper of the Privy Seal
C. S. Keeper of the Seals
D. in Number 500
D. D. Doctor of Divinity
Dec. December
Dep. Deputy
Deut. Deuteronomy
Ditto, *or* Do. the ſame
Du. Duke
Dukm. Dukedom
E. Eaſt
E. Earl
E. A. P. Prieſt of the Church of England
Edin. Edinburgh
Edm. Edmund
Edw. Edward
e. g. *or* ex. gr. for example
Eliz. Elizabeth
Eng. England
Engr. Engineer
Ep. Epiſtle
Eſq. Eſquire
Ex. Example
Exon. Exeter
Expl. Explanation
Exec. Executor
Feb. February
Fred. Frederick
F. R. S. Fellow of the Royal Society
F. S. A. Fellow of the Society of Arts
Gab. Gabriel
Gall. Gallon
Gen. General
Genmo. Generaliſſimo
Gent. Gentleman
Geo. George
Gov. Governor
Gr. Grains or Groſs
Greg. Gregory
Hants. Hampſhire
Hon. Honourable
Hond. Honoured
I. in Number 1.
Ibid. in the ſame Place
id. the ſame
i. e. that is
J. H. S. Jeſus the Saviour of Men

Imp.

Imp. Imperial
Inſt. Inſtant
Ja. James
Jac. Jacob
Jan. January
J. D. Doctor of Law
J. N. R. J. Jeſus of Nazareth King of the Jews
J. U. D. Doctor of Civil and Canon Law
Kath. Katharine
Knt. Knight
L. in Number 50
L. *or* l. a Pound Sterling
lb. a Pound Weight
L. C. J. Lord Chief Juſtice
Leo. Leonard
Lieut. Lieutenant
L. J. C. Lord Jeſus Chriſt
LL. D. Doctor of Laws
Lond. London
L. S. the Place of the Seal
M. in Number 1000
M. A. Maſter of Arts
Mad. Madam
Mat. Matthew
Math. Mathematics
M. D. Doctor of Phyſic
Middx. Middleſex
Mons. Monſieur
Mr. Maſter
Mrs. Miſtreſs
M. S. ſacred to the Memory
MS. Manuſcript
MSS. Manuſcripts
N. B. note, or mark well
N. S. New Stile
Nov. November
Oct. October
O. S. Old Stile
Oxon. Oxford
Oz. Ounce
P. M. Afternoon
P. S. Poſtſcript
Q. D. as much as to ſay
Q. E. D. which was to be demonſtrated
Rev. Reverend
St. Saint
S. T. P. Profeſſor of Divinity
V. the Number 5.
W. Weſt
Wp. Worſhip
Wpl. Worſhipful
X. in Number 10.
Xt. Chriſt
Xtmas. Chriſtmas
Yd. Yard
Yds. Yards
& and
&c. and ſo forth

A MYTHO

A MYTHOLOGICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY OF THE MOST REMARKABLE HEATHEN GODS and GODDESSES, HEROES and PHILOSOPHERS,

Mentioned in the WRITINGS of the ANCIENTS.

ABA

AARON, the ſon of Amram, elder brother of Moſes, prince of the family of Levi, and high-prieſt of the Hebrews, conſecrated to that office by Moſes. He died aged 123 years.

Abáddon, the deſtroyer, the angel of the bottomleſs pit.

Abádir, a ſtone which Saturn devoured inſtead of his ſon Jupiter; for it having been propheſied, that Saturn ſhould be driven out of his kingdom by ſome of his ſons, he, in order to elude this prophecy, devoured all the ſons he had by his wife Ops. However, when Jupiter was born, ſhe deceived him, and, inſtead of the child, put the ſtone Abadir in his mouth, and ſo ſaved Jupiter.

ABE

Abárim, a hill on a mountainous place, in the land of Moab, oppoſite to Jericho, on the further ſide of Jordan; on the top of which is Mount Nebo, where Moſes died.

Abáris, a Scythian, who wrote Apollo's northern journey, oracles, predictions, &c. and was the ſcholar of Pythagoras.

Abdála, Mahomet's father, who was a ſlave employed by merchants to lead their camels.

Abdálmutalis, the grandfather of Mahomet, who was ſo beautiful, that every woman who ſaw him fell in love with him.

Abél, the ſecond ſon of Adam, and the firſt martyr in the world. He was murdered by his elder brother Cain.

Abráham, the ſon of Terah, the father of the Faithful. He lived 175 years.

Abſálom, the ſon of king David. His perſon was comely, and his ſpirit ambitious. He was a perſon of great parts, and as bad qualities. He raiſed a rebellion againſt his father, and was at laſt killed by Joab.

Abydos, a city on the Aſiatic ſide, cloſe by the Helleſpont, oppoſite to Seſtos. This was Leander's country, whoſe love for Hero, the Seſtian maid, has made both places famous.

Abyla, a high hill in Mauritania, oppoſite to Calpe, another hill in Spain, on the Straits of Gibraltar. Theſe two hills were called by the ancients Hercules' Pillars, being the boundaries of his travels.

Acádemia, a grove, or woody place, without the city of Athens, where Plato firſt taught philoſophy. Hence the word Academy.

Acco, an old ſimple woman, who ſeeing her deformity in a mirrour, went mad. This woman would talk to herſelf in the glaſs, and conſtantly refuſed what ſhe moſt wiſhed for.

Achab, or Ahab, one of the kings of Iſrael, the ſon of Omri, a wicked prince, who became much worſe by the inſtigations of his wife Jezebel.

Achélous, of whom the poets ſay, that he was the ſon of Oceanus and Tethys; and being engaged in a duel with Hercules for Dejanira, the king of Caledonia's daughter, and finding he had the worſt of it, he changed himſelf firſt into a ſerpent, then into a bull, whoſe horns Hercules broke off. At laſt, being quite beaten, he turned himſelf into a river of his own name. The meaning of the fiction is this: As a great river, he is ſaid to be the ſon of the Ocean; for his turnings and windings, likened to a ſerpent; and for his roaring, to a bull. His two horns mean, where he divided his ſtreams. Hercules broke his horns, by banking and dammmg up his waters, that they might not overflow and ſpoil the country.

Achéron, one of the rivers of Hell, that firſt receives the ſouls of the dead. He was the ſon of Sol and Terra, and turned into a river by Jupiter, for aſſiſting the Titans with water in their rebellion againſt him.

Achílles, the ſon of Peleus, king of Theſſaly, and of Thetis, the goddeſs of the ſea. His mother dipped him all over when a child, in the river Styx, to make him invulnerable; but that part of his foot which his mother held him by, did not receive that charm. He ſlew Hector at the ſiege of Troy, and was afterwards killed, by Paris, who wounded him by an arrow in the heel, the only part in which he was vulnerable.

Achmon, or Achemon, one of the Cecropes, brother to Paſſalus, both very inſulting and injurious to every one they met.

Acílius, a fountain in Sicily, ſo called from Aciles, a ſweet-heart of Galatea, who was killed by Polyphemus, and, upon her requeſt

queſt to Neptune, was turned into a ſpring of his own name.

Acís, a fair Sicilian ſhepherd, the ſon of Faunus and the nymph Simœthis. He was extremely beautiful; but was killed by Polyphemus, on account of the preference ſhewn him by Galatea.

Acrísius, the ſon of Abas, and king of Argos. He was killed in a combat by his grandſon Perſeus, they not knowing each other.

Actéon, the ſon of Ariſteus and Auronoe. He was much given to hunting, and kept many dogs for that purpoſe. As he was one day hunting, he came by chance to a fountain where Diana was bathing; and, becauſe he dared to look on a goddeſs naked, ſhe turned him into a ſtag, when his own dogs tore him to pieces.

Actiſanes, an Ethiopian king, who deviſed a method to rid his kingdom of thieves; not by putting them to death, but by cutting their noſes, and baniſhing them to the remoteſt parts of the deſert, where they were obliged to labour for their exiſtence, or periſh.

Adad, the chief god of the Aſſyrians, whom they called the Sun, as they did the goddeſs Atergatis, his wife, the Earth; becauſe from theſe two all things ariſe.

Adam, the firſt man, the father of all mankind.

Adámites, certain heretics who, both men and women, met naked in their aſſemblies. This ſhameleſs hereſy began about the year of Chriſt 1412, in the time of Sigiſmund the emperor.

Ades, or Hades, the god of Hell, called alſo Dis.

Admétus, a king of the Pherætiades in Theſſaly, remarkable for his misfortunes and piety.

Adónias, the fourth ſon of David, whom he had by Haggith, who, for his aſpiring to the throne, to which he thought to make his way by marrying Abiſhag, was, by Solomon's order, ſlain by Benaiah.

Adónis, the ſon of Cynaras, king of Cyprus, by his own daughter Myrrha. He was a very beautiful youth, and hence feigned to be the minion and gallant of Venus. He was killed, in the bloom of his youth, by a boar, and by Venus turned into a flower of his own name.

Adónius, a river flowing from mount Libanus, which turns bloody yearly on thoſe days the feaſts of Adonis are kept.

Adráſtus, a king of the Argives, the ſon of Talaon and Eurynome. He took the part of Polynices, his ſon-in-law, in the Theban war, was long-lived, and died of age.

Adrianus, a Roman emperor, the ſucceſſor of Trajan. He came in perſon into Britain, and built a wall to part the enemy from the Romans. He was a lover of learning and learned men, and delighted much in poetry.

Æa, the capital city of Colchis. She was ſaid to be a huntreſs, whom Phaſis fell in love with, and in his purſuit of her ſhe was turned into an iſland, or city of her own name.

Æácus, the ſon of Jupiter and Ægina. The reputation of his juſtice was ſo great, that after his death they made him, by Pluto's commiſſion, one of the three judges of the infernal bench.

Æga, a nymph, Jupiter's nurſe, the daughter of Olenus. She was tranſlated after her death into heaven, and made a ſtar, called the Goat.

Ægéon, a huge and terrible giant, ſon of Titan and Terra, who at once flung at Jupiter an hundred rocks. Being at laſt overcome, he was bound with an hundred chains to a rock of the Ægean ſea. He was, indeed, a great pirate, having a ſhip with an hundred men in it.

Ægéſta, the daughter of Hippotes, a Trojan prince, who, to avoid being expoſed to a ſea-monſter, fled into Sicily, and was there deflowered by Criniſus.

Ægéus, a king of Attica, who gave name to the Ægean ſea by drowning himſelf therein.

Ægiale, the wife of Diomedes, who wounded Venus at the ſiege of Troy; for which that goddeſs puniſhed her with an unbounded deſire for proſtitution.

Ægina, the daughter of Aſopus, king of Beotia, on whom Jupiter, in the likeneſs of fire, begat Æacus and Rhadamanthus.

Ægióchus, one of Jupiter's titles.

Ægipánes, a naked people, being light and nimble, having goats' feet, and worſhipped by the ancients as the gods of the woods.

Ægiptus, a Theſſalian whom Jupiter changed into a vulture, for laying with his mother Bulis.

Ægis, a Gorgon ſlain by Pallas, with whoſe ſkin ſhe afterwards covered her ſhield.

Ægiſthus, the ſon of Thyeſtes, by his own daughter Pelopeia. He was murdered by Oreſtes, in revenge for his having murdered his father.

Ægle, one of the three harpies.

Ægóbolus, the name by which Bacchus was worſhipped in Potnia.

Ægóceros, a ſea-monſter, into which Pan transformed himſelf when in Egypt. Jupiter placed him among the ſtars, one of the twelve ſigns.

Ægon, a celebrated wreſtler, who was ſo ſtrong, that he threw a mad bull by the legs to the top of a mountain.

Ægyptus, the ſon of Belus, and brother of Danaus, who, having fifty ſons, matched them with his brother's fifty daughters, who, all but one, ſlew their huſbands the firſt night they bedded them.

Æmus, a king of Thrace, who, as well as his wife, was ſo proud that Jupiter turned them into two hills.

Ænéas, a Trojan prince, who after the ſiege of Troy came into Italy, where he married the daughter of Latinus, and ſucceeded him in his kingdom.

Æolia, a country of Aſia, lying between Ionia and Troas, near the Helleſpont, and was called Myſia.

Æolus, who was ſaid to be the god of the winds, becauſe he ſtudied aſtronomy.

Æſácus, the ſon of Priam and Alixothoe. His ſweetheart being ſlain by a ſerpent, he endeavoured to drown himſelf, but was changed into a bird.

Æſchylus, one of the judges of Athens.

Æſculánus, a god among the Romans, whom they worſhipped becauſe they thought he had the power to make them rich.

Æſculápius, the ſon of Apollo, by the nymph Coronis, who was ſo excellent a phyſician, that after his death he was worſhipped as a god.

Æſon, the father of Jaſon, at whoſe requeſt Medea, by her magic art, reſtored the father to his youth again.

Æſop, the famous writer of fables and ſtories, a Phrygian by birth, and a ſlave by condition.

Æthálides, the ſon of Mercury, who had leave to be ſometimes among the living and ſometimes among the dead, and ſo knew all that was done in either place.

Ætna, a celebrated burning mountain in Sicily. Here Jupiter lodged the giants he had ſubdued, and here Vulcan had his forges.

Ætus, a river in Scythia, which, by its overflowings, ſpoiled the fruitful grounds of Prometheus, and thereby gave riſe to the ſtory, that his growing liver was fed upon by an eagle.

Agag, king of Amalek, whom Saul ſpared, and Samuel hewed in pieces.

Agamémnon, the ſon of Atreus, and brother of Menelaus, king of Mycenæ and Argos. He was captain-general of the Greeks at the ſiege of Troy, and, after his return home, was ſlain at a banquet by Ægiſthus, the gallant of his wife.

Aganíppe, a famous well or ſpring, by mount Helicon, ſacred to the Muſes.

Agátho, a Pythagorean philoſopher; who, being aſked by king Archelaus, when he was eighty years old, whether he had any ſtrength left, anſwered, that not only the Spring, but Autumn beareth fruits.

Agáthocles, a Sicilian tyrant, the ſon of a potter, who, after he got to be king, ſlew all his nobles.

Agéſilaus, a name given to Pluto. Alſo the name of the ſixth king of Lacedæmon, a very valiant prince.

Agrámmes, a barber's ſon, whom the queen of India fell in love with, and cauſed him to kill the king, that ſo, by marrying her, he might reign in his ſtead.

Ajax, a valiant Grecian warrior at the ſiege of Troy. He was the ſon of Telamon, and the ſtrongeſt Greek next Achilles. Being angry that the princes had judged Ulyſſes to have the armour of Achilles, he grew mad, and ſlew himſelf with that ſword which Hector had given him. He was changed into the violet.

Albídius, a man who, after he had ſpent all, at laſt ſet his houſe on fire; upon which Cato paſſed this jeſt, that he was an ill-natured fellow, as he burnt what he could not eat.

Alcéſta, the wife of Admetus, king of Theſſaly, who voluntarily died to ſave the life of her huſband,

Alcibíades, a nobleman of Athens, who could fit himſelf to all men's humours, of what country or condition ſoever; but was burnt alive in his houſe by his enemies.

Alcíthoe, a woman of Thebes, a ſpinner, who (with her ſiſters) was turned into bats and mice, for ſlighting the feaſts of Bacchus.

Alcméon, the ſon of Amphiaraus. His father enjoined him to kill his mother as ſoon as he was dead, which he did, and for which he was vexed by furies, *i. e.* a troubled conſcience.

Alcyóne, one of the Pleiades, a daughter of Atlas.

Alcyóneus, a giant ſlain by Hercules, whoſe daughters, bewailing their father's death, were turned into halcyons or king's-fiſhers.

Alectryon, a young man beloved by Mars; but afterwards changed into a cock, for ſuffering Vulcan to ſurpriſe him with Venus.

Alexander, ſon of Philip, king of Macedon. After having conquered great part of the world, and killed many of his friends, he died through intemperance.

Alps, a chain of high mountains that ſeparate Italy from Germany and France.

Amálthea, the goat that ſuckled Jupiter: its horn was called the horn of plenty, becauſe he who was poſſeſſed of it, obtained all his deſires.

Amarácus, a youth who was perfumer to Cinyras, king of Cyprus, and afterwards changed into the herb ſweet marjoram.

Amaſis, a famous king of Egypt, who made a law, that every one ſhould yearly give an account to government how they lived; thoſe who could not were to be put to death.

Amázons, a warlike nation of women in Scythia, who, when they had a mind to have children, ſent for men that lived near them. They cut off their right breaſts that they might ſhoot the better.

Ambróſia, the food of the gods.

Ammon, a name by which Jupiter was worſhipped in Africa, under the ſhape of a ram.

Amphiaraus, a Grecian prophet, whom king Adraſtus wiſhed to take with him to the Theban wars; but, in order to avoid it, he concealed himſelf. He was betrayed by his wife, and, according to his own prediction, ſoon loſt his life, being ſwallowed up by an opening of the earth.

Amphimedon, one of the gallants of Penelope ſlain by Telemachus.

Amphion, the ſon of Jupiter by Antiope. He was ſo expert a muſician, that, as he played on the lute given him by Mercury, the ſtones that built Thebes followed him to the place where they ſhould be laid; that is, by his oratory he prevailed on a rude and ſavage people to live together peaceably in Thebes, of which he was king.

Amphitrite, the wife of Neptune, and goddeſs of the ſea. She at firſt fled from Neptune's addreſſes, but was brought back by a dolphin. She was the mother of Triton.

Anachárſis, a Scythian philoſopher, who went bare-

bare-footed, ſlept on the ground, and puniſhed himſelf with hunger. He ſaid laws were like ſpiders webs, that would take flies, but not waſps and hornets.

Anácreon, an old lyric poet, a merry Greek, wanton and amorous.

Anaxágoras, a philoſopher of noble extraction, who was the firſt that wrote on the eclipſes of the moon.

Ancæus, a king of Samos, who loved huſbandry, and planted a vineyard. He was told by one of his ſervants that he would never taſte of the wine of that vineyard. When the vintage was finiſhed, he was jocund, and called for the fellow who had ſaid he would not taſte of the wine. He was then in deriſion putting the cup to his lip, when word was brought him that a wild boar had broken into his vineyard. He inſtantly threw down the wine and cup, ran into the vineyard, and was killed by the boar. Hence the proverb, Many things happen between the cup and the lip.

Anchiſes, the ſon of Capys, and father of Æneas. At the burning of Troy, Æneas brought him out on his back, and took him with him to Sicily.

Andrógeus, the ſon of Minos, the king of Crete, who, becauſe he overcame every one in exerciſes and arms, was, out of envy, ſlain by the Athenians.

Andromáche, the daughter of Aetion, and wife of Hector, by whom he had Aſtyanax. Pyrrhus carried her away captive to Greece, and married her,

Andrómeda, daughter of Cepheus and Caſſiope, who, for her mother's pride in contending with the nymphs for beauty, was bound to a rock, and there expoſed to a ſea-monſter. Perſeus ſlew the monſter, and married the lady.

Angeróna, the goddeſs of Silence.

Ania, a beautiful Roman woman, whoſe huſband being dead, ſhe was adviſed to marry again; but anſwered, If I ſhould marry another good huſband, I ſhould ſtill be in fear of loſing him; and having had a good one, it would be a grief to have a bad one after.

Anna, a goddeſs, the daughter of Belus, and ſiſter of Diana, drowned in the river Numicius.

Antæus, a huge giant, and a great wreſtler, who was the firſt founder of Tangier.

Anténor, a Trojan prince, who, as ſome ſay, betrayed his country to the Greeks.

Antigóne, the daughter of Oedipus, king of Thebes, who conſtantly led her father after he was blind.

Antiochus, ſon of Seleucus, king of Aſia.

Antiópe, the daughter of Nycteus, and wife of Lycus, king of Thebes and Egypt.

Antónius, the name of ſeveral Roman noblemen.

Anúbis, the god of the Egyptians, whom they worſhipped in the form of a dog.

Apélles, a celebrated painter.

Apis, king of the Argives, and ſon of Jupiter by Niobe. He taught the Egyptians the art of huſbandry, and after his death was worſhipped as a god, in the ſhape of an ox.

Apóllo,

Apóllo, the god of muſic, phyſic, poetry, and divination. He was the ſon of Jove and Latona.

Aráchne, a maid of Lydia, and daughter of Idmon, who was turned into a ſpider by Minerva.

Aráxes, a large and boiſterous river of Armenia, parting it from Media.

Arcas, the ſon of Jupiter and Caliſto, whom Juno turned into a bear.

Archimédes, a famous mathematician of Sicily, who firſt invented ſpheres and globes.

Archytas, a noble philoſopher of Tarentum, Plato's tutor in geometry.

Arethuſa, a nymph, the daughter of Nereus and Dotis, who was turned into a fountain as ſhe fled from the purſuit of Alpheus.

Argentinus, a god that brought in the uſe of ſilver.

Argo, the ſhip wherein Jaſon and his companions went to Colchis, to get away the golden fleece.

Argónauts, the companions of Jaſon.

Argús, the ſon of Ariſtor, ſaid to have an hundred eyes. He was ſlain by Mercury, by the command of Jupiter, and turned into a peacock.

Argyra, a nymph for whoſe love Silenus died, and Venus turned him into a river.

Ariádne, the daughter of Minos, king of Crete, who, being in love with Theſeus, conducted him out of the labyrinth; but he afterwards deſerted her, and ſhe married Bacchus, and had a crown of ſeven ſtars given her.

Aries, the ram, the firſt ſign in the Zodiac, which, at the entrance of the ſun, makes day and night equal.

Arimáſpi, a people of Scythia, who are ſaid to have but one eye, and that in their forehead. They are dexterous archers.

Arion, a cunning muſician of Leſbos, who made his eſcape from pirates on the back of a dolphin, whom he charmed by the muſic of his harp.

Ariſba, a city of Troy, deſtroyed by Achilles.

Ariſtæus, the ſon of Apollo and Cyrene. He firſt found out the uſe of honey, oil, and rennet to make cheeſe.

Ariſtippus, a philoſopher, who uſed to ſay, that good cheer was no hindrance to a good life.

Ariſtóbulus, a king of the Jews.

Ariſtómenes, an Athenian captain, whoſe heart at his death was found to be all hairy.

Ariſtóphanes, a comic poet, eloquent in the Athenian tongue.

Ariſtótle, a famous philoſopher, Alexander's tutor.

Arménia, a country of Aſia, now called Turcomania.

Arſinóe, the daughter of Nicocreon, whom Venus changed into a flint for her hardheartedneſs.

Artemíſia, the wife of Mauſolus, king of Caria, a woman of renowned chaſtity, who, after her huſband's death, drank up his aſhes in wine; and made ſuch a famous tomb for her huſband, that every ſtately monument was hence called a Mauſoleum.

Aſcá-

Aſcálaphus, the ſon of Acheron, turned into an owl by Proſerpine, for telling that ſhe had eaten an apple in hell, and ſo hindering her return.

Aſclepíades, a rhetorician and phyſician, who uſed to ſay, that health was preſerved by abſtinence, walking, labouring, and rubbing the body.

Aſclétarion, who foretold that himſelf ſhould be eaten by dogs.

Aſpaſia, a female rhetorician of Miletus, who taught Socrates eloquence, and was much reſpected by Pericles for her wiſdom and policy.

Aſtéria, the daughter of Cœus, of whom Jupiter, in the ſhape of an eagle, begot Hercules.

Aſtómi, a people of India, who, being ſaid to have no mouths, live by ſmelling.

Aſtræa, the goddeſs of juſtice, who, in the golden age of the world, lived on earth; but in the iron age fled to heaven, and there became the ſign Virgo.

Aſtræus, one of the Titans who made war againſt the gods.

Aſtyages, the laſt king of the Medes, whoſe daughter was mother of Cyrus.

Atalánta, the daughter of Jaſius and Climene, and wife of Meleager, who firſt wounded the Caledonian boar; alſo, the daughter of Schæneus, king of Syrus, remarkable for her ſwiftneſs of foot.

Até, the goddeſs of revenge and miſchief.

Atergátis, a goddeſs or idol of the Aſſyrians, whoſe upper part reſembled a woman, and the lower a fiſh.

Athamás, ſon of Æolus, and king of Thebes, who murdered his ſon in a frantic fit.

Athenódorus, a ſtoic philoſopher, who taught Auguſtus this leſſon, that he ſhould never ſay nor do any thing when in a paſſion, till he had taken time to repeat the Greek alphabet.

Atlantes, a ſavage people of Ethiopia, who curſe the ſun.

Atlas, the firſt inventor of aſtronomy, and is therefore repreſented with the earth on his ſhoulders. There are two hills of this name, one of which is near Hercules' Pillars.

Atrous, the ſon of Pelops and Hippodamia, and king of Mycenæ. He found out the cauſe of the eclipſe of the ſun.

Atrópos, one of the three ladies of fate, who are ſaid to cut off the thread of life

Atys, a beautiful boy, beloved by Cybele, the mother of the gods, by whom he was turned into a pine-tree, for having lain with the nymph Sangaritis.

Avéntinus, one of the ſeven hills of Rome.

Avernus, a lake in Campania, whoſe waters caſt up ſuch a deadly ſteam, as to kill the birds that attempt to fly over it.

Averruncus, a god among the Romans, who was ſuppoſed to protect them from evils and misfortunes.

Augéas, a king of Elis, who had a ſtable that held 3000 oxen, which, though it had not been cleanſed for thirty years, was purged in one day by Hercules, who turned a river through it.

Auróra, the daughter of Titan, goddeſs of the morning, and mother of the ſtars and winds.

Autólemus, a man who, being told by the ſoothſayers that he would be burned the next day, to prevent the omen, went and lodged in a river; but there he was burnt to death by lightning.

Autúmnus, the god of fruits.

Azonax, Zoroaſter's maſter in magic.

Azores, nine iſlands in the Atlantic ocean, belonging to the Portugueze.

B.

BAAL, an Aſſyrian god.

Bacchanália, feaſts of Bacchus.

Bacchus, the ſon of Jupiter and Semele, and god of wine and drunkards.

Bagóe, a nymph who taught the art of propheſying by thunder.

Bájazet, a proud emperor of the Turks, whom Tamerlain, a Tartar, took priſoner, bound him in chains of gold, and put him into an iron cage, uſing him for a foot-ſtool; and when Tamerlain ſat at meat, he made him pick up the crumbs under his table, like a dog.

Balthaſar, a king of Babylon.

Bapta, the goddeſs of lewdneſs.

Barábbas, a robber and murderer, whom the Jews preferred to our Saviour.

Barbára, a virgin of Nicomedia, impriſoned and ill treated by her own father, and put to death for being a chriſtian.

Baſſáreus, one of the names of Bacchus.

Bátalus, a wanton minſtrel of Epheſus, who firſt uſed women's ſhoes on the ſtage.

Bathſhéba, the wife of Uriah, by whom king David had Solomon.

Battus, a ſhepherd, who, on account of his treachery, was, by Mercury, turned into a ſtone.

Baucis, an old woman, wife to old Philemon, who were the only two of all the country who would entertain Jupiter and Mercury when they travelled over Phrygia; for which, after the old couple had lived many years together, they were turned into trees.

Bel, the idol of the Babylonians.

Belial, the devil, or a profane perſon.

Belides, the names of the fifty daughters of Danaus.

Beliſárius, a brave Grecian general under the emperor Juſtinian, who, through jealouſy, ordered the eyes of Beliſarius to be put out.

Bellerophon, the ſon of Glaucus, king of Ephyra, who was expoſed to many dangers for refuſing the embraces of Sthenobœa, the wife of Prætus, king of the Argives; but he ſurmounted all dangers, and ſhe killed herſelf for grief.

Bellóna, the goddeſs of war, and ſiſter of Mars.

Bélus, the ſecond king of Babylon, and the firſt man who was made a god. He was the inventor of aſtronomy.

Berénice, the name of ſeveral great ladies celebrated in ancient hiſtory.

Bergion and Albion, two giants, the ſons of Neptune, ſlain by Hercules.

Beſſárion, a learned cardinal, that lived in the time of Eugenius the Fourth, famous for his liberality to learned men.

Bias, a philoſopher, one of the ſeven wiſe men of Greece.

Biblis, a fountain of Lycia, into which Biblis, the ſiſter of Caunus, was turned.

Biſáltis, the name of a maiden deflowered by Neptune under the form of a ram.

Bithon, a ſtrong man, who could carry a bull on his back.

Boccáce, an Italian, who wrote the genealogy of the gods, and ſeveral other ſtories.

Boétius, an excellent ſcholar, and one that had been conſul in the time of king Theodoricus.

Bómilcar, a Carthaginian general, who was hanged at Carthage on a gibbet, on ſuſpicion of treachery.

Bona Dea, the title of Cybele and Fortuna.

Bóreas, the bluſtering north wind, the ſon of Aſtræus and Heribeia.

Branchides, the prieſts of Apollo.

Briareus, one of the giants, the ſon of Titan: he had an hundred arms, and fifty heads.

Briſéis, the daughter of Briſes, who, at the taking of Lyrneſſus, fell to the ſhare of Achilles; from whom Agamemnon afterwards took her by force, which bred a long quarrel between them.

Britomártis, a nymph of Crete, who, to eſcape being raviſhed by Minos, threw herſelf into the water.

Brontes, one of the three Cyclops, or Vulcan's forgemen, who make Jove's thunderbolts.

Brótheus, the ſon of Vulcan, who, being jeered for his deformity, threw himſelf into Mount Ætna.

Bubona, the goddeſs of oxen.

Bucéphalus, Alexander's horſe, who would ſuffer none to ride him but his maſter.

Buclopus, the god of flies.

Bulliones, a barbarous people of Macedonia.

Buſiris, a moſt cruel tyrant of Egypt, and ſon of Neptune. He fed his horſes with the fleſh of his viſitors, and was killed by Hercules.

Butes, the ſon of Amycus, king of Bebrycia, who was baniſhed his kingdom for his cruelties.

Buzyges, a nobleman of Athens, who firſt invented ploughing with yoked oxen.

Byzántium, a city of Thrace, built by Pauſanias, a captain of the Spartans.

Byzénus, the ſon of Neptune, whoſe ſpeech was fierce and terrible.

C.

CABALLINUS, a well belonging to the Muſes on Mount Helicon, called by the Greeks Hippocrene.

Cacus, the ſon of Vulcan, a fellow of monſtrous ſhape and vaſt ſtrength. He was a great robber, and was killed by Hercules for ſtealing his oxen.

Cádmus, the ſon of Agenor, king of the Phenicians, who was ſent in ſearch of his ſiſter Europa,

Europa, whom Jupiter, in the ſhape of a bull, had ſtolen away; but not being able to find her, and not daring to return without her, he built the city of Thebes. He and his wife were at laſt turned into ſerpents.

Cadúceus, Mercury's golden rod or tipſtaff, given him by Apollo, wherewith he had power to bring ſouls out of hell.

Cæculus, one of the ſons of Vulcan, a famous robber.

Cælius, the names of ſeveral Romans; alſo one of the ſeven hills on which Rome ſtood.

Cænéus, Jupiter, ſo called from a town of that name in the Morea.

Cænis, a Theſſalian virgin, who, having been diſhonoured by Neptune, obtained of him, that ſhe might be turned into a man, and that no weapon might have power to wound her; but at laſt periſhed under the weight of a pile of trees.

Cæyx, a king of Thrace, ſon of Lucifer, and huſband to Alcyone. Both he and his wife were turned into birds.

Calábria, a country in the uttermoſt parts of Italy.

Caláuria, an iſland in the Argolic gulf, where Demoſthenes poiſoned himſelf.

Caledónia, part of the iſland of Great-Britain, now called Scotland.

Calliópe, the mother of Orpheus, and the muſe of eloquence and heroic poetry.

Callipedes, a Greek ſtage-player, a conceited actor of tragedies.

Callirhóe, a beautiful nymph of Calydon, who had many ſuitors; they having murdered the father for oppoſing her, ſhe cauſed them to be ſlain alſo.

Calliſto, the daughter of Lycaon, king of Arcadia. She and her ſon, which ſhe had by Jupiter, were, by Juno, turned into bears; but Jupiter tranſlated them into heaven, and made them ſtars.

Calphurnia, who pleaded her own cauſe before the ſenate; but was ſo troubleſome to the judges, that they made a law that no woman in future ſhould be permitted to plead.

Calyma, an iſland famous for honey.

Calypſo, the nymph, the daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, who reigned in the iſland of Ogygia, where ſhe entertained Ulyſſes, and afterwards his ſon, Telemachus.

Cambles, a king of the Lydians, who was ſaid to be ſo gluttonous, that he one night eat up his wife, and then killed himſelf for the fact.

Cambyſes, a Perſian monarch, the ſon of Cyrus. He died of a ſlight wound he received from his own ſword.

Camilla, queen of the Volſcians, who was ſlain in the war againſt Æneas, when ſhe helped him againſt Turnus and the Latins.

Camillus, a noble Roman, who ſaved Rome from its final ruin by the Gauls.

Camma, a noble lady of Galatia, who, to revenge the death of her huſband, married his murderer, and filled a cup with poiſon, of which they both drank and died.

Campáſpe, the name of Alexander's moſt beautiful concubine.

Cana, a city of Galilee, where our Saviour wrought his first miracle.

Candáules, a king of Lydia, killed by Gyges, at the instance of his wife, because he obliged her to shew herself naked to Gyges.

Canens, the wife of Picus, king of the Lauretans, who died with grief for the death of her husband.

Canídia, an old witch of Naples, whom Horace wrote against.

Cannæ, a small village in Apulia, famous by the decisive victory which Hannibal there gained over the Romans.

Canópus, a god of the Egyptians; also, the name of a bright star in the southern hemisphere.

Capáneus, a noble Grecian captain, who first invented scaling-ladders at the siege of Thebes, and was there killed by a stone thrown from the walls.

Capitólinus, one of the titles of Jupiter.

Caráctacus, a British prince, whom Claudius took prisoner, and carried to Rome.

Carbílius, a certain Roman, the first who put away his wife because she was barren.

Cardéa, a goddess of the Romans.

Carmides, a Grecian of so singular a memory, that he could name all the books of an extensive library, as they stood in order.

Carna, a goddess of the Romans, who was supposed to preside over the vital parts of human beings.

Carthage, an ancient city of Africa, which, after many bloody contests, was laid in ruins by the Romans.

Caspéria, the wife of Rhætus, king of the Marubii. She lay with her son-in-law Archemolus.

Caspii, people of Hyrcania, near the Caspian sea, who starved their parents to death at seventy years of age. They trained up dogs to war.

Cassándra, the daughter of Priam and Hecuba, who obtained of Apollo the gift of prophecy; but Apollo being deceived by her, he decreed that no one should believe her.

Cassiope, the wife of Cepheus, king of the Æthiopians, who, after her death, was translated to heaven, and made one of the constellations.

Cássius, a Roman, and one of the murderers of Cæsar.

Castália, the daughter of Achelous.

Castálides, the nine Muses.

Cástor, the son of Jupiter and Leda, between whom and his brother Pollux immortality was alternately shared, and each lived by turns. They were turned into the constellation Gemini.

Cathári, a people of India, who had this custom, that the women, when their husbands died, were burnt with them.

Cátharine, a virgin of Alexandria, whom Maximinus the tyrant designed to have broken upon the wheel; but the wheel itself being broken in pieces by thunder, she was beheaded.

Catiline, a Roman conspirator, whose plots were found out and defeated by Cicero, then consul of Rome.

Catillus, the ſon of Amphiaraus, and brother of Tyburtus, in memory of whom he built Tybur.

Cato, a famous Roman ſenator, who killed himſelf, rather than live to ſee his country enſlaved.

Cutúllus, a famous and learned, but wanton Roman poet, in the time of Marius and Sylla.

Caucáſus, a mountain in Aſia, between the Euxine and Caſpian ſeas.

Cecrops, the firſt king of Athens, who lived about the time of Moſes. He firſt enacted marriages, erected images, built altars, and offered ſacrifices among the Greeks.

Celmus, a foſter-father of Jupiter, and by him at laſt turned into an adamant.

Cenéus, a noble Theſſalian, father of Atalanta, whom Neptune rendered invulnerable.

Centaurs, a people of Theſſaly, who firſt broke horſes for war, and were therefore ſuppoſed, by thoſe who firſt ſaw them, to be monſters, half men and half horſes.

Cephálus, the ſon of Mercury and Herſe, with whom Aurora was in love.

Cephéus, a king of Æthiopia, father of Andromeda, who, with his wife and daughter, were taken up into heaven, and made conſtellations.

Ceráſtæ, an immodeſt and cruel people of Amathus, changed by Venus into bulls.

Cérberus, a dog with three heads, that kept the gate of Hell. Hercules bound him in a chain, and dragged him thence to light.

Cercéis, a nymph of the ſea.

Cercopes, the inhabitants of Pithecuſa, changed by Jupiter into apes for their indecent conduct.

Cercyon, a notorious robber, remarkable for his ſtrength, but at laſt killed by Theſeus.

Ceres, the daughter of Saturn and Ops, the goddeſs of corn and tillage.

Ceyx, a king of Trachina, and huſband of Alcyone, both changed by Aurora into king-fiſhers.

Cháldea, a country of Aſia, to which the great city of Babylon belonged.

Cham, Noah's third ſon, who, in the diviſion of the world, had Africa for his lot, and was worſhipped by the Egyptians under the name of Hammon.

Cháron, the ferryman of Hell, who wafts the ſouls of the dead, in a boat, over the Stygian lake.

Charybdis, a gulf of the Sicilian ſea, very dangerous to the ſhips that go through it.

Chilo, one of the ſeven wiſe men of Greece, who adopted theſe three maxims: 1. Know thyſelf. 2. Deſire nothing overmuch. 3. Miſery is the companion of debt and ſtrife.

Chione, a noted harlot, who entertained Mercury and Apollo at the ſame time.

Chiron, one of the Centaurs, the ſon of Saturn and Phillyra. He became an excellent phyſician, taught Æſculapius phyſic, Apollo muſic, and Hercules aſtronomy. He was alſo the tutor of Achilles.

Chlóris, the goddeſs of flowers, otherwiſe called Flora; alſo the daughter of Amphion, wife of Neleus, and mother of Neſtor.

Chorœbus,

Chorœbus, an Athenian, who firſt found out the potter's trade.

Choromandes, people who have no voice, but make an horrible noiſe; their bodies are all hairy, their eyes like thoſe of cats, and their teeth like thoſe of dogs.

Chryſippus, the ſon of Pelops, killed by Hippodamia, through jealouſy, with a ſword.

Cicero, a famous Roman orator and conſul.

Cicónes, a people of Thrace, near the river Hebrus, whom Ulyſſes vanquiſhed after he went from Troy.

Cilicia, a country of Aſia the Leſs, where St. Paul was born, now called Caramania.

Cimmerii, a people of Italy, who live in a valley ſo environed with hills, that the ſun never comes at it. It lies between Baiæ and Cumæ, and here the ancients fancied to be the deſcent to hell.

Cinára, a woman of great vanity, who had two daughters, whoſe beauty ſhe preferred to that of Juno; but the goddeſs, enraged at the inſult, changed them into ſteps that led to one of her temples.

Cinyras, a king of Cyprus, and beloved prieſt of Venus, who had fifty daughters turned by Jupiter into king-fiſhers.

Circe, the daughter of Sol, and the nymph Perſe, who poiſoned her huſband, the king of the Scythians; and, being expelled her kingdom, went into Italy, where ſhe practiſed ſorcery. By Circe is to be underſtood ſenſual pleaſures, which bewitch men, and turn them into beaſts.

Ciſſus, a boy of Bacchus, who, breaking his neck with dancing, was turned into an ivy-tree, which naturally embraces the vine.

Claudia, a veſtal, who, to prove her virginity, is ſaid to have drawn by her girdle a veſſel into port, which a million of men could not move.

Cleánthes, a Stoical philoſopher, the ſucceſſor of Zeno.

Cleobis and Biton, two brothers, ſtruck dead by Juno, for attempting to ſacrifice their mother.

Cleómedes, a famous Grecian, of uncommon ſtrength.

Cleopátra, a celebrated queen of Egypt, whoſe luxury and amours proved her ruin.

Cleoſtratus, a young Theſpian, who, being doomed by lot to be ſacrificed to a dragon that ravaged his country, was delivered by his friend Meneſtratus, who ſlew him.

Clio, one of the nine Muſes, the miſtreſs of hiſtory, and the patroneſs of heroic poets.

Clitus, the intimate friend of Alexander the Great, whom Alexander killed in a drunken fit.

Clótho, one of the Deſtinies, who ſpins the thread of life.

Clymene, the wife of Iapetus, and mother of Phaeton.

Clytemnéſtra, the daughter of Jupiter and Leda, who was killed by her ſon Oreſtes for her diſorderly life.

Clytia, a nymph in love with Apollo, but ſlighted by him. She was changed into a ſun-flower.

Cocytus, a river of hell, flowing from Styx.

Codrus, the ſeventh and laſt king of Athens, who gave his life for the good of his country.

Cœlum, the moſt ancient of the gods, the ſon of Æther and Tellus.

Comus, the god of mirth and merriment.

Concórdia, the goddeſs of peace among the Romans, who had a temple dedicated to her.

Conon, a famous mathematician of Samos, who wrote ſeven books of aſtrology.

Conſtántius, or Conſtantine the Great, the firſt emperor that embraced the Chriſtian faith.

Corax, a rhetorician in Sicily, who was the firſt that taught for pay.

Cordilio, a Stoic philoſopher, who was ſo ſevere, that he paid no regard to the favours of princes.

Corinna, a female poet, a great wit, and a miſtreſs of Ovid's.

Corinth, a famous and rich city of Athens.

Corónis, a nymph changed by Mercury into a crow.

Corybántes, prieſts of Cybele.

Coſſus, a flatterer and follower of old folks, in hopes of getting ſomething by them at their deaths.

Craſſus, the richeſt man among the Romans, who, being taken priſoner and killed by the barbarians, they poured melted gold down his throat, that he might not want that in death, which he thirſted for all his life.

Crátes, a philoſopher of Thebes, who taught, that no one could be an admirer of both virtue and riches.

Cratippus, an Athenian philoſopher, the tutor of Cicero.

Creon, the ſon of Siſyphus, and king of Corinth, who was tortured to death by Medea.

Creuſa, the daughter of Priam, and wife of Æneas.

Critias, a philoſopher that held the blood to be the ſoul.

Critolaus, a captain of Achaia, who, by his ill management, ruined Corinth.

Crœſus, the laſt king of Lydia, and the richeſt man then living.

Cteſibus, an Athenian paraſite, the inventor of wind-muſic.

Cteſiphon, a ſkilful workman, who built the great temple of Diana at Epheſus, which was afterwards burnt by Eroſtratus.

Cupid, the ſon of Mars and Venus, and the god of love. He is pictured armed with a torch, a bow, and two darts.

Curius, a nobleman of Rome, who was thrice conſul: a man of ſingular honeſty and frugality.

Cyáne, a Sicilian nymph, who, helping Proſerpine againſt Pluto, was changed into a river of the ſame name.

Cyanippus, a Syracuſan, who committed inceſt with, and was killed by, his daughter Cyane, for deſpiſing the ſacrifices of Bacchus.

Cybele, a goddeſs, called alſo the mother of the gods, daughter of Heaven and Earth, and wife of Saturn.

Cyclades, nymphs changed into iſlands of the ſame name, for not ſacrificing to Neptune.

Cyclops,

Cyclops, the ſons of Neptune and Amphitrite, Vulcan's workmen, who had only one eye in the middle of their forehead, and were employed in making Jupiter's thunderbolts; but were at laſt killed by Apollo.

Cycnus, the ſon of Mars, whom Hercules ſlew; alſo Neptune's ſon, ſlain by Achilles in the Trojan war.

Cynægyrus, an Athenian captain, who, in the Perſian war, while purſuing the enemy, detained a loaded ſhip with his right hand; when that was cut off, he held it with his left; and that alſo being cut off, he held it with his teeth.

Cynthus, a hill in Delos, ſo high, that the ſhadow of it is ſaid to ſpread over the whole iſland.

Cypris, Venus ſo called from the iſland Cyprus, where ſhe was worſhipped.

Cyprus, an iſland in the Mediterranean ſea, ſituated between Syria and Cilicia, ſo fruitful, that it was called the Happy Iſle; and the inhabitants thereof being addicted to wantonneſs, it was thence conſecrated to Venus.

Cyrenaici, certain philoſophers, who held the chief good of man to be pleaſure; and that virtue was ſo far to be eſteemed as it produced pleaſure.

Cyrus, the firſt emperor of the Perſians, the ſon of Cambyſes by Mandane, the daughter of Aſtyages.

Cyſénis, the daughter of Diomedes, king of Thrace, who would cut people up alive, and give parents their children dreſſed to eat. The meaning is, ſhe was a very great ſlanderer.

D.

DAdúchus, the chief prieſts of Hercules; alſo prieſts of Ceres, among the Athenians.

Dædálus, the moſt ingenious artificer in the world; he invented the ſaw, the axe, the plummet, the augre, glue, cement, ſails for ſhips, and made ſeveral ſtatues; he alſo formed the Cretan labyrinth.

Dæmon, a genius or ſpirit, good or bad.

Dama, the daughter of Pythagoras.

Damócles, a flatterer of Dionyſius, the Sicilian tyrant.

Danae, the daughter of Acriſius, king of the Argives, corrupted by Jupiter in a ſhower of gold.

Danaides, the fifty daughters of Danaus, all of whom, except one, ſlew their huſbands on their marriage-night; for which they were doomed to draw water out of a deep well in a bucket full of holes. Their huſbands were the ſons of Ægyptus.

Daphne, a nymph, the daughter of Peneus, beloved and courted by Apollo, and in his purſuit of her turned into a laurel or bay-tree.

Daphnis, the ſon of Mercury, and the firſt compoſer of paſtorals. He was ſtruck blind for his inconſtancy to his ſweetheart.

Dardánus, the ſon of Jupiter and Electra, the founder of the city of Troy.

Dares, one of the moſt ancient hiſtorians, who wrote the Trojan war, where he himſelf was in perſon.

Darius, the names of ſeveral kings of Perſia,

one of whom was choſen king by the neighing of his horſe.

David, the ſon of Jeſſe, king of Juda and Iſrael, next after Saul.

Dejanira, the daughter of Oceanus, king of Etolia, and wife of Hercules. She killed herſelf in deſpair, becauſe her huſband burnt himſelf, to avoid the torment occaſioned by the poiſoned ſhirt that ſhe had given him to regain his love, according to the directions of Neſſus the Centaur, from whom ſhe received it,

Deidámia, the daughter of Lycomedes, king of Scyros, on whom Achilles begat Pyrrhus, while he lived there in a woman's attire.

Deiopeia, one of the nymphs of Juno, which ſhe promiſed to give Æolus to wife.

Deiphóbus, the ſon of Priam and Hecuba, who married Helen after the death of Paris, and was by her betrayed into the hands of the Grecians, ſhe opening the chamber-door to them while he was aſleep.

Delos, an iſland in the Ægean ſea, where Latona was delivered of Apollo and Diana, to whom therefore the iſland was ever after conſecrated, and held as a place of great devotion.

Delphi, a city of Phocis in Greece, ſeated on the hill of Parnaſſus, where was the oracle of Apollo, to which all the Grecians reſorted for counſel in matters of great moment.

Demádes, an Athenian orator, and a great adverſary of Demoſthenes.

Demágoras, a paraſite, whom the Athenians fined ten thouſand talents for calling Alexander a god.

Demarchus, a champion, who, for having taſted of the entrails of a child offered in ſacrifice, was turned into a wolf, during the ſpace of ten years.

Demócritus, an excellent philoſopher, who lived at Abdera, and travelled through many countries. He laughed at all the follies of mankind, and therein differed from Heraclitus, who wept for them.

Demogórgon, a magician ſo ſkilful, that he could command the ſpirits, and puniſh them, if they did not do as he would have them.

Demonax, a philoſopher in Adrian's time, who, contrary to all other philoſophers, hated retirement, and went into all companies.

Demóſthenes, the ſon of a blackſmith, and the moſt famous orator of Greece.

Derbices, people near the Caſpian ſea, who puniſh all crimes with death, and kill and eat their friends after ſeventy years of age; but old women they ſtrangle, and then bury them.

Dercéte, a goddeſs, who, being enraged at having a ſon by a young man, of whom Venus had made her enamoured, plunged herſelf into a pond, and was changed into a fiſh.

Deucálion, the ſon of Prometheus, and king of Theſſaly, who, with his wife Pyrrha, were preſerved from the general deluge, and repeopled the world by throwing ſtones behind them, as directed by the oracle.

oracle. Noah is ſuppoſed to be here meant.

Dia, a goddeſs among the Syconians, who is thought to be the ſame as Hebe, the goddeſs of youth.

Diágoras, a man of Rhodes, whoſe three ſons having on the ſame day won the three prizes in the Olympic games, ſet their garlands on their father's head, who with extacy of joy ended his life in his ſons arms.

Diana, the daughter of Jupiter and Latona, at the ſame birth with Apollo. She was conſidered as the goddeſs of hunting, chaſtity, and marriage. The hind was ſacred to her.

Dibutades, a potter in Corinth, who firſt taught how to make veſſels with figures and pictures of men on them.

Dido, the daughter of Belus, king of Tyre, who firſt built Carthage. Virgil feigned that ſhe killed herſelf, becauſe Æneas forſook her.

Diógenes, a famous Cynic philoſopher, who lived in a tub, of which he turned the open ſide to the ſun in winter, and the contrary in ſummer.

Diomédes, a king of Thrace, who fed his horſes with man's fleſh. Hercules ſlew him, and threw him to be eaten by his own horſes. Alſo the name of the ſon of Tydeus, and king of Ætolia, who gained great reputation at the ſiege of Troy.

Dion, a nobleman of Syracuſe, who loved the philoſopher Plato.

Dióne, a ſea nymph, the mother of Venus by Jupiter.

Dionyſius, the name of two tyrants of Sicily, the laſt of whom ruled with ſuch tyranny, that he was driven from his kingdom, and forced to turn ſchoolmaſter for his ſubſiſtence.

Diótime, a woman ſo well ſkilled in philoſophy, that Socrates went to hear her lectures.

Dirce, wife of Lycus, king of Thebes, killed by being tied to the tail of a mad bull, and ſo dragged about. Alſo the name of a vain beauty, changed by Pallas into a fiſh.

Doris, a ſea nymph, daughter of Oceanus and Thetis, and mother of the Nereides.

Dorus, the ſon of Epaphus, from whom the pigmies, or dwarf people, had their original.

Draco, an Athenian lawgiver, ſo ſevere, that he puniſhed every fault, great or ſmall, with death.

Dryádes, nymphs of the woods.

Dryope, a nymph raviſhed by Apollo, and afterwards turned into a tree.

Duillius, a noble Roman, who firſt triumphed for a ſea victory.

E.

ECHIDNE, a Scythian queen, upon whom Hercules got three children.

Echinades, nymphs changed into iſlands by Achelous, for neglecting to invite him to a ſacrifice.

Echion,

Echion, a friend of Cadmus, who was very ſwift-footed, and aſſiſted him in the building of Thebes.

Echo, a nymph, who falling in love with Narciſſus, and being ſlighted by him, pined away to a ſkeleton, having nothing left but her voice.

Edonides, the prieſteſſes of Bacchus, ſo called from a hill in Thrace, where they kept their mad revels.

Educa, the goddeſs of new-born infants.

Electra, a ſea nymph, wife to Atlas, and daughter of Oceanus and Tethys. She had a daughter of the ſame name, of whom Jupiter had Dardanus.

Eloi, a people of Peloponneſus, among whom the Olympic games were kept.

Eleuſines, ſacred rites in honour of Ceres, performed with lighted torches, and not to be ſpoken of upon pain of death.

Elyſium, the abode of the happy, and paradiſe of the ancients.

Empédocles, a philoſopher of Agrigentum, who taught that nothing living ought to be eaten, and that the ſeat of the ſoul was in the blood.

Encéladus, a huge giant, the greateſt of thoſe who conſpired againſt Jupiter; he was ſtricken down with a thunder-bolt, and mount Ætna thrown upon him.

Endymion, a certain ſhepherd who found out the courſe of the moon: wherefore the poets feign, that the moon was in love with him, and threw him into a deep ſleep, that ſhe might kiſs him.

Enoch, the ſeventh ſon of Adam.

Enotocætes, people who have their ears hanging down to their ankles, ſo that they lie upon them when they ſleep: they are ſo ſtrong, that they can pull up trees by the root.

Epaminóndas, a nobleman of Thebes, ſon of Polymnus, and a famous warrior.

Epéus, the ſon of Endymion, who made the horſe that was carried into Troy. He invented the ſword and buckler.

Epheſus, a city of Ionia, built by the Amazons, famous for the temple of Diana, one of the ſeven wonders of the world.

Ephéſus, the ſon of Neptune, who was a ſtrong and huge giant, growing nine inches every month: he made war on the gods, but Jupiter deſtroyed him with thunder.

Ephori, the Lacedæmonian magiſtrates, like in office to the tribunes among the Romans.

Epictétus, a Stoic philoſopher, born at Hierapolis in Phrygia, ſervant to Epaminondas, and a favourite of Nero.

Epicurus, an Athenian philoſopher, who placed the chief felicity in the pleaſure of the mind.

Epiménides, a poet of Crete, of whom it is related, that his father ſending him into the fields to keep his cattle, by chance he got into a cave, where he ſlept ſeventy-five years, and on his waking, on his return home, found his brother an old man.

Epiméthеus, the ſon of Iapetus, turned into an ape, for making a man of clay.

Epirus, a country in Greece, bounded by Theſſaly and Macedonia.

Equéſtris, a title given to Fortune.

Eraſiſtratus, an excellent phyſician, againſt whom Galen is often invective.

Erato, one of the Muſes, who ruled over lovers.

Eratóſthenes, a learned philoſopher, poet, and hiſtorian, and the firſt who was honoured with the title of philologer.

Erébus, the ſon of Chaos and Nox, turned into a river in hell, for aſſiſting the Titans in their war againſt Jupiter.

Erichthónius, one of the kings of Athens, who was nouriſhed by Minerva, and firſt found out the uſe of coaches, becauſe his feet were deformed.

Erigóne, the daughter of Icarius, tranſlated into heaven, and made the ſign Virgo.

Erinnys, the name of the furies of hell.

Eriphia, a notorious witch, who conveyed ill-luck to every creature ſhe looked upon.

Eriphyle, the wife of Amphiaraus, and ſiſter of Adraſtus, who, for a bracelet of gold, betrayed her huſband, for which ſhe was afterwards killed by her ſon.

Erymánthis, the daughter of Lycaon, turned into a bear.

Erymánthus, a mountain in Arcadia, where Hercules ſlew a huge wild boar that waſted the country.

Eryx, a ſon of Venus, killed by Hercules.

Eſdras, a learned ſcribe among the Jews, who invented the Hebrew alphabet.

Eſſedones, a kind of ſavage people about Mæotis, who eat the fleſh of their dead friends, and make drinking bowls of their ſkulls.

Eteócles and Polynices, ſons of Œdipus, who uncommonly hated, and at laſt ſlew, each other.

Evadne, the daughter of Iphis, who, at the funeral of her huſband Capaneus, out of love threw herſelf into the fire, and was burnt with him.

Evander, king of Italy, who made an alliance with Æneas.

Euclid, a famous mathematician in the time of Ptolemy the Firſt.

Eucrátes, a ſubtle fellow, who never kept his word, but found ſome plauſible pretence to put off every one.

Eudoxus, the ſon of Æſchines, a geometrician and aſtrologer, and the firſt among the Grecians who brought the year to the courſe of the moon.

Eumenes, a king of Pergamus, a friend of the Romans, who overcame Antiochus.

Euménides, the three furies in hell, daughters of Acheron and Nox, all brought forth at one birth.

Eunoſtus, into whoſe temple no woman was admitted.

Euphórbus, a noble Trojan, the ſon of Panthus, who wounded Patroclus, and was ſlain by Menelaus.

Euphroſyne, one of the three Graces.

Euripides, a learned tragic poet, born at Salamis on the day that the army of Xerxes was routed by the Athenians.

Europa, the daughter of Agenor, whom Jupiter, in the ſhape of a bull, carried into Crete.

Eurus, the eaſt wind.

Euryale, the daughter of king Minos, of whom Neptune begot Orion.

Eurydámus, a great wreſtler of Cyrene, who, after his teeth were ſtruck out, ſwallowed them, that his adverſary might not be encouraged by the ſight of his loſs.

Eurydice, the wife of Orpheus, killed by a ſerpent on her wedding-day.

Eurylóchus, one of the companions of Ulyſſes, who alone taſted not of Circe's enchanting cup, and ſo eſcaped being turned into a ſwine.

Eurymachus, one of Penelope's ſuitors.

Euryminus, an invidious perſon, who made enmity between Caſtor and Pollux; but being at laſt diſcovered, was properly puniſhed.

Eurymone, an infernal deity, who gnawed the dead to the bone, and was always grinding her teeth.

Euryone, the daughter of Amyntas, king of the Macedons, whom ſhe delivered from the treaſon of her mother.

Eurypylus, the ſon of Telephus, ſlain in the Trojan war, to which he went out of love to Caſſandra.

Euryſtheus, the ſon of Sthenelus, king of Mycenæ in Greece, who, in compliance with Juno, ſet Hercules upon great adventures, that he might at length miſcarry; but Hercules got more honour by it, and, overcoming all dangerous adventures, became the moſt famous man in the world.

Eurytus, a king of Oechalia, killed by Hercules for refuſing him his daughter Iole.

Euterpe, one of the nine Muſes, who invented the mathematics, and playing upon the pipe.

Eutyche, a woman of Trallis, who had thirty children, and was carried to her grave by twenty of them.

Ezechias, a moſt godly king of Judah.

Ezekiel, one of the four great prophets, in the time of Zedechias.

F.

FABIUS, a Roman general, ſent againſt Hannibal.

Fabricius, a nobleman of Rome, ſo poor that his daughters portions were given out of the public treaſury; yet neither the Samnites nor Pyrrhus could corrupt him with gold or ſilver to deal falſely.

Fábula, the goddeſs of lies.

Fábulinus, the goddeſs of infants.

Fama, the goddeſs of reports.

Fates, the three daughters of Nox and Erebus, Clotho, Lacheſis, and Atropos, entruſted with the lives of mortals.

Faunus, the ſon of Picus, and third king of the Aborigines in Latium, who, becauſe he taught the people religion and tillage, was accounted a country god; and that rude people might be kept in awe of him, they pictured him with feet of horn, and two horns on his head.

Faúſtulus,

Faſtſtulus, a ſhepherd, who found Romulus and Remus expoſed on the Tyber in a baſket of oſiers, and brought them to his wife, who nouriſhed them.

Felicitas, the goddeſs of happineſs.

Feronia, a goddeſs of the woods.

Flaminius, a Roman conſul, ſlain in a battle againſt Hannibal.

Flora, the goddeſs of flowers.

Florianus, a Roman emperor, who ſucceeded Tacitus, and bled to death, in diſcontent that the army had made choice of Probus to ſucceed him.

Fortuna, the goddeſs of happineſs and miſery, who is always repreſented blind.

Fugália, a feaſt celebrated among the Romans, in memory of baniſhing the kings out of Rome.

Furies, (three in number) hags, or fiends, Alecto, Megæra, and Tiſiphone. They live under Pluto's dominion, and are his rods to ſcourge guilty and ſinful ſouls. Cicero compares them to the ſtings and laſhes of guilty conſciences.

Fuſius, an orator very apiſh in imitations.

G.

GAD, one of the twelve Patriarchs and Tribes.

Galanthis, a waiting-maid of Alcmena, turned into a weaſel for deceiving Juno.

Galatæa, the daughter of Nereus and Doris, paſſionately loved by Polyphemus.

Galen, an excellent phyſician, born at Pergamus. He lived 140 years, and wrote 15 volumes, beſides his notes upon Hippocrates.

Gallus, a young man, a favourite of Mars, who was ſet by him to watch the door while he viſited Venus; but falling aſleep, and by that means ſuffering the Sun to ſee them, he was turned into a cock. Alſo the name of a river in Phrygia, whoſe water, drank ſparingly, purges the brain, and cures madneſs; but improperly drank, it occaſions madneſs.

Ganges, a great river in the Eaſt Indies, dividing them into two parts, Upper and Lower Ganges.

Ganymede, the ſon of Tros, king of Troy, who was feigned to be ſnatched up by an eagle, and to be admitted Jupiter's cupbearer, in the room of Hebe.

Gargáris, a king of the Curetes, who firſt found out the uſe of honey.

Gargetius, a famous dog that guarded the beaſts of Geryon, killed by Hercules.

Gehenna, a valley near Jeruſalem, where in there was a place called Tophet, where they ſacrificed their children to Moloch.

Gelarinus, the god of mirth and ſmiles.

Gello, a virgin who died young, whoſe ghoſt was thought by the people of Leſbos to walk and ſteal infants and kill them.

Gellus, a river of Apulia, over which Hannibal made a bridge of the dead bodies ſlain at Cannæ.

Geloni, a people of Scythia, who paint their faces, that they may appear more terrible to their enemies.

Genius,

Genius, a guardian angel assigned to every man at his birth to attend him.

Georgius, a brave champion, who slew a dragon, and rescued a young lady, who would otherwise have been devoured by him.

Geryon, a king of three Spanish islands; whence came the ground of the poet's fiction, in making him to have three heads.

Glaucus, a fisherman, made a sea god from eating a certain herb. Also the name of the son of Hippolachus, who exchanged his arms of gold for the brazen ones of Diomede.

Gordius, a husbandman, but afterwards king of Phrygia, remarkable for tying a knot of cords, on which the empire of Asia depended. It was tied in so intricate a manner, that Alexander, not being able to unravel it, cut it.

Gorgons, the three daughters of Phorcus and Cete, Euryale, Medusa, and Stheno, who had only one eye among them, and could change into stone those on whom they looked; but they were at last slain by Perseus.

Gránicus, a river of Lesser Phrygia, famous for the battle between Alexander and the Persians.

Gyges, a king of Lydia, who slew Candaules, and married his wife at her own instigation, for her husband having forced her to shew herself naked to Gyges. He was said to have a ring, which, when he turned the stone of it to the palm of his hand, made him invisible to every one but himself.

H.

HÆMON, a young man of Thebes, who killed himself at the tomb of his love Antigone.

Hannibal, a famous Carthaginian, captain in the war against the Romans, who, after many successes, was at last defeated, and then poisoned himself.

Hanno, a Carthaginian, who aspired to be king, for which he was put to exquisite torture.

Harpályce, the daughter of Lycurgus, king of Thrace, who with an army freed her old father, without a ransom, from the Geres, who had taken him prisoner.

Harpócrates, the god of silence among the Egyptians, who was therefore pictured with his finger put to his mouth.

Hárpyes, the two daughters of Neptune and Terra, Aello, Celæno, and Ocypete, monsters with the faces of virgins, the bodies of vultures, and hands armed with claws.

Hébe, the daughter of Juno from eating lettuces, the goddess of youth, and Jupiter's cup-bearer; but banished from heaven through an unlucky fall, and married to Hercules.

Hébrus, a river in Thrace, into which the head of Orpheus was cast.

Hécate, a goddess, the same as the moon, called Luna in heaven, Diana on earth, and Hecate in hell.

Héctor, the son of king Priam, the most valiant of all the Trojans, who, having held out the Greeks in a ten years war, was at length slain by Achilles.

Hécuba, the wife of Priam, who, after the destruction of Troy, is feigned to be turned into

into a dog, raving on account of her many misfortunes.

Hélena, the daughter of Jupiter and Leda, and wife of Menelaus, the moſt beautiful woman in the world, who, running away with Paris, occaſioned the Trojan war, and the final deſtruction of Troy.

Hélenus, a ſon of king Priamus, famous for predictions of future events, whom the Grecians, therefore, reſerved from the general ruin of the Trojans.

Heliades, the ſiſters of Phaëton, and the daughters of Sol and Clymene, who, bewailing the death of their brother, were turned into poplar trees; the gum that iſſued from them, originally their tears, made amber.

Helicon, a famous hill of Bœotia, not far from Parnaſſus, conſecrated to Apollo and the Muſes.

Helle, the daughter of Athamas, who, flying from her ſtep-mother Ino, was drowned in the Pontic ſea, and gave it the name of Helleſpont.

Heráclides, an effeminate philoſopher of Pontus, ſcholar to Plato and Ariſtotle.

Heráclitus, a philoſopher of Epheſus, who, when he went abroad, always wept at the ſight of mortal woes, and the miſconduct of mankind.

Hércules, the ſon of Jupiter by Alcmena. He was of prodigious ſtrength, and performed many great exploits; but, by a miſtake of his wife, putting on a poiſoned ſhirt, he found himſelf in ſuch torment, that he lighted a pile on Mount Ætna, and burned himſelf in it.

Hercyna, a nymph and companion of Proſerpine.

Hermáphroditus, the ſon of Venus and Mercury, a beautiful youth, who, wandering in the woods, the nymph Salmacis fell in love with him, to whom he would not hearken. She hid herſelf in a thicket, and he coming to waſh himſelf, was embraced by her naked; but he not yielding, ſhe prayed unto the gods that both their bodies might be turned into one, which was granted.

Hermes, a name of Mercury; alſo of a philoſopher who lived about the time of Moſes, and firſt diſtinguiſhed the time into hours.

Hermíone, the daughter of Menelaus and Helena, betrothed by her grandfather to Oreſtes, but afterwards given by the father to Pyrrhus, whom Oreſtes therefore ſlew in the Temple of Apollo, and got his wife again.

Hermótimus, a weak, fanciful perſon, who imagined that his ſoul uſed to make frequent ſallies, and leave his body half animated.

Hero, a beautiful maid of Seſtos, a town upon the Helleſpont, on the European ſide, the prieſteſs of Venus; whom Leander, who lived on the other ſide, falling in love with, ſwam over the Straits at night to her; but at laſt being drowned in one of his attempts, ſhe threw herſelf off her turret into the ſea to him.

Herod, king of Judea, who ſlew the Innocents.

Heródotus, a famous hiſtorian, born at Halicarnaſſus. Tully calls him the father of Hiſtory.

Heróphila, the Eurythæan Sibyl, who being refuſed by Tarquin the price ſhe aſked for her three books of prophecies, is ſaid to have burnt two of them, and afterwards to have received the whole price for the remaining one.

Herſe, the daughter of Cecrops, beloved by Mercury, and changed into a ſwallow.

Herſilia, the wife of Romulus, after her death made a goddeſs, called Ora and Orta; for in deifying, they uſed to change their names, leſt they ſhould be thought to be mortal.

Heſiod, an ancient poet, who wrote on huſbandry and the genealogy of the gods.

Heſione, the daughter of Laomedon, king of Troy, whom Hercules delivered from a ſea-monſter, to which ſhe was expoſed.

Heſperides, the three daughters of Heſperus, brother to Atlas, named Ægle, Arethuſa, and Heſperethuſa. They had gardens in Africa that produced golden fruit, which were kept by a vigilant dragon; but Hercules ſlew him, and robbed the orchard.

Heſpérus, brother to Atlas: he being expelled his kingdom, went into Italy, and called it after his own name.

Hiero, a king of Sicily, a very learned man.

Hilaria, feaſts of merriment among the Romans.

Hipparchus, a famous aſtronomer of Nycæa, who wrote againſt Plato on the courſe of the moon, and firſt invented mathematical inſtruments.

Hippias, a philoſopher of Elis, expert in all arts, trades, and ſciences.

Hippocéntauri, a monſtrous kind of men in Theſſaly, near Mount Pelion, whoſe upper parts were like perfect men, and their lower parts like horſes. Theſe were probably nothing more than men on horſeback, at that time a novelty in thoſe parts of the world.

Hippócrates, an excellent phyſician of the iſland of Cos, ſcholar of Demetrius, on whom Artaxerxes conferred great honours for his ſkill in phyſic.

Hippocrene, a fountain at the bottom of Mount Helicon, made by the foot of Pegaſus, and dedicated to Apollo and the Muſes, from whence they are called Hippocrenides.

Hoppodamía, the daughter of Oenomaus, famed for beauty and the race; but outdone and married by Pelops.

Hippolyte, queen of Amazonia, whom Hercules vanquiſhed, and married to Theſeus.

Hippolitus, the ſon of Hippolyta and Theſeus, a chaſte perſon, much given to hunting. He refuſed intimacies with his ſtep-mother Phædra, and was killed in his eſcape from her; but, at the requeſt of Diana, was reſtored to life by Æſculapius.

Hippómedon, one of the ſeven captains who went againſt Thebes, where he was drowned in the river Iſmenus. He was the ſon of Neſimachus and Naſica.

Hippómenes, a chaſte Grecian prince, who beating Atalanta in the race, by throwing golden apples before her, married her; but, having offended Cybele, they were both changed into lions.

Hippónax, a poet of Epheſus, ſo deformed of viſage, that Bapalus drew out his picture for men to laugh at; which ſo enraged Hipponax, that he wrote ſuch bitter verſes againſt the painter, that for anger and ſhame he hanged himſelf.

Homer, the father of the Grecian poets.

Horæ, the goddeſs of the four ſeaſons of the year.

Hortenſia, a Roman lady, whoſe eloquent pleadings ſet aſide ſome taxes intended to be impoſed on the Roman matrons.

Hortenſius, a great Roman orator, who poſſeſſed a remarkably ſtrong memory.

Hyacínthus, the ſon of Pierus and Clio, greatly beloved by Apollo, but killed by him at quoits, and changed into the hyacinth.

Hyades, the ſeven ſtars, which the poets feign to be the daughters of Atlas and Æthra, whence they are alſo called Atlantides.

Hyale, a very beautiful nymph, and one of the conſtant attendants of Diana.

Hybla, a mountain in Sicily, famous for thyme and bees, and celebrated by the poets for its honey.

Hydra, a monſter with fifty heads, at laſt killed by Hercules. It was ſaid, that one head being cut off, two roſe in its place.

Hylas, the ſon of Theodamus, remarkably beautiful, and paſſionately loved by Hercules.

Hymen, the ſon of Bacchus and Venus, and the god of marriages. He is repreſented holding a flaming torch in his hand, an emblem of the paſſion of love.

Hypſipyle, the daughter of Thoas, and queen of Lemnos, who, when all the women of that iſland ſlew all their kindred, preſerved her father's life; for which cauſe ſhe was baniſhed from Lemnos, and afterwards taken by pirates, and ſold to Lycurgus.

J. I.

IA, a younger daughter of Atlas.

Iacchus, a name of Bacchus.

Jacob, the ſon of Iſaac, and father of the twelve tribes, who was afterwards named Iſrael.

Janus, the moſt ancient king of Italy, among the Aborigines, who received Saturn when his ſon Jupiter had baniſhed him from Crete. A temple was built to him, which in time of peace was ſhut, and open in war. He introduced huſbandry and coinage.

Iapétus, the ſon of Cœlum and Terra, a powerful Theſſalian.

Iarbas, the ſon of Jupiter, king of Getulia, and ſuitor to Dido. When he could not prevail with Dido, he made war on the Carthaginians, who obliged her to conſent; but ſhe killed herſelf to avoid the marriage.

Jaſon, the ſon of Æſon and Polymela, who, by Medea's help, brought away the golden fleece from Colchis, and at laſt got the kingdom itſelf.

Icarius, the ſon of Oebalus, who firſt taught the uſe of wine in Attica, where ſome ſhepherds taking a cup too much, and finding themſelves intoxicated, ſuppoſed he

had poiſoned them, and therefore flung him into a pit. He was afterwards turned into a conſtellation.

Icárus, the ſon of Dædalus, who, together with his father, flying from Crete, through youthful folly deſpiſed the advice of his father, and flew higher than he ſhould; by which means the ſun melted the wax that held his feathers together, and he fell into the ſea and was drowned.

Ida, a mountain of Phrygia, three miles from Troy, famous for the judgment which Paris gave on the ſide of Venus for the golden apple, againſt Pallas and Juno.

Idália, a name of Venus.

Idas, the ſon of Neptune, whom the nymph Marpeſſa preferred to Apollo.

Idoméneus, the ſon of Deucalion, a king of Crete, who went with the Greeks to Troy. He was baniſhed his kingdom for ſacrificing his ſon to a raſh vow.

Idothea, the daughter of Prœtus, cured of a madneſs by Melampus.

Ino, the daughter of Cadmus, king of Thebes, and wife of Athamas, changed by Neptune into a ſea-goddeſs.

Io, the daughter of Inachus and Iſmene, whom Jupiter loved; and that his wife Juno might not know it, he turned Io into a heifer, under which form ſhe was, after his death, worſhipped by the Egyptians, and called Iſis.

Jocaſta, the daughter of Creon, king of Thebes, mother of Oedipus, and wife of Laius, who married her ſon after her huſband's death, not knowing it; and by him had Eteocles and Polynices, who ſlew each other, and ſhe herſelf.

Iolaus, the ſon of Iphiclus, and nephew of Hercules, reſtored to youth by Hebe, for aſſiſting Hercules in killing the Hydra.

Iole, the daughter of Eurytus, beloved by Hercules, and the cauſe of his death.

Joſéphus, a Jew, and a learned hiſtorian, who wrote the antiquities and deſtruction of his countrymen.

Iphianaſſa, the daughter of Prœtus, who, contending with Juno for beauty, was ſtricken with madneſs.

Iphiclus, the twin brother of Hercules, wonderfully ſwift-footed.

Iphigénia, the daughter of Agamemnon and Clytemneſtra, who was doomed as a ſacrifice to appeaſe the rage of Diana; but the goddeſs taking pity on her, carried her to Tauris, and made her a prieſteſs.

Iphimédra, the wife of Alocus, who, being raviſhed by Neptune, proved the mother of two giants.

Iphis, the daughter of Lygdus and Telethuſa, who was changed into a man: alſo the name of a beautiful boy, who hanged himſelf becauſe he could not win the love of Anaxarete; and ſhe afterwards, for her hard-heartedneſs, was turned into a ſtone.

Iris, the daughter of Thaumas and Electra, miſtreſs of the Harpies, goddeſs of diſcord, and meſſenger of Juno, who turned her into the rainbow.

Irus, a beggarly fellow of Ithaca, who attended on the ſuitors of Penelope, and was killed by Ulyſſes on his return from Troy.

Iſchomache, the wife of Pirithous, who was the occaſion of the fight between the Lapithæ and the Centaurs.

Iſmene, the daughter of Oedipus, married to a young man of Cyrrha; but he was ſlain before the marriage by Tydeus.

Iſócrates, an orator of Athens, in whoſe ſchool moſt of the famous Greek orators were taught.

Ithónus, king of Theſſaly, and ſon of Deucalion. He is ſaid firſt to have found out the fuſion of metals.

Itylus, the ſon of Zethus and Aëdon, murdered by his mother by miſtake, and was turned into a nightingale.

Itys, the ſon of Tereus and Progne, who was turned into a pheaſant.

Judith, an heroic Jeweſs, who cut off the head of Holofernes, of whoſe exploits the book bearing her name was written.

Julia, a Roman lady, the daughter of Auguſtus, who, for her wantonneſs, was baniſhed by her father.

Juno, the daughter of Saturn and Ops, ſiſter and wife of Jupiter, great queen of heaven, the goddeſs of marriages and births, to whom the peacock was ſacred.

Jupiter, the ſovereign god of the heathens, ſon of Saturn and Ops. He was born in the iſland of Crete, at the ſame birth with Juno, and was privately brought up in mount Ida. To Pluto he gave the rule of hell, to Neptune the ſea, and to himſelf heaven and earth. He married Juno; but, under ſeveral ſhapes, he played many wanton pranks, and, according to poetic fiction, filled heaven with his natural children.

Juſtinian, a Roman emperor, who reduced the civil law into a code.

Juturna, the daughter of Danaus, and ſiſter of Turnus, whom Jupiter, in reward for ſeducing her, made immortal, and changed her into a nymph of the river Numicius.

Ixion, whom Jupiter took into heaven, where he attempted the virtue of Juno; but Jupiter hearing of it, put a cloud in the place of Juno, in her ſhape, of which he begat the Centaurs; and being caſt down to the earth again, for boaſting that he had lain with Juno, Jupiter caſt him into hell, where he was tied faſt to a wheel, with which he was turned about continually.

L.

LAbdácus, a king of Thebes, father of Laius, and grandfather of Oedipus.

Labyrínthus, or Labyrinth, a place in Crete, made by Dædalus, wherein the Minotaur was ſhut up. It had ſo many turnings and windings, that whoever went into it could not get out again without the guiding of a thread, the bottom whereof was left at the entry.

Lacedæmon, the chief city of Laconia, in the Peloponneſe, famous for the good laws Lycurgus there made.

Lælaps, one of Acteon's dogs.

Laertes, the father of Ulyſſes.

Lais, a famous courteſan of Corinth.

Laius, the ſon of Labdacus, king of Thebes, whom Oedipus, his ſon, ſlew unawares in a battle at Phocis.

Lamia, a ſea-devil, as the Jews fancy, who kills young children.

Lampédo, a noble princeſs of Lacedæmon, who was the daughter, wife, and mother of a king.

Laocoon, the ſon of Priam by Hecuba, who diſſuaded the Trojans from taking in the wooden horſe, and ran his javelin into it with that force, that he made the armour of it to clatter; which ſo offended Apollo, that he cauſed ſerpents to ſlay him and his two children.

Laodámia, the daughter of Bellerophon, and mother of Superdon by Jupiter, ſlain by Diana. Alſo the daughter of Acaſtus, who when ſhe heard that her huſband Proteſilaus was killed at Troy, out of love to him ſlew herſelf, becauſe ſhe would not ſurvive him.

Laódocus, the ſon of Antenor, the Trojan, whoſe form Pallas took upon her, when ſhe would have perſuaded Pandarus, by throwing a dart at Menelaus, to break the league.

Laómedon, the ſon of Ilus king of Troy, who agreed with Apollo and Neptune to build the walls of Troy, but would not pay them their wages when they had done. He was killed by Hercules for denying him his daughter Heſione, after he had delivered her from a ſea-monſter, to which ſhe had been expoſed, on account of his not fulfilling his contract with Neptune and Apollo.

Lapithæ, a people of Theſſaly, the firſt horſe-breakers.

Lares, the ſons of Mercury and Lara, worſhipped as houſehold gods.

Laſus, a man in the time of Darius, who firſt wrote of muſic.

Latinus, a king of Latium in Italy, who at firſt oppoſed, but afterwards made an alliance with Æneas, and gave him his daughter Lavinia.

Latóna, the daughter of Cæus the Titan, and Phœbe, loved by Jupiter, but perſecuted, through Juno's jealouſy, by the ſerpent Python.

Lavérna, the goddeſs of thieves.

Lavinia, the daughter of Latinus, betrothed at firſt to Turnus, afterwards to Æneas, who ſlew his rival, and married her.

Laurentia, the wife of Fauſtulus the ſhepherd, and foſter-mother of Romulus and Remus.

Leæna, an Athenian woman who, rather than diſcover to the tyrant Hippias the plots of ſome conſpirators, bit out her tongue, and threw it in his face.

Leánder. See Hero.

Léda, the wife of Tyndarus, and daughter of Theſtius, enjoyed by Jupiter in the ſhape of a ſwan, on the banks of the river Eurotas.

Lemnos, an iſland in the Ægean ſea, celebrated for a temple dedicated to Apollo.

Lemúres, evil ſpirits, which were ſuppoſed to torment thoſe who had injured them when living.

Leocórion, a monument at Athens, ſet up in honour of Leo, becauſe when Athens was almoſt ruined by famine, and their oracles

oracles told them that ſome one of them muſt offer their children in ſacrifice, he ſacrificed his three daughters.

Leónidas, a noble Spartan captain, who kept the Straits of Thermopylæ with four hundred men againſt ten thouſand of Xerxes' army; and encouraged his ſoldiers, ſaying, "Courage! this day we ſhall, perhaps, ſup with thoſe that are at Hades." When he was there ſlain, Xerxes pulled out his heart, and found it all hairy.

Lerna, a lake of Peloponneſus, where Hercules ſlew the many-headed monſter Hydra.

Lethe, a river in Africa, watering the city Berenice, which, becauſe it runs ſome miles under ground, and then riſes again, the poets feigned to come out of hell; to which they add, that if any one drink of it, they forget all things paſt.

Levána, a goddeſs of new-born infants.

Leucippus, a philoſopher, the firſt who invented the doctrine of Atoms, from whom Democritus had it, and from him Epicurus.

Leucon, a king of Pontus, ſlain by his brother Oxylochus, for offering violence to his wife.

Leucothéa, the wife of Athamas, called alſo Mantua and Ino.

Leucothoe, the daughter of Orchamus, who, being with child by Phœbus, was, by her father, buried alive; whereupon the poets feign that Phœbus pitied her, and turned her into a frankincenſe tree.

Libera, a title of Proſerpine, the daughter of Ceres.

Libitina, a goddeſs at Rome, in whoſe temple all things belonging to funerals were ſold.

Lichas, a youth killed by Hercules, for bringing him the ſhirt of Neſſus, but turned by Neptune into a rock.

Limoniades, nymphs of the meadows.

Linus, the ſon of Apollo and Terpſichore, who was an excellent muſician, and the inventor of Lyric poetry.

Liriope, a ſea-nymph, the daughter of Oceanus and Tethys, of whom Cephiſus begat the beautiful boy Narciſſus.

Liſſus, a river in Thrace, one of thoſe which the army of Xerxes drank up.

Lucan, a famous Roman poet, born at Corduba, who wrote the hiſtory of the civil wars between Cæſar and Pompey, in hexameter verſes. He was put to death by Nero.

Lucifer, the ſon of Jupiter and Aurora, made the morning ſtar.

Lucilius, an ancient poet, the firſt who wrote Latin ſatires.

Lucina, the name by which Juno and Diana are ſometimes called.

Lucrétia, a chaſte Roman lady, the wife of Tarquinius Collatinus, who killed herſelf with a dagger after Sextus Tarquinius, who was then king, had raviſhed her. Upon this occaſion the people of Rome, riſing in arms, baniſhed the family of the Tarquins, and changed the government from a monarchy to an ariſtocracy, which was by conſuls.

Lucretius, a Latin poet, who wrote ſix books of the works of nature. His wife gave him

him a love-potion, which threw him into ſuch a ſtate of madneſs, that he killed himſelf.

Lucullus, a noble and wealthy Roman, who, in his prætorſhip, governed Africa; afterwards, being ſent againſt Mithridates king of Pontus, he drove him out of his kingdom. Having completed his victories, he was called home, when he gave himſelf up wholly to a ſenſual life, which ſoon impaired his faculties.

Lupercal, a place under mount Palatine, conſecrated to the god Pan, where they kept his ſolemnities.

Lupercália, feaſts ſacred to Pan, the god of ſhepherds, wherein they ſacrificed a dog, as the enemy of the wolf.

Luperci, the prieſts of the god Pan.

Lyæus, one of the names of Bacchus.

Lycæum, a famous ſchool at Athens.

Lycámbes, the father of Neobule, who having betrothed his daughter to Archilochus the poet, and afterwards refuſing to give her to him, the poet wrote ſuch bitter verſes againſt him, as cauſed him and his daughter to hang themſelves.

Lycáon, a king of Arcadia, ſon of Pelaſgus, whom Jupiter, becauſe he had ſlain a boy upon his altar, turned into a wolf.

Lycidas, the name of one of the Centaurs.

Lycomédes, a king of the iſland of Scyros, to whom Thetis gave her ſon Achilles to keep, diſguiſed in woman's apparel, that he might avoid going to the Trojan war, from which, ſhe knew, if he went, he would never return.

Lycóphron, a famous poet of Chalcis, and compoſer of tragedies. He was one of the ſeven poets called Pleiades, from the ſeven ſtars.

Lycurgus, a noble Spartan, and famous lawgiver, ſon of Polydectes, and brother to Eunomous, king of the Lacedæmonians. He eſtabliſhed in the commonwealth the beſt laws in Greece.

Lyncéus, the only ſon of Ægyptus who was not killed by the Danaides on the night of their marriage.

Lyncus, a king of Scythia, changed by Ceres into a leopard, for attempting to kill Triptolemus, who had been ſent by Ceres to teach the Scythians huſbandry.

Lyſander, a famous captain, under whoſe conduct the Lacedæmonians overcame the Athenians in a ſea-fight, and was at laſt worſted by Conon the Athenian general, in a land-fight, and ſlain.

Lyſimachus, the ſon of Agathocles, one of Alexander's captains, made governor of Pergamus; but falling into diſgrace with his maſter, was thrown to a lion, which he valiantly killed, and was again taken into favour by Alexander.

M.

MAcária, the daughter of Hercules, who willingly offered herſelf in ſacrifice to appeaſe the infernal ghoſts, and to gain the victory on the ſide of the Athenians againſt Euriſtheus, which fell out accordingly.

Macer, a poet, who wrote of herbs in verſe, and made a ſupplement to Homer.

Machaon,

Machâon, the ſon of Æſculapius and Arſinoe, a famous phyſician, who went with the Grecians to the Trojan war.

Macais, the daughter of Ariſtæus, who received Bacchus into her lap, when Vulcan drew him out of the fire, and thereby incurred the diſpleaſure of Juno.

Mahómet, an Arabian, who pretended to be a great prophet. With the aſſiſtance of an apoſtate monk, and a renegado Jew, he compoſed an Alcoran, wherein he took upon himſelf to correct the old law, framing it to the carnal humours of men, whereby he got many proſelytes, and eſtabliſhed his doctrines.

Maia, the daughter of Atlas and the nymph Pleione, of whom Jupiter had Mercury. She was turned into a ſtar by Jupiter, to ſecure her from the rage of Juno.

Managéneta, a goddeſs of women in labour.

Mandâne, the daughter of Aſtyages, and mother of Cyrus by Cambyſes.

Mandânis, a famous gymnoſophiſt of India, to whom Alexander ſent meſſengers, ordering him to come to the feaſt of Jupiter's ſon, meaning himſelf; declaring alſo, that according to his obedience he ſhould be rewarded, and if he refuſed, he ſhould be put to death. The philoſopher, firſt denying him to be Jupiter's ſon, anſwered the meſſenger, that he deſpiſed his gifts; and as for death, he did not fear it, as it would be a change to a more happy ſtate. So far did mere philoſophy carry men in thoſe days.

Mantura, a goddeſs of corn.

Marius, ſurnamed Caius, who was ſeven times conſul of Rome.

Marpeſſa, a moſt beautiful lady, the daughter of Evenus, married to Idæus, the handſomeſt man of that age, and mother of Cleopatra.

Mars, the god of war, ſon of Jupiter and Juno, whom ſhe had from touching a flower ſhewn her by Flora. The cock, dog, and wolf, were ſacred to him.

Marſyas, a famous ſatyr, who, being overcome by Apollo, at a trial of ſkill in muſic, was killed by him, and turned into a river of blood in Phrygia.

Martia, a daughter of Cato, whoſe huſband dying when ſhe was young, was aſked why ſhe did not marry again? "Becauſe, ſaid ſhe, I cannot find a man who loves me better than my goods."

Martial, a famous poet, the witty writer of epigrams, born at Bilbo, in Spain.

Matuta, the goddeſs that uſhers in the morning.

Mauſólus, a king of Caria, whoſe wife Artemiſia erected a magnificent tomb to his memory.

Medéa, the daughter of Æeres, king of Colchos, a famous ſorcereſs.

Medon, one of Penelope's ſuitors in her huſband's abſence.

Medúſa, the daughter of Phorcus, whoſe hair was as yellow as gold. Neptune being taken with her beauty, lay with her in the temple of Minerva, for which the goddeſs turned her hair into ſnakes, and all that looked on her into ſtone. Perſeus

cut

cut off her head when the ſnakes were aſleep. The poets alſo call her the Gorgon.

Megalenſes, games or plays in honour of the goddeſs Cybele.

Megara, the daughter of Creon, killed in a frantic fit by her huſband Hercules.

Melampus, the ſon of Amythaon, a famous ſoothſayer and phyſician, who pretended to underſtand the language of birds.

Melantho, a nymph loved by Neptune.

Meleager, the ſon of Oeneus and Althea, killed by his mother's burning of the fatal billet on which his life depended.

Meleagrides, the ſiſters of Meleager, who, lamenting their brother's death, were turned into turkey-hens.

Melicerta, the ſon of Athamas and Ino, one of the gods of the ſea.

Meliſſa, the daughter of Meliſſus, king of Crete. She was the firſt who found out the making of honey, which gave the poets occaſion to feign her to be turned into a bee.

Mellóna, the goddeſs of honey among the Romans.

Melpómene, one of the Muſes, who firſt made tragedies.

Memnon, the ſon of Tithonus and Aurora, king of Ethiopia, who went to the Trojan war, and was there ſlain by Achilles. About his tomb there came every year ſtrange birds, that fought till they killed each other, as it were in atonement of his ghoſt.

Menalippe, ſiſter to Antiope, queen of the Amazons, whom Hercules took in battle, and her ſiſter ranſomed with her armour and her belt.

Menander, an Athenian, a witty comic poet, ſcholar of Theophraſtus.

Menelaus, the ſon of Atreus, huſband of Helen, brother of Agamemnon, and king of Lacedæmon.

Menœceus, a Theban, ſon of Creon, and laſt of the race of Cadmus, who, for the good of his country, voluntarily gave up his life.

Menóphilus, an eunuch, to whom Mithridates, after he had been defeated by Pompey, entruſted his daughter to keep, who, to ſecure his charge, firſt killed her, and then himſelf.

Mentor, the governor of Telemachus, and the wiſeſt man of his time.

Mera, the daughter of Prœtus, and an attendant on Diana.

Mercury, the ſon of Jupiter and Maia, meſſenger of the gods, inventor of letters, and god of eloquence, merchandize, and robbers.

Meriónes, a brave captain, who went from Crete to the Trojan war.

Merméros, one of the Centaurs.

Merópe, one of the leaſt of the ſeven ſtars.

Merópis, a mountain of Theſſaly, full of echoes.

Meſſa, the goddeſs of harveſts.

Meſſalína, the wife of Claudius Cæſar, a lewd woman.

Metra, the daughter of Ericthon, who, for proſtituting herſelf to Neptune, received from him the power of changing herſelf into

into any ſhape, and as often as ſhe pleaſed.

Mezentius, one who aſſiſted Turnus, and was at laſt, together with his ſon Lauſus, ſlain by Æneas. He uſed to tie people alive to dead bodies, ſo that they might rot together.

Midas, the ſon of Gordius, and king of Phrygia, who entertained Bacchus. He had the power given him of turning whatever he touched into gold; but had his ears lengthened, like thoſe of an aſs, for giving a verdict in favour of Pan againſt Apollo, in a trial of ſinging.

Miletus, the ſon of Apollo and Deione, who built the city of Miletus in Caria, famous for its fine wool.

Milo, a Crotonian, who, as the poets tell us, was ſo ſtrong, that he would carry a bull or an ox the ſpace of a furlong, and kill him with his bare fiſt at one blow, and then eat him up in one day.

Miltiades, a noble Athenian, who, with ten thouſand Greeks, defeated an army of the Perſians of ſix hundred thouſand men, on the plains of Marathon.

Mimallones, prieſteſſes of Bacchus.

Minerva, the goddeſs of wiſdom, and of all the arts, born of Jupiter's brain, without a mother. She invented ſpinning and weaving, found out the uſe of oil, the art of making and colouring cloth, of building, and ſuch like. She refuſed to marry any of the gods, but lived a virgin life.

Mineus, a Theban, whoſe daughters were turned into bats.

Minos, a king of Crete, the ſon of Jupiter by Europa. He firſt gave laws to the Cretans, and for his juſtice was afterwards made chief judge of hell. He was at laſt killed by ſcalding water poured on his head, by the treachery of Cocalus king of Sicily.

Minotaur, a monſter half man and half beaſt, killed by Theſeus.

Minutia, a veſtal virgin, who, on a ſuſpicion of unchaſtity, was buried alive.

Minyas, the firſt man who, for the abundance of his wealth, was forced to make a treaſury to lay up his money in.

Mithridates, a king of Pontus, defeated by Sylla and Lucullus, and at laſt utterly routed by Pompey. He had ſo fortified himſelf by antidotes againſt poiſon, that, being in priſon, when he would have poiſoned himſelf, no poiſon would affect him.

Mnemoſyne, the mother of the Muſes.

Moloch, an idol of the Ammonites, to whom they ſacrificed their children.

Momus, the carping god, who would do nothing himſelf, but find fault with every one elſe.

Monomeri, certain people in the eaſt, who are ſaid to have but one leg, with which they can hop faſter than any beaſt can run.

Morpheus, the god of ſleep.

Mors, the daughter of Nox and Somnus, and goddeſs of death.

Morychus, a name of Bacchus.

Moſes, the great lawgiver of the Jews, and moſt ancient writer.

Munda, a town in Hiſpania Boetica, where the

the laſt and moſt bloody battle was fought between Julius Cæſar and Pompey's party, where 30,000 foot and 5000 horſe were ſlain.

Múrcia, the goddeſs of ſloth, who made men idle and lazy.

Múſes, the nine daughters of Jupiter and Mnemoſyne, miſtreſſes of all the ſciences, whoſe names were, Calliope, Clio, Erato, Euterpe, Melpomene, Polyhymnia, Terpſichore, Thalia, and Urania.

Myrmidones, a people of Theſſaly, who followed Achilles to the Trojan war. They had formerly been ants, but were changed into men. They were called ants, ſays Strabo, becauſe they were induſtrious and laborious huſbandmen.

Myrrha, the daughter of Cinyras and Cenchris, who, lying with her father by the aſſiſtance of her nurſe, was changed into a tree.

Myrtea, Venus was ſo called from the myrtle-tree, which was ſacred to her.

N.

NÆNIA, a goddeſs among the Romans, who had a temple built to her, and was called upon in the funeral ſongs of old men.

Naiades, the daughter of Nereus and Doris, and nymphs of rivers and fountains.

Napææ, ſiſters of the Naiades, and goddeſſes of groves and vallies.

Narciſſus, the ſon of Cephiſſus and Liriope, who was ſo beautiful a youth that all the nymphs fell in love with him, but he ſlighted them all. At laſt, ſeeing his own face in a ſpring, he fell in love with himſelf, and pining away, he was changed into a flower of his own name.

Naſamónes, a people of Africa, who lived by piracy and the plundering of wrecks.

Naucrátes, ſometimes taken to be Mercury, he having taught the Egyptians to write by the pictures of beaſts and trees.

Naúplius, the ſon of Neptune and Euboea, who, underſtanding that his ſon was unjuſtly put to death in the Grecian camp, endeavoured to debauch the wives and daughters of the abſent princes, and miſguided their ſhips by falſe lights when they returned home from Troy.

Nautus, a Trojan, who foretold Æneas, that all his troubles would ariſe from the hatred of Juno.

Neæra, a nymph paſſionately beloved by Apollo.

Neánthus, one devoured by dogs, for attempting to play with an unſkilful hand on Apollo's lute.

Néleus, the ſon of Neptune and the nymph Tyro, and father of Neſtor. He was king of Theſſaly, and killed by Neſtor.

Nemæa, a country of Elis, famed for a terrible lion killed by Hercules, to oblige the ſhepherd Molarchus for his kind entertainment of him.

Neméſis, the daughter of Juſtice, and a goddeſs who rewards the good, and puniſhes the bad.

Neptune, the ſon of Saturn and Ops, and god of the ſea, whoſe mace was a trident. He

and

and Apollo were ſaid to build the walls of Troy.

Nereides, nymphs or fairies of the ſea.

Nerio, the wife of Mars, from whom the Claudian family had the name of Nero.

Nero, a Roman emperor, who was ſo cruel and inhuman, that every tyrant after him was called Nero.

Neſſus, the ſon of Ixion by a cloud, whom Hercules killed for attempting to raviſh his wife Dejanira, when he had carried her over the river Evenus.

Néſtor, the ſon of Neleus and Chloris, who was bred up to arms from his childhood. He fought againſt the Centaurs and Trojans; and, on account of his great wiſdom and knowledge, is feigned by the poets to have lived three hundred years.

Ninus, the ſon of Belus, the firſt king of the Aſſyrians, and founder of idolatry.

Niobe, the daughter of Tantalus, ſiſter of Pelops, and wife of Amphion king of Thebes. She had ſix ſons and ſix daughters, all whom Latona cauſed to be ſlain for the pride of Niobe, who preſumed to compare herſelf with her. Niobe having wept on the occaſion till ſhe became ſtupid, is feigned by the poets to have been turned into a ſtatue.

Niſæus, a tyrant of Syracuſe, and a great glutton, who being told by the ſoothſayers that he ſhould ſhortly die, ſpent the remainder of his life in eating and drinking.

Niſus, a king of the Negarenſes, turned into a ſparrow-hawk as he purſued his daughter Scylla to kill her, for betraying his kingdom to Minos; and ſhe was turned into a lark. Hence the poets feign the cauſe of the antipathy between the hawk and lark.

Nomius, a name of Apollo.

Nóna, one of the fatal Deſtinies, the other two being called Decima and Morta.

Nox, the moſt ancient of all the gods, and ſiſter of Erebus.

Numa, the ſecond king of Rome, a peaceable and devout prince, who ſettled the policy and religion of the ſtate.

Numéria, a goddeſs, whom they called upon in child-birth for a ſpeedy delivery.

Nundina, a goddeſs among the Romans.

Nyctiméne, the daughter of Nycteus, whom Minerva turned into an owl, for attempting to ſteal to her father's bed. Hence the poets feign that owls cannot endure the light.

O.

OCCASIO, the goddeſs of opportunity, whom the poets feign ſtanding on a wheel with wings on her feet, and turning herſelf round very ſwiftly. She is alſo by ſome called Fortune.

Océanus, the great god of the ſea, ſon of Coelum and Veſta, huſband of Tethys, and father of all rivers and ſprings.

Ocnus, the name of a man, who in hell was feigned to make cords continually, with an aſs ſtanding by him, which bit off the cord as faſt as he made it. This is applied to any one who takes a great deal of pains to no purpoſe.

Ocyroë, the daughter of Chiron the Centaur,

who was turned into a mare for her desire to look into futurity.

Oedipus, a king of Thebes, and son of Laius and Jocasta, who solved the riddle of the Sphynx, accidentally killed his father, married his mother, and afterwards ran mad, and tore out his eyes.

Oeneus, a king of Ætolia, son of Parthaon, whose country was depopulated and laid waste by a monstrous boar, which was at last killed by Meleager.

Oenómaus, the father of Hippodamia, and king of Elis and Pisa, who broke his neck in a chariot race.

Oenone, a nymph of mount Ida, whom Paris loved, but afterwards forsook her for Helen's sake. She foretold that Paris would be the occasion of the ruin and downfal of Troy.

Oileus, king of Locris, and father of Ajax.

Olympia, games of Greece, celebrated with great solemnity every fourth year for five days together, in five kinds of exercises.

Olympius, the name of Jupiter, in whose honour the Olympic games were instituted.

Olympus, a mountain in Thessaly, said to be the highest and most beautiful in the world, and the residence of the gods.

Omphále, a queen of Lydia, for the love of whom Hercules changed his armour, his club, and his lion's skin, for a distaff and spindle, and in a woman's habit spun with her and her maids.

Onóphrius, a man who lived a solitary life for sixty years, in which space he saw no man.

Onytes, a Theban, one of Æneas's companions, whom Turnus slew.

Opália, feasts in honour of the goddess Ops.

Opigéna, a name given to Juno, because she helped women in labour.

Opis, the name of one of Diana's nymphs.

Oppia, a vestal virgin, buried alive for incontinence.

Ops, the daughter of Coelum and Vesta, and wife of Saturn. She was also called Rhea and Cybele, and the mother of the gods.

Orestes, the son of Agamemnon, who slew his mother Clytemnestra and her gallant Ægisthus, for murdering his father. He also slew Pyrrhus in the temple of Apollo, for marrying Hermione; for which he was haunted by furies, till he had expiated those crimes by sacrifices on the altar of Diana in Taurica.

Orgia, sacred rites of Bacchus, performed in the night with great secrecy and much licentiousness.

Oribasus, one of Acteon's hounds.

Orion, the son of Hyreus, by the water of Neptune, Jupiter, and Mercury. He was a great hunter, and killed by a scorpion for attempting to be rude with Diana, but was changed into a constellation by Jupiter.

Orómedon, one of the giants; also a high hill in the island of Cos.

Orphéus, a musician of Thrace, who was so skilful in playing on the harp, that he would stay the current of rivers, and make woods, mountains, and wild beasts follow him. His wife Eurydice

dice being ſlain by a ſerpent, he took his harp and went down to hell, where he ſo pleaſed Pluto and Proſerpine, that they gave him his wife again; but on conditions which he not obſerving, he loſt her for good and all.

Oſiris, the ſon of Jupiter and Niobe, married to Io, and was worſhipped by the Egyptians under the form of an ox.

Oſſilago, the goddeſs who knits the joints and hardens the bones of children.

P.

PACORUS, ſon of Orodes the Parthian king, who defeated Craſſus.

Pactólus, a river in Lydia that had golden ſands, and whoſe waters were medicinal.

Pæan, a name given to Apollo.

Palæmon, the ſon of Athamas, and Ino, ſometimes called Melicertes. Alſo the name of a grammarian in the time of Tiberius; and of a ſhepherd mentioned in Virgil.

Palamedes, the ſon of Nauplius, king of Euboea, who was ſtoned at the ſiege of Troy through the falſe accuſation of Ulyſſes, whoſe pretended madneſs, that he might not go to the Trojan war, Palamedes had before found out.

Pales, the goddeſs of ſhepherds.

Palici, two brethren, the ſons of Jupiter and of the nymph Thalia.

Palilia, feaſts in honour of Pales.

Palinurus, the chief pilot of Æneas.

Palládium, the image of Pallas in Troy, made of wood, and had eyes which ſeemed to move, and a ſpear in her hand. The oracle had declared that Troy ſhould laſt ſo long as that image remained there; but Diomedes and Ulyſſes having found means to ſteal it from thence, Troy was ſoon after deſtroyed.

Pallas, one of the names of Minerva.

Pan, the god of ſhepherds, who invented the pipe. He was worſhipped in Arcadia, and the pine-tree was ſacred to him. They fancied him to have horns on his head, and his lower parts like a goat.

Pandárus, a Trojan, who, at Minerva's inſtigation, when Menelaus and Paris were upon covenant to decide the controverſy by ſingle combat, threw a dart among the Greeks, and by that means broke the agreement.

Pandóra, the firſt woman made by Vulcan by Jupiter's command, and endowed with gifts by all the gods and goddeſſes, whoſe box contained all ſorts of evils, with Hope at the bottom.

Paniſci, gods of the woods.

Panópe, a ſea nymph, the daughter of Nereus and Doris.

Panthéon, a ſtately temple, in Rome, of all the gods, built by Agrippa, the ſon-in-law of Auguſtus, and dedicated by Boniface the fourth to the honour of the Bleſſed Virgin.

Paphia, one of the names of Venus, from the city Paphos.

Paris, the ſon of Priam and Hecuba, a very beautiful youth, who ran away with Helen,

and thereby occaſioned the Trojan war. He was at laſt killed by Pyrrhus.

Parnáſſus, a celebrated mountain of Phocis in Greece, ſacred to Apollo and the Muſes.

Paros, an iſland in the Ægean ſea, famous for its white marble.

Parthénope, one of the mermaids, who drowned herſelf for anger that ſhe could not allure Ulyſſes nor his companions.

Patára, a city of Lycia, where Apollo had a temple and oracle.

Patroclus, a noble Grecian, the ſon of Menætius, who was brought up with Achilles by Chiron, and ſlain by Hector in the Trojan war.

Pégaſus, a winged horſe, belonging to Apollo and the Muſes, which ſprung from the blood of Meduſa, when Perſeus cut off her head.

Péleus, the ſon of Æacus and Ægina, and father of Achilles, by the ſea-goddeſs Thetis.

Pélias, the ſon of Neptune and the Nereid Tyro, and king of Theſſaly, a moſt cruel wretch, pulled to pieces and boiled by his daughters, at the inſtigation of Medea, from the hope of reſtoring him to youth again.

Pélops, the ſon of Tantalus, whom his father killed and ſerved up to the gods at an entertainment; which they diſcovering, reſtored the child to life, and ſupplied his left ſhoulder, which had been eaten, with ivory.

Penélope, the daughter of Icarius, and wife of Ulyſſes, remarkable for her chaſtity and conſtancy during the abſence of her huſband, who was ten years at the Trojan war, and ten years in his return from thence.

Penthefilea, a queen of the Amazons, who aſſiſted the Trojans, and was ſlain by Achilles. She firſt introduced the uſe of the poll-axe.

Péntheus, the ſon of Echion and Agave, who was torn in pieces by his mother and ſiſters, becauſe he deſpiſed the rites and revelling feaſts of Bacchus.

Perdix, the nephew of Dædalus, and inventor of the ſaw. He was thrown down headlong by his uncle from a turret, and turned into a partridge.

Periclymenus, the ſon of Neleus, and brother of Neſtor, deſcended of Neptune, who gave him the power of transforming himſelf into what ſhape he pleaſed. When Hercules made war againſt his father, he turned himſelf into an eagle, and was ſhot by his adverſary with an arrow.

Perillus, an artiſt who made a brazen bull, with a little door on the ſide of it, and gave it to the tyrant Phalaris. Men were to be put into it, and a fire made under it, when the groans of the victims in it iſſued forth like the roaring of a bull. The tyrant juſtly rewarded him, by making him periſh in his own invention.

Periméle, an iſland of the Ionian ſea, into which the daughter of Hippodamus, a nymph of that name, was changed.

Perſéphone, the daughter of Jupiter and Ceres.

Perſes, a king of Macedon, conquered by Æmilius,

milius, and with his ſon led captive to Rome, where he died in priſon.

Perſeus, the ſon of Jupiter and Danaë, who performed many exploits by means of Meduſa's head, and was at laſt made a conſtellation.

Phædra, the daughter of Minos, king of Crete, and wife of Theſeus. She fell in love with her ſon-in-law, Hyppolitus, whoſe refuſal proved his ruin; but after his death ſhe hanged herſelf.

Phaëton, the ſon of Sol and Clymene, who aſked the guidance of his father's chariot for one day, as a proof of his divine deſcent; but, not being able to manage the horſes, he would have ſet the world on fire, had not Jupiter with a thunder-bolt ſtruck him into the river Po.

Phálaris, a cruel tyrant of Agrigentum, who was himſelf at laſt by his citizens put into the brazen bull, in which he had tormented others, and ſo died.

Phálereus, one that had an impoſthume ſaid to be incurable, who deſiring death, went into the camp, and receiving a wound in his breaſt, was thereby cured of his complaint.

Pharſália, the field where Cæſar and Pompey, and after that Auguſtus, Brutus, and Caſſius, fought their battles.

Phemonoë, the daughter of Apollo, who firſt gave out oracles at Delphos, and invented heroic verſe.

Philæni, two brothers of Carthage, who choſe rather to be buried alive, than that their country ſhould loſe its juſt bounds.

Philétas, a love poet of the iſle of Cos, in the time of Alexander the Great.

Philoctétes, the ſon of Pœas, who diſcovered to the Greeks the place where the arrows of his companion Hercules were buried, without which Troy could not have been taken. He was the founder of Petilia in Italy.

Philódemus, an Epicurean philoſopher and poet, mentioned by Cicero and Horace.

Philómela, the daughter of Pandion, king of Athens, whom Tereus, her brother-in-law, abuſed, and then cut out her tongue, that ſhe might not tell the tale; but ſhe wrought the particulars in tapeſtry. He was changed into a ſwallow, and ſhe into a nightingale.

Philoxénus, a belly-god philoſopher, who wiſhed his neck as long as a crane, for the pleaſure he took in eating.

Philyra, the daughter of Oceanus, of whom Saturn had Chiron the Centaur.

Phinéas, the ſon of Agenor, and king of Paphlagonia, who had his eyes torn out by Boreas; but was recompenſed with the knowledge of futurity. Alſo the name of a king of Thrace, turned into a ſtone by Perſeus, by the help of Meduſa's head.

Phlegéthon, a burning river of hell.

Phlégon, one of the four chariot-horſes of the ſun.

Phlegyæ, a people of Theſſaly, deſtroyed by Neptune, on account of their piracies and other crimes.

Phlegyas, the ſon of Mars and Chryſe, and king of the Lapithæ, killed and ſet under

a huge ſtone in hell by Apollo for burning his temple.

Phœbas, the prieſteſſes of Apollo, who were the miniſters of his oracles.

Phœbus, a name of the Sun or Apollo.

Phœnix, the ſon of Amyntor, who being falſely accuſed of having attempted the honour of one of his father's concubines, was condemned to have his eyes torn out; but was cured by Chiron, and went with Achilles to the ſiege of Troy.

Phorcus, the ſon of Neptune, king of Corſica and Sardinia, and father of the Gorgons.

Phormio, a ſervant mentioned by Terence.

Phryxus, the ſon of Athamas, who fled his country on a golden ram to Colchis.

Phyllis, the daughter of Lycurgus, king of Thrace, who hanged herſelf becauſe ſhe was ſlighted by Demophoon, ſon of Theſeus, on his return from Troy, and was turned into an almond-tree.

Picus, a king of the Latins, ſon of Saturn, and father of Faunus, whom Circe, for being ſlighted by him, ſtruck with her wand, and changed him into a bird of that name.

Pierus, a mountain in Theſſaly, ſacred to the Muſes. Alſo the father of the nine daughters who contended in ſinging with the Muſes, and, being worſted, were turned into pies.

Pilúmnus, the god of corn and young children.

Pindar, a Theban poet, the chief of thoſe called Lyrics.

Pirithous, the ſon of Ixion, and intimate friend of Theſeus, killed by Cerberus.

Piſeus, a king of the Tuſcans, who firſt invented the brazen trumpet.

Piſiſtratus, an eloquent Athenian, who formed the firſt library in Athens.

Pláto, an excellent philoſopher, born at Athens, and ſcholar of Socrates.

Pláutus, a celebrated comic poet, born in Umbria.

Pleiades, the ſeven daughters of Atlas and Pleione, who were changed into ſtars.

Plútarch, a celebrated moral writer, who lived in the time of Trajan.

Plúto, the ſon of Saturn and Ops, brother of Jupiter and Neptune, and God of Hell.

Plútus, the ſon of Jaſius and Ceres, and god of riches: he was blind, lame, and timorous.

Podalirius, the ſon of Æſculapius, and a famous Grecian phyſician at the ſiege of Troy.

Pollux, the ſon of Jupiter and Leda, and brother of Caſtor.

Polycrátes, a tyrant of Samos, famous for his proſperity and ſucceſſes for a time; but was at laſt hanged.

Polydámas, a famous wreſtler, who ſtrangled a lion, lifted a mad bull, and ſtopped a coach in full career; but was at laſt killed by attempting to bear a rock.

Polydectes, a king of the iſle of Seriphos, who was turned into a flint ſtone by Perſeus.

Polydórus, the ſon of Priam and Hecuba, killed by Polymneſtor for his riches.

Polyhymnia, one of the nine muſes, the goddeſs of rhetoric.

Polynices, the ſon of Oedipus, and brother of Eteocles,

Eteocles, who reigned yearly over Thebes alternately.

Polyphémus, the ſon of Neptune, a huge and cruel monſter, with only one eye in the middle of his forehead, which Ulyſſes deſtroyed with a firebrand.

Polyxena, the daughter of Priam, and wife of Achilles, and ſacrificed by Pyrrhus to appeaſe her huſband's ghoſt.

Polyxo, a woman of Lemnos, who was ringleader in that cruel murder where (becauſe the men of the country, upon ſome diſtaſte, took them wives from Thrace) ſhe adviſed the reſt of the women to kill all the men, which they did, all but Hypſipyle, who ſpared her father Thoas.

Pomóna, the goddeſs of fruits and orchards.

Pompónia, the mother of Scipio by Jupiter.

Popilius, the name of the man who ſlew Cicero, after having ſaved him from the gallows.

Portia, the daughter of Cato, and wife of Brutus, who hearing of her huſband's defeat, ſwallowed burning coals, to put an end to her life, every inſtrument of death being carefully kept from her.

Portumnus, a god of the ſea.

Priam, the laſt king of Troy, ſon of Laomedon, huſband of Hecuba, and father of Paris. He was ſlain by Pyrrhus at the deſtruction of Troy, after he had reigned fifty-two years.

Priápus, the ſon of Venus by Bacchus, and god of gardens and debauchery, enormouſly large, and very deformed.

Procruſtes, a famous robber of Attica, who uſed to make thoſe he entertained lie on a bed: if they were too ſhort for it, he ſtretched them to it; if too long, he chopped off part of their legs. He was killed by Theſeus.

Prœtus, a king of the Argives, turned into a ſtone by Perſeus.

Progne, the daughter of Pandion, and ſiſter of Philomela, at laſt turned into a ſwallow.

Prométheus, the ſon of Iapetus and the nymph Aſia, who animated a man he had formed of clay with fire, which, by the aſſiſtance of Minerva, he had ſtolen from heaven, and was therefore chained by Jupiter to Mount Caucaſus, with a vulture perpetually gnawing his liver, which grew up as faſt as it was eaten, to keep him continually in pain.

Propoetides, nymphs of Amathus in Cyprus, who were made ſhameleſs proſtitutes for denying the divinity of Venus.

Proſerpine, the daughter of Jupiter and Ceres, whom Pluto ſtole, and carried away with him out of Sicily. She became Pluto's wife, and conſequently Queen of Hell.

Proteus, a favourite companion of Alexander the Great.

Protéſilaus, a Grecian captain, the ſon of Iphiclus, the firſt that was ſlain by Hector at the ſiege of Troy. Laodamia, his wife, deſired of the gods that ſhe might have a ſight of his ghoſt, which being granted, ſhe died embracing it.

Proteus, the ſon of Oceanus and Thetis, a ſea-god and prophet, who could change himſelf into all ſhapes.

Pſylli,

Pſylli, people of Africa, whoſe bodies are ſaid to be a natural antidote againſt the bite of ſerpents.

Pygmálion, the ſon of Belus, king of Tyre, and brother of Dido, who, out of covetouſneſs, ſlew Sichæus's huſband's ſiſter for his wealth, whereupon ſhe fled to Carthage.

Pygmies, a people of Lybia, only a ſpan high, carried away by Hercules. Their women had children at five years of age, and grew old at eight. They were famous for their wars with the cranes.

Pylades, the ſon of Scrophius, and faithful friend of Oreſtes.

Pyrácmon, one of the Cyclops, ſervant to Vulcan the ſmith.

Pyrámus, a young man of Babylon, who was in love with Thiſbe, and ſhe with him. They were ſo ſtrictly kept from each other by their parents, that they were not ſuffered to ſpeak together. At laſt, they found an opportunity to converſe through a chink that was in the wall between them, and made an appointment to meet at a place out of the city. Thiſbe came to the place firſt, and being frightened by a lioneſs that paſſed by, ſhe fled into a neighbouring den. Pyramus ſoon after came to the place alſo, and there ſeeing her veil, which ſhe had let fall in her haſte to eſcape the lioneſs, all bloody, he thinking ſhe had been torn in pieces by ſome wild beaſt, ſlew himſelf with his ſword. Thiſbe, when ſhe thought the lioneſs was gone, coming out of the cave, and ſeeing her lover ſlain, ran herſelf upon the ſame ſword, and died with him. This paſſed under a mulberry-tree; and the poets tell us, that made mulberries red, which before were white.

Pyrenæus, a king of Thrace, who broke his neck in attempting to fly after the Muſes.

Pyréne, the daughter of Bebryx, who, having loſt her chaſtity, wandered up and down a mountain till ſhe died, and thereby gave it her own name.

Pyródes, the ſon of Cilix, the firſt who ſtruck fire out of flint.

Pyrrhus, the ſon of Achilles; alſo a king of Epire, who, deceived by the conſtruction of the ambiguous oracle of Apollo, made war againſt the Romans, in which he was ſlain.

Pythágoras, a learned philoſopher of Samos, who held the tranſmigration of ſouls, and forbade the eating of fleſh. His ſcholars, for the firſt five years, were only to hear and be ſilent.

Python, a large ſerpent, which Apollo killed, and in memory inſtituted the Pythian games.

Pythoniſſa, a woman celebrated for her prophefying ſpirit.

Q.

QUIES, repreſented by the poets as the goddeſs of grown perſons.

Quinquátria, feaſts kept in honour of Minerva, five days together.

Quintilian, a famous rhetorician and orator, who firſt opened a ſchool at Rome, and taught in the time of Galba and Domitian, having

having his pay out of the emperor's treaſury.

Quintinália, feaſts kept at Rome in honour of Romulus.

Quirites, properly the Sabines, who dwelt in Cures, the town in which king Tatius reſided; but after the union of the two people made by him and Romulus, they were all called by that name.

R.

REMUS, the elder brother of Romulus, who, in mockery, leaping over the walls which Romulus had made about Rome, was ſlain by his brother.

Rhadamánthus, king of Lydia, the ſon of Jupiter and Europa, who was made one of the three infernal Judges, on account of his juſtice and goodneſs.

Rhamnes, a king and ſoothſayer, who, taking part with Turnus againſt Æneas, was ſlain by Niſus.

Rhamnus, a village in Attica, where Nemeſis, the goddeſs of revenge, was worſhipped.

Rhea, the wife of Saturn, and mother of Jupiter.

Rhéſus, a king of Thrace, who coming to the aſſiſtance of Troy with white horſes, was ſlain in his tent the firſt night by Ulyſſes.

Rheténor, one of the companions of Diomedes, changed by Venus into a heron.

Rhipheus, one of the Centaurs.

Rhodópe, a nymph, the daughter of the river Strymon, on whom Neptune begat the giant Athos.

Rhodes, an iſland in the Mediterranean ſea, on which once ſtood a ſtatue of the ſun, ſeventy cubits high, one of the wonders of the world.

Rhœtus, one of the giants ſlain by Bacchus, in the ſhape of a lion.

Rómulus, the ſon of Mars by Ilia, and brother of Remus, born with him at one birth. He was the firſt king of Rome, and founder of that empire, and peopled his city by the rape of the Sabine women, whom he had invited to a fight of their games. The Romans took their epocha, or beginning of computation, from the building of the city by Romulus, about the year of the world 3198.

Róſtra, the pleading-place in Rome, adorned with the beaks of ſhips taken at Antium.

Rúllus, the firſt Roman that had a whole boar brought to his table at a feaſt.

Rúminus, one of Jupiter's titles.

S.

SABINES, a people of Italy, not far from Rome, with whom Romulus at firſt had many bickerings, till at laſt Tatius and he agreed to make them one people.

Sádducees, a ſect mentioned in the ſacred writings, who denied the reſurrection, and ſaid there were neither angels nor ſpirits.

Sálacia, the goddeſs of water, and wife of Neptune.

Salmácis, a clear fountain in Caria, which, as the poets tell us, turns men who bathe in it into women.

Salmóneus, the ſon of Æolus, and king of Elis, whoſe extreme pride tempted him to imitate a god. He made a bridge of braſs over a great part of the city, and drove his chariot over it to imitate the thunder; but Jupiter being angry with him for his vain attempt, killed him with a real thunderbolt.

Sálomon, or Solomon, the ſon of David, king of Iſrael, the wiſeſt and wealthieſt prince we read of in hiſtory; yet, towards his latter end, he was the tool of women.

Samos, an iſland of the Icarian ſea, lying oppoſite to Epheſus. Here Juno was much worſhipped.

Sapóres, a king of Perſia, who took priſoner Valerianus, emperor of Rome, and made him his footſtool when he took horſe or coach.

Sappho, a famous poeteſs, inventreſs of the Sapphic verſe. Being rejected by her lover Phaon, ſhe drowned herſelf.

Sardanápalus, the laſt king of the Aſſyrian empire, who, for his effeminacy, was ſo deſpiſed by his own captains, that they conſpired againſt him. At laſt, ſenſible of his ſhameful condition, he ſet fire to his palace, and burnt himſelf and his riches.

Sarpédon, a king of Lydia, ſlain by Patroclus at the ſiege of Troy.

Saturnália, feaſts of five days continuance, dedicated to Saturn.

Satúrnus, the ſon of Cœlum and Terra, who wiſhed to devour all his male children; but, being depoſed by Jupiter, he fled into Italy, and taught men huſbandry.

Sátyrs, a kind of paltry demi-gods, converſant in woods and meadows. They are like men upwards, only horned heads and hairy bodies, with whiſking tails and goats feet.

Scævola, a brave Roman, who having deſigned to kill Porſena, king of Hetruria, in his tent, and miſtook one of his lords for him, burnt his right hand that had committed the miſtake in the king's preſence, who, being amazed at his undaunted courage, diſmiſſed him without puniſhment, and inſtantly made peace with the Romans.

Scinis, a famous robber of Corinth, who uſed to tie people's legs and arms to the boughs of trees bent down on purpoſe, that upon the return they might tear their limbs in pieces, and was at laſt himſelf ſo ſerved by Theſeus.

Scopas, one of the principal architects of the temple of Diana, at Epheſus.

Scylla, the daughter of Niſus, who betrayed her country to Minos, by cutting off her father's purple lock, and was turned into a lark. Alſo the daughter of Phorcus, courted by Glaucus, and turned, by her rival Circe, into a rock oppoſite Charybdis.

Scyros, an iſland in the Ægean ſea, where Achilles concealed himſelf in woman's apparel, to avoid going to the ſiege of Troy.

Scythas, a ſon of Hercules, who firſt invented bows and arrows, and from whom Scythia took its name.

Ségeſta, a goddeſs of corn.

Seméle, the daughter of Cadmus, king of Thebes, and mother of Bacchus by Jupiter.

Semi-

Semirámis, the wife of Ninus, king of Aſſyria, who built the walls of Babylon, and was at laſt ſlain by her own ſon, and turned into a pigeon.

Seneca, a Stoic philoſopher, born at Corduba, in Spain, uncle to Lucan the poet, and tutor to Nero the tyrant, who afterwards put him to death.

Senta, a goddeſs of married women.

Serápis, a god of the Egyptians.

Sichæus, a prieſt of Hercules, and huſband of Dido, ſlain for his wealth by Pygmalion.

Silénus, the foſter-father, maſter and companion of Bacchus, who lived in Arcadia, rode on an aſs, and was every day drunk.

Simónides, a poet of Cea, who was a great maſter of the paſſions.

Sinon, the ſon of Siſyphus, a crafty Grecian, employed to deceive the Trojans about the wooden horſe.

Sirens, or Mermaids, in their upper part like women, and below like fiſhes. They were thus repreſented, from being excellent ſongſters, who ſung upon the coaſt of Sicily, and tempted paſſengers on ſhore, when they ſung them aſleep, and then murdered them.

Siſyphus, the ſon of Æolus, a great robber of the Attic country, and ſlain by Theſeus. For his further puniſhment in hell, he was ſet to roll a great ſtone to the top of a hill, which, when it was at the top, would ſuddenly ſlide down again, and ſo renewed his labour.

Smilax, a beautiful damſel, who, being ſlighted by Crocus, died through grief, and was turned into a flower of that name.

Smintheus, a title given by the Cretans to Apollo.

Sócrates, the ſon of Sophronicus, a ſtone-cutter, an excellent philoſopher, who, in the opinion of Apollo, was the wiſeſt man on earth. He was poiſoned by the Athenians, who, after his death, erected monuments to his memory.

Sol, one of the names of Apollo.

Solon, one of the ſeven wiſe men of Greece, and a lawgiver to the Athenians, at the time when Tarquinius Priſcus was king at Rome.

Sómnus, the ſon of Erebus and Nox, and god of ſleep.

Sóphocles, a tragic poet of Athens, of a lofty ſtile, who died of ſudden joy.

Sophrónia, a Roman lady, who, ſeeing that Decius the emperor meant to force her, with her huſband's conſent, took a ſword and killed herſelf.

Sphinx, a monſter, with a head and face like a girl, wings like a bird, and the reſt of her body like a dog, and claws like a lion. She deſtroyed herſelf becauſe Oedipus ſolved her riddle, which was, What creature is that, which in the morning goeth on four feet, at noon with two, and at night with three? Oedipus ſaid it was a man, who in his infancy went on all-four, that is, on his hands and feet; in his middle age, on two legs; and when he is an old man, with three, that is, a ſtaff, which he then uſually takes to ſupport him.

Spurina, the mathematician, who gave Cæſar warning to beware of the Ides of March.

Staphylus, one who first mixed water with wine.

Stata, a goddess of grown persons, and one of the titles of Fortune.

Stentor, a Grecian, whose voice was said to be as strong as that of fifty men together.

Steröpe, one of the Pleiades.

Steröpes, one of Vulcan's men.

Stesichórus, a lyric poet, to whom, when he was an infant in his cradle, a nightingale came, and, sitting on his mouth, sung, to foretel that he would be an excellent poet.

Sthenélus, the son of Capaneus and Evadne, one of the Greek captains at the siege of Troy, and one of those who was shut up in the wooden horse.

Sthenyo, one of the Gorgons.

Stiphélus, one of the Centaurs.

Stoics, a severe sect of philosophers, who maintained fate, allowed no passion, and were very grave.

Styx, a spring, or river in Arcadia, which rises out of the lake Pheneus, the water of which is so cold and venomous, that it kills any thing that drinks of it. The poets feign it to be a river of hell, and so sacred to the gods, that if any of them swear by it, and break their oath, they are deprived of their godhead, and not suffered to drink nectar for an hundred years.

Sylla, a noble Roman, of the ancient family of the Scipios, who was a great enemy to Marius, and at length his ruin. He died privately at Puteoli, of a loathsome disease, after having been, in the civil commotions he excited, the death of 100,000 Roman citizens, 90 senators, 15 of consular dignity, and 2000 gentlemen.

Sylvánus, a god of the woods and forests.

Syrens. See Sirens.

Syrinx, an Arcadian nymph, who, flying from Pan, was turned into a reed, which Pan took, and made a pipe of.

T.

TACITUS, a celebrated Roman orator and historian, who lived in Vespasian's time.

Tálus, the nephew of Dædalus, who seeing the jaw of a serpent, found out the use of the iron saw. He was so very great in his art, that Dædalus, out of jealousy, put him to death.

Tamerlane, a Scythian, who conquered Bajazet, the Great Turk, and made a foot-stool of him when he mounted his horse.

Tantálus, the son of Jupiter and the nymph Plota, and king of Paphlagonia, who, serving up the limbs of his son Pelops at an entertainment which he gave the gods, in order to try their divinity, was plunged to the chin in a lake of hell, and doomed to everlasting thirst, as a punishment for his barbarity and deceit.

Taránis, a name by which Jupiter was known among the Druids.

Tarpeia, a vestal virgin, who agreed with the Sabines to betray the Capitol to them for what they wore on their left arms; but when they entered, instead of bracelets,

lets, which she intended, they threw their targets upon her, whereby she was smothered and pressed to death.

Tartárus, a place feigned by the poets to be hell.

Tátius, a king of the Sabines, who was made a partner with Romulus, after peace was made between them, at the intreaty of the Sabine virgins, whom the Romans by force had taken to be their wives.

Taúrus, a great mountain in Asia, beginning at the Indian sea, and reaching westward to the Ægean sea. Also the name of the second sign of the Zodiac, being the Bull, under whose form Jupiter carried Europa out of Asia into Crete.

Telámon, king of Salamis, son of Æacus, and brother of Peleus. He was one of the Argonauts, and a captain under Hercules at the siege of Troy, and where he was the first that got upon the walls; for which service he had Hesione, the daughter of king Laomedon, bestowed on him.

Telegónus, the son of Ulysses and Circe, who, desiring to see his father, went to Ithaca; and when Ulysses's men would not give him passage, he slew them. In this combat he also killed his father, not knowing him.

Telemachus, the son of Ulysses and Penelope, who went in quest of his father after the siege of Troy, and married Circe.

Telémus, a soothsayer among the Cyclopes, son of Eurymus, who foretold Polyphemus every thing that Ulysses afterwards did to him.

Teléphus, the son of Hercules and Angea, and king of Mysia, who was wounded and cured by the same dart of Achilles.

Tellus, the goddess of the earth.

Tempe, a most beautiful valley in Thessaly, the resort of the gods.

Térence, a celebrated Roman, and great comic writer.

Teréus, a king of Thrace, who seduced his wife's sister, Philomela, and cut out her tongue that she might not tell; for which he was turned into a lapwing.

Terminus, the Roman god of boundaries.

Terpsichore, the Muse of Music and Dancing.

Terror, the god of dread and fear.

Tethys, the daughter of Cœlum and Terra, wife of Oceanus, and mother of the sea and river nymphs.

Teucri, a name of the Romans, who sprung from king Teucer.

Teumessus, a hill in Bœotia, where Hercules, while a child, slew the lion, whose skin he ever after wore.

Thalassius, the god of marriages.

Thales, one of the seven wise men of Greece, a great astronomer and natural philosopher.

Thalestris, a famous queen of the Amazons.

Thalia, one of the Graces, and the Muse of Comedy and Lyric Poetry.

Thamyras, a poet of Thrace, who contending with the Muses, and being overcome, they put out his eyes, and took away his harp.

Theano, the wife of Antenor, and priestess

of Pallas, reported to have betrayed Troy to the Greeks.

Thémis, the goddeſs of Juſtice.

Thémiſto, the wife of Athamas, who murdered her own children by miſtake inſtead of her huſband's, and then ſtabbed herſelf.

Themiſtocles, a famous captain, who defended Athens from the mighty power of Xerxes; in return for which they ſhortly afterwards baniſhed him. He then fled to Xerxes, who ſent him with an army againſt them; but he eſteeming it baſe either to deceive Xerxes or ruin his own country, poiſoned himſelf.

Theócritus, a poet of Syracuſe, who wrote in the Dorick dialect.

Theodámas, a perſon killed by Hercules for refuſing him victuals.

Theodéctes, an orator of Cilicia, ſcholar of Plato, Iſocrates, and Ariſtotle.

Theodétus, a rhetorician, who inſtructed Ptolomy the laſt in rhetoric, and adviſed the killing of Pompey, for which he was afterwards himſelf ſlain by Brutus.

Theóphanes, an hiſtorian of Mytelene, who wrote the exploits of Pompey.

Theophráſtus, a Peripatetic philoſopher, a ſcholar of Ariſtotle, who ſucceeded him in his ſchool.

Theopólemus, one who robbed Apollo's temple.

Therſander, a Grecian captain, who was hidden in the Trojan horſe.

Théſeus, the ſon of Ægeus and Æthra, daughter of Pitheus, king of Athens, and intimate friend of Pirithous, reckoned the next hero to Hercules.

Theſmophória, ſacrifices to Ceres.

Theſpis, an Athenian poet, who firſt invented tragedies.

Theſſálus, a phyſician, who uſed to preſcribe three days faſting in every diſeaſe, and offered to teach phyſic to any one in a month's time.

Thetis, the daughter of Nereus, whom Jupiter would have married; but Prometheus telling him, that whoever was born of her would be a better man than his father, Jupiter broke off the match. Peleus, the ſon of Æacus, afterwards married her, and had by her Achilles.

Thiſbe. See Pyramus.

Thoas, a Trojan prince, ſlain at the ſiege of Troy. Alſo a king of Tauris, who had the ſtatue of Diana.

Thomyris, a queen of Scythia, whoſe ſon being ſlain by Cyrus, ſhe raiſed an army, marched againſt him, and defeated his army, and took Cyrus, whoſe head ſhe ordered to be put into a veſſel of blood, wiſhing him to be ſatiated with that in death, with which he could never be ſatiated in life.

Thráſeas, a ſoothſayer, who coming to Buſiris, king of Egypt, during a great drought, told him, that he might have rain enough, if he would ſacrifice a ſtranger to Jupiter. Buſiris aſking him who he was, and finding he was a ſtranger, Then (ſaid he) I will make an experiment of thy art on thyſelf; and ſo ſacrificed him.

Thucydides, a celebrated Grecian hiſtorian.

Tibullus, an elegant poet, cotemporary with Ovid and Horace.

Timandra, the daughter of Leda, and moſt beautiful woman of her age.

Timóclea, a woman of Thebes, who was raviſhed by a Thracian, and afterwards feigning great kindneſs for him, ſhe told him of a place full of treaſure. He being deſirous to ſee it, ſhe conducted him to the brink of a deep well, and as he leaned over, ſhe tripped up his heels, and ſo ſent him to ſeek it at the bottom.

Tirésias, a Theban, who gave judgment for Jupiter againſt Juno, in a love diſpute, and was therefore ſtruck blind by Juno, but endowed by Jupiter with the ſpirit of prophecy.

Tiſiphone, one of the Furies.

Titan, the ſon of Cœlum and Terra, whoſe ſons, the giants, warred againſt heaven.

Tithónus, the ſon of Laomedon, who, deſiring long life, was ſo waſted with age, that poets feigned him to be turned into a graſshopper.

Tityrus, a ſhepherd in Virgil.

Tityus, the ſon of Jupiter and Elara, a huge gianteſs, whoſe body is feigned to have covered nine acres of land. When Jupiter had lain with Elara, for fear of Juno, he put her in a cave of the earth, till ſhe was delivered of her ſon Tityus; but when he was of age, Juno, to revenge herſelf, perſuaded him to ſeduce Latona, which he attempting, Jupiter ſtruck him dead with a thunderbolt, and ſo ſent him to hell, where he was adjudged to have a vulture to feed upon his liver, that grew with the moon.

Tlepólemus, the ſon of Hercules by Aſtioche, who came from Rhodes to help the Grecians, but was ſlain in the Trojan war.

Trajan, an emperor of Rome, born in Spain, who poſſeſſed many virtues, which he tarniſhed by his ſeverities to the profeſſors of Chriſtianity.

Triptólemus, the ſon of Celeus, king of Attica, who firſt obſerving corn to grow of its own accord, reaped it, and after that plowing and ſowing more, he grew ſo ſkilful, that he wrote commentaries on tillage, and ſent them abroad into the world. The poets feign, that he was carried on the wings of a dragon all over the world, which was nothing more than a ſmall ſhip, in which he ſailed to the neighbouring iſles.

Triſmegiſtus, the name of a celebrated philoſopher, a high-prieſt, and prudent prince.

Triton, Neptune's trumpeter, who was like a man to the middle, a dolphin below, his fore-feet like horſes, and had two curled tails. This monſter, ſays Lycophron, was nothing more than a whale, whereby many having been overturned and drowned, at laſt they ſuperſtitiouſly worſhipped him as a god of the ſea.

Tritonia, a name given to Pallas.

Trophonius, the ſon of Apollo, who gave oracles in a gloomy cave, into which whoever entered, he laughed no more.

Troy, a city of Phrygia, and the richeſt in

the world, deſtroyed firſt by Hercules, and then by the Greeks, after a ſiege of ten years.

Tullia, the daughter of Servius Tullus, the fourth king of the Romans, and wife of Tarquinius Superbus. This wicked woman, wiſhing her huſband to be king alone, and ſhe queen, cauſed her father to be killed, and went in a coach to ſee that it was punctually performed. When her father lay dead in the ſtreet, and the coachman ſtopped his horſes, amazed at the ſight, ſhe cauſed the coachman to drive the coach-wheels over the face of her father, after he had reigned forty-four years.

Turnus, a king of the Rutilians, who was ſlain by Æneas.

Tutia, a veſtal virgin, who, when ſhe was accuſed of incontinence, pleaded her purity with a miracle; for taking a ſieve, ſhe went to the river Tiber, and there prayed, that if ſhe were pure, ſhe might be able to carry water to Veſta's temple in that ſieve, which ſhe did.

Tydeus, the ſon of Oeneus and Althæa, who overthrew Eteocles, king of Thebes, in various kinds of exerciſes.

Tyndarides, the deſcendants of Tyndarus, king of Oebalia in Peloponneſus.

Typhœus, a proud giant, ſon of Terra and Titan, who, attempting to pull Jupiter out of heaven, was by him ſtruck with lightning, and caſt under Mount Ætna.

Tyſias, ſaid to be the firſt who invented the ſcience of rhetoric.

V.

VACUNA, the goddeſs of reſt, to whom the huſbandmen ſacrificed after they had got in their harveſt.

Valaſca, a queen of Bohemia, who with other women conſpired to kill all the men of that realm, and to rule like the Amazons.

Vallónia, a goddeſs of rivers.

Várus, a tragic poet, who was one of the peruſers of Virgil's Æneis after his death.

Velleius Paterculus, a fine hiſtorian, who lived in the time of the firſt three Roman emperors, and wrote an abridgment of the Roman hiſtory, a great part of which is extant.

Venilia, a nymph married to Faunus.

Vénus, the goddeſs of love, beauty and marriage, and wife of Vulcan the ſmith; but Mars was her gallant.

Vertumnus, a god among the Romans, who, loving a nymph, changed himſelf into all ſhapes to get her; but not ſucceeding, he at length turned himſelf into the ſhape of a beautiful young man, and then offering her violence, ſhe eaſily conſented to him.

Veſpáſian, the tenth emperor of Rome, and father of Titus. He was a brave man, and forgetful of injuries, as he never puniſhed any man without weeping; but he was alſo very covetous.

Veſta, a name of Cybele, and goddeſs of fire, whoſe myſteries were celebrated by virgins only, who kept lamps perpetually burning in her temple. If they permitted the

the lamps to go out, they were ſeverely puniſhed; and if they violated their chaſtity, they were buried alive.

Victoria, the goddeſs of Victory, dreſſed with wings and feathers.

Virgil, a celebrated Roman poet of Mantua, who was in high eſteem with Auguſtus Cæſar.

Virginia, the daughter of Aulus, who built a temple to the goddeſs of chaſtity.

Vitula, a goddeſs of mirth.

Ulyſſes, the ſon of Laertes and Anticlea, and huſband of Penelope, an eloquent and ſubtle prince of Greece, who, after the ſiege of Troy was ended, was driven into many dangers, and put upon ſeveral adventures for the ſpace of ten years, before he could arrive at his own country.

Urania, one of the Nine Muſes, and inventor of aſtrology.

Utica, a city of the kingdom of Tunis, in Africa, where Cato killed himſelf.

Vulcan, the ſon of Jupiter and Juno, huſband of Venus, and god of ſubterranean fires. He was ſo deformed, that Jupiter kicked him out of heaven into the iſle of Lemnos, where he ſet up a ſmith's ſhop, and forged thunder for his father.

Vulcanalia, feaſts dedicated to Vulcan.

W.

WISE MEN of Greece, ſeven of them, viz. Bias, of Priene; Chilo, of Lacedæmon; Cleobulus, of Lindi; Periander, of Corinth; Pittacus, of Mytelene; Solon, of Athens; and Thales, of Miletus.

Wonders of the World were the ſeven following: The Coloſſus, at Rhodes; the Mauſoleum, or ſepulchre of Mauſolus; the palace of Cyrus, king of the Medes; the pyramids of Egypt; the ſtatue of Jupiter, in the city of Olympia; the temple of Diana, at Epheſus; and the walls of Babylon.

X.

XANTHE, a ſea-nymph, daughter of Tethys and Oceanus.

Xantippe, the wife of Socrates, who was ſo fiery, that when ſhe had ſcolded him out of doors, ſhe would throw water over him; and when his neighbours laughed at him, he anſwered, I knew thunder would end in a ſhower.

Xenophon, a Greek hiſtorian, called the Attic Bee. He was alſo a wiſe and able captain, and his writings are much admired for their eloquence and ſweetneſs.

Xerxes, a king of Perſia, ſon of Darius, and nephew to Cyrus, who, after five years preparation, went againſt the Grecians, to revenge his father's diſgraceful repulſe by Miltiades. His army was ſo numerous, that his men and cattle drained up whole rivers. He made a bridge over the Helleſpont, from whence looking back on ſuch a multitude, he wept on the conſideration, that they muſt all die within an hundred

years; but it so happened, that most of them were dead in less time than three years, his army being shamefully defeated, and himself forced to an ignominious flight.

Z

ZENO, a philosopher of Cyprus, the father of the Stoics, who taught, that men having two ears, should hear much; and having but one mouth, should speak little.

Zephyrus, the son of Æolus and Aurora, who passionately loved the goddess Flora, and is considered as the gentle west wind.

Zéthes, the son of Boreas, and brother of Calais, who were two of the Argonauts, and being winged, were sent to drive away the Harpies from Thrace.

Zétus, the brother of Amphion, and a great musician.

Zoilus, a sophist, who knew not how to be famous but by carping at the works of Homer. Hence those who have no merit of their own, but in finding fault with others, are called Zoili.

Zópyrus, a nobleman of Persia, who, when his lord, Darius, had long besieged Babylon, and could not prevail, he cut off his own nose and ears, then fled to the Babylonians, and pretended that Darius had thus cruelly treated him. The Babylonians, moved with compassion for the mangled man, believed him, and made him their general; but, watching a proper opportunity, he betrayed the city to Darius.

Zoróaster, a king of the Bactrians, whom Ninus slew. He first found out magic, wrote on the nature of precious stones, of astronomy, and the seven liberal sciences.

Zygia, one of the names of Juno, the goddess of marriage.

AN ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE Cities, Boroughs, Market Towns, and remarkable Villages, in *England* and *Wales*.

The first Column contains the Names of Places; the second, the County they are in; the third, the Days on which the Markets are held; and the fourth, their Distances in measured Miles from *London*.——Those marked * send Members to Parliament

A.			
Abbotsbury	*Dorset*	Thurs.	127½
Aberavon	*Glam.*	——	195
Aberconway	*Caern.*	Friday	235
Aberford	*Yorksh.*	Wedn.	184¼
Aberfraw	*Angl.*	——	263
Abergavenny	*Monm.*	Tues.	143¼
Abergeley	*Denbys.*	——	223
Aberisthwith	*Card.*	Mond.	202¾
*Abingdon	*Berks*	M. F.	56
Acton	*Middl.*	——	5
Alborn	*Wilts*	Tues.	72
Alconbury	*Hunt.*	——	66
*Aldborough	*Yorksh.*	——	205
*Aldborough	*Suff.*	Sat.	93½
Alford	*Linc.*	Tues.	138½
Alfreton	*Derbys.*	Mon.	141¼
Almondbury	*Yorksh.*	——	187
Alnwick	*Numb.*	Satur.	305½
Alresford	*Hunt.*	Thurs.	57½
Alston Moor	*Cumb.*	Satur.	303½
Alton	*Hants*	Satur.	47½
Altringham	*Chesh.*	Tues.	180½
Amberley	*Sussex*	——	50
Ambleside	*Westm.*	Wedn.	271
Ambresbury	*Wilts*	Friday	78¼
Amersham	*Bucks*	Tues.	26
Ampthill	*Bedf.*	Thurs.	45½
Ancaster	*Linc.*	——	125
*Andover	*Hants*	Satur.	65
*Appleby	*Westm.*	Mond.	266½
Appledore	*Kent*	——	62
*Arundel	*Sussex*	W. S.	63
Ashbourn	*Derb.*	Satur.	139½
*Ashburton	*Devon.*	Tu. Sat.	192½
Ashby de la Zouch	*Leicest.*	Satur.	115
Ashford	*Kent*	Satur.	57
Askrig	*Yorksh.*	Thurs.	243½
Atherston	*Warw.*	Tues.	104¼
Attleborough	*Norf.*	Thurs.	93½

Aukland	*Durh.*	Thurſ.	248¼
Aulceſter	*Warw.*	Tueſ.	102
Axbridge	*Somerſ.*	Thurſ.	131¾
Axminſter	*Devon.*	Satur.	147
*Ayleſbury	*Bucks*	Satur.	40½
Ayleſford	*Kent*	——	33½
Ayleſham	*Norf.*	Satur.	121
Aynhoe	*N.amp.*	——	68½
B			
Baddow	*Eſſex*	——	29¼
Bagſhot	*Surrey*	——	26½
Bakewell	*Derby*	Mond.	151¼
Bala	*Merion.*	Satur.	195
Baldock	*Herts.*	Thurſ.	37
Ballam	*Surrey*	——	4¼
Bampton	*Devon.*	Satur.	162½
Bampton	*Oxf.*	Wedn.	69½
*Banbury	*Oxf.*	Thurſ.	75
*Bangor	*Caern.*	Wedn.	251
Barking	*Eſſex*	Satur.	7
Barkway	*Herts*	——	34½
Barnard Caſtle	*Durh.*	Wedn.	343½
Barnby Moor	*Nott.*	——	148
Barneſley	*Gloceſt.*	——	86½
Barneſley	*Yorkſh.*	Wedn.	174
*Barnſtaple	*Devon.*	Friday	191
Barnet	*Hert.*	Mond.	11
Barnhill	*Cheſh.*	——	171
Barton	*Lanc.*	——	219½
Barton	*Linc.*	Mond.	166
Barton Clay	*Bedf.*	——	37¾
Barton Mills	*Suff.*	——	69½
Baſingſtoke	*Hants*	Wedn.	46½
*Bath	*Somerſ.*	W. S.	107
Battel	*Suſſex*	Thurſ.	57
Bawtry	*Yorkſh.*	Wedn.	152
Beaconsfield	*Bucks*	Thurſ.	23
*Beaumaris	*Angl.*	Wedn.	240¼
Beccles	*Suff.*	Satur.	108
Beckington	*Wilts*	——	81½
Bedale	*Yorkſh.*	Tueſ.	218½
Bedfont	*Midd.*	——	13¾
*Bedford	*Bedf.*	Tu. Sat.	50
*Bedwin	*Wilts*	——	70¾
Belford	*N.umb.*	——	320
Beltingham	*N.umb.*	——	293½
Beminſter	*Dorſ.*	Thurſ.	138
Bengworth	*Worc.*	——	94
Benſon	*Oxf.*	——	46
Bere Regis	*Dorſ.*	Wedn.	113
*Berealſtone	*Devon.*	——	211
Berkeley	*Gloc.*	Wedn.	113
Berkhampſtead	*Herts*	Satur.	26
*Berwick	——	Satur.	335½
Betley	*Staff.*	——	156¼
*Beverley	*Yorkſh.*	W. S.	182
*Bewdley	*Worc.*	Satur.	128
Biceſter	*Oxf.*	Friday	54¼
Bickington	*Devon.*	——	189
Biddeford	*Devon.*	Tueſ.	203
Biddenden	*Kent*	——	52½
Biggleſwade	*Bedf.*	Wedn.	45
Billingham	*N.umb.*	Tueſ.	297½
Billinghurſt	*Suſſex*	——	40
Bilſton	*Suff.*	Wedn.	67¼
Bilſton	*Staff.*	——	121
Billericay	*Eſſex*	Tueſ.	23½
Billeſdon	*Leic.*	——	90½
Binbrook	*Linc.*	Wedn.	161
Birbich	*Wilts*	——	73¼
Birchington	*Kent*	——	68½
Birmingham	*Warw.*	Thurſ.	116
*Biſhop's Caſtle	*Salop*	Friday	152¼
Biſley	*Glo.*	——	98

Bitford	*Warw.*	——	100¾
Blackburn	*Lanc.*	Mond.	203
Blackſhields	*Scotl.*	——	364½
Blakeney	*Glo.*	——	115
Blandford	*Dorſ.*	Satur.	104
*Blechingley	*Surrey*	——	20
Blyborough	*Suff.*	——	98
Bocking	*Eſſex*	——	41
Boddedar	*Angl.*	——	267½
*Bodmin	*Cornw.*	Satur.	23[illegible]½
Bolingbroke	*Linc.*	Tueſ.	131
Bolſover	*Derby.*	Friday	147½
Bolton	*Lanc.*	Mond.	239
Bootle	*Cumb.*	——	310
*Boroughbridge	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	217½
Boſſcaſtle	*Cornw.*	Thurſ.	230
*Boſſiney	*Cornw.*	——	233
*Boſton	*Linc.*	W. S.	115
Boſworth	*Leic.*	——	100½
Bourn	*Linc.*	Satur.	97
Bournbridge	*Camb.*	——	48½
Bow	*Devon.*	Thurſ.	188
Bow	*Midd.*	——	2½
Bowes	*Yorkſh.*	——	245½
*Brackley	*N.amp.*	Wedn.	64
Bracknell	*Berks*	——	28
Bradfield	*Eſſex*	Thurſ.	63
Bradford	*Wilts*	Mond.	102
Bradley (Maiden)	*Wilts*	——	104½
Bradnich	*Devon*	——	162
Bradwell	*Eſſex*	——	51½
Braintree	*Eſſex*	Wedn.	40½
*Bramber	*Suſſex*	——	51
Brampton	*Cumb.*	Tueſ.	311⅓
Brandon	*Suffolk*	——	78½
Brecon	*Brec.*	W. F.	162
Brent	*Devon*	Satur.	200
Brentford	*Midd.*	Tueſ.	9
Brentwood	*Eſſex*	Thurſ.	18
Brewood	*Staff.*	Tueſ.	129½
Bridgend	*Glam.*	Satur.	177½
*Bridgenorth	*Salop*	Satur.	139
*Bridgewater	*Som.*	Th. Sat.	137
*Bridport	*Dorſ.*	Satur.	135
Brighthelmſtone	*Suſſex*	Thurſ.	59
*Briſtol	*Som.*	W. F. S.	113½
Broadway	*Gloc.*	——	90
Bromley	*Kent*	Thurſ.	9½
Bromley	*Staff.*	Tueſ.	129½
Bromyard	*Hertf.*	Tueſ.	123
Bromſgrove	*Worc.*	Tueſ.	115
Brough	*Weſtm.*	Thurſ.	258½
Bruton	*Som.*	Satur.	109
Buckenham	*Norf.*	Satur.	96½
*Buckingham	*Bucks*	Satur.	57½
Buddeſdale	*Suff.*	Thurſ.	87½
Bugden	*Hunt.*	——	61
Builth	*Brec.*	M. S.	171
Bungay	*Suff.*	Thurſ.	107
Bunny	*Nott.*	——	116
Buntingford	*Herts*	Mond.	31
Burford	*Oxf.*	Satur.	71
Burgh	*Linc.*	——	133
Burlington	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	208
Burnham	*Norf.*	M. S.	126½
Burnham	*Eſſex*	——	48½
Burnley	*Lanc.*	Mond.	207½
Burton	*Linc.*	Mond.	164½
Burton	*Weſtm.*	Tueſ.	246½
Burton	*Staff.*	Thurſ.	124
Bury	*Lanc.*	Thurſ.	190
*Bury St. Edmunds	*Suff.*	W. S.	72
Buxton	*Derb.*	——	159½

*Caer-

C

*Caermarthen	*Caerm.*	W. S.	207
*Caernarvon	*Caern.*	Satur.	251½
Caerleon	*Monm.*	Thurſ.	147½
Caerfilly	*Glam.*	Thurſ.	158
Caerwis	*Flint.*	Tueſ.	203
*Callington	*Cornw.*	Wedn.	217
*Calne	*Wilts*	Tueſ.	87½
*Cambridge	*Camb.*	W. S.	51
*Camelford	*Corn.*	Friday	228½
Campden	*Gloc.*	Wedn.	86½
Cannock	*Staff.*	——	123½
*Canterbury	*Kent*	W. S.	56
*Cardiff	*Glam.*	W. S.	164
*Cardigan	*Card.*	Tu. S.	225
*Carliſle	*Cumb.*	Satur.	301½
Cartmel	*Lanc.*	Mond.	260½
Caſtle Carey	*Som.*	Tueſ.	112
Caſtlecomb	*Wilts*	——	99
Caſtle Bromwich	*Warw.*	——	106
*Caſtle Riſing	*Norf.*	——	103
Caſton	*Norf.*	Mond.	112½
Caſtor	*Linc.*	Satur.	159
Catſworth	*Hunt.*	——	61½
Catterick	*Yorkſh.*	——	225
Cawood	*Yorkſh.*	——	186
Caxton	*Camb.*	Tueſ.	49
Cerne	*Dorſet.*	Wedn.	121
Chapel in Frith	*Derb.*	Satur.	165
Chapel Houſe	*Oxf.*	——	73
Chard	*Som.*	Mond.	141
Charing	*Kent*	——	49
Charlebury	*Oxf.*	——	68
Chalfont	*Bucks*	——	23
Chatham	*Kent*	——	31
Chatteris	*Camb.*	——	70
Cheadle	*Staff.*	Satur.	146
Chegford	*Devon*	——	188½
Chellington	*Bedf.*	——	58
Chelmsford	*Eſſex*	Friday	28½
Cheltenham	*Gloc.*	Thurſ.	95
Chepſtow	*Monm.*	Satur.	127
Chertſey	*Surrey*	Wedn.	20
Cheſham	*Bucks*	Wedn.	29
Cheſhunt	*Herts*	——	13
*Cheſter	*Cheſh.*	W. S.	181½
Cheſter le Street	*Durh.*	——	263
Cheſterfield	*Derb.*	Satur.	149
Cheſterford	*Eſſex*	——	44½
Chewton	*Som.*	——	120½
*Chicheſter	*Suſſex*	W. S.	61
Chidiock	*Dorſet*	——	138
Chiddingfold	*Surrey*	——	40
Chigwell	*Eſſex*	——	10½
Chimleigh	*Devon*	Wedn.	193½
*Chippenham	*Wilts*	Satur.	93½
Chippenham	*Camb.*	——	64
Chipping Norton	*Oxf.*	Wedn.	74
Chiſlehurſt	*Kent*	——	11¼
Chorley	*Lanc.*	Satur.	206
*Chriſtchurch	*Hants*	Mond.	98
Chudleigh	*Devon.*	Satur.	183
*Cirenceſter	*Gloc.*	M. F.	89
Clare	*Suff.*	Mond.	56
Clay	*Norf.*	——	125
Claydon	*Suff.*	——	73½
Cleobury	*Salop*	Wedn.	136
Cliff	*Northamp.*	Tueſ.	88
*Clithero	*Lanc.*	Satur.	213½
Clown	*Derb.*	——	150
Cobham	*Surrey*	——	19½
*Cockermouth	*Cumb.*	Mond.	299
Coggeſhall	*Eſſex*	Satur.	44

Coldſtream	*Berw.*	——	332½
*Colcheſter	*Eſſex*	W. S.	51
Colnbrook	*Bucks*	Wedn.	17¼
Coleſhill	*Warw.*	Wedn.	103
Coleſhill	*Berks*	——	74
Colford	*Gloc.*	Tueſ.	123
Colne	*Lanc.*	Wedn.	214
Colney	*Herts*	——	18¼
Coltſworth	*Linc.*	——	102
Collumpton	*Devon.*	Satur.	159
Comb Martin	*Devon.*	——	176
Congleton	*Cheſh.*	Satur.	164
Conway	*Caerm.*	——	235
*Corfe Caſtle	*Dorſet.*	Thurſ.	120
Cornhill	*Numb.*	——	331
Corſham	*Wilts*	——	96½
Corwen	*Denb.*	——	193
*Coventry	*Warw.*	Friday	91
Cowbridge	*Glam.*	Tueſ.	176
Cowes	*Hants*	——	86
Cranborn	*Dorſet.*	Wedn.	93½
Cranbrook	*Kent*	Satur.	52
Cranford Bridge	*Midd.*	——	12¼
Crawley	*Suſſex*	——	31
Crayford	*Kent*	Tueſ.	14
Cray (St. Mary's)	*Kent*	——	13½
Cray (Foot's)	*Kent*	——	12
Crediton	*Devon.*	Satur.	180½
Crewkherne	*Som.*	Satur.	112½
*Cricklade	*Wilts*	Satur.	83½
Crickieth	*Caern.*	Wedn.	236½
Crickhowel	*Brec.*	Thurſ.	149¼
Cromer	*Norf.*	Satur.	127¼
Crowland	*Linc.*	Satur.	93
Crowle	*Linc.*	——	169
Croydon	*Surrey*	Satur.	9½
Cuckfield	*Suſſex*	Friday	40
Culliford	*Devon.*	——	150
Culliton	*Devon.*	Thurſ.	150½
Curry (North)	*Som.*	——	134
D			
Dalkeith	*Scotland*	——	372½
Dalton	*Lanc.*	Satur.	273½
Danbury	*Eſſex*	——	30¼
Darking	*Surrey*	Thurſ.	23
Darlaſton	*Staff.*	——	141½
Darlington	*Durh.*	Mond.	238½
Dartford	*Kent*	Satur.	15¼
*Dartmouth	*Devon*	Friday	204
Datchet	*Midd.*	——	19½
Daventry	*Namp.*	Wedn.	72
Deal	*Kent*	Thurſ.	72
Dean	*Gloc.*	Mond.	112
Dean	*Namp.*	——	81½
Debenham	*Suffolk*	Friday	83½
Deddington	*Oxford.*	Tueſ.	69½
Dedham	*Eſſex*	——	58
Deeping	*Linc.*	Thurſ.	89½
*Denbigh	*Denb.*	Wedn.	208
Deptford	*Kent*	——	4¼
*Derby	*Derby.*	Friday	126
Dereham	*Norfolk*	Friday	100½
*Devizes	*Wilts*	Thurſ.	88½
Dinaſmouthy	*Mer.*	Friday	196
Diſley	*Cheſh.*	——	169
Diſs	*Norfolk*	Friday	91¼
Dodbrook	*Devon.*	Wedn.	219½
Dollegelly	*Mer.*	Tueſ.	205
Doncaſter	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	160
Donnington	*Linc.*	Satur.	110½
*Dorcheſter	*Dorſet.*	W. S.	120
Dorcheſter	*Oxford.*	——	49¼
*Dover	*Kent*	W. S.	71¼
Downham	*Norf.*	Satur.	86

*Downton

*Downton	*Wilts*	Friday	82
Drayton	*Salop*	Wedn.	154
Driffield	*Yorksh.*	——	195
*Droitwich	*Worc.*	Friday	118¼
Dronfield	*Derb.*	Thurf.	155
Dudley	*Worc.*	Satur.	120
Dulverton	*Som.*	Satur.	164
Dunbar	*Scotland*	——	362
Dunchurch	*Warw.*	——	80
Dunckton	*Wilts*	Friday	83
Dunmow	*Eſſex*	Satur.	40
Dunſtable	*Bedf.*	Wedn.	33½
Dunſter	*Som.*	Friday	158½
*Dunwich	*Suffolk*	Satur.	99
*Durham	*Durham*	Satur.	257
Durſley	*Gloc.*	Thurf.	107½
E.			
Ealand	*Yorkſh.*	——	194
Eaſingwold	*Yorkſh.*	——	210½
Eaſtbourn	*Suſſex*	——	64½
*Eaſtloo	*Cornw.*	Satur.	232
Eaton	*Bedf.*	——	54¾
Eccleſhall	*Staff.*	Friday	142½
Eccleſtone	*Lanc.*	——	206
Edenbridge	*Kent*	——	28
Edgeware	*Midd.*	Thurf.	8
Edinburgh	*Edin.*	Daily	378½
Edmonton	*Midd.*	——	7
Egham	*Surrey*	——	18
Egremont	*Cumb.*	Satur.	299
Elham	*Kent*	Mond.	66¼
Elmdon	*Warw.*	——	103
Eltham	*Kent*	Mond.	8
Elſdon	*Numb.*	——	301
Elleſmere	*Salop*	Tueſ.	176
Elſtree	*Herts*	——	11
*Ely	*Camb.*	Satur.	68
Enfield	*Midd.*	Satur.	9½
Enſton	*Oxford.*	——	69½
Epping	*Eſſex*	Friday	16½
Epſom	*Surrey*	Daily	14½
Eſher	*Surrey*	——	16
Everley	*Wilts*	——	76½
Everſhot	*Dorſet.*	Friday	129
*Eveſham	*Worc.*	Mond.	94½
Ewell	*Surrey*	Thurf.	13
*Exeter	*Devon.*	W. F.	173
*Eye	*Suffolk*	Satur.	91
Eynſham	*Oxford.*	——	59
F.			
Fairford	*Gloc.*	——	80½
Fakenham	*Norfolk*	Thurf.	110½
Falmouth	*Cornw.*	Thurf.	268
Fareham	*Hants.*	Wedn.	74½
Farnborough	*Kent*	——	32
Farningham	*Kent*	——	18
Farnham	*Surrey*	Thurf.	74½
Farringdon	*Berks*	Tueſ.	50
Feltham	*Midd.*	——	13½
Ferrybridge	*Yorkſh.*	——	175¼
Ferryhill	*Durham*	——	259
Feverſham	*Kent*	W. S.	47¼
Findon	*Suſſex*	——	55
Fiſkard	*Pemb.*	Friday	242½
Flamborough	*Yorkſh.*	——	211½
*Flint	*Flint.*	——	194
Folkingham	*Kent*	Thurf.	106
Folkſtone	*Kent*	Thurf.	72
Fordingbridge	*Hants*	Satur.	87½
Fulſham	*Norfolk*	Tueſ.	111
Four Croſſes	*Staff.*	——	124½
*Fowey	*Cornw.*	Satur.	240
Framlingham	*Suffolk*	Satur.	87½
Frampton	*Dorſet.*	Thurf.	126

Frant	*Suſſex*	——	37
Frimley	*Surrey*	——	30½
Frodſham	*Cheſh.*	Wedn.	182
Frodingham	*Yorkſh.*	Thurſ.	194½
Frome	*Som.*	Wedn.	104
Fulham	*Midd.*	——	4
G.			
Gainſborough	*Linc.*	Tueſ.	151
Garſtang	*Lanc.*	Thurſ.	224¾
*Gatton	*Surrey*	——	20
Giſburn	*Yorkſh.*	Mond.	219½
Giſborough	*Yorkſh.*	Mond.	247½
Glandford Bridge	*Linc.*	Thurſ.	156
Glaſtonbury	*Som.*	Tueſ.	125½
Glen	*Leic.*	——	91½
*Gloceſter	*Gloc.*	W. S.	106
Godalmin	*Surrey*	Satur.	33½
Godmancheſter	*Hunt.*	——	58
Godſtone	*Surrey*	——	19
Golzenna	*Cornw.*	——	281¾
Goſberton	*Linc.*	——	197
Goſport	*Hants*	Thurſ.	78½
Goudhurſt	*Kent*	Wedn.	44
*Grampound	*Cornw.*	Satur.	244
*Grantham	*Linc.*	Satur.	110
Graveſend	*Kent*	W. S.	22½
Grays	*Eſſex*	Thurſ.	24¼
Greenlaw	*Scotland*	——	347½
Greenwich	*Kent*	W. S.	6
*Grimſby	*Linc.*	Wedn.	170
*Grinſtead, Eaſt	*Suſſex*	Thurſ.	29
Grulam	*Cheſh.*	——	173
*Guildford	*Surrey*	Satur.	29½
H.			
Haddington	*Scotland*	——	373
Hadley	*Suffolk*	Mond.	63½
Hales Owen	*Shrop.*	——	124
Haleſworth	*Suffolk*	Tueſ.	101½
Halifax	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	197
Hallaton	*Leic.*	Thurſ.	90
Haliſtead	*Eſſex*	Friday	46¾
Haltweſel	*Numb.*	——	314
Ham	*Surrey*	——	10½
Hammerſmith	*Midd.*	——	4
Hampſtead	*Midd.*	——	4¼
Hampton	*Gloc.*	Thurſ.	99
Hampton Court	*Midd.*	——	13¾
Hanwell	*Midd.*	——	8
Harborough	*Leic.*	Tueſ.	83½
Harding	*Flint.*	——	188
Harewood	*Yorkſh.*	——	200½
Harleigh	*Mer.*	Satur.	223
Harleſton	*Norfolk*	Wedn.	100
Harling	*Norfolk*	Tueſ.	188
Harlow	*Eſſex*	——	23
Harold	*Bedf.*	——	59
Harrow	*Midd.*	——	10
Harrogate	*Yorkſh.*	——	208
Harford Bridge	*Hants.*	——	36
Hartland	*Devon.*	Satur.	213
Hartlepool	*Durham*	Mond.	254
*Harwich	*Eſſex*	Tueſ.	71½
*Haſlemere	*Surrey*	Tueſ.	42
Haſlingdon	*Lanc.*	Wedn.	195¾
*Haſtings	*Suſſex*	W. S.	64
Hatfield	*Herts*	Thurſ.	19½
Hatfield	*Eſſex*	Satur.	30
Hatfield	*Yorkſh.*	——	162½
Hatheleigh	*Devon*	Friday	201
Havant	*Hants*	Satur.	64½
*Haverfordweſt	*Pemb.*	Tu. Sat.	239½
Haverill	*Suff.*	Wedn.	59
Haulton	*Cheſh.*	Satur.	184½
Hawkhurſt	*Kent*	——	56½

Hawick	*Scotland*	——	341
Hawkshead	*Lanc.*	Mond.	273½
Hay	*Brec.*	Satur.	151
Haylsham	*Sussex*	Satur.	58
Haywood	*Staff.*	——	130½
Hedingham	*Essex*	——	48
Helmsley	*Yorksh.*	Satur.	220
Helston	*Cornw.*	Mond.	274
Hemel Hempstead	*Herts*	Thu. s.	22½
Hendon	*Midd.*	——	7
Henley	*Oxf.*	W. F. S.	35
Henley	*Warw.*	Tues.	102
*Hereford	*Heref.*	Satur.	130
*Hertford	*Hertf.*	Satur.	21
Hexham	*N.umb.*	Tues.	284
*Heydon	*Yorksh.*	Thurs.	181
*Heytesbury	*Wilts*	——	93
*Higham Ferrers	*N.amp.*	Satur.	65½
Highgate	*Midd.*	——	4½
Highworth	*Wilts*	Wedn.	77
Hilmorton	*Warw.*	——	82½
Hillingdon	*Midd.*	——	14
Hinckley	*Leic.*	Mond.	99½
*Hindon	*Wilts*	Thurs.	97¼
Hingham	*Norfolk*	Satur.	97¼
Hitchin	*Herts*	Tues.	34
*Hithe	*Kent*	Satur.	67½
Hockerill	*Herts*	——	30
Hockcliff	*Bedf.*	——	37¾
Hoddesdon	*Herts*	Thurs.	17
Holbeach	*Leic.*	Thurs.	108½
Holloway	*Midd.*	——	3
Holm	*Cumb.*	Satur.	310½
Holmes Chapel	*Chesh.*	——	165
Holt	*Norfolk*	Satur.	122
Holt	*Wilts*	——	99½
Holyhead	*Angl.*	——	276
Holywell	*Flint.*	Friday	212½
*Honiton	*Devon.*	Satur.	156½
Hornby	*Lanc.*	——	245
Horncastle	*Linc.*	Satur.	136
Hornchurch	*Essex*	——	14
Hornsey	*Yorksh.*	Mond.	188
*Horsham	*Sussex*	Satur.	36
Houlsworthy	*Devon.*	Satur.	214½
Hounslow	*Midd.*	Thurs.	9½
Howden	*Yorksh.*	Satur.	179½
Huddersfield	*Yorksh.*	Tues.	189
*Hull	*Yorksh.*	Tu. Sat.	173
Hungerford	*Berks*	Wedn.	64½
Hunmanby	*Yorksh.*	Tues.	209
Hunstanton	*Norfolk*	——	115
*Huntingdon	*Hunt.*	Satur.	59
Huntspill	*Som.*	——	143
I.			
Jew Market	*Cornw.*	Thurs.	283
*Ilchester	*Som.*	Wedn.	123½
Ilford	*Essex*	——	6¼
Ilfracomb	*Devon.*	Satur.	181
Ilminster	*Som.*	Satur.	137½
Ilsley	*Berks*	Wedn.	53½
Ingatestone	*Essex*	——	23
Ingleton	*Yorksh.*	——	246
*Ipswich	*Suff.*	W. T. S.	69
Ireby	*Cumb.*	Satur.	299½
Isleworth	*Midd.*	——	8¼
Islington	*Midd.*	——	1
Islip	*Oxf.*	——	56
Iversey Bank	*Staff.*	——	132
Ivingho	*Bucks*	Friday	32
Joy Bridge	*Devon.*	——	205
Ixworth	*Suff.*	Friday	78½
K.			
Kegworth	*Leic.*	——	89

Keighly	*Yorkſh.*	Wedn.	209
Kellington	*Cornw.*	Wedn.	217
Kelſo	*Scotland*	——	338½
Kelvedon	*Eſſex*	——	41
Kendal	*Weſtm.*	Satur.	259¼
Keſwick	*Cumb.*	Satur.	287¼
Kettering	*N.amp.*	Friday	75
Keynſham	*Som.*	Thurſ.	115
Kidderminſter	*Worc.*	Satur.	125
Kidwelly	*Caerm.*	Thurſ.	224½
Kilburn	*Midd.*	——	2¾
Killgaren	*Pemb.*	Wedn.	227
Kilham	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	200
Kimbolton	*Hunt.*	Friday	62¾
Kineton	*Warw.*	Tueſ.	88
Kingſbridge	*Devon.*	Satur.	218¼
Kingſclear	*Hants*	Tueſ.	55¾
Kingſton	*Surrey*	Satur.	11½
Kirby	*Cumb.*	——	270
Kirby Lonſdale	*Weſtm.*	Thurſ.	253
Kirby Stephen	*Weſtm.*	Mond.	281½
Kirby Moreſide	*Yorkſh.*	Wedn.	225½
Kirkham	*Lanc.*	Tueſ.	223
Kirkoſwald	*Cumb.*	Thurſ.	292
Kirton Lindſey	*Linc.*	Satur.	151
*Knareſborough	*Yorkſh.*	Wedn.	211
Knighton	*Radn.*	Thurſ.	155
Knotsford	*Cheſh.*	Satur.	173
Kyneton	*Heref.*	Wedn.	149½
L.			
Lamberhurſt	*Suſſex*	——	40
Lamborn	*Berks*	Friday	66
*Lancaſter	*Lanc.*	Satur.	235
*Landaff	*Glam.*	——	166
Land's End	*Cornw.*	——	298
Langholm	*Scotland*	——	318
Langley	*Herts*	——	29½
Lamport	*Som.*	Satur.	127¾
Lauder	*Scotland*	——	355½
*Launceſton	*Cornw.*	Satur.	214
Lavenham	*Suff.*	Tueſ.	61
Lavington	*Wilts*	Wedn.	88¼
Lea	*Heref.*	——	111
Learmouth	*N.umb.*	——	329
Leatherhead	*Surrey*	——	18½
Lechlade	*Gloc.*	Tueſ.	77
Ledbury	*Heref.*	Tueſ.	118¼
Lee	*Eſſex*	——	39¼
Leeds	*Yorkſh.*	Tu. S.	192¼
Leek	*Staff.*	Wedn.	154¼
*Leiceſter	*Leic.*	Satur.	96½
Leigh	*Lanc.*	——	189¼
Leighton Buzzard	*Bedf.*	Tueſ.	41
Leming	*Yorkſh.*	——	218½
Lenham	*Kent*	——	47½
*Leominſter	*Heref.*	Friday	137
*Leſkard	*Cornw.*	Satur.	221
*Leſtwithiel	*Cornw.*	Friday	230
*Lewes	*Suſſex*	Satur.	49
Lewiſham	*Kent*	——	5½
Leyburn	*Yorkſh.*	——	232
Lidney	*Gloc.*	Wedn.	118½
*Lichfield	*Staff.*	Tu. S.	118¼
*Lime	*Dorſ.*	Friday	143½
*Lincoln	*Linc.*	Friday	133
Linton	*Camb.*	Thurſ.	48½
Lippock	*Hants*	——	46
*Liverpool	*Lanc.*	Satur.	201½
Llanbeder	*Card.*	Tueſ.	197
Llandilovaur	*Caerm.*	Tueſ.	194¼
Llanlethy	*Caerm.*	Tueſ.	216
Llangadoe	*Caerm.*	Tueſ.	185½
Llangallen	*Denb.*	Thurſ.	183
Llanarth	*Card.*	Tueſ.	212

Llantriſſent	*Glam.*	Friday	166½
Llanvilling	*Mont.*	Tueſ.	179
Llanydlos	*Mont.*	Satur.	180
Llanrooſt	*Denb.*	Tueſ.	219
Llanymddovrey	*Caerm.*	W. S.	181
Llangham	*Caerm.*	Friday	233
Loddon	*Norf.*	Friday	113½
Longnor	*Staff.*	——	162
Longtown	*Cumb.*	Thurſ.	307½
Loughborough	*Leic.*	Thurſ.	109
Louth	*Linc.*	W. S.	148
Loweſtoff	*Suff.*	Wedn.	117
Looe	*Cornw.*	Satur.	232
*Ludlow	*Salop*	Mond.	138
*Ludgerſhall	*Wilts*	——	72
Luton	*Bedf.*	Mond.	31¼
Lutterworth	*Leic.*	Thurſ.	88½
Lydd	*Kent*	Thurſ.	71¼
*Lymington	*Hants*	Satur.	89¾
*Lynn	*Norf.*	Tu. Sat.	106
Lyſton	*Devon.*	Satur.	210
M.			
Macclesfield	*Cheſh.*	Mond.	171½
Mackynleth	*Mont.*	Mond.	198
Maidenhead	*Berks*	Wedn.	26
*Maidſtone	*Kent*	Thurſ.	35
*Maldon	*Eſſex*	Satur.	37
Malford	*Wilts*	——	97¼
Malling	*Kent*	Satur.	29½
Malmſbury	*Wilts*	Satur.	95
Malpas	*Cheſh.*	Mond.	166
*Malton	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	215
Malwood	*Hants*	——	82
Mancheſter	*Lanc.*	Satur.	182
Maningtree	*Eſſex*	Tueſ.	60
Mansfield	*Nott.*	Thurſ.	140
March	*Camb.*	Friday	79
Maresfield	*Suſſex*	——	40¾
Margate	*Kent*	——	72
Market Raiſin	*Leic.*	Thurſ.	151½
*Marlborough	*Wilts*	Satur.	74½
*Marlow	*Bucks*	Satur.	31
Marſhfield	*Gloc.*	Tueſ.	102¼
Maſham	*Yorkſh.*	Wedn.	220¼
Matlock	*Derb.*	——	143½
Mayfield	*Suſſex*	——	44
*Melcomb	*Dorſet.*	Tu. F.	129
Melford	*Suff.*	——	59½
Melkſham	*Wilts*	——	96
Melton Mowbray	*Leic.*	Tueſ.	106¼
Mendleſham	*Suff.*	Tueſ.	82
Mean	*Hants*	——	59
Merazion	*Corn.*	Thurſ.	283
Mere	*Wilts*	Tueſ.	100¼
Meriden	*Warw.*	——	97¼
Merrington	*Durham*	——	248½
Methwould	*Norf.*	Tueſ.	86½
Micheldean	*Gloceſt.*	Mond.	112
*Midhurſt	*Suſſex*	Thurſ.	49¼
Middleham	*Yorkſh.*	Mond.	229
Middleton	*Lanc.*	——	189½
Middlewich	*Cheſh.*	Tueſ.	166¾
*Milborn Port	*Somerſ.*	——	112
Mildenhall	*Suffolk*	Friday	69½
Mill-hill	*Midd.*	——	9
Milton	*Dorſet.*	Tueſ.	111¼
Milton	*Kent*	Satur.	42
Mims	*Herts*	——	15
*Minehead	*Som.*	Wedn.	161
Miſſenden	*Bucks*	——	29
Miſtley Thorn	*Eſſex*	——	60¼
Mitcham	*Surrey*	——	8
Modbury	*Devon.*	Thurſ.	208
*Monmouth	*Monm.*	Satur.	128

*Montgomery	*Mont.*	Tuef.	161
*Morpeth	*N.umb.*	Wedn.	287
Morton	*Gloc.*	Tuef.	82½
Morton	*Devon.*	Satur.	185
Moſſpaul	*Scotl.*	——	328
Mould	*Flint.*	——	201½
Moulton, South	*Devon.*	Satur.	179½
Mountſorrel	*Leic.*	Mond.	105
N.			
Namptwich	*Cheſh.*	Satur.	162
Narbarth	*Pemb.*	Wedn.	229½
Neath	*Glam.*	Satur.	100½
Needham	*Suff.*	Wedn.	73
Neſton	*Cheſh.*	——	191¼
Nettlebed	*Oxf.*	——	40
*Newark	*Nott.*	Wedn.	124
Newburgh	*Angl.*	Tuef.	25½
Newbury	*Berks*	Thurſ.	56
*Newcaſtle	*N.umb.*	Tu. S.	271½
*Newcaſtle	*Staff.*	Mond.	148¾
Newcaſtle	*Caern.*	Friday	219
Newent	*Gloc.*	Friday	110
Newhaven	*Suſſex*	——	56
Newin	*Caern.*	Satur.	249½
Newmarket	*Camb.*	Thurſ.	60½
Newmarket	*Flint.*	——	206¾
Newnham	*Gloc.*	Friday	112
*Newp rt	*Cornw.*	——	214
Newport	*Monm.*	Satur.	151
Newport	*Salop*	Satur.	140
*Newport	*Hants*	W. S.	92
Newport	*Pemb.*	Satur.	235½
Newport Pagnell	*Bucks*	Satur.	51
*Newton	*Lanc.*	Satur.	189½
Newton Buſhel	*Devon.*	Wedn.	188
*Newton	*Hants*	——	93
Newton	*Salop*	——	145½
Newton	*Mont.*	Satur.	169
Neyland	*Suff.*	Friday	57
*Northallerton	*Yorkſh.*	Wedn.	283
*Northampton	*N.amp.*	Satur.	66
North End	*Midd.*	——	5
Northfleet	*Kent*	——	21
Northiam	*Suſſex*	——	64
Northlech	*Gloc.*	Wedn.	80
Northop	*Flint.*	——	193
Northwich	*Cheſh.*	Friday	172¾
*Norwich	*Norf.*	W. F. S.	109
*Nottingham	*Nott.*	W. S.	123
Nuneaton	*Warw.*	Satur.	99¼
Nutley	*Suſſex*	——	37
O.			
Oakham	*Rutl.*	Satur.	96
*Oakhampton	*Devon.*	Satur.	195
Odiam	*Hants*	Satur.	42
Offam	*Kent*	——	28
Okingham	*Berks*	Tuef.	32
Ollerton	*Nott.*	——	137
Ongar	*Eſſex*	Satur.	21
*Orford	*Suſſex*	Mond.	88
Ormſkirk	*Lanc.*	Tuef.	206¼
Ortney	*Salop*	——	180¼
Orton	*Weſtm.*	Wedn.	271½
Oſmondſton	*Norf.*	——	93
Oſweſtry	*Salop*	Wedn.	172
Otley	*Yorkſh.*	Friday	202½
Ottery	*Devon.*	Tuef.	156
Oulney	*Bucks*	Mond.	56
Oundle	*N.amp.*	Satur.	83
Overton	*Hants*	——	54½
*Oxford	*Oxford.*	W. S.	58
P.			
Paddington	*Midd.*	——	1
Padſtow	*Cornw.*	Satur.	243½

Pancras

Pancras	*Midd.*	——	1½
Painſwick	*Glo.*	Tueſ.	101
Parkgate	*Cheſh.*	——	193
Patrington	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	191
Pembridge	*Herts.*	Tueſ.	145¼
*Pembroke	*Pemb.*	Satur.	237½
Penkridge	*Staff.*	Tueſ.	129½
Penrice	*Glam.*	Thurſ.	219
Penrith	*Cumb.*	Tueſ.	283½
*Penryn	*Cornw.*	W. F. S.	266
Penſford	*Som.*	Tueſ.	117½
Penzance	*Cornw.*	Thurſ.	286½
Perſebridge	*Durh.*	——	236½
Perſhore	*Worc.*	Tueſ.	102
*Peterborough	*N.amp.*	Satur.	81¼
*Petersfield	*Hants*	Satur.	53½
Peterſham	*Surrey*	——	12
Petherton	*Som.*	Tueſ.	131½
Petworth	*Suſſex*	Satur.	49
Pickering	*Yorkſh.*	Mond.	221½
*Plymouth	*Devon.*	M. Th.	216
*Plympton	*Devon.*	Satur.	218
Pocklington	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	196
Poleſworth	*Warw.*	——	112
*Pontefract	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	175
Pontypool	*Monm.*	Satur.	146
*Poole	*Dorſet.*	Mond.	105
Popham Lane	*Hants*	——	52
Porlock	*Somer.*	Thurſ.	167
*Portſmouth	*Hants*	Th. S.	72
Potton	*Bedf.*	Satur.	48
Poulton	*Lanc.*	Mond.	231
Preſcot	*Lanc.*	Tueſ.	195
Preſteign	*Radn.*	Satur.	149½
*Preſton	*Lanc.*	W. F. S.	214
Prittlewell	*Eſſex*	——	41
Probus	*Cornw.*	——	246
Puckeridge	*Herts*	——	26¼
Pulhely	*Caern.*	Wedn.	243½
Putney	*Surrey*	——	7¼
Q.			
Quat	*Salop*	——	134½
*Queenborough	*Kent*	M. Th.	45¼
Queenhope	*Flint.*	——	194½
Quarndon	*Leic.*	——	106½
R.			
*Radnor	*Radn.*	Thurſ.	156½
Ragland	*Monm.*	——	136
Ramſgate	*Kent*	——	73
Ramſey	*Hunt.*	Satur.	68¼
Ravenglaſs	*Cumb.*	Satur.	284½
Rayleigh	*Eſſex*	Satur.	34
*Reading	*Berks*	Satur.	39
Redbourn	*Linc.*	——	151
Redburn	*Hertf.*	——	25½
Redruth	*Cornw.*	——	262½
Repeham	*Norf.*	Satur.	109½
*Retford	*Nott.*	Satur.	144¼
Rhoyadergowy	*Radn.*	Wedn.	177½
*Richmond	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	230
Richmond	*Surrey*	——	8½
Rickmanſworth	*Hertf.*	Satur.	18½
Ringwood	*Hants*	Wedn.	91
Ripley	*Surrey*	——	23½
Ripley	*Yorkſh.*	Mond.	211
*Rippon	*Yorkſh.*	Thurſ.	218½
Riſborough	*Bucks*	Satur.	37
Riverhead	*Kent*	——	21¼
Rochdale	*Lanc.*	M. S.	195
*Rocheſter	*Kent*	Friday	30
Rochford	*Eſſex*	Thurſ.	39¼
Rockingham	*N.amp.*	Thurſ.	81
Roding	*Eſſex*	——	30
*Romney	*Kent*	Thurſ.	71

Roſs	*Heref.*	Thurſ.	115
Rothbury	*N.umb.*	——	302
Rotherbridge	*Suſſex*	——	51
Rotherfield	*Suſſex*	——	42
Rotherham	*Yorkſh.*	Mond.	160
Rothwell	*N.amp.*	Mond.	79
Royſton	*Herts*	Wedn.	37
Rugby	*Warw.*	Satur.	85
Rugely	*Staff.*	Tueſ.	126
Rumford	*Eſſex*	T. W.	11¾
Ramſey	*Hants*	Satur.	74
Ruſhden	*N.amp.*	——	64
Ruthyn	*Denb.*	Mond.	206½
*Rye	*Suſſex*	W S.	72½
*Ryegate	*Surrey*	Tueſ.	21
S.			
*St. Albans	*Herts*	Satur.	19¾
*St. Aſaph	*Flint.*	Satur.	211
St. Auſtle	*Cornw.*	Friday	237½
St. Blaiſe	*Cornw.*	——	234
St. Clear	*Caerm.*	——	216½
St. Columb	*Cornw.*	Thurſ.	249
*St. David's	*Pemb.*	Wedn.	255¼
*St. Germain's	*Cornw.*	Friday	224
St. Juſt	*Cornw.*	——	287
*St. Ives	*Cornw.*	W. S.	276½
St. Ives	*Hunt.*	Mond.	59
*St. Mawes	*Cornw.*	——	256
*St. Michael	*Cornw.*	——	249½
St. Neots	*Hunt.*	Thurſ.	55½
St. Oſyth	*Eſſex*	——	62
*Saliſbury	*Wilts*	Tu. S.	83
*Saltaſh	*Cornw.*	Satur.	220
Saltfleet	*Linc.*	Satur.	158
Salthill	*Bucks*	——	21½
Sandbach	*Cheſh.*	Thurſ.	161½
Sandon	*Staff.*	——	136
*Sandwich	*Kent*	W. S.	67
*Sarum (Old)	*Wilts*	——	82
Sawbridgeworth	*Herts*	——	26
Saxmundham	*Suffolk*	Thurſ.	89
*Scarborough	*Yorkſh.*	Thurſ.	237
Schole	*Norf.*	——	95
*Seaford	*Suſſex*	——	59¼
Sedberg	*Weſtm.*	——	268¼
Sedcup	*Kent*	——	11
Seeching	*Norf.*	Tueſ.	98
Selby	*Yorkſh.*	Mond.	182
Selkirk	*Scotl.*	——	352
Settle	*Yorkſh.*	Tueſ.	235
Sevenoaks	*Kent*	Satur.	23¼
*Shafteſbury	*Dorſet.*	Satur.	102
Shap	*Weſtm.*	——	273
Sheffield	*Yorkſh.*	Tueſ.	161
Shefford	*Berks*	——	64
Shefford	*Bedf.*	Friday	41
Shefnal	*Salop*	Friday	136¼
Shepperton	*Midd.*	——	19¼
Shepwaſh	*Devon.*	——	205¼
Sherborne	*Dorſet.*	Th. Sat.	117½
Sherburn	*Yorkſh.*	Friday	181¼
Shipton Mallet	*Som.*	Friday	114½
Shipſton	*Worc.*	Friday	83
*Shoreham	*Suſſex*	Satur.	56
*Shrewſbury	*Salop*	W. F. S.	160
Schrivenham	*Berks*	——	76¼
Sidmouth	*Devon.*	——	158
Silſoe	*Bedf.*	——	40¼
Sittingbourn	*Kent*	——	40¼
Shipton	*Yorkſh.*	Satur.	231
Sleaford	*Linc.*	Mon.	115¼
Slough	*Bucks.*	——	20½
Smarden	*Kent*	Friday	56
Snareſbrook	*Eſſex*	——	6¼

Snaith	*Yorksh.*	Friday	174
Snettisham	*Norf.*	Friday	111
Soberton	*Hants*	——	67
Sodbury	*Gloc.*	Thurs.	112
Soham	*Cumb.*	Satur.	70½
Solihul	*Warw.*	——	107
Somerton	*Som.*	Tues.	122¾
Southam	*Warw.*	Mond.	83
*Southampton	*Hants*	T. T. S.	75½
Southminster	*Essex*	——	47
South Church	*Essex*	——	44¼
Southwell	*Nott.*	Satur.	139½
Southwold	*Suffolk*	Thurs.	103¾
Spalding	*Linc.*	Tues.	100
Spilsby	*Linc.*	Mond.	132
Staines	*Middl.*	Friday	16¾
*Stafford	*Staff.*	Satur.	135½
Stalbridge	*Dorset.*	Tues.	111
*Stamford	*Linc.*	M. F.	96
Standon	*Herts*	Friday	27
Stanhope	*Durh.*	Tues.	26½
Stanley	*Midd.*	——	10
Stanmore	*Gloc.*	Satur.	104½
Stanstead	*Essex*	——	32¾
Staplehurst	*Kent*	——	47½
Stevenage	*Herts*	Friday	31
*Steyning	*Sussex*	Wedn.	50
Stilton	*Hunt.*	——	74¾
*Stockbridge	*Hants*	Thurs.	67
Stockport	*Chesh.*	Friday	175½
Stockton	*Derb*	Wedn.	244
Stokesley	*Yorksh.*	Satur.	239½
Stone	*Staff.*	Tues.	139¾
Stone Crouch	*Kent*	——	43
Stortford (Bishop's)	*Herts*	Thurs.	30
Stoughton	*Hunt.*	——	58¼
Stow Market	*Suff.*	Thurs.	75½
Stowey	*Som.*	Tues.	145
Stratford on Avon	*Warw.*	Thurs.	94
Stratford	*Essex*	——	3½
Stratford (Fenny)	*Bucks*	Mond.	45
Stratford (Stony)	*Bucks*	Friday	52
Stratton	*Cornw.*	Tues.	221½
Stratton	*Norfolk*	——	105
Stretham	*Surrey*	——	5
Stretton (Church)	*Salop*	Thurs.	153
Stroud	*Gloc.*	Friday	102
Stroud	*Kent*	——	29
Stourbridge	*Worc.*	Friday	124½
Sturminster	*Dors.*	Thurs.	111
*Sudbury	*Suff.*	Satur.	56
Summer Court	*Cornw.*	——	248
Sunbury	*Midd.*	——	16¼
Sunderland	*Durh.*	Friday	270
Sutton	*Hants*	——	60
Sutton	*Surrey*	——	11
Sutton Colefield	*Warw.*	Mond.	111
Swaffham	*Norfolk*	Satur.	94
Swansea	*Glam.*	W. S.	205
Swindon	*Wilts*	Mond.	83½
T.			
Tadcaster	*Yorksh.*	Thurs.	188
Talk	*Staff.*	——	152¼
*Tamworth	*Staff.*	Satur.	114
Tarring	*Sussex*	Satur.	57
Tattershall	*Linc.*	Friday	127½
*Tavistock	*Devon.*	Satur.	206
*Taunton	*Som.*	W. S.	140
Teddington	*Midd.*	——	12
Temple	*Cornw.*	——	228½
Tempsford	*Bedf.*	——	50¼
Tenbury	*Worc.*	Tues.	130½
Tenby	*Pemb.*	W. S.	233
Tenterden	*Kent*	Friday	56

Ternhill	*Staff.*	——	152
Tetbury	*Gloc.*	Wedn.	99
Tetſworth	*Oxf.*	——	42½
Tewkeſbury	*Gloc.*	W. S.	104
Thame	*Oxf.*	Tueſ.	45¼
Thaxtead	*Eſſex*	Friday	43¼
*Thetford	*Norf.*	Satur.	80
*Thirſk	*Yorkſh.*	Mond.	230½
Thornbury	*Gloc.*	Satur.	120¼
Thorne	*Yorkſh.*	Wedn.	166½
Thorney	*Camb.*	——	87½
Thrapſton	*N.amp.*	Tueſ.	75
Thurrock	*Eſſex*	——	24¼
Ticehurſt	*Suſſex*	——	45
Tickhill	*Yorkſh.*	Friday	155
Tideſwell	*Derb.*	Wedn.	158
Tilbury	*Eſſex*	——	24¼
Tillingham	*Eſſex*	——	50½
Tinmouth	*N.umb.*	——	280½
*Tiverton	*Devon.*	Tueſ.	161
Tooting	*Surrey*	——	6
Topſham	*Devon.*	Satur.	170½
Torperley	*Cheſh.*	——	171
Torrington	*Devon.*	Satur.	19½
*Totneſs	*Devon.*	Satur.	196
Towceſter	*N.amp.*	Tueſ.	60
Trecaſtle	*Brec.*	——	172½
Tregarron	*Card.*	Thurſ.	202½
*Tregony	*Cornw.*	Satur.	245
Trentham	*Staff.*	——	145
Tring	*Herts*	Friday	31
Trowbridge	*Wilts*	Satur.	98½
*Truro	*Cornw.*	W. S.	257
Tunbridge	*Kent*	Friday	30
Tunbridge Wells	*Kent*	——	35
Tutbury	*Staff.*	Tueſ.	131
Tuxford	*Nott.*	Mond.	137¼
Twickenham	*Midd.*	——	10½
Twyford	*Hants*	——	66½
U.			
Uckfield	*Suſſex*	——	42½
Ulverſton	*Lanc.*	Mond.	267½
Upminſter	*Eſſex*	——	15½
Uppingham	*Rutl.*	Wedn.	90
Upton	*Worc.*	Thurſ.	111
Uſke	*Monm.*	Mond.	140
Uttoxeter	*Staff.*	Wedn.	136
Uxbridge	*Midd.*	Thurſ.	15
W.			
Wadhurſt	*Suſſex*	——	41
Wainfleet	*Linc.*	Satur.	130
Wakefield	*Yorkſh.*	Friday	184
Wakering	*Eſſex*	——	47½
Wealdon	*Eſſex*	Satur.	42½
*Wallingford	*Berks*	T. F.	46
Walſal	*Staff.*	Tueſ.	116
Walſham	*Norfolk*	Thurſ.	123
Walſingham	*Norfolk*	Friday	116½
Waltham	*Hants*	Friday	69½
Waltham	*Leiceſt.*	Thurſ.	110½
Waltham Abby	*Eſſex*	Tueſ.	12½
Waltham Croſs	*Herts*	——	11½
Wandſworth	*Surrey*	——	5½
Wandsford	*N.amp.*	——	83½
Wantage	*Berks*	Satur.	60
Wardbridge	*Cornw.*	Satur.	241½
Ware	*Herts*	Tueſ.	21
*Wareham	*Dorſet*	Satur.	114½
Warminſter	*Wilts*	Satur.	97
Warnford	*Hants*	——	63
Warrington	*Lanc.*	Satur.	183
Warſdale	*Cumb.*	——	286
*Warwick	*Warw.*	Satur.	93
Watchet	*Som.*	Satur.	158½

Watford	*Herts*	Tues.	14½
Watlingstreet	*Salop*	——	143
Watlington	*Oxford.*	Satur.	45¾
Watton	*Norfolk*	Wedn.	90¾
Weatherby	*Yorksh.*	Thurs.	191½
Wednesbury	*Staff.*	——	118
Weighton	*Yorksh.*	Wedn.	191½
Weldon	*N.amp.*	Wedn.	84
Welford	*N.amp.*	——	8½
Wellingborough	*N.amp.*	——	68
Wellington	*Som.*	Thurs.	147
*Wells	*Som.*	W. S.	120
Wells	*Norfolk*	——	121
Welsh Pool	*Mont.*	Mond.	169
Welwyn	*Heref.*	——	25
Wem	*Salop*	Thurs.	164½
*Wendover	*Bucks*	Thurs.	35
*Wenlock	*Salop*	Mond.	147½
Wentbridge	*Yorksh.*	——	170¼
*Weobly	*Heref.*	Tues.	141½
*Westbury	*Wilts*	Friday	101½
Westerham	*Kent*	Wedn.	21¾
Weyhill	*Hants*	——	68
*Weymouth	*Dors.*	Tu. F.	129½
Wheatley	*Oxford.*	——	48
Whetstone	*Midd.*	——	9
Whitby	*Yorksh.*	Satur.	243½
*Whitchurch	*Hants*	Friday	58
Whitchurch	*Salop*	Friday	161
Whitehaven	*Cumb.*	Tues.	305
Whittingham	*N.umb.*	——	306
Whittlesea	*Hunt.*	——	77
Wickham	*Hants*	——	71
Wickham	*Suff.*	——	81¼
Wickware	*Gloc.*	Mond.	111
*Wigan	*Lanc.*	M. F.	196
Wigton	*Cumb.*	Tues.	304½
Willey	*Wilts*	——	87¼
*Wilton	*Wilts*	Wedn.	85
Wimborn	*Dors.*	Friday	102¼
Wincanton	*Som.*	Wedn.	108¼
Winchcomb	*Gloc.*	Satur.	93
*Winchelsea	*Sussex*	Satur.	67
*Winchester	*Hants*	W. S.	63½
*Windsor	*Berks*	Satur.	22
Winslow	*Bucks*	Tues.	50½
Winster	*Derb.*	——	152
Wirksworth	*Derb.*	Tues.	139
Wisbeach	*Camb.*	Satur.	89
Wiston	*Pemb.*	Satur.	235¼
Witham	*Essex*	Tues.	37½
Witney	*Oxf.*	Thurs.	64
Wivelscomb	*Som.*	Tues.	154½
Wivenhoe	*Essex*	——	53
Woburn	*Bedf.*	Friday	42
Woking	*Surrey*	Tues.	27
Wokingham	*Berks*	——	32
Wolsingham	*Durh.*	——	259½
Wolverhampton	*Staff.*	Wedn.	124
Wooler	*N.umb.*	Thurs.	316¼
Woodbridge	*Suff.*	Wedn.	76½
Woodford	*Essex*	——	7½
*Woodstock	*Oxf.*	Tues.	62
Woolwich	*Kent*	Friday	10½
Wooton	*Gloc.*	Friday	108
*Wooton Basset	*Wilts*	Friday	89¼
*Worcester	*Worc.*	W. F.	120¼
Wore	*Salop*	——	155
Workington	*Cumb.*	——	307
Worksop	*Nott.*	Wedn.	146
Wovenden	*Bucks*	——	46
Wragby	*Linc.*	Thurs.	144
Wrexham	*Denb.*	M. Th.	188½
Wrenton	*Som.*	Tues.	125½

Wrotham	*Kent*	Tuef.	24½
Wurftead	*Norfolk*	Satur.	120½
*Wycomb (High)	*Bucks*	Satur.	29
Wye	*Kent*	Thurf.	56
Wyndham	*Norfolk*	Friday	103¼
Y.			
*Yarmouth	*Norfolk*	Satur.	123
*Yarmouth	*Hants*	Friday	99½
Yarum	*Yorkſh.*	Thurf.	240
Yaxley	*Hunt.*	Tuef.	77
Yeovil	*Som.*	Friday	123
*York	*Yorkſh.*	T. F. S.	197
Yoxford	*Suffolk*	——	92

FINIS.

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